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WEDNESDAY, November 13, 1896

It was a landslide in 1894, it is an earthquake in 1896, it will be a cyclone in 1898.

All that is left out of the wreck is New York City, which was recaptured by Tammany.

The reform war has swept New Jersey into the Republican ranks to stay. Welcome, strong sister.

For the first time in its history Kentucky has elected a Republican Governor. There is still talk in Ghent.

Ohio reaffirms her faith by a majority of nearly 100,000. Who now dare say that McKinley is dead, or even sleep?

Somehow, since the elections of last week, there is a growing impression that Mr. Cleveland will not serve a third term.

It was a bunch of a fight in Pennsylvania anyhow. It was done quietly and completely. For an effort of 17,000,000 will do.

New Jersey for the second time has declared her faith in Republican principles by a plurality of 57,000. She has evidently come to stay.

It is not believed that Grover shall may tear over the downfall of Hill in New York, Gorman in Maryland, and Blackburn in Kentucky.

What has become of the Democratic roosters we were wont to see after each successive election day? Have they turned into mere cackling hens?

And Maryland, My Maryland, has turned from the evil of her ways. How true that "While the lamp holds out to burn The vessel sterner may return."

Last week's elections settled the Presidential question for 1896. The only unsettled question is, which Republican candidate will be the lucky man.

The President was wise in issuing his Thanksgiving proclamation before the elections. Democratic candidates and politicians have nothing to be thankful for now.

In all the week of crash and demerol last week there was one glimmer of hope. The Tammany tiger is still alive, slinking amid the ruins, with its usual appendage between its legs.

EX-GOVERNOR CAMPBELL made a real hot campaign in Ohio and claimed to be a sure winner. He is better informed now, and not nearly so anxious to be a candidate for President next year.

THERE is not going to be any scramble for the Democratic Presidential nomination next year. The elections of last week settled that. The cuckoo who talked of a third term for Grover will now seem very small.

The farmers of the Union have had a taste of the "good old Democratic times" for the past two years in the prices for their wheat, corn, potatoes, hogs and sheep, and on Tuesday last week voted their sentiments.

TAMMANY carried the city of New York with the cry of "open more shops on Sunday," but with a Republican Governor and a Republican Legislature, there is not much chance of the Sunday laws being repealed.

The solid South is broken at last. Kentucky is Republican by 10,000 and Maryland by nearly 20,000. That of these States have elected Republican Legislatures, which insures a Republican Senator from each of them.

The Democratic journals that claim everything in sight before them, know better now, and have stated their enthusiasm. They are not even sure that McKinleyism is defunct, and Protection a myth.

On the day preceding the election the Democrats of Ohio were claiming the State, and whistling "The Campbells are coming." On the day succeeding the election it was discovered that Campbell did not come within 100,000 votes of winning.

The gain of U. S. Senators in Maryland, Ohio and Kentucky, together with two new Senators that will come from Utah, will give the Republicans control of that body. So, when the next President takes his seat he will be sustained by majorities in both houses of Congress.

The growlers and alarmists who predicted that the members of the late cabinet would feed for their gratitude against Senator Quay by casting the ticket, were slightly mistaken—only by 150,000. The smartest fellows will sometimes make mistakes. It is human nature, you know.

Of the six Democrats who made the race for the Superior Court, Judge Peter P. Smith, of Lackawanna county, won the prize by a majority of about 5,000 votes. Judge Smith is a member of the Roman Catholic Church, and it is alleged upon his election to the commission that he had a sound opposition to him on that ground. This aroused his co-religionists who made strenuous efforts to swell his vote, and to more effectually do this, all their other judicial candidates and voted "plumpers" for him, thus raising him ahead of his colleagues and securing his election.

Judge Smith is said to be a sound lawyer and trustworthy jurist.

According to the annual report of the Commissioner of Education, the number of pupils enrolled in the schools and colleges, public and private, of the United States, is more than 22 per cent of the population. The highest figures attained by any other country in recent years is a fraction within 20 per cent, and the country thus distinguished, strange to say, is Ireland. Next after Ireland come Prussia, England, Canada, Scotland, Belgium, France, Austria and Holland in the order named; and follow in those, but at a considerable distance, Spain, Italy, Mexico, Russia and Turkey. In nearly every country there is now a compulsory school law, but in none is it rigorously and successfully enforced.

The Passing of Hill.

Senator Hill's career as the master of New York State politics, it is everywhere admitted, is ended. He cannot be returned to the Senate. The overwhelming Republican majority in the State Senate will make the election of any Democrat to the United States Senate impossible. He cannot be named for the Presidency by the Democratic party, except in a spirit of indifference and desperation. His only year for recovery by 1900, majority, looks as the leader of the Democracy this year and on issues which he made and a canvass which he almost alone conducted, he will, it is thought, accept the role as a determinative so far as his own relations as leader to the Democratic party are concerned.

Brilliant as some of his earlier successes were, yet it will always be remembered that while he was a force for a few years brought the party to supremacy in New York State, it was under his leadership that it went to pieces, and as it seems now is permanently overthrown.

The Jonah of the Democracy.

The emphatic reprimand repeated on Tuesday was not solely due to a continuance of the obliquity and pigheadedness which caused the national rebuke of Mr. Cleveland in 1894, a rebuke equivalent to a declaration that, if under the Constitution the American people possessed the power, they would that moment have elected him from the post in which he had ceased to be their representative. A third reiteration of their inflexible purpose to be rid of him at the earliest possible hour, was rendered necessary by his folly in permitting a knot of parasites and cuckoos to propose a third term for the man whose second term even his countrymen were hungering to shorten.

From the instant that crazy scheme was mooted, it became impossible for the Democracy to poll its full party vote, not merely in the North, but in such Southern States as Maryland and Kentucky. From that instant it was certain that 1896, like 1894, would witness the blight of warning and of doom. What a third term for the man who had courted the wrath of the Democracy! In the name of Tuesday's indignation, the third-term project will not get a vote in the next Democratic national convention.

Democratic Harmony.

Judge Yerkes received his large vote in this city without political combinations and without his friends making any concentrated effort to vote his name, with the view of putting him ahead of his associates. The only "plumper" voting to any extent in Philadelphia was done by the organized Irish sentiment that was crystallized to support and vote for Smith's election. The pretense for this action was that the A. P. A. element would sacrifice Smith because of his Catholic faith, but the vote of this city shows that there was no national cutting of Smith by Protestant Democrats, and the injection of a religious element into the contest, so far as this city is concerned at least, rests wholly with those who organized to support Smith. It is probable that the same thing is true throughout the state, and the result, under these conditions, will not be conducive to Democratic harmony.

Harrison's Views.

General Harrison, when asked for an expression on the result of the election, replied: "Oh, I have nothing to say except that I heartily rejoice at the victory of yesterday. I am as glad as any one can be that the principles of the Republican party should meet strong and wide an endorsement from the people. The solid South, Maryland, Kentucky and Kentucky are new stars in our crown, but they are none the less welcome. I am glad that the Republicans of these states, who have so long fought the battle in vain, have now espoused a Republican cause, and that the Republican party is now in a position to govern the Nation."

Maryland's New Governor Will Have 10,000 Opponents to Fill.

Lloyd Lomax will doubtless have more patronage to bestow when he becomes Governor of Maryland two months hence than the Executive of any other State in the Union. By reason of the great negro strength in some of the counties, it has been the policy of the State to elect a Republican Governor. It is to the demoralization so induced that our present situation of defeat is in part due.

Smith Gets the Superior Court Plump.

PHILADELPHIA, November 7.—Complete returns have been received from every county in the State on the vote for superior court judges, excepting Luzerne county. Luzerne, however, had completed the count for Smith and Yerkes and the contest for the State judges for these two candidates is given below. Smith is thus elected minority representative on the superior court bench by 5,000.

Frank in Smith's Vote.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 7.—There is a strong suspicion that the vote for Judge Smith as the successful Democratic candidate for a place on the Superior Court bench may have been fraudulently padded and counted in this city. Warrants were issued on Saturday night by Judges Arnold, Gordon and Salzberger, sitting as committing magistrates, for the arrest of three election officers of a downtown ward upon the charge of making fraudulent returns. The officers were election officers, mainly Democrats, were arrested on Thursday, and warrants are out for seven others. The alleged frauds were committed in the late night of Saturday and Sunday.

McKinley Will Practice Law.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 10.—Governor and Mrs. McKinley are preparing to return to their old home at Canton, O., to occupy the same house which they moved into as bride and groom 25 years ago. In this house they will celebrate their silver wedding on January 23.

State Figures Complete.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 8.—The returns from Luzerne county were completed, and the result of the election in Pennsylvania on Tuesday is as follows: For Governor, Democrat, 258,282; Republican, 258,282; Prohibition, 45,782; Socialist, 45,782; Reformer, 45,782; Independent, 45,782; Other, 45,782.

Ask Any Woman

Who uses the Cinderella Range, will tell you that it is the best in the world. It is the only one that is so simple, so easy to use, and so economical in the use of fuel. It does its work quicker, better and with the least expense of any range upon the market.

After Election Notes.

Semi-official returns from New York give Palmer, Republican, for secretary of state, a plurality of 50,767.

So far as they have been reported Berry, Prohibition, received 115,767 and Dawson, People's, 4,817 votes for State Treasurer.

Secretary Carlisle has returned to Washington from Kentucky, where he went to vote. He declined to express an opinion of the results of the elections, either in Kentucky or elsewhere.

The returns of the vote in the Twentieth judicial district, comprised of the counties of Huntington and Mifflin, in which there was a triangular contest, give Baily, Democrat, 1,088 majority over Williamson and 415 over Culbertson.

James R. Garfield, son of the late President, was elected State Senator from the twenty-ninth and Twenty-sixth Ohio Districts by an enormous plurality. The district is normally Republican by 19,000, but he has carried it by over 14,000.

Frank Willing Latta has declared for a Philadelphia as successor to United States Senator Cameron. He said he had no personal objection, but George S. Graham, John Wanamaker, John Russell Young or Charles C. Harrison would bring credit to the office, the city and the party.

The contest over the Maryland senatorship, in place of Senator Gibson, whose term expires in 1897, promises to be exciting. Among the Republican aspirants are Gen. Felix Agnus, editor of the Baltimore American; George L. Wellington, who was chairman of the Lowmire campaign committee; Judge Louis McCaskey.

Huntingdon County, besides helping to elect a Democratic Judge on Tuesday, also chose a Democratic Sheriff—"corporal" and a Democratic Justice of the Peace. From that instant it was certain that 1896, like 1894, would witness the blight of warning and of doom. What a third term for the man who had courted the wrath of the Democracy! In the name of Tuesday's indignation, the third-term project will not get a vote in the next Democratic national convention.

The magnificent campaign which William O. Bradley has just completed, and which has made him Governor-elect of Kentucky, makes him a strong competitor for the nomination of the party at not only Kentucky but many other States think he would be a tower of strength to their next national ticket, and they will strive to see him given second place upon it.

A new ballot machine was tried for the first time in a State election at Mount Vernon, New York, Sing Sing and several other places in New York State with success. The machine is a unique contrivance of the cash register variety, that both registers and adds the vote of each candidate. Five minutes after the close of the polls the result is known to the judges and clerks, who have no adding to do or tallies to count.

James C. Matthews, colored, formerly record-keeper at Washington, under President Cleveland, is the administrator of the court of Albany N. Y., which carries with it the power of a Supreme court judge. His majority is over 2,000. He was nominated and elected on the regular Democratic ticket.

Gov. McKinley made 43 speeches in various parts of the State and the figures of Tuesday are a vindication of the claim of his friends that his loyalty was not of the perfunctory variety. A pleasing feature of the results is that the State is united behind McKinley, and will earnestly give its undivided support to Gov. McKinley in 1898. Moreover, Mr. Foraker will probably head the Ohio delegation and present Gov. McKinley's name at the Republican National convention.

Rev. Dr. Parkhurst, the reformer, jumped on Mayor Strong Friday, accusing him of being in a great measure responsible for the Tammany victory of Tuesday as a vindication of the claim of his friends that his loyalty was not of the perfunctory variety. A pleasing feature of the results is that the State is united behind McKinley, and will earnestly give its undivided support to Gov. McKinley in 1898. Moreover, Mr. Foraker will probably head the Ohio delegation and present Gov. McKinley's name at the Republican National convention.

Object is to take all the offices

that brought within a metropolitan district the entire country, and in the view of them ceasing to be political postmasters—and gaining the laurel for good behavior like all other subordinates in the classified service, while being in the classified service and having free delivery or not, will be comprehended in the annexation.

As to the remaining post offices, chiefly

in the sparsely-settled sections of the country and remote from any large post office, which would all about it. The object of the Commission, thinks that applied by an Executive order abolishing the post offices, and that it is nothing but a custom, having no statutory authority, leaving the postmasters to provide for their own support, and providing that when vacancies occur they are to be filled by the postmaster, and the majority of those having the largest business dealing with the office in question, the facts to be ascertained by post office inspectors.

Went to the Superior Court

WENTON, Kas., Nov. 10.—William Meyer, secretary of the American Biscuit Baking Association in this city, was ordered committed to jail by Judge Tucker for contempt of court last night.

Died a Deep Dark Blue.

ROCHESTER, Pa., Nov. 10.—On Monday last the 3-year-old daughter of Mrs. Adam Snyder, living a few miles from here, swallowed a large quantity of stuff used for making clothes. The dose apparently did her no harm until within a few days past, when the child began to turn blue all over her body. At first it was pale blue, then a deep sky blue, and now it is a navy blue. The doctor says she is the staff going out through her skin, and when it is all out the child will get white again.

The Clerk's Silence an Omen.

CAPE MAY, N. J., Nov. 10.—Mrs. Mary Townsend and Miss Abigail Garrison, of this city, received word this morning of the death of their brother, J. Aaron Garrison, at his home, No. 52 Cooper street, Camden. His death occurred last night, but as the telegraph office was closed no word could then be sent there. Some days ago, however, the intelligence of the death of their brother had reached the ladies' dressing room at the hotel where the married shelf of their dining room had stopped running unassistedly. Then they made the further discovery that the telegraph had ceased to beat at the post-office, and that their brother had died.

OFFICIAL RETURNS OF THE GENERAL ELECTION OF SOMERSET COUNTY, HELD NOV. 5, 1895.

Table with columns for Districts, Candidates, and Votes. Includes names like R. W. H. A. and various vote counts.

NOTE.—The Prohibition ticket received 17 votes; People's ticket 23 votes; Socialist Labor ticket 1 vote.

Postmasters to be Placed Under the Civil Service.

President Cleveland has signed the most important civil service reform order he has ever made, under which all post offices which are not now enough to a few dozen offices can be brought into the classified service, and which, in its practical operation, will enable the Postmaster General to divide the country into several general districts, so that the postmaster of each district will be the only official, high or low, in the post office of the district who will be outside the protection of a civil service law bringing seventy-five per cent of all officials of all classes into the classified service.

The civil service commissioners suggested this plan of extending civil service reform to post offices, and it was cordially adopted by the Postmaster General and the President, who were very desirous to reach this result without waiting for the legislation which Congress seemed unwilling to give to ward that end.

The order will work a revolution in the postal service, but Postmaster General Wilson proposes to apply it gradually and cautiously. This idea has been already successfully tried on a small scale at Philadelphia as well as elsewhere by means of sub-stations, but the office to be annexed to the metropolitan post office under the new plan will not be simply sub-stations and will not lose their name, and the only outward sign of a change except the improvement of the service will be that the local postmaster will lose his title and will become a subpostmaster, when he had all his employees taken into the classified service.

If it works well in Massachusetts it will be tried in Philadelphia, when all the surrounding post offices, large and small, will be brought within the direction of Postmaster General Wilson, who has brought into the classified service all stations in the Philadelphia district. All classes of post offices, whether filled by Presidential appointment, and new without the classified service, and having free delivery or not, will be comprehended in the annexation.

Work For Farmers Use.

There has been a great demand for the new Year Book of the Department of Agriculture. It is a valuable work, and is being made by Secretary Morton, who believed that a good deal of the matter usually published, such as administrative reports of chiefs of bureaus, was of little value to farmers, to whom it is chiefly read. The book is being made up of material of the kind that is of the greatest value to the farmer, and is being made up of material of the kind that is of the greatest value to the farmer, and is being made up of material of the kind that is of the greatest value to the farmer.

The Moral Lelamou Shubert recently

performed a great deed of charity, although it was not designed as a charity, but nothing more nor less than an ordinary school. It is however, a great deed of charity, and is being made up of material of the kind that is of the greatest value to the farmer, and is being made up of material of the kind that is of the greatest value to the farmer.

It was so effective in curing those

who used the medicine that they were able to get their business in a few days. It is a great deed of charity, and is being made up of material of the kind that is of the greatest value to the farmer, and is being made up of material of the kind that is of the greatest value to the farmer.

Teachers' Salary.

The Berks county teachers' institute has been discussing the question of salaries and some interesting points have been brought forward. It is a great deed of charity, and is being made up of material of the kind that is of the greatest value to the farmer, and is being made up of material of the kind that is of the greatest value to the farmer.

Jailed For Not Drinking.

WENTON, Kas., Nov. 10.—William Meyer, secretary of the American Biscuit Baking Association in this city, was ordered committed to jail by Judge Tucker for contempt of court last night.

The cause of contempt is very peculiar and is said to be the first of the kind occurring in the United States. The assistant attorney general was prosecuting a man named Heron for a violation of the four-year tenure clause, which is a provision of the Constitution. Heron's lawyers were brought into court under the search and seizure clause of the law. Expert testimony was required to prove to the jury that what seemed to be beer was in fact water. The judge ordered the court bailiff to open a bottle of beer, which was done. The judge presented the bottle to Meyer and ordered him to drink it in order to testify to the character of its contents. Meyer refused to drink the beer and the judge jailed him for contempt. Heron's lawyers were brought into court under the search and seizure clause of the law. Expert testimony was required to prove to the jury that what seemed to be beer was in fact water. The judge ordered the court bailiff to open a bottle of beer, which was done. The judge presented the bottle to Meyer and ordered him to drink it in order to testify to the character of its contents. Meyer refused to drink the beer and the judge jailed him for contempt.

Wild Man in the Mountains.

A dispatch from Greenburg shows that a wild man has been discovered on Cheat ridge, a few miles south of Bolivar. A few days ago James Shirley, while strolling along the foot of the mountains, saw a queer-looking individual rapidly climbing the mountain side, as though making an effort to run away from some one. His clothing consisted of pants torn with age and an overcoat torn almost into shreds. He was a pale, thin, old man, with a long, grizzled beard, his hair falling in tangled locks over his shoulders.

It is the opinion of some that this man is the same man who killed the famous law in Indiana nearly two years ago.

Advertisement for Mrs. A. E. Uhl, featuring a portrait of a woman and text about her products and services.

Advertisement for NEW GOODS OF ALL KINDS, featuring a list of various goods and their prices.

Advertisement for JAMES B. HOLDERBAUM, Somerset, Pa., featuring a list of goods and services.

Advertisement for THE PHILADELPHIA INQUIRER, featuring a list of goods and services.

Advertisement for Mrs. A. E. Uhl, featuring a list of goods and services.

Advertisement for THE OLDEST AND THE BEST, featuring a list of goods and services.

Advertisement for AYER'S Cherry Pectoral, featuring a list of goods and services.

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Advertisement for THE NEW CAPELLO RANGE, featuring a list of goods and services.

Advertisement for IMPURE BLOOD, featuring a list of goods and services.

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