THE GREAT EXPOSITION.

Facts and Figures Explaining Its Magnitude.

Why the World's Fair Will Live in History as the "Greatest Show on Earth" —Hundreds of Buildings Filled With Choice Exhibits.

[Special World's Fair Letter.]

The great Columbian exposition is now open. People from the uttermost ends of the earth are flocking toward the western metropolis. Before another month has passed, the world's fair will have made part of its history. This paper, fully realizing the importance of the stupendous undertaking, will, during the coming months, supply its readers with original articles which will be authentic both in letterpress and illustrations. Our service of exposition letters will, in fact, be a history of the grand undertaking.

To give a fair idea of the magnificence of the fair, we shall in this opening letter present some figures from the report of Director General Davis. The acreage under roof at the present writing is 200, 150 acres being covered by the exposition proper and 50 by concession buildings, divided as follows:

BUILDINGS.	Square feet of space covered.
Administration	68,837
Machinery hall and boiler house	783,000
Pumping station	6,000
South Chicago	24,000
Agricultural building	872,000
Forestry building	110,000
Dairy building	20,000
Freight houses	46,000
Convent of La Rabida	36,000
Stock ring	120,000
Company's shops	23,000
Company's barns	6,000
Sewage cleansing works	15,000
Landscape propagating house	5,000
Tank house	37,500
Sawmill	25,000
Peristyle, music hall and casino	125,000
Manufactures and Liberal Arts	1,352,000
Electricity building	250,000
Mines and Mining building	225,000
Transportation and annex	605,000
Terminal station	68,000
Grounds and buildings headquarters	50,000
Photographic building	2,500
Horticultural building	249,000
Horticultural greenhouses	25,000
Woman's building	72,000
Fire and police houses	47,000
Fisheries building	50,000
Mechanical offices	9,700
Art building	195,000
City police stations, Woodlawn and Hyde Park	16,500
Art institute (down town)	20,000
Leather building	8,000
Silos	1,300
Model building	7,000
Stock barns	332,000
Custom house	21,000
Choral music building	30,000
Entrances	86,000
Music stands	2,000
Perron and sheds	58,000
Sheds for empty cases	400,000
Children's building	20,000
Public comfort	16,000
Total	6,337,337
Anthropological building	145,000
Grand Total	6,682,337

In addition to these are the state buildings, the foreign government headquarters, the United States government building, admissions and collections building, Casino, Music hall, two chocolate pavilions, eight Indian houses, garbage crematory, Pennsylvania railroad exhibit, New York Central railroad exhibit, army hospital, light-house, weather bureau, besides numerous buildings and booths of concessionaires, and the structures on the Midway Plaisance, such as those of Algeria and Tunis, with many buildings; the Austrian village, and about twenty buildings; captive balloon; Chinese village; Dahomey village; Diamond Match company; Ferris wheel; German village, over thirty buildings; Hagenbeck's animal show; National Hungarian Orpheum; Irish industries; Irish village, nine structures; ice railway; Japanese bazaar; Libby Gas company; lecture hall; Moorish palace; natatorium; National Dress and Costume company; Persian concession; panorama of Bernese Alps; Panorama Kilauea; St. Peter's model; Venice Murano; Vienna cafe; the Workman's home, etc.

Following is a statement of moneys raised for purposes of the exposition, exclusive of cost and value of exhibits:

Appropriated by foreign governments, according to the most recent compilation of the department of foreign affairs made from official data	$9,675,228 00
The compilation made by the department of publicity and promotion from all sources adds to this amount	896,221 00
	$10,571,429 00
Contributions by states of the union	6,020,850 00
Original appropriation by United States government	1,500,000 00
Appropriation by government of five million souvenir coins	2,502,000 00
Appropriation by government for bronze medals and diplomas	103,000 00
Appropriation for government board, 1892	408,250 00
Appropriation for government board, 1893	150,750 00
Appropriation for national commission, 1891	95,500 00
Appropriation for national commission, 1892	225,000 00
Appropriation for national commission, 1893	211,278 00
Receipts from stockholders	5,558,130 00
City of Chicago	5,000,000 00
Six per cent. debenture bonds, due January 1, 1894	4,604,950 00
Gate receipts to April 15	234,853 00
Interest	48,052 40
Miscellaneous receipts	250,504 22
Grand total	$32,248,930 62

The different departments of the exposition are now running smoothly. The agricultural department contains interesting and instructive exhibits from every part of the union. Preparations for the dairy tests are well advanced, and cattle representing the Jersey, Guernsey, shorthorn and other breeds are already on the grounds. The departments of horticulture, viticulture and floriculture are especially complete, almost every nation under the sun being represented.

In the Fisheries building thirteen foreign countries and every state of the union are represented. Collective displays are made by quite a number of states.

The department of mines and mining is particularly rich. Mining machinery and appliances of foreign and domestic make are exhibited in almost incredible profusion, this exhibit alone covering a space of 57,892 square feet.

Manufactures, of course, occupy the largest space in the largest building ever erected. Electrical advancement is illustrated in the Electrical building, and the liberal arts have never before been recorded as much space as by the managers of the Chicago exposition.

The department of forestry, one of the most interesting features of the fair, has attracted the attention of exhibitors everywhere, as can be seen from the assignment of space:

	Square feet.		Square feet.
Transvaal	400	Argentine Rep	1,861
Siam	1,000	Germany	2,166
France	1,000	Paraguay	1,361
Russia	1,000	India	900
China	2,000	Honduras	297
Australia	2,166	Japan	963
Mexico	2,166	Spain and Philippines	864
Brazil	2,000		

The revised assignments to states are as follows:

	Square feet.		Square feet.
Massachusetts	450	Washington	993
Connecticut	672	Ohio	873
Colorado	624	North Dakota	506
Idaho	400	Wisconsin	1,098
California	900	Kentucky	1,196
Utah	618	Minnesota	840
Indiana	775	Nebraska	840
North Carolina	750	Louisiana	870
New York	1,500	Virginia	816
West Virginia	1,200	Oregon	810
Missouri	900	Pennsylvania	900
Michigan	2,300		

Fifty-one assignments of space to individual exhibitors have been made and all the applications of merit taken care of. The department has secured the Jessup collection of woods which is very valuable and complete.

ENTRANCE TO ELECTRICITY BUILDING.

GRACE DARLING'S BOAT.

The Craft in Which She Went to the Rescue of the Forfarshire.

The story of Grace Darling is familiar all around the world. It has been told in verse and heroic prose and put on canvas. The little craft in which the heroine went to the rescue of the passenger steamer Forfarshire on the rocks of Farne island September 6 and 7, 1838, was bought in 1873 by Col. John Joicey, M. P. for South Durham, of Newton hall, Stocksfield-on-Tyne, from Grace Darling's brother George Darling (who is still living in North Humberland), and was with the utmost kindness placed at the society's disposal by Mrs. Joicey for the Tynemouth Maritime exhibition (September and October, 1882), where it was eagerly visited by about 23,700 persons. The little boat has reached Chicago and will be one of the many interesting exhibits in the Transportation building.

Design for the Isabella Coin.

The dies for the Isabella coin, the souvenir quarter dollar to be issued from the United States mint for the board of lady managers, are being made and the coins will be ready for distribution in a few weeks. On the obverse side is to be a portrait bust of Queen Isabella, surrounded by the words "United States of America. Quarter Dollar." On the reverse side is to be the kneeling figure of a woman with a distaff in her hand, which represents the industries of women. About this figure are the words "Board of Lady Managers, Columbia Coin." The ladies would have been glad to have furnished their own design for the reverse side of the coin, but were not able to do so for lack of time.

CONGO IRON HOUSE.

Quaint Exhibit to Be Made by the Kingdom of Belgium.

One of the most curious exhibits in the Belgian section of the world's fair is a little iron house which serves as the headquarters of the Belgian commission. It is located in the center of the space allotted to Belgium in the Manufactures building, and in construction is an exact reproduction of one of the houses the king of the Belgians has sent out to the Congo. Walls, ceilings and floors are built entirely of iron which came over from Belgium in small pieces, rectangular in form, and which was fixed together rapidly. In the Congo houses, villas and churches are built of iron, and have proved successful. They are not only strong, but by their curious construction are proof against the excessive heat in the torrid zone, and being built at a small distance from the ground are free from the invasion of all insects and noxious animals so plentiful in the Congo. The system of ventilation is perfect, a small space being left between the exterior sheets of iron for the passage of air. M. Guerette, the delegate commissioner, says that the salons in the Congo iron house will be the coolest spots in the exposition during the warm months of the summer. Although in iron the interior is far from presenting an unadorned and homely appearance. The walls and ceilings, on the contrary, are profusely decorated and the interior lavishly furnished with samples of the best Brussels works, both as regards tapestry, porcelain vases, and modern and comfortable fauteuils and lounges. Since the fourteenth century Belgium has produced some fine work in wrought iron, and here, as in other parts of the Belgian exhibit, the public will be at liberty to admire samples of the production of Belgium cities during the last five centuries.

MODEL IRON HOUSE, BELGIAN EXHIBIT.

Pay of World's Fair Guides.

The corps of official guides at the world's fair are to receive thirty dollars each per month. This salary, observes the Detroit Free Press, would not approach munificence, even were the guides furnished with a place to sleep, their board and a little money on the side; but all of these necessaries they are compelled to provide for themselves. It is whispered about the country that these men are relying largely upon "tips," and that the management has allowed them to accept their positions with such an understanding. It is also said that a similar arrangement has been made by the lessee of the wheel-chair rights. If this be true it will be a discredit to the management of the fair, for it will be an unworthy imitation of an imported custom which has no proper place in America. Visitors should see that a man is paid well for his day's work in this country and that the receiving of gratuities is not acceptable to free Americans.

Chicago Water All Right.

The special commission sent by the London Lancet to test the water supply of Chicago, with a view to the safety of a host of British who will visit the world's fair, state that ill-informed rumor has mixed the faults of the supply, although some points, and especially the unscientific one of ice in cooling water, need serious attention. They report that there is every reason to hope that the evil complained of will be carried out without the outbreak of an epidemic. The report is a long one and deals with the drainage and sewerage of Chicago, the city water works, the condition of the Chicago river and of Lake Michigan, and sanitation generally.

THE GERMAN EXHIBIT.

It Surpasses That of Any Other Foreign Country.

Every Part of the Empire Represented—Treasures from the Kaiser's Palace—The Great Krupp Gun—Description of the "Deutsche Haus."

[Special World's Fair Letter.]

There can be no doubt that only the four leading nations of the world, the United States, Germany, France and England, are serious competitors at the World's Columbian exposition. And so far as may now be judged the order of merit will run just about as I enumerated the four countries in the preceding sentence. In extent of exhibits and aggregate value of them, in diversity of natural and manufactured products, this country will be far ahead of all other exhibiting countries, and this was to be expected and calls for no special amount of praise, since we are giving this show ourselves, on our own soil and out of the boundless wealth of the whole big continent. It would be strange, indeed, if it were otherwise, since at every previous international exposition that country in which it was held invariably made the largest showing.

Next to the United States, however, Germany is looming up the largest. This much may be stated positively even at this early hour, for there are enough points of comparison in evidence to justify such a verdict. The third place is as yet in dispute between France and England. As to the vindications of what I have claimed in favor of Germany I shall briefly cite a few comprehensive and convincing facts. The German official exhibit—that portion located on the fair grounds proper and subject to official competition and judgment—covers an area of half a million square feet. Outside the grounds, on Midway Plaisance, Germany has likewise furnished some of the most unique and interesting attractions. There is, above all, the German village, in one of whose buildings an official exhibit which could not be placed elsewhere, viz.: the Ethnological museum, showing types, costumes, armor, weapons, tools, etc., of every age and strictly arranged on a scientific basis, has been housed. This attraction alone covers a larger tract than that granted any other concessioner. The famous Hagenbeck menagerie, with its hundreds of trained wild beasts, is another, and the Moorish palace is also a purely German enterprise.

But, to confine myself to the official German exhibit, I may mention that it is distributed over every department of the fair, strongest in the departments of manufacture and of machinery, though. The most wonderful single exhibit is made by Fried. Krupp, of Essen, in whose pavilion (adjoining the Rabida convent) half a score of monster guns, including the mammoth gun of 127 tons, the largest the world has ever seen, and other immense exhibits of the cast steel industry are on view. This millionaire firm has incurred an expense of $500,000 for this exhibit, and, most wonderful of all, has done so just out of patriotism, not for purposes of gain. In the Manufactures building the German exhibit begins at the central point of the huge structure, there where the main aisle touches the United States exhibit on one side, that of Great Britain on the other, that of Germany at the third and of France on the fourth side. Handsome and stately portieos lead into the lanes and aisles of the enormous German exhibits, and one of these is crowned by the statue of Germania, a beautiful bronze figure of great size which is to adorn the new parliament building in Berlin and which was sent over for decorative purposes at the expense of the German emperor. The same monarch has also sent a number of gifts of honor presented to him, to his father, the late Emperor Frederick, and to his grandfather, the venerable old warrior-emperor. Similar gifts—all perfect works of art and wrought in gold, silver, bronze, ivory, etc.—made to Bismarck and Moltke, to Prince Frederick Charles, the grand-duke of Baden and other German princes, together form an exhibit of themselves, placed in a fine position. In the Woman's building, forming part of the very extensive and interesting exhibit made by the women of Germany, are oil paintings executed by Princess Frederick Charles, laces of the widowed Empress Frederick, and an enormous mass of other fine things.

An excellent idea that has been carried out very extensively in the German department of the fair and which emanated from the German commissioner, Adolf Wermuth, was to make collective exhibits. Thus, the manufacturing chemists of Germany, comprising seventy-three of the leading firms in forty towns and cities, have jointly arranged for exhibition of their products, covering alone 10,000 square feet. In the center of their exhibit rises a tall and handsome pavilion, and all around it are grouped their elegant showcases, all in white and gold, making a very harmonious and striking effect even with such uninviting things as chemicals. Certain branches of artistic trades, such as carved and inlaid furniture of the finest kind, frescoing, marble consoles and ceilings, expensive gobelins, hangings and rugs, representing a number of the leading firms in the southern part of Germany, notably Munich, Stuttgart and Carlsruhe, have jointly undertaken an exhibit which is, of its kind, the handsomest of the whole fair. In a large pavilion, the designs for which were made by a famous Munich painter, are three fine drawing-rooms, each exhibiting a separate style and each made up of entirely different objects.

In Machinery hall and in the Electricity and Mining buildings Germany is likewise exhibiting on a large and characteristic scale. In Machinery hall her 50,000 square feet of space are densely covered with machines and engines of every conceivable nature, and experts are declaring that a number of them are simply wonderful products of ingenuity and mechanical skill, such as those representing the textile industry.

In the Electricity building some of the famous German electricians, men like Siemens and Halske, are doing great things. There is, for instance, a 1,000 horse-power dynamo, the biggest ever built. A Nuremberg firm will exhibit four search-lights (used usually for navy purposes) six feet in diameter, and by means of reflectors throwing cut pillars of white light that represent an aggregate power of 200,000,000 candles. These will be placed at the four corners of the roof of Manufactures building, and will shine as far as the Board of Trade building down town. Some eight English miles distant.

In some respects, though, the German government building just finished, and already the actual headquarters of the German commissioner and his staff, as well as of the German visitors and exhibitors, is the finest part of Germany's exhibit. It is larger, taller and cost more than any American state building and any other foreign government structure at the fair. Its construction and material represent the sum of $300,000. It stands near the lake shore, some short distance north of the British building, and its tower reaches 150 feet from the ground. It is built in the early German renaissance style of architecture, and part of it is a chapel, in which a fine exhibit of all sorts of artistic church objects, such as vestments, vessels, illuminated missals, altars, hangings, etc., is placed. There are even three fine bells of cast steel in its belfry.

This much is certain, that Germany at this fair has put her best foot foremost, and is thus tangibly testifying to the high appreciation she has of this country and nation.

WOLF VON SCHIERBRAND.

GERMAN CASTLE ON MIDWAY PLAISANCE.

Silver Statue of Columbus.

The silver statue of Columbus for the world's fair, designed by Bartholdi, was successfully cast at Elmwood, R. I., a few days ago. The statue is somewhat larger than life size, being over six feet in height and over seven feet including the pedestal. Nearly a ton of metal was employed in its casting, the value of the silver being estimated in the neighborhood of twenty-five thousand dollars.

THE INFANTA EULALIE.

She Will Represent Spain's Queen Regent at the Fair.

One of the most distinguished visitors at the world's fair will be Infanta Maria Eulalie of Spain, who will come to Chicago as the representative of Christine, the queen regent of Spain. She is the daughter of a queen and the aunt of a king, and among her ancestors are to be found many of the greatest monarchs of Spain. Branches of her family include many of the most

INFANTA MARIA EULALIE OF SPAIN.

illustrious crowned heads of France and Austria. Born at Madrid February 12, 1864, she is the fifth child of Maria Louise Isabella, ex-queen of Spain, popularly known as Isabella II., the other four children being Infanta Marie Isabel Francoise d'Anise Christine de Paule Dominga, Alfonso XII., late king of Spain, Infanta Maria del Pilos and Infanta Maria della Paz. At the time of her birth Isabella II., her mother, was still in the heyday of her power. She had then been reigning for twenty-one years. October 15, 1848, she was declared by a decree of the cortes to have attained her majority, though she was then only thirteen years old, and she at once took her place among the reigning sovereigns of Europe. The next great event in her life was her marriage, which took place October 10, 1846. There were several suitors for her hand, and of these Don Francisco d'Assisi won the prize. He was Queen Isabella's cousin, being the elder son of her maternal uncle, Don Francisco de Paula.

The married life of the queen mother was one of domestic trouble. When Infanta Eulalie was four years old a crisis came. In September, 1868, a great revolution broke out and the royal family fled to France. November 6 her majesty took up her residence in Paris, and there she remained during her exile with the exception of an interval spent at Geneva during the Franco-Prussian war. June 25, 1870, she renounced her claims to the Spanish throne in favor of her son, prince of the Asturias, and after eight years of exile she once more set foot in Spain, where she was received at Santander by her son, late king Alfonso XII. Eulalie is slight, graceful, of an elegant carriage, and not wont to be carried away by any sudden outburst of generosity or extravagance. She has brown hair and blue eyes, and, while she is not notable for physical beauty, she has attracted the attention of many an observer by her physical and intellectual alertness. She has been described as "a woman who is all nerves." The royal party will arrive at New York about May 30 and after a short stay will come on to Chicago. During their sojourn in New York the visitors will be formally welcomed by the representatives of the Spanish colony and will receive other courtesies from the representatives of the Spanish government in New York and Washington. It is also likely that a formal reception will be tendered to them in the name of the municipal authorities and the citizens of New York.

Some of our Grand Army boys may be interested in the following from Alex B. Pope, A. D. C., Commander Dep't. Tenn. and Ga. He says: "We have had an epidemic of whooping cough here (Stewart, Tenn.,) and Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been the only medicine that has done any good." There is no danger from whooping cough, when this remedy is freely given. It completely controls the disease. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale.

McGinnis—Thot's a moighty foine whisky: how owld is it, Pat? Pat (pouring the last drop into his friend's glass)—Faith, oi don't know; but it's owld ez it iver will be!

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment.

A certain cure for Chronic Sore Eyes Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Old Chronic Sores, Fever Sores, Eczema, Itch Prairie Scratches, Sore Nipples and Piles. It is cooling and soothing. Hundreds of cases have been cured by it after all other treatment had failed. It is put up in 25 and 50 cent boxes.

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KNOWN ALL OVER THE WORLD AS THE BEST

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"Mrs. John Gemmill, of this place, was thrown from a wagon, sustaining a most serious injury to her spine, and was A HELPLESS CRIPPLE FOR 19 YEARS, unable to walk. Her daughter providentially procured two bottles of ST. JACOBS OIL, which Mrs. Gemmill used. Before the second bottle was exhausted, she was able to walk about, and has been COMPLETELY CURED." Very truly,

M. THOMPSON, POSTMASTER.

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CATARRH — ELY'S CREAM BALM CURES COLD IN HEAD, CATARRH, RHEUMATISM, COLD, HAY-FEVER, DEAFNESS, HEADACHE. PRICE 50 CENTS. ELY BROS. OWEGO, N.Y. U.S.A. HAY-FEVER

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cents. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.

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UNLIKE ANY OTHER FOR HOUSEHOLD USE.

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Will completely destroy the desire for TOBACCO in from 3 to 5 days. Perfectly harmless; cause no sickness, and may be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the patient, who will voluntarily stop smoking or chewing in a few days.

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During treatment patients are allowed the free use of Liquor or Morphine until such time as they shall voluntarily give them up.

We send particulars and pamphlet of testimonials free, and shall be glad to place sufferers from any of these habits in communication with persons who have been cured by the use of our TABLETS.

HILL'S TABLETS are for sale by all FIRST-CLASS druggists at $1.00 per package.

If your druggist does not keep them, enclose us $1.00 and we will send you, by return mail, a package of our Tablets.

Write your name and address plainly, and state whether Tablets are for Tobacco, Morphine or Liquor Habit.

DO NOT BE DECEIVED into purchasing any of the various nostrums that are being offered for sale. Ask for HILL'S TABLETS and take no other. Manufactured only by

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THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.: DEAR SIR:—I have been using your cure for tobacco habit, and found it would do what you claim for it. I used ten cents worth of the strongest chewing tobacco daily, and from one to five cigars; or I would smoke from ten to forty pipes of tobacco. Have chewed and smoked for twenty-five years, and two packages of your Tablets cured me as I have no desire for it. B. M. JAYLORD, Leslie, Mich.

DODGE TUBES, N. Y. THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.:—GENTLEMEN:—Some time ago I sent for $1.00 worth of your Tablets for Tobacco Habit. I found them all right and, although I was both a heavy smoker and chewer, they did the work in less than three days. I am cured. Truly yours, MATTHEW JOHNSON, P. O. Box 42. Connellsville, Pa.

THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.:—GENTLEMEN:—It gives me pleasure to speak a word of praise for your Tablets. My son was strongly addicted to the use of liquor, and through a friend, I was led to try your Tablets. He is now a sober and constant drinker, but after using your Tablets but three days he quit drinking, and will not touch liquor of any kind. I have waited four weeks before writing you, in order to know the cure was permanent. Yours truly, MRS. HELEN MORRISSEY, Cincinnati, Ohio.

THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.:—GENTLEMEN:—Your Tablets have performed a miracle in my case. I have used morphine, hypodermically, for seven years, and have been cured by the use of two packages of your Tablets, and without any effort on my part. [illegible]

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(In writing please mention this paper.)

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I am now prepared to accommodate the public with any and everything in the Hardware line by the addition recently made to my former large stock. I keep all kinds of articles in my line and my prices challenge competition. If you want a gun, a revolver, a knife, a saw, a gimlet, an auger, a bicycle, a pair of skates, hinges, screws, nails, horse shoes, horse blankets, or anything else in hardware at lowest prices call on me.

Herman Bantley, Clinton St., Johnstown, Pa

WE TELL YOU

nothing new when we state that it pays to engage in a permanent, most healthy and pleasant business, that returns a profit for every day's work. Such is the business we offer the working class. We teach them how to make money rapidly, and guarantee every one who follows our instructions faithfully the making of $300.00 a month.

Every one who takes hold now and works will surely and speedily increase their earnings; there can be no question about it; others now at work are doing it, and you, reader, can do the same. This is the best paying business that you have ever had the chance to secure. You will make a grave mistake if you fail to give it a trial at once. If you grasp the situation, and act quickly, you will directly find yourself in a most prosperous business, at which you can surely make and save large sums of money. The results of only a few hours' work will often equal a week's wages. Whether you are old or young, man or woman, it makes no difference,—do as we tell you, and success will meet you at the very start. Neither experience nor capital necessary. Those who work for us are rewarded. Why not write to-day for full particulars, free? E. C. ALLEN & CO., Box No. 420, Augusta, Me.

PENNYSLANIA RAILROAD.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT DEC. 18, 1892.

EASTERN STANDARD TIME

DISTANCE AND FARE.

	Miles.	Fare.
Johnstown to Altoona	26¾	$1 10
" " Harrisburg	179¾	5 11
" " Philadelphia	255	8 26
" " Blairsville Int.	24¾	75
" " Greensburg	47	1 41
" " Pittsburgh	78	2 34
" " Baltimore	293¼	7 65
" " Washington	297	7 75

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

Trains arrive and depart from the station at Johnstown as follows:

WESTWARD.

Southwestern Express	6.08 a. m
Western Express	6.22 a. m
Johnstown Accommodation	8.57 a. m
" Express	9.19 a. m
Fast Express	9.24 a. m
Way Passenger	3.32 p. m
Mail	5.16 p. m
Johnstown Express	9.50 a. m
Fast Line	9.01 a. m

EASTWARD.

Keystone Express	3.25 a. m
Sea-Shore Express	3.40 a. m
Harrisburg Accommodation	8.25 a. m
Day Express	10.10 a. m
N. York Ex. Pacific	12.02 p. m
Mail Express	4.11 p. m
Jonnstown Accommodation	7.05 p. m
Philadelphia	7.16 p. m
Fast Line	10.30 p. m

GIVE YOUR BOYS A USEFUL PRESENT.

Press and Outfit. $1.00, $2.00, $3.00 $7.00, $20.00, $21.00 to $31.00. Send 2c. for Catalogue. W. A. Dunting, 29 Fifth Ave. Pittsburgh, Pa.

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The cream of the country papers is found in Remington's County Seat lists. Shrewd advertisers avail themselves of these lists, a copy of which can be had of Remington Bros., of New York & Pittsburg.

Why? Why is Strictly Pure White Lead the best paint? Because it will outlast all other paints, give a handsomer finish, better protection to the wood, and the first cost will be less. If Barytes and other adulterants of white lead are "just as good" as Strictly Pure White Lead, why are all the adulterated white leads always branded Pure, or

"Strictly Pure White Lead?"

This Barytes is a heavy white powder (ground stone), having the appearance of white lead, worthless as a paint, costing only about a cent a pound, and is only used to cheapen the mixture. What shoddy is to cloth, Barytes is to paint. Be careful to use only old and standard brands of white lead.

"Armstrong & McKelvy" "Beymer-Bauman" "Fahnestock" "Davis-Chambers"

are strictly pure, "Old Dutch" process brands, established by a lifetime of use.

For colors use National Lead Co.'s Pure White Lead Tinting Colors with Strictly Pure White Lead.

For sale by the most reliable dealers in paints everywhere.

If you are going to paint, it will pay you to send to us for a book containing information that may save you many a dollar; it will only cost you a postal card to do so.

NATIONAL LEAD CO., 1 Broadway, New York. Pittsburgh Branch, National Lead and Oil Co. of Pennsylvania, Pittsburgh, Pa.

It is to Your Interest TO BUY YOUR DRUGS AND MEDICINES —OF— J. N. SNYDER. SUCCESSOR TO BIESECKER & SNYDER.

None but the purest and best kept in stock, and when Drugs become inert by standing, as certain of them do, we destroy them, rather than impose on our customers.

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The people of this county seem to know this, and have given us a large share of their patronage, and we shall still continue to give them the very best goods for their money. Do not forget that we make a specialty of FITTING TRUSSES.

We guarantee satisfaction, and, if you have had trouble in this direction, give us a call.

SPECTACLES AND EYE-GLASSES

in great variety; A full set of Test Lenses. Come in and have your eyes examined. No charge for examination, and we are confident we can suit you. Come and see us.

Respectfully, JOHN N. SNYDER.

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I am now prepared to supply the public with clocks, watches and jewelry of all descriptions, as cheap as the cheapest.

REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

All work guaranteed. Look at my stock before making your purchases.

CONDENSED TIME TABLES.

Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

Somerset and Cambria Branch

NORTHWARD.

Johnstown Mail Express—Rockwood 2.20 a. m., Somerset 4.10, Stoystown 4.32, Hooversville 5.08, Johnstown, 6.10.

Johnstown Mail Express—Rockwood 11.10 a. m., Somerset 11.56, Stoystown 12.18, Hooversville 12.37, Johnstown 1.30 p. m.

Johnstown Accommodation—Rockwood 5.40 p. m., Somerset 6.03 p. m., Stoystown 6.21 p. m., Hooversville 6.42 p. m., Johnstown 7.35 p. m.

Sunday Accommodation—Rockwood 11.55 a. m., Somerset, 12.58.

SOUTHWARD.

Mail—Johnstown 7.45 a. m., Hooversville 8.31, Stoystown 8.45, Somerset 9.16, Rockwood 9.33.

Express—Johnstown 3.30 p. m., Hooversville 4.16, Stoystown 4.33, Somerset 4.59, Rockwood 5.25.

Sunday Only—Johnstown 8.30 a. m., Hooversville 9.16 a. m., Stoystown 9.30 a. m., Somerset 10.1 a. m., Rockwood 10.25 a. m.

Sunday Accommodation—Somerset 3.31 p. m. Rockwood 3.55 p. m.

*Daily.

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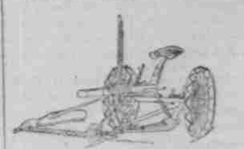
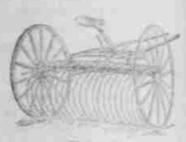
The Largest and Most Complete Wine, Liquor and Cigar House IN THE UNITED STATES. ESTABLISHED 1866. DISTILLER AND JOBBER OF Fine Whiskies. TELEPHONE NO. 1986. G. W. SCHMIDT, IMPORTER OF Wines, Liquors and Cigars. FAMILY TRADE SUPPLIED. NOS. 95 AND 97 FIFTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH, PA. All orders received by mail will receive prompt attention.

WALTER A. WOOD.



TUBULAR STEEL MOWER.



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WE GREET YOU IN 1893 WITH A FINER LINE OF HARVESTING MACHINES THAN EVER BEFORE. OUR RELIABLE MOWERS, HAY RAKES, REAPERS AND BINDERS LEAD EVERYWHERE.

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