The Somerset Herald.

GEORGE R. SCULL, Editor.

WEDNESDAY ..... January 25, 1899.

"Neglected colds make fat graveyards." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup helps men and women to a happy, vigorous old age.

Sheriff Hartzell is a patient and amiable gentleman, otherwise he would not permit an inmate of this county jail, who is a cornet virtuoso, to exercise his lungs for hours at a stretch.

An Arizona rancher has posted the following on a cottonwood tree near his place: "My wife Sarah has left my ranch when I didn't Doo a Thing Too her and I want it distinkly understood that any Man as takes her in an Keers for her on my account will get himself pumped so full of Led that some tenderfoot will locate him for a mineral claim. A word to the wise is sufficient and orter work on flock."

A decision of the McKean county courts that the commissioners must refund the $1.50 a day they each received for expenses while attending the state convention, as well as other moneys paid them for railroad fare and hotel bills while away from the county seat on official business, will have a far-reaching effect. The court stated that the law does not provide for such expenses.

Sheriff May, of Westmoreland County, last September submitted to the amputation of his right arm above the wrist, as he suffered such excruciating pain, as he described it, "in the fingers of the amputated hand" that he was able to give but little attention to his official duties, and in the belief that relief could be obtained only by another amputation, an operation was performed a day or so since.

"The Pittsburg Sunday Post" leads, as usual. After experimenting for two months reproducing half-tone pictures on its fast presses, a complete half-tone art supplement was issued last Sunday. The pictures are very fine and equal to any of the high-class magazines. "The Sunday Post" is certainly Pittsburg's best newspaper and worthy all the appreciation bestowed upon it. No person should fail to buy it.

The Scientific American gives this receipt which the world ought to know. At the first indication of diphtheria in the throat of a child make the room close, then take a tin cup and pour into it a quantity of tar and turpentine, equal parts. Hold the cup over the fire so as to fill the room with fumes. The patient on inhaling the fumes, will cough up and spit out all the membraneous matter, and the diphtheria will pass out. The fumes of the tar and turpentine loosen the matter in the throat and afford relief that has baffled the skill of physicians.

Knox County lays claim to having the youngest grandmother in the State, if not in the United States, says a Vincennes, Ind., dispatch in the Cincinnati Enquirer. Her name is Mrs. James Burke and she is barely 33 years old. She lives at Deckers. Her daughter, Bettie, married John Midkiff two years ago, and to them a little daughter was born this week. The mother of the child is not quite 15 years old, while the father is but 19. The combined age of the father and mother is but one year older than the grandmother, and the combined ages of the grandfather, grandmother, mother, father and child is only 100 years, yet this represents three generations.

The executive committee of the Longfellow National Memorial Association, formed for the purpose of erecting a statue of the poet in Washington, has issued an appeal to the public for subscriptions to accomplish this purpose. The committee estimates that $15,000 will be needed to procure a statue worthy of the poet and the site. The smallest contributions will be welcomed. As almost every American home, where the inmates love good literature, says the appeal, contains a copy of Longfellow's poems, it is hoped that the response may be both prompt and generous. The Riggs National Bank, of Washington, has consented to act as financial agent of the Memorial Association, and checks may be made payable to it.

From Carlisle comes the following: Legal steps will be taken here to determine who shall receive a legacy of $10,000. James Snyder, of Ohio, died recently leaving an estate of about $4,000,000. To his first cousin, David Line, of West Pennsboro township, this county, he bequeathed $15,000, and to the heirs of his first cousin, George Line, deceased, also of this county, he bequeathed $10,000.

The interesting question now presents itself as to whom the deceased meant by George Line, of this county. He had two first cousins named George Line, both of whom lived in West Pennsboro township, this county, and both of whom are now deceased and both have heirs living. The solution of the question is puzzling the lawyers concerned.

Owing to the offers of 5,000 from H. N. Higinbotham, of Chicago, and $15,000 from a New York florist for the interest in the Mrs. Thomas W. Lawson carnation, of which Thomas F. Galvin, of this city, was the owner, says the Boston Transcript, Thomas W. Lawson himself last night sent a letter to Mr. Galvin, in which he said that the lovely flower should not leave Boston, especially if it was only a matter of dollars. He therefore offered the florist $7000, $2000 more than Mr. Higinbotham, for a plant of the Mrs. Thomas W. Lawson carnation, with the understanding that he would present it to the city of Boston to be propagated at its nurseries for display in its public gardens and for the benefit of the citizens of Boston, and not to be sold, and with the understanding that Mr. Galvin should give to no one else the right to propagate or change its name; or he offered $30,000 for the sole right to it and the $000 plants the florist has, provided he would continue to handle the business of selling it on the terms stated in a letter sent to Mr. Lawson, and provided an expert examination shows the returns to be as stated in that letter, of which Mr. Lawson had no doubt.

Late as was the hour, Mr. Galvin sent word to Mr. Lawson that he would accept the latter proposition.

Frank Lancaster, the newspaper writer, says: The use of newspapers in the public schools is growing from year to year. Teachers find that there is no better way of arousing interest among their pupils than by placing in their hands live newspapers. At the meeting of the Directors' Association of Montgomery county, Pa., held recently, one of the speakers in telling why newspapers should be used as supplementary reading in the public schools said that what to read was just as important as how to read, and that more practical and useful knowledge can be obtained from a perusal of a well-edited paper than from the bewildering fiction of modern school text books. This is true. Get a boy to read a good news story and he is interested at once. If it tells about the charge up the hill at San Juan or the sea fight off Santiago in which young men from his own town or State participated, his eyes will flash and his mind will be on the qui vive. Geography means something to him then. He will study the map to see where Cuba is located without any suggestion from his teacher. He will ask questions about the island and will eagerly read every newspaper article he can find on the subject. His mind is active and if rightly directed he will learn more in two weeks about history, geography, and national affairs than he would in a whole year from dry text books. The newspaper is practical, not theoretical reading. It treats of live topics, of vital issues, and the children can see the difference between it and the dry text books. Give the children good, clean, newspapers to read and they will develop into bright, intelligent men and women. The more newspapers are used the better informed will be the scholars graduated from the public schools.

Mr. Joseph Kauffman, of Clarksville, Mich., is spending a month with relatives in Conemaugh township.

Mrs. Henry Altfather died very suddenly at her late residence in Ursina, on Saturday night, 21st inst. She was about 62 years of age.

Mr. Albert Flick and wife, of Dixon, Ill., are visiting at the home of the former's parents—Mr. and Mrs. Gillian Flick—in Lavansville.

A special term of two weeks of court convened Monday morning for the trial of civil cases, Judges Longenecker, Black and Dickey on the bench.

Mr. Mahlon W. Werner, of Meyersdale, and Miss Ada Miller, of Summit Mills, were united in marriage on Wednesday, January 18, at the Brethren parsonage, in Meyersdale, Rev. John H. Knepper, officiating.

Word comes from Wellington, Kan., that Mrs. Robert R. Roberts, who went thither some three weeks ago upon the advice of her physician, who believed that a change of scene and climate would restore her failing health, is rapidly improving.

Mrs. Jacob Zerfoss, aged forty-two years, died at her home in Rockwood on Tuesday, 17th inst. The cause of her death was cancer; from which she had suffered for a long time. She is survived by her husband and a number of children.

A dinner followed by a dance was given by President and Mrs. McKinley Friday night at the White House in honor of their nieces, Miss Mabel McKinley and Miss Barber. Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. Paul A. Schell, of this place.

Mr. Edward Swank and Miss Fanny Sumpstine were united in marriage at the residence of the bride's parents, south of town, Sunday afternoon, Rev. Shearer, of the United Brethren Church, officiating. The friends of the happy young couple tendered them a serenade shortly after midnight.

Mrs. Barbara Nedrow, aged about 74 years, died on Saturday at the home of her son-in-law — Jacob Ankeny — in Brothersvalley township. Her husband, John Nedrow, was a member of Company A, Tenth Pa. Reserves, and was killed in the battle of Fredericksburg, on December 13, 1862.

A committee representing the Elk Lick striking miners visited this place Saturday for the purpose of soliciting aid for the strikers. We believe that every person approached made a subscription, as sympathy with the men who have been thrown out of work is general here as elsewhere throughout the county.

Representative Koontz has been placed upon the following House committees: Constitutional Reform (Chairman), Judiciary Local, Pensions and Gratuities and Military Affairs. Representative Kendall is on these committees: Education, Centennial Affairs, Geological Survey, Pensions and Gratuities and Printing.

Representative Koontz, of Somerset, kicked because his county did not get any appointments among the house employes. As Koontz is among the kickers and bolters, and Somerset is practically in the opposition, the county could hardly expect to get any appointments. Koontz should get into line and be a Republican.—Uniontown News-Standard.

Mr. W. A. Shoemaker, of the Meyersdale Commercial, who came to town Monday morning returned home on the afternoon train. He was summoned to appear as a juror, but after explaining to the court that he was too busily engaged with his newspaper work and caring for a new set of twins to serve the county at this time, he was promptly excused.

Three prominent residents of this town, Judge Wm. J. Baer, Hon. A. H. Coffroth and Hon. A. J. Colborn, are suffering from the grip. Complications have developed in the case of Mr. Colborn and his condition, since Saturday, has been critical. His many friends throughout the county will join us in wishing for his speedy recovery, which, at his advanced age, 75 years, is by no means certain.

Jacob J. Brallier, a former well-known resident of this place, died very unexpectedly on Wednesday last at Mt. Pleasant, where he has been engaged in business for a number of years. Mr. Brallier was on his way from his place of business to his residence for supper Wednesday evening when he was attacked by heart trouble and sank to the pavement in front of the Andrews House, into which he was carried. Later he was removed to his home where he expired at 9 o'clock. He was 69 years of age. His widow and four children, Frank, of Braddock, Ellsworth, of Dawson, Mrs. Henry Cunningham and Mrs. Hamilton Tarr, of Mt. Pleasant, survive him.

The Akron, O., Daily Democrat says that one of the largest commercial deals that has been closed in that city for a number of years was consummated last Thursday, when 12,000 shares of the American Cereal stock, representing $1,250,000, was transferred to new owners. The prime mover in the deal is Mr. Joseph R. Nutt, of Akron, associated with Mr. Myron T. Herrick, and other Cleveland capitalists. The stock represented by Mr. Nutt has held the balance of power between two warring factions for several years and it is now proposed to eliminate all factional strife. The stock has advanced in value from 40 to 95 during the past year. Mr. Nutt is married to the only child of Mr. and Mrs. Valentine Hay, of Somerset.

The Republicans of Somerset township dealt the Shober-Berkey combination a solar-plexus blow at their primary on Saturday. The primary was one of the most largely attended in recent years, over 400 votes having been polled. Interest centered principally in the fight for school directors and supervisors, the Shober-Berkey forces, aided and abetted by their heelers and a conspicuous number of school teachers, struggling from the opening to the closing of the polls against certain and crushing defeat. The result of the primary in Somerset township augurs well for the future, when the gentleman slated by this combination to succeed County Superintendent Pritts, comes up for election. Somerset township Republicans have evidently set the seal of condemnation upon politics in the public schools. And they are right. Merit and qualifications alone should govern the schools.

George A. Cable, a well known resident of Lavansville, expired very suddenly on Tuesday, January 10th. Since the death of his mother some eight weeks before Mr. Cable had lived in the old homestead with a house keeper. On the morning of his death he was engaged at hanging a window blind in one of the upstairs rooms, when, without a moment's warning, he fell over dead. Miss Lizzie Young, the house-keeper, who was in an adjoining room heard him fall and ran to his assistance. He never spoke. Mr. Cable was fifty-one years of age and an excellent citizen, respected by all who knew him. He was a devoted member of the Lutheran Church, and was constant in his attendance upon Sunday worship. His unlooked for death was a severe shock to the entire community.

In accordance with an opinion rendered by their attorney, A. L. G. Hay, Esq., on the 8th day of February, 1897, the Commissioners of Somerset County refused to pay all constables, 1st, For making returns to Court; 2d, For attending general elections and special township and borough elections. The Constables felt aggrieved and brought suit against the Commissioners of Somerset County to recover the amount withheld from them.

A case stated was submitted for the consideration of the Court, and on January 6, 1899, the law involved in the case was argued before the Court by John R. Scott, Esq., for the Constables, and A. L. G. Hay, Esq., for the County Commissioners. Judge Longenecker on the 18th inst. handed down an opinion sustaining the County Commissioners.

A Tribute to Mr Elkin.

In the Senate last Wednesday Senator C. L. Magee, of Allegheny, made a direct reply to Senator Henry's attack on Hon. John P. Elkin, in which he declared that Elkin had been guilty of malfeasance in office. Senator Magee said:

"The ground upon which the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Henry, bases his objection to the confirmation of Mr. Elkin arose from the pursuance of a practice of long standing that has grown up at Harrisburg, and one which has been subscribed to and approved of at the session of 1895 by the same administration which turned him out.

"In the session of 1895, the Legislature, following a custom and habit that had grown almost into the regularity of law, elected and placed more people upon the roll of employes of House and Senate than the law provided for; finding that three additional employes were necessary for the proper transaction of the business of the Legislature. That Legislature of 1895 failed to make an appropriation sufficient for the payment of those extra employes. The Legislature of 1897 enacted that appropriation, and the Governor of the Commonwealth approved the law that made it possible to pay these extra employes.

"Mr. Elkin committed an error of judgment in giving a bond, but I hold that so far as the administration was concerned, with the approval of the act passed two years afterwards for the payment of extra employes of the session of 1895, that he had an example furnished him by the same people who removed him from office. Now I hope that this Legislature and future Legislatures will be brave enough, if they need more officials to conduct their business, to pass laws to make their employment legal.

"I have known Mr. John Elkin ever since he was a boy. I believe him to be honest. I have been on other sides of factional lines from Mr. Elkin and have never been treated with anything but courtesy and kindness by him. John Elkin is the son of poor parents. Hampered by physical infirmity which prevented him from supporting himself by farm work or other manual labor, without any ability on the part of his family to provide means for his education, through the product of his own labor he graduated at the head of his class, taking the honors in a class consisting of 129 students, representing seventeen States and three Territories. I want to say, Mr. Chairman, that so far as this nomination is concerned, I can cheerfully, cordially and honestly vote for his confirmation, believing Mr. Elkin to be honest, and knowing him to be capable for the office for which he has been appointed."

Is This Keely's Secret?

Philadelphia Press.

The investigation which the Press has carried on in the laboratory or workshop but recently the abiding place of Keely and his famous motor has brought to light a condition of things which affords strongly presumptive evidence that the secret of the Keely motor has been discovered. The conclusion of Mr. Carl Hering, Professor Arthur W. Goodspeed, Mr. Coleman Sellers, jr., and Mr. Clarence B. Moore, that the evident liberal use of metallic tubing capable of withstanding great pressures, in connection with the presence of a receptacle capable of giving all the necessary pressure, suggests possible fraud, and the use of compressed air seems entirely warranted by the situation.

Keely had everything under his own control in his workshop. Investigation in the ordinary sense of the term was not allowed. He refused to let Edison make a complete study of his laboratory under test conditions. No reliable physicist who ever entered the workshop and saw an exhibition ever expressed himself as satisfied with the conditions, or left in any other than a skeptical frame of mind. Zalinski, at the gun tests in 1888, said "compressed air." Other experts at the laboratory on other occasions said: "It is compressed air or compressed gases of some sort." All this was bitterly denied. Though Keely confessed to deceiving his stockholders for the good of the cause, he stoutly averred that he never deceived his visitors, did not use any of the known or normal forces of nature, and had no means of utilizing them in his machines.

It would seem, however, that secret tubing would go a long ways toward performing most of his experiments so long as no one looked into what was in or going on in the room below while the experiments went on in the room above. It may be that all these tubes were innocent and conveyed nothing more serious than polar negative currents or the sympathetic ether; but certainly a little compressed air ought to have proved a boon when the "polar negative" got its musicchord in a kink and refused to work. The question is, therefore, is compressed air Keely's secret?

"I have known for four years the so-called secret of Inventor Keely," said Nicola Tesla, the famous electrician.

"When the reservoir and pipes were found I knew that the surmise I had long entertained was correct. I would like to believe that Keely was not a dishonest fellow, and believe him simply to have been a man who erred so that he would have accomplished no great thing had he lived a dozen lives. Although he evidently used compressed air in his experiments it does not follow that he did this deliberately to deceive. Acting on my conjecture I have performed most of the experiments reported and still more wonderful ones to the lay mind."

Inflamed and Granulated Eyelids.

Is there anything more disfiguring to a face or more disagreeable than inflamed or granulated eyelids? These result from a multitude of causes, and respond quickly to proper treatment. Such treatment may be had at the hands of Dr. A. Sigmann, 804 Penn Ave., Pittsburg, formerly of Vienna, Austria, who has enjoyed the advantage of years of study and practice in the greatest hospital of the world, situated in that city, and is prepared to give any cases relating to his specialties—Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat—the most thorough scientific treatment possible. During his short stay in this city he has already secured a long list of patients to whom he can refer any person desiring to gain information regarding his skill and success.

The Tribune's Pictorial Supplement.

The Tribune last August took a poll of its New York State readers for the choice for governor, and first brought out publicly the actual popularity of Col. Theodore Roosevelt, commander of the Rough Riders, who became the Republican candidate and is now Governor of New York. The annual prospectus of The Tribune appears in another column and is commended to the attention of our readers. Special attention is called to The Semi-Weekly edition. During the past year The Tribune has made vast improvements in the production of half-tone pictures, which are now recognized as one of the standard features of that newspaper. The illustrated supplement which accompanies the Friday issue of its Semi-Weekly, is largely devoted to pictures, and has proved a most attractive addition to that already popular issue. The Tribune is a thoroughly complete newspaper, and always commands respect, because of its refusal to yield any part of its space to scandal and vulgar sensation.

Officers Elected.

The Co-operative Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Berlin have elected the following officers for the ensuing year:

President, Wm. H. Ruppel, Somerset, Pa. Vice President, C. A. Floto, of Berlin, Pa. Secretary, Jac. J. Zorn, Berlin, Pa. Treasurer, Fred Groff, Berlin, Pa.

Board of Directors, Wm. H. Ruppel, Somerset, Pa., Hon. Jeremiah Maurer, Stoyestown, Pa., Harrison Snyder, Rockwood, Pa., G. G. Groff, Confluence, Pa., C. A. Floto, Berlin, Pa., L. C. Boyer, Elk Lick, Pa., Josiah Specht, Kantner, Pa., H. L. Sipe, Somerset, Pa., J. B. Davis, Ursina, Pa., E. D. Leonard, Meyersdale, Pa.

When Does the Century Begin?

EDITOR HERALD:—

Several local journals have undertaken to convince their readers that 1899 is 1900, or in other words that the 20th century will begin January 1, 1900.

Any one who knows how to count 100 can answer the question in one fifth the space utilized by the intelligent newspaper men; but as they have made a rigmarole out of it, I must necessarily ask for more of your space than would otherwise be necessary.

In the first place all should know that the method of counting by Arabic notation is by units and tens; we begin counting 1, 2, 3, etc. up to 10; we then add 10 to make 20, and so on to hundreds and thousands.

One writer says: "The figures always indicate past years, not current years," and follows the above truthful statement with "the 99th year of this century passed away at mid-night December 31, 1898."

A third-grade schoolboy would not fall into this error. Counting 100 we must begin with 1 and count to 10, adding each succeeding 10 until we have 100, which, multiplied by 18 gives us 1800. To make 1898 we must add 98 to 1800. How can the writer referred to get 99 out of 98 as the above quotation indicates and then say: "the figures always indicate past years?" On the same principle the writer would accept $98 for $99.

Again he says: "We are not in the year 1899 but in the year 1899 plus 19 days." We infer that he means that we are 19 days in the year 1899. Let us take wheat to illustrate this point: Suppose I measure the writer 1900 bushels of wheat, and I do it by filling the bushel measure by pints. When I have dipped the measure full it is 1 bushel, and so on until I get 1898 bushels. I then begin on the 1899th bushel and fill in a pint and one half; now I am about as far with the wheat as we are with this year 1899. After I have filled this 1899th bushel and then fill another for him he will have 1900 bushels. Now, I must begin on the next hundred by filling another bushel, or, in other words, the next century will begin on January 1, 1901.

Trusting that this will cause the wiseacres of the press to reconsider their chronological calculations, since it proves that "figures won't lie," even if labored editorials do, I remain

Respectfully yours,
January 22, 1899. TRANSIENT.

More About the Proposed Railroad.

The Greensburg Democrat publishes the following:

For almost a year past, H. E. Marker, Esq., of this place, and W. H. Rupple, Esq., of Somerset, representing capitalists of Williamsport and Philadelphia, have been engaged securing right-of-way and other preliminary work for a proposed passenger and freight railroad from Ligonier to and beyond Mechanicsburg, Ligonier township, a distance of seven miles. The proposed railway will connect with the Ligonier Valley railroad, at Ligonier, but will be under entirely different management. Leaving the terminus of the Ligonier Valley road, the new line will follow the Loyalhanna creek to Mechanicsburg, thence up Lynn's run, a tributary, a distance of 2½ miles. At some future time, it will probably be extended across the Laurel Hill and connect with the B. & O. railroad, at Somerset.

The company has secured from 12,000 to 15,000 acres of timber land, by purchase and option, and will establish a number of sawmills on the various tracts. There are also immense blue stone beds on the line, free from earth covering, and limestone deposits with a 60 foot uncovered face at the outcropping, on which developments will be made. The right-of-way will be forfeited unless operations are begun within three years, but it is the intention of the company to put an engineer corps to work as soon as the weather will permit, and the grading and construction will follow as speedily as practicable. The parties at the head of the enterprise will push the undertaking to a speedy conclusion.

By Coming Soon

You will have a chance to get some of the great closing out bargains in Ladies' Night Dresses, Chemise, Skirts, Pants and Corset Covers.

MRS. A. E. UHL.

Death of David Penrod.

David Penrod of Stoyestown, who was taken to the Memorial hospital, Johnstown, a week ago for treatment for a diseased leg, died at that institution Saturday evening at 5.30 o'clock. His death was due to heart failure resulting from the shock of a forced amputation of his leg.

Penrod's condition was considered too serious to permit amputation and the diseased leg was being treated in the hope that Mr. Penrod would gain strength. Saturday morning he was being placed in position on the operating table, preparatory to having the leg lanced, when the member broke off between the knee and thigh, only the shreds of diseased flesh holding the parts together. This made amputation imperative and shortly after 11 o'clock Dr. Hannan, assisted by Drs. Sheridan, Haight and Kress, amputated the leg at the hip. Penrod rallied and seemed to be getting along remarkably well until 5.30 p. m., when he died suddenly of heart failure. The physicians regard it as a very unusual case and were surprised that he lived so long when the disease was so far advanced. The bones of the leg were practically rotted away. The disease is known as necrosis.

Penrod was 57 years of age. His remains were removed to his late home at Stoyestown Sunday morning from whence they were interred Monday afternoon.

Spain's Sunken Ships Floated.

Perhaps the greatest mechanical feat of the century has been the raising of some of the Spanish warships which were apparently shot to pieces at Santiago. It seemed utterly impossible to float them because of the terrible damage inflicted by our guns, but the task has been accomplished. Diseases of the blood, stomach and liver frequently wreck the health so that there appears to be no chance of recovery. But when Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is taken, the disordered system is speedily restored to its old-time vigor and tone. The Bitters will regulate the liver, bowels and digestive functions and purify the blood. You can buy this remedy in any drug store, and under no circumstances should you accept anything said to be "just as good."

What Next!

It does seem as though the seedsmen would stop somewhere, but here comes a work of art. Think of it, twenty-four pages lithographed in colors, not gaudy chromos, but from photographs in colors, upon an entirely new plan. This, in itself, is enough to turn every woman's head. Then follow about one hundred more pages, filled with handsome half-tone illustrations of Flowers, Fruits and Vegetables, photographed from nature, all printed on fine paper and enclosed in an elegant cover of white and gold. Vick's Garden and Floral Guide also contains full descriptions and directions for planting Flowers and Vegetables, Plants, Small Fruits, etc. It explains a new departure in selling Vegetable Seeds by weight in place of old style of packets; also a grand offer giving customers credit for full amount of purchase to apply on order for implements and useful articles. This splendid work of art will be mailed with a Dus Bill good for 25 cents' worth of seeds, for only 15 cents. Write James Vicks Sons, Rochester, N. Y.

Don't Forget February 15th.

As it is the last day of my Great Clearance and Bargain Sale.

MRS. A. E. UHL

ROYAL Baking Powder

Made from pure cream of tartar.

Safeguards the food against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest menacers to health of the present day.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Harrisburg Letter.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 22, 1899.

Special correspondence of the Herald.

As long as the Senatorial question remains unsettled there will be little if any legislation passed. Every bill that has been introduced in the Senate and House is viewed in the light of a "snake" by one or the other of the fighting factions, the "bolters" being so suspicious that some law inuring to the benefit of Senator Quay will be rushed through that it is believed they would not vote the usual appropriation to the public schools while the deadlock continues.

The best evidence of this being true is the cry set up by the "bolters" against a bill introduced by Senator McCarrell, which restricts the right of District Attorneys to stand aside jurors to felony cases only. The same bill has been before the legislature on several former occasions, when it was endorsed by a majority of the Common Pleas Judges of the State, by leading attorneys, and by the best newspaper sentiment.

There is not a citizen of the State who has been called upon to do jury service who does not realize the unfairness of the present law, which gives the prosecuting attorney the right to stand aside jurors until he gets a panel filled with men of his own choice. The Commonwealth should not ask for any advantage in the trial of a misdemeanor, but it would be hard to imagine a more unfair and surer way of railroading a defendant to prison who had happened to incur the illwill of the prosecuting attorney, than this. The defense should be given in all fairness the same number of challenges as the Commonwealth.

Another meritorious bill that has been introduced seeks to regulate the method of granting teachers' professional certificates. It is proposed to make the examinations uniform throughout the State, the examination questions to be prepared by the Superintendent of Public Instruction. Under the present method, where local committees conduct the examinations, it is possible for teachers who do not possess the required qualifications to teach a graded school, to secure professional certificates. Professional educators throughout the Commonwealth are aroused and the probabilities are that the bill will become a law.

But, the making of laws for the benefit of the people of Pennsylvania is a minor consideration in the eyes of the representatives who have been sent here for that purpose. The sole topic of conversation is the succession to Senator Quay.

As an evidence that the bolters are prepared to vote for a Democrat for United States Senator, the speech of Representative Koontz at a caucus of bolters and Democrats, called for the purpose of protesting against a ruling by the Lieutenant-Governor, is pointed to. "He is," said Mr. Koontz, referring to the Democratic candidate, "one of the ablest lawyers in the State of Pennsylvania, and the Republican party has no right to go sneaking in the dark when such men are presented."

This declaration caused consternation in the ranks of the "bolters," who were dismayed to have such high encomium passed upon the Democratic candidate by one of their steering committee, and not a word in commendation of John Dalzell, C. W. Stone, John Stewart or the other eminent gentlemen for whom the 'bolters' have been voting for Senator. Flinn and Martin exchanged significant glances while the Democrats applauded vigorously when Mr. Koontz resumed his seat. A straw indicates the way the wind blows. Koontz may return to his constituents carrying the banner of Jenks and Guffey. Stranger things have happened.

It is generally believed here that Mr. Koontz's colleague would like to support Quay, but Mr. Kendall hovers constantly in Koontz's shadow, and in the hope of escaping the opprobrium of being a "Me-Too," casts his vote for C. W. Stone for Senator.

The action of Senator Weller, in voting for the confirmation of Attorney-General Elkin, was a blow to the "bolters," that even "Boss" Flinn has been unable to satisfactorily explain. Mr. Flinn has pronounced eulogies over the political remains of Senator Boyd, of Fayette, and the other Democrats, who voted for Elkins' confirmation, but he has refrained from denouncing Senator Weller in public. Weller, it is said, formed an acquaintance of "Boss" Martin, when the Philadelphia chieftain was imbibing the waters of Bedford Springs last summer, and listened to the cooing of the gentle David under the shade of the crimson maples until he is willing to run counter to the voice of his constituents at a nod from the municipal dictator.

Senator Stineman, of Cambria, is content with the pronounced stand he has taken in favor of Senator Quay. He has received several reams of telegrams from Blair county fusionists directing him how to vote, but he says he was elected by Republicans and will not take orders from the enemies of the Republican party.

There is no telling at this time when the deadlock will be broken. Senator Quay has returned to Washington, leaving his campaign in the hands of State Chairman Elkin. Wanny has gone back to Philadelphia to spend Sunday, but will return on Monday to assist the Democrats smash the "machine" that has given him so many sleepless nights and throttled his ambition to sit in the United States Senate.

Political Notes.

The names of the anti-caucus Republicans who are struggling for the overthrow of boss rule are published in the Wanamaker organs as a "Roll of Honor," and lo, Boss Martin's name leads all the rest. Thus doth this sturdy and life-long opponent of boss rule have his reward.—Honesdale Citizen.

* * *

If there never was any good reason why Senator Quay should be elected certainly there is one now. One hundred and twelve Republicans out of one hundred and sixty-four have declared by ballot that he is their choice. Is it reasonable for them to give way to fifty-two Republicans and eighty-four Democrats? No sane man would think so. Let the fight for Quay be fought out if it takes all summer.—Franklin Repository.

* * *

In Bradford county, Representative Piollet was defeated for renomination last year, and the Wanamaker machine, which strongly opposed him, claimed the result as "a victory for the people," and "a rebuke to the bosses." And now Mr. Lewis, who defeated him at the primaries, is the only one of the three Bradford Representatives who supports Quay. In this, he contends that he is carrying out the wishes of a large majority of his constituents, as well as the instructions of the county convention. His colleagues, Messrs. Edmiston and Manly, though instructed for Quay by the convention, remained out of the caucus, and are counted as following Boss Martin in opposition to boss rule.

NEW YORK TRIBUNE.

Recognized as a Leader of Republican Opinion.

The New York Tribune offers to the public a newspaper which is absolutely representative of the best opinion of the Republican party on all national issues. It is dignified, strong, complete and patriotic.

The Daily Tribune is $10 a year. The Weekly, $1, but can be obtained, in conjunction with various local papers, on more advantageous terms. The Semi-weekly is $2 a year.

A Newspaper and Magazine both.

The Semi-weekly Tribune, printed Tuesdays and Fridays, is one of the best general newspapers in the country for a wide-awake farmer, professional man, merchant, manufacturer or mechanic. It saves the necessity of buying other newspapers. It supplements admirably a local daily; many people take it in place of one.

The agricultural page will contain this year, in addition to regular features, a weather review, many descriptions of the actual results obtained on small farms, and other matters of particular use to gardeners, fruit-growers, farmers, dairymen and live-stock raisers.

Stories of the War With Spain.

During each week the reader will find a column of "Questions and Answers," letters from correspondents in London and Paris; a page devoted to science and mechanics; home interests and other things which interest women, including the "Tribune Sunshine Society" some good games of checkers; a series of thrilling stories of actual experiences in the war with Spain, written by soldiers and sailors; and advance information of new enterprise of importance to manufacturers, mechanics and business men.

Market Reports the Standard.

The market reports will be kept up to their present high standard. It is the intention of The Tribune at all times to add to them whatever quotations will render them of greater value. The finest compliment paid to The Semi-weekly Tribune is the fact that it enjoys the subscriptions of a large number of merchants, dairymen and farmers who disagree with its political sentiments, but who find its accurate market reports essential to the proper conduct of their business. It is always safe to look at The Tribune before coming to market to country produce. Once a week there is a special market article on one particular topic.

Pictorial Supplement.

With Friday's number there is an illustrated Supplement, 20 to 24 pages, printed on specially fine paper, full of delightful reading, enlivened with from thirty to fifty half-tone or other pictures. Every reader admits that this Supplement is equal to a magazine in its contents, and better than a magazine in being quicker to lay before its readers perfectly fresh discussions of matters which are attracting attention. Sample copies of Friday's issue will be sent free on application. The Supplement contains two pages of humor; a fascinating letter from Ex-Attache, a gentleman who has served at many of the great courts of the world, and who speaks of kings, emperors and noblemen from actual knowledge; book reviews; short stories; dramatic and musical criticisms; the fine work of great architects and artists; letters from abroad; talk on scientific subjects, new warships, etc.; gossip by pungent writers; and, in fact, the whole range of higher topics in which intelligent men and women are deeply interested, and a profusion of beautiful illustrations. The Supplement is the cream of the whole week's work in The Tribune office.

Clubs.

Any reader who may find it convenient to raise a club of subscribers for The Semi-weekly Tribune is invited to do so, and to send to this office for sample copies, etc.

THE TRIBUNE.

What Do the Children Drink?

Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing and takes the place of coffee. The more Grain-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their system. Grain-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee but costs about ¼ as much. All grocers sell it. 15c and 25c.

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

PUBLIC SALE

—OF—

Valuable Real Estate!

By virtue of an order of sale issued out of the Orphans' Court of Somerset county, Pa., to the undersigned directed there will be exposed to sale by public outcry, on the premises, on

Saturday, February 18, 1899,
at 1 o'clock P. M.,

the following described real estate, late the property of Elias Maust, dec'd:

All that certain lot of ground situate in the borough of Ursina, Somerset county, Pa., fronting on Park street 37½ feet and extending back of equal width 150 feet to Cedar alley on the north, bounded by lot of Alexander Nedrow on the east, on the west by Park street and lot of Mrs. John Younkin, having thereon erected a frame dwelling house, wagonmaker shops, smoke house and other outbuildings.

Terms:

20 per cent. of the purchase money to be paid on day of sale when the property is knocked down and the balance on confirmation of sale and delivery of deed.

W. H. MAUST,
Administrator and Trustee of Elias Maust, deceased.

John R. Scott, Attorney, Somerset, Pa.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Thomas Price, late of Walker county, state of Alabama, dec'd, for the administration of the estate of the dec'd, situate within the State of Pennsylvania, having been granted by the proper authority to me, the executor of the last will and testament of said Thomas Price, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement on Saturday, Feb. 25, 1899, to my attorneys, Hay & Hay, at their office in Somerset, Pa., who are fully authorized to act for me in the premises.

JOSEPH H. McGUIRE,
Executor of the will of Thomas Price, dec'd.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.

Estate of George A. Cable, late of Somerset township, Somerset county, Pa., dec'd.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned by the proper authority, notice is hereby given to all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims or demands against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement on Saturday, February 25, 1899, at Geo. L. Countryman's, Levansville, Pa.

E. L. COUNTRYMAN,
HIRAM BALDWIN,
Administrators.

LEGAL NOTICE.

To Isaiah Brant, of Youngstown, Ohio; Ellen, intermarried with David S. Rector, of Harper's Ferry, West Virginia:

You are hereby notified that in pursuance of a Writ of Partition issued out of the Orphans' Court of Somerset county, Pa., I will hold an inquest on the premises, on the real estate of Matilda Barron, dec'd, situate in the village of Geblharts, in Milford township, Somerset county, Pa., on Thursday, February 23, 1899, when and where you can attend if you think proper.

M. H. HARTZELL,
Jan. 4, 1899. Sheriff.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Elias Maust, late of Ursina borough, Somerset county, Pa., dec'd.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned by the proper authority, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated on or before Saturday, the 25th day of Feb, 1899, at the office of A. S. Levy, in the borough of Ursina, Pa.

WM. H. MAUST,
John R. Scott, Attorney. Administrator.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

Estate of Mary Seese, late of Paint township, Somerset county, Pa., dec'd.

Letters testamentary on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned by the proper authority, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement to either of the executors.

VALENTINE SEESE,
DAVID SEESE,
Executors.

Dec. 27, '98.

Uhl's Clearance sale

CLOSES

FEB. 15th.

All are cordially invited to attend my fifteenth annual Clearance sale and participate in the distribution of good goods at greatly reduced prices.

Before making purchases it is always good policy to look around and find out where you can be best suited in qualities, styles and prices, therefore you are invited to come and examine and satisfy yourselves whether it is best to buy from me. I quote

Good fine yard-wide unbl'd muslin,	5c
" " " Sheeting	4c
Appleton A. " " "	5c
10-4 Unbleached Sheeting,	12½ to 18c
Good yard-wide bl'd Muslin	4½ to 5c
Fruit of the Loom 4-4,	6c
Also made up sheets and pillow cases.	
Blue, red and dark fancy Calico,	4c
Yard-wide Percale,	7c
Shirting,	5 to 6c
Lancaster Ginghams,	5c
Wool Carpet Chain, while it lasts,	30c
3 ply Cotton Carpet Chain, "	12½c
Light and dark Flannelettes,	4½c up

In Dress Goods

I offer superb qualities in pl