The Somerset Herald.

EDWARD SCULL, Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY.....November 9, 1898.

DID you hear anything "drap"?

GOOD morning to you, Governor Stone!

AND Wanny's "heart was almost burstin' with patriotic zeal"!

ABOUT all John Wanamaker pulled out of it was a lot of very expensive advertising.

CONSISTENCY doesn't appear to be a glittering jewel in the eyes of Somerset county Prohibitionists.

THE Republican organization comes up smiling, notwithstanding the assaults of its pretended friends.

THE "Old Man" not only shook the plum tree yesterday, but he apparently gave several other trees in the orchard a gentle tap.

THAT was a bloomin' big boost Benson borough gave the Republican ticket. Thirty-two Republican votes against 0 for the opposing parties is a marker that never can be beaten.

THE wind is whistling gently through the whiskers of the "reformers" who were sorry for Colonel Stone but really had to vote against him in order to "bust" the Quay machine.

SENATOR QUAY, against whom the poisoned shafts of envy and malice were directed, treated his enemies with the contempt they so richly deserved, and the Republican voters have stood loyally by him.

THE protocol provides that we shall keep Manila until the treaty is arranged for the control, disposition and government of the whole group. Of course, if the treaty fails we shall take all the islands without further ceremony.

GENERAL BLANCO is still holding one of his official residences in Havana, and intimates that he will refuse to vacate. Probably he intends to file a mechanic's lien on the building, on the theory that he played his part in the war like a blacksmith.

THE Republicans of the county are to be congratulated upon the splendid vote cast at yesterday's election for the State and county tickets. When it is remembered that the State ticket was openly antagonized by journals claiming to be Republican, and secretly worked against by professed members of the party organization, the result is all the more gratifying. The great majority of the Republican voters of Somerset county are loyal to their party organization and have no sympathy with those who attempt to weaken or destroy its influence.

IN A FEW short years, under the guise of a "revenue tariff," the Democracy changed the revenue system of the country from a surplus to a deficit by borrowing one hundred and sixty-five millions of dollars at exorbitant interest. In short, in a few brief years the Democratic party turned a rich and prosperous land, where plenty prevailed, and where there was work for willing hands, into a country filled with impoverished merchants and tradesmen, struggling farmers, idle mechanics and poverty-stricken laboring men.

HENRY NORMAN, the new London correspondent of the New York Times, sends some interesting and astonishing facts about England's stupendous preparations for war. All the ships have been fully manned, armed and provisioned. One day last week there were 150,000 officers and men at Devonport alone. The coastguard and the volunteer artillery have received the first mobilization warning. Orders for 200,000 tons of smokeless powder have been placed. Among the rush of orders are contracts for a million pounds of tobacco and a thousand flasks of special wine for administering the last sacrament, provisions are pouring in by the shipload. "To my knowledge," says Mr. Norman, "the Admiral who would take chief command of the British navy in war has urgently advised the Cabinet to order a complete mobilization."

What does it all mean? Nobody seems to know, or if anybody does know, he will not tell. Let us hope that it is for effect and not for actual fighting. A great war at the end of this century would be an indescribable slaughter, and the civilized world does not want to see it.

THE loss of the resurrected Spanish cruiser Infanta Maria Teresa near the first landfall of Columbus, says the Philadelphia Inquirer, will be a keen disappointment to every American citizen. To be sure, we have acquired Porto Rico and the Philippines by the result of the war, but they are nailed fast to the map, while the Maria Teresa was what might be called floating evidence of our prowess. It could have sailed from port to port recalling to every mind the mad dash of Cervera and the work of the American gunner—if it had not gone to the bottom off the Bahamas. The disaster will affect the plans of one man very seriously. Lieutenant Hobson is hard at work in Washington to secure the money needed to raise others of the Spanish fleet that were sunk off Santiago. He has been pointing with deserved pride to his success in rescuing the Maria Teresa, thus giving a valuable addition to our navy. The sinking of that vessel, however, will be used as a strong argument against any appropriation for the work that Hobson plans. People will say, and justly too, that what has happened to the Maria Teresa will in all probability happen to any other Spanish ship that we may try to save.

After all, the fate of the Maria Teresa is not to be deplored any too greatly. The American navy should be American-built, and every vessel in it should be for service and not for show. The Spanish vessels, if saved, would, to a greater or less extent, be floating relics or movable curiosity shops. So far as that goes, the disappointment to Americans will be great, but we think that all good patriots would rather have five staunch American-built war vessels added to our navy than the five ships that Admiral Cervera lost in his attempt to get out of Schley's battle.

GENERAL WOOD, who has for some time been doing all in his power to bring order out of confusion in Santiago, has very properly decided that there is no good reason why the Cubans should not join in the national thanksgiving, says the Baltimore American. He will, therefore, issue a proclamation to this effect, calling the attention of the Cubans to the fact that President McKinley has set apart November 24 as the day, and asking the people of the island to observe it. The Americans who are now with him at Santiago, and those on other parts of the island, will need no reminder of the event. They are even now preparing for it, and, believing that no Thanksgiving Day is complete without a turkey, are writing to their friends in this land for a supply of these big birds.

The Cubans certainly ought to be ready for a thanksgiving day. If there are any people in the world to-day who have been signally blessed during the year, they can be found in Cuba. In their interest, and for the sake of giving them freedom from the oppression and tyranny of Spain, this nation has been to war, at a cost of millions upon millions of money and several thousand lives. It has gained for them a liberty which they would probably never have been able to gain for themselves. The battle has been fought for them without cost to them, and without any great sacrifices on their part.

Just at present some of them do not appreciate as they should the value of the work which this country has done for them. They have been fighting for so long that they do not seem to realize that the time has come to stop. When the last of the Spanish soldiers have left the island for good, when peace and stable government have been established through the length and breadth of the island, then, we are convinced, all the Cubans will come to a full realization of the great blessings that have been vouchsafed to them during this year.

Thropp Goes to Congress.

"Dock-tailed horses" is not a winning issue in the Twentieth Congressional District. Joseph E. Thropp carries the district by a little better than 2,000. He loses his own county of Bedford by a large majority, carries Blair by a reduced majority, is defeated in Cambria, but his bacon is saved by the loyal Republicans of Somerset county. Following are the unofficial majorities:

Blair county, Thropp,	1500	
Somerset co., "	2355	3855
Bedford county, Walters,	991	
Cambria county, "	700	1691

Thropp's plurality, 2164

Weller Wins Easily.

John S. Weller, Esq., of Bedford, is the Republican Senatorelect from the Thirty-sixth Senatorial district. His majority in Bedford county is 1058, in Somerset 2385 and he loses Fulton county by 200, making his plurality in the district 3243.

REPUBLICANS' CLEAN SWEEP,

Carry Everything With the Possible Exception of Congress.

NEBRASKA BREAKS AWAY FROM BRYAN.

Special to the Herald.

PITTSBURG, Pa., November 9, 1898.—Teddy's up-country Rough Riders were ambushed at the Harlem trocha by Dick Croker's Tigers, but sabered their way through thirty thousand strong.

Pennsylvania, oh, Pennsylvania is alway Republican by one hundred and twenty five thousand.

"Joe" Sibley kicks a Congressional goal in the Warren-Venango district, and old "Fyatt" returns to its wallow.

The Republicans carry New Jersey, and Nebraska forsakes Bryan and will hereafter ride on the elephant.

California, Connecticut, Delaware, Illinois, Iowa, Maryland, Massachusets, Michigan, Nevada, both of the Dakotas, Ohio, and New Hampshire are safely Republican.

Both parties claim a majority in next Congress with chances favoring the Democrats. E. B. S.

UNUSUAL LOVE ROMANCE.

Married the Man Against Whom She Had Won a Breach of Promise Suit.

WOOSTER, O., November 6.—A romance quite out of the common run has been closed in the village of West Lebanon, Wayne county, for a woman who nearly fifty years ago secured a judgment for breach of promise to marry has now wedded the man against whom the judgment was rendered. The records of the Court of Common Pleas show that forty-nine years ago Miss Elizabeth Buckwalter was awarded judgment for breach of promise to marry in the sum of $750 against Daniel Beals. The journal of the court also shows that the money was paid in shining gold.

It seems that the parents of the groom would not give their consent because of religious differences, his parents being Methodists, hers Universalists. Miss Buckwalter never married. Mr. Beals, after several years, became the husband of a lady with whom he lived happily for years. Children and grandchildren came of the union. Mr. Beals, who resides at Orrville, was very successful in business, but met with reverses, and with the death of his wife, he was left a poor man.

Miss Buckwalter was thrifty, and with the money received on the breach of promise judgment amassed a fortune, and is the owner of one of the finest farms in the county, and cash besides. Several years ago the country residence of Miss Buckwalter was entered by three masked men, who beat her terribly in an effort to force her to tell where her valuables were secreted. Three prominent residents of the neighborhood were indicted for the crime. It was said that Miss Buckwalter was positive that she had recognized their voices.

The trial was a sensational one, and ended in the acquittal of the accused. The three men each began a suit for $5,000 damages against Miss Buckwalter for false arrest. At the time of the burglary Mr. Beals visited his old love, expressed his sympathy, offered his assistance, and, as a matter of fact, it was through his efforts that she won the first of the three damage suits, although the plaintiff was awarded a judgment of one dollar and costs. Through his efforts in her behalf the old love of forty-nine years ago was rekindled, a reconciliation was effected, and their marriage followed.

Rope Ready for Cuban Chief.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, November 6—The Cuban General Perez recently ordered the trial by court-martial of one of his men on a charge of deserting and the prisoner was condemned to death, but before the sentence was executed notification was sent to Colonel Ray, who laid the matter before Brigadier General Wood, commander of the military department of Santiago. General Perez was at once informed that if the man was executed Perez and the firing party would be hanged as soon as the Courts could legally sentence them. Perez was also notified that the man must be turned over to the American authorities if there was a charge against him, or be released. Ray's action was on the ground that the Americans are ruling Santiago judicially as well as militarily.

That Same Old Coon!

Stone Wins Out in Pennsylvania and Roosevelt Scores a Victory in the Empire State

CONGRESS IN DOUBT.

UNOFFICIAL RETURNS

Of the General Election Held Tuesday, Nov. 8, 1898.

DISTRICTS	Gov. Wm. A. Stone, R.	Gov. Geo. A. Jenks, D.	L. Gov. Silas C. Swallow, R.	L. Gov. Jno. P. S. Gobin, D.	Con. Wm. H. Sowden, R.	Con. Jos. E. Thropp, R.	Sen. James N. Waters, D.	Sen. John S. Weller, R.	Assembly. I. M. Hoover, D.	Assembly. W. H. Koontz, R.	Assembly. S. A. Kendall, R.	Assembly. George G. Groff, D.	A. Jdg A. S. P. Geist, D.	A. Jdg A. F. Lindsey, R.	A. Jdg C. A. Floto, D.	D. A. H. E. Meyers, R.	D. A. C. F. Uhl, Jr., D.	P. D. Adam S. Miller, R.	P. D. David B. Cramer, D.
Addison	60	137	8	71	128	55	158	72	137	77	74	122	119	73	136	71	126	74	127
Allegheny	52	62	12	54	66	53	67	55	66	56	55	65	66	55	67	55	67	55	67
Benson Borough				32		28		32		32	32			32		32		32	
Berlin Borough	50	80	57	58	86	58	87	58	82	58	82	80	83	81	80	80	81	82	82
Brothersvalley	186	66	17	195	67	191	68	194	67	194	193	66	67	193	67	192	67	192	67
Black	74	13	1	76	13	77	13	76	13	78	77	12	13	78	12	80	11	80	
Conemaugh	208	17	5	206	17	201	17	205	17	206	202	16	17	204	17	203	17	203	17
Confluence Borough	88	30	17	91	28	94	29	90	30	90	92	30	27	90	40	94	30	95	38
Casselman Borough	20	5		20	5	20	5	20	5	19	20	5	5	20	5	20	5	20	5
Elk Lick	134	98	18	141	96	103	121	142	97	132	141	96	95	139	97	139	95	140	97
Fairhope	25	38	7	25	38	21	37	27	37	24	27	34	34	24	34	28	33	30	34
Greenville	83	27	1	83	27	80	28	83	27	80	81	28	28	82	27	80	27	81	27
Hooversville Borough	38	19	7	37	19	34	19	39	37	35	39	35	39	39	41	41	38	38	39
Jefferson	92	49	7	96	48	97	48	96	47	100	98	45	47	98	48	98	49	99	48
Jenner	218	51	22	225	47	220	51	224	47	226	226	45	44	223	46	227	46	227	46
Jennerstown Borough	9	6	6	13	6	11	8	12	6	13	13	6	6	13	6	12	7	13	6
Larimer	49	51	6	50	51	48	51	48	51	48	48	51	51	48	51	49	50	48	51
Lincoln	164	19	9	168	18	112	18	112	17	111	112	17	17	112	17	112	18	110	17
Lower Turkeyfoot	48	59	20	48	59	50	60	50	61	48	50	59	58	58	58	58	57	59	58
Meyersdale Borough	202	118	55	204	118	217	116	226	120	229	217	115		222	114	224	102	229	115
Middlecreek	92	18	1	93	18	93	18	93	18	91	93	18	17	91	17	93	18	91	18
Milford	97	27		98	27	98	27	98	26	97	99	24	26	94	27	95	26	95	25
New Centreville Borough	18	3	1	18	3	18	3	20	3	20	20	3	3	20	3	19	3	19	3
New Baltimore Borough	5	55		55	5	55	5	55	7	6	55	34	5	55	5	55	5	55	5
Northampton	50	55	7	53	55	53	57	54	56	54	52	56	56	53	57	52	57	52	57
Ogle	45	1	3	43	4	41	4	43	4	43	43	4	4	44	4	40	4	42	4
Paint No. 1	82	7		79	7	79	7	79	8	76	76	8	9	77	7	77	7	78	7
Paint No. 2	149	30	18	162	27	150	36	161	32	167	159	26	27	167	25	168	23	165	27
Quemahoning No. 1	124	25	22	131	24	132	24	130	26	135	134	23	24	135	24	136	22	133	24
Quemahoning No. 2	25	7	2	26	7	26	7	27	10	27	31	7	7	29	7	31	7	32	7
Rockwood Forough	89	13	10	93	13	95	13	94	13	97	94	13	13	95	13	98	13	91	13
Salisbury Borough	64	52	35	103	59	79	58	91	49	91	99	58	48	99	58	98	49	91	48
Shade	141	30	11	141	35	135	36	142	41	136	141	36	36	141	36	140	36	141	36
Somerfield Borough	16	15	1	16	15	17	15	17	15	18	20	11	11	17	15	17	15	17	15
Somerset	313	82	37	331	79	339	92	340	82	338	319	75	78	331	82	326	104	328	86
Somerset Borough	257	88	28	258	84	246	90	265	79	260	259	81	81	254	88	256	84	258	71
Southampton	45	32	4	46	41	42	32	44	31	41	45	32	31	42	31	41	31	42	31
Stonycreek	217	91	50	237	37	223	48	235	42	230	234	34	36	232	37	236	28	236	37
Stoystown Borough	32	14	21	46	15	49	12	47	14	52	49	10	10	46	12	51	11	49	12
Summit	172	141	17	176	141	171	141	173	142	174	177	141	138	176	142	176	142	175	143
Upper Turkeyfoot	111	83	5	114	83	108	86	110	85	115	110	80	84	112	84	110	87	113	78
Ursina Borough	45	24	1	46	23	42	23	47	24	32	34	24	24	38	23	38	23	38	23
Wellersburg	11	21	1	10	21	9	21	11	21	9	9	21	21	11	21	9	21	11	21
Totals	6306	1711	553	6498	1719	6434	1809	6174	1788	6289	6184	1617	1725	6139	1668	6122	1645	6157	1670

STONE CHOSEN.

Republican Elected Governor of Pennsylvania.

HIS PLURALITY ABOUT 125,000

In Philadelphia County Alone It Ran as High as 75,000.

SIBLEY ELECTED TO CONGRESS.

The Democratic Candidate Even Carried Stone's Own Ward—Republicans Carried Allegheny County by Large Majority, Evans Being Elected Judge by an Estimated Majority of 20,000 Over Robb—Some of the Congressmen Chosen.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 9.—Pennsylvania's returns are slow and in some instances unsatisfactory.

An estimate, based on the returns of the counties heard from, indicate the election of Stone by a plurality which may exceed 125,000. Stone may have 75,000 plurality in Philadelphia county alone.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 9.—The Republican leaders claimed the election of the entire Republican ticket by a plurality of from 10,000 to 25,000. Evans, for judge, was estimated to have won by 15,000 to 30,000. Stone's plurality in the county was reckoned at 17,000 to 19,000, with the prospect of going higher.

Colonel Stone estimated that his plurality in the state would run between 100,000 to 150,0000. Returns received indicated that his vote was ahead of Beacom's vote two years ago.

Reports from all parts of the county indicated a large vote, and Republican gains in many quarters.

The following named congressmen have been elected in Pennsylvania:

First district, H. H. Bingham, Rep.; Second, Robert Adams, Jr., Rep.; Third, William McAleer, Dem.; Fourth, James R. Young, Rep.; Fifth, A. C. Harmer, Rep.; Sixth, Thomas S. Butler, Rep.; Seventh, Irving P. Wagner, Rep.; Ninth, Daniel Ermentrout, Dem.; Tenth, Marriott Brosious, Rep.; Twelfth, Morgan B. Williams, Rep.; Fourteenth, Marlin E. Olmstead, Rep.; Fifteenth, Charles F. Wright, Rep.; Sixteenth, Horace B. Packer, Rep.; Eighteenth, Thaddeus M. Mahon, Rep.; Twentieth, Joseph E. Thropp, Rep.; Twenty-first, Summers M. Jack, Rep.; Twenty-second, John Dalzell, Rep.; Twenty-third, William H. Graham, Rep.; Twenty-fourth, Ernest F. Acheson, Rep.; Twenty-fifth, J. B. Showalter, Rep. Congressmen-at-large, Galusha A. Grow, Rep., and Samuel A. Davenport, Rep.

HOLLIDAYSBURG, Pa., Nov. 9.—Swallow was a dwindling factor in the gubernatorial race in Blair county, and the meager returns so far received indicate that Stone will have at least 1,000 plurality.

ROOSEVELT WON.

Elected Governor of New York by Probably 20,000—Democrats Gained Congressmen In Greater New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Theodore Roosevelt, the Republican nominee, according to indications, probably carried the state by a plurality over Augustus Van Wyck of about 20,000. The total Republican vote, when received, will probably show a falling off, as compared with that for Governor Black in 1896, of about 14 per cent. In the municipality of New York the old-time Democratic majority was approximated, Van Wyck's vote being about 80,000 greater than that of the Republican candidate. This latter result was helped in some measure by the result in the borough of Brooklyn (Kings county), which, in 1896, gave Black, Republican, a plurality of 23,682, but this election gave a Democratic plurality of about 16,830.

Brooklyn is the home of Judge Van Wyck, but this fact does not wholly explain the practical reversal of pluralities, which, it is possible, is attributable to the lukewarmness of the friends of Jacob Worth, who was deposed from the chairmanship of the county committee as a consequence of his opposition to the plans of Senator Platt in the mayoralty contest last year.

The returns from many counties up the state are incomplete, and in some cases are missing altogether. The indications, being computations upon the figures at hand, point to a Republican plurality in the counties above the Harlem of about 10,000, to offset which the Democrats can produce only the 80,000 plurality of Greater New York.

The soldier vote will not be counted until Dec. 1, but it is not likely that the ballots from the camps will materially alter the result. There would seem to be the greater probability that the majority for Roosevelt will be increased.

The figures on congressmen are not accessible at this hour, but there are indications that the Democrats have made some gains in New York city districts. The majority of Congressman Quigg, in the Fourteenth district, has been reduced by William Astor Chanler, but he is probably returned. Congressman Sulzer, Democrat, whose district renominated him upon a free silver platform, is undoubtedly re-elected.

There appears to be a loss of four Republican congressmen in the Brooklyn districts, the Second, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth; and Congressman Quigg, who had a majority of about 9,000 at the election last year, has been defeated by William Astor Chanler. In the Albany district, the Twentieth, Glynn, Dem., has been elected to succeed Southwick, Rep.

There are, seemingly, Democratic gains in the Eighth and Thirteenth districts, both in this city, Daniel J. Riordan being elected in one and Jefferson M. Levy in the other. This makes a total Democratic gain of seven congressmen.

Fifteen Democrats have been elected to congress and 19 Republicans.

The state senate will probably stand 27 Republicans and 23 Democrats. The last senate contained 35 Republicans, 14 Democrats and 1 Independent.

Massachusetts.

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—After a canvass without state issues and confused almost entirely to four congressional districts and a few local districts, the Republicans have again carried Massachusetts and elected Roger Wolcott governor for the fourth time, as well as the entire state ticket by a safe majority. Governor Wolcott's plurality will be about 70,000, or 15,000 less than his lead last year. Wolcott carried Boston. Nearly all the interest in the campaign was confined to the Fifth, Seventh, Ninth and Tenth congressional districts, and both parties fought hard on national issues, but the Republicans lost two if not three of their districts. The legislature is simply Republican.

Nebraska.

LINCOLN, Nov. 9.—Chairman Slaughter of the Republican state committee said: "We have elected the entire Republican ticket by pluralities of not less than 3,000, and possibly to exceed 5,000. We will have a majority of the legislature on joint ballot, and will elect a Republican United States senator to succeed Senator Allen. We have elected three congressmen and probably four of the six." The fusion committee made no statement further than to insist that they had carried the state and legislature.

Illinois.

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—Five and probably six congressmen have been gained in Illinois by the Democrats, and the next congressional delegation from the state is likely to be evenly divided, 11 Democrats and 11 Republicans. It is possible for the Republicans to have 12 of the 22 congressmen, as all the returns are not yet in, but the indications are for an even split on the delegation. The entire Republican state ticket is elected by about 30,000 plurality. Democrats carried Chicago and the Republicans Cook county.

Florida.

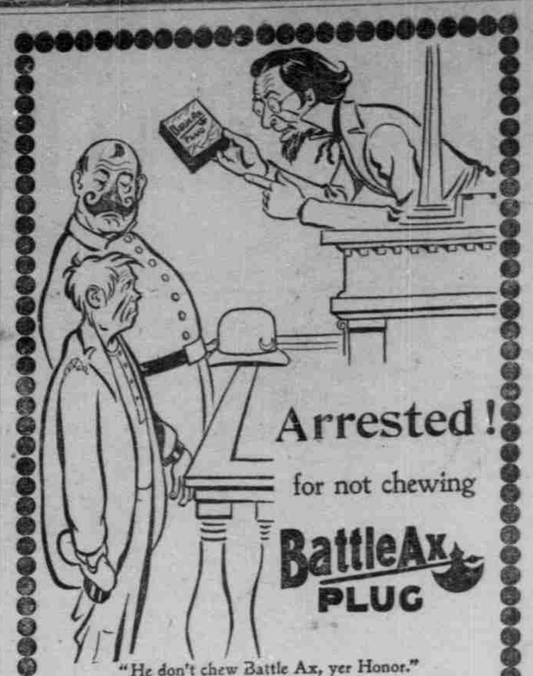
JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Nov. 9.—The vote, judging from returns now in, is from 10 to 20 per cent lighter for both parties than in 1896. The whole Democratic ticket is elected. The light vote is due to the feeble resistence offered. The Republicans and Populists will not elect altogether over five members of the legislature, if that many. The legislature elected will choose a successor to Senator Samuel Pasco.

Wisconsin.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 9.—From a conservative standpoint it looks as though Scofield, Rep., for governor, will carry the state by a somewhat reduced plurality from the figures estimated by Chairman Treat, 38,000 to 40,000. At this hour there is nothing on which to base the complexion of the next legislature nor can the result on congressmen be stated.

Alabama.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Nov. 9.—A solid Democratic congressional delegation was elected from Alabama. General Joseph Wheeler was unanimously elected in the Eighth, not a vote being cast against him.



Arrested!

for not chewing

BattleAx PLUG

"He don't chew Battle Ax, yer Honor."
"He looks it!"

Ignorance of the Law is no excuse, but ignorance of BATTLE AX is your misfortune—not a crime—and the only penalty is your loss in quantity as well as quality when you buy any other kind of Chewing Tobacco.

Remember the name when you buy again.

FLAMES IN THE CAPITOL.

Vast Damage to the Great Building at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—An explosion and fire at 5:13 this afternoon partially wrecked the Supreme court room and the rooms immediately adjoining it on the main floor of the capitol. The damage is enormous. The entire central eastern part of the great marble pile, from the main floor to the subterranean basement, practically is a mass of ruins. The force of the explosion was so heavy that the coping stones on the outer walls, just east of the point where the explosion occurred, were bulged out nearly two inches; windows in all that part of the building were blown out, and locked doors were forced from their hinges 150 feet from the scene.

Fire followed the explosion so quickly as to seem practically simultaneous. The explosion occurred in a small room tightly enclosed by heavy stone walls in the subterranean basement immediately below the main entrance to the old capitol building. In this room was a 500 light gas meter which was fed by a four-inch main. Very little gas is used in that part of the building, but at the time of the explosion the gas had not been turned off at the meter. The meter itself was wrecked and the gas pouring from the main caught fire. The flames darted up the shaft of the elevator, which had been completely destroyed by the explosion, and communicated with the record room of the Supreme court, the office of the marshal of the court and the Supreme court library. Before the flames could be subdued the priceless documents in the record room had been almost totally destroyed and serious damage had been done in the marshal's office and some minor rooms in the immediate vicinity.

The library of the Supreme court, located immediately beneath the Supreme court room, was badly damaged by fire, smoke and water, partially destroying the great collection of 20,000 law reference books. Justice Harlan said to-night that the library was very valuable. Many of the works it contained would, he thought, be difficult to replace. Librarian Clarke expressed the opinion that many of the books could be saved, although they had been drenched by water.

The most serious damage is to the records stored in the sub-basement, including all the records of the Supreme court from 1792 to 1832. Apparently the documents in this room are either totally destroyed or so badly damaged by fire and water as to be useless. Justice Harlan said that while the loss of the records was irreparable it was fortunate that the later records of the court, which are kept in the office of the clerk on the main floor, were not injured. The clerk's office was not in the least damaged by fire and the explosion did no damage in it except to blow out one window.

Our Losses in the War 2,910 so Far.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 6.—The latest reports made to the War Department show the following casualties from the beginning of the war to the present:

Died of wounds received in battle, 61 enlisted men and 4 officers.

Killed in battle, 337 enlisted men and 21 officers.

Died of disease, 2,485 enlisted men and 80 officers.

Total, 2,910 casualties.

The fatal casualties in battle in Cuba were one officer to ten men; by sickness subsequently, one officer and 6.3 men. At Santiago there were in 18 commands 391 officers and 8,422 enlisted men, a proportion of 21 and 1.3 to one. The losses of officers were, therefore, proportionately twice as great as of men.

THE MARIA TERESA SUNK AT SEA.

Former Spanish Vessel Raised by Hobson Lost While Being Towed North.

CHARLESTON, S. C., November 5.—The ocean tug Merritt put into Charleston this morning for supplies. She reported the loss during a furious gale on November 1 of the cruiser Maria Teresa, raised by Naval Constructor Hobson in Santiago Harbor recently.

The former Spanish cruiser left Caimanera, Cuba, on the morning of October 30 in tow for New York. She had already passed Cape Maisi and started northeast around the Bahamas. A furious storm, warning of which had already been sent out, overtook her, and in her condition she was unable to weather the gale.

The storm opened rents in her hull which had been patched to enable her to make the journey, and she began to fill rapidly. The Merritt took off Captain Harris and the crew from the sinking ship, and she soon went down. The Merritt brought the captain and 136 men, who will proceed North by rail. No lives were lost.

When the Merritt arrived here from quarantine the survivors of the Maria Teresa came ashore. They lost all clothing and personal effects and are supplied scantily. The crew left this afternoon for Norfolk.

LATER.

The Maria Teresa has been found beached on Cat Island and may yet be saved.

For Rent

Store room in basement of First National Bank building. For particulars inquire at Bank or of Geo. R. Snell.

NOTICE IN DIVORCE.

Catharine Fitzgerald, by her next friend vs. David Fisher, William Fitzgerald. } In the Court of Common Pleas of Somerset county, Pa. No. 141, Sept. T. 1898. Subpoena for Divorce.

To the above named Defendants:—

You are hereby notified that the undersigned has been appointed Commissioner by the Court to take the testimony in the above case and the facts and report an opinion, and that he will attend to the duties at his office in Somerset borough, on Wednesday, the 23 day of November, 1898.

J. O. KIMMEL, Commissioner.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.

Estate of David Casebeer, late of Somerset township, Somerset county, Pa., dec'd.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned by the proper authority, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated on or before Saturday, Nov. 5, 1898, at the office of Fred. W. Biesecker, in Somerset borough.

MARLON H. BOWMAN, WILLIAM MENSER, Administrators

F. W. Biesecker, Attorney.

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LIQUOR AND OPIUM HABITS.
Removes all desire and appetite, builds up the system, renews health and vigor, brightens the intellect and fits one for business.
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Some Remarks To Men.

Our bulletins, as a rule, contain so much regarding finery for women that the men will almost come to think that we do not care for them, or that we do not cater to their wants. Gentlemen, women have first place in this store, but at the same time we carry large lines that belong exclusively to you, and one of them is

CLOTHING.

Now, you very often see ridiculous figures quoted for clothing that are preceded by the strongest adjectives that it is possible to find in Webster. There's a great hullabaloo raised about the low prices. There is where the public is bamboozled. You know as well as we do that low priced clothing, or rather clothing that is quoted with grotesque fractional prices, is nothing but the most abominable kind of shoddy. We'll put it in this way: Which is the cheaper in the long run, a suit or an overcoat for which you pay $6.49 and it lasts you for a couple of months without rain, or a suit or overcoat that costs you $10.00 and lasts you two or three seasons. The demarkation line between bad clothing and good clothing begins at $10.00. We sell nothing below that price.

Sack Suits, or Business Suits, of light and dark ground cheviots, made in the very latest style, priced at $10.00 a suit. From this the prices gradually rise to $32.00.

A handsome Tan Covert or Black Thibet Overcoat, cut in the very latest style, full back, lapped seams, with best of lining, at $10.00. Prices go from the foregoing by easy stages to $30.00.

Our line of clothing for children is complete, and embraces all the known styles, both in suits and overcoats.

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Electric Seal Fur Collarettes not scarfs, mind you—collarettes,	3.50
Plain Electric Seal Collarettes, or electric with skunk collar and border,	5.00
Plain Simple Seal, or same with Astrachan yoke,	8.50
Genuine Brown Marten Collarettes,	15.00
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—o—

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