COLONIAL BUILDINGS.

Several of Them Can Be Seen at the World's Fair.

Mount Vernon, the House of Immortal Washington, Reproduced by the State of Virginia—New Jersey's Historic Structure and Maryland's Mansion.

[Special World's Fair Letter.]

Virginia's state building at Jackson park is the Mecca toward which the pilgrim visitors with renewed energy wend their way to pay homage to the home of America's chief. The structure, with its white frame walls, gabled roof and old-fashioned win-

"MOUNT VERNON"—VIRGINIA'S STATE BUILDING.

dows, is an exact reproduction of the Mount Vernon mansion, in Fairfax county, Va., the home in which George Washington lived and died.

This home was presented to Washington by his brother Lawrence and was built in the early part of the eighteenth century by their father.

The building at the fair lies near the lake, opposite the Maryland structure, and covers an area of 175x185 feet, being erected at a cost of $25,000.

The main structure is 94x32 feet with two stories and an attic, and a two-story portico extending along the entire front. The portico extends up to the cornice of the roof with an ornamental railing around the top, and is supported by eight large columns. This portico is representative of the wide and open hospitality of the south, and is furnished with settees along the whole length next to the wall, and with many easy chairs and rockers.

Extending back of each wing in the rear are two colonnades about 20 feet long, 9½ feet wide and 11 feet high, connecting each with a one-and-a-half story structure 46x20 feet. These are called the dependencies, and each contains four rooms.

In the main building are seventeen rooms; the largest is the banquet hall, 31x28 feet, and the second in size the library, 16x19 feet. The main entrance hall, Washington's chamber, in which he died, upon the second floor, and Mrs. Washington's private room in the attic, to which she removed after her husband's death, and which she occupied during the remainder of her life, because it was the only room which overlooked his tomb, are the large rooms of the house.

The apartments average in size upon the first floor 17x17 feet, and second 15x15 feet. The height of the building from the ground to the top of the cupola is 50 feet.

The hostess presiding over the colonial home is a lady assistant of the Virginia board, Mrs. Lucy Preston Beale, a daughter of Hon. Ballard Preston, and granddaughter of Gen. Preston, a former governor of the state. She has for the attendants in the building old Virginia negroes, and endeavors to give in every particular an old Virginia home of the colonial period.

The Virginia building is not only an exact reproduction of the Mount Vernon residence, but everything within it partakes of the colonial character. Nothing modern is found in the furnishings except a few pieces of statuary, a library of books by Virginia authors and the throng of people.

As far as possible the building is furnished with articles which were collected from all over the state, the heirlooms in Virginia families, and with portraits of the same character.

In the main hall is a stairway four feet wide ascending by platforms to the floors above.

On the first landing there is an old Washington family clock, an interesting historical relic. The hall is furnished with antique sofas and pictures of the last century.

To the right of the entrance is Nellie Custis' music room containing a harpsichord, the facsimile of the one presented to her by Washington, and the old piano used by Dolly Madison, taken from the Madison home at Montpelier.

Just beyond is the banquet hall, a lofty apartment with pale yellow walls and drab tinted ceiling. It contains a life-sized portrait of Washington painted by Gilbert Stuart in 1797. Also white marble statues by Edward V Valentine, of Richmond, one of the "Blind Girl," the other a representation of "Andromache and Astyanax."

Altogether the building with its furnishings is unequaled in its character and appointment and nothing like it will be seen except by a pilgrimage to Mount Vernon itself.

Another state building not less interesting than the one through which the visitor has passed, and of equal historical value, is the structure erected by New Jersey.

Those familiar with the appearance of the Washington headquarters in Morristown, N. J., will recognize in New Jersey's building the nucleus of the general outlines and the details of that historic building. The state did well to select this home for a model at the world's fair, when it is remembered that under the roof of the old Morristown house more of the noted men of the revolution have gathered and talked of war and peace than under any other roof in America.

Gen. Washington used this place as headquarters during the winter of 1779 and '80 and Alexander Hamilton lived there during the same winter at which time the little god, Cupid, without respect to time or place crossed his path and he wooed and won the lady he afterward married, daughter of Gen. Schuyler. Celebrated men including Lafayette, Green, Steuben, Kosciusko, Knox, "Light Horse" Harry Lee, "Mad Anthony" Wayne and that brave soldier, who died under the ignominy of being a traitor to his country, Benedict Arnold, have all been under its roof.

The building is centrally located at the park among the eastern states, and arranged with all the conveniences of a club house, for which purpose it was intended.

The main entrance opens into a large general assembly hall, which is two stories high, surrounded by a circular balcony looking down from the second story.

The building is 51 feet long and 31 feet wide, with a height of 37 feet to the eaves. It is constructed principally of frame work, covered with clapboards, and with some of the ornamental portions in staff. There are two large and inviting piazzas on the front and rear.

The entire structure was erected at a cost of $40,000.

The Maryland building is a handsome structure, located near the lake, built in so-called "free classic" style of architecture. The extreme dimensions, including porches, are 142x78 feet. The exterior is covered with staff and adorned by three entrance porticos supported by Corinthian columns. A spacious piazza, with deck roof and similar columns, is constructed in the rear. The wings of the building have deck roofs inclosed by handsome balustrades. The center has a belvidere which offers an excellent point of vantage for viewing the world's fair grounds.

The noteworthy points on the exterior are a beautifully modeled coat of arms of the state placed in the tympanum of the gable of the main portico, and also an elaborate belt cornice with a decorated frieze of garlands and wreaths.

The interior is plastered and finished in white pine, painted cream color.

The central part of the main floor is occupied by a reception hall and a grand stairway, all treated in the colonial style with rich moldings and delicate lines. On the right of the central hall is a large room 25x36 feet, used for the exhibition of woman's work. On the left is a general exhibition hall, 26x36 feet.

The general exhibition hall is two stories high with a gallery at the height of the second floor. On the second floor are three handsomely furnished parlors 13x17 feet each. These are connected by large folding doors and ornamented by carved mantels. On this floor is also found a reading room containing the daily papers of the state with other national papers, a smoking room and office for the use of the commission. A large and extensive exhibit of the industries of the state has been made in the state building and also a beautiful display of needle work, ceramic painting and general handiwork of women.

The building receives many favorable comments from all who visit it, and the commissioners from Maryland congratulate themselves that for the money expended they secured proportionately one of the most attractive state buildings on the grounds.

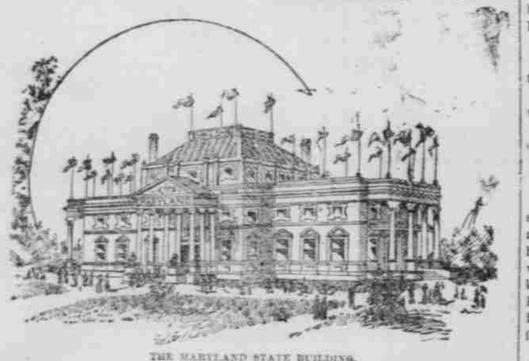
NANNIE STULL.

The Famous Kentucky Room.

Kentucky's room in the Woman's building at the exposition is replete with interest for all students of colonial days. In construction and decorations it takes one back to pre-revolutionary times; and it is filled with historic relics and souvenirs. There is a chair over three hundred years old, often used by Elder Brewster, of Plymouth colony fame. The solid mahogany furniture has descended in time-honored families, and many pieces are associated with the great men of the past.

Fish in Mammoth Aquaria.

In the Fisheries building at the world's fair are ten aquaria having a capacity of 7,000 to 27,000 gallons of water each. In the center of the eastern polygonal building is a rotunda sixty feet in diameter, in the middle of which is a basin or pool twenty-six feet wide from which rises a mass of rocks covered with moss and lichens. Almost every fresh water fish known may be seen swimming in the pool.



THE MARYLAND STATE BUILDING.

"THE WHITE CITY."

It Owes Its Name to the Unlimited Employment of Staff.

Much of the material used in the exterior of the great buildings at the world's fair, and especially of the columns, pediments and statuary, which forms so extensive a part of the decorative detail of that great show, is a very cheap, snow-white, tough and fireproof composition, called "staff." Plaster of paris, to which a little cement is added, and fibers of sisal grass, hemp or jute, are the chief ingredients. The mixture is prepared so as to have a consistency of molasses; and it may then be molded in any shape desired. After it sets, the boards or other pieces may be sawn, nailed and bent almost at will; and the requisite firmness is acquired in less than an hour. It is staff that forms the covering of most of the large buildings, and thus helps in a very important degree to create "the White City." Most of the statues are first molded in clay, and then covered with staff. To reproduce these vast structures and works of art in the marble thus simulated would cost twenty or thirty times as much as this did.

Bible Society Exhibit.

In a general way the purpose of the Bible society is to show to the visitors to the world's fair by this exhibit the work it has accomplished and the progress it has made in the seventy-six years of its existence. Copies of each of the annual reports and bound files of "The Bible Society Record" occupy shelves in one of the cases. In the same class also appear specimens of the electrotype plates used in printing the Scriptures. Two of these plates are especially noteworthy, one of them having been employed in the set used in printing 980,000 copies of the 5-cent edition of the New Testament, a total edition numbering 3,300,000 having been issued since 1878. The other plate was one of the 2,054,000 20-cent Bibles which have come from the society's press in the same period.

Would Make a Good-Sized Farm.

Jackson park, the site of the fair, has a frontage on Lake Michigan of one and one-half miles, and contains 553 acres of ground. The Midway Plaisance, which forms the connecting link between Jackson and Washington parks, is one mile long and 600 feet wide, making an additional area of eighty acres.

Great Scheme.

"Going to be married, take a wedding trip, and see the fair, all inside of twenty minutes? How do you expect to do that?"

"We're going to be married in the Ferris wheel."—Chicago Tribune.

Changed His Tactics.

She—And you are married already?

He—Yes. I accepted the very first girl I proposed to.—Puck.

Some Poor Statuary.

While there is a great deal of clever work in the statuary of the world's fair grounds, there is some that is absurd. The panthers near the Machinery hall are wonderfully and fearfully made, and adorned with big-pump-handle tails, and a cowboy, just added, is an Occidental freak that would drive Buffalo Bill's camp into convulsions.

CONNECTICUT will celebrate its day at the fair October 11. Gov. Morris and his staff will leave New York in a special car October 8, and on their arrival in Chicago will be received by the Sons of Connecticut.

Ten Brooke (cattingly)—Dear me, are you old enough to remember a joke like that?

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. N. Snyder.

Pledging one's health was formerly done by the man sitting next the drinker standing up beside him with a drawn sword, in order that no one should stab him while his hands were holding up the cup.

Two Valuable Friends

1. A physician cannot be always had. Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sprains, Bruises and Burns occur often and sometimes when least expected. Keep handy the friend of many households and the destroyer of all pain, the famous Red Flag Oil, 25 cents.

2. Many a precious life could be saved that is being racked to death with that terrible cough. Secure a good night's rest by investing 25 cents for a bottle of Pan-Tina, the great remedy for Coughs, Colds, and Consumption. Trial bottles of Pan-Tina free at G. W. Benford's Drug Store.

The Dajakese of Borneo never bury a dead member of their tribe until a slave can be procured, who is beheaded at the interment or cremation, to attend the deceased in the next world.

All Free.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have the opportunity to try it free. Call on the advertised Druggist and get a Trial Bottle, Free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills Free, as well as a copy of guide to Health and Household Instructor, Free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing at J. N. Snyder's Drug store.

I notice that Congressman G. Swosh talks a good deal about the farmer in his speeches.

Yes.

Does he know much about agriculture?

Well—I guess he has had hay fever.

See the World's Fair for Fifteen Cents.

Upon receipt of your address and fifteen cents in postage stamps, we will mail you prepaid our Souvenir Portfolio of the World's Columbian Exposition, the regular price is Fifty cents, but as we want you to have one, we make the price nominal. You will find it a work of art and a thing to be prized. It contains full page views of the great buildings, with descriptions of same, and is executed in highest style of art. If not satisfied with it, after you get it, we will refund the stamps and let you keep the book. Address

H. E. BUCKLEN & Co., Chicago, Ill.

What can I do for you? he asked of the caller.

I came to collect for the ventilating fan we put in for you.

Oh—er; I see. I'm sorry, but we aren't cashing any drafts at present.

What Am I to Do?

This is the oft expression of the weary sufferer with Rheumatism, Neuralgia and other painful diseases. The whole human frame is tortured and racked with pain. It is well to remember no known medicine equals Red Flag Oil for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sprains and Bruises. Price 25 cents at G. W. Benford's drug store.

Willie Slimson—We don't go to that grocer you have any more.

Mrs. Kingley—What was the matter, Willie? Couldn't your mother stand him?

She says she couldn't stand him off.

O for an eye more clear to see,
A mind to grasp more earnestly,
For every good intent,
That to the sick and despairing
I bring thee a peerless cure.

Pan-Tina, the great remedy for Coughs, Colds and Consumption, 25 and 50 cents. Sold at G. W. Benford's Drug store.

She—That was such a funny joke you told me yesterday about a donkey, Mr. Grigs.

He—Do you think so?

Yes, indeed! After this, whenever I see a donkey it will remind me of you.

Don't You Know

That to have perfect health you must have pure blood, and the best way to have pure blood is to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, the best blood purifier and strength builder. It expels all taint of scrofula, salt rheum and all other humors, and at the same time builds up the whole system and gives nerve strength.

Hood's Pills may be had by mail for 25c. of C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

The tallest tree on earth is a gum-tree, eucalyptus regnans, recently discovered in Australia. It is four hundred and fifteen feet high.

The proprietors of Ely's Cream Balm do not claim it to be a cure-all, but a remedy for catarrh, colds in the head and hay fever. It is not a liquid or a snuff, is easily applied into the nostrils. It gives relief at once. 50c.

I had catarrh of the head and throat for five years. I used Ely's Cream Balm, and from the first application I was relieved. The sense of smell, which had been lost, was restored after using one bottle. I have found the Balm the only satisfactory remedy for catarrh, and it has effected a cure in my case.—H. L. Meyer, Waverly, N. Y.

One of the most remarkable sights in England is a laburnum tree in the church yard of Chastleton, in Oxfordshire. Every summer it is covered with purple and yellow blossoms at the same time. Some of the branches have purple flowers, some yellow, some both.

"Why Is he So Irritable?"

This question is often heard and nearly as often unanswered.

It is not always remembered, as it should be, that the occasion of ill-temper and irritability is often to be found in the physical condition of the person affected. What is the use of trying to harmonize a man whose liver has gone back on him? If a man is tortured with rheumatism, how can he be expected to be affable and agreeable? Can a confirmed dyspeptic be expected to be cheerful and always ready to tell a funny story? The only way to remove the difficulty is to get at the cause. Dyspepsia, rheumatism, impure blood and liver troubles yield to Hood's Sarsaparilla; this is why it is an effective tranquilizer, a peaceful messenger, and a preventive of domestic quarrels

CENTRAL AMERICA.

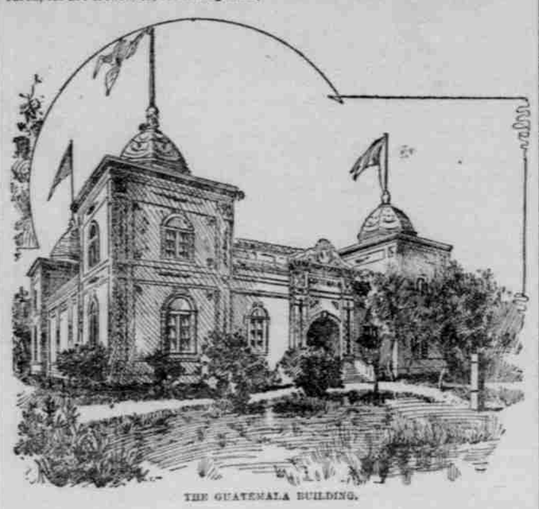
Some of the Choicest Fair Exhibits Come from There.

How the Latin-American Republics Are Represented at Jackson Park—Woods of Remarkable Beauty—Guatemala's Strange Musicians.

[Special World's Fair Letter.]

Among the most interesting exhibits at the world's fair are those hailing from Central and South America. This is not so much due to the superior character of their exhibits or the wide range or artistic excellence of them, for in all those points the leading countries of Europe as well as our own land are way ahead. No, the great interest aroused in the display of objects sent by these semi-civilized countries lies in the very fact that they have so far remained unknown to us and that their character is so very different from what we have been accustomed to see and buy. In a word, it is the novelty of the thing that draws these immense crowds every day to that tier of handsome buildings that have been erected by the governments of all those Latin-American republics in a shady grove near the lagoon, within a stone's throw of the Fisheries building. There are, of course, some additional reasons that attract the multitude to some of these structures, and those I shall not omit to mention in this article.

The reader would be tired were I to conscientiously enumerate the long list of exhibits shown by the Central American and adjoining states, to which I shall confine myself here. It may be said, generally, that nearly every one of them gives a rather comprehensive picture of its resources, its manufactures, its art treasures, its antiquities,



THE GUATEMALA BUILDING.

relics, educational facilities and products. There are wonderfully complete collections of woods—some of them not even named and many fine varieties wholly unknown to the markets—Guatemala and Venezuela each exhibiting over 100 kinds. These exhaustless treasures in fine merchantable woods, good for costly furniture, for veneering, etc., will count in the future. For the present about ten kinds is all that our dealers and builders and architects are acquainted with or care for. There are cloths of every description, made of native wild cotton, of silk, of sheep or guanaco wool, and there are embroideries, tapestries, curtains, hangings, leatherware of all kinds, as well as pottery, terra cotta, inlaid furniture, tools and weapons and utensils fashioned in metal or in shell, wood or vegetable ivory. The similarity of all these products, as well of those made by the hand of man as those grown in the soil, is a striking feature in nearly all these buildings—Guatemala and Costa Rica, Venezuela and Colombia and Ecuador. This is due partly to the similar climatic and soil conditions, partly to the fact that industry in those countries is nearly altogether in the hands of native Indian races and of the half-breeds, the Latin-American population proper preferring to buy imported goods from Europe.

All of them have made strenuous efforts to capture the American market for their coffee, and for this purpose several of these Central American states have started open-air refreshment places where their coffee is served either gratis or at cost price. As a matter of fact, the Guatemala coffee is of such superior quality (it took first prize at the Paris exposition in 1889) as to successfully vie with the Java and Mocha. These coffees have not had much of a market in this country heretofore, but it is safe to predict that from now on they will be consumed very largely.

Guatemala, the most northern of the Central American states, is also the most progressive, if one may judge by the exhibits made at the fair. Of all foreign nations she is the only one that has sent us a band of her native musicians without expecting any pay or money equivalent for the service. This band, the Marimba band, is made up of four native Guatemala Indians, whose gift of music and of composition comes to them by birthright, the Indians there (Quiches and Kaclilqueles) being not only a docile, gentle and intelligent race, but also natural musicians of a high order. Their music, composed by themselves, is of a highly melodious character, and the songs this Marimba band plays every afternoon just outside the Guatemala building, such as "Belle Guatemala," "El Artesano," "Mi Patria," "La Mica" and others, are delightful to listen to.

They use the curious instrument, the marimba, from which the band takes its name, a sort of hylophone, made of 37 pieces of different native woods, each of a different length and breadth and depth, loosely fastened to a frame, and about 8 feet long, so that the four musicians play on it with slender reed tubes, the point covered with a rubber inclosure, at the same time. This instrument has a full, sonorous sound, some notes closely resembling those of the pathetic cello, others more like the vibrating, tender notes of the violin, and the players themselves—Castillanos, the two brothers Chavez and Molina—manipulate it with exqnisite skill.

In the Colombia building there is a very fine collection of golden Indian antiquities, viz.: ornaments fashioned in pure, yellow gold and dating from before the period of the Spanish conquests. There are several hundreds of these interesting and intrinsically valuable objects on view there in a large case, and the money value of half a dozen of them is extremely high. There are breastplates and diadems, pins and buttons, armlets, earrings and finger-rings, vases and seals, boxes and even shields made of the solid yellow metal. The museum at Bogota has loaned these priceless baubles to the exposition. In the same building are some feather "paintings" of the finest quality, in fact, the most beautiful and perfect of the whole fair. They are skillfully and patiently composed of the breast and neck feathers of the smallest birds of paradise and colibris, and so small are these that it requires a close ocular examination to become convinced that the whole picture is made of feathers and not painted in oil.

An Indian, by name of Juan Velez, of Bogota, is the artist, who has made the prettiest of all these pictures—a scene in the virgin forest, white herons standing in a small bayou, and the trees being alive with birds and monkeys. Colombia, too, shows the prettiest and gayest native silks.

Costa Rica has a full and rather large display in a building adjoining that of Guatemala, and her show is well grouped and arranged, both on the main floor and on the galleries that surround the inner court. Nothing is forgotten in her exhibits—skins of all her wild animals, samples of all her cereals, fruits, tobacco, of her manufactures and minerals. But the showing made by Ecuador, while smaller (it forms a separate section in the Agricultural building) is more interesting. For Ecuador excels her more progressive neighbors at least in one particular—Indian antiquities dug out of her soil in valleys and on mountain tops.

In the Venezuela building there is also a handsome display, and even some remarkable oil paintings, from talented painters like Rojas and others, are shown. But that which attracts by far the greatest number of visitors is a collection of relics placed in a separate room. There you find relics of Bolivar, the great liberator from the Spanish yoke, such as a fine sword, diamond-encrusted, presented to him by the free citizens of Lima, and a medallion of Washington, sent by the family of the great American hero. And of greatest interest is the battle flag of Pizarro, almost perfectly preserved in its heavy gold embroidery and its emblems, and the coat-of-arms of Spain. This is the same victorious standard with which the ruthless but bold Spanish adventurer entered the city of Cuzco on November 18, 1533, after the execution of the last Inca, Atahualpa.

In orchids, too, these countries make a very fine showing. In all some 300 varieties are on view, of which Guatemala alone shows about 200, collected by one of her commissioners, Dr. Guzman, a specialist in botany. But of greatest practical benefits to us would probably be a careful and minute examination of the Central American woods, if that examination were made by a hundred or so of our builders, furniture men and architects.

WOLF VON SCHIERBRAND.

TALE OF A CANCELED PASS.

[From the Chicago Record.]

I

Cervantes Burton was patented
Of a lifting gate called the "A. B. C."

"It is built in such a simple way
That a child can work it," he would say

Mr. Burton had shown his wonderous gate
At half the fairs in the Sucker state.

To open it all you had to do
Was to press a button and up it flew.

"As farmers and breeders are going there,
"I'll make an exhibit at the fair."

So said Cervantes, and straightaway
He wrote for space and a place to stay.

They allotted him twenty feet or more
In R 68, M 44,

In division 3 of the southeast lot,
A quiet and most secluded spot.

They sold him a badge of ornate brass,
And gave him a photographic pass.

Cervantes received his pass one day,
And it was good from the 1st of May

The photograph showed a hefty man,
With towseled whiskers a shade of tan,

With a hickory gallant and slouchy hat,
A paper collar, but no cravat.

Each day Cervantes showed his badge,
And the man at the gate would take a look

At the hickory shirt and the whole array;
Then he'd let him in without delay.

II.

On the first illumination night
He fell in love with a beauty bright.

A peerless fay whose task, forsooth,
Was to sell the checks at a cider booth.

He saw her oft and his love it grew
Through June, July and August too.

At a critical moment she did confess
That she didn't admire his style of dress.

And she also said she greatly feared
She never would marry a wealth of beard.

III.

Next day there came in the pass-gate row
A man whose suit was a dazzling show.

It was loudly checked, had a wide lapel
And the derby hat was horribly swell.

This man was shaven and chalky of hue
He wore a scarf of delicate blue.

He stopped to the gate and offered his book.

The gate-keeper opened and took one look.

He looked again and he chuckled with glee,
"So you're Cervantes Burton!" said he.

"So you're this man with the slouchy hat
And the bunch of whiskers and no cravat!

"Cancel number six hundred four fifty-eight,
And chase this dude to the other gate."

"Hold on," said Cervantes, "that's all right.
My name is Burton; I shaved last night."

But a guard came up and drove him away
Until he was calm and willing to pay.

The girl cashier, she knew 'twas he.
So she said: "It's him!" in ecstasy.

She gazed on his person with much delight
And she whispered a "Yes" that self-same night.

So they are engaged in the regular way,
Though it costs him 50 cents a day.

The Caravels Are Ours.

Spain and the United States entered into renewed pledges of international friendship September 12 when the three Columbus caravels were transferred from the Spanish government to the guardianship of the United States. These caravels are the exact models of the fleet of three vessels in which Columbus spread his sails for the west in 1492 and discovered the new world. The presentation addresses were made by Capt. Concas, who sailed the fleet across the ocean, and Senor Du Puy de Lome, Spanish commissioner. The address of acceptance on behalf of the United States was made by Assistant Secretary of the Navy William McAdoo.

THE NEW STYLE

pill is of Dr. Pierce's invention and is full of improvements. They are used by everyone—high livers, low livers, those whose livers are sluggish—all find relief in Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.

To profit with, these "Pellets" are the smallest, and easiest to take. They're tiny, sugar-coated, anti-bilious granules that every child takes readily.

SECONDLY.—They're perfectly easy in their action—no griping, no disturbance.

THIRDLY.—Their effect is lasting.

FOURTHLY.—Put up in glass—always fresh.

FIFTHLY.—They're the cheapest, for they're guaranteed to give satisfaction, or your money is returned. You pay only for the good you get.

LASTLY.—They absolutely cure Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, Sick or Bilious Headaches, and all derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels.

CURTIS K. GROVE,

SOMERSET, PA.

BUGGIES, SLEIGHS, CARRIAGES,

SPRING WAGONS, BUCK WAGONS

AND EASTERN AND WESTERN WORK

Furnished on Short Notice.

Painting Done on Short Time.

My work is made out of Thoroughly Seasoned Wood, and the Best Iron and Steel, substantially Constructed, Neatly Finished, and Warranted to give Satisfaction.

Employ Only First Class Workmen.

Repairing of All Kinds in My Line Done on Short Notice. Prices REASONABLE and

All Work Warranted.

Call and Examine my Stock, and Learn Prices. I do Wagon-work, and furnish Selves for Wind Mills. Remember the place, and call in.

CURTIS K. GROVE,

(East of Court House

SOMERSET, PA.

A. H. HUSTON.

Undertaker and Embalmer.

A GOOD HEARSE

and everything pertaining to funerals furnished

Somerset, Pa.

'91-1yr

WE TELL YOU

nothing new when we state that it pays to engage in a permanent, most healthy and pleasant business, that returns a profit for every day's work. Such is the business we offer the working class. We teach them how to make money rapidly, and guarantee every one who follows our instructions faithfully the making of $300.00 a month.

Every one who takes hold now and works will surely and speedily increase their earnings; there can be no question about it; others now at work are doing it, and you, reader, can do the same. This is the best paying business that you have ever had the chance to secure. You will make a grave mistake if you fail to give it a trial at once. If you grasp the situation, and act quickly, you will directly find yourself in a most prosperous business, at which you can surely make and save large sums of money. The results of only a few hours' work will often equal a week's wages. Whether you are old or young, man or woman, it makes no difference,—do as we tell you, and success will meet you at the very start. Neither experience or capital necessary. Those who work for us are rewarded. Why not write to-day for full particulars, free? E. C. ALLEN & CO., Box No. 420, Augusta, Me.

CONDENSED TIME TABLES.

Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

Somerset and Cambria Branch

NORTHWARD.

Johnstown Mail Express.—Rockwood 2:30 a. m., Somerset 4:10, Stoystown 4:32, Hooversville 5:08, Johnstown, 6:10.

Johnstown Mail Express.—Rockwood 12:55 a. m., Somerset 1:18, Stoystown 1:46, Hooversville 1:57, Johnstown 2:50 p. m.

Johnstown Accommodation.—Rockwood 6:20 p. m., Somerset 6:51 p. m., Stoystown 7:11 p. m., Hooversville 7:22 p. m., Johnstown 8:15 p. m.

Sunday Accommodation.—Rockwood 12:55 a. m. Somerset, 1:18.

SOUTHWARD.

Mail.—Johnstown 7:40 a. m., Hooversville 8:26 Stoystown 8:49, Somerset 9:11, Rockwood 9:35.

Express.—Johnstown 5:20 p. m., Hooversville 4.16, Stoystown 4:30, Somerset 5:01, Rockwood 5:25.

Sunday Only.—Johnstown 8:20 a. m., Hooversville 9:16 a. m., Stoystown 9:30 a. m., Somerset 10:1 a. m., Rockwood 10:25 a. m.

Sunday Accommodation.—Somerset 5:01 p. m. Rockwood 5:25 p. m.,

*Daily.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT DEC. 18, 1892.

EASTERN STANDARD TIME

DISTANCE AND FARE.

	Miles.	Fare.
Johnstown to Altoona	36¾	$1 10
" " Harrisburg	176¾	5 11
" " Philadelphia	278	8 26
" " Bialerville Int.	248¾	7 35
" " Greensburg	47	1 41
" " Pittsburgh	78	2 34
" " Baltimore	295¾	7 35
" " Washington	299	7 75

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

Trains arrive and depart from the station at Johnstown as follows:

WESTWARD.

Southwestern Express	3:26 a. m
Western Express	3:31 a. m
Johnstown Accommodation	6:57 a. m
" Express	9:10 a. m
Pacific Express	9:21 a. m
Way Passenger	9:32 a. m
Mail	5:16 a. m
Johnstown Express	9:55 a. m
Fast Line	9:04 a. m.

EASTWARD.

Keystone Express	5:35 a. m
Sea-Shore Express	5:40 a. m
Harrisburg Accommodation	10:00 a. m
Day Express	10:15 a. m
A trains Ex. rec	12:02 p. m
Mail Express	4:11 p. m
Johnstown Accommodation	7:05 p. m
Philadelphia	7:16 p. m
Fast Line	10:30 p. m

For rates, maps, &c., go to Ticket Agent or address Thos. E. Watt, P. A. W. D., 110 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

S. M. PREVOST, Gen'l Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

SHERIDAN'S Condition POWDER

It is absolutely pure; highly concentrated, therefore used in small doses; no other kind one fourth as strong. In quantity it costs less than one-fourth cent a day per hen. "One large can saved me $40; send six more to-per vessel keep this winter" says a customer. Sold by druggists, grocers and feed dealers. No other ever made like it.

MAKE HENS LAY. NOTHING ON EARTH WILL MAKE HENS LAY LIKE SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER

Keep Chickens Strong and healthy; it gets your pullets to laying early; it is worth its weight in gold when hens moult; it prevents all disease, Cholera, Roup, Diarrhœa, Leg-weakness. It is a powerful food digestive. Large cans are most economical to buy.

If You Can't Get it Near Home, Send to Us. Ask First.

We send prepaid one pack for Six Five St. One large can $1.20. Six cans $5, express paid. Sample copy of "the best poultry paper published," sent free. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 42 Custom House Street, Boston, Mass.

Your Painter has often wasted time and material in trying to obtain a shade of color, and has even resorted to the use of ready mixed paints, the ingredients of which he knew nothing, because of the difficulty in making a shade of color with white lead. This waste can be avoided by the use of National Lead Company's

Pure White Lead Tinting Colors

These tints are a combination of perfectly pure colors, put up in small cans, and prepared so that one pound will tint 25 pounds of Strictly Pure White Lead to the shade shown on the can. By this means you will have the best paint in the world, because made of the best materials—

Strictly Pure White Lead

and pure colors. Insist on having one of the brands of white lead that are standard, manufactured by the "Old Dutch" process, and known to be strictly pure:

"Armstrong & McKelvy"
"Beymer-Bauman" "Fahnestock"
"Davis-Chambers"

These brands of Strictly Pure White Lead and National Lead Co.'s Pure White Lead Tinting Colors are for sale by the most reliable dealers in paints everywhere.

If you are going to paint, it will pay you to send to us for a book containing information that may save you many a dollar; it will only cost you a postal card.

NATIONAL LEAD CO.,
1 Broadway, New York.
Pittsburgh Branch,
National Lead and Oil Co. of Pennsylvania,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

It is to Your Interest

TO BUY YOUR

DRUGS AND MEDICINES

—OF—

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SUCCESSOR TO

BIESECKER & SNYDER.

None but the purest and best kept in stock, and when Drugs become inert by standing, as certain of them do, we destroy them, rather than impose on our customers.

You can depend on having your

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filled with care. Our prices are as low as any other first-class house and on many articles much lower.

The people of this county seem to know this, and have given us a large share of their patronage, and we shall still continue to give them the very best goods for their money. Do not forget that we make a specialty of

FITTING TRUSSES.

We guarantee satisfaction, and, if you have had trouble in this direction, give us a call.

SPECTACLES AND EYE-GLASSES

in great variety; A full set of Test Lenses. Come in and have your eyes examined. No charge for examination, and we are confident we can suit you. Come and see us.

Respectfully,

JOHN N. SNYDER.

Jacob D. Swank,

Watchmaker and Jeweler,

Next door west of Lutheran Church

Somerset, Pa.

I am now prepared to supply the public with clocks, watches and jewelry of all descriptions, as cheap as the cheapest.

REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

All work guaranteed. Look at my stock before making your purchases.

JORDAN & HINCHMAN.

We are now ready with our new and large invoice of fine Confectionery Goods, popular brands of Biscuits and Cakes, fancy goods of all styles, and everything else pertaining to a first class house to fill orders promptly, and to supply resident families to any extent. Goods always fresh, and always offered at lowest figures. Call and see one of the finest assortments ever carried.

JORDAN & HINCHMAN.

270—272 Main Street,

Johnstown, Pa.

GOOD LIQUORS!

and Cheap Liquors

By calling at the Old Reliable Liquor Store,

No. 309 Main St, and 106 Clinton St,

Johnstown, Pa.,

all kinds of the Choicest Liquors in market can be had. To my old customers this is a well known fact, and to all others convincing proof will be given. Don't forget that I keep on hand the greatest variety of Liquors, the choicest brands and at the lowest prices.

P. S. FISHER.

HARDWARE!

HARDWARE!

I am now prepared to accommodate the public with any and everything in the Hardware line by the addition recently made to my former large stock. I keep all kinds of articles in my line and my prices challenge competition. If you want a gun, a revolver, a knife, a saw, a gimlet, an auger, a bicycle, a pair of skates, hinges, screws, nails, horse shoes, horse blankets, or anything else in hardware at lowest prices call on me.

Herman Bantley,

Clinton St., Johnstown, Pa

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The Largest and Most Complete

Wine Liquor and Cigar House

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Fine Whiskies.

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. . . . . STOP TO THINK ?

STOVES AND RANGES CINDERELLA NEVER FAIL

That some of the hard work, and dirt in the kitchen can be dispensed with by using the right kind of appliances. The kitchen range is the most important of all. If yours does not suit, try the

"QUEEN CINDERELLA"

Our New Heating Stove,

The MAGIC CINDERELLA,

IS JUST WHAT YOU WANT.

It has an extra large and deep Ash Pit with Ash Pan, Duplex Grate, Large Feed Door, Deflecting Smoke Plate, Nickel Foot Rails and Name Plate, Illuminated Glass Doors, and Specially Large Fire Chamber lined high up with Fire Flint Brick Linings, Mounted, Perfectly Air Tight.

It Will Hold Fire Over Night

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A WARM FRIEND . . .

. . . IN COLD WEATHER.

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