The Somerset Herald.

EDWARD SCULL, Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY.....September 15, 1897.

FROM present indications Pennsylvania's majority this fall for Sound Money and Protection will be almost too large to be counted.

"LESS politics, more patriotism," was the sentiment expressed at a meeting of the Brooklyn Republicans on Saturday, and the sentiment is a good one, not only for greater New York, but for Pennsylvania and the rest of the Union.

PRESIDENT McKINLEY apparently enjoyed his recent visit among Somerset's "Frosty Sons of Thunder" as much as the same "Frosty Sons" did their visit to the Major's home, at Canton, just one year ago to-day.

THE deadly conflict between the striking miners and the deputy sheriffs at Latimer is greatly to be deplored. Surely, in this age of the world, with our claims to civilization, there should be some better way to settle labor controversies than by violence or bloodshed in any form.

WE HAVEN'T heard of any call being issued by the Independents of Somerset to ratify the nomination of William R. Thompson, who was placed in nomination as a candidate for State Treasurer by the Independent Republicans at Pittsburg Saturday night. Our Independents are a little slow at ratifying, but they can be looked for on the Thompson band-wagon in due course of time.

THAT tragedy at Hazleton was most deplorable, and the trouble is that it is difficult to fix the responsibility. The various accounts do not agree. Whether the sheriff was too hasty or too much scared to know what he was doing, or whether he and his deputies were attacked, or exactly what occurred is not clear. But, at any rate, it was peculiarly unfortunate, because it came just at the time when the difficulties seemed near adjustment.

AMERICANS are learning to be more liberal in the matter of holidays. In 1873 Pennsylvania had but six legal holidays. The number of full holidays now in this State is eleven, to which have been added fifty-two half holidays. Deducting Sundays, the working days that remain out of the 365 number 276. A fourth of the year is thus dedicated to rest and recreation, and the American holiday has come to be a fixed institution.

THE meeting in convention of Republican clubs in Williamsport on Tuesday and Wednesday of last week was one of the greatest conclaves in the history of the organization. Not since the formation of the League in 1887, has there been a more enthusiastic gathering of young Republicans, and the common enemy will find that they are very much in earnest when it comes to fighting this fall. The Republican party is always in good trim when it comes to fighting the Popocratic hosts, and its best fighters are the young men who compose the Republican clubs. This meeting showed that the spirit which has won great victories in the past few years still actuates the rank and file of the young men, and that they will come to the front again this year and do their share towards another victory. Such an organization is of inestimable value to a party. It not only assists the borough, city and county party organizations, but it greatly aids the State organization. When Senator Quay was chairman of the Republican State Committee he continually counseled organization of this kind, and it was through his efforts that the State institution was brought into being at Lancaster. That it has been a great help will be acknowledged by every State chairman in the past ten years, and it is destined to do much good in the future.

THE sensational political events that have been taking place at Harrisburg during the past week bear a striking resemblance to the incidents that preceded the forming of the famous combine that fought Senator Quay in 1895. When Governor Hastings cast his lot with the Philadelphia and Pittsburg politicians a couple of years ago, many of his best friends commiserated with him, believing that some remarkable influence had taken possession of him, and that he would pass from under it after a time, but the manner in which he has disposed of Secretary of the Commonwealth Reeder and Deputy Attorney General Elkin is notice to friend and foe that he has gone into the new political speculation with his eyes open. Of course, the reasons for the forced retirement of Reeder and Elkin which he wishes to go to the public relate to a certain bond given to the State Treasurer and signed by these gentlemen, among others. It has always been the custom for the Treasurer to advance portions of the salaries of Legislative officials instead of paying them lump sums at the end of the session after the appropriation bills had been signed. Mr. Haywood followed this custom, and in order that the treasury might be protected many of the best known men in public life joined in signing a bond. The Governor vetoed some of the items in the appropriation bill, and the bondsmen are obliged, in consequence, to pay the salaries of some of the legislative employes.

This is all there is to this bond business. Had the Governor believed that General Reeder and Mr. Elkin had committed any wrong, then he has been exceedingly remiss in his duties, for he knew of the bond weeks ago The fact that he did not call them to account is positive evidence that he thought nothing of the event. It is only weeks afterwards that he falls back upon it as a means to make political warfare upon men trusted and esteemed in the leadership of the Republican party.

The removals are due solely to personal and partisan politics, and the retirement of these two accomplished gentlemen will be almost universally regretted throughout the State. It would be difficult to find two men of greater ability, larger experience, and who have a wider grasp of public questions, and it is a great pity that the State should lose the services of two such competent officers at this time, and because of factional discord.

David Martin, the combine chieftain of Philadelphia, has been appointed Secretary of the Commonwealth to succeed General Reeder, and Colonel Wilbur F. Reeder, of Bellefonte, law partner of Governor Hastings, has been appointed Deputy Attorney General, to succeed State Chairman John P. Elkin.

PRESIDENTIAL PARTY LEAVE.

RETURN TO WASHINGTON MONDAY MORNING.

Great Crowds of People Give the Distinguished Visitors a Farewell Cheer.

President and Mrs. McKinley, Attorney-General McKenna, Col. Alfred D. Cushing, of Washington, Miss Kittie Endsley, Executive Clerk Geo. B. Cortelyou, and the attendants of the Presidential party left on a special train over the B. & O. R. R., at 10:30 o'clock Monday morning. They were accompanied as far as Rockwood by Mr. Abner McKinley, Miss Mabel McKinley and several other relatives.

The train was made up of Receiver Cowen's private car, "Baltimore," the chair car "Abigail" and a combination royal-blue line car, and was drawn by engine No. 1405. The crew was in charge of train-dispatcher Samuel Spencer and was made up as follows: Conductor, Geo. W. Bishop; Engineer, John Collins; fireman, W. H. Wilson; brakeman, James Smith; baggage master, Thomas Dom.

A crowd of four or five hundred people assembled at the station 15 minutes before the train left. The President and Mrs. McKinley, and Attorney-General McKenna, were the first of the party to arrive. Mrs. McKinley was assisted into the private car and took a seat at an open window, where she smiled at the crowd, and waved her handkerchief in response to the cheers of the people. The President stood on the rear platform until the conductor gave the signal to start. Some one in the crowd proposed "Three Cheers for President and Mrs. McKinley," and they were given with enthusiasm. The crowd continued to cheer until the train pulled slowly out of sight.

At the request of the President the train made a slow run to Washington.

The President had called a Cabinet meeting for Tuesday, at which important public business was considered. After spending a few days at the White House he and Mrs. McKinley will continue their vacation, going to one of the New England resorts.

When the special train reached Rockwood almost the entire population of the town was congregated at the railroad station to greet the President. The school children were drawn up in line and passed in review before the train. President and Mrs. McKinley stood on the platform of the car and saluted the children as they marched along. Nearly every person in the crowd got an opportunity to shake hands with the President before the train proceeded on its way to Washington.

The special arrived at Washington at 5:45 o'clock. The run was uneventful except for the crowds that greeted the train at the stopping places. At Cumberland the President spoke to a crowd of 2,000 people.

A crowd cheered the President when he alighted from the train at the National Capital and escorted his wife to the carriage in waiting. A few minutes afterwards they were at home in the White House. Some time during the night the President yawned and said, "Wisht I was a-dreamin' yet 'mongst the hills of Somerset."

ENJOYED HIS VISIT.

"You can tell the readers of the HERALD," said President McKinley to a representative of this paper Sunday evening, "that I have enjoyed my visit among the 'Frosty Sons of Thunder' immensely, although my reception has been anything but 'frosty' as the name implies. I thoroughly enjoy the simplicity of this old county town and the cordiality of its people. The attention shown me has been most gratifying."

The Chief Executive was smoking a fragrant cigar and between the puffs of smoke he laughingly remarked that "this week would have been a splendid time to have taken the census of Somerset." During the conversation he inquired into the amount of wheat grown in Somerset county and upon learning that wheat is one of the principal products of the soil and is bringing 90 cents per bushel, he said "the comforting thing about the advance in wheat is that the money goes into the pockets of the farmers instead of into the hands of middlemen and brokers."

PRESIDENT ATTENDS CHURCH.

Able Discourse by Rev. Henry N. Cameron. Miss Mabel McKinley and Mr. William Cameron Sing Solos.

President McKinley attended services Sunday morning in the Methodist Episcopal Church. He was accompanied by Attorney-General McKenna, Mr. Abner McKinley, Mr. W. K. Endsley, of Johnstown, Dr. and Mrs. A. J. Endsley, Miss Mabel McKinley and Col. Alfred D. Cushing, of Washington. The gentlemen walked to the church and the President was kept active raising his hat to the people who lined the street. The Presidential party were shown to seats well to the front. The congregation rose to its feet when the Presidential party entered. Mrs. McKinley and the other ladies of the party remained at home on account of the intense heat. There was no attempt at floral display, only the usual Sunday morning bouquets ornamented the pulpit. The regular programme, with the exception of the music, was carried out, and a stranger would not have known that the Chief Executive of the United States was in the congregation. After the congregation had united in singing a popular hymn, the pastor Rev. Henry Nesbith Cameron, asked an invocation, in which he referred to the President. Mr. William Cameron, of Pittsburg, a younger brother of the minister rendered a solo, the hymn, "My God, My Father, While I Stray." The singer possesses a rich baritone voice, the lower notes of which are remarkbly sweet and sympathetic. Rev. J. H. Sutherland, formerly pastor of the Presbyterian Church, and who by the way will be appointed Consul to Jerusalem between now and October 10th, read the morning lesson, the 1234 Psalm. The lesson was followed by a solo, by Miss Mabel McKinley, "Just As I Am, Without One Plea," executed with artistic ability for which she is well known. Mrs. Frank Cunningham played the accompaniments. After the morning offering had been lifted, the pastor made the usual announcements, and then entered upon a highly interesting thirty minutes' address, his text being St. John vi:15. A brief synopsis of the sermon follows:

"During that stormy period in the history of France known as the French Revolution, no more striking phenomenon appeared than that which is evident to every student of that time, the extreme variableness of the masses engaged in that bloody upheaval. One day an obscure lawyer makes an impassioned speech to the frenzied populace and all Paris rings with enthusiastic huzzas for Danton. Alas for Danton! To-day, the shouts of the people; to-morrow, their execrations. To-day, the sceptre; to-morrow the guillotine. Meanwhile a new name springs from lip to lip, and Robespierre is idolized. Alas for Robespierre! To-day, the mounting wave of popularity; to-morrow the falling knife of ignominy. Alas for the variableness of the masses, the fickleness of the mob!

The same phenomenon appears in the marvelous history of the Hebrew people. In no period did this tendency to variableness become so pronounced as during the active ministry of Jesus. One moment the crowds, that ever followed to see and hear and receive, were crying "All hail! Thou art a teacher sent from God;" the next, "Away with him, he is an impious blasphemer." One day the crowds exultingly exclaim, "He is the coming one, let us make Him king;" the next, "We have no king but Cesar." One day with waving palms they shout "Blessed is He that cometh in the name of the Lord;" the next, "Crucify Him, crucify Him!"

Where shall we turn to find the explanation for this singular conduct? We may find it as we study the incident of the multiplying of the loaves and fishes on the grassy hillside of Galilee's shore. The crowd could no longer restrain their enthusiasm as they beheld this new evidence of Jesus' surpassing power. They concluded that this was of a truth that prophet that should come, and then and there they determined to take him by force and make him king. Why was force necessary? Was he not indeed the coming one for whom the nation had been waiting for centuries? Yes. Was he not a self confessed king? Yes. Why then did he not gladly accept this opportunity to ascend the throne? Because, to become king in response to the cry of the crowd, to administer the affairs of the kingdom in accordance with their expectation, would have been utterly at variance with the central purpose of his glorious mission. He could not stand on their platform.

The attitude of the Jewish crowd that day on the hillside when they would force Jesus to be king is not the only instance of its kind. Many to-day recognize the beauty and power of Christ's life. They want him to be king, but in a far-a-way, aesthetic sense. They want Him to be king while they are in church on Sunday, but not while they are at business on Monday. They would force Him to be king, themselves reserving the right to dictate. It can not be. The platforms are too widely different; as different as love and selfishness, as righteousness and sin.

You doubtless have seen men struggling under conviction of sin, pleading for mercy. Why this struggling? Why this pleading? There was unwillingness to surrender all to Christ. They would force Him to be king on their platform. It will not do. There is no compromise in Christ's kingdom.

Some people profess to ignore utterly this question of the sovereignty of Christ and of personal allegiance to Him. Yet every man has formulated some kind of Christology and every man is forced at times to contemplate the living force of the life of Christ. He stands to-day ready to assume divine and beneficent sovereignty over every life that will enthrone Him, and millions of subjects have gathered about Him. More and more, men are coming to understand the purpose of the King, the character of the kingdom. The Jew wanted emancipation from Rome; Christ offered deliverance from corruption and sin. Oh, that we might catch the deeper meaning of the Master's purpose and take Him be indeed our Savior and King! Every day sees the number of His subjects grow larger; every day sees His kingdom which is established in the hearts of men grow wider in extent and more powerful in influence. But it is destined that the future shall see every knee bow before Him and all the kingdoms of this world become the kingdoms of the Lord and Christ. We look into the future with growing hope, for

"Thro' the harsh voices of our day
A low sweet prelude finds its way;
Thro' clouds of doubt and creeds of fear
A light is breaking calm and clear.

"That song of love now low and far
Ere long shall swell from star to star.
That light, the breaking day which tips
The golden-spired apocalypse.

"Flow on, sweet river, like the stream
Of John's apocalyptic dream!
This maple ridge shall Horeb be,
This green-banked lake our Galilee.

Henceforth my heart shall sigh no more
For olden time and holier shore;
God's love and blessing then and there,
Are now, and here, and everywhere."

At the conclusion of the sermon, Miss McKinley sang, "A Few More Years Shall Roll," to an arrangement that revealed the compass of her voice and the high state of its cultivation. The President seemed greatly interested in all that transpired in the church. After the benediction had been pronounced he and Attorney-General McKenna took a roundabout way to the McKinley home in order to avoid the crowd on the street. The President spoke of Rev. Cameron's sermon in highly complimentary terms and predicted a bright future for that gentleman in the ministry.

REEDER IS FIRED.

Governor Hastings Renews His Determination to Figure as a Boss.

The political sensation is the enforced resignation of Gen. Frank Reeder, Secretary of the Commonwealth. Governor Hastings' friends say that he asked for the resignation as a result of signing the indemnifying bond for $20,000 deposited with State Treasurer Haywood to cover salary advanced to extra employes of the late Legislature, but this is well understood to be a pretext and not the true reason. The first breach between the Governor and Reeder occurred when the latter went to Europe in the Chairmanship fight rather than oppose Senator Quay. During the Becker bill episode the Secretary took a stand with Quay and Penrose. The next straw which is said to have displeased the Governor was a resolution introduced in the Northampton County Convention recently condemning Senator Heller for putting in an expense bill, which was vetoed. Reeder was a delegate in the Convention and had the resolution squelched, but at the same time had adopted a resolution endorsing the state administration.

Quay people state that next act of Reeder, which annoyed the Executive, was at the State Convention. Reeder wrote the platform which endorsed the State Administration in a few words. The General's friends insist that he wrote a much stronger plank in favor of the Governor, but he was overruled by the convention. They think Reeder is being punished without cause, and if Hastings knew all the facts, they believe the Secretary would not have been asked to resign.

ELKIN STEPS OUT ALSO.

The Indiana Man Resigns as Deputy Attorney-General—This Action Was Requested.

HARRISBURG, Sept. 10.—Deputy-Attorney-General Elkin has resigned.

The Deputy-Attorney-General found in his mail this morning a brief letter from his chief asking for his resignation, Mr. Elkin promptly resigned his office.

There was nothing in Attorney-General McCormick's letter to indicate why Mr. Elkin's resignation should be forthcoming. Mr. Elkin intends going to Philadelphia, where he will prosecute the work of the Republican campaign.

He says his relations with the Attorney-General have always been very pleasant, and he does not think his connection with the bond affair had anything to do with his removal.

The office is worth $5,000 a year, and the incumbent is subject to removal at the pleasure of his chief.

The B. & O. will sell excursion tickets to the Pittsburg Exposition at one fare for the round trip, with 25c added for entrance to the Exposition. Tickets on sale Sept. 14th, 21st, 28th, and Oct. 5th, and 12th. Trains leave Somerset at 10:02; tickets good for three days including day of sale.

A GOOD RIDDANCE.

Superintendent H. Hutchinson, of Irwin, Pa., Ejects an Undesirable Tenant.

There is a great deal of truth in the tales told about evictions in Ireland and the north of Scotland during the early and middle part of the present century. It is a hardship for any family to be summarily dumped on a roadside, without friends or wealth, half-famished and half-clad, but such ejectments or evictions are not, by any means confined to the British Isles. Scarcely a day passes in free America without similar cases being recorded, and often in place of extending gratuitous sympathy across the Atlantic, we could find abundant opportunities to lavish it at home. Superintendent H. Hutchinson, of the Westmoreland Coal Co.'s shops, living cor. Third and Oak streets, Irwin, Pa., became involved in an eviction a short time ago. Sometime the reader may be forced to adopt the same measures. Knowing how Mr. Hutchinson proceeded will save a heap of trouble and many a dollar. He says: "For several years past I had been bothered with attacks of backache and kidney trouble, especially if I stooped much or caught cold. There was a heavy, bearing down, aching pain through the loins and the secretions became dark and unnatural. I got Doan's Kidney Pills at a drug store, and they fixed me up in a very short time. I would not be without them at any price, as I consider them the best kidney remedy known, and a household necessity."

Doan's Kidney Pills, for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.

DEPUTIES FIRE ON A MOB.

Kill Nineteen and Wound Many Others Militia Called Out.

HAZLETON, Pa., Sept., 11.—The clash between the strikers and deputy sheriffs, that made a day of awful tragedy for this mining region, was a stormy outbreak after the lull of the past few days in the anthracite strike situation.

The region was very quiet yesterday forenoon and as there seemed to be no uprising at McAdoo and Coleraine, the source of the disturbances for the past few days, every one was of the opinion that the day would pass without any incident of note. The serenity of the day was disturbed at noon by a rumor that the men at Harwood Colliery, operated by Calvin Pardee, had massed and were marching toward Hazle mines, adjoining this city.

At this point the sheriff with his posse met the mob and ordered them to retrace their steps, but they seemed determined to move on and by the boldness of their action they came in conflict with the deputies and two of the leaders were pounded over the heads with the butts of the Winchesters and then arrested and taken to this city, where they were locked up and had their wounds dressed.

The sheriff thought that this little fracas would end the raiding of the day, but it was only a short time after he heard that the mob which had shortly dispersed in the rumpus at Hazle Mines had massed again and were on the way to the Lattimer Mines.

The deputies were immediately ordered to Lattimer and arrived at the entrance to Lattimer village some time in advance of the raiders.

As the strikers advanced along the pike leading to the village they marched in columns of ten and at the very end of the village and on the company's property the sheriff stepped out to meet them. He read the riot act to them and advised them to return, and, with a wave of a revolver, which he held in his hand, motioned for them to go back.

They replied that they were not going to hurt any one and made an effort to brush by the sheriff. A scrimmage followed in which the leaders are said to have threatened the Sheriff's life and one of the men struck the Sheriff. The deputies seeing their chief in peril, fired a volley at his command, into the air. This had no effect and soon afterward a flash from the Winchesters poured death into the strikers' ranks.

Eleven fell dead with the first fire and twice as many fell to the ground moaning with their wounds and at the same time calling down imprecations on those who fired the shots and who were yet firing on the few who were left and who were begging and fleeing for their lives.

When the smoke of the firing cleared away a frightful scene presented itself, for on the little clearing on each side of the pike and on the pike lay eleven dead, while thirty-eight more raiders were groaning in agony with their wounds.

TROOPS ORDERED OUT.

As soon as Gov. Hastings learned of the alarming state of affairs in the anthracite region, and upon the request of the Sheriff of Luzerne county, he ordered out the third brigade of the National guard. The troops arrived at the scene of the disorder early Sunday morning and have since preserved order. Twenty-one of the strikers are dead.

A Sufferer Cured

"Every season, from the time I was two years old, I suffered dreadfully from erysipelas, which kept growing worse until my hands were almost useless. The bones softened so that they would bend, and several of my fingers are now crooked from this cause. On my hand I carry large scars, which, but for

AYER'S Sarsaparilla, would be sores, provided I was alive and able to carry anything. Eight bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla cured me, so that I have had no return of the disease for more than twenty years. The first bottle seemed to reach the spot and a persistent use of it has perfected the cure."—O. C. DAVIS, Wautoma, Wis.

AYER'S THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR Sarsaparilla

AYER'S PILLS Promote Good Digestion.

"Millions of money for an inch of time," BUT

Millions of Money

Will not buy it. To-day is yours. To-morrow is a dim, shadowy uncertainty. Your wife may be a widow when next the sun rises. A policy in

The Equitable Life Assurance Society

will provide for loved ones if you do die; will insure independence in your old age if you live.

Don't wait for the agent to call. Let us send you a sample policy.

EDWARD A. WOODS, Manager, PITTSBURGH.

L. FOSDICK, General Agent, Somerset, Pa.

A Great Surprise is in Store

for those who will go to-day and get a package of GRAIN-O. It takes the place of coffee at about ¼ the cost. It is a food drink, full of health, and can be given to the children as well as the adult with great benefit. It is made of pure grains and looks and tastes like the finest grades of Mocha or Java coffee. It satisfies everyone. A cup of Grain-O is better for the system than a tonic, because its benefit is permanent. What coffee breaks down Grain-O builds up. Ask your grocer for Grain O. 15c. and 25c.

Bright Women.

Who are anxious to accomplish the best results, for the least money, should examine the Cinderella Range before they buy; it is a good baker and a perfect roaster, and every new feature of practical worth is embodied into its construction. It has pleased thousands of housewives, and will please you. Sold by

JAS. B. HOLDERBAUM, Somerset.

Does your head feel as though someone was hammering it; as though a million sparks were flying out of the eyes? Have you horrible sickness of the stomach? Burdock Blood Bitters will cure you.

Services will be held next Sabbath, Sept. 5th, in the Presbyterian Church, morning and evening, conducted by the pastor.

GIVEN FREE EACH MONTH (During 1897)

4 First Prizes, each of $100 Cash.
20 Second " " " $100 Pierce Special Bicycles.
40 Third " " " $25 Gold Watches.
FOR
Sunlight SOAP WRAPPERS

For particulars send your name and full address to Lever Bros., Ltd., Hudson & Harrison Sts., New York.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.00 SHOE

The Style, Fit and Wear could not be improved for Double the Price.

W. L. Douglas $3.50, $4.00 and $5.00 Shoes are the productions of skilled workmen, from the best material possible to put into shoes sold at these prices. We make also $2.50 and $2.25 shoes for men, and $2.50, $2.00 and $1.75 for boys, and the W. L. Douglas $3.50 Police shoe, very suitable for letter-carriers, policemen and others having much walking to do.

We are constantly adding new styles to our already large variety, and there is no reason why you cannot be suited, so insist on having W. L. Douglas Shoes from your dealer.

We use only the best Calf, Russia Calf (all colors), French Patent Calf, French Enamel, Vici Kid, etc., graded to correspond with prices of the shoes.

If dealer cannot supply you, write W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. CATALOGUE FREE.

Merchants, Bankers, Lawyers, Physicians and all economical men wear W. L. Douglas Shoes because they are the best.

For sale by

J. D. MILLER & SONS, Agents, ROCKWOOD, PA.

Jos. Horne & Co.

EXPOSITION EXCURSIONISTS

to Pittsburg are cordially invited to make this store their headquarters while in town. All its facilities in the way of parlors, waiting rooms, telephones, messengers, etc., are at their service. We are only three blocks from the Exposition Building. We have a very goood restaurant in the store, too, run under department store principles, which, in our case, means the best for the very least.

Are you sending for our samples in Silks and Dress Goods? We have some beautiful things to show, and we are far below the regular prices on most of them. The samples will tell.

If you write us, mention this paper. If you come to Pittsburg, come in and see the largest store between New York and Chicago. No one will ask you to buy anything.

525-527 PENN AVE., PITTSBURG.

...FISHER'S... Book Store

Dictionaries, why of course, any price, from 10 cts. each to Webster's International at $10.

Books, thousands of them. Talk about Klondike, better go to Fisher's Book Store, get a map of Alaska and a 10 cent magazine telling you all about it. The people go to this store. It is run by the proprietor for the masses, the plain people of the land. Everybody being treated alike, the masses being above the classes at this store. And everybody is treated right. School books and school supplies and Fall Goods arriving every day.

CHAS. H. FISHER.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all persons concerned as legatees, creditors or otherwise, that the following accounts have passed register, and that the same will be presented for confirmation and allowance at an Orphans' Court to be held at Somerset, on

Wednesday, September 29, 1897.

First and final account of Robert Tate, executor of James McGill, dec'd.
The account of John P. Reynolds, Esq., guardian of Michael W. Devore.
First account of Robert McClellan, administrator of Mary McClellan, dec'd.
First and final account of R. M. Keyser and D. C. Martin, administrators of Wm. H. Keyser, dec'd.
First and final account of Joseph Auman, administrator of Elizabeth Auman, dec'd.
First and final account of W. C. Knavel, administrator of Katie A. Knavel, dec'd.
Account of S. D. Livengood, Administrator and Trustee of Rebecca Livengood, dec'd.
First and final account of Jacob Holsopple, Executor of Daniel Holsopple, dec'd.
First and final account of Sem Kaufman, Jr., acting Executor of Sem Kaufman, Sr., dec'd.
First account of Dollie A. Watson, Administratrix of Mary Brooks, dec'd.
First and final account of L. Eugenie Ferner, Administratrix of Edwin C. Ferner, dec'd.
First and final account of Jacob G. Mishler, Executor of Josiah Alwine, dec'd.
First and final account of John B. Schrock, Administrator of John H. Hoover, dec'd.
First and final account of John L. Saylor, Administrator of Henry L. Saylor, dec'd.
First and final account of Ellsworth Ling and Henrietta Pugh, Administrators of James H. Pugh, dec'd.
First and final account of James M. and Jonathan Mishler, Administrators of Levi C. Mishler, dec'd.
First and final account of Urias D. Brancher, Administrator of Lydia Dively, dec'd.
The account of E. D. Miller, Executor of David Weimer dec'd.
First and final account of Charles F. Uhl, Esq., Administrator of Margaret Picking, dec'd.
Second account of H. P. and Silas Walker, Executors of Peter P. H. Walker, dec'd.
First and final account of William Leckenby, Administrator of Alton Coleman, dec'd.
The account of J. H. Huston, Administrator of Chambers Huston, dec'd.

Somerset, Pa., Aug. 31, 1897. JAMES M. COVER, Register.

B. & B.

are you coming to the exposition?

It's worth a visit—fine music, beautiful displays, new features of entertainment.

It will pay you to include in your trip

a visit to this store

We're offering more and choicer new

DRESS GOODS

than in any previous season—hundreds of different styles new all-wool goods

25c, 35c, 40c, 45c, 50c, to $1.25 a yd.

All the woolens were bought when wool was at the lowest price ever known—and they're being sold on the same basis of price advantage—such values in nice, good goods as will make the purchase of new fall and winter dresses here of unusual advantage—and we'll leave it to the large assortments, the choice styles, and the prices to prove.

Imported Dress Goods and Suitings to $3.50 a yard. New Silks and Black Goods—surpassing collections—interestingly priced.

If you can't come—or if you wish to select before you visit, write for samples—we'll consider it a favor to send them.

BOGGS & BUHL Allegheny, Pa.

Your Grocer is the man to help you economize.

Why?

Your Grocery Bill is the largest and most important item of expense, how to reduce it, therefore, is the vital question. We can lessen the cost of your bill without decreasing the amount or quality of the goods.

How?

We are prepared to help you because of a long and successful business career, combined with the best facilities, such as a large store, complete stock and a perfect delivery system.

Our Stock of FANCY & STAPLE GROCERIES Is Unsurpassed.

Summer Specialties: Our line of summer specialties comprise the best brands of goods on the market: such as Heinz's Keystone Condiments, Marvin's Fancy Cakes and Crackers, Queen Olives, Jordan Shelled Almonds, Shelled Peanuts, along with a full and complete line of Fancy Confectioneries, which are always kept FRESH.

We also carry a full line of Smokers articles, consisting of an up-to date line of Pipes, Smoking Tobacco, &c.

Our Flour Room: Our flour rooms are always stocked with the best brands—and we highly recommend them—"World's Fair Souvenier," King's Best," "Porter's Boss," and we call special attention to our latest brand, "Gold Heart," which is taking a big lead over the sales of other brands. Give it a trial!

Canning Season: Is near at hand and we are able to supply your wants with Mason's Jars, Jelly Glasses, Gum Rings &c.

Highest prices paid for Country Produce.

Goods delivered promptly and free of charge.

Respectfully yours,

COOK & BEERITS.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of John Fyock, late of Paint township, Somerset county, Pa., dec'd.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned by the proper authority, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement, on Thursday, Oct. 21, 1897, at the late residence of the dec'd in said township.

WILLIAM G. SEESE, Administrator.
Fred. W. Biesecker, Attorney.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs of Fieri Facias, Levari Facias and Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Somerset county, Pa., to me directed, there will be exposed to sale at the Court House, in Somerset borough, on

FRIDAY, SEPT. 24, '97,

At 1 o'clock P. M.,

the following described real estate, to-wit.

All the right, title, interest, claim and demand of B. F. Snyder, Martin A. Snyder and Martha E. Fuller, of, in and to a certain farm or tract of land situate in Upper Turkeyfoot township, Somerset county, Pa., bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a dogwood, thence by land of Minerd's heirs, south 76½ degrees east 56 perches to a post; thence south 37 degrees east 18 3-10 perches to a post; thence south 57 degrees west, 46 5-10 perches to stones; thence south by lands of Younkin 60 degrees east, 35 perches to a post; thence east 46 degrees north 87 perches to a beech; thence north 35 degrees west, to a gum 42 5-10 perches; thence north 5½ degrees east, 22 perches to a chestnut; thence by lands of Stewart Rowen, north 65 degrees east, 92 perches to stones; thence north 6¾ degrees west 81 6-10 perches to a white oak; thence south 14½ degrees east, 10 perches to a hickory; thence by lands of Elizabeth Briggs north 15¼ degrees west, 41 perches to a stone; thence north 79½ degrees west, 42 perches to stones; thence north 4 5-10 perches to stones; thence by land of Williams south 29¼ degrees west, 47 perches to a cucumber; thence south 11½ degrees west, 15 5-10 perches to an ash tree; thence south 48¼ degrees west, 19 5-10 perches to rock oak; thence south 38½ degrees west, 25 5-10 perches to a dead white oak; thence north 81½ degrees west, 46 5-10 perches to stones; thence north 15¼ degrees east, 12 perches to wild cherry; thence north 74¼ degrees west, 28 perches to stones; thence south 16 degrees west, 36 perches to stones by land of John Rommelsburg; thence east 35 perches to beech tree; thence south 5½ degrees, 32 perches to hickory; thence north 38½ degrees east, 45 perches to post; thence by original line west one degree south 32 5-10 perches to post; thence west 2 perches to post; thence south 16 degrees west, 27 perches to place of beginning; containing 221 acres of land, strict measure; it being the same as conveyed by Daniel Rhoads to M. A. Snyder and M. E. Miller by deed dated 4th Sept., 1886, recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds in and for Somerset county Pa., in deed record vol. 69, page 440 et seq., having thereon erected a two-story frame dwelling house, a large, new bank barn and other outbuildings, with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution and to be sold as the property of B. F. Snyder, Martha A. Snyder and Martha E. Fuller, at the suit of A. J. Hileman.

—ALSO—

All the right, title, interest, claim and demand of Wm. J. Lint, of, in and to the following described real estate, to-wit.

No. 1. A certain piece or parcel of land situate in Somerset township, Somerset county, Pa., containing 11 acres and 132 perches, adjoining lands of Gillian Koontz, Josiah Hemminger, Jonathan Stahl, Wm. J. Rhoads and Adam Lingenfelter, having thereon erected a two-story frame dwelling house, stable and other out-buildings, also an orchard of young fruit trees on the premises.

No. 2. A certain tract of land situate as aforesaid, containing 18 acres, more or less, adjoining lands of Gillian Koontz, Josiah Hemminger, Jonathan Stahl, Wm. J. Rhoads and No. 1 above, having thereon erected a coal shed. Coal being opened on the premises.

Taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Wm. J. Lint at the suit of Hiram Lint, et al.

—ALSO—

All the right, title, interest, claim and demand of John Winters, of, in and to a certain lot or parcel of land situate in Somerset borough, Somerset county, Pa., adjoining borough lot on the east, Main street on the south, the Kate B. Coffroth lot on the west and an alley on the north, having thereon erected a three-story brick dwelling and out-buildings, now, and for several years last past used and occupied for hotel purposes and known as the "Commercial Hotel."

Taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John Winters, at the suit of Jeremiah Broughter's use.

—ALSO—

All the right, title, interest, claim and demand of Urias Mason, of, in and to a certain farm or tract of land situate in Jefferson township, Somerset county, Pa., containing 112 acres, about 100 acres clear balance good timber, adjoining lands of John Kooser, James McKelvey, W. D. Barclay, and the estate of Henry Schlag, dec'd, having thereon erected a log dwelling house, bank barn, and other outbuildings, also an orchard of choice fruit trees on the premises, with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Urias Mason at the suit of W. H. Mason, et al.

—ALSO—

All the right, title, interest, claim, and demand of Isaac Neimiller, of, in, and to a certain piece or parcel of land, situate in the village of Berkley's Mills, Summit township, Somerset county, Pa., containing one acre, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at an original corner on the bank of the Blue Lick Creek; thence down the same north, 9¾ degrees east, 9 perches to a post; south, 77¼ degrees east, 14 7-10 perches to a post; south 9¼ degrees west, 13 perches to a post on the bank of the creek; thence along the creek north 89¼ degrees west, 15 3-10 perches to the place of beginning, having thereon erected a two-story frame dwelling-house, a summer-house, and a two-story frame stable with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Isaac Neimiller at the suit of Maggie Meyers' use.

—ALSO—

All the right, title, interest, claim and demand of George F. Countryman, of, in, and to a certain tract of land situate in Somerset township, Somerset county, Pa., containing 50 acres, more or less, adjoining lands of Aaron F. Buttner, Eliza Cable, Eliza Tayman, Widow Yoder, Jacob P. Friedline, the Mt. Pleasant pike, and other lands of the defendant, having thereon erected a two-story frame dwelling house, bank barn and other outbuildings, with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution and to be sold as the property of George F. Countryman at the suit of Frank D. Baker—one of the Administrators of Addie S. Countryman and for the use of James B. Saylor.

—ALSO—

All the right, title, interest, claim and demand of Ross Kiernan, of, in, and to a certain tract of land situate in Jenner township, Somerset county, Pa., containing about 25 acres, adjoining lands of David M. Hammer, Andrew Johnson, and the Cambria Iron Company, having thereon erected a small shanty.

Taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Ross Kiernan at the suit of Valentine Ray.

—ALSO—

All the right, title, interest, claim and demand of Mary Yoder surviving co-obligor with Tobias Yoder, dec'd, of, in, and to, a certain lot of ground situate in Somerset township, Somerset county, Pa., lying adjacent to the borough of Somerset, located on Main Cross Street of said borough, fronting 40 feet on said street and extending back of equal width 195½ feet to Centre alley, and bounded on the north by lot of W. H. Snoddard, and on the south by an alley, having thereon erected a new two-story frame dwelling-house, with appurtenances.

Taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Mary Yoder surviving co-obligor with Tobias Yoder dec'd, at the suit of H. M. Berkley, cashier.

—ALSO—

All the right, title, interest, claim and demand of A. J. Cremer, of, in, and to the following described real estate, viz:

No. 1. A certain farm or tract of land situate in Addison township, Somerset county, Pa., containing 93 acres, about 30 acres clear, balance timber, adjoining lands of Wm. Wright, Archibald Bird, Alfred Ringer, and Samuel Miller, having thereon erected a two-story frame dwelling-house, bank-barn, and other out-buildings, also a large sugar camp, and a fine orchard on the premises.

No. 2. A certain farm situate in Addison and Elk Lick townships, Somerset county, Pa., containing 49 acres, more or less, about 12 acres clear, balance timber, adjoining lands of Alfred Ringer, Jore Ringer, Widow Custer, Abe Folk and others, having thereon erected a one-and-a-half-story log dwelling-house, bank-barn and other out-buildings. Also a fine orchard and a large sugar camp on the premises.

No. 3. A certain lot of ground situate in West Salisbury, Elk Lick township, Somerset county, Pa., being lot No. 185 bounded on the North by lot No. 184, south by lot No. 186, west by High street, east by an alley, having thereon erected a good two-story frame dwelling-house and stable.

No. 4. A certain lot of