Is it Constitutional.

No law passed in recent years by the legislature of this state has caused more confusion than the one enacted last year which provided for the election of constables at the election just held in all townships, boroughs and wards in the state. The act was called "An act to correct the ambiguity as to the beginning of the terms of office" of constables. Instead of doing away with ambiguity, the act went far to create more and confuse every one who tried to study it out.

In the first place, the question arose as to whether, under it, a high constable as well as a constable, should be elected in every borough, or only in boroughs that are divided into wards. This question was decided, and the law was accepted to mean that a high constable and a borough constable should be elected in every borough. Nominations were made in this way and the tickets in this county were printed and constables elected in accordance with this view. A new question has now been brought up regarding the law, and it is as to its constitutionality. It is claimed that, as the constitution of Pennsylvania prohibits the passage of any law which shall diminish the salary of an officer after his election, the law providing for the election of constables in all districts this year is unconstitutional. The claim is that the law cuts short the terms of many constables, some being elected only last year and many the year before, and therefore diminishes their emoluments. What will be the outcome of this development regarding the new law will be of interest in every township and borough in the state.

The matter has already been brought to the attention of a court for a decision, an action having been brought in a Pittsburg court to determine whether constables elected under the law should be commissioned. The matter is before Judge Ewing, and his decision will be looked for with interest. If it should be decided that the law is unconstitutional, it will throw out of office all the constables elected at the last election, except perhaps those elected in districts where an election would have been held anyhow, on account of the expiration of the three-year term of the elected officer's predecessor.

The Stubborn Jurer.

The Maysville "*Public Ledger*" prints this story, told by an old citizen, as illustrating that the one stubborn juryman may sometimes be right and his 11 colleagues wrong: "In the poor house in Scott county there were two blind men, both of whom had beautiful wives. They kept the neighborhood in a perfect uproar. A party determined to break it up after trying fair means. They went one night, the snow a foot deep, and took the doors and windows and piled them together and burned them up; also stoned the houses, and ran the inmates upstairs. The consequence was several persons were arrested, among them a Methodist preacher—one of the best men that ever mounted a pulpit. He wore an overcoat with five capes, and a broad brimmed hat with a round top, and there was not one like it in the county. Well, a jury was summoned. I was too young, but they sent for me to be one of the jury. All proved an alibi except the parson, and the women knew him by his hat and coat. There were 11 for finding him guilty and one man hung the jury. The squires made us come the next morning, and kept us all that day and then dismissed us, saying it was a shame—as plain a case as that ought to be decided in two minutes. The fact was, I wore the parson's hat and coat that night myself; and that jury would have been hanging yet before I would have seen him hurt."

Women as Cattle Raisers.

Forty young women who went to No Man's Land, now Beaver county, Oklahoma, two years ago to teach school, have organized the Panhandle Cattle Company, and will hereafter devote half of their incomes to the raising of cattle for the Eastern market. Capt. Smartwood, who arrived here to-night from Beaver City, says about a dozen of these young women met in that place Saturday and entered into articles of agreement. Thirty-five of these young women have taken claims on the Beaver River and will cultivate them this year. They receive $80 a month for teaching, the terms of school being six months. The aggregate amount of these salaries is $7,200, one-half of which is to be annually invested in range cattle. Capt. Smartwood says all the women of the county are going into the scheme to test the ability of women to handle this line of business. The promoters have agreed not to marry for five years.

Solomon's Wisdom Wanted.

A very interesting will case is puzzling judicial authorities at Magdeburg, Germany. About a year ago a wealthy bachelor married, and since he became ill, he made a will dividing his fortune of 3,000,000 marks in the following way: An increase in the family being expected, he decided that if a boy was born two-thirds of the fortune was to be kept in trust for the child, while one-third would go to the mother; but, if a girl was to issue, one-third was to be held in trust for the girl, while the two-thirds would be the mother's share in that case. The man died soon after, his will being admitted to probate. About three weeks ago his wife gave birth to—twins, a boy and girl. Now the Court and the lawyers are at loggerheads how the fortune is to be divided; whether all is to go to the children and nothing to the mother, or all to the mother and nothing to be kept in trust for the children.

TAX one who achieves, creates, builds, is the true workingman, not the one who does the routine labor.—Century.

A Miner's Experience.

A Hardy Welsh Miner of Dravosburg Tells a Story of Deep Interest to All.

Across the river from McKeesport is the little town of Dravosburg. Its residents are mostly miners, hardy men who work in the coal pits nearby. Many of them are Welshmen, and such is Mr. Roger Edmunds, a well-known man throughout the valley. When Mr. Edmunds became afflicted with a back trouble that made him practically a cripple his case commanded the attention and sympathy of his numerous friends; but those days are past and gone, the miner once more can do a miner's work; and 'tis the cause of this wondrous change that Mr. Edmunds speaks of here. We will let him tell it as he did to our representative. He says:

"For two years or more I have been a cripple from my back. It would be an impossibility to describe the tortures I have suffered during that time. I could not rise from a chair without aid; required assistance to sit down. I am a coal miner, and I have often crawled to the pit in the morning, so bad was my condition, and be forced to return home again unable to do anything. Sometimes I was so bad I have loaded wagons on my knees, utterly unable to stand up. I tried everything for a cure of my trouble, and exhausted every means that I knew of, but medicine seemed to have lost its virtue so far as I was concerned. I doctored until I finally gave up in despair, completely disgusted, and doubting the existence of a cure for my case, and believing there was no help for me. Some time ago my wife got at the drug store of J. C. Smith, McKeesport, a box of Doan's Kidney Pills, persuading me to try them. I took them to please her, never expecting to be a well man again. I felt better after the third dose. I used three boxes in all, and I am now as strong and supple a man as I ever was. For two years I could only load one wagon a day; at the pit now I frequently load five. My back is strong once more, and my cure nothing short of a miracle. Doan's Kidney Pills have been a blessing to me. I shall never be without them in the house."

For sale by all dealers—price, 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Pain often concentrates all its Misery in **RHEUMATISM**

Use at once **ST. JACOBS OIL** If you want to feel it concentrate its healing in a cure.

Pennsylvania's Schools.

The annual report of the Superintendent of Public Instruction shows that last year in this State there was a total of $19,506.40 paid to institute lecturers; $4,-295.40 paid for hall rental for institute purposes; $3,262.35 for printing, and $9,-282.35 for miscellaneous items; the total institute expenditures were $54,307.50 and there is a State deficit of $407.34 in certain counties, while the other counties hold a balance of $7,924.86 as an institute surplus. There were in the State last year 96 teachers who had no previous experience; 2,-563 who had taught 5 or more schools; 1,-041 who held provisional certificates; 1,-265 who held professional certificates; 1,-347 who held permanent certificates; 795 who had graduated at some normal school of this State; 296 undergraduates of State normal schools; 2,715 who were educated entirely in the Pennsylvania public schools; 326 educated in seminaries or academies; 147 who were college graduates Four thousand two hundred and eighty schools were visited by the State Superintendent; 69 only he was unable to inspect; the total number of school visits made by the State Superintendent was 43,558; 4,273 schools were inspected by directors; 22,470 children were not enrolled, 438 between the ages of 6 and 16; there are 15 colleges in the State; 199 academies and seminaries, and 29,054 pupils enrolled in these latter. There are 25,348 school houses in the State, with a seating capacity of 214,474.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale at J. N. Snyder's drug store, Somerset, Pa., or at Brallier's drug store Berlin, Pa.

Mrs. Hannah Jones, a colored woman, died at Cumberland, Md., Friday morning, aged one hundred years. Her death breaks a link to what was known as the "century couple," as the husband of the deceased woman is still living, and is one hundred years old also. This aged couple have been living together eighty years, and were perhaps the only couple in the United States where both husband and wife had lived to score the century mark. They were brought up in slavery, The couple had often seen Henry Clay, John C. Calhoun, and other celebrities.

All last winter Mr. Geo. A. Mills, of Lebanon, Conn., was badly afflicted with rheumatism. At times it was so severe that he could not stand up straight, but was drawn over on one side. "I tried different remedies without receiving relief," he says, "until about six months ago I bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. After using it for three days my rheumatism was gone and has not returned since. For sale by Benford's Pharmacy.

Governor Hastings announces the appointment of Charles B. McMichael, as Judge of common pleas court, No. 2, to succeed Henry Reed, deceased. Judge McMichael makes the nineteenth judge appointed by Governor Hastings during the thirteen months he has had held office. Seven of these were superior court judges, eleven common pleas judges and one an orphans' court judge. During the last four years ex-Governor Pattison was in office he appointed only one judge in Philadelphia, Judge Jenkins, and he was defeated in the election.

Simon S. Hartman, of Tunnelton West Va., has been subject to attack of colic about once a year, and would have to call a doctor and then suffer for about twelve hours as much as some do when they die. He was taken recently just the same as at other times, and concluded to try Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. He says: "I took one dose of t and it gave me relief in five minutes. That is more than any thing else has ever done for me." For sale by Benford's Pharmacy.

Oliver H. Shearer has died like a patriot in Cuba. He was the son of Aaron F. Shearer, and is the first Berks Countian to shed his blood for Cuban independence. Some months ago the young man, who was 23 years old, left his home and went to Troy, Ohio, where he enlisted in a company of filibusters commanded by Captain Cepero. On February 3, during an engagement with the Spaniards, the gallant young man was killed.

For earache, put a couple of drops of Thomas' Eclectric Oil on a bit of cotton and place it in the ear. The pain will stop in a few moments. Simple enough, isn't it?

Sheep Claims Disputed.

Messrs. D. W. and J. R. Steele, sons of Hiram Steele, a wealthy farmer, of Allegheny township, Westmoreland county, were summoned before the board of county auditors, at Greensburg, Thursday, to explain the large amounts of money they have been collecting from the county for sheep killed by dogs. Their claims during 1894 and 1895 aggregate over $1,000, and gross irregularities in the papers filed are charged. The auditors claim that the papers are forgeries, and that the young men never owned sheep enough to cover one-third the amount they claim to have had killed. The Steeles claim that they have dealt extensively in sheep and that the neighbors are jealous of their success. The investigation will be resumed during the present week, when the Steeles propose to establish the validity of their claims.

Iron ran into a well at the Kemble Iron Furnaces, at Riddlesburg, Bedford County, at noon Friday, and twenty tons of molten metal exploded. The hoisting towers and stock houses were destroyed. The loss is $20,000; insured. Two men on the tower escaped by sliding seventy feet down gas pipes. Three hundred men are idle.

Not to be Trifled With.

(From Cincinnati Gazette.)

Will people never learn that a "cold" is an accident to be dreaded, and that when it occurs treatment should be promptly applied? There is no knowing where the trouble will end; and while complete recovery is the rule, the exceptions are terribly frequent, and thousands upon thousands of fatal illnesses occur every year ushered in by a little injudicious exposure and seemingly trifling symptoms. Beyond this, there are to-day countless invalids who can trace their complaints to "colds," which at the time of occurrence gave no concern, and were therefore neglected. When troubled with a cold use Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is prompt and effectual. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by Benford's Pharmacy.

Consciousness is the window through which we see God.

Matter is a condensation of mind into visible shape, as water is of invisible gases.

Spare the rod and the child both, and neither one will be spoiled.

The Insult Was Wired.

A telegraph operator on one of the morning papers recently told me a good story of how he got rid of a too frequent visitor, whose nightly calls during business hours had come to be a nuisance. The intruder was also an operator, but was temporarily out of a job. One evening he came in as usual and planted himself in a chair. Receiving no answers to his questions, he lapsed into silence and listened to the steady click of the instrument. Suddenly a look of disgust crossed his face. He arose, glared at the operator, who kept on writing, turned on his heel and walked out. This happened a week ago, and he has not called since. What was the cause of his sudden departure? That is easily answered. In response to a previous request the operator at the other end of the line sent this message: "Is that idiot with you again tonight?"—*Syracuse Post.*

The Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat

Are delicate organs, and a mistake or short delay often ruins your chance. Experience in their treatment is more trustworthy than theory. Consult Dr. Sadler, 804 Penn avenue, Pittsburg, Pa., whom you all know or have heard of, at the same office for 21 years, and who has treated more than 21,000 cases of every kind and degree with better results than any man in Pittsburg. After examination he tells you the truth in all its bearings so you know what is best to do. His charges are moderate and he makes special terms with those unable to meet the usual expense. A *personal examination* is necessary in *every* case for reliable advice. The worst case of crooked eyes can be straightened. When all others fail, he succeeds in adjusting glasses that give satisfaction. Mr. W. R. Depp, Punxsutawney, had paralysis of one eye, and crossed, for two years. The doctor perfectly cured him by operation. Mrs. John Dowd, Charleroi, Pa.—severe pain in ear—heard watch on pressure—now well and hears watch 10 inches. Mrs. H. D. Darter, Fee, Pa.—from grippe and measles could only hear watch on touch—with roarings. Now hears it 8 to 9 inches.

Cures, absolute, permanent cures have given Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world and the first place among medicines.

Embarrassing For The Stammerer.

I was on a visit to a country rectory in Sussex, when a gentleman called whose name is familiar to many of the clergy, a most courteous and agreeable man, but who is troubled with a painful impediment in his speech, which soon makes one forget the defective utterance. But this forbearance was found impossible to a fine Newfoundland dog, lying extended on the rug during the afternoon tea, apparently listening with surprise and annoyance to a strange language, of which he could not understand the meaning. Under an irresistible impulse, at length he jumped up with eyes full of anger barking furiously in our friend's face, whose composure, however, was not disturbed for a moment. Clearly it appears that our four-footed companions not only like to listen to our conversation, but demand that our utterance should be clear and distinct, such as a dog of average capacity may understand.—*London Speaker.*

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE POOR

—AND OF—

The House of Employment

—OF—

Somerset County, Pennsylvania,

—TO THE—

Court and Grand Jury for the Year Ending Dec. 31, 1895.

In compliance with the Sixth section of the Act of Assembly approved the 15th day of April, 1835, providing for the erection of a "House of Employment and Support of the Poor of said County," the undersigned Directors herewith respectfully submit and lay before you, their report for the year ending December 31, 1895, showing the number and sex of all persons maintained and employed in said House of Employment and supported or assisted elsewhere, as well as the names of those who have died at said House of Employment during the year, and the children by them influenced, with the names of their masters, their occupations and callings.

We also herewith submit an account of all sales, donations, devises and bequests, and moneys received by or for them.

In addition to the information required by the Act of Assembly, the Board of Directors herewith furnish, under suitable headings, the names of those who have been assisted elsewhere, and also the children who were maintained in private families under the Act of Assembly approved 10th June, 1885, and the amounts paid for their maintenance. Also, the names of all persons removed to other institutions for medical treatment and teaching.

We also submit an account of the repairs made, description of buildings erected during the year, condition of farms, products of the same, materials made and manufactured, improvements made or added, together with a history of the House of Employment, as well as all other items which may be of interest to the County, Grand Jury and the public.

All of which is respectfully submitted and certified this 28 day of January, A. D. 1896.

Attest: JOSIAH D. WENGLE, Clerk. J. P. WEIMER, JACOB MCGREGOR, WILLIAM DULL, Directors of the Poor.

In submitting this our annual report of the Poor and House of Employment of Somerset County, we are reminded that this marks the 40th milestone of the existence of the best, if not the first, institution in the county.

We may view with pride and satisfaction the work of the Directors of the Poor, of the many persons it has relieved, the great number it has given a comfortable home, fed and cared for, nursed them in sickness and rendered the last sad rites of lying them away to their long and eternal sleep; the orphan children that have been placed in good homes and schools, and the number—more sorely afflicted than all others—placed in hospitals for the cure and restoration of the mind, are the results flowing from the organization and fostering of the County Home by our generous and bountiful charities. How to feed the poor is a problem very easy of solution, but how to elevate the classes beyond dependency; how to stay the tide of pauperism; how to most humanely and economically provide for them, still keeping in view their restoration to higher walks in life, are indeed grave questions and have puzzled the wise and good of all ages.

The problem may never be solved, and the question never answered, but to the most superficial observer it is apparent, that notwithstanding the low conditions and needs of the human family our homes, our charitable institutions, asylums and hospitals in the last decade have been greatly elevated in character and the condition of their inmates measurably improved. The influence of the Directors of the Poor associated together, as well as kindred influences, have so shaped public opinion, moulded legislation, shattered prejudice and enlightened public conscience, that the relief afforded to poverty, suffering and want, was never so systematic, rational and effective as to-day. Every day in our county, as well as throughout the State, we see the evidences of the labor of the Directors of the Poor and the results accomplished for the amelioration, elevation and restoration to manhood and womanhood of that unfortunate class of citizens who have resting upon them the terrible burden of inherited debased character and lazy.

The general agent of the Board of Public Charities has on more than one occasion said that Somerset county has made more progress in regard to the care of her poor and unfortunate, has more comforts in the Home, the inmates better cared for and maintained, and the Home better managed and kept in order, with less expense than any other county in the State. By a careful comparison this statement will be corroborated. Our Home is one that all can be proud of. It never was in better condition, or so well arranged and adapted for the purpose as now. Much of this is due to the Association of the Directors of the Poor and Charities of Pennsylvania. No one has ever attended these meetings without being greatly benefited. It has given us a more perfect and systematic method in dealing with our charities. It has been the means of cultivating a more liberal growth of sympathy and humanity in the administration, and has educated the public mind to a much broader philanthropy. It has taught the true meaning of charity, and our duty, with a humane sympathy for all human suffering, and the true needs of the poor and distressed; and it is hoped that for our best efforts in doing the best we could, we may have your approval.

FARM—The farm is still being improved and every year the increase of products is evidence of it. Last year was raised 1,300 bushels of oats off of 22 acres, 1,400 and more bushels of corn from 12 acres, and other grain in proportion, which will compare well with any other farm in the county.

BUILDINGS—The buildings are a credit to the county and are almost an ideal of comfort. All are in good repair and condition. During the year a new addition was built to the main brick building for a sitting-room and hospital for men, the old one having been condemned by the grand jury, the Board of Public Charities and the public. The buildings are fitted with all the modern improvements and is well and substantially built, at a very moderate cost. It is a credit to the county, convenient and comfortable, and is greatly appreciated by the inmates.

INMATES—During the year there was an average of 76 inmates in the Home. ——admitted during the year, of which 5 were removed to the hospital to be treated for the worst of all maladies—the disease of the mind. Many were old, some sorely afflicted. There were no contagious diseases at the Home, and no other sickness than the ordinary diseases subject to old age.

CHILDREN—All children admitted to the Home were placed in good, comfortable homes, some by the Children's Aid Society, and none were in the Home that were sound in mind and body, over sixty days, as the law requires.

OUT-DOOR RELIEF—The question of out-door relief is one of the most annoying and troublesome questions that confront us. Human ingenuity has been more taxed in its endeavor to improve the condition of the poor than in any other direction. Our best thinkers and opinions from those who have had long experience in the care of the poor, are that all relief outside of the almshouse is to be deprecated.

The classes who think and read but little are not easily convinced that the money entrusted to the Directors of the poor is not intended to be used for private charity—they do not stop to think that the laws of the taxpayer must be guarded as faithfully as the interests of the pauper. Mankind should be taught that at their birth work was born with them; that hard work alone with health is but resistless influence toward happiness and prosperity, and that enjoyment stops where indolence begins. Idleness and ignorance go hand in hand, and sooner or later will lead to the almshouse or prison.

Prof. A. G. Warner, in his book on American Charities, says: "I have never heard of any well-authenticated instance where outdoor relief was stopped, when the population of the public charitable institutions subsequently decreased, but it was found apparently that out-door relief educates more people for the almshouse than it keeps out of it, and that therefore it is neither economical nor kindly."

Out-door relief is discretionary with the Directors of the Poor, whether to give relief or not, but in no instance are they permitted to to give as much relief as that for which they can be maintained at the Home. Out-door relief should only be given for the immediate relief of those who meet with accident, sickness or misfortune. It is not understood that any one should become permanent pensioners on the county.

In many instances the temporary relief granted is a blessing and is the means to the parties to whom it is granted over the misfortunes that may have befallen them, while in many instances, where parties are receiving permanent out-door relief, it is more detrimental than good, and only makes them more dependent. Besides, when relief is permanently granted to parties, when they become sick and helpless, enormous bills have been incurred for waiting upon them, medical attendance and burial expenses &c., which could be obviated to a degree were they at the Home.

While those asking relief, especially in cases of aged persons, could be better maintained and have more comfort, at the Home than at their own homes, and helpless, enormous bills have been incurred for waiting upon them, medical attendance and burial expenses &c., which could be obviated to a degree were they at the Home.

DEATHS—There were 10 deaths at the Home during the year; most of them were old and death was a relief. The death rate at the Home is not any greater than the death rate in the community. The dead are all decently interred. Rev. Welch officiating at all except two that were removed from the Home by friends.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES—Were held at least once each month and were greatly appreciated by all who were able to attend. The Chaplain on all occasions visited those who were sick in the various wards in the Home and held a service of song and prayer with each.

In conclusion we would say we do not claim perfection in all the departments of the Poor House, yet we believe the management is still improving. The new Steward and Matron are doing all in their power to maintain the standing and reputation the House has made. Their work and kindly ministrations to the sick should be appreciated by the public.

Thanks of the of the public are due Mr. J. D. Wengle, the clerk of the Director, for the faithful performance of duty and the interest he manifested in the Home.

There were many visitors to the Home during the year; many prominent citizens, and their criticism were very favorable to the Home.

A cordial invitation is extended to all citizens to visit the Home and any suggestion made for the better management of the Home will be appreciated.

SCHEDULE A

List of inmates maintained and employed by the directors of the poor during the year 1895.

Name, Age, and When Admitted.

Emanuel Albright 53 Feb 21 1868.
Edward Berks 9 Oct 11 1894 discharged March 11 1895.
Sherman Berks 5 Oct 11 1894 discharged March 11 1895.
David Burnworth 56 Feb 12 1895 discharged March 17 1895.
John Berryman 29 Feb 21 1895 sent to Mercy Hospital April 21 1895 readmitted June 16 1895.
George Bowers 44 April 15 1895 eloped April 22 1895.
William Bossey 27 Aug 7 1895 discharged Aug 12 1895.
John Bailey 45 April 16 1895 eloped July 23 1895.
Carl Beres 23 Oct 24 1895.
Jacob Conrad 61 Feb 1 1877.
Alex Conrad 9 mo Aug 9 1878.
Milton Cross 33 Oct 13 1878.
Adam Custer 56 Dec 31 1878.
John Cassey 47 Dec 29 1894 discharged March 22 1895.
E R Cramer 75 Jan 1 1895 discharged March 22 1895 readmitted June 24 1895.
John Fisher 67 Nov 20 1875.
George Gnagey 45 May 7 1892.
Robert Good 9 April 2 1894 indentured to Henry Fisher April 22 1895.
Patrick Gallagher 55 Aug 19 1895 died Aug 19 1895.
Earl Good 8 Oct 7 1895 Nov 11 placed by C A S with David Lambert.
Urish Hook 27 June 12 1895.
William Hessong 73 June 2 1895 discharged Aug 5 1895.
Michael Holshu 81 June 26 1895 died Dec 6 1895.
Walter Hoby 79 July 30 1895.
Thomas Homy 55 Oct 17 1895.
Samuel Jones 75 June 25 1895.
William Johnson 73 Oct 25 1895.
John D Jones 72 April 10 1895 eloped June 24 1895.
Carl H Johnson 19 Oct 22 1895.
James K Kisner 41 Sept 1 1880.
Theodore Knable 34 April 1 1880.
Henry Koontz 49 Feb 4 1890.
Henry Keister 37 July 25 1891.
Andrew Kelley 46 Dec 31 1895.
Adam Kauffman 61 Feb 1 1895 eloped March 4 1895.
Theodore Kimmel 63 Nov 6 1895.
Samuel Keyser 10 Feb 22 1894.
Hiram Kimberly 61 June 1 1894.
Adam Kauffman 61 Oct 24 1894.
Henry Lephart 71 Dec 24 1888 died Oct 19 1895.
William Luke 45 April 2 1895 discharged April 3 1895.
Thomas Lee 49 April 13 1895 discharged Sept 8 1895.
Mitchell McClintock 72 July 3 1895 died May 4 1895.
Patrick McCarthy 34 Jan 12 1880.
Christian Mease 70 June 16 1874.
Cyrus Reese 55 Feb 10 1883.
John Messerbaugh 46 Oct 7 1889.
William Miller 18 Oct 22 1892.
Daniel McGowan 19 April 12 1895 eloped June 9 1895.
Frank J Meyers 33 April 13 1895 taken to Dixmont April 15 1895.
John Mercer 45 Oct 11 1895 discharged Oct 25 1895.
William Nelson 41 Oct 23 1891 discharged March 11 1895.
Harvey Patton 38 May 27 1876.
Webster Piper 4 Aug 19 1895 Nov 2 placed in charge of Children's Aid Society.
George Rook 45 March 15 1885.
George Ryan 43 July 25 1887 discharged 2 April 1895.
Frederick Suder 78 April 4 1882.
Levin Swartzendruber 29 Dec 21 1881.
William Sweitzer 32 Jan 29 1878.
John Sweitzer 45 April 20 1878.
Eugene Skeiff 38 Sept 16 1889.
Hiram Snyder 44 Oct 3 1895.
Daniel Shanlis 75 Oct 28 1895 died Oct 30 1895.
Clarence Staub 18 May 8 1894.
George Sweitzer 65 Jan 3 1895 eloped Jan 15 1895.
Michael Smith 78 Feb 21 1895.
John E Tressler 31 Nov 7 1888.
Joseph Thomas 27 Dec 17 1894.
Abraham Thomas 52 May 4 1895 discharged Aug 4 1895.
George Thomas 6 May 4 1895 discharged June 2 1895.
Francis Thomas 2 May 4 1895 discharged June 2 1895.
Robert Van Meter 52 June 12 1889.
Zachariah Vaunatta 88 April 5 1895.
John P Walker 33 May 5 1893.
Charles Witzenmeyer 65 Jan 5 1895 eloped July 15 1895.
John White Feb 13 1895 discharged March 17 1895.
John Woy 55 June 23 1895 taken to Dixmont Hospital June 24 1895.
Joseph Ware 45 April 16 1895 eloped May 23 1895.
W L Wentworth 50 May 22 1895.
Ludwig Young 68 May 1 1893.
George Zimmerman 72 May 17 1892 died March 15 1895.
Frank Zimmerman 61 Feb 15 1895 discharged April 19 1895.

SCHEDULE A—Females.

Name, Age, and when admitted,

Balinda Bittner 42 March 17 1881 discharged.
Balinda Barclay 32 Aug 17 1891.
Alice Burks 8 Oct 12 1891 discharged March 10 1895.
Florence Burks 8 Oct 11 1891 discharged March 10 1895.
Annie Bailey 10 April 29 1895 in care of Children's Aid Society and with R S McMillen.
Elizabeth Custer 62 Dec 31 1877.
Mary Custer 60 Oct 9 1882.
Harriet Connelly 62 Dec 22 1891 taken to Ladies' G A R home Feb 9 1895.
Emma Cross 22 March 22 1894.
Lizzie Custer 34 June 16 1894.
Maggie Emerick 32 April 10 1875.
Hester Friedline 72 Oct 3 1895.
Rebecca Fair 38 April 16 1877.
Annie Frue 33 Dec 30 1895.
Catharine Gaton 52 Aug 12 1895 died Dec 6 1895.
Elizabeth Gail 79 Jan 17 1895 died Oct 18 1895.
Adaline Gates 74 Sept 30 1895.
Jennie Grassner 39 Nov 5 1895.
Catharine Hause 47 Feb 7 1895.
Ettie Hufford 16 Dec 29 1894 placed in care of Children's Aid Society 28 May 1895.
Lena Keefer 30 Oct 18 1893.
Sarah Lantz 70 July 2 1853.
Judith Miller 38 May 5 1893.
Rachael Mock 90 April 16 1875.
Margaret Morrow 62 March 14 1893.
Mariah McNeil 67 Dec 30 1891.
Nancy Piper 49 Aug 19 1895 died Oct 4 1895.
Susan Rice 48 March 21 1895.
Rosa Ringler 28 Oct 13 1883.
Sarah Ringler 69 Oct 11 1893 taken to Dixmont Jan 31 1894.
Mary Rugg 9 Sept 1 1894 placed in deaf and dumb school by Children's Aid Society Sept 6 1894.
Catharine Snyder 55 July 3 1894.
Nancy Shaulis 11 Sept 1 1894 placed in deaf and dumb school by Children's Aid Society Sept 6 1894.
Susan Suhrie 36 Oct 29 1894.
Lydia Shaulis 63 Oct 30 1895 discharged Aug 1 1895.
Olevia Stull 42 June 6 1895 taken to Dixmont June 10 1895.
A Shupe 38 May 28 1895 taken to hospital June 5 1895.
Elizabeth Saylor 74 Sept 30 1895.
Susan Tressler 32 Oct 13 1879 with E E Pugh 1 Sept 1895.
Mary Thomas 31 May 4 1895 discharged May 16 1895.
Maggie Thomas 9 May 4 1895 discharged May 16 1895.
Mary Thomas 4 May 4 1895 discharged May 16 1895.
Whole number in the house during the year 125; males 82, females 43.

Total number of deaths—10.

SCHEDULE D.

Children in private families: Name, Age, When Admitted, By Who Maintained and Amount Paid.

Maggie Masters	6	Feb 1 1880	A Hoover.$
Lula S Kelly	5	April 4 1891	P W Trimpe. 39 00
Benjamin Baldwin	6	Feb 6 1892	Ezra Weighley..... 39 00
Albert Duvall	4	Nov 1 '94	Mary Griffith. 39 00
Charles Speicher	1	July 1 1894	——Pifer 4 Nov 1 1894 Matilda Pifer... 26 00

Total am't paid.....$133 00

SCHEDULE E.

Children in Feeble-minded School at Elwyn, Pa.

Name, Age, When Sent to School,			Am't Paid.
Noah Bookman,	13	June 3 1887	$20 00
Effie Bianset	19	May 5 1888	20 00
William H Saylor	16	Oct 22 1890	20 00

Total 3; amount paid.....$ 60 00

SCHEDULE F.

Children in Pennsylvania Reform School, Morganza.

Park Zimmerman 11 sent to school June 6 1894 paid by County Commissioners.

Children in Deaf and Dumb School at Edgewood, Pa.

Mary S Rugg 9 sent to school Sept 6 1894.
Nancy Shaulis 11 " " "
Placed at school by Children's Aid Society.

SCHEDULE G

List of persons at the Western Pennsylvania Hospital for treatment.

Name.	Age.	When Adm'd to P. House.	When Rem'd to Hospital.
Mary Miller	39	May 16 1893	June 21 1893
Irvin Stuffi	29	May 16 1893	May 25 1894
Caroline Wolff	41	Aug 15 1888	Aug 18 1888
George Lodig	52	Sept 6 1889	Sept 9 1889
Harry Hartzell	27	Sept 1 1891	Sept 3 1891
Sam'l Poleman	30	July 8 1892	April 25 1894
Wm Fitzgerald	49	Aug 31 1893	Sept 8 1893
Conrad Queer	28	Nov 21 1892	Mar 14 1893
Mary Saylor	47	Mon 9 1893	Jan 19 1895
John Miller	50	May 16 1893	June 6 1894
Frank J Meyers	33	April 13 1895	taken to Dixmont April 15 1895.

A cordial invitation is extended to all citizens to visit the Home and any suggestion made for the better management of the Home will be appreciated.

SCHEDULE A

List of inmates maintained and employed by the directors of the poor during the year 1895.

Name, Age, and When Admitted.

Emanuel Albright 53 Feb 21 1868.
Edward Berks 9 Oct 11 1894 discharged March 11 1895.
Sherman Berks 5 Oct 11 1894 discharged March 11 1895.
David Burnworth 56 Feb 12 1895 discharged March 17 1895.
John Berryman 29 Feb 21 1895 sent to Mercy Hospital April 21 1895 readmitted June 16 1895.
George Bowers 44 April 15 1895 eloped April 22 1895.
William Bossey 27 Aug 7 1895 discharged Aug 12 1895.
John Bailey 45 April 16 1895 eloped July 23 1895.
Carl Beres 23 Oct 24 1895.
Jacob Conrad 61 Feb 1 1877.
Alex Conrad 9 mo Aug 9 1878.
Milton Cross 33 Oct 13 1878.
Adam Custer 56 Dec 31 1878.
John Cassey 47 Dec 29 1894 discharged March 22 1895.
E R Cramer 75 Jan 1 1895 discharged March 22 1895 readmitted June 24 1895.
John Fisher 67 Nov 20 1875.
George Gnagey 45 May 7 1892.
Robert Good 9 April 2 1894 indentured to Henry Fisher April 22 1895.
Patrick Gallagher 55 Aug 19 1895 died Aug 19 1895.
Earl Good 8 Oct 7 1895 Nov 11 placed by C A S with David Lambert.
Urish Hook 27 June 12 1895.
William Hessong 73 June 2 1895 discharged Aug 5 1895.
Michael Holshu 81 June 26 1895 died Dec 6 1895.
Walter Hoby 79 July 30 1895.
Thomas Homy 55 Oct 17 1895.
Samuel Jones 75 June 25 1895.
William Johnson 73 Oct 25 1895.
John D Jones 72 April 10 1895 eloped June 24 1895.
Carl H Johnson 19 Oct 22 1895.
James K Kisner 41 Sept 1 1880.
Theodore Knable 34 April 1 1880.
Henry Koontz 49 Feb 4 1890.
Henry Keister 37 July 25 1891.
Andrew Kelley 46 Dec 31 1895.
Adam Kauffman 61 Feb 1 1895 eloped March 4 1895.
Theodore Kimmel 63 Nov 6 1895.
Samuel Keyser 10 Feb 22 1894.
Hiram Kimberly 61 June 1 1894.
Adam Kauffman 61 Oct 24 1894.
Henry Lephart 71 Dec 24 1888 died Oct 19 1895.
William Luke 45 April 2 1895 discharged April 3 1895.
Thomas Lee 49 April 13 1895 discharged Sept 8 1895.
Mitchell McClintock 72 July 3 1895 died May 4 1895.
Patrick McCarthy 34 Jan 12 1880.
Christian Mease 70 June 16 1874.
Cyrus Reese 55 Feb 10 1883.
John Messerbaugh 46 Oct 7 1889.
William Miller 18 Oct 22 1892.
Daniel McGowan 19 April 12 1895 eloped June 9 1895.
Frank J Meyers 33 April 13 1895 taken to Dixmont April 15 1895.
John Mercer 45 Oct 11 1895 discharged Oct 25 1895.
William Nelson 41 Oct 23 1891 discharged March 11 1895.
Harvey Patton 38 May 27 1876.
Webster Piper 4 Aug 19 1895 Nov 2 placed in charge of Children's Aid Society.
George Rook 45 March 15 1885.
George Ryan 43 July 25 1887 discharged 2 April 1895.
Frederick Suder 78 April 4 1882.
Levin Swartzendruber 29 Dec 21 1881.
William Sweitzer 32 Jan 29 1878.
John Sweitzer 45 April 20 1878.
Eugene Skeiff 38 Sept 16 1889.
Hiram Snyder 44 Oct 3 1895.
Daniel Shanlis 75 Oct 28 1895 died Oct 30 1895.
Clarence Staub 18 May 8 1894.
George Sweitzer 65 Jan 3 1895 eloped Jan 15 1895.
Michael Smith 78 Feb 21 1895.
John E Tressler 31 Nov 7 1888.
Joseph Thomas 27 Dec 17 1894.
Abraham Thomas 52 May 4 1895 discharged Aug 4 1895.
George Thomas 6 May 4 1895 discharged June 2 1895.
Francis Thomas 2 May 4 1895 discharged June 2 1895.
Robert Van Meter 52 June 12 1889.
Zachariah Vaunatta 88 April 5 1895.
John P Walker 33 May 5 1893.
Charles Witzenmeyer 65 Jan 5 1895 eloped July 15 1895.
John White Feb 13 1895 discharged March 17 1895.
John Woy 55 June 23 1895 taken to Dixmont Hospital June 24 1895.
Joseph Ware 45 April 16 1895 eloped May 23 1895.
W L Wentworth 50 May 22 1895.
Ludwig Young 68 May 1 1893.
George Zimmerman 72 May 17 1892 died March 15 1895.
Frank Zimmerman 61 Feb 15 1895 discharged April 19 1895.

SCHEDULE A—Females.

Name, Age, and when admitted,

Balinda Bittner 42 March 17 1881 discharged.
Balinda Barclay 32 Aug 17 1891.
Alice Burks 8 Oct 12 1891 discharged March 10 1895.
Florence Burks 8 Oct 11 1891 discharged March 10 1895.
Annie Bailey 10 April 29 1895 in care of Children's Aid Society and with R S McMillen.
Elizabeth Custer 62 Dec 31 1877.
Mary Custer 60 Oct 9 1882.
Harriet Connelly 62 Dec 22 1891 taken to Ladies' G A R home Feb 9 1895.
Emma Cross 22 March 22 1894.
Lizzie Custer 34 June 16 1894.
Maggie Emerick 32 April 10 1875.
Hester Friedline 72 Oct 3 1895.
Rebecca Fair 38 April 16 1877.
Annie Frue 33 Dec 30 1895.
Catharine Gaton 52 Aug 12 1895 died Dec 6 1895.
Elizabeth Gail 79 Jan 17 1895 died Oct 18 1895.
Adaline