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 S. J. SETLEY, N. G.
 D. W. CLARK, Sec'y. 27-4f.

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O. U. A. M.
 MEETS at Odd Fellows' Lodge Room,
 every Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock.
 P. M. CLARK, C.
 M. A. VARNER, R. S. 31

W. R. LATHY. J. R. AGNEW.
LATHY & AGNEW,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
 TIONESTA, PA.

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 entitled, by calling on or addressing me at
 Tionesta, Pa. Also, claims for arrears of
 pay and bounty will receive prompt at-
 tention.
 Having been over four years a soldier in
 the late war, and having for a number of
 years engaged in the prosecution of sol-
 diers' claims, my experience will assure
 the collection of claims in the shortest pos-
 sible time.
 J. R. AGNEW,
 Att'y.

E. L. Davis,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Tionesta, Pa.
 Collections made in this and adjoining
 counties. 40-ly

MILES W. TATE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
 4th Street, TIONESTA, PA.
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ATTORNEY AT LAW, and NOTARY
 A. Public, Reynolds Lukill & Co.'s
 Block, Seneca St., Oil City, Pa. 39-ly

KINNAR & SMILEY,
 Attorneys at Law, - - - Franklin, Pa.
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 ing counties. 38-ly.

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AGNEW, Proprietor. This is a new
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PHYSICIAN & SURGEON offers his
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PROCLAMATION OF GENERAL ELECTION.

Whereas, in and by an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to regulate the Elections of the Commonwealth," passed the 21 day of July, A. D. 1869, it is made the duty of the Sheriff of every county within the Commonwealth to give public notice of the General Elections, and in such to enunciate:

1st. The officers to be elected.
 2d. Designate the place at which the election is to be held.
 1. Justis Shavkey, High Sheriff of the county of Forest, do hereby make known and give this public notice to the electors of the county of Forest, that a General Election will be held in said county, on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 6th, 1877,
 between the hours of 7 a. m. and 7 p. m. at the several Election Districts:

In Barnett township at Jacob Maze's Carpenter shop.
 In Green township at the house of L. Arner.
 In Howe township at Brookston, in Brookston Hall.
 In Jinks township at the court house in Marietta.
 In Harmony township at Allender school house.
 In Hickory township at Hickory House.
 In Kingsley township at Newtown School House.
 In Tionesta township at Court House in Tionesta borough.
 In Tionesta borough at Court House in said borough.

At which time and places the qualified electors will elect by ballot:
 One person for Supreme Judge.
 One person for State Treasurer.
 One person for Auditor General.
 One person for County Treasurer.
 The act of Assembly entitled "an act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," passed July 2, 1819, provides as follows, viz:

"That the inspectors and judges shall meet at the respective places appointed for holding the election in the district which they respectively belong before 8 o'clock in the morning of the 1st Tuesday of November, and each said inspector shall appoint one clerk, who shall be a qualified voter of such district.

"In case the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend on the day of any election, then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for Judge at the next preceding election shall act as inspector in his place. And in case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend, the person elected Judge shall appoint an inspector in his place, and in case the person elected Judge shall not attend, then the inspector who received the highest number of votes shall appoint a Judge in his place; and if any vacancy shall continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified voters of the township, ward or district for which such officer shall have been elected, present at the place of election shall elect one of their number to fill such vacancy.

Also give official notice to the electors of Forest county by an act entitled "An Act further supplemental to the act relative to the election of this Commonwealth," approved Jan. 30, 1874:

Sec. 9. All the elections by the citizens shall be by ballot; every ballot voted shall be numbered in the order in which it shall be received, and the number recorded by the clerks on the list of voters opposite the name of the elector from whom received. And any voter voting two or more tickets the several tickets so voted shall each be numbered with the number corresponding with the number of the name of the voter. Any elector may write his name upon his ticket, or cause the same to be written thereon, and attested by a citizen of the district. In addition to the oath now prescribed by law to be taken and subscribed by election officers, they shall severally be sworn or affirmed not to disclose how any elector shall have voted, unless required to do so as witnesses in a judicial proceeding. All judges, inspectors, clerks and overseers of every election held under this act, shall, before entering upon their duties, be duly sworn or affirmed in the presence of each other. The judge shall be sworn by the minority inspector, if there shall be such minority inspector, if not, then by a justice of the peace or a notary, and the inspectors and clerks shall be sworn by the judge. Certificates of such swearing or affirming shall be duly made out and signed by the officers so sworn, and attested by the officer who administered the oath. If any judge or minority inspector refuses or fails to swear the officers of election in the manner required by this act, or if any officer of election shall act without being duly sworn, or if any officer of election shall certify that any officer was sworn when he was not, it shall be deemed a misdemeanor, and upon conviction, the officer or officers so offending shall be fined not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisoned not exceeding one year, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Notice is hereby given, that any person excepting Justices of the Peace who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the United States, or this State or any city or incorporated district, whether commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the legislature, Executive or judicial department of this Commonwealth, or of any city or of any incorporated district, and also, that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, or of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the time, the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election in this Commonwealth, and that no inspector, judge or other officer of such election shall be eligible to be then voted for.

Also, that in the 4th section of the act of Assembly entitled "An act relating to elections and for other purposes," approved April 18th, 1870, it is enacted that the 13th section shall not be so construed as to prevent any militia or borough officer from serving as Judge, Inspector or Clerk at any general or special election in this Commonwealth.

A further supplement to the election laws of this Commonwealth:
 Whereas, by an act of the Congress of the United States, entitled "An act to amend the several acts heretofore passed to provide for the enrolling and calling out of the national forces, and for other purposes," and approved March 30, 1863, All persons who have deserted the military or naval services of the United States, and who have been discharged or relieved

from the penalty or disability therein provided, are deemed and taken to have voluntarily relinquished and forfeited their right to become citizens, and are deprived of exercising the rights of citizenship hereof.

And whereas, persons not citizens of the United States, are not under the constitution and laws of Pennsylvania qualified electors of this Commonwealth:

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of this Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the same and in all elections hereafter to be held in this Commonwealth: it shall be unlawful for any person embraced in the provisions, and subject to the disabilities imposed by said act of Congress, approved March 30, 1863, and it shall be unlawful for any such person to offer to vote any such ballot or ballots.

Sec. 2. That if any such judge or inspectors of election or any of them shall receive or consent to receive any such unlawful ballot or ballots from any such disqualified person, he or they so offending shall be guilty of misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof in an Court of Quarter Sessions of this Commonwealth, he shall for each offence be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, and to undergo imprisonment in the jail of the proper county for not less than sixty days.

Sec. 3. That if any person deprived of citizenship, and disqualified as aforesaid shall at any election hereafter to be held in this Commonwealth vote or tender to the officers thereof, and offer to vote a ballot or ballots, any person so offending shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof in any Court of Quarter Sessions of this Commonwealth, shall for each offence be punished in a like manner as provided in the preceding section of this act, in the case of officers of elections receiving such unlawful ballot or ballots.

Sec. 4. That if any person shall hereafter persuade or advise any person or persons deprived of citizenship and disqualified as aforesaid, to offer any ballot or ballots to the officers of any election hereafter to be held in this Commonwealth, or shall persuade or advise any such officer to receive any ballot or ballots from any person deprived of citizenship and disqualified as aforesaid, such persons so offending shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof in any Court of Quarter Sessions of this Commonwealth, shall be punished in like manner as provided in the second section of this act, in the case of officers of such election receiving such unlawful ballot or ballots.

I also give official notice of the following provisions of an act approved the 30th of March, 1866, entitled "An act regulating the mode of voting at all the elections of this Commonwealth."

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the qualified voters of the several counties of this Commonwealth, at all general, township, borough and special elections are hereby hereafter authorized and required to vote by tickets printed or written, or partly printed and partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all judges of courts voted for, and shall be labeled "Judiciary," one ticket shall embrace the names of all the State officers voted for and be labeled "State," one ticket shall embrace the names of all the county officers voted for, including office of Senator and member of Assembly, if voted for, and be labeled "County," one ticket shall embrace the names of all the township officers voted for, and be labeled "Township," one ticket shall embrace the names of all the borough officers voted for, and be labeled "Borough," and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot boxes.

The Judges of the aforesaid districts shall representatively take charge of the certificates of return of the election of their respective districts, and produce them at the Prothonotary's office in the Borough of Tionesta, at 10 o'clock, on THURSDAY, NOVEMBER EIGHTH, 1877, deliver said returns, together with the return sheets, to the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of Forest county, which said return sheets shall be filed, and the day and hour of filing marked thereon, and shall be preserved by the prothonotary for public inspection.

Given under my hand at my office in Tionesta, this 4th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven, and in the one hundred and second year of the Independence of the United States.
 JUSTIS SHAWKEY, Sheriff.

THE WELLS TEA COMPANY
 Importers of
 Pure China and Japan Teas,
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STAMMERING INSTITUTE. Doctor S. White 417 4th Ave., N. Y. No pay until cured. Send for circular. 24 4

Tall Farming in California.

We stopped at "Knight's Landing," and called on Mr. Reed. We were told that he was busy in the field. There we found him, in a two-thousand acre lot, superintending his force of thirty men, his steam engine, his headers, wagons, mules, thresher and separator, all of which were working harmoniously, together, gathering in the crop; and this was a small outfit compared with that of Mr. Boggs, at Princeton, with whom we passed two days, entertained most agreeably by his family, in a princely farmer's mansion.

We accompanied him to his six-thousand-acre field, and there saw the machinery multiplied, as 100 acres each day were harvested, and the stream of wheat rolled into its bags at the rate of twelve bushels per minute. Not contented with this little farming, Mr. Boggs gives his attention to raising some of the finest horses in the State. About 20 of them we saw groomed in the stables, and there were droves of more common horses and mules frolicking the thousand-acre lawn. Mr. Boggs owns 100,000 acres in California, and 50,000 in Oregon. Most of it is pasture, for he raises not more than 150,000 bushels of wheat.

He has a few thousand cattle, he could not recollect the exact number, nor could he tell if his sheep would count more than 40,000, but he knew they were not below that figure. They are sheared twice in the year, averaging eight pounds of wool each, and netting, clear of all expenses, something more than one dollar a head. Were they not thinned out for the market they would double themselves every two years, and 20,000 being annually sold at one dollar a head, there is a total income of \$20,000. Here is a model California farmer—a State Senator, honored by his fellow-citizens with the Directorship of various public institutions—who came into Sacramento thirty years ago a barefooted boy, and who modestly says that he has grown rich because he could not help it. We have sojourned with nobility in their castles, and have been accustomed to the etiquette of the flimsy servility which calls for the address of "My lord," and "Your lordship," but "John Boggs—bullo, John!" is the style our friend receives at Princeton, where he is lord of manors compared to which an English park is but a potato patch.—Red Bluff (Cal.) Teller.

At Par.
 The other day old Mr. Middlerib stopped at a grocery and bought some onions, giving the grocer a \$2 bill. Among the change handed back to the customer an old \$1 bill. It had been handed in that morning for kerosene oil, and there was just a dash of oil on it, that had been spilled in the morning. Then the grocer had laid it down on a pile of codfish while he fixed the stopper in the oil-can. Then he had it on his fingers while he cut off a couple of pieces of cheese, and the cheese on the bill struggled with the codfish and kerosene for pre-eminence. Then it got a little touch of mackerel, and a little tincture of stale egg on it, and at last the grocer stuffed it into his pocket along with a plug of tobacco, and finally, when Mr. Middlerib cut it with his onions, he held it to his nose once or twice, sniffed it with an investigating air, and at last walked out of the store with a cheerful countenance, saying, "By George, we're all right now. Good times are here again, and the Government is paying 100 cents on the dollar."—Hawkeye.

Two boys, surrounded by five or six others, sat on the grass on Ledyard street, yesterday and played cards. A citizen, who knows that card-playing leads into the broad road of wickedness, halted and said to one of the players:
 "Ah! my boy, don't you know that you are in a fair way to be ruined?"
 "I am, eh?" replied the youngster as he held up his hand of cards and showed four trumps and an ace; "you just hold on here a minute, and if I don't show you that the other boy is all wrenched to pieces, and ruined to death I'll eat the jack of spades and cut my throat with the jack of clubs!"
 He was taking every "trick" as the citizen passed on.—Free Press.

The other day, a man man out in Western Iowa went off into a quiet country-place and died so quick that his wife got his insurance money before the company had time to fail. The President says he never felt so swindled and cut up since he has been in the business.

Amateur sportsman returns in triumph from a day's shooting with a splendid hare, and says to his wife: "There, you said I couldn't shoot. You didn't expect to see me bring this home?" "Yes, I did; the servant next door saw you buying it round the corner."

From San Francisco comes a wholly sui generis—unmatched, so far as we know, in the history of suicides. A forlorn wife, burdened with domestic cares and disgusted with life, determined to depart for a better world, and took for that purpose a bottle of corrosive sublimate from the closet where the family drugs were kept. Composing herself carefully on the bed, she drained at one gulp a huge goblet full, dropped the glass on the floor, and folded her hands on her breast, awaiting death. She had anticipated the most excruciating pain as the terribly corrosive substance should act upon her inwards, and marveled to find, instead, a sensation of delicious bliss stealing over her whole system. Her spirit was wonderfully exalted, her vision rose and roamed at will through all the gladsome memories of her happy past. It seemed to her as if the veil of the future life was rent, and that her spirit already floated in Paradise. "I had not dreamed," said she, speaking with difficulty, for her voice was failing fast and her utterance clogged, "I had not dreamed that death was so easy. Oh Death! where's thy sting? Oh grave! where's thy victory?" At this juncture her husband suddenly entered and exclaimed, "What in tarnation are you doing, Molly? What is your face so red about?"
 "Goo' by, Richard. Goin' die. Mos'n Heaven ready. Takin' corrosive sublimate. Forgive you everything."
 "Corrosive!" exclaimed the unfeeling spouse, "why, that's ten dollar brandy. I stuck that label on 'cause I knew you'd drink it if I didn't."
 Let's drop a veil over the touching scene. The wife has concluded to live, but still insists that she was in Paradise.

James T. Field, says that an admirer of Shakspeare discovered among his friends a Bostonian who had never read the plays of the immortal William, and advised him to do so at once. Several months later the giver of the advice again met his friend, asked him if he had read any of the plays, and what he thought of them. Yes, he had read them all; and he added with effusion: "They are glorious, sir—far beyond my expectations! Why, sir, there are not fifty men in Boston who could have written them!"

An Attempted Suicide.

It is quite fashionable in Kentucky and Tennessee for parties intending to commit matrimony to be married on horseback, the advantage of the system being that, while the clergyman has his eyes shut pronouncing the nuptial benediction, the newly married couple can put spurs to their horses and gallop away without the formality of paying the fee. Wide-awake preachers, however, take their trusty shot gun with them, and cover the groom and his cara sposa at the critical moment, till the cash is forthcoming.

Walking along the Strand the other day, an English officer saw a man in tatters approaching him, carrying a tray, on which were some small pies, marked one penny each. As he got near him he recognized in him a brother officer, who had served in the same regiment some years previously. He accosted the poor fellow, and was sympathizing with him on his sad plight and altered circumstances, when the other exclaimed, "Hang your pity! Hey a pie!"
 An insurance adjuster went to see a man whose house had been destroyed by fire. Said the adjuster: "How did this thing happen?" House-owner—"Don't know; it's a mystery." Adjuster—"Well, I know." House-owner—"Let's have it; that's just what I'd like to find out." Adjuster—"It's friction." House-owner—"Friction? Friction? What's that?" Adjuster—"Why friction is the result of rubbing a thousand-dollar policy on a six-hundred-dollar house!"
 "Will the boy who throw that pepper on the stove please come up here and get the present of a nice book?" said the school teacher; but the boy never moved. He was a far-seeing boy.
 "My dear boy," said a mother to her son, as he handed round his plate for more turkey, "this is the fourth time you've been helped." "I know, mother," replied the boy, "but that turkey pecked at me once, and I want to get square with him." He got his turkey.
 An insurance agent was hung at Chicago the other day, and, after the execution, the rope was found to be coated with brass rust.
 Clara Louise Kellogg says it takes her fully a year to learn an opera, but then she gives herself dead away by saying she knows and can sing the operas.
 They have begun to say that it will be a hard winter.