The Somerset Herald.

EDWARD SCULL, Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY ..... May 23, 1900.

Republican National Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT,
William McKinley, of Ohio.

Republican State Ticket.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,
Edmund B. Hardenberg, of Wayne.
CONGRESS-AT-LARGE,
Galusha A. Grow, of Susquehanna.
Robert H. Foerderer, of Philadelphia.

Republican County Ticket.

FOR CONGRESS,
Harvey M. Berkley, of Somerset Bor.
Subject to the decision of the District Conference.
ASSEMBLY,
W. H. Sanner, of Somerset Borough.
Fred. Rowe, of Meyersdale Borough.
POOR DIRECTOR,
Samuel J. Bowser, of Somerset Twp.
JURY COMMISSIONER,
Theodore E. Rhoads, of Somerset Twp.

THE reports that the Boers have expressed a willingness to sue for peace seems to have been premature, as no offers of submission on their part have been received by Lord Salisbury.

COMMISSIONER OF PENSIONS H. CLAY EVANS has resigned, his letter of resignation having been sent to the President early last week. No action has yet been taken on the subject.

GENERAL J. W. BABCOCK, of Wisconsin, has been chosen Chairman of the Republican Congressional Committee for the fourth time, an honor never before accorded any Republican.

YESTERDAY'S daily papers contain what purports to be an interview with ex-Senator Quay, in which he emphatically announces his candidacy for re-election and expresses confidence in his ability to win before the next Legislature. The one real danger that confronts Quay is that our prophetic friend, State Senator Weller, may conclude to elect Senator Flinn before the next Legislature meets.

IN the matter of the objections filed by W. H. Koontz and S. A. Kendall to contest the validity of the certificate of nomination of W. H. Sanner and Fred Rowe as the Republican nominees of Somerset County for members of the State Legislature, the Dauphin County Court has fixed Thursday, June 7, at 10 o'clock a. m., as the time for the hearing. The objections of Messrs. Sanner and Rowe to the validity of the certificate filed in behalf of Messrs. Koontz and Kendall will probably be heard at the same time.

THE case of William A. Clark, of Montana, whose right to a seat in the United States Senate has been adversely acted upon by the committee of privileges and elections on account of briberies and corrupt practices by his agents, has assumed a new phase, and in the absence of precedents the Senate is hesitating how best to dispose of the matter. Before the Senate acted upon the resolution of the committee Mr. Clark resigned his seat, whereupon the Lieutenant-Governor of Montana, in the absence of the Governor, appointed Mr. Clark to fill the vacancy caused by his resignation. Two days afterwards Governor Smith, who had meanwhile returned from California to the Montana capital, revoked the appointment of Clark and named Martin McGinnis for the vacant seat in the Senate.

THE Kentucky governorship case was decided Monday by the United States Supreme Court in the interest of Beckham, affirming the decision of the Kentucky Court of Appeals. The opinion was handed down by Chief Justice Fuller and the case was dismissed for want of jurisdiction. He said the Court should be the last to overstep the bounds limiting its own jurisdiction and that the determination of cases of this character—contests for State office—must necessarily be settled by the political branch of the government. That branch acted in the Kentucky case when the General Assembly took jurisdiction. There was no appeal from the Assembly's decision, which was favorable to Goebel and Beckham, except to the tribunal of the people, which tribunal, the Chief Justice said, was always in session. He also said the case was purely a State affair; that Kentucky was in the full possession of its faculties as a member of the union, and that there was no emergency at this time calling for interference. The opinion was not unanimous, Justices Brewer, Harlan, Brown and McKenna dissenting.

SINCE the acquittal of ex-Senator Quay, in April, 1899, on the indictment charging him and ex-State Treasurer Haywood with the illegal use of State moneys, an indictment against Haywood, Quay and his son, Richard R. Quay, one against Haywood alone, and another against ex-Senator Quay alone for similar offenses, have been pending in the Philadelphia quarter sessions. Now that there is no further political end to be served by prosecution, they have been disposed of by formal verdicts of acquittal, on the motion of the District Attorney. A dispatch from Philadelphia announcing this termination of the cases, says:

"The District Attorney, in his application to the Court, explained that M. S. Quay and Haywood had been tried and acquitted of the charge of converting public money to their own use, and that the pending indictments depended on the same evidence to sustain a conviction as did the indictment which was tried. The District Attorney thought it proper and just that the indictments should not be pressed as to M. S. Quay, as that would practically result in a retrial after acquittal, and, as the commonwealth was not in possession of evidence to establish the guilt of R. R. Quay, and as Benjamin J. Haywood is dead, he asked that verdicts of not guilty be taken in each case. Judge Biddle, without comment, consented, and a jury being called, and no evidence offered on the part of the commonwealth, verdicts of acquittal were taken."

Thus, with the admission that ex-Senator Quay could not be convicted, and the cool confession that there was no evidence against Richard R. Quay, the incident is closed.

A still more lame and impotent conclusion of the prosecutions for attempts to bribe members of the Legislature, at its last session, has been announced. Since the failure to convict ex Senator Coyle, on the charge of trying to bribe Representative Engler, it is said that the other indictments will be abandoned.

DUTIES OF FIRE WARDENS.

Constables are Required by Law to Make Quarterly Returns of Forest Fires to the Court

At the request of a valued subscriber, who is interested in the protection of the forests of this county, we herewith publish sections of the Act of Assembly relative to the duties of constables, who are *ex officio* fire wardens:

SEC. 7. On and after the first day of January, A. D. 1898, the constables of the various townships of the commonwealth shall be *ex officio* fire wardens, whose duty it shall be, when fire is discovered in the forests within their respective townships, immediately to take such measures as are necessary for its extinction, and to this end to have authority to call upon any person or persons within their respective townships for assistance; the said fire wardens to receive fifteen (15) cents per hour, and each person so assisting twelve (12) cents per hour, as compensation for their services; the expense thereof shall be paid, one-half out of the treasury of the respective county, and the remaining half of said expense shall be paid by the state treasurer into the treasury of said county, out of monies not otherwise appropriated, upon warrant from the auditor general, but no such warrant shall be drawn until the respective county commissioners shall have first furnished, under oath or affirmation to the auditor general, a written itemized statement of such expense, and until the same is approved by the auditor general: *Provided*, That no county shall be liable to pay for this purpose, in any one year, an amount exceeding five hundred dollars.

SEC. 8. Any person who being called upon by the fire warden of his township to furnish assistance in extinguishing forest fires, as provided in Section 7, shall, without reasonable cause, refuse to render such assistance, upon conviction thereof shall pay a fine not exceeding ten dollars, or undergo imprisonment not exceeding thirty days, or both, at the discretion of the court.

SEC. 9. The fire wardens of each township throughout the commonwealth shall, in the first week of each term of the court of quarter sessions of their respective counties, make returns to said court, under oath or affirmation, of all violations occurring within their respective townships, which may come or be brought to their notice, of any of the provisions of the law now enacted, or hereafter to be enacted, for the purpose of protecting forests from fires, and it shall be the special duty of the judge of said court to see these returns faithfully made; and on failure of any fire warden to comply with this provision, or if it be found upon examination or inquiry by said court that any fire warden has either willfully or negligently omitted to report all such violations occurring within his township, or having failed to perform his duty as set forth in Section 1 of this act, such fire warden or constable shall be deemed guilty of willfully or negligently making a false return, or neglect of duty, and the court shall suspend him from office and direct the district attorney to indict and try him, and if found guilty, he shall be fined in a sum not exceeding fifty dollars, and undergo an imprisonment not exceeding three months, both or either, at the discretion of the court.

Desertion Charged Effaced.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—More than 1,000 veteran sailors and marines of the Civil war have filed applications to the Navy department to have removed the charges of desertion. This action was taken in anticipation of the bill extending indefinitely the act of 1888, relative to what are known as "innocent desertions," becoming a law. The bill has passed first one House and then the other, but only yesterday passed both in one session. It now goes to the President.

No one knows how many veterans are affected by this act. At the close of the Civil war many thousand sailors and marines reported at Philadelphia to be mustered out. The receiving ships did not afford accommodations for more than a small fraction of them, and after waiting for many days for the mustering out officer and being told that they were not wanted, the men drifted off to their homes. Technically every one of the men was a deserter and the act is intended to remove that stigma from their names.

Illness Influenced Juror.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., May 17.—After a long confinement the jury in the Lutz murder case agreed upon a verdict at 4 o'clock this afternoon. When the court had been notified the sheriff was instructed to bring the prisoner from the jail into court. Foreman Koons said the verdict was murder in the first degree. Counsel for the prisoner then asked that the jurors be polled, which was done. When it came to Foreman Koons' turn to answer, he said: "Your honor, owing to ill health I have had to agree upon this verdict; I believe the prisoner was not responsible, and—"

Judge Halsey interrupted and said: "What's your verdict?" and Mr. Koons replied, "Murder in the first degree."

After the jurors had all been polled they were discharged with the thanks of the court. When the verdict was made known the prisoner buried his head in his hands and wept. The Lutz case was one of the most noted tried in the courts of Luzerne county. The defendant murdered his wife with an ax while she slept.

A SECURE INVESTMENT.

It Is Better Than a Mortgage or Real Estate.

In these days of active speculation it is more secure and pays better to deposit your savings in the Pittsburgh Bank for Saving, No. 210 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa., where it earns 4 per cent. interest, compounded twice a year, than to take the chance of investments not absolutely sure of a dividend. You can deposit by mail as easy and safely as in person in this bank. Write or call for booklet describing how it is done

Confederate Soldiers Repaid.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—For the first time since the rebellion the house to-day passed a measure to pay confederate soldiers for losses growing out of the civil war. It was a bill introduced by Mr. Cox (Tenn.) to pay the confederate soldiers who surrendered at Appomattox for the loss of horses and other personal effects taken from them in violation of the terms of Lee's capitulation to Grant, by which officers and men of Lee's army were allowed to retain their baggage, sidearms and horses. The bill originally carried $200,000, but the specific sum was stricken out and the appropriation was made indefinite.

Get Substitutes to Die For Them.

VANCOUVER, B. C., May 19.—Mail advices from China brings the information that the North China News makes the sensational statement that the murderers of Missionary Brooks have found substitutes to suffer the death penalty or life imprisonment in their stead and the authorities have permitted them to make the change. The man who delivered the blow that killed Mr. Brooks was sentenced to death. For $1,000, the paper says, he got an opium fiend, who had a few months to live, to allow himself to be decapitated in his stead, and the substitute was duly killed. The second man was condemned to strangulation. The story says he paid a consumptive $600 to be strangled in his stead, and the third murderer got a third substitute to take life imprisonment in his place for $500.

The remarkable story says that 219 men broken down in health, offered themselves as substitutes that they might perform one good act for their parents before their lives were ended by handing them a sum of money which to poor people in China would be a fortune.

Forests Disappearing.

The timber tracts in the mountains of Fayette and Somerset counties are destined to be comparatively short lived. Operations in lumber are extremely heavy and have been for the last two years. Prior to that time the lumber business was one of no small proportions in the mountain forests of these two Southwestern Pennsylvania counties, but there was not the rush that has characterized the trade for two years past.

Sawmills are humming six days a week on nearly all the good timber tracts in the local mountains. What little is not under operation is being held by the original owners. A few days ago, says the Connellsville Courier, a $10,000 offer was made for a fair-sized tract in Somerset county, with an agreement not to touch a stick of it for fifteen years, the idea being to hold it with other small tracts until the mountains are cleared of timber. The offer was not accepted. Timber is almost as valuable as coal. A local lumber dealer is authority for the statement that in ten years good timber land in this or Somerset county will be worth more than coal land in the Connellsville district. The inroads are so heavy that the territory is denuded with remarkable rapidity. Millions of feet are being sawed annually, and the life of the local trade is declared to be limited to from ten to fifteen years.

The growth of new timber will not come within the present generation. For the first ten years it is kept down to the bare point of starting by forest fires. Then its development is very slow and half a century will roll around before it reaches a size that would dignify the territory on which it grows with the appearance of a forest.

Railroads are the ruination of forests. It takes about 2,000 ties to lay a mile of track, and there is in the United States about 200,000 miles of track. Ties last but a few years, when they must be renewed. Probably 400,000,000 ties are in use in this country, and in half a dozen years a large proportion will have given way to new ones. Such small timbers as mine props, railroad ties, hoop poles and the like cut into the small trees, which would make large trees in time if they might grow. The pulp mills of the country take small spruce and poplar trees by the hundreds of square miles. The Christmas tree trade ruins prospective forests. At no stage of its life is a tree free from tribute to the wants of man. But man will pay some day for his prodigality, although with what he will pay nobody knows.

The Census and Persons Away from Home During June.

The count of the people in the United States will begin in all parts of the country June 1, and end in the cities two weeks later and in the rest of the country before the close of the month. The people are to be counted at their places of residence, but as many persons and families will be away from their homes during June there is some danger that such persons will not be counted. If they are not counted, the locality in which they live will be misrepresented to that extent, and in some cases this misrepresentation may be enough to affect the representation in Congress of the State from which they come. Local pride and State pride, therefore, should influence all such absentees to take reasonable precautions against being omitted from enumeration in their places of residence. Such omissions are most likely to occur in the large cities where families close their homes and go elsewhere for the summer. The occurrence of the Paris exposition this year is likely to increase the number absent from the country.

In all cases of contemplated absence the head of the family is requested by the Census Office to communicate with the Supervisor of the district in which he lives. He is also requested to leave information regarding his answers to the questions which are to be asked with some responsible neighbor who will agree to see that it reaches the enumerator on his rounds. Such information might better be left as a memorandum in writing, as in that case it is less likely to be overlooked. The questions to which answers are desired apply primarily to the population, but also to all farms and manufacturing establishments. They are being published from time to time in the press of the country.

By taking this trouble the absent citizen will do justice to his locality and his State, and materially aid the Census Office in the performance of its duties.

George R. Scull, of Somerset, Pa., is the Supervisor of the 13th Census District of Pennsylvania.

All the healing, balsamic virtues of the Norway pine are concentrated in Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, nature's own remedy for coughs and colds.

RAISING FOWLS FOR MARKET.

A Duck and Chicken Ranch One of Westmoreland County's Industries.

One of the novel "industries" of this county, and the only one of its kind in the State west of Harrisburg, says the Westmoreland County Democrat, is the duck and chicken ranch owned and conducted by Harry O. Steiner, of Manor Station. The plant consists of a one-story feeding and shelter house, 80x15 feet, from which extend 12 parallel pens, made of woven wire 80x6 feet. At the present time Mr. Steiner is engaged in raising ducks, all of which are hatched in incubators and then placed in brooding machines, from which, at the age of one week, they are transferred to the pens. In the 12 pens are ducks ranging from one to ten weeks old, and as there are usually from 400 to 500 of them in the pens at a time, the amount of quacking is something extraordinary. The eggs from which the ducks are hatched are the product of a large flock of old Imperial Pekin ducks, kept in a breeding house, 15x48 feet, adjacent to the little duck pens. This latter building is soon to be enlarged to 15x88 feet.

The duck raising season runs from March to October and the chicken season the balance of the year. At ten weeks of age the ducks are killed, stripped of their feathers and shipped to the New York market, to which point the chickens are also sent. Mr. Steiner's output this year will run about 2,000 ducks and 2,500 chickens. The ducks weigh about six pounds each and the market price ranges from 40 cents per pound at the opening of the season to 20 cents at the close. Chickens, or "broilers," as they are called, weigh from three to four pounds per pair, and the market price varies from 25 to 40 cents per pound. The shipments of ducks begin in April, and of chickens about January 1st. Soft feed, with a mixture of beef scrap and green cut bone occasionally, is given the ducks, while the chickens are also kept on soft feed, with intervals of hard grain. The ducks consume 150 pounds of feed and drink 100 gallons of water daily, no swimming place being provided. Up to their fourth week the ducks are fed five times per day; to seventh week four times, and to tenth week three times. The loss of ducks is about two per cent., and of chickens from five to eight per cent.

The ducks are killed by "sticking" them in the roof of the mouth with a double-edged lance. Some science is required in this operation, for if properly "stuck," with the blade penetrating the brain, the duck will bleed well and the feathers almost drop off; but if the job is bungled, the feathers seem to be riveted in the flesh and can scarcely be pulled out. An expert picker will clean up to 70 ducks per day, while an ordinary hand will clean about 40 or more. The feathers obtained average probably 54 cents per duck.

Between chickens and ducks, the latter are more easily raised and profitable.

Mr. Steiner has at present about sixty turkey eggs in process of hatching, as an experiment, although the raising of these fowls for market is not regarded favorably, as they are delicate to handle and the losses are heavier than in the breeding of chickens or ducks.

Teachers' Examinations.

The annual examination of teachers for the schools of Somerset county will be held as follows:—

June 8—Somerfield.
June 14—Rockwood.
June 15—New Lexington.
June 18—New Centreville.
June 19—Sipesville.
June 20—Stoyestown.
June 21—Berlin.
June 25—Confluence.
June 27—Salisbury.
June 28—Meyersdale.
June 30—New Baltimore.
July 2—Jenners.
July 3—Somerset.
July 5—Stonycreek (Glessner S. H.)
July 10—Windber.
July 11—Holsopple.
July 12—Shade (McGregar S. H.)
July 15—Johnsburg.
July 19—Conemaugh (Livingston S. H.)
Aug 21—Somerset (Special.)

Examination will begin promptly at 8 a. m., and all who desire to be examined should be on hand at that time. Applicants will supply themselves with pens, ink, pencils, tablets and stamped envelopes. Suitable examination paper will be furnished by the Superintendent. Valid certificates will be granted to all applicants who have attained the age of seventeen years, and who make a grade or total not exceeding 16. Those holding 1's on provisional certificates will not be examined in those branches unless they are applicants for professional certificates. Applicants for professional certificates should have some knowledge of the Elements of Algebra, General History, Civil Government and Physical Geography. Teachers should be examined in their home districts or in the district where they expect to apply for schools.

Directors and friends of education are invited to be present at these examinations.

E. E. PRITTS,
County Supt.

Somerset, Pa.,
May 23, 1900.

Reduced Rates to Philadelphia via P. R. R.

On account of the Republican National Convention at Philadelphia, June 19, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to Philadelphia from all stations on its line at rate of one fare for the round trip (minimum rate 50 cents). Tickets will be sold and good going June 15 to 19, inclusive, and returning to June 26, inclusive.

DEER PARK HOTEL,

DEER PARK, MD.

Most Delightful Summer Resort of the Alleghenies.

Swept by mountain breezes, 2,800 feet above sea level. Absolutely free from malaria, hay fever and mosquitos. On Main Line of Baltimore & Ohio Railroad. Hotel and Cottages. Every modern convenience. Rooms en suite with bath. Electric Lights, Elevator, Turkish Baths, two large Swimming Pools, Golf Links, Tennis Courts, Bowling Alleys, Magnificent Drives. Complete Livery Service. Annapolis Naval Academy Band. Delightful Cottages (furnished for house keeping if desired) ready for occupancy June 1st. Hotel open from June 23d to September 30th.

For rates and information address W. E. Burwell, Manager, B. & O. Building, Baltimore, Md., until June 10th. After that time, Deer Park, Garrett County, Md.

Reduced Rates to Camden, Ind., via Pennsylvania Railroad.

For meeting of Old Order of German Baptist Brethren at Camden, Ind., June 3 to 5, 1900, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell from May 31 to June 3, inclusive, excursion tickets to Camden, Ind., from stations on its line west of Baltimore, Md., (not inclusive), west of and including Lancaster and Reading, and from stations south of and including Sunbury, at rate of one first-class limited fare for the round trip. Tickets will be good returning until July 5, inclusive.

Wanted.

Atlas of Somerset County. Will pay $4.00 for a copy. Address this office.

Reduced Rates to North Manchester, Ind., via Pennsylvania Railroad.

For meeting of German Baptist Brethren, at North Manchester, Ind., May 29 to June 8, 1900, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will place special excursion tickets on sale May 29 to June 3, 1900, from stations west of Baltimore (not inclusive), and south of and including Sunbury, at rate of one first-class limited fare for the round trip. Tickets will be good returning until July 1, inclusive.

Does Coffee Agree With You?

If not, drink Grain-O—made from pure grains. A lady writes: "The first time I made Grain-O I did not like it but after using it for one week nothing would induce me to go back to coffee." It nourishes and feeds the system. The children can drink it freely with great benefit. It is the strengthening substance of pure grains. Get a package to-day from your grocer, follow the directions in making it and you will have a delicious and healthful table beverage for old and young. 15c and 25c.

LIFE
Insurance,
J. H. BLACK, Dis. Ag't.
Mutual Life Insurance Company of N. Y.

Largest and best Life Insurance Company in the world. Most liberal cash value and Loan Policies issued. Write for rates.

Address
J. H. BLACK,
Somerset, Pa., or Meyersdale, Pa.

Reduced Rates to Washington via P. R. R.

For the Imperial Council, Order of the Mystic Shrine, at Washington, D. C., May 22-24, the Pennsylvania Railroad will sell tickets to the general public from all stations on its line, to Washington and return, at rate of one fare for the round trip. Tickets to be sold and good going May 19-21, returning to May 28, inclusive.

Must Pay Tax.

Justice Green, of the state supreme court, in an opinion handed down, Monday, held that bequests to charity must pay the collateral inheritance tax. The case at issue is that of the Finnens estate vs. the appeal of Hoban from the orphans' court of Luzerne county. The court in the opinion says there is no exemption from the tax in favor of charities, and that that which the legatee gets and keeps is the aggregate sum bequeathed less the amount of the tax. The opinion then says there is no kind of exception, qualification, condition or reservation as to what is the subject of the tax. The tax, the opinion continues must be retained by the person who has the estate in charge, and that the tax is not upon the property or money bequeathed but a diminution of the amount that would otherwise pass under the will. Judgment of the lower court is affirmed at costs of the appellants.

A New Mine Light.

An interesting demonstration of a new incandescent lamp for lighting the interior of coal mines was made in New York last week. The lamp is an invention perfected by Thomas A. Edison, Jr. The apparatus consists of a box about five inches square, and weighing 4½ pounds. It is a "primary battery," in which the pots, carbons and all connections are fixed. On one side is a three-candle power electric bulb, contained in a strong reflector, the whole looking like a small photographic camera. The new feature of the battery consists in the application being made from the bottom instead of the top, so that it is not so likely to go out as with the ordinary storage battery. The inventor guarantees that it will maintain a three candle power light for 10 hours at a cost of 3 cents. If the outside reflector glass should happen to be smashed, it will not extinguish the light, but if the incandescent bulb is broken, the light goes out instantaneously—so quickly that it will not ignite gas.

COLONEL QUAY WILL BE THE MAN

He Will Be Re-elected to the Republican National Committee.

Purpose of Reports That He Is to Retire Is Quite Apparent, But the Game Has Been Worked Too Often to Be Successful.

(Special Correspondence.)

Harrisburg, May 22.—Colonel M. S. Quay will be elected to succeed himself as the member of the Republican national committee from Pennsylvania. This announcement is made at this time in view of the fact that an effort is being made by the Republican insurgent and Democratic newspapers to create the impression that Colonel Quay proposes to retire from the national committee and that his withdrawal from or active participation in the management of the party organization in the presidential campaign will be followed by his absolute retirement from politics. The persistence with which these stories are circulated by the opponents of the Beaver statesman is a very good indication of the opinion they hold of the strength of the veteran leader as a party manager and an opponent of their schemes to get control of the party organization of the Republican party in Pennsylvania. They realize that Colonel Quay is strong with the people and that many party men who might not otherwise take an active interest in the affairs of the Republican organization are attached to Colonel Quay and will always go out of their way to serve him and to help any organization of which he is the acknowledged leader. The insurgent machine of the Keystone state has found it pretty rough sleuding in the movement to unhorse Colonel Quay as the party leader. While here and there, through disappointments of aspirants for office or other causes, the insurgents have gotten a foothold outside of their Pittsburg stronghold, they have utterly failed to make any favorable impression upon the masses of the Republican voters, and they feel that their only hope lies in getting Colonel Quay out of their path.

Even if they cannot actually accomplish this they believe that by letting the impression get abroad that Colonel Quay is to retire from politics they will be able to make some headway in spots where supporters of Quay may think these reports are true and lose interest in the fight to retain control of the party organization.

NEWSPAPER COMBINE.

All the Philadelphia newspapers that are under the Wanamaker influence, and there are few exceptions, have devoted columns of matter during the past week to stories about Colonel Quay not being an aspirant to succeed himself in the Republican national committee. They have represented him as getting old and as being desirous of spending the balance of his days in peace and quietness. That these stories all emanate from the same source is well known, and that they are prompted by a desire to have the colonel desert his followers is also quite true.

After printing these long fakes in the local columns some newspapers, unwittingly, followed them up with news dispatches in which the reports that Colonel Quay would retire were positively denied. Colonel Quay said nothing on the subject, but some of his close political advisers, like Attorney General Elkin, promptly declared that the sentiment in favor of the continuance of Colonel Quay in the national committee was so strong that it would be a grave mistake to consider any suggestion for a change at this time. He called attention to the fact that Colonel Quay is on close and intimate terms with the influential national leaders, and they are eager to have him continue in the committee.

QUAY'S ACTIVE CAREER.

Colonel Quay was first elected to the Republican national committee 20 years ago. He was re-elected each time since, excepting when he suggested David Martin as his successor. Martin was one of his lieutenants and had a record of being one of the most stalwart of party men. It was his proud boast for years that in voting "he never failed to dot an i or cross a t" in voting the full Republican ticket. His recent consorting with Democratic machine leaders has placed his previous attitude in bold contrast with his insurgent tendencies of today. While Colonel Quay was chairman of the Republican national committee, from 1888 to 1892, he made a host of staunch friends among Republicans throughout the country, and his masterly management of the Harrison campaign snatched victory from defeat, which many thought was inevitable, in view of the strong hold Tammany had at that time upon the election machinery of New York. Colonel Quay's organization of the New York Republicans and his bold move in capturing McKean's stronghold settled the issue in the Empire state and the election of the Republican candidate for the presidency. When Colonel Quay succeeded David Martin in the national committee his old colleagues specially honored him in recognition of his past services by electing him to the vice chairmanship of the committee. He positively declined to be considered a candidate for the chairmanship. Throughout the national campaign he was in frequent consultation with the managers of the fight, and his advice and suggestions were carefully heeded.

There is no doubt about the attitude of a large majority of the Pennsylvania delegates to the national convention upon the subject of the national committeeman. Colonel Quay, in the event of an opposing candidate being pitted against him for that honor, would have over three-fourths of the delegation at his back.

NO MAKESHIFT.

In This Case the Work was Properly Done.

Any reader who has had backache and found relief by rubbing the back with liniments and lotions, understands that the relief obtained was but a makeshift, for the ache returns. There's a way to do it so the ache will not come back. Read how it's done.

The Rev. Daniel Ely, of 496 East Washington street, Chambersburg, Pa., says:—"For a number of years at intervals I had dull aching in the small of my back, and slight urinary irregularities. My physician diagnosed my case, called it bladder trouble, and at the time benefitted me somewhat, but not permanently. In addition to kidney complaint, I had stomach trouble, the symtoms being akin to dyspepsia. Doan's Kidney Pills removed the pain in my back, corrected the kidney secretions, and in a measure helped my stomach trouble. There is one fact about Doan's Kidney Pills worth pointing out. They act directly on the kidneys and the auxiliary organs. I have every confidence in them or I would not have recommended them to others who suffered from inactive or overexcited kidneys. It is a pleasure to me to endorse a preparation which will do what it represents."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers; price 50 cents a box. Mailed on receipt of price by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

The Pinkham Remedies

For disorders of the feminine organs have gained their great renown and enormous sale because of the permanent good they have done and are doing for the women of this country.

If all ailing or suffering women could be made to understand how absolutely true are the statements about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, their sufferings would end.

Mrs. Pinkham counsels women free of charge. Her address is Lynn, Mass. The advice she gives is practical and honest. You can write freely to her; she is a woman.

Keeley Cure — Cures Drunkenness. Cures Drug Users. THE KEELEY INSTITUTE, 4616 Fifth Ave., PITTSBURG, PA. Write for free Booklet.

Following is what you can buy at the new

Racket Store,
727 Brehm Building,
Somerset, Pa

Men's 50c Shirts 39c.
" 75c Overalls, 50c.
" 10c Socks, 05c.
" 25c Ties, 20c.
" 50c Ties, 39c.

Best Clothes Wringer, : : $1.19
25 sheets good Paper and 25 Envelopes, 8c
25 best Envelopes, : : : 05c
Good Agate Dish Pan, : : 29c
Best Table Oil Cloth—per yard— 20c

75c Corsets—50 cents
50c " —75 cents
$1.00 " —89 cents

Full assortment Tinware, Agate ware, Knives and Forks, Glass ware, Flags and Fire Works in season.

2251—LADIES' ETON JACKET. Sizes 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42.

THE NEW IDEA PATTERNS FOR JUNE NOW READY.

ONLY 10 CENTS.

2251—LADIES' AND MISSES BATHING SUIT. Sizes 34, 36, 38—12, 14 16 yrs.

J. W. Phillips

Borough Ordinance

Providing for the Arrest and Conviction of Vagrants and Tramps

Be it ordained and enacted by the Burgess and Town Council of Rockwood borough, in the county of Somerset, State of Pennsylvania, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same:

1. That from and after the passage of this ordinance, all persons suspected of being vagrants or tramps shall be arrested by the High Constable or Police officer, and be detained in the borough lockup until such time as they may be examined by the Burgess, and on conviction thereof shall be fined not less than one dollar ($1.00) together with all costs.

2. When any person shall have been arrested by virtue of the above paragraph, or by direct authority and direction of the Burgess, charged with being a vagrant or tramp, drunkenness or the violation of any other peace ordinance and convicted of the offense charged, and shall refuse or be unable to pay the fine imposed for such offense, the Burgess may compel such person or persons to work upon the public works or streets of the borough for a period of time not exceeding one day for each dollar of the fine imposed.

Passed finally at a regular meeting of the Council May 7, 1900.

J. D. M'ILLER,
Pres. Council.

Attest:
W. H. H. BAKER,
Clerk.

Approved the 9th day of May, 1900.
W. E. BAKER,
Burgess.

Carload
Fancy, Recleaned
Grass Seeds.....

Now being offered at prices beyond competition. Call and inspect our SEEDS before making your purchases. Buying in these quantities enables us to buy direct from the Largest Seed Dealers in the country. We have SEEDS of all kinds—Timothy and Clover, Orchard and Blue Grass, etc.

Mail orders will receive prompt attention and correspondence solicited from parties desiring to make purchases.

FLOUR and FEED DEPARTMENTS Always well stocked with Feed and Grain of all varieties. We are offering great inducements on all our High Grade Minnesota Flours. Call and inquire our prices.

Don't forget "OIL MEAL" is the most nutritious feed for stock. Try a sack at once and see the results.

WANTED 100 TONS
Baled Straw.

Can load at any point in the county. Parties having any to offer will please write or call to see us.

We are the Largest Receivers of Farm Products in the County. Farmers having Potatoes, Hay, Wheat, etc., to offer, call to see us when ready to market your produce.

Respectfully yours,

COOK & BEERITS,
"The Headquarters."

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of George Williams, late of Upper Turkeyfoot township, deceased.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned by the proper authority, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for payment, at the store of J. B. Gerhard, Kingwood, Pa., said township, on Saturday, June 23, 1900.

L. C. WILLIAMS,
Administrator.

Fred. W. Biesecker,
Attorney.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Elizabeth Rayman, late of Brothersvalley township, dec'd.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned by the proper authority, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement on Saturday the 26th day of May, 1900, in the borough of Somerset, county and State aforesaid.

JAMES L. PUGH,
Administrator

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of George F. Reitz, late of Shade township, Somerset county, Pa., dec'd.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned by the proper authority, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement, on Saturday, the 23d day of June next, at the store of the administrator, in Shade township.

JOHN M. REITZ,
Administrator.

Way & Hay, Att'ys.

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE.

Estate of Dr. J. W. Carothers, late of Somerset borough, Somerset county, Pa., dec'd.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned by the proper authority, notice is hereby given to all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims or demands against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement on Thursday, the 21st day of June, 1900, at late residence of dec'd.

ELEANOR F. CAROTHERS,
Administratrix of Dr. J. W. Carothers, dec'd.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the matter of the estate of William Fritz, late of Brothersvalley township, Somerset county, Pa., dec'd.

In the Orphans Court of Somerset Co., Penn'a.

May 2, 1900, on motion of John R. Scott, Esq., attorney for W. H. Fritz and S. W. Fritz, administrators, the undersigned was appointed auditor in said estate to make a distribution of the fund in the hands of the administrators to and among those legally entitled thereto; also, to fix the amount due the widow, and ascertain advancements to the heirs, hereby gives notice that he will sit to discharge the duties of his appointment, at his office in Somerset, Pa., on Thursday, June 7th, at one o'clock P. M., when and where all parties in interest may attend if they see proper.

JOSEPH LEVY,
Auditor.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Adam Poorbaugh late of Larimer township, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned by the proper authority, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement on Saturday, June 23, 1900, at the late residence of dec'd.

H. B. BEAL,
Executor of Adam Poorbaugh, dec'd.

J. L. Pugh, Attorney.

NOTICE.

The undersigned hereby gives notice that he has made application to the Secretary of Internal Affairs for 29 acres of unimproved land situated in Stonycreek township, Somerset county, Pa., adjoining lands of Joseph E. Spangler on the east, Edward Landis on the south, William and Martin Shank on the west and George Mostoller on the north.

ALBERT E. RAYMAN,
Pugh, Pa.

May 16, 1900.

Orphans' Court Sale OF Valuable Real Estate

By virtue of a certain order issued out of the Orphans' Court of Somerset county, Pa., I will offer at public sale in the borough of Somerset, Somerset county, Pa., at the Court House, on

FRIDAY, MAY 25, 1900,
At 2 o'clock p. m.

the following described real estate, late the property of Elizabeth Rayman, dec'd, viz:—

All the following described real estate, situate in Brothersvalley township, Somerset county, Pa., adjoining lands of C. W. Knepper, F. P. Kimmel, Moseholder and others, containing forty-three (43) acres more or less, with a good story and one-half plank house, good bank barn and other outbuildings thereon erected. A good orchard of fine fruit, well watered and in every way a desirable home.

TERMS Cash on confirmation of sale.

JAMES L. PUGH,
Adm'r of Elizabeth Rayman, dec'd.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

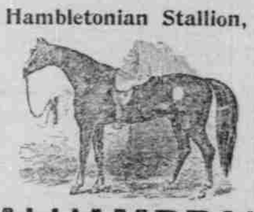
WHEREAS, The Hon. JACOB H. LONGENECKER, President Judge of the several Courts of Common Pleas of the several counties composing the 16th Judicial District, and Justice of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the said District, and GEORGE J. BLACK and A. F. DICKEY, Esq's., Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas and Justices of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the County of Somerset, have issued their precepts, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace and General Jail Delivery, and Court of Oyer and Terminer at Somerset, on

MONDAY, MAY 28, 1900,

NOTICE is hereby given to all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroner and Constables within the said county of Somerset, that they be then and there in their proper persons with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations and other remembrances, to do those things which to their office and in that behalf appertain to be done, and also they who will prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Somerset County, to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

JAMES B. SAYLOR,
Sheriff.

Hambletonian Stallion,



ALHAMBRA!

Will stand for mare at High and Farm during the season. This horse needs no boasting, as his get have sold for more money, and produced more speed and faster than any in the county, some having gone the mile in 2:10

DRAFT STALLION,
FRED!

Bay, three-year-old, bred deep in old Nigger blood, who, in his day, produced more high-priced draft horses than any stallion ever owned in this county. This colt will be allowed to go to a limited number of mares at $5.00 to insure a mare with foal. You want to see this horse before breeding elsewhere.

P. HEFFLEY.

Horne-Stewart Co.
DRY GOODS

Dimities
—AND