The Somerset Herald.

EDWARD SCULL, Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY ..... October 21, 1896

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL TICKET

President.
WILLIAM McKINLEY, of Ohio.
Vice President.
GARRET A. HOBART, of New Jersey.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

Congressmen-at-Large.
GALUSHA A. GROW, of Susquehanna.
SAMUEL A. DAVENPORT, of Erie.

Electors-at-Large.
Joseph Wharton, Philadelphia.
Alexander E. Patton, Clearfield.
William Witherow, Allegheny.
Peter L. Kimberly, Mercer.

District Electors.

1. Dr. J. S. Pearson	16. Henry C. Prevost.
2. Allen B. Hordey.	17. Fred. H. Eaton.
3. Frank H. Hradley.	18. C. Brown Miller.
4. Lavender I. Meyers.	19. R. H. Shindell.
5. Wm. M. Taggart.	20. George T. Swank.
6. Joseph H. Huddell.	21. A. C. White.
7. William F. Selby.	22. Wm. N. Randolph.
8. John Fritz.	23. E. Wertheimer.
9. Henry L. Johnson.	24. Josiah Speer.
10. John H. Landis.	25. Edw'd E. Abrams.
11. Evan Warren.	26. Isador Sobel.
12. R. W. Wade.	27. William Schnur.
13. Harrison Ball.	28. Jos. C. Campbell.
14. D. W. Miller.	

CONGRESS.

ASSEMBLY.
WM. H. MILLER, of Quemahoning Twp.
W. H. SANNER, of Somerset Bor.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE.
GEO. J. BLACK, of Meyersdale Bor.

SHERIFF.
M. H. Hartzell, of Rockwood Bor.

PROTHONOTARY.
H. F. BARRON, of Somerset Bor.

REGISTER & RECORDER.
J. M. COVER, of Jenner Twp.

TREASURER.
WM. WINTERS, of Somerset Twp.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.
GEO. F. KIMMEL, of Milford Twp.
GABRIEL GOOD, of Somerset Twp.

POOR DIRECTOR.
JACOB W. PECK, of Summit Twp.

AUDITORS.
JEREMIAH RHOADS, of Somerset Bor.
R. J. BOWMAN, of Brothersvalley Twp.

"Good money never made bad times."—Major McKinley.

PLENTY of gold flowing into this country and wheat going up in view of McKinley's election.

UP to date Henry George has carried for Bryan every State he has visited as the correspondent of the New York Journal. He seems bound to please his employers or "bust."

MAJOR McKINLEY was interviewed in Canton, on Thursday, and said he was sure of his own election. He had had many assurances of support from all over the country, and agreed with Quay's estimate.

THE sound-money Democrats claim that their largest vote will be in Kentucky. It is believed that they will cast 25,000 votes in that State. McKinley will probably have a plurality of 15,000.

IN West Virginia, Senator Elkins, who is one of the shrewdest of political managers, and one of the closest of anticlection figurers, is emphatic in the opinion that the State will give a safe majority for McKinley and Hobart.

IT APPEARS by the latest accounts from the Silverite headquarters that the "gold-bugs" have not only artificially raised the price of wheat, but have produced the drought in India, as well as the diminished harvest in Argentina!

IT is noted that whenever a poll of the workingmen is taken, it generally results about three to one for McKinley. The workingmen know who has been their friend through thick and thin, and they will vote for him in November.

"When you have earned $100 you want to feel that you are worth $100, and that it will not be diminished in a day or a week or a month, or depreciate while it is in your hands, or when it goes out of your hands."—Major McKinley.

A SCHEDULE of thirty-six speeches has been arranged for General Harrison in his stumping tour through Indiana for McKinley. In addition to these speeches General Harrison will give short talks from the special train that will take the party through the State.

THE Republican nominee for Sheriff is M. H. HARTZELL, than whom there is no more popular citizen in the county. An earnest and aggressive Republican, a thorough and safe business man, his majority should exceed the best previous record made by the party.

GEORGE J. BLACK, the nominee for Associate Judge, has always been recognized as an unprejudiced and fearless citizen. He will discharge the duties of the office with impartiality and fairness, and no voter who favors an upright judiciary will scratch his name from the official ballot.

HENRY F. BARRON has legions of friends in the county, who have reason to know that he is an admirable officer and a courteous gentleman, and, also, that he will discharge the duties of Prothonotary with fidelity. Vote for Barron, and his majority will be so large that his opponent will never be heard of.

TO THE Register and Recorder's office JAMES M. COVER will bring the business experience that has marked him as a successful merchant and an enterprising citizen. His career has been one that eminently qualifies him to perform the duties of that office, and his majority should be second to none on the ticket.

THE polling of Chicago by means of postal cards, the project of the Chicago Record, shows that McKinley stands about three to one for Bryan. As the registered vote for Chicago is about 325,000, it is easy to see how much majority McKinley will have in that city if the ratio keeps up and the voters vote the same way on election day.

R. J. BOWMAN and JEREMIAH RHOADS, the nominees for Auditor, are among the most highly esteemed residents of the county. Both are careful, painstaking and properly exacting in private life, and they will closely scrutinize the affairs of the county with an eye single to the protection of the rights of the tax payers. They will be triumphantly elected.

HON. W. H. SANNER and HON. W. H. MILLER, the nominees for Assembly, have both had previous experience in the halls of legislation, and will be able to advance the interests of their county better than inexperienced men. They will see to it that no legislation adverse to the interests of the tax payers of this section of the State is passed. Give them every Republican vote.

WILLIAM W. WINTERS will make a prudent, safe and honest County Treasurer, and he will be as obliging to the patrons of that highly important office as he has always been to his hosts of friends. Mr. Winters is a man of strict integrity and flawless private character, and his elevation to the Treasurer's office will emphasize the high regard his neighbors have always had for him as a man and a citizen.

THE Union veterans, Generals Sigel, Sickles, Alger, Howard, Stewart and Corporal Tanner are doing telling work for Major McKinley and the Republican party. Its effects are being felt by the opposition, and "Coin" Harvey is endeavoring to counteract their work by such epithets as "They are old wrecks of the rebellion who have lost all their patriotism." But their late comrades in arms have a different idea of these fine old men who have put the nation's honor and integrity above all else in the present contest, and "Coin" Harvey's abuse will prove a boomerang.

SECRETARY MORTON says, in speaking of what he calls the "Bryan Democrats:" "The finance which they teach is entirely Confederate fiat. In the Southern Confederacy the same leaders who are now in command of the picket guards for free silver at 16 to 1 were leading financiers. And Harris, Pugh, Morgan and the other Confederate Generals now in command of the Bryan campaign seem to desire to accomplish by false finance that which they failed to bring about by arms—national dishonor and disgrace."

AS A matter of course, the Populist Berlin Record commends the action of Messrs. Kooser, Hicks and Thropp in preventing the Republicans of this important Congressional district from having a regularly nominated candidate for Congress to vote for at the coming election. The Record hopes to see McNamara, who stands squarely upon the Popocratic platform, and who has declared himself in favor of free trade, free silver, repudiation and anarchy, represent this strong Republican district during the first two years of McKinley's administration. But the Record does not voice Republican sentiment, and when it tries to relieve from responsibility gentlemen whose personal ambition permitted them to jeopardize the election of a Republican Congressman, it is simply shooting in the air.

GEORGE F. KIMMEL and GABRIEL Good, the Republican nominees for County Commissioner, are recognized wherever known as two of the most prudent and successful farmers in Somerset county. The former has had previous experience in the Commissioners' office, and the latter will bring with him that ripe experience that has caused him to be singled out by his neighbors for positions of trust. The office of Commissioner is perhaps the most important to the tax payers of any of the County offices, and men like Messrs. Kimmel and Good, who have been eminently successful in the conduct of their private and public affairs, will look after the duties of that office with an eye to rigid and wise economy. Kimmel and Good will receive every Republican vote, and their majority will, in all probability, be a mark for future aspirants for public offices.

THE Philadelphia Record (Dem.) says: Mr. Bryan has no reason to be proud of his own political family. When he comes to survey his cabinet of jewels in the United States Senate he finds in it Gorman, Daniel, Jones, Allen, Peffer, Faulkner and others who voted for the resolution of 1894 commending President Cleveland for his promptness in suppressing the Chicago riot, and who are now supporting the Chicago platform, which denounces the President for this same act. He will find also Tillman, the South Carolina secessionist; Morgan, the Alabama Jingo, whose nostrils breathe fire and destruction to the hated Britons; Stewart, the Populist of Nevada, who advocated the gold standard until the fall in the price of silver made free coinage profitable; and Teller, the attorney of the Rocky Mountain bonanza miners.

Next come Altgeld, the sympathizer with riot and anarchy; Debs the organizer of warfare upon interstate commerce; Weaver, the ancient Greenbacker; Boies, of Iowa, who wants free silver in order to pay his farm hands cheap money; Herr Most, the propagandist of anarchy; "Bloody Bridles" Waite, of Colorado, and General Coxey, of the tramp army, with his Adjutant General, Carl Browne, preparing for a new march upon the capital. The list is not quite exhausted. Behind these follows a crowd of mountebanks, fanatics, dynamiters, regenerators of society, demagogues of Cheap Money and preachers of sedition, with all the other cankers of a calm world and long peace. But what a government of the Republic would not these materials make, with Bryan at the head of them

FOR the first time in its history the HERALD is without the name of a candidate for Congress at the head of its columns two weeks prior to a Congressional election, and, for the first time since its formation, the Republicans of the Twentieth Congressional district have been practically disfranchised, so far as voting for a regularly nominated Republican candidate is concerned, and will be compelled to vote an emasculated ticket on November 3d. The responsibility for this unprecedented and calamitous state of affairs rests with a few individuals who, by their almost criminal greed and selfishness, their willingness to subordinate party and country to personal gain and personal ambition, brought it about. That their constituents will call them sternly to account for their betrayal of confidence, their neglect of duty, their reckless and shameless trifling with their most sacred privileges, goes without saying. But, of this we will speak more fully at some other time. It would be a horrible criminality if this staunch Republican district, with its stupendous manufacturing industries, should, at this time of all others, be lost to the party whose principles represent its every interest, and whose success at the polls will bring prosperity, contentment and happiness to its people, and should be represented in the Federal Congress by the candidate of the party of free trade, free silver, repudiation and dishonor. And this will most likely come to pass if the present suicidal intention of both Messrs. Josiah D. Hicks and Joseph E. Thropp to remain on the ticket "by nomination papers" is persisted in to the end. With one of them on the ticket, McNamara may be defeated; with both of them on, he can not be. One or the other should withdraw, if the district is to be saved, and that right speedily. After the tickets are printed it may be too late. The friends of both aspirants should urge, insist, demand, that the question as to who shall withdraw and who shall remain on the ticket be left to some person or body to decide, and the decree should be quickly made, and final. The chairmen of the County committees of the four counties in the district, the members of the State committee of the district, or the Executive committee of the State committee—either would be a suitable body to which to submit the question. But, no matter to whom, let the question be submitted; then, by a united effort, the one remaining on the ticket can be elected, and the threatened disgrace and dishonor to the district be averted. If Mr. Hicks and Mr. Thropp refuse to submit the question in some such manner as above indicated, then they forfeit all claims to party support, and deserve to be overwhelmingly defeated, though every true Republican in the district will be forced to participate in their disgrace and shame.

Carlisle To Workingmen.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 16.—The Wage Earners' Patriotic League of Maryland, to the number of 200, called on Secretary Carlisle to-day, at the Treasury Department, to invite him to address them in Baltimore, Md., at his convenience. H. K. L. Johnson, the leader of the delegation, made an address, in which he said they were Cleveland and Carlisle Democrats, who proposed to vote for McKinley, as the representative of honest money.

Secretary Carlisle mounted a chair, and as he did so someone in the crowd called out: "Tell the truth." He promptly answered: "I will try to do so."

ARE PRESENT WAGES TOO GOOD.

Then he said: "I am very sorry that it is not in my power to comply with the request you have come here to make. If there is a laboring man in the United States who really believes that the money he is now receiving for his wages is too good for him; that it is buying too much food, too much clothing for himself and family, or that it is paying the rent for a better house than he and his family ought to live in, it is his duty to vote for free silver, at the ratio of 16 to 1. (Cheers.)

"On the other hand, every man in the United States, whether he works for wages or not, who waits to preserve the value of what he has already accumulated, and to insure the value of what he may hereafter receive, ought to vote against the free and unlimited coinage of silver and for the maintenance of a sound and stable currency in this country. (Applause.)

SILVER CLAMOR NOT HONEST.

"The very people who are now most clamorous for the free coinage of silver would be the first to protest against it and to demand legislation to prohibit it in all cases where such legislation is not already existing. (Applause.)

"The laboring men have their fate in their own hands. They have the power to protect their wages against depreciation and to protect their country against financial disturbance and ruin, and if they are as intelligent and patriotic as I believe them to be they will so exercise their power that no reckless agitator will hereafter dare to approach them in behalf of his wild and revolutionary scheme of finance and civil government.' (Prolonged applause.)

McKinley's Success Admitted.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 17.—The Republican National Committee to-day issued an elaborate statement, taking as a basis the table given out this week by the Democratic Congressional Committee, which showed the number of Representatives they expect to elect, and deducing from that table the claim that the Democrats thus admit the election of McKinley.

This statement is made: "It goes without saying that a party which admits that it can not elect more than one-third to one-sixth of the members of Congress from any given State has no expectation of carrying that State for the Presidential nominee. Usually candidates for Congress poll a larger number of votes than the Presidential candidate, since every man has his personal friends to whom he can appeal for the certain support which they would not give for party reasons."

The Republican Committee then goes on to give a list of States which the Democratic Congressional Committee claims only part of the Representatives, and shows that those States give a total number of 230 Presidential electors, 14 short of the number necessary to elect.

STATES CERTAIN FOR MCKINLEY.

The Republican managers follow with a list of the States not included as mentioned, which "they are absolutely confident of carrying," as follows:

California, Indiana, Kentucky, Kansas, Maryland, Minnesota, Nebraska, the Dakotas, Washington, West Virginia and Wyoming, giving 92 additional electoral votes for McKinley, or 302 altogether.

Chairman Hanna and his colleagues also give the following States which they believe they stand a "more than even chance" of carrying: Idaho, Louisiana, Missouri, Montana, North Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, and Virginia, a total of 81 electoral votes. The remaining 61 electoral votes are classed as "probably Democratic."

The Ravin' of Bryan.

Once upon a midnight dreary, as I pondered, weak and weary, in a state of August stupor on my quiet chamber floor; while I drowsed there, on the night air, came a voice from out the Somewhere, penetrating, silence-breaking, shaking all my chamber floor. 'Twas The Bryan, William Bryan, shaking thus my chamber floor—talking, talking evermore.

"Bryan," said I, quite emphatic, "Populist or Democratic, whether Fate or silver miners sent thee to my chamber floor dost thou think that I am daunted, at thy red flag, ever flaunted, o'er this land by silver haunted? Tell me truly, I implore—is there money in it for you? Tell me—tell me, I implore."

"Bryan," said I, "Thing of talking, who through East and West is stalking—by the rhetoric that thou lovest, by the talk thou dost adore—tell this land with parties laden if within that distant Aidenn which you promise us, prosperity, like silver, is galore—will our money be more plenty—do we work eight hours or twenty—tell us, Bryan, William Bryan—will our hard times then be o'er?" Did he answer? Nevermore.

And the Bryan never weary, through the day and darkness dreary, still is talking, talking nonsense never nation heard before; pours his fallacies outflowing as he travels eastward going, o'er the waste of Western prairies to the wave-washed Jersey shore in a grand triumphal progress to the open White House door. Will he enter? Nevermore.

Outlook in Virginia.

NEW YORK, Oct., 15.—John S. Wise, formerly of Virginia, who has been making a campaign tour in that State, while at Republican headquarters to-day said: "So far as the actual vote is concerned we shall undoubtedly carry Virginia, but whether that vote will be counted as cast is another matter. I have intimate knowledge of the sentiment of Virginia people and I have never known anything like the condition there now. The Democratic party is split over the money question, but aside from that it has been steadily losing ground for years.

"Cleveland carried the State over Blaine by 2000 or 3000 only. Then, in the Harrison campaign Cleveland had only about 1500. How can a party stand that percentage of loss, in addition to the sound money defection of this fall and hope to win?"

"I am an old soldier of the Rebellion. A year ago I was in bed all winter with chronic rheumatism. Three doctors failed to give me relief. Two bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters put me on my feet. It is worth its weight in gold." W. B. Knapp, Litchfield, Hillsdale county, Mich.

CONFEREE SYSTEM.

Judge Simonton Hands Down an Important Decision—His Suggestions.

Judge Simonton, Thursday, handed down an opinion declaring invalid the certificates of nomination of Senator William B. Meredith and W. H. Ritter, the contesting Republican candidates for Senator in the Armstrong-Butler district.

In this case Jere B. Rex, a representative of the State Committee, participated in the conference, and voted for Meredith. Ritter was nominated by the three Butler conferees, which the Court decides were a minority of the conference.

The Court takes the stand that "there is nothing in the case that would warrant a decision that Mr. Rex was a legal member. It is not claimed or pretended that there is any written rule which authorized the State Central Committee or its chairman to appoint him a member. But it is argued that there was a custom which authorized it and a necessity which warranted it. * * * We can not find a custom in the evidence. * * * There can be no doubt that some remedy for the existing state of affairs ought speedily to be sought and applied. The machinery at present in use for making Congressional and Senatorial nominations has in many cases broken down completely when set in motion. The influence of local and county pride and jealousy tends strongly to prevent agreement. And the evils of the system are greatly aggravated by the rule which authorizes candidates to select the conferees. Naturally they select their personal friends, and they, after being selected, consider themselves the agents and representatives of the candidates who select them, rather than of the party. In consequence of this their minds are not open to impartial consideration of the merits and availability of the respective candidates or to impartially weighing the interests of the party to which they belong.

It is not for us to prescribe a remedy for the difficulty. We can only emphasize the fact of its existence, which has been pressed upon our attention in these contests over nominations. But we venture to express the hope that the organizations, whatever they may be, which have authority so to do, may revise the rules of the respective parties so as to insure that after reasonable discussion of the merits and test of the strength of the several candidates nomination may be assured. It is probably too much to expect that the smaller counties may agree on any method of nominating which would tend to lessen their relative weight in a conference, and it would therefore seem advisable for the representatives of the respective parties assembled in State Convention to make the necessary changes in the party rules."

REED'S WIT AND SARCASM.

A Theological Tenet Not Applicable to Business Affairs—The Creditor and the Debtor.

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—Speaker Reed this afternoon addressed an audience that filled the Auditorium from bottom to top. The aisles were jammed full of people unable to get seats, and outside the theater was another crowd clamoring for admission. Mr. Reed was greeted with loud applause and cheers several times repeated, one enthusiast shouting, "Do you think there's a quorum present?" which was greeted with general laughter, Mr. Reed said in part:

"It is proposed to change the currency of this country—not to change it a little, but to change it seriously. It is claimed this change will be for the country's benefit. But, singularly enough the gentlemen who propose the change never say how it will benefit the country. They only say 'we believe so and so will happen.' 'We believe' is a very good foundation for theology. It is very well when we are not going to test it till the next world. But in the world of business 'we believe' is worth nothing. If there is a man in this audience who has been lucky enough to have owed a debt ever since 'the crime of 1873' I would like to see him. Does he intend to take advantage of the whole of the depreciation of silver since that time, or only a quarter of that time, if he has owed a debt for a quarter of that time? The fact is that the average debt is of less than three years' standing. I presume that some of you gentlemen in this audience have $10. Probably several of you have $10. Now, suppose a man should come to you to borrow that $10 and you knew he would do his utmost to pay you back with $5. What what you do? You will be apt to charge 50 per cent. for risk and about 10 per cent. for incidentals and lend him $5, taking his note for $10. (Great Applause.) Of course you would have to lend it to him. Now, do you think that the foreigner has less sense than you? Do you think that the man who has $100 has less sense than you?

"Gentlemen of the West, I am glad to see by your aptitude that you are going to allow us of the East to agree with you on the subject of finance. This world is good for nothing except when on the up grade. Let the people put down those men who are making language and put up the men who are making progress."

Gives McKinley 302 Votes.

CANTON, O., Oct. 16.—Joseph P. Smith, ex-State Librarian of Ohio, a personal friend of Major McKinley and closely connected with the campaign work, this evening made a statement on the outlook in which he claims an overwhelming victory. He says: "On August 19 I gave to a representative of the press, at his earnest solicitation, a prognostication of the result of the Presidential election. In this I said I believed that McKinley and Hobart would carry at least twenty-eight States and receive fully 302 electoral votes and a majority of the popular vote. This opinion I still confidently adhere to.

"In my judgment, the Republican candidates will receive the electoral vote of the three Pacific States, California, Oregon and Washington, and also Wyoming. They will carry the three Southern States of Maryland, West Virginia and Kentucky, and have more than an even chance in Missouri. They will carry the six New England States and the four Middle States, New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware, by overwhelming majorities. They will receive the electoral votes of North Dakota, South Dakota, Minnesota, Nebraska, Iowa, Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Michigan and Wisconsin.

"This prognostication is the result of the most careful inquiry of the men whose source of information and judgment are most to be relied upon in the management of the Republican campaign. I would not at all be surprised to see McKinley and Hobart receive a million plurality in the four great States of the Union—New York, Pennsylvania, Illinois and Ohio."

A Female Bandit.

The death of Helen Forsland, once a female bandit, but afterward converted and a member of the Salvation Army, has occasioned a great deal of regret throughout the West. She died at Butte, Montana, on Monday.

Passing under the name of Kate Evans, she was one of the most famous characters that ever terrorized the West, and was implicated in stage robberies in Idaho, Oregon, Washington, Montana, and California. She went for many years attired in man's clothing, with her hair cut short. Her sweetheart sacrificed himself for her, and is now serving a life sentence in the San Quentin prison because of his devotion. She was touched by his faithfulness and began to muse on the step which he had taken for her sake. While thus meditating she was in the prison at Butte, and was converted by a Salvationist and joined the army and for several years lived a life of honor and piety.

Truly truth is often stranger than fiction, and the life, conversion and death of this woman is a remarkable illustration of that saying.

Wonderful Helen Kellar.

Helen Kellar has scored another triumph. Without sight, hearing, smell or taste, this 16-year-old girl has succeeded, by her marvelous sense of touch, in mastering English, French, and German, and has just passed the examination necessary to enter Radcliffe college, the women's annex to Harvard university. While the questions were being read to her she rested a finger on the lip of the questioner. Then she turned quickly to a typewriter, and in a trice transferred her thoughts to paper in neat typography and marvelously correct English, finishing each paper within the specified time allowed to her more fortunate brothers and sisters.

This wonderful girl is the daughter of a Confederate officer, who was later a United States Marshal of Alabama. She was born July 27, 1880. When eighteen months old disease stripped her of all her senses, but that of touch, and until she was seven years old no attempt was made to educate her scientifically, deeming it impossible to force light into her dark mind through the one source left to her.

In 1887, however, Helen was brought up from her Alabama home to Boston and placed in the Perkins School for the Blind, where she was confided to the loving care of Miss Sullivan, one of the teachers.

Miss Sullivan devoted her life to the development of this poor little unfortunate, deaf, dumb, blind and without the capacity to scent the fragrance of the flowers or taste the strongest flavors.

Now Helen can talk distinctly, uttering whatever word she pleases. Her printed articles are charming, her language being as clear as spring water.

Miss Kellar is physically beautiful, almost spirituelle. Her eyes, unlike most sightless eyes, are blue and bright, and give no visible token of their blindness. Her complexion is pink and white and very clear; her lips are sensitive and delicately moulded, and her pretty face is framed in a wealth of soft, brown hair, curling naturally above a well-shaped head on her shoulders.

Wheat Goes Up! Silver Goes Down!

It is one of Bryan's stock statements on the stump that with free coinage of silver would come a rise in the price of the white metal and a corresponding increase in the price of wheat. The ounce of pure silver that is now worth 66 cents, he maintains, will take on a value of $1.29 and, therefore, wheat will reach that price. Should there be, he argues, no advance in the price of silver there will be no increase in the price of wheat. In other words, one controls the other.

What are the facts? Within the past week wheat has jumped 7½c a bushel in price and since the first of September nearly 20 cents. Last Monday wheat sold in Chicago, which is naturally the grain selling center of this country, for 69 cents per bushel. When the wheat market closed on Saturday wheat sold for 70½ cents per bushel (and at San Francisco for 84 cents), and the dispatches state that there is a prospect of still further advance this week, all of which is good news to the farmer who has wheat to sell.

But has silver taken a jump in price in proportion to wheat? It has not. On Saturday bar silver was quoted in New York at 66 cents per ounce, or 10½ cents less than the price of a bushel of wheat. Silver did not jump with wheat. The Mexican dollar was quoted in New York on Saturday at 50½ cents. The Mexican dollar is 25 cents shy of the price of a bushel of wheat, and has more silver in it than the American dollar.

A dispatch from Chicago says:

"In produce it would be impossible to calculate in dollars the value to the country at large of the recent advances in cereals. Corn has gained 5 cents—equal to $100,000,000 on the crop; wheat has advanced 14 cents—equal to $50,000,000; oats gained 4 cents, equal to $25,000,000.

Died, Saw Heaven and Died Again.

HINDMAN, Ky., Oct. 16.—Mrs. Rinda Riche a month ago was laid out for dead. The attending physician saw signs of life and resuscitated her.

She told her friends that she would die one month from the time they had thought her dead at first. Her prediction proved true. During the month she prayed most of the time and stated that while she was laid out she had been in heaven.

The Game Laws.

Under the new laws of Pennsylvania the season allowed for killing ruffled grouse commonly called pheasants or prairie chickens began October 1 and will continue until January 1.

Woodcock, July 4 to January 1; quail or Virginia partridges, November 1 to December 15; rail bird or reed bird, September 1 to December 1; elk, wild deer or antelope, October 1 to December 16; gray, black or fox squirrel, September 1 to January 1; hare, commonly called rabbit, November 1 to January 1; wild turkey, October 15 to January 1; upland or grass plover, July 15 to January 1; sea salmon, April 1 to August 1; speckled trout, April 15 to July 15; lake trout, January 1 to September 30; German carp, September 1 to May 1; black bass, green bass, yellow bass, willow bass, rock bass, Lake Erie or grass bass, May 30 to January 1; pike or pickerel, June 1 to January 1; Susquehanna salmon, May 30 to January 1; shad, December 31 to June 30.

REV. T. DEWITT TALMAGE

In one of his wonderful sermons very truthfully said, "My brother, your trouble is not with the heart; it is a gastric disorder or a rebellious liver. It is not sin that blots out your hope of heaven, but bile that not only yellows your eyeballs and furs your tongue and makes your head ache but swoops upon your soul in dejection and forebodings,"—and

Talmage is right! All this trouble can be removed! You can be cured!

How? By using

Kidney's Safe Cure

We can give you incontrovertible proof from men and women, former sufferers,

But to-day well, and stay so.

There is no doubt of this. Twenty years experience proves our words true.

Write to-day for free treatment blank. Kidney's Safe Cure Co., Rochester, N.Y.

Newest Styles in Dress Goods.

Ladies, you will agree with those who have already seen my DRESS GOODS stock, that it is the largest and handsomest ever seen in Somerset. Here you will find the New Styles of this season. Every lady wishes to see the most fashionable dress goods before making a selection. Dozens of new novelty styles. Trimmings to suit.

MRS. A. E. UHL.

The Poor Boys Get to the Top.

New York Times.

The hollowness of Bryan's talk about the down-trodden masses is well illustrated by the history of several natives of Jefferson county, this State, who have risen from what are termed humble beginnings to positions of wealth, honor, and high public esteem. Mentioning some of them, the Watertown Times says that the fact was brought out forcibly by ex-Gov. Flower and others who participated in the public reception to Daniel G. Griffin, on his return home, after his nomination for Governor by the National Democratic State convention. "Ex-Gov. Flower, Judge O'Brien, Wilbur F. Porter, Daniel G. Griffin," says the Times, in fact, every man who has attained prominence in public life, success in business or professional life in this locality, has worked his way up from lowly beginnings and found no obstacles placed in his way." This is not the country in which to talk about classes and masses.

$40,000,000 For the Farmers.

From the New York Tribune, Oct. 15.

On Tuesday the closing price for October winter wheat was 74.87 cents, a rise since July 1 of 13½ cents, and in some of the options the rise has been even greater. Yesterday a sharp decline occurred with speculative realizing, but was at once followed by as sharp a recovery, and the price closed at 74.75 cents. This advance of nearly 24 cents in the cash price of wheat has been closely followed at Chicago, where wheat is now selling at about 70 cents. Nor have the farmers to bear higher rail rates than were paid in summer. In brief, reckoning only about 300,000,000 bushels as the quantity sold for distant shipment, the rise has been worth about $40,000,000 to the farmers, which is more than the entire value of a year's output of silver.

Farmers Not Fools.

Chicago Chronicle.

The gang of professional office hunters who have espoused the damnable cause of repudiation in the hope of getting votes will soon learn that farmers are not fools any more than they are scoundrels. They will learn that farmers know a thing or two about price lists, as well as about the eighth commandment, and the general tenor of the moral law.

John and Milton Cunningham, of Clarksburg, Indiana county, have been arrested for non-support. The information is made by their father under the act of 1895. The accused indicate their willingness to provide for their father but object to maintaining their step-mother. The act of assembly referred to compels children, able to do so, to support their parents, when the latter are destitute and unable to support themselves. No specific reference is made in the law to step-parents and the result of this case will be awaited with considerable interest.

"Saved My Life"

A VETERAN'S STORY.

"Several years ago, while in Fort Snelling, Minn., I caught a severe cold, attended with a terrible cough, that allowed me no rest day or night. The doctors after exhausting their remedies, pronounced my case hopeless, saying they could do no more for me. At this time a bottle of

AYER'S

Cherry Pectoral was sent to me by a friend who urged me to take it, which I did, and soon after I was greatly relieved, and in a short time was completely cured. I have never had much of a cough since that time, and I firmly believe Ayer's Cherry Pectoral saved my life."—W. H. WARD, 8 Quimby Av., Lowell, Mass.

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral

Highest Awards at World's Fair.

AYER'S PILLS cure Indigestion and Headache

Remember that we are Headquarters for Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Slippers and everything in the shoe line—from the smallest article up to the largest—all of the reliable, never-rip, water-tight sort—at the lowest prices.

OUR MOTTO:—

PERFECT

FITTING SHOES

—AT—

PERFECT

FITTING PRICES.

REPAIRING A SPECIALTY

George P. Stein & Co.,

706 Main Cross St.,

SOMERSET. PA.

Park Institute.

NO. 204 NORTH AVE., ALLEGHENY.

Good Place to Fit For College or Business.

Send For Descriptive Catalogue.

FURNITURE!

Our Stock Is Large.

A thing to be considered

In buying Furniture.

PRICE is generally held to be of the first importance. It should be the last. If you buy for quality you pay accordingly. If you buy for price you get what you pay for.

Chamber Suits, Solid Oak and Cherry, containing six pieces,	$25, $30, $35.
Antique Oak Suits,	$16, $18, $20.
Parlor Suits,	$20, $25, $30.
Sideboards, Solid Oak,	$10, $12, $14.

Chairs, Beds, Springs, Mattresses and all other kinds of Furniture at lowest price.

FIGURE : : : : :

Covers a multitude of sins, but it isn't necessary to hav the undesirable features to secure figure. Establish in your mind the detail of grades, then you are ready for price.

C. H. Coffroth,

606 Main Cross Street, SOMERSET, PA

Some Lincoln Ideas.

"What is the true condition of the laborer?" the President asked in an address at New Haven. "I take it that it is the best for all to leave each man free to acquire property as fast as he can. Some will get wealthy. I don't believe in a law to prevent a man from getting rich; it would do more harm than good. So while we do not propose any war upon capital, we do wish to allow the humblest man an equal chance to get rich with everybody else. When one starts poor, as most of us do in the race of life, free society is such that he knows he can better his condition. He knows that there is no fixed condition of labor for his whole life. I am not ashamed to confess that 25 years ago I was a hired laborer, mauling rails, at work on a flat-boat—just what might happen to any poor man's son. I want every man to have the chance—and I believe the black man is entitled to it—in which he can better his condition—when he may look forward and hope to be a hired laborer this year and the next, work for himself afterward and finally to hire men to work for him. This is the true system.

"Up here in New England you have a soil that scarcely sprouts black-eyed beans, and yet where will you find wealthy men so wealthy and poverty so rarely in extremity? There is not another such place on earth! I desire that if you get too thick here and find it hard to better your condition on this soil, you may have a chance to strike and go somewhere else, where you may not be degraded nor have your family corrupted by forced rivalry with negro slaves. I want you to have a clean bed and no snakes in it! Then you can better your condition, and so it may go on and on in one ceaseless round as long as man exists on the face of the earth.

More

Medicinal value in a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla than in any other preparation.

More skill is required, more care taken, more expense incurred in its manufacture. It costs the proprietor and the dealer

More but it costs the consumer *less*, as he gets more doses for his money.

More curative power is secured by its peculiar combination, proportion and process, which makes it peculiar to itself.

More people are employed and more space occupied in its Laboratory than any other.

More wonderful cures effected and more testimonials received than by any other.

More sales and more increase year by year are reported by druggists.

More people are taking Hood's Sarsaparilla today than any other, and more are taking it today than ever before.

More and STILL MORE reasons might be given why you should take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills and Sick Headache. 25 cents.

B. & B.

Your self interest

—when rightly considered—never fails to put you in the way of gain—that is, to decide whether doing this or that will pay best—whether buying there or here will get you the nice choice Dry Goods at the least prices. You'd naturally expect us to say this was the best store to buy at, but when we gather together such large collections of

fine dress goods, silks and cold weather wraps

as you'll find here this 1896—and submit them all to your self interest for consideration, and only expect your business when you're satisfied you'll actually save money by buying here, you'll soon be convinced that there's an unusual earnestness about merchandising at this store that's bound to interest you—that business is sought not by talk, argument or big store statistics, but by the fairest test, as concerns your self interest, that's possible—and what's more, we're not seeking it that way in vain, as the business doing here and now and the goods and prices with which we're after more, will abundantly prove.

And now, this Dry Goods buying time of the year, there's not a thing in this store but what it's to your personal concern to find out about and test as to advantage at the prices.

Hundreds of styles

American dress goods 15c to 45c a yard.

More fine Novelty Woolens at 50c, 75c, 85c, $1.00 than we ever had—and that's the kind most people are buying—widths range from 42 to 54 inches.

Samples of any of these, or of new Black Goods or Silks, sent free if you ask.

The new Catalogue is ready—goes free also—will tell about the

winter wraps

—hardly a kind of garment for ladies misses or children but what's here—the best of the kind to be had—and all bought well and sold at fair small profit prices that are convincing.

BOGGS & BUHL.

Allegheny, Pa.

It is a Great Comfort TO A TIDY HOUSEKEEPER TO HAVE A GOOD STOVE.

THE Cinderella Air Tight

In one of the most perfect heating stoves, the household use, ever placed upon the market. All the latest and best ideas are incorporated into its construction. Every feature to promote durability, cleanliness and economy has been well planned and worked out.

Produces the Greatest Heat From the Least Fuel

The cold air is drawn from the floor, and discharged through the sides and top, thoroughly heated. This method of circulation

PREVENTS COLD FLOORS

And establishes that much desired uniform temperature in all parts of the room.

Will Burn Any Kind of Coal! Will Keep Fire Twenty-four Hours! Can be Used as a Single or Double Heater! All the Good Points—None of the Errors!

EXAMINE THE CINDERELLA BEFORE YOU BUY

JAMES B. HOLDERBAUM, Somerset, Pa.

1847. 1896.

Get it at Benford's

Old Reliable Pharmacy,

YOUR CHOICE OF PURE DRUGS, CHEMICALS AND TOILET ARTICLES.

When you have a Cough or Cold Use TRADE ONE MINUTE COUGH CURE cures quickly. That is what it was made for. Prompt, safe, sure, quick relief, quick cure. Pleasant to take. Children like it and adults like it. Mothers buy it for their children.

When you are suffering from a Severe Pain use De Witt's COLIC & CHOLERA CURE. Pleasant to take, safe to use, relieves pain instantly, reliable, safe, sure, speedy. It cures Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Summer Complaint, Cholera Infantum, Bowel Complaints of all Kinds. Never fails, leaves the system in natural condition, stops severe griping pains, suits all cases.

Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., makers of De Witt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills.

Fine Cigars of Imported and Domestic Brands.

Pure Wines and Liquors for medical purposes only.