The Somerset Herald.

EDWARD SCULL, Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY ..... May 31, 1899.

BRYAN seems to have a mortgage on Democratic party. His appearance [illegible] meeting of the National Committee was in very questionable taste.

IN THE interest of party harmony State Treasurer Beacom has withdrawn as a candidate for the Republican nomination for Judge in Westmoreland county.

EIGHT batteries of regular field artillery, with 1,220 officers and men, are the latest arrival at Manila. Few Tagals are so dull as not to understand the force of this peace argument.

IT IS said that homesickness is the hardest malady to cure in the army hospitals. The doctors call it "nostalgia," and it is often complicated with lovesickness among those who have it bad.

A MATHEMATICAL machine for speculating in stocks has just been invented. Having no emotions and being impervious to choice tips, it is supposed to be considerably smarter than the average lamb.

IT SEEMS to be pretty well settled that General Frank Reeder is to succeed Attorney General John P. Elkin as Chairman of the Republican State Committee. It is possible that Mr. Elkin may retire from the State organization before the meeting of the State Convention.

THOSE school districts that were afraid they would have to cut the salaries of teachers owing to the reduction in the school appropriation, will have no excuse for doing so for a year. The reduction does not take place until June, 1900. There are too many who are ready to cut teachers' salaries on the slightest excuse, and very often on no excuse at all.

SENATOR HAWLEY, of Connecticut, is evidently not carried away with the benefits of the Civil Service law, as evinced in the columns of his paper, the Hartford Courant: "Whatever the plea of the strict advocates of the enforcement of the Civil Service law, it remains the common-sense doctrine of intelligent and efficient service that when a man is appointed to a responsible office where he has to give heavy bonds, he ought to be allowed to select the subordinates for whom he is personally and pecuniarily responsible."

FAYETTE county Republicans gave the Insurgents another brain-clout Saturday when they elected four Stalwart Republican delegates to the State Convention. The fellows who followed the leadership of Martin and Filun in their freebooting expedition, and turned parlor traitors and party wreckers at Harrisburg last winter, are heating from the people as the days go by. Thus far the Insurgents have been unable to shake off the grip of the masses, and the unbroken record of victories for the friends of Senator Quay is continued.

THERE is no reason why a man should not be as honest and straightforward in politics as in any other position in life. The schemer always poses, and gains temporary advantages, but there is founded no permanent confidence, and that political life is of short duration. The man that thinks he rules the people is a poor ass whose bray is music to none but his own ears, and those about him shudder. Truthfulness and fidelity to friends, a faithful performance of duty, large or small as it may be, is the best guide to success, and people are quick to see the correctness and good intentions of the man adopting this rule. The cowardly friend, the one who smiles a warm greeting, and is hound enough to make remarks after you pass by, remarks that he dares not make to your face, is the lowest kind of an animal.

THE Insurgents who ineffectually attempted to wreck the Republican party and are now being held to answer for their conduct by the voters of the party at their primary elections, are now talking of appealing to the courts in an effort to recoup their losses, and considering the advisability of commencing proceedings to test the authority and legality of several of the official acts of Governor Stone. They propose to test his authority to defeat forgery by recalling a bill that he had approved that he might correct a wrong. They also wish to discredit the State by questioning the Governor's right to lop off a part of the school appropriation, and fearing that Senator Quay will be given a seat in the Senate, they will attempt to force the Governor to reconvene the Legislature in extraordinary session, although there is no reason to believe that such action would result in the election of a Senator. The party wreckers are hard pressed, but it is scarcely possible that they are so reckless as to take their chances on the Supreme Court helping them out of their difficulties.

THE Republican primary election will be held in the several voting precincts of Somerset county on Saturday, June 24, and all persons desiring to be candidates must register their names with the Chairman of the County Committee, in accordance with the party rules, on or before Saturday, June 3, 1899. The attempt of a few self-constituted bosses to arrogantly dictate a ticket for the voters of the county to support is meeting with the just condemnation of all fair-minded citizens, regardless of party or faction. The voters of the county rightly insist that a free and fair chance be given every Republican who desires to be a candidate at the approaching primary, and that they be allowed to select from those offering for the various offices the men of their choice, free from dictation at the hands of a clique or faction who meet secretly to "compare notes," to organize a "McKinley League," or to "learn" the people how to vote intelligently." Every candidate who complies with the party rules and registers his name with Chairman Berkley within the specified time is entitled to a place on the ticket and to fair treatment at the hands of his opponents. Let the fight be a fair, open and honest one, and may the best men win.

THE Insurgent press has been attacking Governor Stone with all the venom at their command because he exercised his veto prerogative to maintain the good name and credit of the Commonwealth, says the Brookville Republican. His pruning of the appropriation bills, made necessary by the neglect of the Legislature, is arraigned as an assault upon the cause of education, and an outcry raised because only $5,000,000 a year are to be distributed in aid of the public schools, as high an amount as was ever appropriated by any preceding Legislature, the reduction made by the Governor but representing the sum named to aid in the purchase of free supplies. The criticisms of the organs of the party wreckers are not sincere, but are made with a view for factional advantage in the present campaign, or, if defeated in the attempt to stampede the regulars, then to be used in boosting the Democracy. The Legislature, by its inefficiency and neglect, made the Governor's course obligatory, and the people of the Commonwealth have cause for self-congratulation in the fact that they had a man in the executive chair with the courage to do his duty although he knew that these assassins of reputation would camp on his trail for so doing. We speak advisedly when we say that the whole State does not possess a more faithful friend of education than Governor Stone, and that he knows, as every other intelligent citizen does, that his veto will not cut short for a day the term of or close a single school in the State.

THAT THREE MILLIONS.

Cuban Soldiers Refuse to Be Mollified—Some Disperse, Retaining Their Arms.

The fight between General Gomez and the old Cuban Assembly leaders is waging hotly. General Gomez's manifesto issued to the soldiers requesting them to give up their arms and return peacefully to their homes will be met by a strong manifesto from a majority of the Cuban chiefs urging the soldiers not to accept any of the $3,000,000 urged by the United States, but to disband and keep their arms. At a meeting at the home of General Mayia Rodriguez, attended by the anti Gomez officers in the Cuban army, strong anti American sentiments were expressed. Gomez was called a "traitor of Cuba Libre" and severely scored for entering into the last negotiations with General Brooke without consulting the representatives of the army.

Two hundred of the Cuban soldiers have dispersed refusing payment and not surrendering their arms.

T. Estrada Palma, head of the Cuban Junta, has been asked to account for the money subscribed to further the cause of "Cuba Libre," which is alleged to be nearly $7,000,000. He says:

"I don't know what their purpose in writing to me is, but probably it is an attempt to discredit me. They can't do it, though. I shall pay no attention to them, but I will make a statement to the public. There is nothing to conceal.

"The idea that upward of $6,000,000 was collected for the Cuban cause and turned over to me is rubbish. The estimate that $1,800,000 was subscribed by Cubans in the United States during the last four years is preposterous. I don't suppose it was much more than half a million dollars, and the total amount received by me from all sources was probably less than $1,250,000. Of this about $470,000 was received from Cuban planters on account of taxes, the Cubans in Paris may have subscribed $150,000, and the private contributions of Americans and Cubans in the United States were probably less than $50,000. I shall explain all of these matters at the proper time."

Dewey Getting Rest.

A dispatch from Hong Kong says: Admiral Dewey shows great improvement already. Installed at the Peak Hotel, with lofty windows that catch every mouthful of wind from the sea, he is losing the air of languor that he wore when he landed from his blistered cruiser. It was rest that he needed—rest and cooler air. He is getting both. Society at the Peak is well bred. There are no disturbing factors there. It is here that the English officers and their wives, the government officials, the rich merchants and distinguished travelers take refuge from the heat and noise of the town. They all feel a deep interest in the hero of Manila bay, but they respect his desire for quiet.

He has become one of themselves already. With the ease of a polished man of the world he has dropped into his place in the little community that really resembles a house party at an English country residence. Strangers to that community cannot intrude upon him, however. The goverment detectives see to that. So do the detectives hired by Consul General Wildman. So do the swarms of Chinese servants.

If the Filipino junta ever meant more than bluster by its hints of assassination, it has been thoroughly cowed by the British police. Howard Bray, the English confederate of the insurgents, has been suddenly struck dumb. So have his American fellow schemers. These people received brusque warnings from the authorities that if they did not behave themselves they would be treated to a dizzy surprise. The Filipinos themselves were similarly cautioned and are under close surveillance.

John Craig Dead, His Secret With Him.

GREENSBURG, Pa., May 28.—John Craig, of Allegheny, who was shot by a companion on Centennial day, died at the Westmoreland hospital at 8 o'clock this morning. To Coroner Owens and officer Bomer, who received the ante-mortem statement last evening, Craig refused to state that "Hal" Hannan, of Johnstown, did the shooting. One of the physicians was told by Craig that the man who shot him was a tall, slim man, with light clothes and had a crooked eye.

Coroner Owens this afternoon empanneled a jury and several witnesses to the shooting were examined. They all agreed that the man who did the shooting was tall and slim, and wore a light suit of clothes. The witnesses stated that the shooting was done so quickly, and that the shooter disappeared so suddenly, they did not have an opportunity to get a good view of his face.

The county commissioners have not yet indicated they would foot the expense account of an officer who would begin the chase for the suspected Hannan.

The cause of the shooting, kept a secret by Craig, came out to-day. While operating their "game" at Altoona, Wednesday, three of the party were arrested. Hannan and George Glerchauff, who are said to have carried the money, left the prisoners to get out of the trouble as best they could. Craig charged Hannan and Glerchauff with "unprofessional conduct," as it was termed, and the angry words and the striking of the two companions by Craig led directly to the killing.

The West Stormswept.

CHICAGO, May 29.—Since last Friday the States of Nebraska, South Dakota, Iowa, Wisconsin, Minnesota and Northern Illinois have experienced a series of the most violent storms known in years, resulting in the loss of nearly a dozen lives and doing damage to property and crops that will run into the hundreds of thousands. In the States of Nebraska, South Dakota and Iowa tornadoes have laid waste large sections of the country, converting hundreds of farmhouses and buildings into kindling wood, killing stock and tearing up trees like so many weeds. At least six tornadoes of greater or less intensity have been reported since Friday. In many other sections violent wind, rain and hail storms accompanied by terrific lightning and thunder have been experienced.

Notice to the Republican Voters.

The report circulated that I have withdrawn as a candidate for Prothonotary is absolutely untrue. I wish to say I am still a candidate for that office and will be until the Republican voters of the county have decided by their ballots who shall be Prothonotary.

GEORGE W. KEMP.

MEYERS WILL HANG.

(Continued From Second Page.)

Baker to "get out of this (the Meyers property) before I come back." Karney, she said, jumped up and drew a hatchet on the defendant. Witness was passing the Meyers house when she overheard the above remarks.

Elias Bittner, an aged citizen of Garrett, said that he had known the Meyers' —father and son—for five or six years. On the day of the murder he saw Peter going towards the Meyers house where Karney and Baker were sitting on the porch. Defendant made several movements as though about to leave the place and finally shook a cudgel at the men on the porch. Phineas Cavanaugh, another aged resident of Garrett, told of a conversation he had with defendant in regard to the Meyers property—told him that his father was going to move into it, when defendant replied that the house was his and that the old man could not move into it without taking the hair off his (defendant's) head. On the day of the homicide witness saw Peter going in the direction of the house with the gun. Said he knew that trouble would follow and a few minutes afterwards heard the crack of a gun.

On cross-examination witness said that he saw little Homer Lenhart on the street just before the shooting. Peter, he said, had told him "that any one who helped the old man to get the house would have to take what they'd get;" and when witness admonished him to abide by the law, defendant said he didn't care a d—n for the law.

Mrs. Cavenaugh, wife of the above witness, saw Peter with the gun. He did not seem to be excited.

Cyrus Shaulis, of Somerset township, testified that on the morning preceding the murder, he took Mrs. Maria Hart and a load of furniture from Somerset to Garrett. Defendant threatened to break up the furniture in case he put it in the house. Brought Mrs. Hart back to Somerset the same evening.

Zachariah Christner, who lives just outside of Garrett, testified that he has known Christian Meyers for thirty years and that he has always considered him as being of peculiar and singular disposition. When pressed for an explanation witness said that Meyers would talk one way today and the contrary way to-morrow. Defendant's brother, William, witness said, was peculiar, as also was defendant's sister Emma, now dead. Witness' wife and Christian Meyers' wife were sisters.

M. D. Reel, of Shade township, said that he had known the Meyers family for a number of years when they resided in Shade. Christian Meyers always impressed him as being eccentric. Said that he would leave home frequently without notifying the members of his family, and that the neighbors would be called upon to help search for him.

Orange Williamson, a school-teacher in Shade township, testified that six of the Meyers children attended his school. The old man, he said, was peculiar, frequently absenting himself from his family, and given to repeating his family troubles. Witness regarded him as being all right and all wrong at times. Two of the Meyers children, William and Charles, were of a very nervous disposition. William, when under strain in school, would bite himself in the hand. One of the girls, Emma, was similarly afflicted, only in a lesser degree.

John B. Umberger, John Berkebile, and other former neighbors of the Meyers family in Shade township, gave similar testimony in regard to the eccentricities of old man Meyers, and of the nervous condition of his children. Mr. Berkebile told of how the old man had been found sitting in a coal bank one time after he had disappeared from home. His mental condition at that time was very bad, but he got all right in a few days. The family, witness had understood, had locked the old man in the house, and he afterwards escaped.

Mrs. Annie Keller, of Stonycreek township, testified that she was the defendant's sister. Her father, she said, got "out of fix" easily, and would get very angry. On one occasion he threatened to kill all the family and cut his own throat with a butcher-knife, and was only prevented from doing so by the children and their mother overpowering him and taking the knife from him. They locked the old man in a room, from which he afterwards escaped, and was captured in a coal bank. Her mother was always complaining, and was subject to spasms. Her brother William had St. Vitus' dance from childhood, and for a long time was unable to walk. Her sister Emma was never well, and could not talk for one whole winter. Peter had spasms when he was a boy, and would fall over any place. Edward and Oliver, both younger brothers, have also had spasms. "About six years ago," the witness continued, "Peter came to my house. He was sick and went to bed. He showed me a mark on his head where he said father had struck him with a poker. His conversation was irrational. One winter father would not go to bed, and threatened to get a revolver and kill us all. Many a night I sat up in bed, trembling with fear of him. Our house in Shade was burned about three months before Peter was born."

William Meyers, brother of defendant, said that he did not know his age. Said that he had had St. Vitus' dance, but was unable to remember how long ago. Could not recall family troubles when they lived in Shade. Witness is employed as a yard man at Salisbury Junction.

Albert Gohn, of Paint township, who worked for Christian Meyers 20 years ago, said that the old man was very passionate, but that he thought most of the troubles in the Meyers family were caused by the wife. Witness said that Peter had worked for him, and that he regarded him as being all right mentally.

Mrs. John Hauger, of Garrett, said that she overheard Karney say, "I am not afraid of him," as she passed the Meyers house a few minutes before the shooting.

Keyser Kimmel, the Garrett hotelkeeper, said that old man Meyers was always "cranky," and that his children had "funny ways." This, he said, was especially so in regard to the defendant.

Mrs. Casteel testified that old man Meyers was of a quarrelsome disposition with his family.

Irvin Walter, of Somerset township, said that the defendant and his brother William had worked under him as a section foreman on the B. & O. and that he regarded William as being decidedly "off," and defendant as being "peculiar."

The defendant was recalled and testified that his father struck him on the head with a poker one night six or seven years ago, and that he has since suffered from pains in his head. "Eight months after he hit me," the defendant continued, "I went to my sister's, in Shade township, and told her about it. I have been plagued ever since. I have had "fits" frequently." When pressed by Attorney Ruppel to explain what he meant by "fits" witness said he would get "sleepy," and that was all he would know until he got well.

Dr. William H. Meyers, who has practiced his profession for 37 years, testified that he has known Christian C. Meyers for a period of 40 years. "Christian C. Meyers," he said, "is a very impulsive man, with a low order of intellect, and grossly immoral. His wife was an illiterate and sickly woman. Two of the boys had St. Vitus' dance, a disease of the muscles and nerves, and a celebrated French writer classes it as idiocy of the muscles." Witness expressed the opinion that the defendant was a degenerate, and said that it was possible that the blow on the head when his father struck him with a poker might not have troubled the victim for eight or ten years, when it could develop the most violent form of insanity. The Doctor said that, judging from the defendant's statements and his appearance in court, there was something radically wrong with his brain.

Doctor McKinley, who has practiced his profession since 1865, said that head injuries are always dangerous, but thought it improbable that the symptoms described by the defendant could arise at this late day from the blow he had received on his head.

Doctor Doerner, B. & O. relief physician, testified that he knew the defendant, and had given him not less than five physical examinations when he was looking for employment on the railroad, and that he considered him both physically and mentally sound.

Nelson Lenhart, Peter T. Miller, L. A. Maust, and not less than twenty other witnesses testified that they have known the defendant for a period of years extending from his childhood down to the present time, and that they had never considered him of unsound mind.

John Resm and F. B. Collins, of Berlin, were called and examined for the purpose of contradicting statements made on the stand by defendant in regard to the proceedings at Garrett on the night of the tragedy having been a blank in his mind until the next day when he found himself in jail. Both testified that the defendant was shamming unconsciousness, he having recognized each of them. Dr. Pollard also testified that the defendant was shamming that night.

At six o'clock Friday evening all of the evidence was in and the case closed.

The Lenhart Murder.

The case against Meyers for the murder of John Lenhart, was taken up Monday morning. The testimony was practically the same as in the Karney case. The notable difference being the evidence of Nelson Lenhart, brother of the murdered man, who made an unsuccessful effort to place Meyers under arrest for the murder of Karney, and who was an eyewitness of the shooting of his brother. He testified that he was the Constable of Summit township, and that he was apprised of the murder of Karney about thirty minutes after the shooting. He started immediately for the Meyers property, but on the way was told that Meyers had gone to his boarding house—George Judy's. (At this point Captain W. M. Schrock was called and explained a map, showing the location of the Meyers property, the residence of George Judy and an unoccupied dwelling-house immediately adjoining the Judy residence.) Continuing, Constable Lenhart said that he deputized his brother John, Porter Weimer, E. A. Bittner and Frank Frazier to go with him and assist in the capture of Meyers. They first searched the Judy residence and not finding Meyers there, entered the unoccupied building adjoining. "I went into one room," he said, "Bittner went into another and brother John started up the stairs. I followed close behind. When John was half-way up he was shot. I saw Meyers with a gun in his hands and saw him shoot. John fell back against me. I left the house but returned in a few minutes and found my brother dead; he was lying on the stairs with his head towards the foot. I then placed guards around the house and telephoned for the Sheriff, after which I went before a Justice of the Peace and lodged an information against Meyers for murder. The Sheriff captured Meyers in the cellar of Judy's house. (Witness identified the gun taken from Meyers.)

On cross-examination Constable Lenhart testified: We had no weapons. My brother was on his way home from work and had his mining clothes on. His face and hands were black with coal dust. We had nothing in our hands. Before we entered the house I called repeatedly upon Meyers to surrender. He knew that I was the Constable. The muzzle of the gun was close to John's head when it was discharged.

Edward Bittner confirmed Constable Lenhart's statements.

Dr. Pollard testified that John Lenhart had died from the result of a gunshot wound.

Mrs. Maggie Lenhart, the comely young widow of the murdered man, testified that she was 28 years old, and was married in 1894. Her husband went to work at 6 o'clock on the morning of September 20, 1898, and was brought home dead next morning at 10 o'clock. Mrs. Lenhart told her sad story while tears streamed from her eyes.

Sheriff Hartzell testified to going to Garrett on September 20, 1898, and placing Meyers under arrest. When he reached Garrett the Judy house was guarded by a crowd of several hundred men and bonfires had been started in order that the murderer could not escape in the darkness. The Sheriff called upon the defendant repeatedly to surrender, promising him the protection of the law. No response coming from the house the Sheriff and posse entered and after a thorough search found Meyers in the cellar concealed behind a lot of barrels. He held a loaded shot gun in his hands. When the Sheriff and his prisoner left the house they were surrounded by an angry crowd and in the excitement the prisoner was struck on the head by either a club or a pistol ball. Finally reaching the hotel a guard was placed over the prisoner and at an early hour in the morning he was disguised and placed on an engine and taken to Rockwood and from there brought to jail.

The Commonwealth rested at 4 o'clock when the defendant was placed upon the stand. He retold the story of his early youth and sickness. Coming down to the shooting of Lenhart he said that after the Karney affair he went to his boarding house, which was soon surrounded by a mob, who cried "shoot him," "hang him," "tar and feather him." In about 20 minutes the door was broken open and a man came in. His face was black, and he had a gun and was ripping and swearing. I thought he was going to kill me and I fired. His feet were even with the floor. He fell. I have never seen him since and never knew who it was. Have been told it was John Lenhart. We were friends. I had nothing against him. Can't say who arrested me. When I woke up I was at the hotel.

The defense closed at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Judge Longenecker will deliver his charge to the jury this morning.

A VALUABLE PUBLICATION.

The Pennsylvania Railroad 1899 Summer Excursion Route Book.

On June 1 the Passenger Department of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will publish the 1899 edition of its Summer Excursion Route Book. This work is designed to provide the public with short descriptive notes of the principal Summer resorts of Eastern America, with the routes for reaching them, and the rates of fare. It contains all the principal seashore and mountain resorts of the east, and over fifteen hundred different routes or combinations of routes for reaching them. The book has been compiled with the utmost care, and altogether is the most complete and comprehensive handbook of Summer travel ever offered to the public.

It is bound in a handsome and striking cover, in colors, and contains several maps, presenting the exact routes over which the tickets are sold. It is also profusely illustrated with fine half-tone cuts of scenery at the various resorts and along the lines of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

On and after June 1 it may be procured at any Pennsylvania Railroad ticket office at the nominal price of ten cents, or, upon application to the general office, Broad Street Station, by mail for twenty cents.

Mrs. Harriet Hershberger, a daughter of the late George Zimmerman, of Somerset township, died at her late residence in Mt. Pleasant, Westmoreland county, Sunday evening. She was a sister of Mrs Manasses Shumaker, who with her husband left for Mt. Pleasant Monday morning.

All the healing, balsamic virtues of the Norway pine are concentrated in Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, nature's own remedy for coughs and colds.

News Items.

Within three weeks, Mrs. Anna Long, who has cleared and is farming thirty acres of land on Marsh Creek, in Centre county, has faced three wild cats and a panther with a Winchester rifle. All four skins now adorn the walls of her home.

A sheriff's sale bargain hunter had more than the ordinary luck at a sale held near Sellersville, Pa., last week. In the purchase of a lot of old iron and other rubbish he found $70 in gold and silver. The money was stored in two tin cans, and rolled out when the cans were thrown on a wagon to be hauled away.

A cow at the lower end of New Cumberland has a mania for eating clothes. Recently she cleaned an entire wash off the line, and now the woman who owned the clothing threatens to sue the owner of the cow for damages. The outcome will be eagerly watched, as this same cow has on other occasions compelled people to wear the same shirt for many days.

The Grand Commandery Knights Templar of Pennsylvania held their annual session in Altoona Wednesday. Grand Commander Kuhn was advanced to past grand commander; Deputy G. C. James R. Youngson, of Pittsburg, to G. C.; Wilson I. Fleming, of Bellefonte, was elected grand junior Warden, and Treasurer John J. Gilroy and Recorder Wm. M. Allen, of Philadelphia, were re-elected.

The Connellsville News says Representative James Keegan having returned from his labors as a law maker at Harrisburg, has resumed his occupation as a driver of a team in the employ of one of the coke companies. Mr. Keegan is manifestly a sensible man and has not developed into a mere political loafer by his experience at Harrisburg.

Capt. Coghlan, of the Raleigh, who told how Dewey snubbed the German officer, and who sang "Hoch, der Kaiser" at a banquet, has been made commandant at the naval station at Puget sound. The letter of reprimand sent him was a mere matter of form to satisfy the German government, but this appointment is something real, tangible.

Cubans Slew After Cash.

HAVANA, May 28.—There were seven applicants yesterday and 111 to-day for shares in the $3,000,000 which the United States offered as a gratuity to the Cuban troops. Thirty were given $75 each. The others were not on the rolls, although they had guns that they were ready to turn in, and certificates of service. The United States military authorities consider that a large proportion of the names on the army rolls are fictitious, and that the rolls omit a majority of the names of those rightly entitled to share in the gratuity. The object of this is to discredit the entire proceedings, and to show the Cuban public that a large number of the troops refused to take American money. Of those paid to-day 25 turned in arms—Mausers, Remingtons and carbines. The other five showed receipts from the alcaldo vouching for the delivery of their arms. The payment will continue until noon to-morrow in Havana city. The first payment outside of Havana will be made on Tuesday at Santiago de Las Vegas.

Steel Cars for Egypt.

PITTSBURG, May 25.—To-morrow morning two trains of steel gondola cars each train containing fifty, will be started eastward for shipment to Egypt, where they will be placed in service by the Egyptian Railway Company, in the path of civilization blazed along the Nile by General Kitchener.

The cars were built here and will be run to Jersey City on their own wheels to be transhipped to Alexandria.

American steel cars were selected to run on the railway by the English authorities, as it was believed that these cars could stand the severe climate of the Nile better than wooden cars.

Should the experiment be successful it is said that the English Government may hereafter use steel cars on all of its colonial railways in the tropics.

Dewey Thinks We Should Retain Philippines.

Admiral Dewey has several times incidentally referred to the destiny of the Philippines in public or private utterances, but only a few days ago, when he arrived at Hong Kong on his homeward journey, he expressed his views on the subject of handling the Philippines as follows:

"We must never sell them. Such an action would bring on another great war. We will never part with the Phillippines, I am sure, and in future years the idea that anybody should have seriously suggested it will be one of the curiosities of history.

Big Winning in Wheat Plunge.

CHICAGO, May 25.—Charles H. Smith to-day found himself richer by $100,000 than he was yesterday. Through his extensive dealing in wheat for several weeks past Mr. Smith had earned the title of "Plunger." He is a nephew of the late Edward Pardridge. He lost a fortune several years ago and retired, but in October last he undertook to retrieve his losses, although he possessed only $200 or $300. Since October it is figured that he has cleared fully $250,000.

Somerset Buggy Company for bargains in Buggies, Harness and Wagons. Will save you a ten dollar bill on a good job. Try and be convinced.

A. C. DAVIS.

Insurrection Gets Stronger.

MANILA, May 28, 8 p. m.—The approach of the wet season finds the insurrection seemingly taking a new lease of life. All along the American lines the rebels are showing more aggressive activity, in their guerila style, than at any time before since the fall of Malolos. They keep the United States troops in the trenches, sleeping in their clothing and constantly on the alert against dashes upon our outposts, and they make life warm for the American garrisons in the towns.

Opposite our lines on the south, protecting Manila all the way around to San Pedro Macati, the Filipinos have three rows of trenches most of the distance. Reports from prisoners indicate that the insurgents construe the peace negotiations to mean that the Americans have had enough fighting. The Filipinos are also encouraged by the belief that the Americans are preparing for an interval of inactivity during the wet season. This period is sure to be followed by much suffering. Thousands of acres that were under cultivation last year have not been ploughed this year and the government will probably be obliged to feed thousands just as it fed the Cubans.

It's folly to suffer from that horrible plague of the night, itching piles. Doan's Ointment cures quickly and permanently. At any drug store, 50 cents.

WANTED — Salesmen, inexperienced preferred. Position permanent. Salary paid every Saturday. Nelson Bogue, Batavia Nurseries, Batavia, N. Y.

Future of the Bicycle.

It is agreed by all bicycle manufacturers that the 1899 models represent the perfect wheel. Improvement seems to be impossible. Precisely the same thing is true of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It represents the limits of science in overcoming disease, and it is impossible to make a better medicine for the stomach, liver, kidneys and blood. A few doses of the Bitters will start weak, nervous and bloodless people on the road to strength. A regular course of treatment will bring back the pink to the cheeks and sparkle to the eye. Sleep will come naturally, and it will be refreshing and healthful. Dyspepsia, indigestion and constipation will be completely banished, and the blessings of true health bestowed. Never take a substitute for this perfect remedy.

Civil Service Changes.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 26.—At the Cabinet meeting to-day the final changes in the Civil Service order were proved and the order will be ready for the President's signature as soon as the changes are incorporated in the final draft of the document. All the members of the Cabinet expressed themselves as satisfied with it.

It is said the order will exempt about 4,000 of the 65,000 positions in the classified service.

The Government Printing Office and the Bureau of Engraving and Printing will not be taken out of the classified service, to the great regret of the spoilsmen, who have been specially anxious to have these great workshops converted into spoils once more.

The great majority of the exceptions to be made by President McKinley's order are upon the recommendation of Secretary Gage and Attorney General Griggs in the internal revenue service and under the United States Marshals, all deputies being taken out of the classified service.

Bituminous the Leader.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—The production of coal in the United States during 1898 reached 219,835,993 short tons, an increase of nearly 10 per cent. over the output in 1897. Practically all of the increase was in bituminous coal. There was a decrease in the selling value of anthracite coal of $3,872,993, while the bituminous product increased in value $8,910,000. The largest increase was in Pennsylvania, where 10,557,953 tons were added to the 1897 bituminous product, the total amount mined reaching 65,155,844 tons.

Slain in Pulpit by Lightning.

GUTHRIE, Okla., May 27.—While preaching at Fountain on Thursday night and appealing to the congregation to lead better lives and to feel a spiritual calm after a life of sin, the roughness and turbulence of which he compared with the violence of the storm raging out-of-doors, Rev. H. H. Baldwin, an aged preacher, was killed by lightning.

Nine Met Death on a Train.

WATERLOO, Ia., May 28.—The through train from Chicago to Minneapolis over the Rock Island and Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Northern railways was wrecked at 1:15 Sunday morning at the crossing of Sink Creek, about four miles southeast of this place. The train consisted of six coaches, including mail and baggage car, smoking car, two passenger coaches and sleeper. Nine persons were killed and twenty-two injured.

To Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.

[LETTER TO MRS. PINKHAM NO. 47,297]

"DEAR FRIEND—A year ago I was a great sufferer from female weakness. My head ached all the time and I would get so dizzy and have that all gone feeling in the stomach and was so nervous and restless that I did not know what to do with myself.

"My food did me no good and I had a bad case of whites. I wrote to you and after taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as directed, I can truly say that I feel like a new woman and cannot tell you how grateful I am to you.

"I have recommended it to all my friends and have given it to my daughter who is now getting along splendidly. May you live many years to help our suffering sisters."—MRS. C. CARPENTER, 253 GRAND ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

Over eighty thousand such letters as this were received by Mrs. Pinkham during 1897. Surely this is strong proof of her ability to help suffering women.

CONVENTION NATIONAL EDUCATION ASSOCIATION, LOS ANGELES, CAL.

Reduced Rates via Pennsylvania Railroad.

For the National Education Association Convention, to be held at Los Angeles, Cal., July 11 to 14, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets via direct routes from points on its line, to Los Angeles, Cal., and return, at rate of single fare for the round trip, plus $2.00 membership fee. These tickets will be sold, good going, June 24 to July 7, and, when stamped by Joint Agent at Los Angeles, good to return, arriving at final destination, until September 5.

For further information apply to Ticket Agents.

Fought Steer With Penknife.

CHAMBERSBURG, Pa., May 25.—Stock Dealer Abe Martin, of this town, was helping to load cattle on a car to day, when he was attacked by a vicious steer. The animal forced him back against the rear end of the car and drove one of its horns into his groin. It also gored him in the back. Martin tried to save himself by slashing at the steer's throat with a pocket knife. Men finally came to his rescue. He will recover.

Musical College.

The summer term of the Musical College, at Freeburg, Snyder county, Pa., will begin on Monday, July 17, a term of six weeks for $18, including board and tuition. As all schools have vacation at this time, it will give a good opportunity for public school teachers and school children to attend this term. Parents desiring a progressive and home like school for their sons and daughters should investigate the merits of the College. For catalogue address Henry B. Meyer.

Lost

One pair of gold frame spectacles. Suitable reward at HERALD office.

When it comes to big cattle, L. C. Williams, of Jefferson township, is strictly in it. Monday he sold a bunch to local dealers, the heaviest, an Aberdeen bull, a few weeks less than two years of age, tipping the scales at 1300 pounds.

Teachers' Examinations.

The annual examination of teachers for the schools of Somerset county will be held as follows:

June 9—Salisbury.
June 12—Rockwood.
June 14—Confluence.
June 15—Somerfield.
June 19—New Centreville.
June 20—New Lexington.
June 21—Somerset.
June 22—Stoystown.
June 26—Berlin.
June 27—Roxbury.
June 29—Mt. Zion.
June 30—Johnsburg.
July 3—Meyersdale.
July 5—Jenners.
July 6—Stpesville.
July 7—Bakersville.
July 10—Benson.
July 11—Center S. H., Shade
July 12—Shanksville.
July 18—Ursina (special.)

Examinations will begin promptly at 8 a. m., and those who desire to be examined must be present at that time. Applicants will come prepared with pens, ink, pencils, and stamped envelopes. Suitable examination paper will be furnished by the Superintendent.

"Only the First Step is Difficult."

The first step in Spring should be to cleanse Nature's house from Winter's accumulations. Hood's Sarsaparilla does this work easily. It is America's Greatest Spring Medicine. It purifies the blood, as millons of people say.

It makes the weak strong, as nervous men and women gladly testify. It cures all blood diseases, as thousands of cured voluntarily write. It is just the medicine for you, as you will gladly say after you have given it a fair trial.

Bad Blood—"Although past 70 years of age I am thoroughly well. It was three bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla that made me so after spending over $60 in medical attendance. My trouble was a raw sore on my ankle." MRS. LOUISA MASON, Court Street, Lowell, Mass.

Running Sores—"After worrying four months I gave my children Hood's Sarsaparilla and it cured them of running sores. Hood's Pills cured me of dyspepsia and constipation." MRS. KATE E. THOMAS, 51 Governor St., Annapolis, Md.

Consumptive Cough—"Five years ago I had a consumptive cough which reduced me to a skeleton. Was advised to take Hood's Sarsaparilla which I did and recovered normal health. I have been well ever since." MATILDA BRIDGWATER, Cor. Pearl and Chestnut Sts., Jeffersonville, Ind.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

KEELEY CURE.
LIQUOR AND OPIUM HABITS.
Removes all desire and appetite, builds up the system, renews health and vigor, brightens the intellect and fits one for business.
THE ONLY KEELEY INSTITUTE
Established 1879. IN WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA.
The Keeley Institute, 4246 Fifth Ave. Pittsburg, Pa.

Jos. Horne & Co.
1849—1899

American Wash Goods.

Largest assortments in American makes in Wash Goods of any store in Greater Pittsburg—lower priced in every instance. Samples will verify this statement. Ask our Mail Order Department about the samples.

3000 yards choice styles in American Dimities—navy blues and white and black and white in polka dots, stripes and conventional designs; also medium and light shades. These are unusual values at 5 cents a yard.

2500 yards fine Corded Lawn Zephyrs in stripes and plaids—10c values at 6½c a yard.

1000 yards of light and dark ground Organdies, make excellent morning wrappers and dressing sacques, 12½c qualities 8 cents a yard.

5000 yards of fine Organdies, the imported cloth printed in American colorings—they are 12½c, 15c and 20c qualities—all at one price, 10 cents a yard.

Special lot of Fancy Welts or Piques—12½c values at 10c a yard.

5000 yards of the best 12½c Percals, 36 inches wide, choicest styles, at 9c a yard.

Best all linen Homespuns for outing costumes in stripes, plaids and plain colors, 15c and 20c a yard.

Thousands of yards of fine Madras Shirtings and Ginghams—32 inches wide—10c, 12½c, 15c, and 20c a yard.

If you haven't received our Spring and Summer Catalogue, let us know by postal and we'll send you one.

Pittsburg, Pa.

B. & B.

Pretty,
Inexpensive
Wash Goods.....

—styles and prices that mean just what we say—and everyone who gets samples will be pleased—see the best, useful wash goods for little money you ever set eyes on.

Variety and values at 12½c the like of which was never known to all experience.

20c ginghams,
Choice new cambrics,
Fine 15c double width Madras Percales
} 12½c a yd.

—neat choice colorings—not an indifferent style among them.

One of the best makes American 10c Dress Ginghams, 6½c yard.

American Dimities, 6¼, 8, 10, 12½c yd.

Most extensive assortment superb imported Dimities 20c, 25c—beautiful goods.

Organdie Batiste—10c yd—white grounds—neat medium floral designs in artistic colorings.

Wash goods with merit and style for a less price that's remarkable.

handsome organdies, 15c—

Largest lines of choice Organdies here including those at other prices, 12½c, 20c, to the finest French, 50 and 75c yard.

Twice as many—probably more than twice as many—wash goods here as you'll find anywhere else—and we're doing the business with prices that's saving people money.

Give an idea of your preference when writing for samples—it's easier then to send, out of so many thousand different styles, plenty of the exact sort you're interested in.

BOGGS & BUHL,
DEPARTMENT "X"
Allegheny, Pa.

Fresh Seasonable
Cut Flowers, Potted Plants,

also all kinds of Artistic Floral Designs can be furnished on short notice. Bell Telephone at our store.

Adolf Stahl, Florist, Johnstown, Pa.

VERY LOW RATES.
NATIONAL PEACE JUBILEE,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD.

For the great National Peace Jubilee, to be held at Washington, D. C., May 23, 24 and 25, the Baltimore & Ohio R. R. will sell excursion tickets at ONE FARE for the ROUND TRIP from points on its lines east of Pitt