The Forest Republican.
IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY, BY
W. R. DUNN.
OFFICE IN ROBINSON & BONNER'S BUILDING
ELM STREET, TIONESTA, PA.
TERMS, $2.00 A YEAR.
No Subscriptions received for a shorter period than three months.
Correspondence solicited from all parts of the country. No notice will be taken of annonymous communications.

The Forest Republican.

VOL. VIII. NO. 28. TIONESTA, PA., OCTOBER 20, 1875. $2 PER ANNUM.

Rates of Advertising.

One Square (1 inch,) one inertion	-	$1 50
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BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

TIONESTA LODGE
No. 369,
I. O. of O. F.
MEETS every Friday evening, at 7 o'clock, in the Hall formerly occupied by the Good Templars.
A. B. KELLY, N. G.
A. A. RANDALL, Sec'y. 27-tf.

TIONESTA COUNCIL, NO. 342,
O. U. A. M.
MEETS at Odd Fellows' Lodge Room, every Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock.
J. T. DALE, C.
P. M. CLARK, R. S. 31.

Dr. W. W. Powell,
OFFICE and residence opposite the Lawrence House. Office days Wednesdays and Saturdays. 2-tf.

J. B. AGNEW,
Attorney at Law, - Tionesta, Pa.
Office on Elm Street.
May 16, 1875.-tf

E. L. Davis,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Tionesta, Pa. Collections made in this and adjoining counties. 46-1y

MILES W. TATE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Elm Street, TIONESTA, PA.

F. W. Hays,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, and NOTARY PUBLIC, Reynolds Hukill & Co.'s Block, Seneca St., Oil City, Pa. 39-1y

F. KINNEAR. F. M. SMILEY.
KINNEAR & SMILEY,
Attorneys at Law, - - - Franklin, Pa.
PRACTICE in the several Courts of Venango, Crawford, Forest, and adjoining counties. 39-1y.

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BARBERS and Hairdressers, Smearbaugh building, Elm St. Switches, Frizzes, Braids, Curls, &c., made from Combings. Having settled permanently in this place, they desire the patronage of the public. Satisfaction guaranteed. 15 3m

NATIONAL HOTEL,
TIDIOUTE, PA.
W. D. BUCKLIN, - PROPRIETOR.
First-Class Licensed House. Good stable connected. 13-1y

CENTRAL HOUSE,
BONNER & AGNEW BLOCK. L. AGNEW, Proprietor. This is a new house, and has just been fitted up for the accommodation of the public. A portion of the patronage of the public is solicited. 46-1y

Lawrence House,
TIONESTA, PA., WILLIAM LAWRENCE, PROPRIETOR. This house is centrally located. Everything new and well furnished. Superior accommodations and strict attention given to guests. Vegetables and Fruits of all kinds served in their season. Sample room for Commercial Agents.

FOREST HOUSE,
S. A. VARNER PROPRIETOR. Opposite Court House, Tionesta, Pa. Just opened. Everything new and clean and fresh. The best of liquors kept constantly on hand. A portion of the public patronage is respectfully solicited. 4-17-1v

C. B. Weber's Hotel,
TYLERSBURGH, PA. C. B. WEBER, has possession of the new brick hotel and will be happy to entertain all his old customers, and any number of new ones. Good accommodations for guests, and excellent stabling. 10-3m.

Dr. J. L. Acomb,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, who has had fifteen years' experience in a large and successful practice, will attend all Professional Calls. Office in his Drug and Grocery Store, located in Tidioute, near Tidioute House.
IN HIS STORE WILL BE FOUND
A full assortment of Medicines, Liquors Tobacco, Cigars, Stationery, Glass, Paints, Oils, Cutlery, all of the best quality, and will be sold at reasonable rates.
DR. CHAS. O. DAY, an experienced Physician and Druggist from New York, has charge of the Store. All prescriptions put up accurately.

H. H. MAY. JNO. P. PARK. A. B. KELLY.
MAY, PARK & CO.,
BANKERS
Corner of Elm & Walnut Sts. Tionesta.
Bank of Discount and Deposit.
Interest allowed on Time Deposits.
Collections made on all the Principal points of the U. S.
Collections solicited. 18-1y.

D. W. CLARK,
(COMMISSIONER'S CLERK, FOREST CO., PA.)
REAL ESTATE AGENT.
HOUSES and Lots for Sale and RENT. Wild Lands for Sale.
I have superior facilities for ascertaining the condition of taxes and tax deeds, &c., and am therefore qualified to act intelligently as agent of those living at a distance, owning lands in the County.
Office in Commissioners Room, Court House, Tionesta, Pa.
4-4-1y. D. W. CLARK.

F. F. L.
WANTED.—Everybody to know that Four-Fold Liniment is the leading Liniment for curing all kind of Pains and Sore Throats, and for Horses, Cattle, &c., is the most successful Liniment in the market. See circulars around bottles. Sold by all Druggists. 30-1y eom

Painting, Paper-Hanging &c.,
E. H. CHASE, of Tionesta, offers his services to those in need of
PAINTING,
GRAINING,
CALCIMINING,
SIZING & VARNISHING,
SIGN WRITING,
PAPER HANGING,
AND CARRIAGE WORK,
Work promptly attended to and
Satisfaction Guaranteed.
Mr. Chase will work in the country when desired. 13-tf.

NEW HARNESS SHOP,
JUST opened next door north of the Lawrence House. The undersigned is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line in the best style and on short notice.
NEW HARNESS
A Specialty. Keeps on hand a fine assortment of Curry Combs, Brushes, Harness Oil, Whips, and Saddles. Harness of all kinds made to order and cheap as the cheapest. Remember the name and place
W. WEST,
North of Lawrence House,
14-1y Tionesta, Pa.

MRS. C. M. HEATH,
DRESSMAKER, Tionesta, Pa.
MRS. HEATH has recently moved to this place for the purpose of meeting a want which the ladies of the town and county have for a long time known, that of having a dressmaker of experience among them. I am prepared to make all kinds of dresses in the latest styles, and guarantee satisfaction. Stamping for braiding and embroidery done in the best manner, with the newest patterns. All I ask is a fair trial. Residence on Water Street, in the house formerly occupied by Jacob Shriver. 14tf

Frank Robbins,
PHOTOGRAPHER,
(SUCCESSOR TO DEMING.)
Pictures in every style of the art. Views of the oil regions for sale or taken to order.
CENTRE STREET, near R. R. crossing.
SYCAMORE STREET, near Union Depot, Oil City, Pa. 20-tf

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY.
ELM STREET,
SOUTH OF ROBINSON & BONNER'S STORE.
Tionesta, Pa.,
M. CARPENTER, - - - Proprietor

Pictures taken in all the latest styles the art. 26-tf

L. KLEIN,
(in BOVARD & CO.'S Store, Tionesta, Pa.)
PRACTICAL
WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,
DEALER IN
Watches, Clocks, Solid and Plated Jewelry, Black Jewelry. Eye Glasses, Spectacles, Violin Strings, &c., &c.
Will examine and repair Fine English, Swiss or American Watches, such as Repeaters, Independent Seconds, Stem Winders, Duplex, Levers, Anchors and Lepines, and will make any new pieces for the same, such as Staffs, Forks, Pellets, Wheels, Pinions, Cylinders, Barrels, Arbors, and in fact any part appertaining to fine watches.
All Work Warranted.
I can safely
GUARANTEE
that any work undertaken by me will be done in such a manner and at such prices for
GOOD WORK
that will give satisfaction to all who may favor me with their orders.
L. KLEIN,
14-1y Author of "The Watch."

You Can Save Money
By buying your PIANOS and ORGANS from the undersigned Manufacturers Agent, for the best brands in the market. Instruments shipped direct from the Factory. CHAS. A. SHULTZ, Tuner,
3-1y Lock Box 1746, Oil City, Pa.

PROCLAMATION OF GENERAL ELECTION.

Whereas, in and by an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled 'An Act to regulate the Elections of the Commonwealth,' passed the 2d day of July, A. D., 1869, it is made the duty of the Sheriff of every county within this Commonwealth, to give public notice of the General Elections, and in such to enumerate:

1st. The officers to be elected.

2d. Designate the place at which the election is to be held.

I, T. I. Van Giesen, High Sheriff of the county of Forest, do hereby make known and give this public notice to the electors of the county of Forest, that a General Election will be held in said county, on the

FIRST TUESDAY OF NOVEMBER, 1875,

it being the 2d day of the month, between the hours of 7 a. m. and 7 p. m. at the several Election Districts.

In Barnett township at Clarington school house.

In Green township at the house of L. Arner.

In Howe township at Brookston, in Brookston Hall.

In Jenks township at the court house in Marien.

In Harmony township at Allender school house

In Hickory township at Ball school house.

In Kingsley township at Wheeler, Dusenbury & Co's store.

In Tionesta township at Court House in Tionesta borough.

In Tionesta borough at Court House in said borough.

At which time and places the qualified electors will elect by ballot:

One person for Governor of the State of Pennsylvania.

One person for Treasurer of the State of Pennsylvania.

One person State Senator, in connection with the counties of Clarion, Elk, and Cameron.

One person for Associate Judge of Forest County.

One person for Prothonotary, Register, Recorder, and Clerk of Courts of Forest County.

One person for Sheriff of Forest County.

Three persons for Commissioners of Forest County.

Three persons for Auditors of Forest County.

One person for Jury Commissioner of Forest County.

One person for Surveyor of Forest County.

The attention of electors is also called to the following extracts from a "Further supplement to the Act regulating elections in this Commonwealth," approved January 30th, 1874:

SECTION 4. On the petition of five or more citizens of any election district, setting forth that the appointment of overseers is a reasonable precaution to secure the purity and fairness of the election in said district, it shall be the duty of the court of common pleas of the proper county, all the law judges of the said court able to act as the time concurring, to appoint two judicious, sober and intelligent citizens of the said district belonging to different political parties, overseers of election to supervise the proceedings of election officers thereof, and to make report of the same as they may be required by such court. Said overseers shall be men qualified to serve upon election boards, and shall have the right to be present with the officers of such election during the whole time such is held, the votes counted, and the returns made out and signed by the election officers; to keep a list of voters, if they see proper; to challenge any person offering to vote, and interrogate him and his witnesses under oath, in regard to his right of suffrage at said election and to examine his papers produced; and the officers of said election are required to afford to said overseers, so selected and appointed, every convenience and facility for the discharge of their duties; and if said election officers shall refuse to permit said overseers to be present, and perform their duties as aforesaid, such officer or officers shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be fined not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisoned not exceeding one year, or both, in the discretion of the court; or if the overseers shall be driven away from the polls by violence or intimidation, all the votes polled in such election district may be rejected by the proper tribunal trying a contest under said election, or a part or portion of such votes aforesaid may be counted, as such tribunal may deem necessary to a just and proper disposition of the case.

SECTION 5. At all elections hereafter held under the laws of this commonwealth, the polls shall be opened at seven o'clock a. m., and closed at seven o'clock p. m.

SEC. 6. In all election districts where a vacancy exists by reason of the disqualification of the officer or otherwise in an election board heretofore appointed, or where any new district shall be formed, the judge or judges of the court of common pleas of the proper county shall, ten days before any general or special election, appoint competent persons, to fill said vacancies and to conduct the election in said new districts; and in the appointment of inspectors in any election district both shall not be of the same political party; and the judge of elections shall, in all cases, be of the political party having the majority of votes in said district, as nearly as the judge or judges can ascertain the fact; and in case of the disagreement of the judges as to the selection of inspectors, the political majority of the judges shall select one of such inspectors, and the minority judge or judges shall select the other.

SEC. 7. Whenever there shall be a vacancy in an election board on the morning of an election, said vacancy shall be filled in conformity with exisiting laws.

SEC. 8. At the opening of the polls at all elections it shall be the duty of the judges of election for their respective districts to designate one of the inspectors, whose duty it shall be to have in custody the registry of voters, and to make the entries therein required by law; and it shall be the duty of the other of said inspectors to receive and number the ballots at said election.

SEC. 9. All elections by the citizens shall be by ballot; every ballot voted shall be numbered in the order in which it shall be received, and the number recorded by the clerks on the list of voters opposite the name of the elector from whom received. And any voter voting two or more tickets, the several tickets so voted shall each be numbered with the number corresponding with the number to the name of the voter. Any elector may write his name upon his ticket, or cause the same to be written thereon, and attested by a citizen of the district. In addition to the oath now prescribed by law to be taken and subscribed by election officers, they shall severally be sworn or affirmed not to disclose how any elector shall have voted, unless required to do so as witnesses in a judicial proceeding. All judges, inspectors, clerks and overseers of any election held under this act shall, before entering upon their duties, be duly sworn or affirmed in the presence of each other. The judge shall be sworn by the minority inspector, if there shall be such minority inspector, and in case there be no minority inspector, then by a justice of the peace or alderman, and the inspectors, overseers and clerks shall be sworn by the judge. Certificates of such swearing or affirming shall be duly made out and signed by the officers so sworn, and attested by the officer who administered the oath. If any judge or minority inspector refuses or fails to swear the officers of election in the manner required by this act, or if any officer of election shall act without being first duly sworn, or if any officer of election shall sign the form of oath without being duly sworn, or if any judge or minority inspector shall certify that any officer was sworn when he was not, it shall be deemed a misdemeanor, and upon conviction, the officer or officers so offending shall be fined not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisoned not exceeding one year, or both in the discretion of the court.

SEC. 10. On the day of election any person whose name shall not appear on the registry of voters, and who claims the right to vote at said election, shall produce at least one qualified voter of the district as a witness to the residence of the claimant in the district in which he claims to be a voter, for the period of at least two months immediately preceding said election, which witness shall be sworn or affirmed and subscribe a written or partly written and partly printed affidavit to the facts stated by him, which affidavit shall define clearly where the residence is of the person so claiming to be a voter; and the person so claiming the right to vote shall also take and subscribe a written or partly written and partly printed affidavit, stating, to the knowledge and belief of the affiant, when and where he was born; that he has been a citizen of the United States for one month, and of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania; that he has resided in the commonwealth one year, or, if formerly a qualified elector or a native born citizen thereof, and has removed therefrom and returned, that he has resided therein six months next preceding said election; that he has resided in the district in which he claims to be a voter for the period of at least two months immediately preceding said election; that he has not moved into the district for the purpose of voting therein; that he has, if twenty-two years of age or upwards, paid a state or county tax within two years, which was assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election. The said affidavit shall also state when and where the tax claimed to be paid by the affiant was assessed, and when and where and to whom paid; and the tax receipt therefor shall be produced for examination, unless the affiant shall state in his affidavit that it has been lost or destroyed, or that he never received any; and if a naturalized citizen, shall also state when, where and by what court he was naturalized, and shall also produce his certificate of naturalization for examination. But if the person so claiming the right to vote shall take and subscribe an affidavit that he is a native born citizen of the United States, or, if born elsewhere, shall state the fact in his affidavit, and shall produce evidence that he has been naturalized or that he is entitled to citizenship by reason of his father's naturalization, and shall further state in his affidavit that he is, at the time of making the affidavit, of the age of twenty-one and under the age of twenty-two years; that he has been a citizen of the United States one month, and has resided in the state one year; or, if a native born citizen of the state and removed therefrom and returned, that he has resided six months next preceding said election, and in the election district two months immediately preceding such election, he shall be entitled to vote, although he shall not have paid taxes. The said affidavits of all person making such claims, and the affidavits of the witnesses to their residence shall be preserved by the election board, and at the close of the election they shall be enclosed with the list of voters, tally list and other papers required by law to be filed by the return judge with the prothonotary, and shall remain on file therewith in the prothonotary's office, subject to examination as other election papers are. If the election officers shall find that the applicant possesses all the legal qualification of a voter he shall be permitted to vote, and his name shall be added to the list of taxables by the election officers, the word "tax" being added where the claimant claims to vote on tax and the word "age," where he claims to vote on age; the same words being added by the clerks in each case, respectively, on the list of persons voting at such election.

SEC. 11. It shall be lawful for any qualified citizen of the district, notwithstanding the name of the proposed voter is contained in the list of taxables, to challenge the vote of such person, whereupon the same proof of the right of suffrage as is now required by law shall be publicly made and acted on by the election board, and the vote admitted or rejected according to the evidence. Every person claiming to be a naturalized citizen shall be required to produce his naturalization certificate at the election before voting, except where he has been for five years consecutively a voter in the district in which he offers his vote; and on the vote of such person being received, it shall be the duty of the election officers to write or stamp the word "voted," with the day, month and year; and if any election officer or officers shall receive a second vote on the same day, by virtue of the same certificate, excepting where sons are entitled to vote, because of the naturalization of their fathers, they and the person who shall offer such second vote shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be fined or imprisoned, or both, at the discretion of the court; but the fine shall not exceed five hundred dollars in each case, nor the imprisonment one year. The like punishment shall be inflicted, on conviction, on the officers of election who shall neglect or refuse to make, or cause to be made, the endorsement required as aforesaid on said naturalization certificate.

SEC. 12 If any election officer shall refuse or neglect to require such proof of the right of suffrage as is prescribed by this law, or the laws to which this is a supplement, from any person offering to vote whose name is not on the list of assessed voters, or whose right to vote is challenged by any qualified voter present, and shall admit such person to vote without requiring such proof, every person so offending shall upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be sentenced for every such offence to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment not more than one year, or both at the discretion of the court.

SEC. 13. As soon as the polls shall close, the officers of election shall proceed to count all the votes cast for each candidate voted for, and make a full return of the same in triplicate, with a return sheet in addition, in all of which the vote received by each candidate shall be given after his or her name, first in words and again in figure, and shall be signed by all of said officers and certified by overseers, if any, or if not so certified, the overseers, and any officer refusing to sign or certify, or either of them, shall write upon each of the returns his or their reasons for not signing or certifying them. The vote, as soon as counted shall also be publicly and fully declared from the window to the citizens present, and a brief statement showing the votes received by each candidate shall be made and signed by the election officers as soon as the vote is counted and the same shall be immediately posted up on the door of the election house for information of the public. The triplicate returns shall be enclosed in envelopes and sealed in the presence of the officers, and one envelope, with the unsealed return sheet, given to the judge, which shall contain one list of voters, tally-paper, and oaths of officers, and another of said envelopes shall be given to the minority inspector. All judges living within twelve miles of the prothonotary's office, or within twenty-four miles, if their residence be in a town, village, or city upon the line of a railroad leading to the county seat, shall, before two o'clock post meridian of the day after the election, and all other judges shall, before twelve o'clock meridian of the second day after the election, deliver said return, together with return sheet, to the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the county, which said return sheet shall be filed and the day and hour of filing marked thereon, and shall be preserved by the prothonotary for public inspection. At twelve o'clock on the second day following any election, the prothonotary of the court of common pleas shall present the said returns to the said court. In counties where there is no resident president judge, the associate judges shall perform the duties imposed upon the court of common pleas, which shall convene for said purpose; the returns presented by the prothonotary shall be opened by said court and computed by such of its officers, and such sworn assistants as the court shall appoint, in the presence of the judge or judges of said court, and the returns certified and certificates of election issued under the seal of the court as is now required to be done by return judges; and the vote as so computed and certified, shall be made a matter of record in said court. The sessions of the said court shall be open to the public. And in case the return of any election district shall be missing when the returns are presented, or in case of complaint of a qualified elector under oath, charging palpable fraud or mistake, and particularly specifying the alleged fraud or mistake, or where fraud or mistake is apparent in the return, the court shall examine the return, and if in the judgment of the court it shall be necessary to a just return, said court shall issue summary process against the election officers and overseers, if any, of the election district complained of, to bring them forthwith into court, with all election papers in their possession; and if palpable mistake or fraud shall be discovered, it shall, upon such hearing as may be deemed necessary to enlighten the court, be corrected by the court, and so certified; but all allegations of palpable fraud or mistake shall be decided by the said court within three days after the day the returns are brought into court for computation; and the said inquiry shall be directed only to palpable fraud or mistake, and shall not be deemed a judicial adjudication to conclude any contest now or hereafter to be provided by law; and the other of said triplicate returns shall be placed in the box and sealed up with the ballots. Nothing in this act shall require the returns of election of township or borough officers to be made to the court as directed in this section; but all returns of the election of township or borough officers shall be enclosed in a sealed cover, directed to the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the proper county, and shall, by some one of them, be delivered into this office within three days after every such election and filed therein. In counties where there are three or more judges of said court learned in the law, at least two judges shall sit to compute and certify returns, unless unavoidably prevented. If any of the judges shall himself be a candidate for any office at any election, he shall not sit with the court, or act in counting the returns of such election and in such cases the other judges, if any, shall act; and if in any county there shall be no judge qualified to hold the said court, under the provisions of this act, present and able to act, then, and in every such case, the register of wills, the sheriff and the county commissioners of the proper county shall be and constitute a board who, or a majority of whom, shall have and exercise all the powers and perform all the duties vested in, or required to be performed by the court of common pleas of such county by and under the provisions of this section; but none of the said officers shall act as a member of such board when himself a candidate for any office at the election, the returns of which the said board is required to count under the provisions of this section. The returns required by this act to be presented by the prothonotary of the courts of common pleas of the counties of Philadelphia and Allegheny, respectively, shall be presented to such three or more of the judges of the several courts of common pleas of said counties, respectively, as the judges of said courts, or a majority of them, may designate to perform the duty of receiving, computing and certifying said returns. When two or more counties are connected for the election of any officer, the courts of such counties shall each appoint a return judge to meet at such time and place, as required by law, to compute and certify the vote of such district. All officers provided for by this act shall be compensated as like officers are paid by existing laws. Whenever a place has been or shall be provided by the authorities of any city, county, township or borough, for the safe keeping of the ballot boxes, the judge and minority inspector shall, after the election shall be finished, and the ballot box or boxes containing the tickets, list of voters and other papers, have been securely bound with tape and sealed, and the signatures of the judge and inspectors affixed thereto, forthwith deliver the same together with the remaining boxes, to the mayor and recorder of such city, or in counties, townships or boroughs, to such person or persons as the court of common pleas of the proper county may designate, at the place provided, as aforesaid, who shall then deposit the said boxes and keep the same to answer the call of any court or tribunal authorized to try the merits of such election. Whenever the election officers of any election district shall require the election boxes of such district to hold any election which, by law, they are or shall be required to hold, they shall keep the same securely in their possession without opening, until the morning of such election, and until they shall be severally sworn or affirmed not to disclose how any elector shall have voted, and after being so sworn or affirmed, they shall open the said boxes and burn and totally destroy all the ballots and other papers which they shall find therein before proceeding to hold such election.

SEC. 14. That from and immediately after the passage of this act, the court of common pleas in the proper county in election districts wherein assessors have not heretofore been elected, shall appoint one reputable person in each election district to be the assessor thereof, who shall perform all the duties relating to elections now required to be performed by assessors under the provisions of this act. Such assessors shall be appointed as nearly as can be ascertained from the party having a majority of the votes in their respective districts.

SEC. 15. That in the election to be held on the third Tuesday of February next, and at the election annually thereafter, there shall be elected in each election district in the State, as well in those wherein the registration of voters has heretofore been made by officers appointed, and not chosen by the people to perform the duty as in all others, one person as judge and two inspectors, in conformity with the general laws of the commonwealth, to conduct the elections for one year, and also an assessor who shall perform the duties incident to elections as required by the provisions of this act.

SEC. 16. That the assessors appointed under the fourteenth section of this act shall, within five days after their appointment, proceed to make out lists of the electors of their respective election districts, and deliver the same to the commissioners, who shall transmit a certified copy of the same to the judge of each election district, at least forty-eight hours before the election to be held, said assessors shall also post ten copies thereof in conspicuous places in each election district at least ten days before said election. And the lists so made by the assessors during the two secular days preceding the day of the delivery thereof to the commissioners, (of which days public notice shall be given by handbill throughout the district) shall be open for inspection and correction in the custody of said assessor from ten a. m. to three p. m, and from six p. m. to nine p. m. of each of said days, in the manner provided in section second of this act; and all of the remedies, privileges and powers secured and provided thereby are hereby made applicable to the lists herein named.

SEC. 17. The respective assessors, inspectors and judges of the elections shall each have the power to administer oaths to any person claiming the right to be assessed, or the right of suffrage, or in regard to any other matter or thing required to be done or inquired into by any of said officers under this act: and any willful false swearing by any person in relation to any matter or thing concerning which they shall be lawfully interrogated by any of said officers or overseers, shall be perjury.

SEC. 18. The assessors shall each receive the same compensation for the time necessarily spent in performing the duties hereby enjoined, as is provided by law to assessors making valuations, to be paid by the county commissioners as in other cases; and it shall not be lawful for any assessor to assess a tax against any person whatever within sixty-one days next preceding the annual election in November; any violation of this provision shall be a misdemeanor, and subject the officer so offending to a fine, on conviction, not exceeding one hundred dollars or to imprisonment not exceeding three months, or both, at the discretion of the court.

SEC. 19. Any assessor, election officer or person appointed as overseer, who shall neglect or refuse to perform any duty enjoined by this act, without reasonable or legal cause, shall be subject to a penalty of one hundred dollars; and if any assessor shall knowingly assess any person as a voter who is not qualified, or shall willfully refuse to assess any one who is qualified, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor in office, and on conviction be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisonment not exceeding two years or both, at the discretion of the court, and also to be subject to an action for damages by the party agrieved; and if any person shall fraudulently alter, add to, deface or destroy any list of voters made out as directed by this act, or tear down or remove the same from the place where it has been fixed, with fraudulent or mischievious intent, or for any improper purpose, the person so offending shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, at the discretion of the court; and if any person shall, by violence or intimidation, drive, or attempt to drive from the polls any person or persons appointed by the court to act as overseer of an election, or in any way wilfully prevent said overseers from performing any of the duties imposed upon them by this act, such person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, at the discretion of the court. Any person who shall, on the day of any election, visit a polling place in any election district in which he is not entitled to vote, and shall use any intimidation or violence for the purpose of preventing any officer of election from performing the duties required of him by law, or for the purpose of preventing any qualified voter of such district exercising his right to vote, or from exercising his right to challenge any person offering to vote, such person shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, at the discretion of the court. Any clerk, overseer or election officer who shall disclose how any elector shall have voted, unless required to do so as a witness in a judicial proceeding, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, at the discretion of the court.

SEC. 20. If any prothonotary, clerk, or

[CONCLUDED ON FOURTH PAGE.]