The Somerset Herald.

EDWARD SCULL, Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY.....March 24, 1897.

MR. CORBETT's request for another debate with Mr. Fitzsimmons sounds as if it might be arbitrated.

A business administration is at the helm, and it will run the business of the country on business principles.

SPEAKER REED has been elected presiding officer of the house for the third time. Seven other men have filled third terms in this position.

THE worst the free-traders can say against the new tariff bill is mild, to the ruin wrought by the Wilson bill. The sooner it becomes a law, the better.

THE stone sarcophagus in which the remains of General Grant will finally rest has reached New York, and the ceremony of transferring the tomb from the monument committee to the city will take place April 27.

THE Democratic minority in Congress is not harmonious. No one expected it to be. The very fact of electing Bailey, of Texas, as their leader assured trouble and plenty of it. What in the world will become of the party if it keeps on going to pieces?

A Democrat and a Populist in Ohio are applicants for positions on a board which must be composed of men of different parties, and the Attorney General is in doubt as to whether they are the same or different. If both are for debased money they are Pops, though one is ashamed to own it.

OFFICIAL statistics of strikes show that they are profitable to neither side. According to the report of the United States commissioner of labor, the strikes in this country from 1881 to 1896 caused a loss of wages amounting to $51,814,000, while the losses to employers aggregated $30,710,000.

JOSEPH L. BRISTOW, of Kansas, has been named by President McKinley as headsman of his administration, otherwise the fourth assistant postmaster general. Mr. Bristow was appointed Monday and will probably be confirmed by the Senate to-day, after which the heads will commence to drop.

SENATOR TILLMAN said in Chicago the other evening that the way to deal with the Republican party is to allow it to settle the tariff question as it pleases. That is a sensible sentiment from the pitchfork statesman. Now will he please practice what he preaches when the new tariff bill reaches the senate.

JOHN L. SULLIVAN thinks that ladies ought not to see prize-fights. Mr. Sullivan is not exactly an authority on etiquette of a social kind, but even social experts will agree with him, though the implied, though unconscious, comment on his own profession is about the best criticism it could well receive.

THE story of the very animated political meeting in Denver the other day, where men fought and women pulled hair, is being used to show the evil effects of admitting women to a share of political power. But this exclusive denunciation of the mischief-making possibilities of the sex in politics is unfair to Populism.

THE Philadelphia branch of the "National Republican League of Business Men" has endorsed John Wanamaker as their candidate for State Treasurer. In view of his recent mortifying defeat for United States Senator, we do not think it likely that Mr. Wanamaker will consent to be a candate for State Treasurer.

NOBODY should object to the policy announced by the new administration in regard to postmasters. It is stated that each will have a four years' term, except where there is good reason for removal. This has been the policy in regard to presidential offices for some time, and now it is to be applied to fourth class offices as well. It will no doubt become a permanent policy and be respected by both parties.

THE country is glad to receive Secretary Sherman's announcement that there is henceforth to be no secrecy as to Cuban news. All facts that come to the State department from the island are to be given to the senate and the country. This is right. Among the private citizens of the United States are oftentimes persons who have had opportunities for knowledge with regard to foreign countries, Cuba included.

IT now looks very much as if the battle for the admission of women as delegates to the General Conference of the M. E. Church had been lost for the time being. Annual conferences are apparently becoming tired of the agitation, and are showing a disposition to vote against admission simply with the hope of getting the subject out of the way. But, like Banquo's ghost, it will not down, and the men who are opposing admission of women now are free to confess that it will not be many years before the doors of the General Conference will be thrown wide open and women will be welcomed in.

RHODE ISLAND has a state election on the first Wednesday in April. The Republicans are ready for the contest, and their victory is well-nigh sure. They have put a ticket in the field which represents the best elements of the party, and which will receive a hearty support. Rhode Island is now under Republican government, and no one has any fault to find with the management of the state's affairs. The platform which the Republicans adopted at their state convention on Tuesday was strong and sound, a hearty endorsement of the new national administration, and a pledge of continued loyalty to the principles of the party.

THOMAS B. REED promises to be the most famous of all presiding officers who have ruled in the House of Representatives. To-day he is the broadest, brightest, ablest man in public life in the United States, and his talents seem peculiarly adapted to the place he holds. Three times elected to that distinguished position, his popularity has increased with each succeeding term, as his unanimous selection by the late Republican caucus attests. Mr. Reed's popularity does not result from any effort to please people, or from a desire to conciliate. It proceeds from his clear and accurate judgment, extensive and varied knowledge and great personal force. He is an independent, able, upright man who makes his way without any of the arts of the demagogue.

PENDING a motion for the transfer of a retail liquor dealer's license at last week's term of court, Judge Longenecker took occasion to notify the members of the bar, and through them their clients, that when petitions for licenses next come to be heard he will expect each applicant to be present in court and to make answer under oath as to whether he has violated any of the provisions of the liquor license laws during the year last past, and as to whether he has complied with the request of the Court relative to closing his bar at not later than ten o'clock p. m. The Judge stated that there had been considerable complaint in regard to certain dealers neglecting to pay attention to the Court's request in regard to closing at ten o'clock, and that hereafter the neglect or refusal to do so on the part of any licensed dealer would be taken into consideration when the parties so doing next asked that a license be granted them.

Civil Service Run Mad.

From the Lancaster Inquirer.

The esteemed Public Ledger in referring to the intention of the McKinley administration to give each postmaster a four years' term, takes occasion to remark that the true policy would be to continue them in office indefinitely so long as their duties were properly performed. Taking the soundness of this doctrine for granted we can see no good reason why it should not apply to all the offices under our government. If it should apply to postmasters why not to all state, county and township officers? This is really what the ultra doctrines of the civil service radicals runs to. What is sauce for the goose is sauce for the gander—or should be. Their doctrine is: "If we have a good postmaster keep him in during good behaviour." "All right; but if we have a good Governor of the State, or a good President of the United States, shall we not do likewise with him? If not, why not?

The thoughtful man will tell you; because it would establish an office holding class which is contrary to the genius of our institutions, and at war with the fundamental principles of our Republican government.

The wise men who founded our government deemed it advisable that officers to carry it out should be chosen for short terms, and that their fitness and qualifications should frequently be passed upon by the supreme tribunal of public opinion. There was wisdom and rare foresight in this policy and when the nation departs from it to any great extent it will have begun the destruction of the foundation on which our theory of government rests.

The New Ambassadors.

It is a tribute to literature to say that the two prize appointments in the diplomatic service are best known by their contributions to the magazines and the press. The ambassador to Great Britain occupies the first place in importance, for the most of our leading international questions are with that country, and Col. John Hay, although admitted as a lawyer, and although for many years secretary to President Lincoln, is a literary man above all else, and a journalist mainly. He belongs to the era which produced Whitelaw Reid and others of his class, and he is a man of great ability, who will fill the position with safety to the country's interest and with satisfaction to the nation's pride. It is very certain that he will not commit the blunders of Bayard through too much talk, for he is a man who thinks twice before he speaks. Mr. Henry White, who will be secretary of the legation, has had years of experience in the office and is a natural diplomatist.

General Horace Porter, who will go to France, is one of those bright, exhaustless men, of whom it is impossible to say too much. He is just about sixty years old, with all the honors of the brilliant soldier, the able lawyer and the distinguished writer thick upon him. A man who was promoted five times in four years for "gallant, faithful and meritorious service on the field," and who was picked out by Grant as the man on whom to depend in the thick of the fight, has merit in him to the full, and in whatever capacity he has served since the war he has done his duty splendidly. There is not a better after-dinner speaker in the country, and it shows the President's appreciation of fitness when it is said that General Porter can match the French in all the graces of speech, wit and courtesy which are so valuable in diplomatic and social life.

Both appointments are admirable, and it is hoped that those that are to follow will measure up to the high standard which they set.

Gary Will Follow Suit.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—Postmaster General Gary will continue the old policy as to distributing patronage of the post offices, and he announced to-day that he would not deviate from the practice followed by past administrations. This, as a general rule, gives to every Senator the privilege of recommending a postmaster for his home postoffice and allots to each Republican Senator the largest postoffices in his district, which, however, in the case of a Senator not of the Republican faith, will go to the Republican committee or other reference. With these exceptions, the Republican Representatives are usually permitted to name the postmasters for their respective districts. In Democratic districts the selection is left to a referee, or perhaps to a Republican Senator. The Congressional delegations will have to keep themselves posted as to the dates of expiration of terms of postmasters, as the old custom of the department of sending notice to Senators and Representatives of expirations of postmasters' commissions, which was stopped by Postmaster General Bissell, will not be resumed.

Disposing of the Offices.

WASHINGTON, March 22.—The President to-day sent to the Senate the following nominations: Binger Hermann, of Oregon, to be commissioner of the general land office; Joseph L. Bristow, of Kansas, to be fourth assistant postmaster general; Ernest G. Timme, of Wisconsin, to be fifth auditor for the State and other departments; James D. Elliot, of South Dakota, to be attorney of the United States for the district of South Dakota. Commodore Joseph N. Miller, to be rear admiral.

The Senate confirmed the nominations of Gen. Powell Clayton, of Arkansas, to be minister to Mexico; William M. Osborne, of Massachusetts, to be consul general at London; John K. Gowdy, of Indiana, to be consul general at Paris, and Joseph H. Brigham, of Ohio, to be assistant secretary of agriculture.

To Swim the English Channel.

Peter S. McNally, the Boston champion long-distance swimmer and life saver, will sail for England in May, and after several weeks of hard training he will attempt to swim across the English Channel from Dover to Calais, a distance of 21 nautical miles, or 26 statute miles. This swim has been accomplished by only two persons, the late Captain Webb, who lost his life in a fool-hardy attempt to swim the Niagara rapids, and Captain Paul Boynton, who crossed in an inflated rubber suit. Hundreds of expert swimmers have unsuccessfully tried to make passage across the Channel waters, but this fact does not seem to be at all discouraging to McNally. He is confident that he can accomplish the trip, and those of his friends who are acquainted with his abilities as a swimmer are equally confident that he will be successful. McNally was born in Boston 32 years ago.

Buy your groceries where you can get the best goods for the least money. Mahlon Schrock's is the place.

CORBETT KNOCKED OUT,

Fitzsimmons Declared the Champion Pugilist of the World

AT CARSON, NEVADA, LAST WEDNESDAY.

Robert Fitzsimmons, of Australia, won the heavyweight championship of the world, a purse of $15,000 and side bet of $10,000 by defeating James J. Corbett, of California. The knockout blow was landed in the fourteenth round of one of the fiercest and bloodiest pugilistic encounters ever witnessed and was conceded by all to be a fair and square fight in all that the term implies for the sporting fraternity.

When Fitzsimmons and Corbett entered the ring and time was called at 12.07 or 3:07 p. m., eastern time, almost 5,000 people were seated in the great arena. Governor Sadler, of Nevada, and Mrs. Fitzsimmons were among the spectators, as was ex-Champion John L. Sullivan. When Sullivan appeared he was cheered to the echo and Billy Jordan, in behalf of Frank G. Dunn, of Boston, challenged the winner to fight Sullivan for $5,000. Fitzsimmons refused to shake hands with Corbett when time was called.

Fitzsimmons received Corbett's blows without apparent effect until the fifth round, when Corbett drew first blood by landing on Fitz's nose. In the sixth round Fitz was literally covered with blood but he fought like a demon. The ninth round saw Corbett weakening so that Fitz was able to land oftener. In the tenth Fitz was cooler and stronger and forced Corbett back. Corbett was weaker in the eleventh round but had the best of the twelfth. Round 14 ended in Fitz bringing Corbett to his knees with a blow on the stomach. The fourteenth round lasted just one minute and 45 seconds. Fitz landed a terrific blow over Corbett's heart and he was counted out. He arose and made a rush at Fitz just after the tenth second was counted, but amidst the great uproar Referee Siler awarded the fight to Fitzsimmons.

The greatest excitement prevailed for a time as sports from all parts of the country crowded around the fighters and expressed joy or sorrow. Corbett shed tears over his defeat but made no kick against the decision and offered to fight Fitzsimmons once more. The new champion said he did not care to fight.

Fitzsimmons announces his determination to quit the ring forever. He says: "Because of my wife and my baby, whom I love better than all the world, I have promised never to fight again. My only object in signing for this last encounter was to vindicate my honor and prove that no man ever lived who could whip me in a prize fight, be he great or small. In all my career as a fighter I have tried to be an honorable man. I trust I will be pardoned for dwelling a little on the general impression circulated by my enemies that I had been fixed to lie down. If the truth were known, and I see no reason why it would not be, I was offered $500,000 by a San Francisco combination to throw this fight and $250,000 by a New Yorker. I gave my answer to those overtures when the gong sounded and Referee Siler, who has been an honorable and square referee and whom I wish to congratulate, called time, I made up my mind that if they carried me out loser that it would be as a dead man. The public can decide for themselves. I submit the facts. I met the enemy and he is mine. I am now prepared to enter into some occupation more readily accepted by the public and will try to ornament society as I have the profession which has been mine for fifteen years, but which I discarded forever for my wife."

Invented Perpetual Motion.

BRADFORD, Pa., March 21.—James M. Aldrige is in the lockup here charged with defrauding several parties by inducing them to become his partners in a wonderful motor which he has invented. He was arrested at Cleveland last Friday night, and brought here to-day. Aldridge has invented a perpetual motion machine. It runs by its own force, and the power may be multiplied as the size of the machine is increased. No electricity, steam, compressed air or any other power is required save the simple one of weight so arranged as to overcome gravity and impel the machine to run.

Two wheels are placed on a shaft. Attached to the wheels are weights. On the upward turn these weights are drawn by gearing toward the shaft. On the downward turn the weights move out so as to describe a circle. While weights are pulling the wheel on one side those on the other side are drawn inward so as to lose their balancing power. Thus the motion is secured. It will run until the machine wears out. It is a complete solution of perpetual motion, the inventor claims. But, instead of having it patented, Aldridge used the device for securing money from investors. He is said to have gone from place to place selling shares in the machine, and then, after obtaining the cash, would drop out of sight.

He was here recently and placed stock in his contrivance, and with the money went to Cleveland, where he was arrested. The man has been a resident of this section for a long time, and it is known that he has been at work on the device for eight years. A practical test by reliable people here to-day shows the machine to be all that is claimed for it.

Duel With a Tragic Ending.

CUMBERLAND, Md., March 20.—Frank B. Thompson, a wealthy lumberman of Davis, W. Va., was shot in a duel with Colonel Robert Eastham, also of Davis, in a passenger coach at Parsons, W. Va., on Thursday night, and died here this morning.

Mr. Thompson was brought here on a special train to have the operation of laparotomy performed. His wound was a clean perforation of the bowels, the bullet passing through the body. He also suffered from a wound in the arm and leg.

Colonel Eastham is under arrest at Davis. He received three flesh wounds, one on the side of the head and the others in the side. Eastham is the pioneer settler of the Blackwater region. He and Thompson bore each other a grudge.

W. R. Davis, who was in the train when the shooting occurred, says that when Mr. Thompson took his seat in the car, Colonel Eastham called out: "There are traitors in the train!" He then approached Thompson and slapped him with his open hand, after a few words had been exchanged. Thompson jumped to his feet in the aisle and both men pulled their pistols, but no one knows who fired the first shot. The shooting caused a panic among the passengers, many of whom jumped through the car windows.

Preacher Predicts World's End.

LAPORTE, Ind., March 19.—Rev. John Riley, of Shirley, a minister of the denomination of Friends, has created consternation by predicting the dissolution of the world in the year 1898 or 1900. Mr. Riley has devoted years of study to a solution of astronomical calculations, and his research confirms his implicit faith in his prophecy.

He bases his belief in the world-wide disaster for the reason that the planets will again be in line in 1898 or 1900, thus verifying the period in Biblical history when the flood destroyed the earth.

The members of his congregation are shaping their worldly affairs for the final leave taking.

No need to scratch your life away. Doan's Ointment brings instant relief in all cases of Itching Piles, Pin Worms, Eczema, Ringworms, Hives, or other itchiness of the skin. Get it from your dealer.

No one who has tried it now doubts that for cheapness and good work the place to get a picture framed is at

SNYDER'S ART STORE.

KILLED BY DETECTIVES.

A Kidnaper Who Came to Death.

HOUSTON, Tex., March 18.—The most daring attempt at crime ever known here was frustrated this morning at 3 o'clock, when detectives killed Walter Hughes as he was in the act of entering the house of Frank Dunn, a wealthy resident of this city. The police received information some time ago that a scheme was on foot to kidnap Dunn's little daughter. The purpose of the kidnapers was to keep the girl in captivity and demand $40,000 ransom for restoring her to her parents. Detectives have been on guard at Mr. Dunn's house for several nights, but no developments occurred until this morning, when it was discovered a man was attempting to force one of the windows of the Dunn residence. One of the officers inadvertently attracted the attention of the marauder, who, finding he was discovered, drew a revolver, and fired twice at the detective. The detective then opened fire and the intruder fell dead. Hughes was a railroad man but lately had been working as a carpenter. He had rented a house near Dunn's and under the floor of one of the rooms had dug a cave in which the kidnapped child was to be secreted until the ransom was paid. At a point some distance from the city Hughes had arranged a number of tin boxes, where he intended to direct that the ransom money be deposited. Hughes also intended to give notice that if any watch was kept over these depositories it would result in the death of the child.

When Hughes' body was searched a revolver, a keen edged butcher knife and a bottle of chloroform was found. An immense crowd has gathered in and around the morgue where the body lies.

Mrs. Hughes has been arrested, but will not talk.

Looking glasses, all sizes in stock or to order, can be had at the right price at

SNYDER'S ART STORE.

Will Save Candidates Money.

J. Clark Campbell, a Representative in the Legislature from Westmoreland county, has introduced a bill to protect candidates for public office from the "political boodler." The act has been framed by Congressman Edward E. Robbins. In some respects the act is similar to the one now in force in New York State. By the grafting of the feature to the existing election laws it is hoped to better the condition of politics in the State.

The bill provides that every candidate to be voted for at the primary, special or regular election shall within 10 days after such election file an itemized statement, showing in detail all the moneys contributed or expended directly or indirectly by himself or through any other person in aid of his election. Such statement shall give the names of the various persons who receive such money, specify the nature of each item and the purpose for which it was expended or contributed, and shall be sworn to.

Candidates for State offices shall file this statement with the office of the Secretary of State, and other candidates with the prothonotary of the county, except for such elections as occur the third Tuesday of February, when the statements shall be filed with the clerk of courts. Any candidate failing to file such statement within the prescribed time shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not exceeding $500, or imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both, or either, at the discretion of the court. The act shall not entail any expense on cities or counties.

Beaming With Smiles

Are the countenances of people who have found speedy and thorough relief from malarial, kidney, bilious, dyspeptic or nervous troubles through the aid of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Such countenances are very numerous. So are letters from their owners attesting the efficacy of the great family medicine. Among the signals of distress thrown out by the stomach, bowels and liver in a state of disorder, are sick headache, heartburn, nausea, loss of appetite, sallowness of the skin and eyeballs, and an uncertain state of the bowels. They should be heeded at once. If the Bitters are resorted to, the woe-begone look which accompanies sickness will give way to cheerful looks produced by renewed health. If you are drifting on the coast of disease, throw an anchor to windward by summoning the Bitters to your assistance. It will keep you in safety.

The County Paid for Toddy.

Among the old papers unearthed in removing the county documents from the Greensburg court house are the court records at Hannastown under King George III. In those days three cases per month of both civil and criminal was the average of the court business.

Another interesting point discovered by the searchers after the relics among the old papers is that Westmoreland county, then embracing all the counties round about, in those early days paid expense accounts of officials that seem now very odd, and would scarcely be entertained were similar ones to be presented in this age. The following are sample bills filed and paid:

"September 2, 1808. To expense bringing John Neal from Uniontown to Greensburg: To 2 breakfasts, 3s. 9d; 1½ pint of wine, 1s, 10½d.; at Mount Pleasant, oats and whisky; 1s; 10½d.; at Uniontown, for sundries, 16s. 10½d.; at Connellstown, sundries, 9s. 4½d.; at Mount Pleasant, horse feed and whisky, 1s. 10½d.; feed and whisky, 1s. 10½d.; one gal. whisky, 5½s.; to supplies and whisky, 5s. 7½d.; to 2 men and 2 horses 2 days, £2. 1s. 8½d. The commissioners thought the bill too high and Mr. Brandin relinquished three dollars of it."

"County of Westmoreland to Samuel Parr, Dr., June 16, 1804. Expense accruing at an arbitration between the commissioners and James Montgomery: To four quarts of oats, 1s. 6d., to four glasses of toddy, 7s. 6d."

The Shakers have made a discovery which is destined to accomplish much good. Realizing that three-fourths of all our sufferings arise from stomach troubles, that the country is literally filled with people who can not eat and digest food, without subsequently suffering pain and distress, and that many are starving, wasting to mere skeletons, because their food does them no good, they have devoted much study and thought to the subject, and the result is this discovery of their Digestive Cordial.

A little book can be obtained from your druggist that will point out the way of relief at once. An investigation will cost nothing and will result in much good.

Children hate to take castor oil, but not Laxol, which is palatable.

Train Goes Into a Ditch.

CUMBERLAND, Md., March 20.—Baltimore & Ohio train No. 2, from Cincinnati and St. Louis, was derailed near Oakland at 8 o'clock this morning. The engine, baggage car and forward coach landed in a ditch, and the first sleeper rolled into a stream of water. General Joseph S. Fullerton, of St. Louis, is missing. It is supposed that he was killed and buried under the wreck. He was one of the three commissioners in charge of the National Park at Chickamauga battleground, and was a widower with two grown children.

Rockwood Normal.

A normal and intermediate school will be opened at Rockwood, April 26, 1897. For full information address,

O. O. SAYLOR,
Rockwood, Pa.

The finest line of Wall Paper ever seen in the county at prices that defy competition. SNYDER'S ART STORE.

Soldier Presidents.

President McKinley is the fifth soldier President elected by the Republican party since the war, viz., Grant, Hayes, Garfield, Harrison and McKinley. This record is not likely to continue unbroken much longer. The war ended in 1865, and a man who came out of the army 25 years old, would be 57 now. It is rather above the average age of our Presidents when they are elected. Grant was 46 years old when he was elected; Hayes was 54, Garfield was 49; Harrison was 55; McKinley 52. In 1900 a man who came out of the war 25 years old will be 60 years old. That is not too old for a President, but it is past the average. By that time most of the leaders and controlling men in the Republican party will be men who were too young to be in the army. It may be that the Republican party has elected its last soldier President.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your Grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. ¼ the price of coffee. 15c and 25 cts per package. Sold by all grocers.

Millions Lost in Cattle.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., March 18.—Specials to the Journal from Mandan and Dickerson, N. D., state that it is believed generally among cattlemen that seventy-five per cent. of range animals have already succumbed to the winter, the chinook of yesterday coming too late to save them. It is impossible to travel over the range, and no exact figures can be had. Bad Land ranges, which have been overcrowded the past few years, will have but few cattle this season. It is stated that Pierre Wibeaux, a cattleman of Wibeaux, Montana and Dakota, puts his losses at $1,000,000. Last fall he put 250,000 young cattle on the ranges, and all are dead.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle.

Heavy B. & O. Expenditures.

Some idea of the great cost of rehabilitating and building a large railroad system may be gathered from a statement just prepared by the receivers of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad of expenditures made for improvement during the first year of the receivership. This statement shows that a total of almost $7,000,000 has been spent for locomotives, passenger and freight equipment, extraordinary repairs to equipment and expenditures made by the engineering department in the way of improvements to the roadbed, structures, terminals and the construction of new alignments and miscellaneous improvements. These expenditures were from March 1, 1896, to February 1, 1897. An additional expenditure of nearly $1,000,000 will shortly be made for 58,000 tons of 85 pound rails, which were ordered a short time ago.

Something New for Somerset.

A place where you can get all the novelties in Japan, German And English China—all new designs and offered at lower prices than ever before. Call at

SNYDER'S ART STORE.

FOR CHRISTIAN ENDEAVORERS.

An Offer to Pay the Fare of Delegates to the San Francisco Convention.

Thousands of Christain Endeavor workers who would like to attend the Sixteenth International Convention, which will be held in San Francisco in July of this year, are deterred from thinking seriously of doing so on account of the expense of the long journey. This has been called to the attention of "The Philadelphia Press," and the publishers of that journal have decided to furnish free any number of railroad tickets from Philadelphia to San Francisco and return to representatives of Christain Endeavor Societies who will render a trifling service to "The Press." The offer involves the possible expenditure by "The Press" of thousands of dollars and opens the way for all Christian Endeavorers to enjoy the experience of a lifetime—a journey across the continent under the most favorable auspices. Write to "The Press" for details of the offer.

Good Bread.

If you want good old-fashioned bread like mother used to bake, buy the Cinderella Range. Its large, high oven insures good baking and roasting. Sold by

JAS. B. HOLDERBAUM,
Somerset, Pa.

A Love Affair in Politics.

KANSAS CITY, MO., March 20.—R. L. Short, a prominent candidate for the Mayoralty nomination in Kansas City, Kan., has been defeated in the primaries because of a love affair. He had been attentive to Miss Sadie Parsons, a school teacher, for twelve years, and had been engaged to marry her. According to her story they were to have been wedded last fall. The first intimation Miss Parsons received of her lover's unfaithfulness was from a published notice of his marriage to Mrs. Grace Firestone.

The whole female population was aroused. Many women went about in hacks and buggies and hauled other women to the polls and urged them not to vote for Short.

Fatal Game of William Tell.

BEDFORD, Ind., March 19.—Two small boys, Charley Winters and Willie Babbitt, living near Linton, arranged a game of "William Tell." They had no apple, so Willie placed a corncob on his head and told his comrade to fire at it. The latter aimed at the mark with a revolver, missed the corncob, and the bullet pierced the forehead of young Babbitt, who fell dead.

Constipation

is a disease which afflicts over 75 per cent. of the American people. It is a dangerous disease because it not only poisons the blood but causes heaviness, oppression, and dulls the intellect. Then follow chronic headache, loss of appetite, slow digestion, nervousness, bad breath, dingy complexion and low spirits. It will eventually bring on liver and kidney disease in some incurable form. But sufferers from this dreaded malady are speedily

Cured by

Warner's SAFE Cure and Warner's SAFE Pills. Leading physicians the world over, have acknowledged this fact, and thousands of people throughout the land have testified to it.

Warner's

SAFE Cure puts a stop to backaches, headaches, constipation, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, tired feelings and sleeplessness. It builds up the exhausted system. It is a sure cure for liver and kidney complaint in any form, and the only remedy that has ever been able to cure Bright's disease.

If you are feeling the need of such a remedy, you cannot do better than try this king of remedies, the great

Safe Cure

Great Storm at Sea.

Terrible tales of disaster and suffering come from the sea, following close upon the violent storms that raged. About 200 lives have been lost, and the end of this frightful narrative is not yet in sight. The steamer St. Nazare went down off Hatteras, and 78 people were lost. Some of those who escaped became crazed in the little boats, and in their madness jumped out into the sea. Only four persons out of 82 were saved. The steamer Utrecht, from Rotterdam to Japan is thought to have foundered, and 100 lives lost. The steamer Rialto, of the Wilson Line, was blown up at sea on March 3, and went to the bottom. Only one man was lost. Other disasters are reported from various quarters of the globe.

Free Stop-over at Washington.

On all through tickets between the east, west, north and south, reading via Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, a stop-over at Washington can be secured, without extra charge for railroad fare, by depositing the ticket, upon arrival at Washington, with the B. & O. station ticket agent at that point. Washington is always attractive to visitors, and particularly so while Congress is in session. This arrangement for stop-over privilege will doubtless be appreciated by the public and will bring to the National Capitol many travelers to view its superb public buildings, monuments, museums and thoroughfares.

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Cough-cure, the most prompt and effective remedy for diseases of the throat and lungs, is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. As an emergency medicine, for the cure of Croup, Sore Throat, Lung Fever and Whooping Cough,

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Cherry Pectoral cannot be equaled. E. M. BRAWLEY, D. D., Dis. Sec. of the American Baptist Publishing Society, Petersburg, Va., endorses it, as a cure for violent colds, bronchitis, etc. Dr. Brawley also adds: To all ministers suffering from throat troubles, I recommend

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral

Awarded Medal at World's Fair.

AYER'S PILLS Cure Liver and Stomach Troubles.

Jos. Horne & Co.

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Our prices are always the very lowest that can be put on goods, but once in a while we get a chance to make some fearful cuts. One of these chances has come in some very good goods, and goods very reasonable.

They are Silk Warp Linen Tissues, All-linen and Silk and Linen Fabrics, for fine warm weather dresses; they used to cost from One Dollar to Three Dollars a yard. We will sell them at just One-half as long as the lot lasts. State how much you want to pay and let us send you some samples.

The goods are the most fashionable fabrics on the market, and at these prices are also the cheapest.

Here's another chance in Plain Diagonal Cloth, very handsome and fashionable goods, in all the new spring shades. A fine imported fabric which always costs 75 cents a yard except when we cut prices on it. It is selling here now for Fifty cents a yard.

Get samples of the finer kinds of All-Wool Suitings in new and correct Spring patterns, which we are selling at Twenty-five and Thirty-five Cents a yard. You will wonder how such excellent materials can be sold so cheap.

PENN AVE. & FIFTH ST.,
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It rests upon you to decide where the store is that does it best, and you'll be better convinced by your own judgment than any other way.

Soon as you're ready to consider the question, let us know—we're candidates for your preference on this good-merchandising basis—strong candidates—and will back up our claims with the kind of evidence that will appeal to you on no uncertain terms—**Goods and Prices**—prima facie evidence that you can decide by surely and quickly.

If you can't come to see the goods and learn the prices in the store, we'll send samples to you, with the widths and prices plainly marked thereon—do it willingly and charge you nothing for them—all we ask is that you indicate what kind of goods you prefer.

Any of these?

New Suitings, 75c to $1.50.
New Tailorings, $1.00 to $2.50.
Broadcloths, 50c to $2.50
American Dress Goods, 15, 20, 25, 35, 40, 45c.
Black Goods, 50c to $3.00.
Silks, from New Wash Silks, 25c, to the finest and richest imported novelties.
New Wash Goods, 5c to $1.25.

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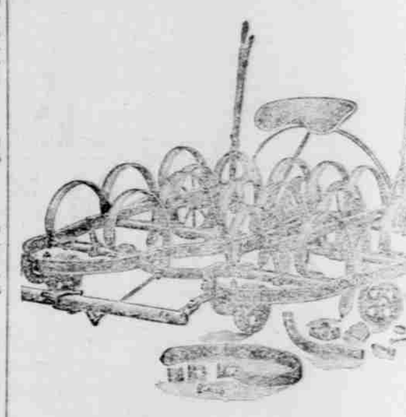

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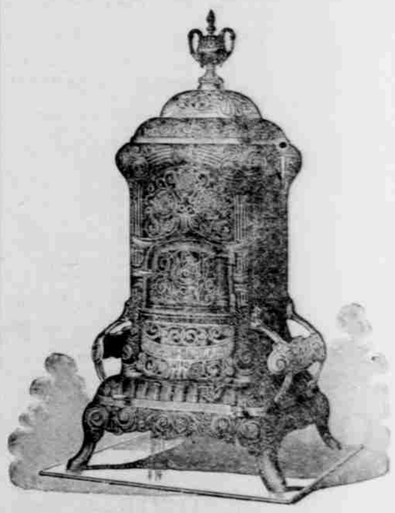

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