The Somerset Herald.

EDWARD SCULL, Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY.....Dec. 26, 1894.

SECRETARY CARLISLE has not yet succeeded in turning loose his litter of wild-cats.

CONGRESS adjourned for the holidays, from Saturday last until Thursday of next week, January 3rd.

GOVERNOR PATTISON and other Democratic officials at Harrisburg are packing their grips preparatory to taking a walk. Adieu, gentlemen.

There are 26,231 school teachers in Pennsylvania, 8,454 males and 17,777 females. The average salaries of the male teachers per month amounts to $44.16, while the females get $33.05. The average attendance of pupils is 759,569.

IT is telegraphed from the swamps of South Carolina, where the President is gunning, that on Friday last he shot fifty ducks. We thought there were "dead ducks" enough around Washington without the President thus ruthlessly adding to the score.

WHEN Congress re-assembles after the holiday recess, it will have only two months left in which to pass the appropriation bills and transact other necessary business. The lack of time to raise Cain over the financial problem is all that will save the country from further uncertainty and distress.

IT is amusing to observe the tender solicitude for the future of Thomas B. Reed exhibited by a number of Democratic journals. They are so fearful that his Presidential prospects will be injured if he is elected speaker of the next House that they are almost hysterical. We really sympathize with their distress over the prospect of having again to submit to the "tyranny of Czar Reed" in the Speaker's chair. It is there the shoe pinches.

SOME of our able Democratic contemporaries are making touching appeals to Republican Congressmen to suppress all partisanship in the matter of "reforming" the currency, and patriotically support a measure secretly concocted by Carlisle and the Democrats on the Committee on Banking and Currency, and introduced into the House before its existence was even known to the Republicans on the committee. "Walk into my parlor," said the spider to the fly.

THE bill for the suppression of the National banks and supplying their place with State wild-cat banks, which was formulated by Secretary Carlisle, endorsed by the President, and intended to be rushed through Congress, was summarily killed in the House, last week, by Democratic hostility. A new bill of the same stripe has been introduced, which eliminates some of the worst features of the Carlisle bill, but still retains all those intended to foster wild-cat banking and overthrow the present system of National banks, under which the country has prospered for the past quarter century. We trust to see it as summarily disposed of as was its predecessor, and in the same manner.

THE Philadelphia *Times*, of Saturday last, discourses upon the subject of "State Revenues and Farmers," and its suggestions may be read with profit by the tillers of the soil throughout the State.

Says the *Times*: "Real estate is not taxed in this State for State purposes, and the report of the State Treasurer embraces no item covering a land tax, as there is no such thing, but the holders of farms and other properties who pay for the maintenance of schools, bridges, roads and like items of county control and government, will be surprised to learn that the corporations they so frequently charge with escaping tax exactions by only a nominal figure, actually paid in during the past year the handsome aggregate of $3,600,000, and in addition a tax on corporation loans amounting to $1,244,000.

"Here is a return of $4,844,000, more than half the income at the command of the State, and it should satisfy the farmers that there are burdens fully equal to those they bear and complain about having the State revenue mark. A State revenue law that will equalize taxation is part of the work before the next Legislature, and it is likely that the measure will contain a number of the features demanded by the recent State Grange Convention, but if the farmers are casting about for real relief they must attempt reform in the county government under which they are assessed.

"Unequal assessments are common. A farm in Elk county, as an example, is rated at $25 an acre, while an adjoining farm in Jefferson is valued at $80. It appears as if the State was rather guiltless of imposing unjust burdens, while the County Commissioners, who declare the mill tax rate, and the local assessors, who value the farms, are the right parties to call to account.

"The State distributed the sum of $5,769,147 among the school districts this year, an excess of $904,000 over the previous year, and there was returned to the various counties in 1893 the sum of $3,018,000 of the revenues collected from the tax on personal property, and these items alone should weigh in a remarkable degree in county expenditures."

Mr. Tilden's Prophecy.

From the N. Y. Sun, Dem.

In a conversation held some time after the civil war between Mr. Tilden and a gentleman who had been a noted citizen of a seceding state, the Southern gentleman said that the Democratic party appeared to be permanently disabled and broken down. Mr. Tilden's reply was characteristic and most interesting.

"It seems to be broken down at present," he said, "and it is broken down. Yet it will come up again, and it will once more gain control of the government. But this situation will not be permanent. In order to come into power, the Democracy must have the support and assistance of the Southern States; and that support and assistance may very soon prove to be its ruin. The Southern States will insist upon ruling the Democracy utterly, and being poor, they will try to foist into the Democratic program ideas and measures contrary to all Democratic principles. Against this the whole country will protest. The United States will never consent to be governed by the South or by such Southern ideas. The Democracy will be voted down; and then its last situation will be worse than the first."

A DELICATE POINT OF LAW.

A Matter That is Claiming Attention at Huntingdon.

A Huntingdon special says: A decision has just been rendered here by Attorney J. F. Schock, auditor appointed to distribute the funds in the hands of the sheriff arising from the sale of personal property of Henry Davis, of near Petersburg, in which a delicate legal question is involved.

Calvin Bell and McAllister Myton, both of Petersburg, were judgment creditors of Henry Davis to the extent of $1,019 and $1,426 respectively. Early last spring Davis' real estate became heavily encumbered, and in the hope that an execution against his personal property might result in the satisfaction of one claim, at least, Bell and Myton boarded the same train at Petersburg, April 24th, and came to Huntingdon. Each was aware of the other's presence on the train, and upon their arrival here it was a neck-and-neck race between the two to see which one would reach the court house first. Myton, who was 45 years old last harvest, is much the younger man, and led in the race from the start, but Bell was a good second. The latter evidently realized that he would finish in the same position, and he began the cry, "stop thief!" This was a signal for throngs of people on the street to pursue Myton.

The crowd grew to large proportions by the time Myton was within 50 yards of the court house, and "stop thief!" "catch the thief!" "arrest him!" came from hundreds of voices. Myton was very near to the entrance of the building when he was stopped at the point of a revolver by a police officer, and by the time he made satisfactory explanations and got through the crowd that surrounded him Bell was in the court house and had his execution issued.

The amount realized from the sale of the personal property of Henry Davis is a trifle less than the amount of Bell's judgment, $1,019. Whether Bell, whose execution was issued first, or Myton whose execution certainly would have taken first place had he not been intercepted in the race by the policeman because he was branded a thief, is entitled to the money, is the question.

Auditor Schock decided that Myton was entitled to the funds in the sheriff's hands, for the reason that his execution would have taken first place had it not been for Bell and others, by false appellations, having him intercepted in the race. The matter will finally be settled in court.

Dr. Sadler's Holiday Proposition to Those Blind From Cataract.

You Get Your Sight or Your Money!

In every case of Cataract he operates upon, he will restore useful sight or refund the fee, which in no case shall be greater than the usual fee of reputable oculists. In his 29 years of extensive practice at 801 Penn ave., Pittsburg, his Cataract operations have been successful above the usual average, especially in the last five years, he has not lost a single case,—every one up to 89 years of age having seen to read. He proposes to give the benefit of that skill on the above terms, to all who are ready, and make an engagement with him before Feb. 1st, 1895. If you are unacquainted with his work, send for list of names of those who have had experience, also pamphlet of information on Cataract. He is glad to have his results compared with those of others. Please send name and address of all you may know who have ataract.

A New Currency Bill.

After conferences between the Democratic members of the House Committee on Banking and Currency, and with the approval of the secretary of the treasury, Mr. Springer introduced a substitute for the Carlisle currency bill. This is substantially a new bill, although some of the sections of the original measure are retained. Two important features make their appearance in the substitute. The main one will have the effect of allowing the national banking system to run along, without an arbitrarily requirement that banks must organize under the new system. The original Carlisle bill contemplated that all national banks must reorganize under the new plan. This would have required them to surrender the government bonds which now constitute the basis of their circulation. But the substitute does away with this imperative change. If national banks wish to continue to hold their United States bonds and issue circulation thereon they may do so. It is felt that they will soon discover the advantages of the new system and will therefore adopt it voluntarily. The other feature of the substitute is that it does away with the liability of banks to guarantee the notes of all other banks. This feature of the original bill has been much criticised. It contemplated that if a national bank failed, its notes would be paid out of its assets, and the general "safety fund" made up by all the banks. But if the assets and safety fund were insufficient to pay the notes of the failed bank, then the comptroller of the currency was to make a pro rata assessment on all the banks of the country. The substitute does away with the assessment plan. The "safety fund" will be the limit of the joint liability of all the banks for the failure of individual banks.

"The Only" is King.

The Pittsburg Daily *Post* gives all the latest news of the entire world for one cent. It is in the front rank of journalism. It is pre-eminently a family paper. It devotes a department daily to women and their doings. Its markets are complete and accurate. It is admirably illustrated and the best printed. In short, it is bright, clean, newsy, and costs only one cent, and is read by many thousands of people daily.

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Grave Charges Against Schuylkill-County Poorhouse Officers.

At the call of the Ministerial Association of Pottsville, Pa., a public meeting was held in Centennial Hall yesterday afternoon, for the purpose of deciding whether there should be an investigation of the conduct of certain officials and the methods in vogue at the County Almshouse. Grave charges had been made at a meeting of the ministers last week, and several of the officials were charged with gross and immoral actions toward some of the inmates. The hall was crowded yesterday with representative taxpayers from almost every town in the county. The statement was made by one of the ministers that, according to responsible witnesses, the condition of things at the Almshouse was something horrible, and the most vile orgies had been of frequent occurrence in the past, and even during the current year. He said that $39,980 had been spent at the Almshouse during 1893, and that $30,000 had been expended for out-door relief. Thirteen hundred dollars had been paid for liquor, of which $830 worth has been consumed by the Poor Directors and other officials and their friends.

A resolution was adopted, calling on the County Auditors and District Attorney to make a full investigation.

Reduced Rates for Christmas and New Years.

The B. & O. R. R. Co. announces that excursion tickets will be sold between all stations on its lines east of the Ohio river during Christmas and New Year holidays, at reduced rates, for all trains December 22, 23, 24, 25, 29, 30, 31, and January 1, 1895, valid for return passage until January 3, 1895, inclusive.

Port Arthur's Butchery.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Dec. 22.—It appears undeniable that for the first time in the history of the war with China the Japs have exhibited a mood of sanguinary ferocity, writes the United Press correspondent at Tokio, under date of December 8.

According to the testimony of witnesses, whose credibility cannot be doubted, numbers of persons were killed in the town of Port Arthur under circumstances entirely foreign to the methods hitherto pursued by the Japanese armies. One excuse for this departure from military canons is to be found in the fact that the Japanese soldiers have been gradually shocked and infuriated beyond endurance by the savage brutality of the Chinese.

Japan set out to conduct the war in strict conformity with the highest dictates of morality. She enjoined her soldiers to abstain from all violence toward the peaceful inhabitants of invaded districts; she made arrangements to treat them exactly as she treated her own wounded; she paid for everything she took in the territory of her foe. In short, she neglected nothing that could demonstrate her rigid adherence to best codes of civilized usages.

All this was thrown away on the Chinese. They never wavered in the obedience to the bloodiest traditions of mediæval barbarism. They horribly mutilated the corpses of the dead, ruthlessly murdered the wounded, robbed, outraged and barned wherever they went, and committed other atrocities of a most heinous character.

The town of Port Arthur was occupied toward sunset. During the night the coolies, assisted by some of the soldiers, wreaked revenge upon the Chinese, not only committing violence on the combatants; but slaying even fugitives and sometimes peaceful citizens. Robbery was also perpetrated on a considerable scale, and for a time the town seems to have been delivered over to something very like sacking.

That the coolies were chiefly responsible for these atrocities is established by the fact that nearly all the dead bodies bore marks of sword cuts. It is known that during the night many of the coolies obtained access to virtually unlimited supplies of Chinese samshu, a liquor whose intoxicating effect upon the Japanese often resembles madness.

Already infuriated by a passion for vengeance and deprived of reason by the fumes of alcohol, these coolies and soldiers inflicted lasting injury on their country's reputation. Order was restored in the morning, and forthwith the kind treatment enjoined by the Japanese military regulations was extended to all the inhabitants of the place.

The Best Morning Paper.

The Pittsburg *Commercial Gazette* is attracting a great deal of attention because of the very large amount of exclusive news and special departments it is running. Its new price, 10 cents a week, or $5 a year, puts it within reach of all. Between it and the 1-cent papers there is no comparison as it runs three times as much reading matter daily as they, while the quality is much superior. It is a paper that not one member of a family will read but every member, for it contains something for everybody, no matter his circumstances, age or mood. The Weekly *Commercial Gazette* contains the best features of the daily as well as some of its own. It compares very favorably with the New York weeklies, while at the same time containing news of this region that the others do not have. It costs only $1 a year. If you want all the news of the world, all the local and state news, the fullest and best market reports, the ablest editorials, the breeziest sporting columns and miscellaneous reading you will find them in the Pittsburg *Commercial Gazette*. Besides it has one of the best equipped newspaper plants in the country, and never before has it been so general and welcome a visitor in the homes of city and country as now. The aim of the publishers is to give a better article for less money than at the old price, and much better than can be procured elsewhere, and they are succeeding, good judges say. Begin the new year right by subscribing for the *Commercial Gazette*.

Police Corruption.

Capt. Schmittberger, of the New York police force, was recalled by the Lexow committee and testified that officers openly defied rules of the department and were sustained in it by the Tammany Hall Club, of which Commissioner Sheehan is president. He said he was a member of the club himself for his own protection. On the matter of political pulls he said they were more powerful than good records and were worked through go-betweens, among whom he named Charley Grant, Commissioner McClave's secretary, and a tailor named Meyer. The captain went on to tell what he knew of several dives in his precinct which were frequented by all the criminals of New York. He said that no pretense of observing the excise law at these places was ever made, and the disreputable women and criminals did as they pleased. He then told of a conversation with Inspector Steers, who told him there was a little money in his precinct and he could have all of it. He named these shops as a source of revenue, there being ten in the precinct, from each of which he received $20 a month. A liquor dealers' association also paid him $50 a month. Witness then explained that when Byrnes was made superintendent he instructed all the men not to make excise arrests unless they were sure of a conviction, as he did not believe in excuses. Schmittberger made too many bona fide arrests, and he gave it as his opinion that this was the cause of his transfer to another district.

His Picture in Her Eye.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., Dec. 24.—A startling development was made in the Shearman murder case this morning. A photograph of the murderer has been discovered. Both Mrs Shearman's eyes are believed to hold pictures of the man who murdered her. Sheriff Jenner and Coroner Bowers on Wednesday discussed the statement often made that the eyes of the dead retain pictures of the last objects on which they rest before the last breath is drawn.

This morning it was decided to proceed on that theory, and taking Fred S. Marsh, they visited the Shearman farm. Mr. Marsh with his kodac photographed one eye of Mrs. Shearman and the form of a man was found here. A big burly man wearing a long overcoat, with the cloth of his trousers badly wrinkled. The face of the man was not obtained. Both Mrs. Shearman's eyes were removed and taken by the coroner to Jamestown for further examination and to be photographed.

Mrs. Davis' eyes were photographed, but no image was found there consequently it is believed that the murderer came upon her from behind and dealt a deadly blow without showing himself to her. This revelation caused a sensation at the farm house. Undertaker Patridge was present and says the photograph of the man's form and clothing on the one eye of Mrs. Shearman which was exposed to Mr. Marsh's camera was perfectly distinct.

It is hoped the other eye will furnish the means of identifying the murderer by giving his face.

To Test the Indiana Law.

Mrs. Helen M. Gougar, president of the Indiana Woman's Suffrage association, has begun suit for $10,000 damages against the election board at Lafayette, because they refused to permit her to vote on election day. The object of the suit is to test the validity of the Indiana statutes relating to suffrage. Mrs. Gougar contends that women are admitted to practice law in the state, and for that and other reasons are entitled to the right of suffrage.

Musical supplies for stringed instruments at Snyder's drug store.

People Almost Starving.

The reports of destitution and suffering in western Nebraska have been in no way exaggerated.

In Dawson county, in the neighborhood of North Platte, the condition of a majority of the farmers is pitiable. Most of the renters and the shiftless ones have moved away, but the farm owners are staying and hoping for better times. These men are destitute and their animals are broken down and starving. The people need clothing, food and money at once.

I took a twenty-five mile ride through the district with a county official, an intelligent and popular politician, and saw scenes which I do not care to look upon again. He told me as we went along of what he encountered every day, and what we both discovered surpassed in distress anything which he had yet come upon. He was on an errand of mercy, for he was serving jury summonses, but the farmers did not know that, and were reticent about disclosing their identity or that of their neighbors.

HE EXPECTED TROUBLE.

The first farm yard we entered contained a thin cow and two razor-backed hogs. A dejected man sat on a box in the doorway of the house. "Are you"——began the officer.

The man sprang from his seat and threw up both his hands. "Good God, man!" he exclaimed. "Have you got an attachment? Mother!"

His wife, a thin, depressed woman, appeared at the door with two little children clinging to her skirts. Neither child had anything on but thin calico dresses. They were barefooted. The wife had on a calico skirt and waist also.

"They come to attach," said the man, in a desperate tone.

"Well, let them attach," said the woman, doggedly. "They're welcome to what is left."

"No," said the official, kindly, "I've no attachment. I've got a jury summons for you. That means $1 a day."

"I wish it would take all winter!" exclaimed the man. "But how will I get there? My team is dead. I overworked them cultivating the ground, and lost my crop after all."

IT STAGGERED HIM.

The official said he would tell another man, whom he expected to serve, and who had a team, to call for him, and further added that he would find a place in North Platte where he could stay without charge.

The unexpected windfall was almost too much for the man, and my companion whipped up the horse and we drove off. I had noticed a good-sized package in the buggy, and when he saw me looking at it he explained that it was our luncheon.

"The people I go among," he said, "are in no condition to give me a meal, or even sell one."

My friend told me of an energetic young farmer and his man not far from North Platte, who, in getting ready to plat in this year's crop, worked in shifts, so that one was always in the field plowing. He worked from 4 in the morning until 12 o'clock in the night, and his farm hand took his place at midnight and worked until 4 A. M. They cultivated five hundred acres in this way and did not get half a bushel of corn to the acre. No other grain sowed by them came up, and his potato crop has barely kept him alive until now. His health is entirely broken, and although his spirit is undaunted, he hardly has the strength to stand the winter.

ONLY POTATOES.

It was about noon when we drove up to another shack. A woman meagerly attired came to the door and talked with us. As she saw no prospects to move on, she said, hesitatingly, that she wished she could ask us to dine. My companion replied that we had our luncheon with us. "Well," she said, with a forced laugh, "I'm glad of it, for, to tell the truth, I have nothing to offer you but potatoes. But we're thankful even for that."

At another place the man said they were on their last sack of flour. His chickens had strayed off in search of better food than his poor barnyard afforded. One he had found frozen, and the others were never seen again. Probably the wolves had eaten them. My friend gave him fifty cents, and the man grabbed it almost savagely, but thanked him.

On the way back from Grandy I saw several big gray mountain wolves, as large as New Foundland dogs. They were roaming about the hills, having been driven near human habitations by hunger. They lie in the grass until nightfall and waylay razor-backs, or even attack cattle. Half a mile from one of these savage rascals we came across a bare-legged boy, tending three horses. A warning put the lad on the back of one of the horses, and sent the little herd scampering homeward.

The New York Tribune.

The enormous circulation of the New York *Tribune*, now the largest of any political weekly in the United States, undoubtedly did much to influence the country in the right direction in the late campaign. Having sharpened its arrow and spear afresh, the *Tribune* has again taken the trail for big game. To secure the presidency in 1896 for the Republican party, is now the object of its labors. The *Tribune* is a great paper and is commended to our readers. Roswell G. Horr's articles on the Tariff, Coinage and Labor, are alone worth the price of the paper. Friendly to the old soldier, devoting much space to Agriculture, and printing every week superb and absolutely unequaled Market Reports, editorially able and entertaining, the *Tribune* is worthy a place in every home. It illustrates the news of the day profusely. Thousands of Democrats take it for its articles on public affairs and its purity, decency and freedom from taint. The *Tribune* stands like a rock against the reactionary policies of the Democratic party. Every Republican should have it. The *Tribune* Almanac for 1895, out in January, and 25 cents a copy, will be valuable on account of its full returns of the phenomenal elections of 1894.

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All the leading features that have made the monthly so popular are retained and many new features added, such as general and local Market prices, Crop Reports in their season, Condensed Farm news, and Letters among the Farmers.

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Harper's Magazine

IN 1895.

The Simplettons, a new novel by Thomas Hardy, will be begun in the December number, 1894, and continue to November, 1895. Whoever may be one's favorite among English novelists, it will be conceded by all critics that Thomas Hardy stands foremost as a master artist in fiction, and The Simplettons may be expected to arouse enthusiasm not inferior in degree to that which has marked Trilby—the most successful story of the year. Another leading feature will be the Personal Recollections of Joan of Arc, by the Sieur Louis de Conte, Her Page and Secretary, under which guise the most popular of living American magazine writers will present the story of the Maid of Orleans. In the January number will appear a profusely illustrated paper on Charleston and the Carolinas, the first of a series of Southern Papers.

Northern Africa is attracting more attention than at any other time since it was the seat of Empires. The next volume of *Harper's Magazine* will contain four illustrated articles on this region, and three of them will depict the present life there. Julian Ralph will prepare for the *Magazine* a series of eight stories, depicting typical phases of Chinese Life and Manners. Besides the long stories, there will begin in the January number the first chapters of a three-part Novelette by Richard Harding Davis—the longest work yet attempted by this writer. Complete short stories by popular writers will continue to be a feature of the *Magazine*.

Send For Illustrated Prospectus.

The Volumes of the *Magazine* begin with the numbers of June and December of each year. When no time is mentioned, subscriptions will begin with the number current at the time of receipt of order. Cloth cases, for binding, 50 cents each—by mail, postpaid. Title-page and Index sent on application.

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Harper's Bazar

IN 1895.

Elegant and exclusive designs for Outdoor and in-door Toilettes, drawn from Worth models by Sandoz and Chapuis, are an important feature. These appear every week, accompanied by minute descriptions and details. Our Paris Letter, by Katharine de Forest, is a weekly transcript of the latest styles and caprices in the mode. Under the head of New York Fashions, plain directions and full particulars are given as to shapes, fabrics, trimmings, and accessories of the costumes of well-dressed women. Children's Clothing receives practical attention. A fortnightly Pattern-sheet Supplement enables readers to cut and make their own gowns. The woman who takes *Harper's Bazar* is prepared for every occasion in life, ceremonious or informal, where beautiful dress is requisite.

An American Serial, Doctor Warrick's Daughters, by Rebecca Harding Davis, a strong novel of American life, partly laid in Pennsylvania and partly in the far south, will occupy the last half of the year.

My Lady Nobody, an intensely exciting novel, by Maarten Maartens, author of "God's Fool," "The Greater Glory," etc., will begin the year.

Essays and Social Chats. To this department Spectator will contribute her charming papers on "What We are Doing" in New York society.

Answers to Correspondents. Questions receive the personal attention of the editor, and are answered at the earliest possible date after their receipt.

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The Volumes of the *Bazar* begin with the first number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, subscriptions will begin with the number current at the time of receipt of order.

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Harper's Weekly

IN 1895.

Harper's Weekly is a pictorial history of the times. It presents every important event promptly, accurately and exhaustively in illustration and descriptive text of the highest order.

The manner in which, during 1894, it has treated the Chicago Railway Strikes and the Chino-Japanese War, and the amount of light it was able to throw on Korea the instant attention was directed to that little-known country, are examples, of its almost boundless resources. Julian Ralph, the distinguished writer and correspondent, has been sent to the seat of war, and there joined by C. D. Weldon, the well-known American artist now for many years resident in Japan, who has been engaged to co-operate with Mr. Ralph in sending to *Harper's Weekly* exclusive information and illustration.

During 1895 every vital question will be discussed with vigor and without prejudice in the editorial columns, and also in special articles by the highest authorities in each department. Portraits of the men and women who are making history, and powerful and caustic political cartoons, will continue to be characteristic features. This Busy World, with its keen and kindly comment on the lesser doings of the day, will remain a regular department.

Fiction. There will be two powerful serials, both handsomely illustrated—The Red Cockade, a stirring romance of olden days by Stanley J. Weyman, and a novel of New York, entitled The Son of His Father, by Brander Matthews—several novelettes, and many short stories by popular writers.

Send For Illustrated Prospectus.

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Address HARPER & BRO'S., P. O. Box 959, N. Y. City.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, The Honorable Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Somerset Co., Pa., have ordered that a Special or Adjourned Court of Common Pleas, of Quarter Sessions and Orphans' Court, for the trial of cases herein, shall be held at Somerset, on

Monday Jan. 14th, 1895,

Commencing at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day.

Now, therefore, I, Edward Hoover, High Sheriff of Somerset county, hereby issue my proclamation giving notice to all jurors, witnesses summoned, and to all parties in cause to be then and there tried, to be in attendance at said Court.

Sheriff's Office, Nov. 20th, '94.) EDWARD HOOVER, Sheriff.

Notice.

My minor daughter, Mary, having left my home without my consent, I hereby notify all persons not to harbor or trust her, as I will not be responsible for any debt contracted by her, and any person harboring her will be dealt with according to law.

JONATHAN HOCHARD.

Kegg, Pa., Dec. 5, '94.

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THE ANNUAL

Red Letter sale

—OF—

Parker & Parker

—COMMENCING—

December 26th and Continuing Until February 16, 1895.

All goods sold regardless of cost. Consisting of Dress Goods, Silks, Velvets, &c.

40-inch all wool serges sold at 40 cts. Red Letter price 25 cents.

40-inch all wool serges sold at 55 cts. Red Letter price 35 cents.

36-inch Cashmeres sold at 25 cents, Red Letter price 16 cents.

32-inch Dress Goods sold at 15 cents, Red Letter price 10 cents.

An Endless Variety of All Kinds of Black and Colored Cashmeres.

SERGES. Novelties in Dress Goods at prices never before offered.

Dress Ginghams sold at 10 cents, Red Letter price 7 cents.

20 yards of Lancaster Ginghams for $1.00.

25 yards of extra good quality Gingham for $1.00.

A few odds and ends in Ginghams at 2 cents per yard.

22½ yards of American Indigo Blue Calico for $1.00.

25 yards of shirting Calico for $1.00.

22½ yards of Merrimac Cocheco Calico for $1.00.

25 yards of Cotton Dress Goods for $1.00.

Outing flannels sold at 12½, 10 and 7, Red Letter price 10, 8 and 5.

22½ yards of good Canton Flannel for $1.00.

Old Canton Flannels. Shirting, Mens' wear reduced to cost.

4-4 Lonsdale Bleached Muslin, former price 10 cents, Red Letter 7 cents.

4-4 Fruit of the Loom Bleached Muslin, former price 10 cents, Red Letter Sale 7.

4-4 Hill Bleached Muslin, former price 10 cents, Red Letter price 7 cents.

4-4 Androscoggin Bleached Muslin, former price 10 cents, Red Letter price 7.

4-4 Lonsdale Cambric, former price 12½ cents, Red Letter price 10 cents.

4-4 Gilt Edge Bleached Muslin, former price 7 cents, Red Letter price 5 cents.

4-4 Nonpareil Bleached Muslin, former price 7 cents, Red Letter price 5 cents.

3¾ yards of good Unbleached Muslin for $1.00.

20 yards of extra heavy Muslin for $1.00.

4-4 Appleton's A Unbleached Muslin, sold at 8 cents, Red Letter price 6 cents.

4-4 Great Falls E Unbleached Muslin, sold at 8 cents, Red Letter price 6 cents.

4-4 Piedmont Unbleached Muslin, sold at 8 cents, Red Letter price 6 cents.

In Table Linens, Napkins, Towels, Bed Spreads, Bleached and Unbleached Shirtings, Ticklings, Cretones, and Skirts, we are prepared to sell at great BARGAINS.

Ladies' fine Capes and Coats. Children's Coats sold regardless of cost.

Best five-quarter table oil cloth that sold for 18 cents, Red Letter price 13.

Wool Carpet Chain at 28 cents.

3-ply Cotton Carpet Chain at 13 cents.

5-ply Cotton Carpet Chain at 15 cents.

Grey and Black Stocking Yarns, 50 per pound or 5 cents cut.

In our up-stairs department we will offer special prices in Carpets, Portieres, Rugs, Lace Curtains, Blankets, Comforts, Chinilla, Table Covers, Trunks, Satchels Oil Cloths, &c.

☞ Our stock has been reduced to be at the new tariff which takes effect the first of the year. Come right along and make your selections before stock is broken.

Parker & Parker.

HAVE YOU READ THE PHILADELPHIA TIMES THIS MORNING?

The Times is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspaper published in Pennsylvania. Its discussion of public men and public measures is in the interest of public integrity, honest government and prosperous industry, and it knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public issues. In the broadest and best sense a family and general newspaper.

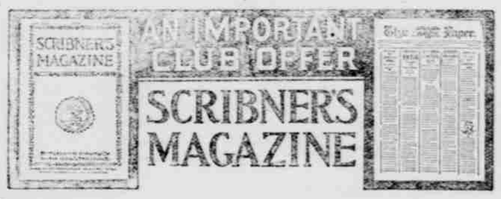
The Times aims to have the largest circulation by deserving it, and claims that it is unsurpassed in all the essentials of a great metropolitan newspaper. Specimen copies of any edition will be sent free to any address.

Terms-- Daily, $8.00 per annum; $1.60 for four months; 50 cents per month; delivered by carriers for 6 cents per week. Sunday Edition, twenty-four large, handsome pages—168 columns, elegantly illustrated, $2.00 per annum; 5 cents per copy. Daily and Sunday, $9.00 per annum; 50 cents per month.

Weekly Edition, 50 cents a year.

Address all letters to

THE TIMES, Philadelphia.



BY special arrangement with the publishers we are enabled to offer SCRIBNER'S MAGAZINE for 1895 and a full year's subscription to

THE : SOMERSET : HERALD

FOR $4.25.

If Purchased Separately These Periodicals Would Cost $5.00.

IT IS THE PLAN OF SCRIBNER'S to give its readers next year a history of the past 25 years in the United States. (1869-'95.) These years have been unparalleled in the history of the world for national development and material progress. The narrative will be written in a graphic and picturesque style by President Andrews, of Brown University, and capable artists will illustrate it.

ROBERT GRANT, whose "Reflections of a Married Man" will long be remembered, has written a series of articles on "The Art of Living," in which he sets himself to solve, as far as such problems can be solved, questions which beset every well-to-do family: The Income—The Dwelling—Household Expenses—Education of Children—Married and Single Life—The Summer Problem, etc., etc. Beautifully illustrated.

GEORGE MEREDITH, whom more than one good authority has pronounced the greatest of living novelists, has written a strong serial, "The Amazing Marriage," to begin in January.

W. D. HOWELL'S will contribute a novel entitled "The Story of a Play."

IN THE LAND OF DON QUIXOTE will be a series of three sketches illustrated by a number of Daniel Vierge's wonderful drawings.

SINGLE ARTICLES in great variety have been arranged for and the illustrations will be elaborate.

SCRIBNER'S FOR 1895 WILL BE BETTER THAN EVER.

If you desire only SCRIBNER'S MAGAZINE remit $3.00 to the Publishers:

CHARLES SCRIBNER'S SONS, 153-157 Fifth Avenue, N. Y.

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A stylish shoe will add more to ones appearance than any other single article of Dress.

We have a large supply of them, and will save customers money.

GENTS SHOES,

Lace, Congress, Button, Blucher and Blucher Congress, with the French, Yale, Pickadilly, Imperial and Glebe toe.

LADIES' SHOES,

Button, Lace, Congress and Bluchcrette, with the Philadelphia, Opera, N. Y., Square, Razor and Common Sense toe.

: Shoes for Boy's :

Youth's and Children of all descriptions, also a full line of boots in Leather, Rubber & Felt. An immense stock——

OF RUBBERS

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All at PRICES to suit the TIMES.

REPAIRING DONE NEATLY AND CHEAPLY.

Shaver & Good,

SUCCESSORS TO

THOMAS BARNETT,

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THE PANSY.

PROSPECTUS 1894-'95.

Beginning with the Nov. Number.

A Serial Story.

"Reuben's Hindrance," by "Pansy." Original illustrations by H. P. Barnes.

A Serial Story.

"The Old Town Pump," by Margaret Sidney," author of the famous "Pepper" books. Original illustrations by H. P. Barnes.

Natural History.

Ten papers by L. H. M. Palmer. Each one will have an original full-page illustration drawn from life or the models by the author.

A Series

of charmingly written articles descriptive of California, by Mrs. Zilha Barrongha Hockout.

Frontispiece Stories.

by "Pansy." Many, perhaps most of them, will have to do with incidents which were personally known to the editors.

Christian Endeavor and Mission Bulletins.

A story illustrating one or two of the topics chosen each month for the Juniors' meeting, with a personal letter from "Pansy," greeting out of her own experiences.

Sunday Afternoons

Which may be found helpful this year.

The Pansy Reading Circle.

Home Literature Papers, by Elizabeth Abbott.

A study from some standard poet each month. Selections carefully chosen, illustrating the style of the writer and poems suitable for recitation or study.

Foreign Department.

The best help possible will be secured to give each month, articles or items of interest concerning other lands than ours.

Daily Thoughts.

An entire chapter or Psalm will be taken up, and a verse chosen for each day, and brief comment given.

New Cover Design,

Of which this is a facsimile, (reduced.)

Thirty-two pages of reading and illustrations in each number adapted to young people from nine to fifteen years of age.

Each serial, if published in book form would be worth the price of the magazine.

Subscription $1 00 a Year.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that Solomon J. Bittner and wife, John R. Bittner and Albert A. Bittner, of Middlecreek township, Somerset county, Pa., have made a voluntary assignment to me of all their estate, real, personal and mixed, in trust for the benefit of the creditors of said Solomon J. Bittner, John R. Bittner and Albert A. Bittner. All persons having claims against the said Solomon J. Bittner, John R. Bittner and Albert A. Bittner, will present them to the undersigned duly authenticated and all persons owing said Solomon J. Bittner, John R. Bittner and Albert A. Bittner, will make immediate payment to

MARTIN B. HARTZELL, Assignee, Rockwood, Pa.

John R. Scott, Attorney.

Application for Unimproved Land.

Notice is hereby given that we have filed with the Secretary of Internal Affairs, of the state of Pennsylvania, an application for a warrant for 165 acres of unimproved land situate in Jenner township, county of Somerset, adjoining lands of Jonathan Gardner, Joseph Wadsworth on the east, lands warranted in the name of Robert Parish on the south and west and lands of N