The Somerset Herald.

EDWARD SCULL, Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY.....February 7, 1900.

TAYLOR received a plurality of votes in Kentucky, and is the people's choice for Governor. Nothing can disturb this fact nor destroy its lasting significance.

D. T. WATSON, Esq., the eminent Pittsburg attorney, has prepared an exhaustive legal brief in the Quay case, sustaining fully the legality of the Governor's appointment.

BRIGHAM H. ROBERTS, the erstwhile Mormon claimant to a seat in Congress, was promptly arrested on a charge of polygamy on his return home from Washington.

THE Harrisburg Telegraph thinks that in a couple of days some Insurgent newspaper in the State will make the announcement that the man who shot Goebel, in Kentucky, was Senator Quay in disguise.

OUR erstwhile Democratic and Populist friend, the Hon. Joseph C. Sibley, has turned a double somersault and landed securely on the elephant's back. He will be a candidate for re-election to Congress on the Republican ticket this fall.

THE Quay case is scheduled to come before the Senate to-day. A number of Senators are billed for speeches both for and against Mr. Quay. The final vote is likely to be taken within the next ten days, and there is but little doubt that the "Old Man" will be seated.

THE seat on the bench of the Superior Court drawn by Judge Reeder, on his election, appears to be "hoodooed." First, Judge Reeder, after holding it four years, died. Judge Becber, who then took it by appointment, was turned down by the State Convention and Adams was nominated for the succession. Next, Adams, before election, turned himself down and out, and Judge Mitchell was substituted as a candidate. On Wednesday of last week, less than a month after taking his seat, Judge Mitchell was stricken with paralysis. His condition has since improved, but at his age a stroke of paralysis creates an alarming outlook.

THE fight for the Republican congressional nomination is now fairly on in Bedford county. In an open letter to the Republican voters of the county, published in several of the Bedford county papers, Hon. John M. Reynolds announces his candidacy and bids defiance to the Hon. Joseph E. Thropp. Mr. Reynolds' letter will certainly dispel the illusion that the opposition to Mr. Thropp is to be but "perfunctory," at least so far as Bedford county is concerned. Mr. Reynolds deals this bodyblow to his opponent in the closing paragraph of his very interesting letter:

I shall not now nor ever be a candidate in the interest of any faction. Whatever may be the result, I shall extend the right hand of political friendship to every political foe, and shall still remain a Republican, working for the triumph of the party in Bedford county and elsewhere. I am inspired to believe that through this contest I can assist in bringing peace to the warring elements within the party, and good feeling to all. I shall conduct my campaign according to the principles of honor and decency, and I expect the same treatment at the hands of those who oppose me.

I shall never force my candidacy upon an unwilling party to the peril of its defeat. If nominated, and a majority of 1,000 be recorded against me in Bedford county, and one-third of its Republican voters and 5,000 in the district decline me their support at a general election, I pledge you I shall never ask for a second term.

THE HERALD is in hearty accord with the Harrisburg Telegraph when it urges that Republicans all over the State should take steps to compel all candidates nominated to pledge themselves to stand by the rule of the majority in all Republican caucuses and councils. Unless that is done, there is danger of some queer work being done by men who are elected as Republicans. The very essence of party discipline is embodied in the rule of the majority. A candidate for the Legislature is nominated by the majority; he is elected by the majority; if it were not for the majority he would not enjoy political honors or emoluments. What right has he to fly in the face of the party rules and break them by declining to abide by the rule of the majority? None whatever. He violates every principle of honor, he lies to his people—the people who elected him—when he refuses to go into a caucus, and places himself in an antagonistic position to the nominee of that caucus. The Republicans all over the State are beginning to see the force of compelling a candidate to take the pledge to support caucus nominees, and they are moving very cautiously in the matter of nominating candidates for the Legislature. There will be no repetition of 1899 in 1901 when the Legislature meets."

HOKE SMITH, of Georgia, puts the blame for the Kentucky tumult just where it belongs. "When we come to look at the state of semi-revolution that exists in Kentucky we can not escape the conclusion that Goebel and his confederates are responsible for it." This is the judgment of one of the foremost Democrats in the South. It is the verdict of a man who was Secretary of the Interior in the second Cabinet of President Cleveland. Ex-Secretary Smith voices the opinion of every sane person in the United States, Democrat, Populist and Republican. The purpose of Goebel's confederates to steal the State was plain from the first. They stole the nomination for him, as was charged by the anti-Goebel Democrats at the time, and as was tacitly acknowledged by some of the Goebel men, for, as ex-Secretary Smith reminds his fellow Democrats, Goebel was the weakest of the three aspirants in the Democratic convention, and, by combining with the next weakest man, and "by turning out 262 delegates, he succeeded in juggling through his own nomination." A systematic effort was made, through the law which he put on the statute-book to meet just such a case as this, to steal the election at the polls. Being beaten at the ballot-box, and beaten in the returning-boards which were packed by his representatives, he next appealed to the Legislature, which was controlled by his confederates, and there the will of the people was defied, and a verdict was given in his favor. All of this criminality and anarchy in Kentucky are lamentable, but sane persons will have no difficulty in pointing out the individuals who are accountable for it.

FLINN IS AGAIN HAILED AS LEADER

The Pittsburg Boss Starts Out to Carry Country Districts For Insurgents.

HIS METHODS DENOUNCED.

His Posings as a Reformer Are Ridiculed and His Platform Calls of Alliances With Democrats When His Supporters Are Defeated by Regular Republicans.

(Special Correspondence.)

Harrisburg, Feb. 6.—In view of the recent revelations in Pittsburg it has been the occasion of much comment that William Flinn, the boss of the political machine of that city, should be again brought to the front as the western leader of the Republican insurgent forces. It was assumed by many that Flinn would "take to the woods," or at least maintain a discreet silence for a while. The story of the disgraceful exhibition in which he figured, in the wholesale discharges of competent clerks from official positions in Pittsburg to make room for politicians whose appointments would strengthen his machine, was read with feelings of disgust by many. Flinn started out to pack these offices with his henchmen and seemed to disregard entirely the many years of faithful services of those whose official decapitations he demanded. The fact that the discharged men were Republicans did not influence him in the slightest. He wanted their places for subservient precinct carriers and the old, faithful men had to walk the plank.

And this is the type of politician who proposes to lead a movement for "reform" in Pennsylvania.

FLINN STARTS IN AGAIN.

Dispatches from Pittsburg tell of the purpose of Flinn to at once take up the matter of recruiting Republicans who can be gotten into line in opposition to the regular Republican organization. He was been assigned to look after certain counties in the western section of the state, and the statement is made that he will at first try to capture nominations for the legislature at the Republican primary election. Where he fails to win out the program is to form an alliance with the Democrats who regard Guffey as their leader, and seek to defeat the regular Republican candidates at the general election. These fusion movements are to be carried on after the plan of the last effort in this direction, though the outlook for success cannot be regarded as particularly bright. It is known that many Republicans who were in touch with the old independent movement have since recognized the fact that the opposition to the regular party organization is mainly from men who have been disappointed in seeking office or who are actuated by a desire for revenge. They have witnessed the combinations made with the Democrats and recognized the fact that the success of the Republican party is a secondary consideration with many of the men who are affiliated with the insurgent movement.

Flinn's coming to the front again, at this time, is hailed with delight by the regulars, as they believe that the more the people reflect upon the leadership of Flinn and Martin the greater will be their contempt for the whole insurgent outfit.

HEALTHY STATE FINANCES.

The work of the accounting officers of the commonwealth can best be shown in the fact that during the month just ended the total receipts from all sources have been $2,707,641.69. The largest amount collected prior in any one month by the commonwealth was in June, 1895, when $2,645,209.27 was taken in. This shows a difference of $53,432.42 in favor of the present accounting officers of the state. This is an unfair comparison, however, as the month of January, 1899, would be a fair average of what has been taken in during that month in the past ten years, when $723,533.22 was collected from all sources.

This enormous increase, of course, is due in part to the prosperous conditions existing with all manufacturers and corporations, but a great deal of it is due to the zeal and diligence of the auditor general, Major Levi G. McCauley, and state treasurer, James S. Beacom, in delving into the delinquent records of the auditor general's office and unearthing taxes that should have long since been paid, and it can be fairly said to the credit of the present accounting officers that they have worked together in unison and harmony that have resulted to the good of the state to an extent in excess of any of their predecessors.

HONEST "JOE" SIBLEY.

The speech by "Honest Joe" Sibley in congress last week has attracted widespread attention. Throughout Pennsylvania it has had a wonderful effect in opening the eyes of the Democrats to the narrow policies of the Bryanites who count upon the support of the Pennsylvania Democratic organization under Guffey to help along the movement to renominate Bryan. Sibley refuses to be taken into the Bryan camp or to follow Guffey in his mad chase for the United States senatorship. Congressman Sibley said he believed the United States were designed to carry the arts of peace and the story of the cross to the remotest corners of the globe. He appealed to the Democratic side to come back to the teachings of the Democratic fathers. Expansion had been fathered and advocated by Jefferson, Jackson, Polk and Buchanan. "Only cowards oppose it," Buchanan said, and he was the last Democratic president we have had. The Nicaragua canal should be built and the subsidy bill to encourage American shipping passed.

"If this administration," he went on, "shall surrender the Philippines the historian of the future who extols Jefferson, Madison, Tyler and Polk will write down McKinley's action as the most pusillanimous in the record. But this administration will not surrender. Its critics will be forgotten. Every advance to higher and nobler forms of life has been opposed by some old, conservative mossbunker who prated of the good old days when his grandfather swung by his tail in the forest primeval.

"Every dictate of reason and of prudence, every dictate of business sense and of commercial advantage, every prompting of humanity and every obligation of plighted fraternity unite in the demand that we go forward. We have a mission to fulfill, a destiny to accomplish, an example to be afforded to the nations how they must justly rule themselves, not in license, but in liberty. Shall we falter in our duty? Shall we haul down that flag whose waving stripes bespeak the red sacrifice and the white of purity, and whose silver stars shining in the field of blue are an aspiration and an inspiration to all that is noble in life and beneficent in government?"

There is no doubt that Sibley has a large following in the Keystone state among both Democrats and Republicans who believe in the sincerity of the man and who admire his independent spirit.

GOEBEL DEAD.

Kentucky Democratic Chieftain Dies From Effects of Assassin's Bullet.

A DUAL GOVERNMENT FOR THE "COLONELS."

FRANKFORT, Ky., February 3.—Governor William Goebel died to-night at 6.44 o'clock, at the Capitol Hotel, as the result of a bullet-wound in his right lung, inflicted on Tuesday, by an assassin upon whom the crime has not yet been fixed.

Three quarters of an hour before this Dr. Hume had announced that his patient was steadily sinking, and at 6.30 he had left the dying man's bedside at the request of Arthur Goebel and Mrs. Braunaker, a brother and sister, who wanted to be alone with him when the end came. They had been constant attendants of the Democratic Executive, and knelt by his bed to await the last breath.

Exactly one hour after the death of Governor Goebel, J. C. W. Beckham was sworn in as Governor of the State.

The State of Kentucky is in a state of uproar and confusion, if not absolute anarchy, brought about by the election contest there. It will be remembered that W. S. Taylor, the Republican candidate for Governor, had a plurality on the face of the returns, and was declared elected. He took the oath of office and assumed the duties of Governor. Senator William Goebel, the Democratic nominee, contested, and Tuesday a week the Democratic returning board declared him to have been elected.

On the same day, just before the decision was rendered, while passing on his way to the Senate Chamber, Goebel was shot by an unknown assassin and fatally wounded. The ball passed through his body, entering just below the armpit on the right side and passing through the right lung. Governor Taylor dissolved the Legislature, alleging a state of insurrection, but the Democratic members met at a hotel, received the report of the returning board, and declared Goebel elected. The oath of office was shortly afterwards administered to Goebel, who was in the throes of death.

Harland Whittaker, a farmer from Butler county, the home county of Governor Taylor, is now in jail at Louisville charged with the crime of shooting Goebel, but with no direct evidence against him. He was placed under arrest more because he was caught around the Capitol when the shots were fired than for any other apparent reason. He denies that he had any connection with the shooting or that he knew anything about it.

Coughs and colds, down to the very borderland of consumption, yield to the soothing healing influences of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

Victim of Clever Wedding Swindle.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., February 2.—On Tuesday evening a clerical-looking man claiming to be a circuit rider appeared at the home of County Commissioner A. L. Thorn, of Marion county, and asked the privilege of remaining over night. Mr. Thorn consented and the fellow made himself so agreeable that he and his host sat up very late conversing.

As they were about to retire a young man and woman appeared, and asked Thorn where they could find a minister who would marry them. He told them a preacher, whom he was entertaining for the night, would probably accommodate them, and after consulting with the visitor, he consented to do so. The knot was tied and Mr. Thorn signed the wedding certificate as a witness. Yesterday when he went to Point Pleasant he found his bank account short $400, and he was shown a check made payable to bearer for that amount.

It then dawned upon him that the supposed marriage certificate was really a cleverly arranged sheet of paper, which when torn apart formed a bank check. There is no clue to the perpetrators of the swindle.

What Do the Children Drink?

Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing and takes the place of coffee. The more Grain-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. Grain-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee but costs about ¼ as much. All grocers sell it. 15c and 25c.

WHAT A BLESSING.

Many of Our Readers are Learning to Appreciate.

What a blessing it is.
Sought after by thousands.
Many a miserable man is happy now.
Nights of unrest, days of trouble.
Any itching skin disease means this.
Itching Piles mean it.
Eczema just as bad, and just as hard to cure.

But Doan's Ointment relieves at once, and cures all itchiness of the skin.

A blessing to a suffering public.
Here's proof to back our statement.

Mr. W. E. Barclay, of 820 Second avenue, Beaver Falls, Pa., employed at the Mayer pottery, says: "Doan's Ointment is without doubt the greatest healing agent on the market. During the winter of 1896 I had a severe crack in my lower lip, which, in spite of different salves and lotions I used, grew steadily worse and deeper, resembling a cut with a knife. It was very distressing, as every time I laughed or spoke it broke open. I saw Doan's Ointment recommended and bought a box. Three applications did the work and healed up in quick order what for weeks had resisted every other remedy."

Doan's Ointment for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

While the mother of three-year-old Mamie Diehl was absent from her home at Dry Run, Franklin county, the little one's clothing was ignited by a burning ember which she had drawn from the fire. Her body was burned to a crisp.

We Don't Want a Cent

of your money unless you get value received.

For that reason we are always glad to have your inquiries and show you are goods.

Just received an invoice of the celebrated

"Lion Brnd" Shirts & Collars.

The brand "Lion" is assurance that it is the correct thing.

J. M. BLACK,

SOMERSET'S EXCLUSIVE HATTER & MEN'S FURNISHER.

Nasal CATARRH

In all its stages there should be cleanliness.

Ely's Cream Balm

cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

REPORT OF THE COUNTY AUDITORS FOR 1899.

Receipts and Expenditures of Somerset county, Pa., from the first Monday of January, A. D. 1899, to the first Monday of January, A. D. 1900.

William Winters, Esq., Treasurer of Somerset County, Pa., in account with the County of Somerset.

RECEIPTS—Dr.

Taxes received from the Collectors of County, State and Dog taxes for the years 1896, 1897, 1898 and 1899.

COLLECTORS.	DISTRICTS.	Yr.	County.	State.	Dog.
Joseph Wambaugh	Allegheny	1896	$		20 00
Jesse Wilkinson	Addison	1897	119 04	162 03	45 76
John McVicker	Allegheny	"	18 25		
P. J. Weimer	Black	"	11 77	5 46	11 29
W. H. Fritz	Brothersvalley	"	246 04	201 84	34 10
Frederick Shaulis	Jefferson	"	9 99	8 06	31 92
R. H. Moon	Lower Turkeyfoot	"	89 20	18 03	14 25
William Leckemby	Meyersdale	"	75 00		
C. N. Feller	New Baltimore	"	10 00		
Samuel Shoemaker	Northampton	"	50 84	8 71	12 91
E. J. Seese	Ogle	"			5 00
William M. Schrock	Somerset Borough	"	295 58		16 60
Herman Lepley	Southampton	"	64 39	18 89	24 96
William Younkin	Upper Turkeyfoot	"	99 00		
J. C. Forsythe	Ursina	"	49 25	28 67	13 47
Adam Trimble	Wellersburg	"	70 55		19 60
C. N. Jeffreys	Addison	1898	215 09	43 97	41 90
John McVicker	Allegheny	"	86 51		
Frank Border	Benson	"	54 98	3 82	4 75
Frank Heffley	Berlin	"	60 51	12 45	5 00
P. G. Weimer	Black	"	256 47	4 78	28 59
W. H. Fritz	Brothersvalley	"	887 22		
J. A. Cook	Casselman	"	15 52	31	
W. E. Pullin	Confluence	"	168 02	14 03	17 39
James Maust	Elk Lick	"	1418 97	85 24	137 20
David Baker	Fairhope	"	58 25	3 14	12 62
A. J. Stoner	Greenville	"	156 11	83	25 73
Frederick Shaulis	Jefferson	"	181 60	18 01	
H. W. Maurer	Jennertown	"	39 44		1 90
Thomas Gallagher	Jenners	"	482 97	81 73	92 60
George Glotfelty	Larimer	"	277 41	26 19	52 20
J. J. Darr	Lincoln	"	171 21	1 03	6 00
H. R. Moon	Lower Turkeyfoot	"	237 05	13 05	17 00
Nelson Klingaman	Meyersdale	"	158 67		6 51
John F. Henry	Middlecreek	"	125 15	4 97	20 92
J. H. Schrock	Milford	"	425 71	2 46	22 00
F. J. Foller	New Baltimore	"	10 00		
Samuel Bittner	New Centreville	"	54 16	14 65	3 00
Samuel Shoemaker	Northampton	"	76 77	2 00	15 97
E. J. Seese	Ogle	"	97 44		44 39
William G. Seese	Paint	"	295 89	14 41	11 50
Daniel Will	Quemahoning	"	195 96	4 88	40 25
Solomon Snyder	Rockwood	"	113 58	8 00	16 00
M. J. Glotfelty	Salisbury	"	425 69	40 37	29 45
C. A. Wagner	Shade	"	228 31	8 05	37 05
M. F. Frazee	Somerfield	"	18 54	13 34	3 60
William M. Schrock	Somerset Borough	"	395 00	100 00	
A. J. Coleman	Somerset	"	1435 00	110 00	55 00
Herman Lepley	Southampton	"	198 12	2 78	12 05
F. F. Brant	Stonycreek	"	577 94	273 03	122 12
John H. Snyder	Stoystown	"	88 64	5 39	12 55
Wilson Saylor	Summit	"	391 12	29 04	69 30
William Younkin	Upper Turkeyfoot	"	254 24	65 90	59 17
J. C. Forsythe	Ursina	"	53 93		
Adam Trimble	Wellersburg	"	44 27		8 50
Isaac Ankeny	Hooversville	"	27 81		5 00
C. N. Jeffreys	Addison	1899	1204 82	364 67	36 34
John McVicker	Allegheny	"	418 92	44 72	18 77
Fred Border	Benson	"	174 13	19 94	50
Frank Heffley	Berlin	"	548 91	225 04	12 80
P. G. Weimer	Black	"	330 98	24 04	13 54
William H. Fritz	Brothersvalley	"	2100 00		
J. A. Cook	Casselman	"	38 27	2 17	1 00
Henry Reich	Conemaugh	"	1081 81	541 44	59 67
W. E. Pullin	Confluence	"	676 84	31 01	6 25
James Maust	Elk Lick	"	2066 84	333 43	43 50
David Baker	Fairhope	"			
A. J. Stoner	Greenville	"	316 72	60 87	16 45
Frederick Shaulis	Jefferson	"	1007 50	68 18	14 00
W. H. Maurer	Jennertown	"	105 14	67 26	
Thomas Gallagher	Jenner	"	2151 39	245 24	
George Glotfelty	Larimer	"	120 00	25 80	
J. J. Darr	Lincoln	"	967 63	104 97	20 50
H. R. Moon	Lower Turkeyfoot	"	369 91	38	1 44
Nelson Klingaman	Meyersdale	"	1742 00	300 00	8 00
John F. Henry	Middlecreek	"	862 73	135 62	9 50
Whitelaw Sechler	Milford	"	1128 52	97 40	17 14
H. D. Lilly	New Baltimore	"	115 00	10 00	
Samuel Bittner	New Centreville	"	83 00	60 00	
Dennis Leydig	Northampton	"	312 00	25 02	15 50
E. J. Seese	Ogle	"	12 00		
W. G. Seese	Paint	"	2982 69	339 07	33 59
Daniel Will	Quemahoning	"	1494 05	75 00	10 00
Solomon Snyder	Rockwood	"	593 00	97 00	3 00
M. J. Glotfelty	Salisbury	"	208 00	160 00	
C. A. Wagner	Shade	"	1040 85	60 00	40 00
M. F. Frazee	Somerfield	"	46 04	19 49	
D. J. Horner	Somerset Borough	"	2394 12	1578 77	
A. J. Coleman	Somerset	"	2400 00	300 00	
Herman Lepley	Southampton	"	332 04	31 32	13 32
F. F. Brant	Stonycreek	"	1530 57	100 00	67 56
John H. Snyder	Stoystown	"	110 00	80 00	
Wilson Saylor	Summit	"	2529 48	499 62	60 93
Domer Kreger	Upper Turkeyfoot	"	993 82	72 01	28 00
	Ursina	"			
Adam Trimble	Wellersburg	"	81 14	14 98	4 00
J. J. Lohr	Hooversville	"	231 84	19 57	3 00
			$ 43180 29	$ 7703 68	$ 1784 69
Amount of State tax brought over			7703 68		
Amount of Dog tax brought over			1784 69		
Total taxes as received above			$ 55677 66		$ 55677 66
Amount of State license paid County					945 00
Amount of redemption money					18 40
Amount of unseated land taxes received					971 93
State personal tax returned to County					6408 12
Amount received from Commissioners (see L)					123 64
Balance in County Treasury January 1, 1899					10266 28
Total					$ 80440 03

EXPENDITURES:

By amount of orders issued for Assessors' pay	$ 3858 61
" " paid County Commissioners { Kimmell	637 00
" " " " " Good	1626 69
" " " " " Kretchman	850 50
" " " Commissioners' attorneys	231 00
" " " " clerk	1000 00
" " " Viewers—roads and bridges	662 35
" " " Commonwealth costs	2496 94
" " " new bridges	8 37 50
" " " bridge repairs	97 85
" " " scalps	1241 50
" " " printing and advertising	386 65
" " " court crier and tipstaves	794 75
" " " court stenographer	874 15
" " " election expenses (1896, 6924 80)	3815 67
" " " repairs—court house and jail	9 70
" " " court house and jail expenses	280 28
" " " road damages	160 00
" " " Dixmont hospital	342 50
" " " Wernersville hospital	39 14
" " " Pennsylvania State Lunatic Hospital	68 25
" " " Morganza Reformatory	243 43
" " " Huntingdon Reformatory	695 73
" " " Western Penitentiary	961 52
" " " District Attorney's fees	289 00
" " " borrowed money paid	6134 19
" " " soldiers' burial expenses	375 00
" " " sheep damages	1546 33
" " " Teachers' institute	200 00
" " " Constables' returns	879 02
" " " court records	970 24
" " " janitor—court house and jail	278 75
" " " Register's fees, $113 75; indexing, $1000 00	1113 75
" " " money paid State	8690 46
" " " unseated land sales advertising	61 58
" " " grand jurors' pay	756 46
" " " petit jurors' pay	4367 70
" " " detectives	156 68
" " " law library	34 75
" " " Prothonotary's fees	783 02
" " " clerk and attorney to County Auditors	121 32
" " " County Auditors	414 00
" " " fire insurance	23 50
" " " auditor public accounts	9 00
" " " Commissioners' traveling expenses	60 29
" " " taxes refunded	96 46
" " " stationery and records	385 71
" " " postage	41 11
" " " jail physician	37 50
" " " Jury Commissioners' pay	212 30
" " " clerks at computation court	12 00
" " " County Treasurer's commissions	1464 08
" " " forest fires	56 20
" " " boarding juries	187 75
" " " water rent	179 00
" " " electric light	458 92
" " " fuel	188 01
" " " express	65
" " " rebate on timber	13 15
" " " outstanding orders	49 08
" " " telephone rent	53 11
" " " talesmen	52 00
" " " Sheriff's fees	1588 52
" " " inquests on dead bodies	128 93
" " " Poor House order, 1899	12407 60
Total amount of orders paid 1899	$ 73294 11
By amount unseated land tax	2747 72
By amount paid Treasurer Dumbauld	97 54
By amount paid judgment No. 63 Dec. Term, 1899	364 02
By error in settling duplicate, Wellersburg, 1898	80 55
By amount Treasurer's commission on $73,294 11 at 2 per cent	1464 08
Total	$ 77848 02
By amount due County from from Wm. Winters, Treasurer	2482 01
Total	$ 80440 03

H. F. BARRON, ESQ., Prothonotary and Clerk of the Courts of Quarter Sessions of the Peace and Oyer and Terminer of the County of Somerset and State of Pennsylvania, in account with Somerset County, A. D. 1899:

	Dr.	Cr.
To amount shown by debit side of bill	$ 783 02	
By orders issued to H. F. Barron, Prothonotary, etc		$ 783 02
	$ 783 02	$ 783 02

M. H. HARTZELL, Esq., Sheriff of the County of Somerset, Pennsylvania, in account with Somerset County, A. D. 1899:

	Dr.	Cr.
To amount shown by debit side of bill	$ 1588 52	
By orders issued to M. H. Hartzell, Sheriff		$ 1588 52
	$ 1588 52	$ 1588 52

JAMES M. COVER, Esq., Register and Recorder and Clerk of the Orphans' Court of Somerset County, Pennsylvania, in account with Somerset County, A. D. 1899:

	Dr.	Cr.
To amount shown by debit side of bill, fees	$ 113 75	
indexing	1000 00	
By orders issued to James M. Cover, Register, etc		$ 1113 75
	$ 1113 75	$ 1113 75

GEORGE F. KIMMELL, Esq., County Commissioner of Somerset County, Pennsylvania, in account with Somerset County for A. D. 1899:

	Dr.	Cr.
By aggregate amount orders issued by Commr's to Geo. F. Kimmell		$ 971 00
To 31 days, at $3 50 per day, surcharged to George F. Kimmel		108 50
To ½ of $20 00, surcharged to George F. Kimmell, Gabriel Good and L. A. Kretchmen, on order No. 300		13 33⅓
To ½ of $18 00, surcharged to George F. Kimmell and Gabriel Good, on order No. 131		9 00
By 278 days' service at $3 50 per day	$ 973 00	
By amount due County of Somerset	190 33⅓	
	$ 1163 33⅓	$ 1163 33⅓

GABRIEL GOOD, Esq., County Commissioner of Somerset County, Pennsylvania, in account with Somerset County for A. D. 1899:

	Dr.	Cr.
By aggregate amount orders issued by Commr's to Gabriel Good		$ 1095 00
To 38 days at $1 50 per day, surcharged to Gabriel Good		133 00
To ½ of $20 00 surcharged to Gabriel Good, George F. Kimmell and L. A. Kretchman, on order No 300		13 33⅓
To ½ of $18 00, surcharged to Gabriel Good and George F. Kimmell, on order No. 133		9 00
By 296 days' service at $3 50 per day	$ 1098 00	
By amount due County of Somerset	155 33⅓	
	$ 1191 33⅓	$ 1191 33⅓

L. A. KRETCHMAN, Esq., County Commissioner of Somerset County, Pennsylvania, in account with Somerset County for A. D. 1899:

	Dr.	Cr.
By aggregate amount orders issued by Commr's to L. A. Kretchman		$ 850 00
To 8 days at $1 50 per day, surcharged to L. A. Kretchman		28 00
To ½ of $20 00 surcharged to George F. Kimmell, Gabriel Good and L. A. Kretchmen		13 33⅓
By 275 days' service at $3 50 per day	$ 850 50	
By amount due County of Somerset	41 33⅓	
	$ 891 83⅓	$ 891 83⅓

We, the undersigned Auditors of the County of Somerset, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do certify that in pursuance of the 47th section of the act entitled "Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do certify that in pursuance of the 47th section of the act entitled, "An act relating to Counties, Townships, etc.," passed the 19th day of April, 1851, we met at the seat of Justice in the county of Somerset on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1900, and after being duly sworn did audit and settle and adjust the several accounts required by the law, agreeably to the several acts of Assembly and the supplements thereto, according to the best of our judgment, ability and knowledge, and the foregoing is a true and correct statement of the following accounts, viz:—

1st. William Winters, Esq., Treasurer of the county of Somerset, with said county of Somerset.

2d. H. F. Barron, Esq., Prothonotary and Clerk of the Courts of the county of Somerset, with the said county of Somerset.

3d. M. H. Hartzell, Esq., High Sheriff of the county of Somerset, with the said county of Somerset.

4th. George F. Kimmell, Esq., County Commissioner of the county of Somerset, with the county of Somerset.

5th. Gabriel Good, Esq., County Commissioner of the county of Somerset, with the said county of Somerset.

6th. Lewis A. Kretchman, Esq., County Commissioner of the county of Somerset, with the said county of Somerset.

All for the year ending January 1, A. D. 1900.

Witness our hands and seals this 2d day of February, A. D. 1900.

S. M. SAYLER,
C. H. SCHMUCKER,
C. S. LICHLITER,
County Auditors.

Attest:—
J. C. LOWRY,
Clerk.

We, the undersigned County Commissioners of the county of Somerset, do certify the foregoing to be a true and correct statement of the accounts of the county of Somerset for the year ending January 1, 1900.

W. N. MOSER,
JACOB KOONTZ,
JOHN WAGAMAN,
County Commissioners.

Attest:—
JOHN R. BOOSE,
Clerk.

OUTSTANDING County, State and Dog taxes on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1900, due and owing by the Collectors of the several Boroughs and Townships of Somerset County, Pennsylvania, for the years 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898 and 1899:

COLLECTORS.	DISTRICTS.	Yr.	County.	State.	Dog.
E. E. Meyers	Ogle township	1893	$	$ 1 67	$ 78
Cyrus A. Yowler	Casselman borough	1894		21	1 00
		1895	6 80	1 19	16 00
Charles L. Lohr	Ogle township	1896	8 22	1 19	12 15
Joseph Wambaugh	Allegheny township	1898	7	4 08	8 00
A. E. Cassler	Benson borough	"	48 59	39 18	4 00
Cyrus A. Yowler	Casselman borough	"	14 84	2 00	56 45
Elijah Lichtenwood	Elk Lick township	"	101 82	49 55	95
F. J. Foller	New Baltimore borough	"	13 79	22 44	18 00
N. P. Poorbaugh	Northampton township	"	43 27	14 10	17 00
Charles L. Lohr	Ogle township	"	46 77	2 18	18 05
John McVicker	Allegheny township	1897	88 93	10 41	3 00
J. A. Cook	Casselman borough	"	7 77	7 00	11 68
Frederick Shaulis	Jefferson township	"			18 20
William Leckemby	Meyersdale borough	"	195 25	1 00	93
F. J. Foller	New Baltimore borough	"	26 64	13 82	6 35
Adam Trimble	Wellersburg borough	"	6 60	37	62 95
John McVicker	Allegheny township	1898	143 81	12 91	4 79
P. G. Weimer	Black township	"	14 26		57 55
William H. Fritz	Brothersvalley township	"	25 14	80 60	7 00
J. A. Cook	Casselman borough	"	31 48		44 87
Frederick Shaulis	Jefferson township	"	13 28		14 80
J. J. Darr	Lincoln township	"	63 07	70	3 00
F. J. Foller	New Baltimore borough	"	54 34	21 50	
Samuel Bittner	New Centreville borough	"	23		
Samuel Shoemaker	Northampton township	"	176 23	11 06	38 08
M. J. Glotfelty	Salisbury borough	"	79 67	46 57	
C. A. Wagner	Shade township	"	43 76		
William M. Schrock	Somerset borough	"	172 65	189 94	34 33
A. J. Coleman	Somerset township	"	13 45	2 87	8 40
Norman Lepley	Southampton township	"	27 28	1 64	13 11
F. F. Brant	Stonycreek township	"	10 00	5 00	5 00
William Younkin	U. Turkeyfoot township	"		6 08	34 88
J. C. Forsythe	Ursina borough	"	92 46	59 40	16 25
Adam Trimble	Wellersburg borough	"	15 62	77	4 25
Isaac Ankeny	Hooversville borough	"	66 56	96	2 14
C. N. Jeffreys	Addison township	1899	801 36	20 38	16 66
John McVicker	Allegheny township	"	260 84	19 39	43 23
Fred Border	Benson borough	"	28 14	3 91	1 00
Frank Heffley	Berlin borough	"	30 55		3 00
P. G. Weimer	Black township	"	321 95	14 55	28 96
W. H. Fritz	Brothersvalley township	"	795 80	246 63	66 98
C. A. Cook	Casselman borough	"	46 41	2 92	3 50
W. E. Pullin	Confluence borough	"	253 82	19 26	6 23
James Maust	Elk Lick township	"	873 95	56 91	69 00
David Baker	Fairhope township	"	271 20	27 40	17 50
A. J. Stoner	Greenville township	"	287 23	10 19	21 05
Frederick Shaulis	Jefferson township	"