The Somerset Herald.

EDWARD SCULL, Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY.....April 22, 1895.

DEMOCRACY, oil, and beef have all gone up—and bread is starting.

WESTMORELAND county has thirty candidates for Sheriff on the Republican side of the house.

CATTLE on hoof and dressed beef are so wide apart as to create a suspicion that they are not friendly.

THE government is now paying out only $240,000 per day more than it is taking in. This is the way Democratic reform works.

"TARIFF reform" as, undertaken by the Democratic party, has proved the most costly job ever undertaken by any party in the history of the nation.

THE Kansas City *Journal* says: "The Rock Island Railroad will this year send out to the drought districts six rain-making cars." Will they make rain?

EX-MAYOR SMITH, of Philadelphia, was last week awarded a verdict for $45,000 against the "*Times*" of that city, in a libel suit tried before Judge Gordon.

IF the present speculative prices for cattle continue for any length of time, laboring men will begin to talk of "the good old times" when they had beef for dinner every day.

SECRETARY CARLISLE, it is said, wants to go back to the senate. It would have been well for his reputation had he remained there. As secretary of the treasury he is a distinguished failure.

THE Republican party will go right along and run the government as they have for thirty years of prosperity. The people would be perfectly content with the return of the good times they enjoyed before "Cleveland and reform" got a start.

THE Bradford county Republicans have committed themselves by open resolution against any declaration in favor of free silver coinage, and have instructed their delegates to the State Convention to work and vote against the Populist financial policy.

DEMOCRATIC Senators propose to control the United States Senate by combining with the Populists. It won't matter much for the next two years. Not much in legislation can be effected while Cleveland is in the Presidential chair and armed with a veto.

SENATOR RANSOM, of North Carolina, who was appointed minister to Mexico, on the death of Minister Gray, is ineligible. The salary of minister to Mexico was increased while Mr. Ransom was a member of the senate and this fact makes his appointment illegal.

THE report made by Commissioner Miller, of the Internal Revenue Bureau, to the effect that the total gross receipts from the income tax would fall short of $15,000,000 is confirmed. The "surplus" about which Mr. Carlisle talked so glibly a few months ago has turned into a deficit of about $40,000,000.

AN Eastern Democratic organ explains that the Democratic party did not originate the income tax; they only submitted to it. In other words, it was a sop thrown to the Populist whale by Democratic fishermen, and the whale took the bait, bob, and sinker, and pulled in the fishermen in the bargain.

AT Fort Worth, Texas, Sunday, Mr. Moody made a fervent prayer for rain, and a few minutes afterwards a storm came along that lifted the roof of the auditorium and literally soaked the big audience of 8,000 people. Fortunately nobody was seriously injured. There is such a thing as overdoing the matter.

AFTER all the loud clamor of a portion of the Democratic press of the State, against Harrity's man, Robert E. Wright, he was last week elected chairman of the State Committee by a unanimous vote. This is claimed to be a cordial indorsement of the Presidents financial policy. The truth is, the fight was against "Boss" Harrity and his domineering methods, and the Boss won.

THE McCook brothers, of Ohio, won lasting fame in the civil war as "the fighting McCooks;" and none among them did more for the family renown than Major General Alexander D. McCook, who was brevetted no less than five times for gallantry, winning his first brevet at Ball Run and his last in 1865. General McCook was placed on the retired list last week, he having reached the prescribed age of 64 years.

THE law against the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine was passed at the instance of our friends the Grangers for the protection of their dairy interests. The attempt to repeal it most signally failed in the Legislature last week. Having prevented the repeal of the law, it will now be in order as it has been heretofore, for the Grangers, and other parties in interest, to fold their hands and rest content, while the law is daily violated under their eyes, and their market ruined, through competition with the bogus article. The law will not execute itself, and if farmers will not look after their own interests and see to its enforcement, they ought to quit complaining. The law is virtually a dead letter on the statute books, and will remain so, until a determined effort is made to enforce its penalties.

EVERY once in a while somebody says that the early laws of Pennsylvania made a husband, who had married a widow, responsible for her first husband's debts, and to these laws is attributed an occasional curious marriage ceremony when the widow left her residence and behind her everything with which she had been provided by the first husband and clad only in a smock was married on the highway. The Honesdale *Citizen* says that no lawyer, legal reporter, legislator or judge is on record as ever having any knowledge of any such law. Down to 1848 the husband was liable for debts contracted by the wife before marriage, but he was never liable for a previous husband's debts, and consequently there never could have been any foundation in the law for the curious marriage referred to.

Magnificent Justice.

Speaking of the Income tax law as the supreme court has left it, the Philadelphia *Inquirer* says:

If you are an investor in real estate and derive your income from the rentals you are not obliged to pay an income tax. The supreme court has declared such a tax to be unconstitutional. But if you employ a clerk or private secretary to look after your interests and think enough of him to pay him a salary of more than $4,000, his income above that sum must be taxed, for the court has declared its inability to decide whether such a tax is unconstitutional or not.

If you are an investor in state, county and municipal bonds, no matter how large your income may be, you have nothing to pay to the government. But the clerk who looks after your bonds must settle with the government for the privilege of being your employe.

This is how the income tax works in brief. What magnificent justice! What great brain power must have been expended in the supreme Court room! What sleepless nights!

Wide Wagon Tires.

The agricultural department, Washington, has issued a bulletin, compiled by Gen. Roy Stone, of Pennsylvania, special agent in charge of road inquiry, containing information concerning the use of wide tires on wagon wheels. Mr. Stone regards it of special importance in the maintenance of public highways that the vehicles used on them shall have tires of greater width than are now in general use.

Extracts from the State laws representing the width of tire to be used on vehicles are given, some of which offer a rebate of a portion of the highway tax on wagons with rims or tires not less than three and three and a half inches in width. Ohio makes it unlawful to transport over macademized, gravel or stone roads, in any vehicle having a tire of less than three inches in width, a burden of more than 2,000 pounds. Indiana has a law against hauling on a wet gravel road a load of over 2,000 pounds on a narrow tired wagon or over 2,500 pounds on a broad tired wagon. Kentucky makes a distinction in favor of broad tired wagons in fixing toll rates. The results of experiments with wide tires in various states are also given.

Meyersdale Normal School, April 30 to July 3, 1895.

Profs. B. F. Boyer and M. J. Phillips, assistants in the teachers' department. Miss Olive Hedley, Miss Byrdie Schultz and Mrs. George McCarthy, teachers of instrumental music, voice culture and painting and drawing, respectively.

J. C. SPENCER, Principal.

Meyersdale, Pa., April 10, 1895.

The Form Of Oath.

The act to amend the first section of the act of the twenty-first day of March, one thousand seven hundred and seventy-two, entitled "An act for the relief of such persons as conscientiously scruple the taking of an oath in the common form," by changing the common form thereof.

Section 1. Be it enacted, etc., That the first section of the act of the twenty-first day of March, one thousand seven hundred and seventy-two, entitled "An act for the relief of such persons as conscientiously scruple the taking of an oath in the common form," be and the same is hereby amended so that the same shall read as follows:-

All and all manner of crimes, offenses, matters, causes and things whatsoever to be inquired of, heard, tried and determined or done or performed by virtue of any law of this Commonwealth, or otherwise, shall and may be inquired of, heard, tried and determined by Judges, Aldermen, Magistrates, Justices of the Peace and such persons as may by law be appointed by the proper legal authorities, witnesses and inquest, and all other persons qualifying themselves, according to their conscientious persuasions, respectively, either by taking the solemn affirmation or any oath in the usual or common form, by laying the hand upon an open copy of the Holy Bible, or by lifting up the right hand and pronouncing or assenting to the following words: I, A. B., do swear by Almighty God, the searcher of all hearts, that I will ——, and that as I shall answer to God at the last great day. Which oath so taken by persons who conscientiously refuse to take an oath in the common form shall be deemed and taken in law to have the same effect with an oath taken in common form.

Approved the 3d day of April, A. D. 1895.

DANIEL H. HASTINGS.

Thought and Action.

Until there be correct thought there cannot be right action. Therefore, think right and buy the Cinderella Range, and right action is assured. Sold by

JAMES B. HOLDERBAUM,
Somerset, Pa.

Candidates for the Gallows.

At a farmhouse about nine miles west of Corry, Erie county, Mrs. Hanlihan, aged eighty-five years, lies at the point of death from injuries received early on Tuesday morning.

One part of the house in which she lives is occupied by a family named Calahane. Shortly after 12 o'clock Monday night three masked men entered the house and demanded her money. She protested that she had no money, whereupon the ruffians assailed her with a club and choked the poor old woman almost to death. The family in the other part of the house, who had been awakened, interposed, but they were frightened into submission. The fiends then took a lighted lamp and set her hair on fire, burning her neck, face and head in a terrible manner. One of the men also assaulted her. Meanwhile the other two searched the house until they secured $23.

While the dastardly work was progressing one of the Calahane family managed to escape and the neighborhood was soon aroused. The masked men then made their escape, firing their revolvers as they ran. The old woman was found almost dead, her hair burned from her head, her teeth knocked out, and several ribs broken. About two hours later the robbers appeared at the house of Thomas Moore, at Lelboeuf Station, and a fight ensued, in which Moore was almost killed. They secured $16 there. The whole country is up in arms, but no trace of the robbers has been found.

Baby Carriages.

The place to buy baby carriages is at Fisher's Book Store.

Moonshiners Under Ground.

In the raiding of an illicit distillery neighborhood a strange contrivance was found near Pleasant Valley church, Ga. The moonshiners had gone into the middle of a field and dug out a room about 12 feet square, set in stills and covered it over with planks and dirt, over which they had cultivated.

The mode of entrance was by a trap door, which door was concealed by rubbish and a cedar tree. They went down a ladder. In this hole in the ground they had the barrels and boxes in which the mash was made. The furnace was in one corner. The smoke stack projected only about two or three inches above the ground, having the appearance of a burning stump. Three men were arrested.

Women Lynched in Alabama.

GREENVILLE, ALA., April 22.—Three men and two women, negroes, were lynched on the Buckalow plantation, three miles from here, Saturday. The Sheriff found them hanging to trees this morning. They were accused of the murder of Watts Murphy, a young white man.

Harrisburg Letter.

HARRISBURG, PA., April 20, 1895.

In the House a resolution was agreed to that all petitions and memorials be referred to the proper committees; and yet many of them are marked "lie on table," and those that are referred to the "proper committees" never get before any committees, but are pigeonholed.

A resolution to place on the calendar the bill prohibiting railroad companies from charging more than two cents per mile for passenger fares, negatived by the Committee on Railroads, was voted down.

Upon a reconsideration of the vote by which the bill authorizing township supervisors to erect buildings for holding elections, and storing road machinery &c., was defeated on second reading.

The Farr compulsory educational bill which passed the House March 5th, has been reported from Senate committee with amendments, one of which provides for a truant room in each school house, and another changes the name of the truant officer to attendance officer, and gives him $2 per day.

The Senate defeated the bill providing for the appointment of game commissioners, which creates six new offices but gives them no compensation except traveling and contingent expenses. A motion was at once made to reconsider the vote by which the bill was killed and this being carried its further consideration was postponed for the present.

The House bill permitting cities and boroughs to appropriate money for memorial Day services has been reported from the Senate committee with an amendment to include Independence Day.

There was an exciting scene, in the House when the Muehlbronner bill providing for the unconditional repeal of the oleomargarine law came up on second reading. Owing to the confusion which prevailed the clerk could not hear the responses on the roll called and the correction of the record was the occasion of much ill feeling among members who crowded around the clerk's desk. The bill was overwhelmingly defeated—yeas 30, nays 113.

The act to restrain and regulate the sale of dairy products was fought by the Granger element in the House and the bill was indefinitely postponed by a vote of 102 to 40.

The bills preventing cruelty to animals and prescribing punishment for the same; prohibiting the sale of vinous or spirituous liquors by wholesale dealers and storekeepers in less quantities than one gallon; providing that public funds shall not be appropriated to institutions controlled wholly or in part by any sectarian society, passed second reading in the House.

The Chairman of the House Committee on Rules offered a resolution, which was unanimously agreed to, fixing Thursday, May 23d, at noon, as the hour for final adjournment of the Legislature, if the Senate concurred in the same.

In response to a resolution from the House, State Treasurer Jackson reports the following balance in the Treasury March 31st, 1895, less advances made to the Legislature, $3,284,805.59; the amount still due on account of appropriations for 1893, and which includes the common school appropriation balance for 1895 of $5,700,000 amount to $7,370,321.69. In this total sum there are appropriations to five charitable associations and to the Soldiers' Orphans' Industrial Schools, of which no part has been drawn from the Treasury, amounting to $103,509.

The estimate of the ordinary revenues of the State for the current year ending November 30th, 1895, amounts to $9,825,100. From this is to be deducted $899,571.50, transferred to the sinking fund, leaving an estimated revenue of $9,455,721.50, a total for the two years ending November 30th, 1895, of $18,911,457.

In reply to the fourth question as to the probable amount of revenue which could be derived during each of the next two years from a taxation of sixteen cents per barrel on malt liquors brewed in the State State Treasurer Jackson says:

"I desire to say I am not in possession of the data necessary to make such an estimate. The number of barrels brewed in Pennsylvania annually could probably be had from the Internal Revenue Department of the general Government."

By a resolution the "Greater Pittsburg" bill was made a special order for second reading in the House next Tuesday, and final passage, on Wednesday. Other special orders were granted as follows: increasing the salary of the Adjutant General from $3,500 to $5,000; Senate bill providing that school book shall not be changed more than once in five years; providing for the taxation of aliens; the Smith bill providing a new method for the distribution of the State school fund; and a number of others—fourteen in all—more than can be reached on the dates specified.

At a meeting of the Democratic State Committee last Wednesday, Robert E. Wright, of Allentown, was elected chairman by acclamation. Score another for Harrity. Hon. James Kerr, of Clearfield county, was the candidate of the "independent and unbossed" Democrats.

Benjamin F. Haywood, the present cashier of the Treasury under Colonel Jackson, is a prominent candidate for State Treasurer, and his nomination by the Republican convention which meets next August, seems to be almost a certainty.

Messrs. R. M. Linton of the Somerset *Democrat*, Warren Worth Bailey, of the Johnstown *Democrat*, Hon. L. D. Woodruff and F. J. O'Connor, of Johnstown were in the city during the session of the Democratic State Committee.

In the Senate the following bills, among others, passed finally; diffusing the several methods of life insurance authorized by law, and extending protection to, and punishing fraud upon foreign and domestic life, accident and casualty indemnity insurance companies; relating to the location of burial grounds by cemetery companies; extending the time for the completion of railways already chartered; authorizing the Fish Commission to appoint thirty fish wardens at $900 per annum each; to prohibit prize fighting and to regulate boxing with gloves; to provide for the punishment of bribery at nominating, primary and general elections; increasing the charge for maintenance in the Elwyn Training School for Feeble-Minded Children from $100 to $175; providing that one burial permit shall be a sufficient authority for interment in a cemetery that is partly within the limits of two or more municipalities; to compensate the members of the National Guard who contracted typhoid fever at Gettysburg encampments; (the amounts will aggregate about four thousand dollars;) requiring specifications for works to be furnished and a proper temperature maintained for employes in factories; supplement to the act relating to the competency of witnesses; regulating the hours of employment of minor children; to provide for the appointment of counsel and their compensation; declaring 2,240 pounds the legal weight of a ton of coal delivered by retail dealers; authorizing municipalities to establish and maintain public libraries; authorizing road supervisors to put up wire fences to prevent snow from drifting.

At one afternoon session of the Senate the past week, over sixty bills passed second reading.

In the House the following bills passed finally: providing compensation for Judges who shall resign their office after twenty years' consecutive service on the bench at the age of seventy; requiring tax collectors to give a numbered tax receipt; Senate bill regulating the erection of county buildings, and the bill to establish a department of charities and corrections; limiting the forfeiture of policies of life insurance companies and regulating the issuing of the same; to increase the salary of the Superintendent of Public Printing; to authorize cities, boroughs and townships of the State to appropriate money for Memorial Day exercises; authorizing and empowering trustees of State normal schools to enter into agreement with the directors in school districts so that the pupils of any school district may be instructed in State normal schools; to regulate the advertising of sales by county commissioners of lands bought of them for non-payment of taxes.

The Senate adjourned on Thursday, the House on Friday, to meet on the coming Monday.

Hypnotized Into Murder.

BALTIMORE, Md., April 20.—The question of hypnotic influence will play a prominent part in the coming trial, at Denton, of Marshall E. Price, under indictment for the murder of Sallie Dean, a thirteen-year-old school girl.

The physicians who examined the exhumed remains of the girl were unable to discover any indication of criminal assault before the murder. The authorities are accordingly at a loss for a motive for the crime.

To-day Dr. John Morris, a noted expert on insanity diseases, visited Price at the jail and had a long talk with him. To-night Dr. Morris and that he felt confident that the State would be unable to show any motive for the crime. The physician also made this remarkable statement:

"Price's belief may be the result of hallucination, but it is, nevertheless, firmly fixed in his mind. He was led to say and do the things which have laid the foundation for his indictment, by a plan conceived and executed by wills stronger than his own, and when under influences to which his physical nature was unaccustomed.

"I am inclined to think that his trial will develop some very important, not to say startling, circumstance connected with this case.

"This question of a person subjected to the domination of a stronger will believing a thing to be true which has no existence in fact is not new. The medical books are full of such cases."

Sallie Dean, a girl, was murdered on her way to school about four weeks ago at Centon, Md. Price, the village blacksmith, was arrested, after he professed to have had a remarkable dream, in which he was directed where to find the knife with which the girl had been slain.

To save him from the fury of the mob he was removed here for safety. He then made a confession, in which he implicated Grant Cockran, school teacher, but against whom there is no evidence up to this time. Cockran is generally believed to be innocent.

The Case of Rev. J. C. Wood.

PORTLAND, ORE., April 20.—The reports of Drs. A. F. Johnson, Harry Lane and A. C. Panton, the commission appointed by Judge Stevenson, of the State Circuit Court, to inquire into the mental condition of Rev. J. C. Wood, the Baptist minister, who was found guilty of holding up an East Portland bank, on the ground of insanity, has been made public. The report, after stating that the reverend gentleman was in the habit of reading dime novel literature, says:

"He is a man of 40 years of age, with the impulses and judgment of a boy of 13 to 15 years, who, with his head stuffed full of the garish fiction of dime novels, emulates the conduct of the heroic Seven Toes Peter, and sallies forth armed with a sharp caseknife to lift the caps off imaginary relekins in the persons of inoffensive small children, and the degree of his criminality at the time of the robbery is to be measured by that of the boy. He occupies the border line of mental soundness, and, conceding the commission of the robbery, the proper punishment, or rather treatment, did the law permit it, would be a long term in the Reform School."

Battle With Horse Thieves.

KINGWOOD, W. Va., April 19.—Sheriff Shaw was shot through the right lung late last night, while he and three special deputies were arresting four Brownsville, Pa., horse thieves, one mile east of here. As the sheriff's posse met the four thieves on three horses the sheriff demanded a halt and grabbed the leader's horse, and as he did so the rider shot him. Ex-Sheriff Jackson fired at the man and the ball struck a pack of cigarette photographs in his vest pocket and glanced down the rider's arm, burning it, and entered the horse's neck, killing it instantly.

All four of the horse thieves were captured, and at a preliminary hearing this afternoon were remanded to jail, failing to give a bond for $1,000. Sheriff Shaw's condition is serious.

Relics Of The Confederacy

RICHMOND, VA., April 20.—The old Jefferson Davis mansion, the White House of the Confederacy, which some time ago was turned over by the city of Richmond to the Confederate Memorial and Literary Society, is soon to be converted by them into a museum for Confederate relics. The property, until turned over to the society, was used by this city as a public school. It is now being put in thorough repair, and the ground and second floors will be made fire proof to insure the safety of the many valuable relics which it is expected will be placed in the building as soon as it is thrown open as a museum.

Died of Poison in his Pulpit.

Having taken poison in his pulpit, Rev. J. M. Jessup fell to the floor and died in spasms before his startled congregation, at Sandy Ridge, Alabama, before he had finished his sermon last Sunday.

Pastor Jessup was a venerable Primitive Baptist clergyman. An investigation as to his shocking death disclosed the fact that he had taken a lot of strychnine which he carried in his pocket on bread-crumbs to poison English sparrows that infested his yard. He was also in the habit of carrying sugar in his pockets Sundays, to clear his throat for his sermon. He took the strychnine by mistake with his sugar.

A Record-Breaking Run.

PHILADELPHIA, April 22.—The Pennsylvania railroad line to Atlantic City had a record-breaking run yesterday, made by the special newspaper train from Philadelphia. Fifty-one and a half minutes after starting the train came to a stop in Atlantic City. The actual running time was only 45½ minutes. The distance is 58 3-10 miles and the average speed was 76¼ miles per hour. This is the fastest time ever made by a railroad train for the distance. From Winslow to Absecon, 24 9-10 miles, an average speed of 83 miles an hour was made.

Poor Indeed!

The prospect of relief from drastic catharics for persons troubled with constipation is poor indeed. True they act upon the bowels, but this they do with violence, and their operation tends to weaken the intestines, and is prejudicial to the stomach. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is an effectual laxative, but it neither gripes nor unfashes. Furthermore, it promotes digestion and a regular action of the liver and the kidneys. It is an efficient barrier against and remedy for malarial complaints and rheumatism, and is of great benefit to the weak, nervous and aged. As a medicinal stimulant it cannot be surpassed. Physicians cordially recommend it, and its professional indorsement is fully borne out by popular experience. Appetite and sleep are both improved by this agreeable invigorant and alterative.

Senator Blackburn Talks

LOUISVILLE, KY., April 20.—Senator Blackburn published a long interview today, in which he threw down the gauntlet to Secretary Carlisle and the administration. Senator Blackburn unreservedly advocates the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 regardless of consequences.

Constipation is the cause of all sorts of serious disorders of the blood. Strong catharics are worse than useless. Burdock Blood Bitters is Nature's own remedy for troubles of this sort.

Items of Interest.

Ten thousand Mormons will emigrate from Utah to Chihuahua, Mex., and establish a colony.

Dr. Nansen has found the north pole, a Paris rumor has it, and nailed the Norwegian flag to it.

During a terrific wind storm at Pierceville, Kan., George Wright, a business man, was blown under a locomotive and cut to pieces.

James R. Garfield is a candidate for state senator from the Mentor district. His distinguished father started in political life as state senator from the same place.

During the month of March 17,047 immigrants came to the United States, as compared with 19,533 in March, 1894. For the nine months ending March 1894, the number was 218,721, while that for the nine months ending in March of this year was 153,177.

His imagination killed Eli Baumgardner, of West Manheim township, York County. He was suffering with the mumps, when he read in a medical journal that mumps sometimes produced insanity. This so startled Baumgardner that he soon became insane and died shortly afterward.

Reports received by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company from its representatives sent through Delaware, Maryland and the Eastern shore of Virginia to examine into and report as to the probabilities of the peach and berry crop for this season are very encouraging and in some sections the indications are that the peach crop will equal that of 1893, while increased acreage in berries will help to swell that crop.

The Japanese Legation at Washington, was officially notified Thursday morning from the Foreign Office at Tokio that a treaty of peace between Japan and China was signed at Shinoski Wednesday. This shows that the reports that the treaty was signed on Tuesday last were premature. The official dispatch received at the Legation contains the further announcement that a ratification of the treaty will be exchanged at Chee Foo within three weeks.

William N. Moore, who claims to have been stolen by a gypsy twenty-six years ago and taken to Mount Pleasant, Ohio, returned last Monday night to visit his aged mother and two sisters at Shenandoah. It is alleged that a year ago the gypsy died, leaving to Moore property worth $50,000. Moore was taken from home when 4 years old, and knew nothing of his family until his captor revealed the secret on his deathbed.

Circulars of warning have been issued by Chief Hazzen, of the United States secret service regarding the issuing of a new counterfeit five dollar treasury note of the series of 1891, several specimens of which have been detected in the south and eastern part of this state. The counterfeit is a photographic reproduction touched up with pen and ink and bears the treasury number B. 3,774,724. The counterfeit is a good one and capable of deceiving the most searching eye.

The suit of ex-Mayor Smith against the Philadelphia *Times*, for libel, terminated on Wednesday with a verdict of $45,000 for the plaintiff. The verdict is universally regarded as excessive, though the opinion prevails that a moderate amount of damages could properly have been awarded. The *Times* had published several articles calling in question the financial integrity of the ex-mayor, and this had been done in a manner indicating a considerable degree of malice. Hence the suit.

Mrs. Mary Brown, aged 91, of Knoxville, Tenn., wife of the late Joseph Brown, who served in the revolutionary war, and one of the nine widows in the United States who are drawing pensions for their husband's service in the revolution, died Tuesday. Her husband has been dead fifty-one years. They were married when she was 20 and he 80 years old. She drew her last pension of $12 on March 12.

President Cleveland Says He Can Speak for Himself.

WASHINGTON, April 22.—It is stated that Secretary Morton desires to have it understood that his utterances on finance or any other subject are inspired by no one but himself, and that in making them he gives forth his own ideas alone. The interview with the Secretary, in which he proclaimed his belief in the single gold standard, was supposed to be an echo of President Cleveland's views, but the President said this afternoon:

I am in no manner responsible for Mr. Morton's interview, and knew nothing of it until I read it in the newspapers. When I have seen fit to say anything to the people on the money question or any other subject, I have thus far found it quite easy to do so directly and on my own account.

In the fight against free silver it has been found that the impression that Secretary Morton spoke for the President was dangerous to the cause of safe currency, for which Mr. Cleveland is contesting, though he has never stated explicitly just what he means thereby. The free silver men use it as an argument to show that the President is a gold monometallist, and Secretary Morton is apprehensive of the effect of such a belief. That accounts for his denial.

Thanked by a Dead Man's Wife.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 18.—The dramatic scene of a murdered man's wife giving thanks for the conviction of his murderer, was witnessed in Judge Stein's Court to-day.

Silviero Barelli had been on trial for the killing last November of Dominic Parento. The evidence showed that the shooting occurred because Parento had thrown Barelli out of his house after the latter had struck Mrs. Parento with his fist. The jury returned a verdict of guilty to-day, recommending the death penalty.

Mrs. Parento, who had been a constant attendant of the trial, fell upon her knees and poured out a fervent prayer of thanksgiving that her husband's murderer was to meet death. She called down blessings on the heads of the jurors, and then, turning to the Judge, passionately pleaded that he would see that the sentence be carried out.

Sullivan Acted the Hero.

BOSTON, April 22.—John L. Sullivan, ex-champion pugilist, tried to save a life yesterday and in doing so was badly burned. He was staying with friends at 51 Dover street. The cook, Margaret Donnelly, set fire to her clothing while working about the kitchen stove. Her shrieks called John L. and others to the room. Sullivan looked about for something to wrap about the woman, but finding nothing he endeavored to extinguish the blaze with his hands. After unusual effort he was able to do so, but his hands and arms were very badly burned, and his face was badly scorched. Mrs. Donnelly was sent to the City hospital, where she died to-night.

Sullivan was put to bed in the house where he was staying and doctors were called to dress his wounds. It will be some days before he can get out of bed.

Big Oil Hopes Blasted.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., April 22.—The Masontown oil well has turned out a big disappointment. After reaching a depth of 2,240 feet, drilling was suspended and the well is regarded as an eight-barrel producer. The pump has been working five days and there are but 180 barrels now in the tank. This includes the flows of 140 barrels and also the surplus which had accumulated in the well.

The Forest Oil company will drill several other wells soon. One will be put down on the farm of Josiah Crow, near McClellandtown. A report was circulated that the flow of the Hoover well was 40 barrels. This is said to have been given out by scalpers, who have some territory leased on short terms and want to get rid of it.

SEED : : :
POTATOES. : :

I am now prepared to furnish, at reasonable prices, the best SEED POTATOES and SWEET CORN that the market can produce. I bought last year the highest price and best potatoes in the state of New York and tested them. They all did well, with the exception of a few kinds that could not stand the terrible drouth, which I will not put on the market. My crop was numerous last year. From 20 pounds I raised 15 bushels of Magic Murphys, an average of 45 bushels from 1 bushel. I can furnish the following kinds, all pure varieties:

Maggie Murphy; Everet; Early Pride; Keystone Favorite; American Wonder; Late King; Early Puritan; Whiter Than Snow; Early Shamrock; Early Perfection; Irish Daisy; Rose of Erin; Dakota Red; Plummer's Beauty; Heiple's Favorite; Six-Weeks' Potato.

All orders will be promptly filled by mail or express. Address all communications to THEO. HEIPLE,
Boucher, Pa.

I also sell the Geiser Engine and Thresher and Saw Mill, and am also agent for the Monumental Bronze Co., of Bridgeport, Conn.

Mrs. A. E. Uhl.

Having completed the repairs and the enlargement of

My : : Store . .

by annexing the adjoining rooms, formerly occupied by Mr. Frank Shivler, I am now fitting it up with

NEW GOODS

and will be able to much better serve my friends than heretofore.

: My Stock :
: will comprise :
: : a complete : :

Dry Goods Store,

A complete - - -
LADIES'
FURNISHING
GOODS STORE
And a complete - -
MILLINERY
STORE. - - -
Ladies' and Children's

WRAPS,

—AND—

Children's Outfit
A specialty.

Mrs.
A. E. UHL

WANTED-SALESMEN, Choice Line of Nursery Stock. We cannot make you rich in a month but can give you steady employment and will pay you well for it. Our prices correspond with the times. Write for terms and territory to

THE HAWKS NURSERY CO.,
ROCHESTER, N. Y.

The
Warm
Sun. . . .

Throws a new light on an old subject—HATS. Lots of men don't realize that they are wearing a shabby one until they come in contact with men who are wearing new ones.

The new blocks are now on sale at

Jonas L. Baer,
"The Hustler."
817 Main Cross St., - SOMERSET, PA.

: Facts About :
FURNITURE

We can inform the trade and public at large that we have come out victorious in our deal with the furniture manufacturers of Michigan. We got all we asked for in the way of bargains, consequently all we expected, what more do we want? We only want the trade to know that our line is better in every respect now than ever before and that we are going to continue selling Furniture on a very low basis.

$25 and $28.00 will buy a solid Oak Suit for the bed room, containing six pieces, made and finished in the very latest styles.

$18 and $20.00 takes from our floor a nice suit, either in Antique or Imitation Walnut finish.

$28 and $30.00 pays for a nice overstuffed or wood-frame suit for the parlor, upholstered in Brocatelle, Silk, Tapestry and Plush.

$15 and $20.00 takes one of the same style suits upholstered in Tapestry.

$1.80, $1.90, $2.00. Nice Reed Rockers—19th century finish—very ornamental for the porch.

$9 and $15.00 buys a solid Oak Sideboard.

C. H. COFFROTH,
606 Main Cross Street,
Somerset, - Pa.

Shaver
has -:-
Them.

THE NEW STYLES IN SHOES.

. . Novelties in . .
EASTER . . .
: GOODS.

OXFORDS, TANS,
PATENT LEATHERS, Etc.

NO matter what may be said about Footwear, my lines invite your attention, being based upon the tread of comfort, with qualities high and prices low, and UP-TO-DATE STYLES.

A very nice line of Ladies' Shoes in all Styles at *Lowest Prices.*

W. W. SHAVER,
(Successor to Shaver & Good.)
706 MAIN CROSS ST.,
Somerset, - - Pa.

B. & B.

Black is Fashionable,
Black is "Becoming"

and choice black Dress Fabrics never sold in this store at such rapid rate as at present.

Black Goods Items

that will pay immediate investigation:

New Black Twill Mohairs.

Elegant in appearance, right in weight; bought at a sacrifice several months ago, before it was settled that Black would be the fashionable fad as to color—44 inches wide, 50 cents a yard.

Mohair Sicilennese.

Specially adapted for suits, separate skirts or petticoats—40 inches wide, 35c; 42 inches wide, 50c and 75c; 54 inches wide, $1.00 and $1.25.

Black Figured Mohairs.

You've paid double for not nearly so good and fine goods as these—38 inches wide, 25c.

Black Crepons.

New and stylish effects, direct from Paris—75c, $1.00, $1.25 up.

Good Black Crepons, 45 cents, to finest imported at $1.00 per yard.

All-wool, neat Check Suitings, stylish mixtures—33 inches wide, 22 cents a yard.

Large assortments of stylish, up-to-date Dress Goods and Suitings at 25c, 30c, 40c and 50c, that will prove conclusively we intend making it an object to you to do your buying here.

Come, or write for samples and our new 1895 spring and summer catalogue—'twill cost you only the postal containing your request.

BOGGS & BUHL,
Allegheny, Pa.

SALESMEN WANTED ON SALARY. To sell Pennsylvania-grown Nursery Stock, which is the Best in the world. All the new specialties, as well as the standard varieties of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, Roses, etc. A fine outfit furnished and all traveling expenses paid. Can offer steady employment. Write for terms, stating age.
HOOPES BRO. & THOMAS,
Maple Avenue Nurseries, - West Chester, Pa.

STEEL ROOFING and SIDING.
(Sagendorph's Patent.)
Lightning, Fire and Storm Proof.
Send for catalogue of prices. | The Penn Iron Roofing and Corrugating Co. 1135 Phila., Pa., Sole Mfrs.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS

but ship from our factory at wholesale prices. Ship anywhere for examination; pay freight both ways if not satisfactory. 100 styles of Carriages, 10 styles of Harness. Send 4cts. for 112 page catalogue.
No. 71034 $35. ELKHART CARRIAGE AND HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. Peet, Sec'y, Elkhart, Ind.

2 Car Load Vehicles

Just arrived, the finest and most complete line of Buggies, Surreys, Phaetons, Spring Wagons, Spindle Wagons and Dog Carts. I have vehicles with springs of every description, and at prices lower than ever before heard of

Brewster Side-Bar Spring.
Coil "
Concord - - - - "
Dexter Queen - - - "
American Queen - "
Ferry Queen - - - "

And the improved End Spring, the best spring ever used on the run. A fine lot of Double and Single Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Lamps, Dusters, Whips, etc. Have a full line of

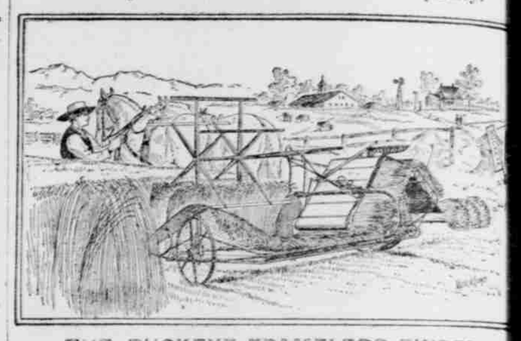
FARM WAGONS,
Heavy or Light.

Call and see the greatest display of Vehicles in Somerset County to-day at

E. L. SIMPSON'S
IMMENSE WAREROOMS,
Patriot St., - - - - Somerset, Pa.

GOOD NEWS FOR THE FARMER

Buckeye Machines the Model of Simplicity.



THE BUCKEYE FRAMELESS BINDER

Cuts a 7 foot swath if necessary; is the lightest draft; has fewer parts and will stand more service than any other make of machines.

THE BUCKEYE BANNER BINDER.

No canvas elevators on this machine. Is low down and will harvest on the steepest hillside without tipping over. Just the thing for a small farm.

THE BUCKEYE MOWER.

The latest model of these celebrated machines is admitted by all to be the most complete machine ever made. Get a Buckeye and you will have the Best. NOTICE—Aultman, Miller & Co., of Akron, Ohio, are the inventors and manufacturers of the genuine Buckeye machines. Buckeye means Ohio, and those others offered and called the Buckeye, but made in some other town and State, fool no one but themselves. If they are not the genuine.

"Golden Farmer" Self-dump Hay Rake and "Banner" Spring-tooth Harrows always on hand.

F. J. HOFFMAN, Agent, Somerset, Pa.

Binding Twine—Finest Quality Buckeye Binding Twine always on hand at lowest prices.

BEST FERTILIZERS ON EARTH!

Lake Erie Fresh Guano, the best fertilizer on earth. It contains neither "hoof or horn." I also have eight other brands of fertilizers, ranging in price from $12 to $35, constantly on hand.

F. J. HOFFMAN, Somerset, Pa.

SUGAR MAKERS SUPPLIES

WE CARRY A LARGE STOCK OF - - - -
Syrup Cans Sap Buckets, Sap Spouts, Gathering Buckets, Sugar Pans, Etc., at rock bottom prices for cash.

WE HANDLE THE BEST - - - - - -
Maple Evaporator on the Market at less than half the price asked for some others. It will pay you to get our prices before buying.

P. A. SCHELL,
Main Cross Street, - - - - - SOMERSET, PA.

Great Inducements

Goods reduced in price in every line. Dry Goods, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Lace Curtains, Ladies' Coats, &c. Now is the time to buy to save money and get something good.

JAMES QUINN,
CLINTON STREET. - - - JOHNSTOWN, PA.

YOU . . .
AND YOUR
. . . FRIENDS

Who are interested in good housekeeping should examine the Cinderella Ranges before you buy; they contain all the latest improvements, are good bakers, and perfect roasters, and are sold with that understanding. Made in all styles and sizes to meet every requirement. Quick to act—easy to bake.

THEIR CLEANLINESS LESSENS LABOR
THEIR ECONOMY SAVES MONEY.

JAMES B. HOLDERBAUM, Somerset, Pa.