The Somerset Herald.

EDWARD SCULL, Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY.....Sept. 19, 1894.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

Election, Tuesday, Nov. 6th.

STATE.

For Governor—Daniel H. Hastings.
For Lieutenant Governor—Walter Lyon.
For Auditor General—Amos H. Mylin.
For Secretary of Internal Affairs—James W. Latta.
For Congressman-at-Large—Galusha A. Grow and George F. Huff.

COUNTY.

CONGRESS:
J. D. Hicks, Blair County.

STATE SENATE:
N. B. Critchfield, Jenner Township.
Subject to the Decision of the District Conference.

ASSEMBLY:
Wm. Henry Miller, Quemahoning Twp.
Jeremiah Maurer, Stoystown Borough.

JURY COMMISSIONER:
Samuel J. Bowser, Milford Township.

POOR DIRECTOR:
William Dull, Milford Township.

PARTY perfidy and party dishonor led to party overthrow in Vermont and Maine.

BRECKINRIDGE sought a vindication at the hands of his constituents. Well, he got it, "in a horn."

THE four Democrats in the Vermont Legislature will be rather lonesome, but they can feel as select as New York's 400.

VERMONT and Maine started the Republican tidal wave. Just listen for its roar when it breaks on the shore in November next.

THE song of the Democratic cuckoo is still heard in the land, but its notes are very much changed since the Vermont and Maine elections.

DEMOCRATIC statesmen in this district are not anxious to commit suicide by seeking a Congressional nomination. Some nobody will be selected as the victim.

THE decent people of the country, without distinction of party, will rejoice in the defeat of the nasty and noisome Breckinridge of Kentucky. To the good women of the district the victory is due.

SAID the President in his Catchings letter: "I take my place with the rank and file of the Democratic party." He did, and he got most beautifully thrashed with the rank and file in Vermont and Maine.

WHAT has become of that foreign market which our farmers were promised under the Cleveland-Wilson-Gorman tariff bill? Wheat is now selling for 47 cents per bushel at home, and no foreign market in sight.

WHEN the bill of "perfidy and dishonor" reached the President he simply laid down on his belly and let it become a law. His much-vaunted "back-bone" turned out to be nothing but gristle that can be twisted into any shape.

WHEN the workingman's wife goes to her grocer and gets sixteen instead of twenty pounds of sugar for her husband's hard-earned dollar, she has a realizing sense of the newly amended tariff law and a keen appreciation of Democratic love for the poor man.

WITH one simultaneous whine the Democratic press complain that Republicans are keeping up the tariff agitation. Didn't Cleveland say that he would? And isn't there three pop-gun bills now pending in the Senate which were passed by the House just previous to adjournment?

SINCE the Louisiana sugar growers have kicked against the sugar trust so bountifully provided for in the new tariff bill and announced their intention of voting with the Republicans, the old scarecrow of "nigger supremacy" has again been exhumed and is doing duty in the Democratic journals.

OUR Democratic compeers are with one accord claiming a wonderful increase of business and an immense resumption of manufacturing since the passage of the new tariff. With the same accord they neglect to mention the fact that wages are being reduced from ten to thirty per cent. in almost every branch of industry.

GENERAL HASTINGS opened his campaign on Monday and expects to speak in forty counties before election day. He is intent upon beating Grow's big majority of 180,000, and he will do it. Pennsylvania can and will give him 200,000 if her Republicans only half try. Let the "Frosty Sons of Thunder" gird up their loins, prepared to do their full share of the work.

AFTER manipulating the new tariff bill so as to give the sugar trust a clear gain of $60,000,000 the Democrats are now howling for free sugar. If any one is so idiotic as to swallow this pretext after a nearly solid Democratic vote in Congress for the sugar schedule he ought to continue voting the Democratic ticket, with the belief that he is still supporting Andrew Jackson.

THE Democratic howl against trusts is the gauziest sham of the day. That party in Congress, by a nearly unanimous vote in both houses, gave the trusts all they asked for. They enacted a law which, if not repealed, will put a hundred million dollars into the pockets of the gentlemen composing the whisky and sugar trusts before the end of the Cleveland Administration, and this law was sanctioned by our consecrated President.

IF all the Republican votes that were cast in Maine had been counted the Republican majority would have been 43,000. As it was 5,000 ballots were wrongfully marked and of course were not counted. Even an ex-United States Senator and an ex-Governor placed the wrong marks on their ballots. This same error is of frequent occurrence in this State and many votes are lost thereby. We trust the coming Legislature will remedy this abuse, for abuse it is. That a voter should be disfranchised in this way is an outrage.

SOUTH CAROLINA has been dominated for a long time by an oligarchy composed of Democratic leaders who have, by terrorism and manipulating the ballot box, continued to hold her in absolute political subjection. Now that Senator Butler has been knocked out at the white primaries a few weeks since there is a wide breach in the Democratic party of that State, which will probably result in substituting popular government for ring rule. Both factions are now struggling to secure the negro vote, which will lead to a measurably free ballot and a fair count.

THE Democratic State Convention was re-convened at Harrisburg on Tuesday of last week for the purpose of repairing its broken State ticket, caused by the declination of Judge Bucher and the death of Mr. Sloane. The convention was the smallest ever held by that party in the State; its action was spiritless and melancholy, and the victims selected for the November slaughter, while reputable, are politically insignificant men. Thomas Collins, of Centre, and Henry Meyer, of Allegheny county, were nominated for Congressmen-at-large and the National and State administrations were endorsed. The convention met simply for the purpose of "going through the motions" and its results were received by the rank and file of the party as a mere matter of course, and by the press with little comment, as something that had to be done. The Philadelphia *Times* gives utterance to the following commentary, which entirely covers the situation: "As neither nominee can come within many thousands of election and neither desired or sought the complimentary nomination, it might be enough to say that each in his different way is a creditable candidate and is entitled to the full vote of his party throughout the State.

THE Pennsylvania Democratic Convention resembled an assemblage of wet hens, and after cackling a little over the new Tariff dispersed to their several roosts, as discontented and hopeless a convocation as the State has witnessed in a long period. The gathering was a mere matter of form, to be followed by no political consequences except defeat, to which the party there seems in a dismal way resigned, as the widow was to the loss of her husband, because she was obliged to be.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

Ideals of Patriotism.

From the New York Tribune.

Governor McKinly is so intimately associated with the economic policies of the Republican party that he is commonly regarded as a tariff debater rather than an orator of commanding presence, statelineness of manner and dignity of diction. His address this week in Auburn, the historic scene of many of Mr. Seward's most notable orations, was a revelation of the reserved power and admirable gifts of one of the most accomplished men in American public life. It was a familiar talk on patriotism, which he defined comprehensively as the best politics; and it was characterized from beginning to end with nobility of thought, with purity of sentiment and with sympathetic appreciation of the supreme virtue of consecration to country. No finer tribute has been paid to the sacrifices and sufferings of the veterans of the war than this eloquent address contained.

Not one word in Governor McKinley's oration on patriotism was intended to have any political significance to partisan effect; but no one could have listened to it without being impressed with the essential difference between the soldier's ideal of consecration to country and another ideal of which the American people have heard frequent mention during recent years. The patriotism which inspired the veteran soldier's reminiscences and eloquence was neither preached from the housetops nor proclaimed in rhetorical phrase, but simply practised, and never by proxy. It involved fighting for home and principles, abandonment of business and cherished plans, the sundering of family bonds and social relations, exposure to hunger, thirst, disease, death and the horrors of imprisonment. That was consecration which began and ended with sacrifice. Thirty years ago heroism was the habit of every American whose life was worth living, and the bravest soldier would not have ventured to strike an attitude and with word or gesture consecrate himself to his country.

That ideal of silent, self-sacrificing devotion to country is old-fashioned now. A new generation has sprung up, which dares to speak contemptuously of the veterans of the war as mercenary pension-grabbers. It offers cheap incense at the shrine of a self-conscious political leader, who is in a chronic state of turgid platitude and ostentations consecration to principles and policies involving neither sacrifice nor courage.

DEMOCRACY BRANDED.

Party Treachery and Dishonor.—What the President Really Thought of the Gorman Tariff.

Every true Democrat and every sincere tariff reformer knows that this bill in its present form and as it will be submitted to the conference falls far short of the consummation for which we have long labored, for which we have suffered defeat without discouragement, which in its anticipation gave us a rallying cry in our day of triumph, and which in its promise of accomplishment is so interwoven with Democratic pledges and Democratic success that our abandonment of the cause of the principles upon which it rests means party perfidy and party dishonor.—*Wilson Letter.*

WITH ITS VIOLATIONS OF PRINCIPLE.

It is quite apparent that this question of free raw materials does not admit of adjustment on any middle ground, since their subjection to any rate of tariff taxation, great or small, is alike violative of Democratic principle and Democratic good faith.—*Wilson Letter.*

AND OUTRAGEOUS DISCRIMINATIONS.

It must be admitted that no tariff measure can accord with Democratic principles and promises or bear a genuine Democratic badge that does not provide for free raw material. In the circumstances it may well excite our wonder that Democrats are willing to depart from this, the most Democratic of all tariff principles, and that the inconsistent absurdity of such a proposed departure should be emphasized by the suggestion that the wool of the farmer be put on the free list and the protection of tariff taxation be placed around the iron ore and coal of corporations and capitalists. How can we face the people after indulging in such outrageous discriminations and violations of principles?—*Wilson Letter.*

TO BE CONDONED UNDER NO STRESS OF NECESSITY.

The Democracy of the land plead most earnestly for the speedy completion of the tariff legislation which their representatives have undertaken; but they demand not less earnestly that no stress of necessity shall tempt those they trust to the abandonment of Democratic principles.—*Wilson Letter.*

WHAT HE THINKS OF IT STILL.

But there are provisions in this bill which are not in line with honest tariff reform, and it contains inconsistencies and crudities which ought not to appear in tariff laws or laws of any kind. Besides, there were, as you and I well know, incidents accompanying the passage of the bill through the Congress which made every sincere tariff reformer unhappy, while influences surrounded it in its latter stages and interfered with its final construction which ought not to be recognized or tolerated in Democratic tariff reform counsels.—*Catchings Letter.*

AS THE DEADLY BLIGHT OF TREASON.

I take my place with the rank and file of the Democratic party who believe in tariff reform and well know what it is, who refuse to accept the results embodied in this bill as the close of the war, who are not blinded to the fact that the livery of Democratic tariff reform has been stolen and worn in the service of Republican protection, and who have marked the places where the deadly blight of treason has blasted the counsels of the brave in their hour of might.—*Catchings Letter.*

YET ALLOWS IT TO BECOME A LAW.

I do not claim to be better than the masses of my party, nor do I wish to avoid any responsibility which, on account of the passage of this law, I ought to bear as a member of the Democratic organization. Neither will I permit myself to be separated from my party to such an extent as might be implied by my veto of tariff legislation, which, though disappointing, is still chargeable to Democratic effort.—*Catchings Letter.*

The New Officers.

Thomas G. Lawler, the new commander-in-chief of the G. A. R., is a lumber merchant at Rockford, Ill. There he resides. He was born in Liverpool, England, but came to this country with his parents when a child. His parents located at Rockford, and he received his education in the public schools of that city. He enlisted in Company E., Nineteenth Illinois Volunteer Infantry, when only 17 years of age, in June, 1861, and served three years and three months in the army. He was with his company and regiment in every battle in which they were engaged, and with the colors of his regiment was the first man of his company over the Confederate works at the battle of Missionary Ridge, November 15, 1863. He served as private, sergeant, and was elected first lieutenant. He commanded his company for two months during the Atlanta campaign; was elected captain by the vote of his company, and his name placed upon the roll of honor by order of Maj. Gen. Rosecrans, commander of the Army of the Cumberland.

It is interesting to note that Commander Lawler, at first commander of the first post of the world, that of Post 1 of Rockford, Ill., of which he has been commander for 26 years, is now called to command in the first place in the gift of the national G. A. R. The original Post 1 was that of Decatur, and the present Rockford Post 1 was Post 124. Between '68 and '70 all posts prior to 124 lapsed. Rockford, however never missed a meeting.

Albert P. Burchfield, the new senior vice commander, is well and favorably known as one of the public-spirited citizens of Pittsburg. He is at the head of the Pittsburg Dry Goods Company formerly Joseph Horne & Co.

Charles H. Shute, the junior vice commander, was a member of the Eighth New Hampshire Regiment, and served with distinction. He is now a resident of New Orleans.

Rev. T. H. Haggerty is a St. Louisan, and has been chaplain of Ransom Post since its organization. He is president of the National Association of Army and Navy Chaplains, and is past chaplain of the Department of Missouri.

Shot Husband and Wife.

CONNELLSVILLE, Pa., Sept. 13.—At Rich Hill, about six miles into the Laurel Mountains from here, yesterday afternoon, Michael Morris, 16 years old, shot and killed Bernard Toker and possibly fatally wounded his wife. Toker was for some years a coke laborer at Moyer. He saved a small sum of money and when the coke strike began in April he purchased a home in the mountains for $500. His wife was his only companion, and their nearest neighbor was Isaiah Morris, about a half mile away.

Morris and Toker were great friends, Michael is a son of Isaiah. He often worked at the Toker homestead. He was at the home of Toker on Saturday and displayed a revolver. He went on Monday, armed with both a revolver and a gun. He was friendly as usual. He went again yesterday afternoon with a revolver.

About 2 o'clock Mrs. Toker went into the woods. She left Toker and Morris building a foundation under the house. She heard a shot in the direction of the house. She started home soon after, and when near there, saw Morris shoot her dog. As she came up to Morris he shot her, and then fled. She fell, but recovered and went to the house, where she found her husband dead. He was lying on his face near where he had been working.

Mrs. Toker went to the murderer's home and told his father what had happened. The boy has been caught. Mrs. Toker is at Morris's home and will likely die.

District Attorney Jeffries and Justice James Echard went to Rich Hill this afternoon and took her deposition which agrees with the above. There is no known motive for the murders.

Thief Mortally Shot.

DUBOIS, Pa., Sept. 12.—The pluck of a girl, who jumped from a second-story window, resulted in the killing of a burglar near here, last night. Three thieves broke into John Funk's house, at West Liberty, early this morning. While they were gagging and binding Mr. and Mrs. Funk, the 19-year-old daughter escaped by means of her bed room window, and alarmed the neighbors. The men were 35 minutes ransacking the house, and during this time an armed posse was organized. When the burglars attempted to leave they were fired upon. H. C. Bowser was shot above the right knee, but his two companions escaped. Bowser's leg was frightfully mangled by a rifle shot, and he died this afternoon, after it had been amputated. His parents live near Big Run, Jefferson County.

Wild Runaway at a Funeral.

IRONTON, O., Sept. 15.—Fifteen persons were injured in a frightful runaway of four teams in a procession returning from the burial of Alexander McBane's child yesterday. Miss McBane, in one of the carriages, raised an umbrella, which scared the team following. The frightened horses dashed into the carriage in front, wrecking it and causing the second team to run off. Both teams dashed into two carriages ahead of them, causing the horses to run away, and all four teams started down a steep hill, with the disastrous results already stated.

No More American Wool.

OMAHA, Neb., Sept. 12.—The passage of the tariff law has created a stampede among sheep owners to market all their sheep and raise no wool under the free wool clause of the law. Every available freight car on the Union Pacific is now in service bringing the sheep from Idaho, Washington, Montana, Oregon and Wyoming to the packing houses here. The Union Pacific was compelled to borrow a large number of cars from the Northwestern and sent them to Idaho to be filled with sheep.

Four Couples Eloped.

MARATHON, O., Sept. 13.—Four couples from near here eloped last night. They were William Smith and Ann Applegate, Howard Reddick and Louise Malott, Harry Reddick and Myrtle Hancock, and James Applegate and Tempa McFeeter. They took four horses, two spring wagons and a camping outfit. The horses, wagons, harness, horse blankets, wagon covers, etc., were missing this morning from different farms and were supposed to be stolen. Ann Applegate is the only one of the females who is of age.

Johnstown Flood Suits End.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., Sept. 14.—An organization of business men to prosecute the South Fork Fishing Club to recover damages caused by the flood of May 31, 1889, was disbanded to-day having received an opinion that they could not recover. A large fund on hand was turned over to the hospital, and all proposed suits will be abandoned.

The World's Fair Rebuilt for the Pages of History.

The "Book of the Builders," one of the most artistic and magnificent publications ever issued is now being offered by the Pittsburg *Dispatch* to its readers. It is beyond question the greatest offer ever made by a newspaper. See the *Dispatch* for full information.

MARCH OF 40,000 MEN.

Probably the Last of the Great Grand Army Parades.

WITNESSED BY A MULTITUDE.

Forty thousand men who fought to save the Union marched through the cities of Pittsburg and Allegheny on Tuesday. The old familiar war tunes to which they and their comrades rushed to victory or to death filled the air and re-echoed back from the surrounding hills.

This is probably the last time the veterans will turn out in such form, as it is seriously contemplated by the G. A. R. officials, in view of the advancing age and infirmities of the members, to abandon this most attractive feature of the National Encampment. Therefore they proposed to make the last parade a success and tramped over the two miles of route with the same determination that characterized them when they marched against the Southern armies.

A sensational incident occurred at the reception given General D. E. Sickles, by the Third corps. The general spoke sharply upon the pension policy of the present Administration. He shielded Congress and said that the responsibility rested on the President and the head of the department of the interior. He made sarcastic comments on the treatment accorded the veterans by Secretary Hoke Smith. The latter he referred to as "Hokey."

A portrait of President Cleveland was hissed and then torn from an arch, at Braddock, which had been erected by the citizens in honor of the G. A. R. There was a great deal of indignation showed at the action of the councilmen in placing the portrait among those of Washington, Lincoln, Grant, Sherman, Sheridan and Meade. Members of Major Harper's post soon learned the cause of the trouble and held a council on the sidewalk. It was decided, unanimously, that President Cleveland's picture must be removed. Some of the citizens took the matter in hand and tore down the portrait.

The address of John G. B. Adams, the commander-in-chief in the Grand Army of the Republic, and the report of the adjutant-general show, as was expected, that the order has suffered a loss in membership during the past year, and that, as Commander Adams said, it has reached the beginning of the end.

A year ago there were 397,223 members in good standing of the Grand Army of the Republic. On June 30, 1894, the total membership had fallen to 369,083. Of the 34,805 suspensions and 16,671 reported delinquents some may be regained, but not many of the old soldiers at this time of life are likely to get on their financial feet again. But if all of the suspended ones did so they would not equal in number the total loss of 67,801 recorded at the end of the year. During the year death claimed 7,283, 1,756 were honorably discharged, 7,132 were transferred and 154 were dishonorably discharged. The commander-in-chief sadly declares that from now on each successive year will show a gradual decrease and that it will be impossible to recruit the ranks hereafter as rapidly as they will be reduced by death. Nevertheless during the past year the number of new members is surprisingly large considering the long time which has elapsed since the war. Sixteen thousand seven hundred and fifty-two new recruits were mustered in, 6,354 were added to the Grand Army by transfer, 14,656 were reinstated and 2,519 were restored from delinquent reports, making a total gain for the year of 39,661 against the total loss of 67,801.

After one of the most heated contests in the history of the order, Colonel Thomas G. Lawler, of Rockford, Illinois, was, on Thursday afternoon, elected commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, defeating his only opponent, Colonel Ivan N. Walker, of Indianapolis, by the narrow majority of 11 in a total vote of 649.

A year from Monday the boys in blue, crossing the Mason and Dixon's line for the first time in the history of the order, will fraternize with their opponents of the sixties, by holding their national encampment at Louisville, Ky.

A resolution expressing sympathy to the family of the late Comte de Paris was unanimously adopted by a rising vote, and a letter of sympathy was also ordered sent to Andrew G. Curtin, the venerable war governor of the State, and who was unable to attend the encampment, owing to his serious illness.

The pension policy of the present administration was severely condemned. The report of the committee on pensions which was unanimously adopted, is a scathing indictment of the disloyal and vindictive course adopted by the Cleveland administration and the majority in Congress toward the veterans. Among other things it says:

"We feel compelled to say that there is evidently, on the part of both the administrative and legislative departments, a feeling of hostility to our worthy and suffering comrades, the wards of the nation, who bore the heat and the burden of the battle—a feeling which certainly should not exist in a country saved by their devotion.

We are confident that the loyal sentiment of the country will condemn a policy that attempts to recuperate the public treasury at the expense largely of the slender purses of our disabled heroes, widows and orphans."

Telephone in Church.

Supporters of the telephonic system in Birmingham, England, can now be placed in communication with Christ Church in that city, and practically take part in the services. The telephone wires run straight into the pulpit, and the listener at the other end of the system can her the tolling of the bell, the prayers, the response, the singing and the sermon. Even casual coughing among the congregation can be distinguished. There are many classes of persons on whom this new departure confers a great boon. The sick and bedridden, who have long been prevented from attending any place of worship, can now be present, if not in flesh, in the hearing.

Her Speach Restored.

A bolt of lightning, which struck John Zelinka's house, Long Island, restored as if by miracle the hearing and voice of Mary Fisher, 13 years old, who had been deaf and dumb over eight years.

The bolt went through a two-foot brick wall into the dining room, where Mr. Zelinka, Mrs. Fisher and her little girl were discussing the storm. It passed between Mrs. Fisher and Mary. The two sat motionless several seconds, when the little girl got up, and pointing her finger to her ear, said:

"Mamma I heard that. Let's go home."

This is the first time, it is said, that she has spoken since an attack of scarlet fever left her dumb and speechless.

Czar's Brain Affected.

The startling report has come from St. Petersburg that the Czar is afflicted with cerebral trouble; that this arises from a serious ailment of the kidneys, and that his symptoms are so alarming that prayers for his recovery have been ordered twice at Court.

The Russian Emperor, as an outgrowth of the cerebral ailment, suffers from mental depression, and his condition of mind and body is reported to be such as to cause the gravest anxiety at St. Petersburg.

When Alexander went to Bjelovess recently he was carried on a bed the whole journey. He became fatigued after the shortest period of effort. It is said, however, that he has been much benefited by his stay in the desert.

On Deck This Week.

A large line of Fishing Tackle now on sale at JAS. B. HOLDERBAUM.

OWENS HAS A MAJORITY.

Breckinridge, However, Hopes to Win by a Contest.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Sept. 16.—The result of the Breckinridge-Owens contest for the congressional nomination at the primaries yesterday is somewhat in doubt, although Owens appears to have a small majority. The friends of Breckinridge will not acknowledge that their man is defeated, but still stick to it that he will come out ahead. While they concede Owens a majarity of 192, they say a contest will be made and that Breckinridge will win.

The Owens men, on the other hand, say their candidate has won, and that if any fraud is attempted by the other side there will be bloodshed in Kentucky.

Several of Breckinridge's closest friends have been busy all day figuring on the returns. They have come to the conclusion that Owens only has 192 majority. Statements to this effect are being sent to the Breckinridge committeemen in each county in the district, with instructions to thoroughly investigate the vote in their counties, so that before next Saturday, the day set for canvassing the vote and declaring the nominee, they will be asked to furnish sufficient facts to warrant a contest being made. According to the rules, wherever a contest is sustained in a precinct the entire vote of that precinct is thrown out. Six of the 10 district committeemen are friends of Breckinridge. Should the committee declare him the nominee a protest would go up from the entire district and a Republican would have a better chance of being elected to Congress.

While there were a number of fights in the various voting precincts throughout the district, not more than one will result in murder.

WONEN HIS BITTEREST FOES.

The W. C. P. Breckinridge "campaign of vindication" practically began soon after the verdict in the Madeline Pollard case was rendered in April, although Colonel Breckinridge did not obtain leave of absence from Congress to devote most of his attention to his campaign until early in July. It was during his first visits to the district after the Pollard suit that he realized something of the nature and extent of the opposition he would have to meet.

He found two tremendous forces organizing against him, the women and the churches. One of the first of those organizations was the Lexington "Women's Anti-Breckinridge Club," which raised thousands of dollars to spend in any manner which promised to help defeat Breckinridge and elect Owens.

Breckinridge went into the actual battle in July, backed by the Federal office-holders of the district, by the county and State organization of his party, and to some extent by the National Congressional Committee in Washington. It was not a very formidable array, but the leader was a force in himself, through his keen knowledge of practical politics, his undoubted, eloquence, and a capacity for continuous hard work which is nothing less than marvelous.

At the beginning of the campaign Breckinridge assumed the role of a meek and lowly repentent. He confessed, declared himself sanctified by repentance, and sought forgiveness and sympathy. But this attitude had to be abandoned. The opposition gave him no quarter. W. C. Owens, his youthful opponent, was out for fight, not palaver. Most of all, the women hooted the repentance dodge.

Then the campaign grew hotter. Breckinridge talked less of repentance and forgiveness, leaving that to the few church friends who had rallied to his support, and devoted his own energies to repelling the fresh charges made against him, and making charges in return.

Rapidly the whole population of the district became involved in the controversies of the campaign. But always the women were in the lead. Their clubs adopted rules calculated to prevent any of the gallant young men of the district enlisting under Breckinridge.

Binder Twine

for cash in 50-lb bales. We sell Sisal Twine for 7 cents and Manilla for 8 cents per lb. New twine just received and guaranteed.

JAMES B. HOLDERBAUM.

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One of the best Cook-Books published. It contains recipes for all kinds of cooking. Also departments on Medicine, Etiquette, and Toilet recipes. Indexed for handy reference.

MAILED FREE,

In Exchange for 20 LARGE LION HEADS cut from Lion Coffee wrappers and a 2-cent Stamp.

Write for list of our other Fine Premiums. We have many valuable Pictures, also a Knife, Game, etc., to give away. A beautiful Picture Card is in every package of LION COFFEE.

WOOLSON SPICE CO., Huron & Oak Streets, TOLEDO, OHIO.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, The Hon. JACOB H. LONGENECKER, President Judge of the several Courts of Common Pleas of the several counties composing the 16th Judicial District, and Justice of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the said District, and D. J. HOFFNER and NOAH BIESECKER, Esq's., Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas and Justices of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the County of Somerset, have issued their precepts, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace and General Jail Delivery, and Courts of Oyer and Terminer at Somerset, on

Monday, Sept. 24th, 1894.

NOTICE is hereby given to all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroner and Constables within the said county of Somerset, that they be then and there in their proper persons with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations and other remembrances, to do those things which to their office and in that behalf appertain to be done, and also they who will prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Somerset County, to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

EDWARD HOOVER, Sheriff.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of William I. Anstead, late of Conemaugh township, dec'd.

Letters of administration having been granted by the proper authority, to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement, on Thursday, October 11th, 1894, at late residence of deceased in Conemaugh township.

MARY J. ANSTEAD, Administratrix.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Mary Rhodes, late of Lincoln township, Somerset county, Pa., dec'd.

Letters of administration having been granted by the proper authority, to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement, on Saturday, Oct. 6th, A. D., 1894, at the residence of the Administrator in said township.

JOSEPH F. RHODES, Administrator.
Fred. W. Biesecker, Attorney.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of John G. Gumbert, deceased.

Letters of administration having been granted by the proper authority, to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement, on Saturday, Oct. 13th, 1894, at the late residence of dec'd., in Somerset township.

JOHN H. GUMBERT,
JONATHAN GUMBERT, Administrators.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Samuel Cable, late of Conemaugh township, Somerset county, dec'd.

Letters testamentary on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned by the proper authority, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement, on Saturday, Sept. 22d, 1894, at the late residence of dec'd., in Conemaugh township.

ELIZABETH CABLE, Executrix.

"THE CIRCUS IS THE THING AFTER ALL!"

1864 POSITIVELY the 31st ANNUAL TOUR OF THE GREAT, THE GENUINE, THE ORIGINAL. 1894

ADAM FOREPAUGH

SHOWS

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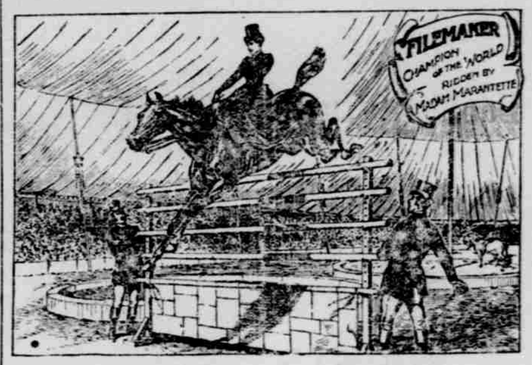
The Big City Shows will exhibit at

SOMERSET, TUESDAY, October 2d.



A WORLD OF NOVELTIES! A CONGRESS OF CHAMPION CELEBRITIES!

All the Cream of the Arenas of the World skimmed off and served in the Feast of the Marvelous, Unique, New, Exciting, Novel and best Performances ever seen in this or any other Country, all in

THE PEERLESS ADAM 4-PAW CIRCUS

The Jungles and Forests of the uttermost of the Earth have yielded their Strangest, Rarest, and Wildest Beasts, that they may be seen in

THE MATCHLESS ADAM 4-PAW MENAGERIE.

The One Great Sensational Equestrian Feature of the Age!

MME. MARANTETTE

And her Champion Trio of Equestrian World-breaking Record Makers:

FILEMAKER

The Champion High Jumping Horse of the World. His Official Record is

Clearing a Bar 7 Feet, 4 1-2 Inches High.

JUPITER CHAMPION HIGH JUMPING PONY OF THE WORLD.

EVERGREEN SHOWS UNDER THE SADDLE 12 DISTINCT GAITS.

HERD OF PERFORMING and DANCING ELEPHANTS

Trained Animals of all kinds that do Everything but Talk. The best Riders, the best Gymnasts, the best Acrobats, the best Aerialists, the best Contortionists, the best Leapers, the best Tumblers, the best Equilibrists, the best Wrestlers, the best Specialists, the Largest and Finest Collection of Animals ever seen in a Menagerie, the Choicest Selection of everything that Capital can Secure, that Experience can Suggest, that Wisdom can advise, are all to be seen in this Crowning Effort to make these the Cleanest, the Purest, and the Best Shows, and prove

A FIT CAP FOR THE HONORED : : : : : : SHEAF OF THIRTY YEARS

In serving the Public with Newest, Brightest and the Finest of Everything that goes to make up the Favorite shows of the People,

AS FREE AS SUNSHINE!

DO NOT MISS SEEING IT!

The Superb Street PARADE

FREE

It will be the longest and most magnificent pageant that has ever passed through the streets of your city. It will move promptly at 10 A. M., and will be well worth traveling miles to see. You can not be disappointed in it.

10,000 SUPERB SEATS. . . . . 2000 OPERA CHAIR RESERVED SEATS.

Notwithstanding the magnitude and expense of the shows, the same performances are given, and the same prices of admission charged in all cities and towns alike

ADMISSION . . . . 50 Cents.

CHILDREN, under 9 years, - - 25 CENTS.

Coupon numbered, actually reserved seat tickets at a slight advance.

SUGAR MAKERS SUPPLIES.

WE CARRY A LARGE STOCK OF - - - - -

Syrup Cans Sap Buckets, Spouts, Gathering Buckets, Sugar Pans, Etc., at rock bottom prices for cash.

WE HANDLE THE BEST - - - - - -

Maple Evaporator on the Market at less than half the price asked for some others. It will pay you to get our prices before buying.

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Main Cross Street, - - - - - SOMERSET, Pa.

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—TRUE ECONOMY—

LIES in buying good things. Good things need not be high priced. There is a certain hard wall of facts and figures, however, that stands between possibilities and prodigal promises. There are certain prices below which good, honest Furniture can be bought. Those PRICES are ours. If you pay less you get less. No use dodging a fact.

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STENGER'S.

BUTTERICK'S Fashion Magazines and Patterns for Fall are now ready. Patterns will be sent by mail, on receipt of price, by first outgoing mail. Subscriptions for "Delineator" or other Fashion Magazines published by Butterick's Publishing Company, will be received at this office. Metropolitan Fashion Sheets free to all customers.

SOILED BLANKETS CHEAP.

Just now opened, a lot of six-inch-wide hemstitched China Silk Ties at only 25c. a piece. Our ladies' Hosiery, seamless, two pair for 25c.; are fast black. Another new line of Parasolas, just opened this week, $1, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 and $2; they are all extra values for midsummer sales. Have you tried one of our Aluminum Thimbles; keep the color as well as silver and only cost 5c. a piece. Five gross more of our famous Curative Soap; three cakes for 25c. We are offering some good values in Muslin Underwear.

—THE GENUINE JACKSON CORSET WAIST.—

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Johnstown, - - - - - - - Pa.

Park Institute.

204 NORTH AVENUE, ALLEGHENY, PA. Established as part of the Western University 1875. The most complete and best Equipped English Commercial, and Short-hand School in the country. Students of both sexes admitted at any time. The latest catalogue and journal containing full information sent free to any address.

W. D. ROWMAN, Secretary. LEVI LUDDEN, Ph. D. Principal.

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WRAPS, : JACKETS : AND : SUITS

Never before in this neighborhood has there been such extraordinary low prices on fine stylish garments as we are offering this season, and we want every lady who visits Pittsburg this season to come to our Cloak Department and see the wonderful offerings we are making.

Cloth Capes All styles in blue black and plain or fancy colors . . .	$5.00 to 18.00	*Cloth Suits* Perfect fit guaranteed. Never ending variety of styles and colors	$1.00 to $35.00
Cloth Jackets. No popular styles that we haven't got	$3.50 to 35.00	*Silk Suits.* All styles in black or plain and fancy colors	$12.00 to 50.00
Plush Capes. In all styles that are to be worn so much this year . .	$8.75 to 30.00	*Misses' Suits* All sizes and styles for Misses' fall wear.	$28.00 and Up
Children's Gretchens. All sizes from 4 to 14 years and all styles	$2.00 to 15.00	*Misses Jackets.* Chinchilla or cloth. Sizes 14, 16 and 18 years	$4.75 to 20.00

Don't fail to see our great assortment of wonderful bargains in shawls—single or double. Plain colors, blacks, or Scotch plaids, $1.85 to $7.50.

HEADQUARTERS FOR ALL WOOL COUNTRY BLANKETS.

Campbell & Smith,

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September 5th to October 20th,

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OF NEW YORK, 65 PIECES,

THE GREATEST MILITARY BAND IN AMERICA, has been engaged at an ENORMOUS COST to entertain you.

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MECHANICAL EXHIBITS NEVER EQUALED.

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TYPE SETTING MACHINE,
ELECTRIC DISPLAY, FISH EXHIBIT,
FRESH MEAT PRESERVING,
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MAGNIFICENT ART GALLERY.

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