The Somerset Herald

EDWARD SCULL, Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY ..... February 15, 1893

THE Flanigans of the country are beginning to start for Washington.

IF Clevelandism and Democracy should turn out to be two different things so much the better for the people.

GENERAL WEAVER made a capital step-ladder in the late campaign. When that is said all is said. A step-ladder is useful to the other fellows.

"To the Mugwumps belong the spoils" is the probable meaning of the appointment of Judge Gresham to the first place in the Cleveland Cabinet.

AFTER annexation her royal Highness Queen Lilliuokalani can settle down in some nice little cottage and be called Lilly for short, and remain forever happy.

THE Senate committee to investigate the Homestead troubles has made a report censuring both sides. The committee seems to have acted on the principle of hitting a head wherever they saw one.

THE Paris papers have already begun to demand the pardon of Count de Lesseps. The sympathy of the country is naturally with the feeble old man whose works have done so much for the glory of France.

THE bacili and potato bugs and grasshoppers and seventeen-year locusts and caterpillars are having a cold time of it. When spring does come the farmer will find that "the old-fashioned winter" has its benefits.

ALARM is created among Bourbon democrats by the statement that if Judge Gresham should become the Premier of the incoming administration he would, in event of the death of the President and Vice-President, succeed to the Presidency. Then might the Populists and Mugwumps rejoice.

THE highest honors at the Boston University this year were awarded to a colored student, Mr. Thomas Nelson Baker, who was born a slave in Virginia in 1860. Mr. Baker will return to the South as a Methodist preacher to work among his own people, and try to advance them in education and religious principles.

SOME practical joker sent adrift the report that "Senator Brice had rented the Metropolitan Hotel and would entertain all Buckeyes free of charge during inauguration." He is said to receive daily a bushel of letters and telegrams engaging rooms. Several towns promise to be depopulated. It was a pretty severe joke on the New York-Ohio Senator.

AN exchange says the oldest man in the present Congress is Edward Scull, of Pennsylvania. He was born in 1818. The heaviest one is John W. Rife, of Pennsylvania. A special chair is provided for his use. The richest man is John L. Mitchell, of Wisconsin. His wealth is estimated at $25,000,000 to $35,000,000. The handsomest man is Allen Caldwell Durborrow, Jr., of Illinois.

IN the Republican convention of 1888 Mr. Davis, of Minnesota, seconded the nomination of Judge Gresham, and one of his reasons for making Gresham the leader was: "As nightly daring under Christ's cross overthrew the heathen god so shall he smite this monstrous Juggernaut that sits serene, clothed in innocuous desuetude to prate of justice, civil rights, and the dignity of public trust, and still destroys them all." When the judge sits at the head of the Cabinet table beside the "monstrous Juggernaut," the young orator from Minnesota will regret the parallel he used only four years ago.

PRESIDENT HARRISON will himself run up the American flag on the great ocean steamer City of New York February 22, when that famous vessel transfers its allegiance from Great Britain to the United States. President Harrison's administration has done more than any other to build up an American navy and replace the American flag on the seas again. The substitution of the American flag for the English jack on the steamships City of Paris and City of New York is the beginning of an American merchant marine which will rival any on the high seas.

IT is an open secret that offers of portfolios in Mr. Cleveland's Cabinet are going a-begging. At least three men have declined the Secretaryship of State, according to reliable information, and nearly every other position in the Cabinet has been refused once or twice by men Mr. Cleveland has approached on the subject. The reason given in the majority of cases has been that they could not stand the expense of maintaining the position on the salary of a Cabinet officer, $8,000 a year. This explanation is not regarded as altogether satisfactory. The cost of living in Washington has not advanced materially in the last few years, and while it is admitted that Cabinet officers cannot save any part of their official salaries, it is unusual to have the tender of a Cabinet appointment declined. Mr. Cleveland has had more Cabinet declinations than all of the Presidents since Lincoln.

THE long Senatorial agony in Nebraska is over at last. The Democrats all went over to the Populist side, and thus re-enforced the Populists elected their nominee, Judge Allen, by a good round vote. The ballot stood, A. S. Paddock 59, W. V. Allen 70.

This was the logical outcome of the situation. The Democrats wanted the Republicans to go over to them and help elect J. Sterling Morton, or some such dyed-in-the-wool Bourbon, and the Republicans on the other hand, tried to get the Democrats to help them elect Mr. Thurston, but neither would have been justified in accepting such overtures, and it is a matter of congratulation that the Republicans stood by their guns faithfully. While the election of a Populist was the logic of the situation, as we have said, it would have been a mistake for the Republicans to have taken the responsibility of such result. The State is naturally Republican, and will swing back into line when the present cyclone has passed by. The Democrats have nothing to lose. They can afford to lower their colors and run up another flag.

THE Sherman Silver Purchase act will not be repealed by the Fifty-second Congress. This was placed beyond question by the action of the House Thursday in refusing to vote cloture for the purpose of forcing through the repeal measure, and in recommitting the special order providing for the consideration of repeal to the custody of the Committee on Rules. The issue of repeal was de

with in the House as in the Senate, with very little regard to party lines. The political forces of the two great parties were about evenly divided, 107 Democrats and 35 Republicans placing themselves on record against the repeal of the Sherman law, while 104 Democrats and 39 Republicans voted in favor of the cloture resolution on which the advocates of repeal based their hopes of a success. The ten Populist Representatives held the balance of power. Their votes turned the scale and assured the continuance of the present silver act. The solution of the silver problem is one that the Democracy will have to face during the administration of Mr. Cleveland. The responsibility for dealing with this vital question will rest solely on the party which will have control of all branches of the federal government.

THERE is no question now that the Democrats will control the United States Senate after March 4. That body will contain five Populists who have, already announced that they will act with the Democrats in effecting an organization. This alliance will place the Republicans in the minority and give the Democrats, for the first time in over thirty years, complete ascendency in legislation at the federal capital. While this prospect is to be deplored, on account of the grave interests which are threatened, it will do away with mixed responsibility, for the course of political events at Washington. Heretofore the Republicans have retained their supremacy in the upper branch of Congress, and their adversaries have been able to hold them jointly accountable with themselves for the legislation which was enacted. This condition will no longer exist after the inauguration of Mr. Cleveland. The power with which the Democrats will be invested will be tremendous, and in view of the radical "reforms" they propose to undertake, together with the socialistic vagaries with which their allies are affected, it is not strange that the nation awaits the coming wholesale change with dread. Whatever mischief follows there will be no question as to where the blame for it lies.

A Protectorate Already.

From the N. Y. Press.

Hawaii has already been brought under American control. United States Minister Stevens, with the support of Captain Wiltse, of the cruiser Boston, and the approval of the provisional authorities, has declared a formal protectorate over the islands pending negotiations at Washington. The stars and stripes are floating over Honolulu, and the marines of the Boston, in conjunction with the soldiers of the Provisional Government, are employed in enforcing order in that city.

The change in the condition of affairs is hardly less radical than the change which deposed the corrupt and despotic native Queen and established a temporary government composed of the conservative and substantial residents of the islands. Minister Stevens is a man of firmness, sagacity and patriotism. A close friend of Mr. Blaine, he was appointed to represent the United States at Hawaii in order to assure the full maintenance of American rights in the Archipelago. It is safe to assume that he had ample justification for his action. There is no reason to doubt the statement that the peace of the islands was threatened by the alliance between the native adherents of the dethroned Queen and a cabal of unscrupulous Europeans who were bent on obstructing the annexation of Hawaii to the United States. Mr. Stevens' course seems to have been necessary if American supremacy was to be maintained and disorder and bloodshed prevented.

The proclamation of a protectorate simplifies matters greatly. It is a notice served on all the rest of the world that the United States proposes to allow no interference from outside parties in its dealings with Hawaii; an announcement that American interests are paramount in the stronghold of the North Pacific, and that American rights will be unflinchingly upheld. The raising of the American flag at Honolulu should definitely settle the annexation question. The emblem of American sovereignty should not be lowered. Hawaii is now under the protection of the flag of the United States. That protection should not be withdrawn. No time should be lost at Washington in framing legislation that will make Hawaii American territory.

An Important Decision.

HUNTINGDON, Pa., Feb. 11.—A case involving the rights of a telegraph company to locate its line of telegraph wires on the land of a private owner was decided here to-day by Judge Furst, and it will stand as a precedent for the countless other similar cases throughout the State. Porter Skinner, of Huntingdon county, petitioned for the appointment of viewers to assess damages caused by the Postal Telegraph Cable company locating its line on public roads through his farm. The viewers reported in his favor, fixing the damages at $87 and costs. The telegraph company excepted to the viewers' report, alleging irregularities in the proceedings and appealed from the assessment of damages as excessive. To-day the whole proceedings were set aside by Judge Furst, and Skinner was directed to pay the costs, amounting to $10, it being clearly shown that if any injury was done to the lands of Skinner it was of so trifling a nature, and inconsiderable amount, as to not warrant action at law, the line being located along public roads and at abrupt turns of the highway, passing through lands of Skinner only by erecting poles which did not in any way interfere with the use of the highway for the occupant of the land. The trimming of the trees was regarded as necessary to properly operate the telegraph lines, and the damage to the owner was so trifling as to not bear computation. A number of land owners who contemplated action against the telegraph company in the event of Skinner's success, abandoned all claims in view of Judge Furst's decision.

A Protectorate Over Hawaii.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 9.—The steamship Australia this morning brought the news from Honolulu that United States Minister Stevens had established a protectorate over Hawaii pending and subject to the negotiations at Washington. Minister Stevens issued the following proclamation:

"At the request of the provisional government of the Hawaiian Islands I hereby, in the name of the United States of America, assume protection of the Hawaiian Islands for the protection of the life and property, and occupation of public buildings and Hawaiian soil, so far as may be necessary for the purposes specified, but not interfering with the administration of public affairs by the provisional government. This action is taken pending and subject to negotiations at Washington."

As the flag of the United States was unfurled it was saluted by marines from the Boston and by the heavy ordnance of that vessel. The event is said to have been hailed with joy throughout the community. It does not indicate annexation to the United States, however, and the Hawaiian flag still floats over the palace, barracks, police station and custom house. All those places remained in possession of the provisional government, and the arms and ammunition were withdrawn from Aliionlani Hall. A detachment from the cruiser Boston was stationed at the hall to guard it.

News Items.

A Chinese banker, Han Quay, is stated to be worth the almost inconceivable sum of $1,750,000,000.

A company has been incorporated at Harrisburg to build an electric street railway between Philadelphia and Lancaster. This line, if built, will be the longest electric road in existance.

The Snyder girls convicted some time ago in the Cambria county court on a charge of burning their millinery store at Ebensburg, have been sentenced to pay a fine of $1,000 and the costs of prosecution.

Norvin Green, president of the Western Union Telegraph Company, died at his home in Louisville, Ky., Sunday morning. His death was caused by bowel complaint, from which he had been an acute suffer for one week.

Elder J. A. McCrash, of Marshall, Ind., baptized several converts in the icy waters of the river, ten miles north of that place, Sunday last. William Deahl, fifteen years old, was immersed, and when he reached the shore fell dead.

Jim Corbett, the champion of the prize ring says he will fight all comers in December. His representatives will meet Charley Mitchell, the champion of England, recently released from prison for assaulting a defenseless old man, and now on the ocean, upon his arrival at New York and post $10,000 for a fight with him.

The coveted contract for the exclusive sale of beer on the World's fair grounds at Chicago has been secured by the Pabst brewing company of Milwaukee. Beer will be sold at eighty-seven different places on the ground and will be on sale in every building. It is estimated that 50,000 barrels or $500,000 worth of beer will be consumed.

The New York *Herald* is authority for the following statement: "Judge Walter Q. Gresham, of Chicago, is to be Secretary of State in the Cleveland administration. This fact became known here to-day to a few persons. The offer has been made to Judge Gresham and he has accepted it. Mr. Cleveland himself will make the fact known in a day or two.

The jury Saturday convicted Carl Nold and Henry Bauer of being engaged with Alexander Bergman in the plot to assassinate H. C. Frick. They accepted the verdict with the mock air of martyrs. The extreme penalty for the crime they engaged in is seven years' imprisonment. Bauer and Nold were also guilty of conspiracy, and for that crime a penalty of two years' imprisonment and a fine is attached.

February's rain and sun have snapped the ice fetters from a hundred creeks and rivers, and these burdened with the melted snows of many hills are sweeping seaward, leaving in their wake great devestation. In all parts of Pennsylvania and New Jersey streams have overflown their banks, bridges have been shaken and destroyed, roads piled full of ice, fences swept away, meadow fields submerged and grain crops ruined by ice and sediment. In Trenton 200 houses are under water, and in towns along the Schuylkill people fled for their lives.

A man who gave his name as Dr. Hall, and hailing from Fayette county, turned up at Kingwood, W. Va., last week and announced that he would preach in one of the churches there. He preached and then went home with a farmer who was a member of his audience. Hall left the next morning and took with him some valuable trinkets that belonged to his host. He was captured the following morning. It is said that Hall's true name is Rivers, and that he is wanted for stealing a watch and cutting other capers at Markleysburg.

The case of Hugh O'Donnell, the first chairman of Homestead's famous Advisory Committee, was called for trial before Judge Stowe at Pittsburgh, Monday morning. Especial interest will be attached to this trial, owing to O'Donnell's prominence in the Homestead affray, and to the fact that in his case a line of defence other than the alibi used in the two former trials will be followed. O'Donnell was a leading figure all through the strike, and for this reason the identification of him will not be so difficult as the others. He will probably show that he was on the bank as a peacemaker.

The County Insane Asylum, four miles from Dover, N. H., was burned Friday night and forty-four lives were lost. When Watchman William Cheevey made his 10 o'clock rounds in the Asylum, he found fire coming out of the cell occupied by Mrs. Lafamitane and gave the alarm. William Driscoll, the keeper, with his family, lived in the building, and he at once broke the locks of the fifty-four cells and tried to get the inmates out. Then he got his wife and two children out. Of the forty-eight only four escaped. They were William Twombly, Rose Sanderson, William Italy, and Frank Donahon. The latter walked two miles in a blinding snow storm, with only his shirt on, to William Horne's house, where he was taken care of.

A lenghty protest, reciting numerous alleged sins of commission and omission on the part of Blair county poor directors, was filed with the county auditors last week by M. A. Young, who is acting as attorney for several citizens.

Among the allegations against the directors are the erection of unnecessary buildings at unreasonable expense; letting private contracts for the heating and furnishing of the new alms house without advertising, as required by law and the furnishing of goods and materials to the alms house by individual directors.

Attorney Younse charges that the directors have illegally squandered over $20,000 and he served notice on the county treasurer not to honor the drafts of the directors pending investigation. The county auditors have not yet indicated what course they will pursue.

The house in which Mr. Blaine died was once a fashionable boarding house, and accommodated such celebrated men as John C. Calhoun, who boarded there during his terms as secretary of war and vice president; Henry Clay, who lived there while secretary of State in the administration of John Quincy Adams, and even President Polk, who occupied apartments in it while repairs were being made to the executive mansion. His rooms were the same as those occupied by Mr. Blaine in his last illness. The Washington club, an organization of gay young men of the capital, next secured possession. On February 25, 1859, Francis Barton Key, son of the author of the "Star Spangled Banner," and then district attorney for the District of Columbia, was shot on the threshold by General Daniel E. Sickles, at that time a member of congress from New York. Key was hurrying from the clubhouse to answer the signal of a fluttering handkerchief displayed in Mrs. Sickles' window when the wronged husband shot him through the heart.

In the early part of President Lincoln's administration Secretary of State William H. Seward took the house. It was in a room on the second floor where he lay, confined to his bed from an accident while driving, when his assassination was attempted by a member of the band of conspirators to which John Wilkes Booth, who shot President Lincoln, belonged. Mr. Seward was stabbed several times, and his son, Frederick W. Seward, who came to his assistance, to-day carries a scar on his head received from the same knife. The government rented the house after the war, and then for a number of years it stood vacant. It had served as the office of the commissary general of subsistence for several years, when it was again vacated, and Mr. Blaine rented it. He made many alterations, especially in the second floor, around which the grewsome memories seemed to him to hover.

The Blaines took possession of the house of evil omen in the fall of 1889. Two months later Mrs. Blaine's sister, Miss Stanwood, died; then Mr. Blaine's only brother, Major Blaine; next Mr. Blaine's eldest daughter, Mrs. Coppinger; then his eldest and favorite son, Walker Blaine, and finally his second son, Emmons.

Change in the Pension Policy.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—A radical change in the pension policy is proposed. The change will be backed by a majority of the committee on appropriations, and will be fought tooth and nail by the Republican minority assisted by Representative Holman, chairman of the committee, who is ordinarily the most strenuous advocate in the committee of a reduction of expenditures.

The proposed change has in view a considerable reduction of the pension rolls, and of the enormous amount now paid out for pensions, by purging the list of names of those now on it, by making more difficult the procurement of a pension under the laws; and by turning over the whole pension bureau to the war department. Among the amendments which will be offered to the bill is one providing that hereafter no widow, who married a soldier of the late war shall receive a pension, where she married the soldier more than five years after his discharge, thus making it apply not only to the war of the rebellion, but to Indian and all other wars.

Another amendment excludes from pensions under the disability act, all persons not disabled from manual labor and who are in receipt of an income of more than $600 a year.

On motion of Representative Mutchler, of Pennsylvania, a new amendment was adopted providing that "the rating of pensions for the same class of pensioners for like disabilities shall be uniform, and that all pensions heretofore or hereafter granted in pursuance of the dependent and disability act, shall be rated upon the inability of the pensioner to earn a living by manual labor."

The object of this amendment is to correct inequalities which have arisen in the administration of the laws.

The Panama Canal Swindlers Get Heavy Sentences.

PARIS, Feb. 9.—The venerable and for many years honored Ferdinand de Lesseps was to-day sentenced to imprisonment for five years and to pay a fine of 3,000 francs, for his connection with the Panama canal frauds. His son, Charles de Lesseps, is sentenced to imprisonment for five years and to pay a fine of 3,750 francs. Marius Fontane and M. Cottu, directors in the concern, are sentenced to two years and to pay a fine of 3,000 francs each. M. Eiffel is sentenced to imprisonment for two years and to pay a fine of 20,000 francs.

Against the Economites.

The commonwealth of Pennsylvania has entered the legal battle for the possession of the immense wealth of the Economite society. The matter is now in the hands of Attorney General Hensel and is being prosecuted by the best legal talent of the Allegheny and Beaver county bars. The proceedings will be instituted at once and will be far reaching in its results. If successful it will involve the absolute surrender of all the property of the Economite society to the state. It will be a proceeding in escheat based on established precedent of eminent legal authority and an act of assembly forbidding the conduct of societies where principles are at variance with public custom and against the spirit of the constitution. The archives have been searched and it is claimed sufficient authority has been obtained to disrupt the celibate community and turn its goods and chattels in to th estate treasury.

The act of assembly making it unlawful for churches and religious sects to hold property in excess of a specified amount will also be brought into the case and used as one of the strong points on the plaintiff's side of the case. The proceedings have no connection with the suit filed in the Beaver county courts to-day by the Fechts and other Economites asking for the appointment of a receiver to wind up the affairs of the organization.

On the contrary, the two battles will be fought on entirely different lines, the issues being contrary, as the success of the state's case would necessarily mean the failure of the prosecution on behalf of the malcontents of the society.

When Doctors All Agree.

It is a fact well established, that February and March are the most trying months to aged or enfeebled persons. Pneumonia, Influenza and kindred chest afflictions are liable to get in their deadly work. There is but one thing to do, build up and fortify the system with a pure stimulant. Medical men all over the country agree that Klein's "Silver Age" at $1.50 per quart, and "Duquesne" at $1.25 per quart, stand without a peer. If you want fine six-year old Guckenheimer, Finch, Gibson, Overholt, or Bear Creek, you can have them at $1.00 per quart, or six quarts for $5.00. We are recognized headquarters for the choicest brands of Wine, Liquor, Cordials, etc. Goods express ed anywhere. Send for complete price list; mention this paper.

MAX KLEIN,
82 Federal Street
Allegheny, Pa.

New Road Law

The new road law which is now under consideration by the Pennsylvania legislature provides for the appointment of a county superintendent of roads by the courts of each county. In addition each township is to elect a road commissioner, and these road commissioners, in conjunction with the county superintendent of roads, are to constitute a board of road directors.

"The boards of road directors shall meet at such times and places as may be necessary and agreed upon, examine and investigate the location and condition of the public roads throughout their several counties, divide the same into two classes to be known as "highways" and "roads" taking into consideration the natural location of the roads the general necessities of the people and the facilities for perfecting and keeping in repair such highways and roads with a view to the probable future condition and requirements for the accommodation of the public, and shall also act as a board of viewers for the location and vacation of highways and roads under the provisions of existing laws governing such matters."

These road commissioners with the township auditors are to fix the tax levy. These taxes are supposed to be paid in cash, but it is provided "that any taxable person may prior to the fifteenth day of April of each year notify the road supervisor of his district or either of the road commissioners of his desire to work his road taxes in lieu of paying cash for the same in which case the supervisor shall give him notice of the time, manner, and place of working such taxes which must be done under the supervisor and satisfactory to the said supervisor under penalty of discharge and forfeiture of the right to work such taxes."

The road commissioners have the privilege of appointing assistant supervisors. One fourth of all the taxes levied are to be paid into a general fund to be expended as the board of road directors may direct. It is also provided that a state appropriation be paid to the road fund somewhat similar to the present school appropriation.

The Sub-Statesman at Work.

From the Franklin News.

The Legislators at Harrisburg have girded their loins, spet on their hands and gone to work in earnest for the public welfare. We note with a feeling of relief that Mr. Lardenslager, of Dauphin, has come forward with a bill fixing the weight of a bushel of onions at fifty pounds, and Mr. Robb, of Mercer, has perfected and introduced a bill to provide for the wearing of collars on dogs.

Looking for the Millenium.

From the Altoona Tribune.

If it were possible to choose all our officers, great and small, for a term of not less than five years, holding all our elections on one day each five years it would result in a great saving of public money and would abolish the perpetual political campaign, which is a great nuisance to those who love peace and quietness and believe the continual clamor over candidates to be not only a weariness to the flesh, but also a demoralizing influence.

Reduced Rates to Washington on Account of the Inauguration via Pennsylvania Railroad.

For the benefit of those who desire to attend the ceremonies incident to the inauguration of President-elect Cleveland, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to Washington March 2d, 3d and 4th, valid to return until March 7, 1893. The excursion rate will be $10 from all points on the main line between Pittsburgh and Bellwood, and all stations on the West Penn, Monongahela and Southwest Penn Divisions, including Connellsville and Uniontown. From stations east of Bellwood a rate of *two cents* per mile will apply.

The inauguration promises to be a most interesting event, and will undoubtedly attract a large number of people from every section of the country.

The magnificent facilities of the Pennsylvania Railroad make this line the favorite route to the national capital on all occasions.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
Valuable Real Estate!

By virtue of an order of sale to me directed, I will expose to public sale on the premises, on

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1893,

at 1 o'clock P. M., the following described real estate late the estate of Henry S. Picking, dec'd.

All that certain tract of land situate in Jenner township, Somerset county, Pa., adjoining lands of Peter Friedline, Henry Rauch, Levi Friedline, John Fisher, Urias Schmoker, Joseph Reams and other lands of the estate of the above decedent, containing

142 ACRES,

more or less, about 80 acres cleared, balance good timber, a large number of fine maple trees, and having thereon erected a good two-story and basement plank house, barn and out-buildings, orchard and good water; convenient to church and school.

—Terms:—

Ten per cent. on day of sale, one-third on delivery of deed, one-third in one year and one-third in two years with interest. Possession given 1st April, 1893.

WORTH J. PICKING,
Trustee.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.
—OF—
Valuable Real Estate!

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Somerset county, Pa., there will be exposed to public sale on the premises, in Addison township Somerset county, Pa., on

Saturday, Feb. 18, 1893,

at 1 o'clock P. M., the following described real estate late the property of Sally Enos, dec'd viz:

All that certain tract of land situate in Addison township, Somerset county, Pa., beginning at stones, thence East 150 perches to stones, thence North 106¾ perches to stones, thence West 150 perches to stones, thence South 106.8 perches to place of beginning, containing

100 Acres 100

strict measure, and being the same tract of land conveyed to said Sally Enos by Joseph Enos by Deed dated 29th July, 1873, recorded in Vol. 48, page 336, etc. Said tract of land has a log dwelling and barn thereon erected.

Terms:

⅓ in hand, ⅓ in one year and ⅓ in two years with interest on deferred payments from confirmation of sale. Deferred payments to be secured by bond and mortgage upon the premises.

ARCHIBALD BIRD,
Administrator.

PUBLIC SALE.
OF
Valuable Real Estate.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Somerset county, Pa., there will be exposed to public sale at Pocahontas, in Greenville township, said county and State, on

Saturday, Feb. 18, 1893,

at 1 o'clock P. M., the following described real estate situate in said Greenville township, and late the property of Peter D. Miller, dec'd, viz:

Tract No. 1. Known and described in the proceedings in partition of the estate of said Peter D. Miller dec'd, as No. 2 A., containing 200 acres and 115 perches; adjoining lands of Sally Wright, Joel Miller and Solomon Albright.

Tract No. 2. Known and described in the proceedings in partition aforesaid as No. 2, B., containing 111 acres and 140 perches; adjoining lands of Joel Miller, Solomon Albright, Samuel D. Yutzy and No. 2A, above.

These two pieces are known as the Heller farm and were sub-divided as above by the Sheriff's inquest.

Terms:

Ten per cent. of bid to be paid cash on day of sale and balance one-third on confirmation of sale; one-third in one year and one-third in two years with interest from confirmation of sale. Deferred payments to be secured by bond and mortgage upon the premises.

JOEL P. MILLER,
ISAIAH BARE,
Executors.

New Spring Goods
—ARRIVING—
DAILY
—IN EVERY—
DEPARTMENT.

We do not boast nor make any statements which we cannot substantiate, but give you only

SOLID FACTS

which you can verify by giving us a call and inspecting our large and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, CARPETS, OIL CLOTHES, ETC.

at prices lower than ever before offered.

In Dress Uoods we will be prepared to show you the largest and best selected stock of Spring Styles and Novelties that we have ever had the pleasure of showing with all the late new trimmings to match.

In Silks our stock is suberb.

In Our Domestic Department we will place on exhibition a stock of

Outing Cloths, Ginghams, Percals, Shirtings, Indigo Blue Calicoes, Bleached and Unbleached Muslins, Dark and Light Calicoes,

and an endless variety of all kinds of domestic goods at prices that can't be compared.

We want you all to know that we have added to our large Dry Goods and Notion Room, a room up stairs 60 x 24, and will place on exhibition the largest Stock of Carpets in Body Brussells, Tapestries, Velvets, Ingrains, Hemp and Rag Carpets of all the leading makes at prices to please all.

We will also have on exhibition a handsome and full assortment of

Rugs, Portiers, Druggets, Lace Curtains, Window Shades, Curtain Poles, Carpet Chain, Etc.

and we invite your inspection before purchasing to our large and well selected stock, which can only be seen at the well-known Dry Goods, Notion and Carpet House of

Parker & Parker.

RETAIL LIQUOR LICENSES.
—o—

NOTICE is hereby given that the following named persons have filed their applications for Tavern License in my office, and that the same will be presented to the Court of Quarter Sessions for allowance, on

Monday, February 27th, 1893.

Charles A. Mitchell, Addison Township.
Edward Nickl, " "
Andrew McQuade, Berlin Borough.
Joseph S. Zimmerman, " "
August Koehler, Conemaugh Township.
Scott Stoner, Confluence Borough.
J. M. Poods, " "
Thomas H. Smith, " "
Thomas S. Williams, Elk Lick Township.
John H. Sibert, Meyersdale Borough.
Nathaniel Silver, " "
J. C. Roof, " "
Robert Guthrie, " "
John K. Keefer, Northampton Township.
William Wirth, Quemahoning "
Samuel A. Haines, Rockwood Borough.
Mary Buckman, " "
C. T. Hay, Salisbury "
Henry Loechel, " "
Kiser Kimmell, Summit Township.
John H. Hite, Stoystown Borough.
Samuel Custer, " "
W. H. Tayman, Somerset Township.
Edgar Kyle, " Borough.
Jay G. Lawson, " "
Lewis W. Vanneer, " "
Isaac A. Jenkins, Ursina "

Clerks Office, Somerset, Pa., Feb. 6, '93. } W. H. SANNER, Clerk.

—PUBLIC NOTICE.—
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The following accounts have been filed in my office, and notice is hereby given that the same will be presented to the Court for confirmation on Thursday, March 3d, 1893.

1. First and final account of Jonas Meyers, committee of Jane Meyers.
2. First and final account of Aaron Meyers, committee of Catharine Gaten.
3. First and final account of Abraham Boyer, committee of Catherine Boyer.

Somerset, Pa., February 6, 1893. } W. H. SANNER, Prothonotary.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of John Merley, Sr., late of Quemahoning township, Somerset County, Pa., dec'd.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned by the proper authority, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same will present them for settlement duly authenticated, on or before Saturday, February 25th, 1893, at the office of the Executor in Ursina Borough.

W. S. KUHLMAN,
Executor.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of E. J. Hoover, late of Ursina Borough.

Letters testamentary on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned by the proper authority, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same will present them for settlement duly authenticated, on or before Saturday, February 25th, 1893, at the office of the Executor in Ursina Borough.

W. S. KUHLMAN,
Executor.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons concerned as legatees, creditors, or otherwise, that the following accounts have passed Register, and that the same will be presented for confirmation and allowance at an Orphans' Court to be held at Somerset, Pa., on Wednesday, March 1, 1893.

First and final account of John Mowry, Administrator of John Geiger, dec'd.

First and final account of Joseph B. Miller and Jno. C. Miller, Administrators of Israel Heminger, dec'd.

First and final account of Jesse C. Sweitzer, Administrator of Wm. Sweitzer, dec'd

First and final account of Abraham D. Miller, Administrator of Sarah D. Miller, dec'd.

First and final account of Jacob J. Speicher, Administrator of Peter S. Boyer, dec'd.

First and final account of Wm. H. Brubaker and Michael Good, Trustees of David Brubaker, dec'd.

First and final account of Jacob Koontz, Administrator of W. H. H. Lohr dec'd.

First account of Wm. K. Miller, one of the Executors of Hiram L. Miller, dec'd.

Account of J. C. Lowry, Executor of C. G. Stutzman, dec'd.

Account of A. G. Will, Administrator of Wm. H. Hay, dec'd.

Account of John Augustine, Trustee of Jacob Augustine, dec'd.

Account of E. I. Countryman, Administrator of Lydia Countryman, dec'd.

Account of Dr. I. C. Bartlett, Administrator and Trustee of Henry Austead, dec'd.

First and final account of David Heinbaugh and J. J. Folk, Administrators and Trustees of Samuel Heinbaugh, dec'd

Account of Oliver Knepper and Annie E. Frease, Administrators of Wm. B. Frease, who was the surviving Administrator of A. J. Casebeer, deceased, this being the third and final account in said estate.

First and final account of E. S. Folk, Administrator and Trustee of Urias S. Folk, dec'd.

First and final account of Abraham Boyer, Executor of Daniel Boyer, dec'd.

Register's Office, Somerset Feb. 1, '93. } A. J. HILEMAN, Register.

MRS. A. E. UHL.

My tenth annual clearance or reduced price sale is now going on and will last until Saturday, February 17th.

During the time this sale lasts I will sell all kinds of Dry Goods fully as cheap as they are sold anywhere, either in Somerset or elsewhere. All Ladies', Misses' and Children's Coats will be sold at cost and some will be sold for less.

Dress Silks will be sold very low. 46-inch Black and Colored Henriettas and Serges will be sold from 68, 75, 85, 90, $1.00 to $1.40.
40-inch Black and Colored Henriettas, - 50 to 70c
40-inch all wool Dress Goods, - - 37 1-2 to 45
Nice double width Cashmeres from - - 20 to 25c
Cloths per yard, - - 15 to 85c
Flannels of all kinds very low.
Flannel Skirts, 85c & up.

A great bargain in Table Linens Towels Napkins and bed spreads.

Yard-wide unbleached Muslins, 5, 5 1-2, 6, 6 1-2, 7c
Yard-wide bleached Muslins, - 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10c
5-4 bleached and unbleached Pillow Casing from 11 to 15c

A full line 9-4 and 10-4 bleached and unbleached Sheeting in great variety at lowest prices.

Indigo blue Shirtings, 7 and 8c
Domet Flannels, 7, 8 and 10c
Tickings from - 9 to 22c
Calicoes at cost
Apron Ginghams from 5 to 7c

Dress Ginghams in great variety at lowest prices.

A big drive in 30-inch Dress Goods at 8c a yard. Worth 10 1-2 at factory.

Many kinds cheap Dress Goods from - 5 to 15c
Curtain Scrim, - 5 to 8c
Great bargains in Lace and Tambour Curtains,

I have a great many odds and ends in all kinds of goods to be closed out, regardless of cost.

A full assortment of Wool, Linen and Cotton Carpet Chain at lowest cut prices.

During my sale I will offer none but reliable goods.

The buyer will run no risk of getting imperfect or low grades of goods.

My Motto:—"Good goods and low prices."

MRS. A. E. UHL.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, The Hon. JACOB H. LONGENECKER, President Judge of the several Courts of Common Pleas of the several counties composing the 36th Judicial District, and Justice of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the said District, and Hiram W. PEAL and NOAH BARRICK, Esq's., Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas and Justices of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the County of Somerset have issued their precepts, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace and General Jail Delivery, and Courts of Oyer and Terminer at Somerset, on

MONDAY, FEB. 27, 1893.

NOTICE is hereby given to all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroner and Constables within the said County of Somerset, that they be then and there in their proper persons with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations and other remembrances, to do those things which to their office and in that behalf appertain to be done, and also they who will prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Somerset County, to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

ISAIAH GOOD,
Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of certain writs of Lev Fa and Fi Fa issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Somerset Co, Pa., to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in Somerset Borough, on

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1893,

at 1 o'clock p. m., the following described real estate, to wit:

All the right, title, interest, claim and demand of Joseph Sacks of, in and to all that certain parcel or tract of land situate in Jenner township, Somerset county, Pa., adjoining lands of Josiah Walter, Calvin Ankeny, Jonas Ankeny and Daniel Sachs, containg thirty (36) acres more or less, about 25 acres of which are clear, with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Joseph Sacks, at the suit of J. H. Uhl use of J. L. Biddle use of Andrew Parker use of Geo. W. Benford.

— ALSO —

All the right, title, interest, claim and demand of Rosanna Pletcher, Jacob Pletcher, Jerry Pletcher and Josiah Pletcher of, in, and to all that certain tract of land situate in Somerset Twp. Somerset county Pa., adjoining lands of Gillian Koontz, Catharine Koontz, John Weller, Rudolph Hoover, George Dumbauld, Noah Roberts, Frank Walter and Henry Beard; containing two hundred and fifty (250) acres, more or less, about 175 acres of which are clear, having thereon erected two dwelling houses, large frame bank barn, frame stable and other outbuildings, with an orchard of fruit bearing trees on the premises, with the appurtenances,

Taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Rosanna Pletcher, Jacob Pletcher, Jerry Pletcher and Josiah Pletcher, at the suit of Andrew Parker.

— ALSO —

All the right, title, interest, claim and demand of Wm. J. Musgrave, Elmer S. Musgrave, Charles C. Musgrave, Jonathan E. Musgrave and Chauncey L. Musgrave, of, in and to the following described real estate, viz:

No. 1 All that certain tract of land situate in Stonycreek township, Somerset county, Pennsylvania, adjoining lands of Albert Rhoads, Ream and Baker, George schrock and others, containing fourty-four (44) acres more or less, about 20 acres of which are clear, balance timber, having thereon erected a two-story log dwelling house, a good frame bank barn and other out buildings, with an orchard of fruit bearing trees on the premises; land in a good state of cultivation, with the appurtenances.

No. 2. All that certain tract of land situate as aforesaid, adjoining lands of John Snyder, Caroline Yoder, Weigle Brothers, George Schrock, Albert Rhoads and others, containing forty-three (43) acres more or less about 20 acres of which are clear, having thereon erected two log houses, a log barn, and other outbuildings, with an orchard of fruit-bearing trees and a sugar camp on the premises, with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution as the property of Wm. J. Musgrave, Elmer S. Musgrave, Charles C. Musgrave, Jonathan E. Musgrave and Chauncey L. Musgrave at the suit of John H. Uhl use of Mary Edie Meyers.

— ALSO —

All the right, title, interest, claim and demand of Wm. E. Boyts, of, in and to the following described real estate, viz:

No. 1. All that certain parcel or lot of ground situate in the village of Fairhope, Fairhope Twp. Somerset Co., Pa., bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a stone marked "R," planted on the corner of a fence on the southern limits of the right of way of the P. & C. R. R. Co.