



REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR ELECTORS AT-LARGE. F. J. JOHNS, WILLIAM WOOD, J. F. DUNLAP, WILLIAM H. SAYEN.

FOR CONGRESSMEN AT-LARGE. ALEXANDER McDOWELL, WILLIAM LILLY.

JUDICIARY. FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT, JOHN DEAN, of County.

COUNTY. FOR CONGRESS, EDWARD SCULL, of Somerset.

Subject to the decision of the district conference.

FOR ASSEMBLY. EPHRAIM D. MILLER, of Blackwood, JOHN C. WELLES, of Millertownship.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY. J. A. BERRY, of Somerset.

FOR POOR DIRECTOR. J. D. WEDGE, of Somerset township.

The next election will likely be the one gathered in the Chicago wigwam in June.

Take whisky out of the fight in Iowa, and Boies would be a small boy in the Presidential fight.

It is a good season to preach "the virtues of cold water" over a large belt of country west and south.

FARMERS ALLIANCE PARTISANS have resolved to place candidates for presidential electors in nomination in all western and southern states.

DELAWARE reports the peach crop and the Cleveland boom in fine condition. Nevertheless the danger of a June frost hangs over both.

The Democratic organ agree that John Sherman is a very odd man. Nevertheless there is a contingency in which he would make things warm for them.

The Baltimore and Ohio railroad reports April earnings of \$2,018,708, an increase of \$75,408 over last year. Expenses \$1,881,274, an increase of \$150,725.

It has been many years since the floods were so wide-spread and disastrous. The calls for help will be numerous, and from a most deserving class of people.

Just imagine the condition of the country, if there was the same "dangerous Democratic majority" in the Senate that there is in the House. People can easily understand as they read current history.

UNDER A Republican National administration last year 176 new National Banks were chartered, with a capital of \$17,130,000. The establishment of stable financial institutions of this character indicate that the Nation is prosperous. And it always is under Republican rule.

GOVERNOR MCKINLEY has been chosen to regulate the echoes in the big convention hall at Minneapolis at the dedicatory ceremonies the evening of June 6. The Major will fix them so that they will ring true wherever the platform on the historic 7th and the vital days thereafter.

"Free silver unlimited" forces are concentrating on Governor Boies. When they get a chance they are in the majority in the Democratic party. There is no mistaking that fact. Governor Boies has repaid all his honors on a "free silver platform," and will not be averse to trying it again.

SENATOR HILL asserts that the newly admitted States will not be permitted to vote for President in 1892, and the electoral college will count 421 instead of 444 votes. The Senator is fortunately not boss of the United States. He will sing lower after the vote in the Chicago convention.

The trouble which the Republican convention will encounter in the work of choosing a candidate for President is a plethora of available men, while the trouble that awaits the Democratic convention is a paucity of the same material. With one party it is an embarrassment of riches, with the other the pinch of poverty.

A FEW years ago wire nails were so dear that farmers could not afford to use them, but now, under protection, they have fallen in price until they are sold for less than the tariff on the imported article, and consumers get home-made nails which are not only low in price, but the best in quality of any make in the world.

To make it unpleasant for John Chinaman will cost this country a pretty penny. It is estimated at Washington that \$100,000 will be required to enforce the recent Exclusion act. Every time an intruder is jailed the bill will be \$200, perhaps \$50,000 a year total. Our policy toward these Orientals is more than of questionable humanity, it is decidedly expensive.

USCLE SAM shipped to Europe this year 1,454,000 barrels of apples. The new arrangement for direct shipment of oranges from Florida the coming year will give Europeans a still better chance to enjoy our luscious fruit. The large increase in the demand of the foreign markets and the better arrangements for shipment will cause the multiplication of orchards, especially those for apples and oranges.

The speech against free silver delivered in the House of Representatives recently by Hon. Alfred C. Chapin is forcibly educational in character. Mr. Chapin seems to have cut loose from his money-mad party associates. He shyly refutes the notion prevalent among the ignorant that a peculiar relation exists between commodities and silver, that increased use of the white metal means higher prices for farm products, and that reversed conditions produce reversed results.

THERE is certainly a considerable amount of gratuitous falsifying being done in regard to the re-appointing of Mr. F. W. Leach as Secretary of the State Board. When the re-elected General Reeder as Chairman the candidates suggested that Mr. George Pearson be made one of the Secretaries. This has been done. Mr. Leach will have two assistants and Mr. Pearson will be one of them. That is all there is in it.

The Farmers Alliance had absolute control of the Democratic State convention in South Carolina. A resolution was passed denouncing Grover Cleveland as the enemy of the farmers, and the delegates organized their opposition to him by refusing to vote for a resolution pledging the Democracy of South Carolina to support the candidate of the Chicago convention. This was done by saying that if Cleveland were nominated the South Carolina Democracy would knife him.

To the chaste-party Democrats of the lower house in Ohio assigned the responsibility of making proper additions to the navy. The Senate amended the bill so as to provide for an armored battleship of 9,000 tons, to be credited whenever it is carried, and a double-turreted coast defense battleship, the latter being a type of vessel that is indispensable to the security of our exposed seaboard cities. Senator Hill, looking out for Hill rather than the great metropolis that can be shelled twelve miles from its city hall, of course voted against the amendments. What of McKinley? The Democracy is the party of obstruction and negation.

SENATOR ALLISON says that there will be a surplus of \$25,000,000 or more at the end of the fiscal year, instead of a deficit. What a shattering of Democratic hopes and prophecies this would be!

For a year the country has resounded with the damaging cry that the surplus was gone and that national bankruptcy stared us in the face. It was a senseless and idiotic alarm, but not to catch the unthinking and unwary voter; but, like the Democratic cry against the new tariff law, the wild expenditures by the last Congress and the Republican party at a title toward silver, this one about a bankrupt treasury has also proved to be a boomerang.

Few men in public life are better equipped on questions of national finance than Senator Allison, or more careful and conservative in forming their estimates. He made the point Thursday that our national expenditures should not be limited in order to cover into the sinking fund annually fifty millions of bonds at a premium of over 20 per cent. The present Administration has paid \$200,000,000 of the interest-bearing debt, and yet has a sinking fund surplus of \$34,000,000. This, with the heavy expenditures of our growing nation, has only been accomplished by the wise and prudent conduct of the Treasury Department under Secretaries Windom and Foster, and it has been done in the face of repeated Democratic prophecies of financial disaster.

It is time for the calamity shouters to go out of business.

THE NEW STATE CHAIRMAN. General Frank Reeder Elected Chairman and Frank Willing Leach Secretary of the State Committee.

The candidates on the Republican State ticket, with E. K. Martin, Chairman of the recent State Convention, met in Harrisburg, at the Lochiel Hotel, on Tuesday afternoon and elected General Frank Reeder, of Easton, Chairman of the State Committee.

There were present Judge John Dean, of Blair; Major Alex. McDowell, of Mercer; General William Lilly, of Carbon, and Mr. Martin. It was generally understood that Lieutenant Governor Waters would not again accept the chairmanship, owing to a pressure of business matters, and without making any nominations or taking a vote it was unanimously agreed to select General Frank Reeder. This was not done before a formal talk had been ending in the arrival at a perfect understanding of the situation.

Chairman Reeder at once sent the following letter to Secretary Frank Willing Leach:

"The candidates on the Republican State ticket and the Permanent Chairman of the State Convention have designated me as Chairman of the Republican State Committee for the current year. I am desirous of accepting the honor, and I am desirous of giving my services to the President-elect. To this end I tender you the appointment of Secretary of the Committee, and earnestly request that you will decline."

From a somewhat limited experience in State Committee work I know something of the labor of the position which I am declining to accept, and am also aware of the unfortunate tendency of the party to reward such service with indifference rather than with grateful appreciation. Your knowledge of the State, your familiarity with the people, and your capacity for organization work, all contribute to give your services a Presidential year special value, and I hope that you will not refuse to make the personal sacrifice which acceptance of the place named will doubtless involve.

Very truly yours, FRANK REEDER, Chairman Republican State Committee.

Greatly Rejoicing Revenue.

From the Chicago Hour news.

The key-note of the Democratic chorus in the Presidential election of 1888 was "redemption of revenue."

We were told that we were collecting a war revenue in time of peace, and that the tariff was a "war tariff," and that the vast revenue was productive of a large and growing corruption breeding surplus. The Democratic party had no definite plan of revenue reduction to make public, but it promised most vehemently that it would reduce revenue 10 per cent. It was a bluff, and it was a bluff because it was a bluff. The Republican party would not reduce revenue; it returned to power. It did more, it affirmed that Republican policy, as foreshadowed by the Chicago platform, would result in an increase of the revenue which the Democratic party had declared to be greatly in excess of the "demands of a government economically and honestly administered."

The election of that year placed a Republican President in the White House, and the Republican House of Representatives in absolute control of the National purse strings. It was long since the Republican party had been in possession of the three law-making, revenue-making, and executive powers, even as they were, manifested as to the quality of their quality now is apparent. Republican policy has reduced the revenue by something like \$90,000,000 a year; at any rate the revenue from tariff duties for the first ten months of the fiscal year now in progress is less by \$45,000,000 than that of the corresponding ten months of last year.

Now, if "tariff tax," as the Democrats protest that it is, the McKinley bill has not added taxation to the extent of \$45,000,000 in ten months. Certainly it has reduced revenue by this much. Yet we do not hear the Democrats rejoicing over the reduction of revenue which they so earnestly demanded.

Why is this? Because in 1890, by a vast system of well-organized falsehood, they came into possession of a majority in the House of Congress in which revenue bills originate, and so were placed in a position that compelled them to demonstrate whether their chorus of 1888 concerning a "largely reduced revenue, but supply sufficient for the demands of a government honestly and economically administered," were grounded on truth or on sham. The Democrats in Congress now have a chance of showing whether they can provide well for all the expenses of government out of a revenue decreased by something like \$90,000,000 from what when the Republican can predecessors administered upon. They do not seem to be getting along very smoothly with the job.

The fact is that the reduced revenue is sufficient to provide for the ordinary expenses and leave a small surplus. But the Democratic party never counted a great financier among its members. Partly because

of inherent corruption, but more because of natural incoherence, the Democratic party has always left the National finances in a bad shape. It will be wise if the people turn a Republican majority to the next Congress, and if they do the expenditures must be adjusted so as to leave no great debt, such as the Postoffice, without sufficient appropriations, and the whole machinery of government will be kept in strong and smooth motion upon that "greatly reduced revenue" which the Democrats demanded when they were out of power, but to which they could not accommodate their policy now that they are in power.

Law of Promissory Notes.

There are five essential elements to the legal validity of a negotiable draft, note or check.

1. It must be payable in money; that is, gold silver or greenbacks, possibly also in United States currency, not in any kind of merchandise. This note "payable in 100 ounces" had been decided to be invalid.

2. It must be payable without any contingency or uncertainty. A note promising to pay \$1,000 out of the proceeds of ore to be raised or sold from any mine is invalid. But a particular fund may be designated, as "I promise to pay out of the estate of B, deceased."

3. It must be payable at a certain specified time—a time certain to arrive. A note payable "A. D.," when he is 21 years of age is not good, for he may be 21 to be twenty-one, and so the time is not certain to arrive. But a note payable "on demand" is held to be good, for demand in the nature of things is certain to be made at some time. The owner of such a note would not possess common sense if he never demanded payment.

4. It must be payable to the order of a certain party therein named, or else payable to the bearer. Otherwise it is not negotiable, although as a simple written contract it is good as between the maker and the party to whom it is made. But it is not capable of indorsement unless the words "order" or "bearer" appear.

5. The amount payable must be specified and certain. A note for \$100 with interest is good, because the interest can be calculated and thus certainly ascertained, but a note reading "Pay \$100 or \$200" is not good.

Shot By A Woman.

PHILADELPHIA, May 19.—The police this morning cleared up the mystery attending the death of Robert Kelly, 45 years old, who it seems was fatally shot by a woman while making an attempt at burglary.

Kelly came to his home yesterday morning at 10 o'clock, and was seen by his wife, who had been in his bed, laid down to die an hour later. Investigation showed that he had been shot, the ball entering his back and passing near the heart, lodging under the skin of the abdomen. Kelly died without speaking of his wound, and the police began a search for his slayer. To-day they found that an attempt had been made to force open the back door of the house of William Steiman, 1914 Moyamensing avenue, who was absent. Mrs. Steiman and her sister were at home and the noise awakened them. Mrs. Steiman secured her husband's revolver, and going to a back second-story window, saw two men in the yard. Raising the sash she fired at one of the intruders. A groan of agony followed, and both men, jumping the fence, fled down a back alley. As the pair passed under a gas lamp Mrs. Steiman obtained a good view of them. From her description the police have no doubt that Kelly was one of the burglars.

His Name Worth \$75,000.

NEW HAVEN, Pa., May 18.—The Beaver County Court, through Judge Wickham, yesterday granted the necessary papers which will change the name of Vincent Lockerman Bradford Townsend to Vincent Lockerman Bradford. The young man is the son of C. C. Townsend and gained his majority on April 3.

The change was made because Vincent Lockerman Bradford was the name of his late grand uncle, who died in Philadelphia August 9, 1884, and who in his will bequeathed \$75,000 to Vincent, provided he took his name when he reached his majority.

There are few cases on record where a mere name was worth more than this significant fortune.

Sixteen Negroes Drowned.

FIVE BELLY, Ark., May 20.—The destruction of life and property in the Arkansas valley north and south of this city caused by the flood increases with every new report.

It is now stated that sixteen negroes were drowned on Tuesday night at the mouth of the river. Several more people lost their lives near Red Bluff. The loss to the growing crops is incalculable. The bridges on the Iron Mountain road south of here have been swept away and the water in the eastern and southern parts of the city covers the ground to the depth of 6 or 4 feet. President Harrison has directed that a government boat be ordered here to aid the sufferers. The river is still rising.

A Deputy Marshall's Luck.

GENESEE, O. T., May 22.—A courier from Deep Fork brings particulars concerning a desperate encounter of a Deputy Marshal single-handed with two horse thieves. The Deputy mortally wounded. Deputy United States Marshal Drake met with William Hooster and William Miller, who have been wanted for horse stealing for over two years. Drake, knowing that they were two of the country's most notorious horse thieves, asked them if they did not go by the names of "Wild Bill" and "Billy the Kid."

One of them, stepping up, asked Drake if he was a Deputy Marshal, and warned him to move. Drake replied that he was in an hurry, whereupon the outlaw drew the thigh revolver and shot Drake through the thigh, killing his horse. Drake used his Winchester and the men started to run. Drake rushed up stairs and, procuring his 35-caliber revolver, returned and killed the first, hitting Drake in the side and knocking him down.

Drake, as he lay on the ground, took aim at Miller, and at a distance of two hundred yards shot him through the heart. Drake then turned to the third man, who had horses tied and securing one went for help. He was taken to Sapola, where his mother resides and where he is being tenderly cared for.

A Battle For Life.

POWELL, Pa., May 22.—While Miss Kate Dooley, a school teacher at Blackwood, near Tremont, in the western end of this county, was returning home at the close of school yesterday she was attacked by an Italian ruffian, who seized her and attempted to carry her into the woods.

Miss Dooley struggled in his embrace, scratching and biting her assailant, and at the same time calling loudly for help. Becoming enraged he began beating her with a stick about the head, but in the struggle she stumbled and fell, losing his hold on his victim, who, thus liberated, succeeded in escaping.

The young woman is terribly bruised about the head and shoulder, and is completely prostrated by the encounter. The woods are being searched for the villain, who, if caught, will surely be lynched.

For Assuaging Himself.

NEW CASTLE, Pa., May 20.—A curious case will come up for trial in the court of quarter sessions which convenes the second Monday in June. Several months ago a man named George Downey was arrested at Wampum on the charge of drawing a knife on James Brady, a billiard room proprietor. Downey was placed in the Wampum lockup. About 11 o'clock that night the lockup was burned, with great difficulty Downey was released, but did not regain consciousness until a physician was summoned and worked with him for some time.

An information was made against him, and he was held and held until the charges of arson and assault and battery with intent to kill him.

Murderer Road Escapes. WASHINGTON, Pa., May 19.—Martin Reed, murderer of Alexander Chappel, made the most daring escape from jail this evening ever known in Washington county. Reed is now at large, with two fellow prisoners, he is now at large, with no clue to his whereabouts.

At 8 o'clock this evening the alarm was given that Reed and all the other prisoners confined in the jail had escaped. Deputy Sheriff Kennedy was the first to hear the alarm, and rushing into the jail he saw a number of men on top of the cells, preparing to go out through a hole in the wall. Kennedy drew a revolver and compelled them to come back.

An examination it was found that Martin Reed, Joe Brown and Fred Cottam had escaped. Brown and Cottam were under light sentences to the work house. The prisoners in the jail said that shortly before 8 o'clock Reed was looking in his cell. The other prisoners were in the corridors. About 7 o'clock four prisoners put a bedstead on top of the cells and began working with an iron pump handle to make a hole in the wall. Reed was the first to be pushed and then they lifted a shot from one of the unlocked cells and broke the bars of Reed's cell and helped him out.

The County Commissioners have offered \$500 reward for Reed dead or alive. As yet they have had no news of him. The other prisoners say he is armed with two revolvers.

Grabbed a Pocketbook.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., May 19.—A peddler named Melnick committed a robbery at the Oliver Coker works at Redstone Junction this evening. He and a companion named Freiberg were dicking with a Hungarian boarding-house mistress named Valko about the sale of some goods. Freiberg received \$10 from the woman and went out to get it changed. Melnick noticed that the money was taken from a well-filled pocketbook.

Mrs. Valko is the treasurer of all her boards and she kept the money in this pocketbook, which contained \$500. Melnick snatched the pocketbook and ran. Mrs. Valko gave the alarm, and in a few minutes an excited crowd was in pursuit. The board, whose savings were in the pocketbook, leaped from their cots and joined in the chase. Melnick was overtaken and \$200 of the stolen money was found on his person. They finally brought him to town, and he was committed to jail.

Married a Thief to Save Him.

A woman's love has saved Alfred Taylor from prison. While rooming at Mr. Mollie Owen's house, on State street, Chicago, he was arrested for stealing from his landlady \$200 in money and \$200 worth of jewelry. Mrs. Owen had a tender feeling for him, and she saw that he would not get it changed. Melnick noticed that the money was taken from a well-filled pocketbook.

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Booming Like the Ocean.

ALTON, Ill., May 19.—A northwesterly gale, blowing 90 miles an hour, has raged here since last night, doing fearful damage to property in the flooded districts. No less than a score of farm houses which stand in water and were secured by lines to trees, are reported as being blown down in various places. The six-mile wide river rolled like the ocean and no signals of distress could be answered by the relief steamers.

Fearful damage has been done by the waves drifting against the railroad embankment in the bottom, washing out miles of track. Train service is entirely abandoned and all attempts to repair have been temporarily given up. A number of people are thought to have been drowned.

Rough Fun.

OUTBURST, O. T., May 21.—While Charles McMillan was hunting in the Oklahoma strip he was surrounded by ten Ogea Indians, who bound his hands and compelled him to hurry along on foot many miles to their village. There he was kept for three days and nights. He was compelled to sleep outdoors in the rain, was given nothing to eat, and suffered all kinds of indignities. He was tied to a stake, and painted brands were waved around him, at the same time cutting off his hair and a piece of his scalp. Finally he was released. He arrived here to-day, nearer dead than alive. Warrants have been issued for the leading members of the tribe, and the government will take steps to punish the offenders.

Half Rates to Minneapolis via Pennsylvania Railroad.

FOR the benefit of delegates and visitors to the Republican National Convention at Minneapolis, on June 7, 1892, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to Minneapolis, from all principal stations in this line, at a single fare for the round trip, plus \$1.00 for meals, \$1.00 for baggage, \$1.00 for Philadelphia, \$2.00 for Baltimore, \$3.00 for Washington, \$2.00, and other stations in proportion. The tickets will be sold from June 1st to 5th, inclusive, and the return coupons will expire to leave for Minneapolis on or after June 10th, inclusive, 1892. A choice of routes west of Chicago may be made.

Tried to Kill His Brother.

WILLIAMSBURG, May 19.—An altercation arose yesterday at Monroeville between Sylvester and William Dobb, sons of Thomas Dobb. The quarrel culminated in a hand-to-hand conflict and after a desperate struggle for the mastery William got the better of the fight. On being released Sylvester rushed up stairs and, procuring his 35-caliber revolver, returned and killed the first, hitting Drake in the side and knocking him down.

Drake, as he lay on the ground, took aim at Miller, and at a distance of two hundred yards shot him through the heart. Drake then turned to the third man, who had horses tied and securing one went for help. He was taken to Sapola, where his mother resides and where he is being tenderly cared for.

Snow in the West.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., May 20.—A snow storm almost equal to a January blizzard came across this section of the country this morning. A strong northwest wind is blowing, and it is extremely cold.

By Paris, May 20.—Last night unreasonable snow was shown in Minnesota, several inches having fallen at some points. About an inch of snow was on the ground here this morning but made a great deal of water as it melted.

Gen. Beaver as Orator.

GETTYSBURG, Pa., May 19.—Col. J. B. Bachelder is here making arrangements for the dedication of the high-water mark tablet on June 2, to Adj. Gen. Greenfield and Col. Magee, commanding the Eighth national guard regiment, had a conference with him. It was decided to send a battalion of militia to the site, and to be on guard on the occasion. President Harrison will be present at the dedicatory exercises. The oration will be delivered by Gen. Beaver, in place of Gen. Henry Bingham, who has been compelled at the last moment to decline.

Forty-Nine Years in Prison.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., May 19.—Oliver Curtis Perry, the train robber, pleaded guilty to four indictments to-day in court at Lyons, and was sentenced to 49 years at hard work in Auburn prison.

As the Judge finished speaking the prisoner staggered, and it was with great effort that he retained his standing position. If he behaves well in prison and secures commutation he will be free in October 25, 1923. He is 62 years old now, and will be upwards of 95 when he gains his liberty.

AS GRANT SAW IT. A Letter He Wrote Conking About a Third Term. COLUMBIA, O., May 20.—The Columbus Dispatch to-day publishes as special matter a copy of a letter written by Ulysses S. Grant to Roscoe Conking regarding his effort to have the general nominated as a candidate for president the third time. Following is the letter:

NEW YORK, May 18, 1890. "MY DEAR MR. CONKLING—I am in receipt of your last letter, and have very considerably weighed the matter in all its bearings. This tribute you pay my services to the country I appreciate, but at the same time I feel that my services are so underrated and the indignities of our country. There have been exigencies that warranted a second term, but I don't believe that the best interests of the country's good would demand a third term or even two."

"I have no doubts even as to the advisability of a second term, and you know that I have so expressed myself to you in our confidential talks. This is a big country, full of brave and ambitious men, who will serve the country entirely well as its president, and I sincerely regret the policy of thwarting their noble ambition. In a public-spirited, cosmopolitan country like ours a man's fame is too frequently dependent upon the status of public sentiment. Fame in this country ebb and flows. To-day you are the peer; to-morrow you may be submerged beneath the wave of adverse sentiment. This is another reason why the noble ambition to be president should not be restricted to one man. I feel that our country has amply repaid me for all my services by the honors it has bestowed upon me, and I feel that to be a candidate or accept the nomination for a third term would be ingratitude, and would be a great personal affront to the people who have loved me and whom I love."

"I am still of the opinion that I should speak to the country, that I should break the silence in a letter declining emphatically to be a candidate for a third term. I appreciate your efforts, your friendship and loyalty, but I fear that your zeal for me is an error, not of heart but of mind. Knowing that with all your nobleness you have a highly sensitive nature, and know your anxiety for the Maine statesman, I have always refrained from speaking of him to you, but I now feel that I should speak on that matter, and plainly. This arrangement between you two, unless checked, would prove a serious disadvantage. It will hurt Mr. Blaine. It will be a stumbling block in the way of the ambitions of both. I believe that could the differences existing be amicably adjusted the nomination this year would go to one, leaving the honor four years hence more than a probability for the other. It is not only necessary for the good of each that an amicable adjustment be reached, but for the good of the party, and more for the good of the country."

"I fear that the presentation of my name at the convention would not only assist in the defeat of Mr. Blaine, but seriously affect your future, besides warping my career. Even should it be decided that I could only appear after a special election, my own bitterness would be injected, and then I doubt if I could be elected, as I seriously doubt whether any man can ever again be elected, even for a second term, unless persuasion should arise some extraordinary emergency which now appears improbable even in the dim future."

"I am aware that this matter has gone on to an extent where an announcement from me refusing to accept would be looked upon by some as cowardice. But would it not be better to be considered a coward than a surper? I also appreciate your position as yoursay, 'the final and supreme effort of your life for supremacy,' yet in face of all I still believe that my name should not be presented. And further, I believe that your anxiety about the nomination, and the honor from me would have for your future is an error."

"I trust you will consider gravely and carefully my wishes. I am generous enough to hope that you will not have your friends suffer, if I am convinced that any set of mine would cause them to suffer. Awaiting your reply before acting, I remain sincerely your friend, U. S. GRANT."

A Constant Turn's Trick.

HOLLIDAYSBURG, May 20.—On Saturday night, May 7, Constable John Long, his son, George Long, and William Hagelert entered the house of George Berger, an expert farmer living in Jersey township, and about four miles from the city. They beat the older and demanded money, but Mrs. Berger said all they had was ten cents, which the robbers took. Then, threatening to kill the old people if they refused to comply, they broke open every drawer in the house and cut up the bed ticks, but found no money.

They took six pieces of pork, all the meat in the house, and departed, thinking that their marks hid their identity. Berger and his wife reported the matter to the constable, who kept their own counsel until the proper time. The men were arrested to-day, and will be given a hearing at Newry to-morrow.

Deer Park and Oakland.

To those contemplating during the coming summer a trip to the mountains in search of health or pleasure, Deer Park, on the Allegheny Mountains, is a most desirable above the sea level, offers such varied attractions as a delightful atmosphere during both day and night, pure water, smooth, winding roads through the mountains and valleys, and the most picturesque scenery in the Allegheny range. The hotel is equipped with all adjuncts conducive to the entertainment, pleasure and comfort of its guests, as Turkish and Russian baths, swimming pools for both ladies and gentlemen, billiard rooms, and a billiard parlor, and a commodious or cruise, an unexcelled cuisine and superior service.

The surrounding grounds as well as the hotel are lighted with electricity, have cozy and snugly nooks, menharrowing walks, lawn tennis courts and grassy play grounds for children within full view of the inviting verandas. Six miles distant on the same mountain summit is Oakland, the twin resort of Deer Park, and equally well equipped for all the pleasures and accommodations of its guests. Both hotels are upon the main line of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, have the advantage of its splendid Vestibule Limited Express trains between Baltimore and Newry, and are easily accessible from all parts of the country. Season Excursion tickets, good for return passage until October 31st, will be placed on sale at greatly reduced rates at all principal ticket offices throughout the country. One way tickets will be sold from Louisville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Columbus, Chicago and any point on B. & O. system to Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia or New York, or vice versa, are good to stop off at either Deer Park or Oakland, and are equally good if extended by agents at either resort upon application.

The season at these popular resorts commences June 23.

For full information as to rates, routes, etc., address George D. Dufsheld, Manager, Deer Park or Oakland, Garrett county, Maryland.

A Boy's Startling Find.

WARREN, Pa., May 20.—A boy to-day while out fishing discovered the body of John W. Miller, who committed suicide by jumping into the Allegheny river to escape from officers on May 1. The body was fast in the mud and standing upright.

Personal and General. A dispatch from Madrid states that Spain has cancelled the prohibition of the import of American pork, which has been in force for many years.

Between five and six hundred families of negro colonists are threatened with starvation in Black Jack county, Oklahoma Territory.

Ex Governor Beaver will deliver the oration at the dedication of the "High Water Mark" tablet on the Gettysburg battlefield on June 2. General Harrison will be present.

The trial of George W. Delamater, charged with embezzlement, has been postponed until the eighth day of the Crawford county court on account of the sickness of the defendant.

A heavy rainfall of frogs took place near Mexico, Mo., Wednesday night. The largest fall was on the farm of Philip Shearer, who estimated the number that he saw at eight or ten thousand. The frogs were of all sizes and all.

Judge Morris of the U. S. Circuit Court, Maryland District, has sustained the constitutionality of the Maryland law, allowing owners of rivers and bay shores in that State five cents for each log cast upon their property. The opinion was in a case resulting from the Johnston flood.

When the embezzlement case of W. H. Dill, ex-president of the First National bank of Clearfield, came up in the United States court Thursday, counsel for the defendant made a proposition to compromise upon the basis