The Somerset Herald.

EDWARD SCULL, Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY.....Dec. 6, 1893.

ENGLAND has an income tax—you know, and it is fitting that the Democratic party following England's free trade policy should also adopt its income tax system—It's English, you know.

OF course wool is placed on the free list by the proposed new tariff bill. This is equivalent to giving notice to sheep raisers that this country proposes to raise its wool in Australia and South America.

AT the late election in Colorado the suffrage law was carried by a majority of 6,347, and Governor Bois has issued his proclamation announcing the right of women to vote at all elections in that State.

OUR Democratic contemporaries exultantly point to the increasing resumption of mills and factories throughout the country as evidence of the coming prosperity under the proposed free trade bill, but they fail to mention the fact that the workmen in nearly all of them have had their wages reduced from ten to thirty per cent.

IT has been extensively proclaimed that Senator Voorhees would seize a speedy opportunity to publicly flay Hoke Smith and denounce his pension methods. It was hardly necessary for the Senator to deny this, as he does. Those of the public who are familiar with his political antecedents know that he is not built that way.

THIS country has prospered since the war, under a protective tariff, as no country in the world has ever done. Now it is the intention of this Democratic Administration to wipe out all protection, compel our manufacturers and laborers to compete with the cheap labor of Europe and resort to direct taxation of the people to raise the means to run the government.

THE pluck of Samuel J. Randall and a few Democratic followers "knocked the stuffin" out of the Mills bill, notwithstanding all the pressure Mr. Cleveland brought to bear in its favor. May we not now hope to find more than one Democratic member from this State follow the manly example of the great Pennsylvanian when the vital interests of his state were put in jeopardy?

THE devil has always tried to pass himself off as a boss reformer, but he cannot beat the present Administration. It is a boss reformer, and its silver reform and tariff reform have within the last twelve months brought about all the suffering and misery that even his Satanic majesty could ask for. They have brought idleness upon honest millions, and impoverished whole communities.—*Ibid.*

THE Republican tariff made the home of the American workman a home of plenty. He lived and enjoyed the luxuries of the rich in the older lands. The Democratic policy in its very promise, and before its reality could be experienced, has brought distrust and want and suffering. It is that and nothing else. The talk about silver producing the hard times—was simply a Democratic blind.—*Inter Ocean.*

THE revenues of the government are now over fifty million dollars short of its wants, and the Democratic tariff tinkers in the House admit that their proposed new bill will fall short another fifty millions annually, of raising the necessary revenue. They propose to make up this deficiency by returning to the odious tax on incomes, legacies, proprietory medicines, &c., which necessity compelled the government to levy in war times.

GENERAL WILLIAM LILLY, Congressman-at-large, died suddenly of congestion of the lungs at his residence in Mauch Chunk on Saturday last. Gen'l Lilly was elected to Congress last fall on the Republican State ticket. His death will be regretted by a large circle of friends throughout the State who esteemed him for his kindly and manly virtues. A general election will have to be held to fill the vacancy caused by his death.

WE hear a great deal of senseless gabble about "free raw material." There is no such thing as free raw material in the markets of the world. In the Wilson bill iron ore and coal are put on the free raw material list. These articles may, as they exist in the hills, be properly called free raw material, but the moment they are mined the cost of mining is added, and they are not free raw material. The miner and producer of them for the market, is as much entitled to protection for his labor as is the manufacturer or producer of any other article of trade.

THE new Democratic tariff bill is simply a conspiracy to beggar American labor. The chief sufferers will be the thousands upon thousands of American men, women and children. Largely reduced wages means misery, want and possible starvation for them. If government is for the people, can there be any possible justification for the change from the best paid labor in the world to that of the grovelling poor of Europe? And yet to this complexion must we come, if reduced to the demands and consequences of free trade, as advocated by the party now in power.

THAT the new tariff bill would be sectional was well understood by those who had studied the make-up of the committee having it in charge. Here are a few specimens. Take iron ore, cotton ties, logs, lumber and sugar. Iron ore and logs are placed on the free list. Cotton ties, which are used only in the South, and are simply hoop iron cut in lengths, are made free, while hoop or strap iron used in hundreds of ways throughout the North and West is subject to duty. Finished lumber and building materials are made free, while the bounty on sugar, almost entirely a Southern production, is retained. In this there is evidence that the meanest sectional and political motives controlled the Southern members of the committee.

THE first regular session of the Fifty-third Congress assembled on Monday last (4th inst.), at 12 o'clock noon. This will be one of the most important and probably most exciting session held for many years. Bills to repeal the tariff, the Federal election laws, and the tax on state bank currency will be acted upon, as will also bills favoring a general bankrupt law, increasing National bank circulation, amending the naturalization laws, and a general financial bill. These with the Hawaiian complication, the pension question, the proposed increase of internal revenue taxes, and the usual appropriation and other miscellaneous bills will give rise to prolonged, and in some instances acrimonious discussion, and will probably make the session a lively and protracted one.

SPECIFIC duties are levied upon the quantity of any articles imported. Ad valorem duties are based upon its foreign supposed value. Ad valorem duties are simply an invitation to foreign manufacturers and importers to undervalue their goods and invoice them for the American market at any price that best suits their interests or permits them to pay the smallest duty. Yet the new tariff bill provides simply for ad valorem duties. Every scoundrel, and our former experience proves that there are multitudes of them, fixes the value of the articles imported by him, and pays duty accordingly. Our manufacturers can then be undersold in their home markets, and are driven out of competition; their works are closed, and labor seeks in vain for employment.

THAT there is any prospect of defeating the new tariff bill we do not believe. With nearly a hundred Democratic majority in a house dominated and controlled by the South, in whose interests the bill is mainly framed, the idea of successful opposition there is preposterous. In the Senate the Democratic majority is close, but the blandisments of power and patronage, and the threats and denunciations of an almost autocratic domination are hard to resist. The bill has been constructed under the eye of the President and it goes without saying has his approval. A large portion of his patronage has been withheld, doubtless to be placed where it will do the most good, and the crushing process that was applied to Randall, Sowden and others who had the manliness to stand up for the interests of their constituents against Mr. Cleveland's desire to pass the Mills bill is not yet forgotten. These and other means of pressure at the command of the Executive force us to the belief that there is little or any hope of defeating the iniquitous measure, but there should be no relaxation of effort on the part of Republicans. Every means known to parliamentary law and skill should, and doubtless will, be resorted to, and although the struggle is well nigh hopeless, Republicans can, when the wolf is at the door of the misguided and unfortunate victims of Democratic legislation, point to the record, with the truthful declaration: "Thou canst not say I did it."

A Few Comments On the New Tariff (Wilson) Bill Showing the Trend of Public Sentiment.

Ex Speaker Reed says: "I think in a few days we will hear what the people have to say about this measure. Then, look out. When they realize that this bill takes work out of their hands and bread out of their mouths they will not wait for the ballot-box, but will speak beforehand. I cannot conceive a Democrat, although the conception is a very strong one, who would sign his political death warrant in the face of a general expression of indignation among his constituency. There are very few constituencies in the Northern States which are not menaced by this bill. There are some in the South, but there is no public opinion down there. But there is in the North, and every representative is bound to respect it for his own good.

"This attempt to wreck American industries has not yet reached the President. Of course, if it does, he will sign it. The Democrats have the votes in both houses to pass it if they wish; therefore the only way to stop it will be for the people in the districts to unite, irrespective of party lines, and let their will be known. If the bill gets to the President he will sign it. Then the home industries must suffer for nearly four years. The election of a Republican Congress cannot help things, as the President would block the way and he could not be ousted before March 4, 1897. With everything Republican then a bill could not be passed and put in operation under six months even at parliamentary railroad speed."

SENATOR MURPHY'S HOME ORGAN.

From the Troy Press (Dem.)

The Wilson bill is so bad that it will muster enough Democratic legislators against it to hold the balance of power and prevent its passage.

Its adoption would signify Democratic suicide, and the wise leaders of the party will therefore effectively exert themselves for its interment.

The Wilson bill is so plainly doomed to defeat that it will not be half so injurious as a less obnoxious measure craftily drawn to win public approval.

Notwithstanding the pernicious provisions with which this bill abounds, it is not dangerous because it is doomed. Vitalized into law it would be a tremendous injury to the country, and make the Democratic a minority party for many years to come. It cannot be so vitalized.

Democratic duty, loyalty to labor and the commonest patriotism unite to demand the defeat of this sectional and scandalous measure.

Let every Democratic statesman and legislator apposed to it be prompt in voicing his convictions.

Make it plain that the Wilson bill cannot pass, and even its prolonged agitation will be unable to interrupt the revival of prosperity which is now gladdening the country.

From the Philadelphia Ledger (Cleveland Ind.).

No such violent change of economic policy as is proposed by the Wilson tariff bill could be made without a corresponding change in the economic conditions of the country and the people. The duties on foreign products, which really protect the capital and labor of America, are the props which have sustained, and are necessary to sustain, the common prosperity of the people—not alone of a class or classes, but of the masses.

The general principle of the bill is to be feared and resisted. Resistance to it should assume definite form and force at once. Capital and labor should, through their regular organizations and by individual appeals, unite to influence Senators and Representatives to oppose so long as opposition can be successfully exerted the principle of free trade, as set forth in the free raw materials schedules and the tariff for-revenue-only policy, as set forth in the great reduction of duties on manufactured products. Protection for our industries is with American capital and labor the law of self preservation, and any attempt to set it aside should be strenuously contended against.

ANOTHER DEMOCRATIC VIEW.

From the Daily News (Stalwart Dem).

The adoption by the Democratic members of the Committee of Ways and Means of ad valorem instead of specific duties in the new Tariff bill, is sure to provoke a good deal of criticism even outside of the ranks of the Republican protectionists, for the reason that the general belief is that it is easier to collect the right amount of duty on weight or quality than on price.

FIGHT IT TO DEATH.

From the Philadelphia North American (Rep).

This bill appears to have been gathered up from the mass of the ignorant utterances of years and flung together at random. It will be contested inch by inch, and there must be no attempt to restrict legitimate discussion. Such an attempt will fail if made.

LEGISLATION FOR FOREIGNERS.

From the Pittsburg Times (Rep.).

The Democratic members of the committee have in their work granted the prayer of the foreigners who told them they ought to legislate for the good of England, France and Spain, and ignored those of our own workingmen and manufacturers.

CLEVELAND DISASTERS.

From the Boston Journal (Rep.).

This new Democratic tariff bill is pretty sure to produce a large and luxurious crop of Democratic protectionists, who believe that in tariff matters Jefferson, Madison and Jackson are safer guides than John C. Calhoun and Grover Cleveland.

THE AD VALOREM FRAUD.

From the Tribune (Rep.).

Its most characteristic feature is the general substitution of ad valorem for specific duties. The extreme free trade theorists have always been anxious for ad valorem duties because these are most easily evaded.

A SAFE PROPHECY.

From the Mail and Express.

Wages in this country reached the high water mark during the Harrison Administration. If the Wilson tariff bill shall become law wages in this country will sink to the lowest level they have touched in fifty years.

SOLD OUT TO BOURBONS.

From the Baltimore American (Rep.).

The feature of the bill which will probably excite the most comment hereafter is the manner in which the South has been protected at the expense of the rest of the country.

NOT STRANGE.

From the Philadelphia Record (Dem.)

The sugar schedule as it stands is a miserable makeshift, showing the mysterious power of the Sugar Trust over some Democratic Congressmen. Raw sugar should be taxed.

A TRIPPLE HEADED FOE.

From the Philadelphia Press (Rep).

As it stands, the bill is an extreme blow at the revenue of the government, at the life of American industries and at the wage of American labor.

A CRIME.

From the Recorder.

The bill is a meditated crime against labor. If it shall pass, wages must come down to the European standard.

MILLS TO BE KEPT CLOSED.

From the Albany Express.

The new Tariff bill means that thousands of shops and mills now closed are to be kept closed.

An Income Tax.

WASHINGTON, November 30.—An income tax will be a conspicuous feature of the internal tax schedule upon which the majority members of the ways and means committee are now working. The details of the plan are gradually assuming a definite form. It will exempt individual income and will apply only in a general way to inheritances and corporations. The data furnished by the treasury department shows that during the ten years the tax was in existence the receipts in round numbers were $347,000,000. High water mark was reached in 1866. During that year the receipts aggregated $73,000,000, and in the year following they were $67,000,000. The great increase in population and wealth since then leads the committee to believe that a tax on corporations alone will furnish a considerable amount of the revenue needed to supply the deficit caused by the reduction in tariff duties.

Chairman Wilson now believes that $25,000,000 will cover the decrease in revenue from imports caused by the bill just made public.

He reached this conclusion after a careful examination of the new tariff bill, and this conclusion is shared by Secretary Carlisle, with whom the chairman has had repeated conferences.

A tax of ten cents a pack on playing cards has been suggested, and will, no doubt, be adopted, as all the majority members regard the proposition favorably.

The committee have reached no understanding as yet regarding whisky. It is not likely that the tax will be increased beyond ten cents a gallon, with a probability that it may remain untouched.

What M'Kinley Says of it.

Governor McKinley, concerning the tariff bill, says: "I have looked into the Wilson bill sufficiently to discover that it strikes down specific duties and substitutes ad valorem rates, which all experience condemns, and which has proven in our own history an open door to frauds on the revenue resulting from undervaluation.

"The bill is a very radical one, and I regret to see has been influenced by sectionalism. It is marked by a reassertion of the ideas of the old South, and is a dreadful blow at the new South. It makes hoop iron free for baling cotton, and leaves it dutiable for every other use. If enacted into law it will largely diminish the production in the United States, or reduce the wages of laborers to the standard of laborers in competing countries. It is a good bill for Europe, and a very bad one for the United States."

Blizzards in the West.

BURLINGTON, Ia., Dec. 1.—A terrible blizzard has struck Iowa. Much suffering is expected. The thermometer indicated 10 degrees below zero to-day, and reports of suffering among stock are coming in. Joseph Fleet was frozen to death here last night. Teams are crossing the Mississippi on the ice.

FORTY BELOW ZERO AT ST. PAUL.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Dec. 1.—The predicted cold weather seems to have arrived. This morning the Weather Bureau's St. Paul thermometer touched 29 degrees below, while other thermometers in more exposed places about the city went down much lower, 38 and 40 being the coldest yet reported.

MUCH SUFFERING IN KANSAS.

TOPEKA, Kan., Dec. 1.—The cold wave of yesterday and to-day has caused increased suffering to the settlers in Western Kansas, most of whom are without any fuel supply. So far no fatalities have been reported, but it must have been impossible for some of the unfortunates to have survived the frigid weather which prevailed last night. Appeals continue to pour in upon the Governor and other State officers for assistance, but they are powerless to do anything in an official way.

Plow With Their Tongues.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 30.—The resolutions of the Farmers' Benefit and kindred associations, recently passed at Indianapolis, asking Secretary Morton to retract what he said at Chicago relative to "Journeymen Farmers" who promote Granges for the purpose of "farming the farmers" was shown to him this morning, and he remarked: "Each one of those fellows uses only one plow, and that is his tongue; and he does not hold that very well, nor turn up anything very rich; and all his tillage is to get a crop of votes in the fall, and, as the result of his efforts, garner an office."

Farmers' institutes, he said, and, in fact, all other agricultural organizations which bring their members together for the purpose of comparing experiences and discussing the management, economics and general domestic affairs of farms and homes, he zealously approves.

He prefers, for the promotion of a higher home-life among farmers, farmers' institutes and other organizations which are not oath-bound, and which have nothing to conceal from other people, because, in his judgment, neither the "Grange" nor the "Alliance" can entertain any thoughts so high or beneficent that the whole people ought not to have them.

A Herald of the Infant Year.

Clip the last thirty years or more from the century, and the segment will represent the term of the unbounded popularity of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. The opening of the year 1894 will be signalized by the appearance of a fresh Almanac of the Bitters, in which the uses, derivation and action of this world-famous medicine will be lucidly set forth. Everybody should read. The calendar and astronomical calculations to be found in this brochure are always astonishingly accurate, and the statistics, illustrations, humor and other reading matter rich in interest and full of profit. The Hostetter Company, of Pittsburgh, Pa., publish it themselves. They employ more than sixty hands in the mechanical work, and more than eleven months in the year are consumed in its preparation. It can be obtained, without cost, of all druggists and country dealers, and is printed in English; German, French, Welsh, Norwegian, Swedish, Holland, Bohemian and Spanish.

It is stated that there are about 6,000 destitute people in the upper peninsula of Michigan.

FARMERS TO SUFFER.

Their Interests Assaulted in the New Democratic Tariff.

TOBACCO DUTY DECREASED.

The Wilson Tariff Bill Will Further Deplete the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—By far the most important political event of the week is the publication of the new Tariff bill. True, many of the changes as well as the general tenor of the bill had been anticipated more or less accurately in the Washington dispatches, but still there was enough of uncertainty about it all to keep up the interest of the country.

The Republicans condemn the bill without qualification, but express satisfaction at its being so radical as to unmask any pretense on the part of the Democrats of a purpose to preserve the protection of American interests. They regard the bill as making a square issue between protection and free trade, and it is very satisfactory to them to have the issue come in this form. The bill makes sweeping reductions in nearly all the manufacturing schedules, and places wool, coal, lumber, salt and iron ore upon the free list. The tariff on sugar is reduced, and provisions made for the gradual extinguishments of the bounties. Material reductions are made in the woolen schedule and a gradual decrease is provided for. There are also large cuts in the cotton and metal schedules. Every Pennsylvania industry—wool, farm produce, corn, coal, lumber—are attacked.

The chief exigency which the Wilson bill itself creates, and which seems destined to bring destruction upon its own head is that, while professedly a revenue measure, it really cuts into the revenues of the Treasury to an amount estimated at $50,000,000, instead of providing means to meet the threatened deficit at the end of the fiscal year under the present revenues of from $60,000,000 to $80,000,000. This fact of itself will force the House to amend the bill so as to produce greater revenue, for the reason that an income tax cannot well past that body, and most certainly cannot pass the Senate.

The agricultural interest will, perhaps, be the slowest to understand how their welfare is attacked, but when they are heard from the farmers will be likely to speak in no uncertain tones. The removal of duties from agricultural products which are readily brought across our northern border from Canada will speedily prove a thorn in the side of the farmers of every norther state.

The schedules which affect the farmers of Somerset county are beneath appended, showing that they will be great sufferers if the Democratic party persists in its purpose of enacting this bill:

SCHEDULE G—AGRICULTURE.

All live animals not especially provided, for, 20 per centum. (Present duty, 20 per cent. ad valorem.)

Buckwheat, corn or maize, cornmeal, oats, oatmeal, rye, rye flour, wheat and wheat flour, 20 per cent, but each of the above products shall be admitted free of duty from any country which imposes no import duty on the like product when exported from the United States. (Present duty, 15 cents per bushel.)

Rice, cleaned, 1½ cents per pound (present duty, 2 cents per pound); uncleaned rice or rice free of the outer hull and still having the inner cuticle on, 1 cent per pound (present duty, 1¼ cents per pound); rice flour and rice meal and rice broken, which will pass through a sieve known commercially as No. 12 wire sieve, ½ of 1 cent per pound (present duty, ¾ cent per pound); paddy or rice having the outer hull on ⅔ of 1 cen per pound (present duty ¾ cent per pound).

Butter and substitutes therefor, 4 cents per pound. (Present duty, 6 cents per pound).

Cheese, 25 per cent. (Present duty, 15 cents per pound).

Hay, $2 per ton. (Present duty, $4 per ton).

Hops, 8 cents per pound. (Present duty, 15 cents per pound).

Potatoes, 40 cents per bushel of 60 pounds. (Present duty, 25 cents per bushel).

Fish in cans or packages, except anchovies and sardines, and fish packed in any other manner, not specially enumerated 25 per centum. (Present duty, 30 per cent).

There shall be allowed on the imported tin plate used in the manufacture of cans, boxes packages, and all articles of tinware exported, either empty or filled with domestic products, a drawback equal to the duty paid on such tin plate, less one per cent. of such duty.

November Days.

November is a month of rainy, disagreeable days. The damp, cold air penetrates everywhere and chills the blood, laying the system open to the danger of colds, pneumonia and kindred complaints. There is but one remedy that stimulates the system and fortifies it against such attacks, and that is whiskey. Not such a whiskey as is generally palmed off on the public, but a whiskey of known purity and quality. Such a whiskey is Klein's Silver Age, Duquesne or Bear Creek Ryes. These whiskies have been before the public for many years and find favor wherever purity is required. Physicians prescribe them; hospitals use them, and every reputable dealer sells them.

They are for sale at $1.50, and $1.25 and $1.00 per quart respectively. Send for a complete catalogue and price list of all liquors mailed free. All goods neatly boxed and expressed anywhere. Address, Max Klein, 82 Federal street, Allegheny, Pa.

GEN. LILLY DEAD.

Successor will be Chosen at the February Election.

At Mauch Chunk, Friday afternoon, General William Lilly, Congressman-at-Large from Pennsylvania, died very suddenly. The announcement of his death caused intense surprise to all his neighbors and friends, although he has never been a well man since his visitation of paralysis over a year ago.

It is understood that Governor Pattison will not take any action with respect to filling the vacancy caused by the death of Congressman-at-Large Lilly until after the funeral and it is further stated upon the best authority that there will be no special election. He will issue a writ for the filling of the vacancy at the regular spring election in February, which will avoid a large expenditure for a special election. It is said that the State committees of the several political parties will probably nominate candidates and the calling of conventions will not be necessary. General Lilly was president of the Ashland State Hospital board of trustees and the Governor will also have to fill this vacancy.

The Carnegie Steel Company posted notices at the Homestead works, Wednesday, announcing an immediate reduction of all wages of laborers from $1.40 to $1.20 per day of ten hours. A large number of men are affected.

INFLUENZA,

Or La Grippe, though occasionally epidemic, is always more or less prevalent. The best remedy for this complaint is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

"Last Spring, I was taken down with La Grippe. At times I was completely prostrated, and so difficult was my breathing that my breast seemed as if confined in an iron cage. I procured a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and no sooner had I began taking it than relief followed. I could not believe that the effect would be so rapid and the cure so complete. It is truly a wonderful medicine."—W. H. WILLIAMS, Crook City, S. D.

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The latest novel by Amelie Rives is "Tanis, the Sang-Digger," and it should arouse an interest from its own peculiar character as well as on account of its authorship. Miss Rives has selected for her heroine a poor girl of Virginia, who lives pretty much like a savage in the mountains, and eks out an existence by digging the ginseng root. Of course, the girl, *Tanis*, is a handsome creature. She is grandly proportioned and full of the vigor and warmth of lusty young womanhood. Therefore, one easily becomes interested in the tragedy of love of which she is the heroine. Miss Rives represents in *Tanis* another study of feminine character that is as startling and vivid as that of *Barbara* in "The Quick or The Dead." Hers is another battle against a love that all but overwhelms her, but *Tanis* makes the fight because she knows the man to whom she wants to give herself is unworthy of any virtuous woman. He is a big, passionate brute of a fellow, and she believes it her duty to resist the power he exerts over her. She succeeds in doing this for a time, but at last her lover succeeds in driving her into a marriage with him against her will, and so we leave her. The story is one of great power, and to those that have found the same author's former works satisfactory, it will undoubtedly prove absorbing. Town Topics Publishing Company, 21 West 23d street, New York. Cloth, $1.50.

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Cures Bright's Disease, Dropsy, Gravel, Nervousness, Heart, Urinary or Liver Disease. Known by a tired, languid feeling; inaction of the kidneys, weakens and poisons the blood, and unless cause is removed you cannot have health. Cured me over five years ago of Bright's Disease and Dropsy.—Mrs. L. E. Miller, Bethlehem, Pa. 1,000 other similar testimonials. Try it. Cure guaranteed.

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COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, The Hon. JACOB H. LONGENECKER, President Judge of the several Courts of Common Pleas of the several counties composing the 16th Judicial District, and Justice of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the said District, and HENRY HEFFLEY and NOAH BISENCKER, Esq's., Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas and Justices of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the County of Somerset have issued their precepts, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace and General Jail Delivery, and Courts of Oyer and Terminer at Somerset, on

MONDAY, DEC. 11th, 1893.

NOTICE is hereby given to all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroner and Constables within the said County of Somerset, that they be then and there in their proper persons with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations and other remembrances, to do those things which to their office and in that behalf appertain to be done, and also they who will prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Somerset County, to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

ISAIAH GOOD,
Sheriff.

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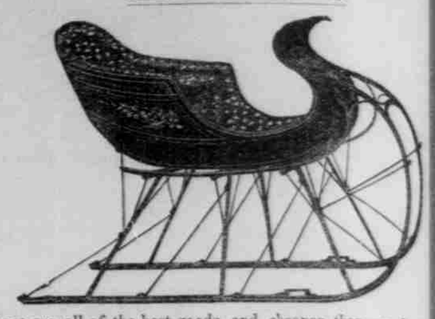

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