The Somerset Herald.

EDWARD SCULL, Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY..... March 23, 1892

AND now Grover denies that he wrote a letter withdrawing as a presidential candidate.

MOST of the electoral vote tables made up by Democratic carpenters are very wobbly in the legs.

The attempt to conceal the free coinage danger from the people by interposing free trade screens, will not be a success.

SENATOR QUAY, who had been seriously ill in Florida, has again returned to Washington. He is still in feeble health, but is rapidly improving.

SENATOR HILL on his Southern trip said to an interviewer that he was looking for delegates and not pretending that he was duck shooting. He has opened his batteries on Grover Cleveland, and so have his friends.

REPRESENTATIVE OATES, of Alabama, has introduced, by request, a bill which discounts the Alliance sub-treasury scheme. It provides for the issuing of $1,000,000 to each of the Congressional districts of the country, for the purpose of enlarging the National banking system.

THE Democratic party polled 50.93 per cent of the total vote in New York at the last election, and the Democratic Legislature thinks this entitles them to twenty-three of the thirty-four Congressmen to be elected from that State next fall. This is not a gerrymander. It is another attempt to steal the State.

THE Democratic Congress which objected to buying soap for the West Point cadets, has appropriated $20,000 for extra committee clerks who have nothing to do but swell the patronage of the Tammany doorkeeper. The Democratic party always has been opposed to soap except when it could be used to grease the wheels of corrupt legislation.

THE Republican convention of New York will be held at Albany April 28th, to select four delegates at large to the National convention. There is a movement on foot to again name the "big four" of 1888—Platt, Miller, Depew and Hiscock. There are other Republicans who would as well represent New York, but these four men together represent every shade of Republican sentiment in the State, and when they pull together as they did in 1888, they make a very strong team. Few States can boast a big four which have so many resources and know how to "play politics" better than these men who will represent New York.

THE platform adopted by Iowa Republicans at their convention on Thursday is full of common sense, Republicanism, patriotism and enthusiastic determination to recover this fall the ground lost there in State elections. A state that has given Republican majorities in Presidential years of 60,000 and 78,000, and which gave to General Harrison nearly 32,000 majority in 1888, is not a doubtful State in the coming national contest. The strong words in which the record of the administration have all the more weight in the absence of any instructions to the delegates to the National Convention.

THE New York Democrats also have a gerrymander which allows 171,000 people in Democratic districts to elect a Congressman, but requires 500,000 in Republican districts. Democratic organs that have been lifting up their voices against the Ohio bill that was defeated look upon this as a fair apportionment. The New York bill gives the majority of the Congressional districts to the cities of New York and Brooklyn, and will enable the Democrats to control 23 of the 34 districts. The Mugwumps of New York, however, can see nothing wrong about the bill because they are not near sighted. They cannot see corruption at home except when it strikes them in their attempt to control a Democratic convention.

CONGRESSMAN RAY, of New York, came down on the free traders of the House the other day, in sledge-hammer style, when he said in reply to a free trader who had just preceded him on the floor:—"The Democratic party on the tariff question was the great American political and hypocritical crab, with ten legs, reaching in all directions. It was so weak in the joints that it had not a single pair on which it could stand alone. If anything were wanting to show that the Democratic party as a party was for free trade, the favorable report of the free wool bill had supplied the proof. The cry of the party was that it wanted free raw materials, and wool was classed by his Democratic friends as raw material. They absolutely ignored the fact that eight-tenths of the value of a pound of wool represented human labor and skill, and that when they imported wool free of duty, American farmers and laborers were the sufferers."

NEARLY every State in the Union now holds its election in November. Rhode Island is the only exception to this rule which can be claimed as at all doubtful, politically speaking. Its election will occur the first Wednesday in April. In itself considered that State is unimportant, but the Democrats are so very sore over the set-back throughout New York that they are urging their party friends in that little State to rally. The moral effect is what they want. The State may be pivotal, albeit its total electoral college vote will be only four.

There is good reason to hope that the illegal as well as unjust Michigan gerrymander will be overthrown by the courts. In that event the entire Michigan vote would be safely Republican and the Democrats might even carry the solid South, New York, New Jersey, and Indiana and still be beaten. The South and the three Northern States just named would lack three votes of enough to carry the day. But even if the State election in Rhode Island should go Democratic this spring that would not insure Democratic success in that State on National issues. The Democratic State Convention came out strong for Cleveland and against free silver, while the National convention is likely to reverse this order. The defeat of Cleveland and the adoption of a free silver plank will make every New England State perfectly solid for the Republican Presidential ticket. Nothing could be plainer than the signs of the times, which point to that conclusion.

In 1888 Harrison received 53.93 per cent of the total vote of the State, to Cleveland 43, leaving the rest to figure in the Prohibition column. As against any other Democrat except Cleveland the Republican showing would be still better.

AT the Blair County Republican Primaries, Saturday, Hon. John A. Lemon, well and favorably known to many of the leading Republicans of this county, was an easy winner for renomination to the State Senate.

THE action of the House Committee on Elections in voting to give the seat in Congress for the Twenty-eighth New York district to the Republican, H. T. Noyes, to whom it belongs, ought to be a source of satisfaction to every honest New Yorker. The result is all the more satisfactory because it was accomplished in the face of the violent opposition of David B. Hill, who fought with all his power to keep the Democrat, Rockwell, in the seat to which he was not elected.

Read on Hill.

From the Chicago Inter Ocean.

Never was a happier answer made to one of those glittering generalities that small men, who seek to pose as statesmen, deal in so liberally, than by Mr. Reed to Mr. D. B. Hill's repetition of the stale assertion that though other parties have flourished and decayed "the Democratic party is for ever and ever."

All things that are noble and useful change into higher forms of nobility and usefulness. But "the poor ye have always with you," it is a pity that we have, but we have them. Ignorance never changes, nor does dirt, it is the same today that it was when Cicero thundered in the senate, and when not one Romap in a hundred could understand his majestic language, the same as when Commodus fed his horse with gold-covered oats out of a manger of alabaster, while his subjects ate black crusts and slept on lousy skins. All things change, except the worst of things.

Mr. Reed, however, wisely avoided the indignant tone in his reply to Mr. Hill. There are people upon whom indignation is wasted; they are so constituted that it does not hurt them; they can not even understand what it means. But people of this kind are peculiarly sensitive to ridicule. So Mr. Reed spoke sarcastically. "There never was a time," he truthfully reminded his hearers, when the Democratic party was not shouting: 'For God's sake, let us get back to yesterday.' We would like to go back 1,800 years, but we can't do that—we know we cant; but let us repeal something; let us undo something that it has taken years of toil to do; let us make the world a little less civilized than it was."

This is sarcasm. But it is truthful sarcasm. Can any one, any Democrat, name one new thing that the Democratic party has promised to do since 1860?

From 1860 to 1865 it contented itself with predicting failure to the Union cause, and to placing obstructions in its way. From 1865 to 1880 it sought to gain power by promising to repeal all the reconstruction acts. By 1880 it had learned that the benefits flowing from these acts were so many and so great that the people would not permit one of them to be repealed. In 1884 it began to promise to repeal all protective tariffs. And in 1892 it is hesitating between a promise to repeal the tariff laws and a promise to destroy the value of the currency. But to-day it has not a single promise of progress in any direction to offer. It points out nothing that needs doing, and makes no promise to do it. It is to-day as yesterday "the same" party of repeal, of retrogression, of retardment.

Then and Now.

From the Pittsburgh Commercial Gazette.

The salaried prevaricators of the Philadelphia *Press* are hard at work aiding and abetting Quay. The organ of our minister to Russia on Wednesday morning had a several column article from Washington in which a laborious effort was made to convince the public that Senator Quay really delayed the tariff bill and was opposed to its passage. This was backed up in the editorial columns of the same paper in a way to indicate that the short-memoried editors of the *Press* have apparently forgotten that on November 3, 1890, (when things were different), they gladly published an interview with James M. Swank, secretary and general manager of the American Iron and Steel Association, in which he said:

The people of Pennsylvania are under great obligations to that much-abused man, Senator Quay, for his intelligent and effective work as a senator in promoting the passage of the McKinley bill. But for his courageous stand at a critical juncture the bill might have been talked to death by the Democrats in the senate. But for Senator Quay the McKinley bill would not now be a law. In the anxious days of last summer, when the rates of duty in the McKinley bill were still in a formative stage and timid influences were at work to make some of these rates lower than they should be, Senator Quay personally exerted himself to secure the highest rates possible. He was always accessible to representatives of imperiled interests: he could always be seen at his house or his committee room, and he was always polite and kind to every caller. He had the intelligence to grasp technical details and the industry and fidelity to his constituents to watch these details through the ten anxious days when the bill was in committee of conference. His assistance during those days and during the weeks of debate in the senate which preceded them will be remembered with gratitude by representatives of the glass interest, the pottery interest, the iron and steel interests, the textile interests and other industries which leaned upon him. Maj. McKinley himself has reason to know that he had Senator Quay's help in securing satisfactory rates from the conference committee.

The organ of our minister to Russia is, by the way, the same paper that on the morning following the last gubernatorial election indulged in a job lot of sickening flattery because it thought Delamater was elected, and the next day when it found he wasn't elected indulged in an amount of bilious denunciation of the Republican managers that was sorrowful to contemplate.

Consistency is not considered a jewel in the office of the *Press*.

The Reformatory Scandal.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March 20.—In response to a letter from Senator Osborne to the board of public charities, asking that at the request of Gov. Pattison an investigation be made of the charges of cruel and barbarous treatment of inmates of the Huntingdon reformatory, a letter was received yesterday from Mahlon H. Dickinson, president of the board, stating that a meeting has been called for next Tuesday at Huntingdon, and inviting Senator Osborne to be present.

Senator Osborne said that he could not go to Huntingdon Tuesday unless at considerable sacrifice of professional interests; but such was the nature of the facts now in his possession concerning the brutal manner in which a number of boys in the reformatory have been treated that he felt that he would be recreant to his duty as a senator did he not attend the meeting and substantiate the allegations made against the management of the institution.

"When the revelations come," said the senator, "the people of this state will be amazed and shocked. The story of how many of these boys have been abused, yes, tortured, has no parallel in any similar institution in this country, if in the world. All I ask is that those who are disposed to criticise the allegations, as yet merely outlined, will suspend judgment until after the facts shall have been made known.

A case was recently tried in the Butler county courts in which a Mr. McElhany secured $2,000 damages for injuries received while traveling over one of the country roads. The Court claimed that it is the duty of supervisors to keep the roads in reasonably good repair. Although there was no rigid rule laid down, the idea was to have all parts of the road reasonably safe to travel.

Officers After Him.

Another sensation of considerable magnitude has just been made public. This time it is a married man named Samuel H. Wright, a stone mason of Weaver's Old Stand, who is charged by his sister-in-law, Cora Shawley, of Jefferson township, Somerset county, a young girl aged less than 14 years, with adultery and felonious rape. Miss Shawley about four weeks ago gave birth to a child of which she says Wright is the father. The information was made before Justice Gardner, of that county. A warrant was placed in the hands of Constable David Swand, of Lincoln Tp; that county, who came here this (Tuesday) morning, and, in company with officer Washabaugh, went to Weaver's Old Stand to arrest Wright, but when the officers arrived there they learned that Wright and his family had left about a week ago for parts unknown. Wright had been working in Somerset county about a year ago, and boarded at the girl's home, and she avers that it was at that time that he ruined her. The affair has created considerable excitement in the community.—*Greensburg Tribune.*

Cheered For America.

LIBAU, March 18.—The enthusiasm occasioned here by the receipt of the princely gift to the Russian famine sufferers sent by Americans shows no sign of abatement, though the Indiana, the steamer that brought the flour and provisions, was discharged yesterday, and much of the cargo is now on its way to the famine stricken provinces. The employees in the arsenal here, to the number of 2,000, chartered seven steamers and to-day they went out to where the Indiana is lying at anchor for the purpose of greeting Captain Sargent. The steamers were decorated with flags and bunting, and when they reached the Indiana it seemed as though ordinary expressions would not suffice to give vent to the enthusiasm. Steam whistles shrieked, and the people yelled and shouted and cheered for the captain, America and everything American.

Threw a Lamplat His Wife.

ALTOONA, March 15.—The second murder which has taked place in this city within the last few months occurred at an early hour this morning. Shortly after 1 o'clock two police officers noticed a woman some distance up the street, whose clothing was burned from head to foot. When they reached her both drew off their heavy overcoats and by wrapping them around her finally succeeded in extinguishing the flames, not, however, before they had both been burned severely about the hands and wrists.

The officers summoned the ambulance and had the woman removed to the hospital. Physicians there were unable to find a place on her body which had not been burned, and ascertaining that she had inhaled the flames, announced that she could not possibly recover. At first she refused to tell how her clothing had become ignited, but finally said that during a quarrel her husband, Frank Jeville, a French Italian, had thrown a lighted lamp on her. She soon began to sink, and died in horrible agony at 9 o'clock. Jeville has not yet been captured. The place where the fight occurred has a very bad reputation.

The Baker Ballot Law.

PHILADELPHIA, March 17.—The Pennsylvania prohibitionists have lost their case in the lower courts. They attacked the constitutionality of the Baker ballot law in the Philadelphia courts to test it. As a result the common pleas court No. 2 this afternoon refused to grant the injunction asked for against city officers to restrain them from carrying into effect the new ballot law. This decision was given without an accompanying opinion. The prohibition leaders will, however, appeal to the supreme court. Their contention is that the law makes discriminations in favor of the strong political parties, and that it prohibits the prohibitionists from having the names of their candidates printed upon the official ballots, because the prohibition candidates in the last election fell below the three per cent. of the aggregate number of votes cast.

Babyland For April.

Every new BABYLAND is a fresh delight to Baby and Mamma. The wonder, where all the good things written and told for Baby come from. But the BABYLAND's stories and rhymes and jingle and pictures never grow less. In the April number Nurse Karen's story of the Chickens in Trouble, and the Tiptoe Twins' visit to the Oak-Tree, and Sweetheart's beautiful little plant in blossom, which was given her at the Easter service, as well as A Tangled Tale and again and Baby's Kitty are all stories Mamma will need to tell over and over to Baby, while she turns the pages again to show the pictures made on purpose for Baby to look at.

Price 50 cents a year; 5 cents a number. D. Lothrop Company, Publishers, Boston.

They Were Both Married.

GREENSBURG, Pa., March 16.—A marriage license was issued in Pittsburgh, Monday, to W. A. Hamilton of Apollo and Anna Laura Davis, of Salina. Both are already married, Hamilton having a wife living near Delmont, eight miles from here, and the woman being the wife of Joseph Walker, an employe of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, who is absent from home most of the time. Mrs. Walker keeps a boarding house at Salina, and Hamilton was one of the boarders. On Monday Laura went to Pittsburgh, and in the evening, accompanied by Hamilton, returned home, but nothing was thought of this until Tuesday morning, when the Pittsburgh papers came out with the license. In the evening the people gathered to give the couple an old-fashioned serenade, but when about to proceed were met at the door by Constable Mully and Joseph Walker, the woman's husband, who informed them that the serenade was unnecessary, as she was lawfully married to him three years ago. Cries of "Lynch him!" "Tar and feather him!" followed, but Hamilton was finally given 15 minutes to leave the country, and he skipped in short order, not, however, without receiving some sound cuffs and hearty kicks as he passed through the crowd.

The Ballot Law Assailed.

SCRANTON, Pa., March 15.—Colonel Ezra Ripple, for himself and others, to-day began suit in equity against Lackawanna county Commissioners, to test the constitutionality of the Baker Ballot Law. The bill recites the present adequacy of polling places and the necessities under the new law, which will require expenditure of $25,000 to fit proper polling places. The free right of suffrage will be illegally restricted and made unequal if Commissioners are permitted to proceed with their preparations for buildings, rooms and ballots, the contestants claim.

The Court fixed Saturday morning next for hearing the case.

Our Little Men and Women for April,

from its pretty frontispiece, "The First Bluebird," to its picture story on the closing page, "Polly and Prince," is a number to delight and instruct. "Boys and Girls in Samoa" describes a type of child-life little known to the American boy and girl, and "Bessy's Moolings" teaches a Natural History lesson it would take long to learn by simple study. "A Delsarte Alphabet" suggests many things helpful to know, and "Wolfgang Mozart" is a bit of biography told in a dainty story. Then there are "A Boy and a Girl," one of the brightest stories ever written, "How a Tooth was Pulled," which is very apt, "Louis's Lesson," an excellent story, "Joker and his Relations," the clever monkey who does such clever things, "The Doings of the Studio Dolls," when Shing a-le Chang the Jap doll has his portrait printed by another Studio Doll, and "Annie's Soda Biscuit"—a pretty story as well as a helpful one. There are merry rhymes and happy jingles and small, enough to gladden the heart of every little man or woman within its reach.

Price $1.00 a year; 10 cents a number. D. Lothrop Company, Publishers, Boston.

Personal and General.

Railroad statistics show that in 33 Kansas counties there are 200,000 more acres of wheat than were grown last season.

A perpetual free stall for sick horses at the University of Pennsylvania's Veterinary Hospital costs $3,000, and the same for an ailing dog $1,000.

One miner's life was lost for each 108,243 tons of the 2,030,938 tons mined in the Schuylkill district last year, or one miner out of each 352 employed.

Joseph Miller, the young farmer who was stabbed in the breast by O. P. Smith, in a fight at a grange meeting near Greensburg ten days ago, died Thursday.

A number of persons are still shipping apples from various points along the railroad in this county. Notwithstanding the immense quantity that has been shipped there are still thousands of bushels unsold.

The late Anna Sharp, of Lancaster, bequeathed her entire estate of $5,000 to the First Methodist Church. Naomi Frances Resh, who died last week, left $1,000 to a Mennonite Church at Lancaster. Her estate is valued at $20,000.

One of the notorious safe burglars, who was captured at Elkton, Md., Friday, broke away from his captors last night and escaped just as he was about to be led through the jail door. He fled down the railroad track, and has not been seen since.

Charles Shaw, known all over the country as "Steeple Charlie," while repairing a church steeple, in South Livermore, Maine, last Thursday, fell and was instantly killed. He had climbed scores of the high spires in the big cities, and was a marvel in his way.

Suits have been filed in the U. S. Circuit Court at New Orleans by attorneys representing the heirs of six of the Italians slain by the populace of the Parish Prison on the 14th of March last, against the city of New Orleans, claiming damages to the sum of $50,000 in each case.

The arrival of the steamship Indiana at Libau, Russia, with food from Philadelphia for the famishing peasants, was none too soon. The sending of other ships with aid is advised, as the distress is increasing. Corn is wanted to save horses and cattle, or farming will be impossible.

The Rev. George Sweet, a young Methodist minister, was struck blind while preaching at Ottumwa, Iowa, Sunday. In the midst of his discourse his sight gradually failed, and he became totally blind. He was compelled to stop and announce the fact to his startled congregation.

But seven ex-U. S. Senators survive, who were in that body during the memorable sessions of 1860 '61, just preceding the late war of rebellion, viz: Trumbull, of Illinois, Harlay, Iowa, Kennedy, Maryland, Rice and Wilkinson, Minnesota, Clingman, North Carolina, and Doolittle, Wisconsin, now Chicago.

Secretary Foster arrived from England Thursday. He had a rough experience. While sitting on the upper deck the steamship gave a sudden lurch, throwing him against the rail. He struck heavily on his head, receiving a severe shock and blackening his right eye. Otherwise the secretary is in good condition, his health being much improved.

The Electoral College this year will contain 43 more electors than that of 1888 or a total of 444. Four years ago 201 votes in the college were necessary to a choice. This year 223 votes will be necessary to elect. In 1888 Cleveland received 168 votes and Harrison 223. The Cleveland States of that year now have 275 votes, and the Harrison States 169 votes.

The terms of five Common Pleas Judges of Pennsylvania will expire with this year. They are Michael Arnold, Democrat, of Philadelphia; Edwin H. Stowe, Republican, of Allegheny; John B. McPherson, Democrat, Schuylkill, and Arthur G. Olmsted, Republican, Potter. The successors to these will be elected next November, and the death of Judge [illegible] an election in Lancaster.

Two Percheron stallions, each worth $7000, belonging to David Pulliam, the horse breeder, who has a farm four miles from Leavenworth, Kansas, killed each other in a terrible combat Saturday. They got together in an exercising yard and the attendants were unable to separate them. Each would strike the other with his fore feet and kick and bite huge pieces of flesh out of his enemy. They fought for half an hour, when one was dead and the other died in a few hours.

Arthur Williams is under arrest in Australia charged with five atrocious murders committed near Liverpool, England. The body of a woman and child, supposed to be his former wife and child, were found cemented beneath the floor of his handsome villa. It is now believed that he has killed three other persons, two of whom were his wives and the other his children. It is supposed he killed his wives to enable him to marry again. The victims have been hacked in such a way as to lead some of the authorities to believe he is "Jack the Ripper." Further developments establishing his identity and proving his crime are expected soon.

A one-armed man named James Taylor is in the New York Tombs charged with having more wives than there are States in the Union. That such an individual should have been an irresistible wooer will strike most persons as singular. The success of this particular Taylor in pressing his suits, however, is readily explained by the discovery that he was a patron of a monthly matrimonial journal, and that he systematically noted with a cross those advertisements of fair ones in quest of partners which struck him as being most promising. Taylor gathered in a fresh helpmeet from each monthly issue, thus keeping up a continuous honeymoon. Mr. Taylor's matrimonial career may serve as a warning to the fair sex against the folly of association with plausible adventurers of whose antecedents and characters they have no knowledge.

Half Rates to Clergyman on the Pennsylvania Railroad.

In offering half rates to clergymen the Pennsylvania Railroad Company has instituted the most comprehensive and liberal arrangement ever adopted under like circumstances. Not only is the reduction available by ministers of the Gospel who reside upon the lines of the Pennsylvania Railroad, but it applies equally to those of any section of the United States, and the rate is accepted on the entire Pennsylvania Railroad system both east and west of Pittsburg. A clergyman having a charge in any portion of the west or south is entitled to travel at half fare over the Pennsylvania on presentation of his clerical order to any ticket agent of the company, and likewise the clergymen of the east may use the lines of the company over their entire extent under the same conditions.

Ministers of the Gospel were never before accorded such concessions, and it is easy to predict that they will show their appreciation of the Pennsylvania Railroad's liberality by patronizing it when they or their families have occasion to travel.

Quay's Senatorial Fight.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 20.—Senator Quay kept to his house to-day, bright as it was, except for a short walk in the sun, which did not extend as far as Postmaster General Wanamaker's in the next block below.

Although it was Sunday, he had callers, including several of his friends in the Pennsylvania delegation in the House, who called to congratulate him upon his success in Blair county, knowing that he is more interested in the Senatorial campaign than in the Presidential. He is quite confident of success, as he has a right to be from the very encouraging information which he found awaiting his return.

Nothing has helped him more apparently than some of the personal attacks made on him by Republican organs, which have evidently reacted in his favor.

Mt. Moriah Items.

Isaac Lohr, a prominent young stock dealer of this place, sold one of his two remaining horses last week. He is always ready to sell or trade and it is said that he has owned 15 different horses since last fall.

Many of my readers will remember the beautiful chestnut grove at this place. In the summer of 1883 the boys erected a tabernacle under its spreading branches in which a number of entertainments were given by the lads and lasses of this place, assisted by the cornet band. Persons who have witnessed the performances of various theatrical troupes agree in saying that the performances given in this tabernacle were as good as any of them. This grove was also a resort for pic-nic parties and several of the largest political meetings ever held in the county were held in it. Many kindly remembrances are no doubt cherished by those who have admired the beauties of this grove, and have been pleasantly entertained beneath its sighing branches, and for that reason it pains me to state that its present owner has cut down during the past winter a large number of the most stately trees and had them sawed into shingles for a barn he proposes building.

Leap year has been here for more than two months. Nearly every paper one picks up contains reports of leap year parties. Now gins, there is no better missionary field in the state than is to be found about here. There are not less than twenty bachelors about this place. In quality, they are far above the average. They are a sober, industrious and intelligent set of men. The majority are quite well off financially, but why they continue to be bachelors no one but themselves know. The probabilities are, however, that they could tell the reason why some of their number already own their own homes, whilst others have the means to build them. Perhaps, our well organized bachelor's club has something to do with it. Two members of the club, brothers, have been doing their own house work for years. They do their own washing, cooking, baking and earning as well as taking care of their father who is past ninety years of age. The home of these two worthy bachelors is said to be kept as neat and tidy as any in the neighborhood. X.

Ex-Speaker Reed on David B. Hill.

At a banquet of the Young Men's Republican Club, Portland, Maine, Thursday, Hon. Thomas B. Reed was chief speaker. Among other things, he said: "Perhaps the very best example of the fundamental difference between the Democratic and Republican parties can be seen in that curious excursion of aphet in search of His Father, or David Footing the Presidency (laughter and applause), which is now visible under Southern heavens. David B. Hill is a typical Democrat, and he ought to be the candidate of his part, because he represents it. He is like it. He understands it, and, in a short time, if he is elected, he will be it. The Democratic party is the party of odds and ends. It is a party of negation.

Mr. Hill says that the Democratic party should bind by the principles of the party, but never utters one except as a glittering generality. A strict construction of the Constition, he says, must be had. When he has been fifteen years in the Senate he will fill that he will have to hunt with a stern for a Democratic Senator that has not en able to construe the Constitution of the United States so as to get what he or his constituents wanted. A strict construction of the constitution! Why, the best thing th Patriot Saint of Democracy—Thomas Jefferson—ever did to this country—the Louisiana purchase—was in defiance of the strict construction of the Constitution and in defiance of his own principles, as he said himself.

Another Ship for Russia.

The Philadelphia Russian relief committee will send out another ship load of flour to Russia. The commissioner now there cables that the distress is very great. Peter Wright & Sons have offered the ship Conemaugh for the free use of the relief committee and the local committee has ordered the purchase of enough flour to load the ship. In addition, the commissioners have purchased large quantities of flour in Russia and shipped them to the distressed provinces. The contributions to the fund now amount to $106,000, and more than this will be expended.

Will Discuss Himself.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—Senator Hill returned from his southern trip to-day. He says that he had most enjoyable trip. "As I said in several of my speeches," he said this afternoon, I have gained new ideas of the South and its needs. I made a great many speeches to very large crowds of people, and everywhere met an enthusiastic and cordial welcome."

Senator Hill has no plans for the immediate future. He expects to remain in Washington for some time and to his duties in the Senate.

Thawed Out Dynamite.

HOLLIDAYSBURG, Pa., March 20.—A dynamite explosion occurred the Juniata limestone quarries, at Carlinbout fifteen miles south of this place on the Williamsburg Branch of the Pennsylvania Railroad, causing the death of one woman and the serious injury of two other. It appears that the men were engaged in thawing out dynamite for blasting purposes. A cap exploded, thereby letting off twenty-eight sticks of dynamite. John Gates, aged sixty years, of Petersburg, Pa., was instantly killed, and Henry Mount and Jacob Herron, of Cove Forge, sustained severe injuries. Gates leaves a wife and children.

Three of the Cooley Gang Retired.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., March 21.—A motion for a new trial in the case of Jack Cooley was made yesterday and sentence was suspended. Two members of the gang, Bill Yeomer and Sam Yeager, were sentenced one year to the penitentiary and for six months to the work house respectively. Another member, John Pastorus, on account his youth, was sent to the Huntingdon Reformatory. John Sappo, who killed his brother at Leisenring No. 2, was sent to the penitentiary for seven years.

Display in the Havens.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 17.—Another phenomenal display in the havens attracted attention yesterday, and added new terrors to the situation for the superstitious. The sun was surrounded by a small halo, and on either side appeared bright spot, or sun dog, while passing circle around the heavens and cutting through the sun at an angle of perhaps 45 degrees from the point of vision was a bright band.

The moon on one evening this week had across its face in large clouds perfect figure of a cross.

Last night it was the centre of a brilliant auroral band, which passed upward to the zenith and downward to the horizon. Superstitious people think that these are the signs that portend the speedy coming of the last great day.

In an article on "The Mystery of Columbus," to appear in *Harper's Magazine* for April, Eugene Lawrence will unfold some facts which will be little short of startling to many who have been accustomed to revere the name of Columbus as that of a saintly hero. He will show how the researches of Bergenroth in the archives of Salamanca have refuted all the traditional legends, and not only represent Queen Isabella as a cruel mother, a hated wife, and the author of the Inquisition, but have transformed Columbus into a cruel, unscrupulous adventurer the leader of a band of sea-robbers.

He Was Robbed While He Preached.

ALTOONA, Pa., March 21.—Last night while Rev. J. F. Moyer, pastor of Christ Reformed Church, was preaching to his congregation the parsonage was entered by hives, who took all the silverware, jewely, watches and ready money to be found. Mr Moyer was recently married, and the wedding presents, which were valuable, are now all gone.

Ready to Drop Out of the Race.

The N. Y. *Evening Telegram* says that notwithstanding all that is said about the anxiety of Mr. Cleveland to be renominated for the Presidency, "the *Telegram* is in a position to announce, on unimpeachable authority, that the ex-President recently wrote a letter declining to allow himself to be put in nomination. This letter was written in vigorous and sweeping language, Mr. Cleveland said, in the strongest and simplest way, that he would not accept a nomination.

"No one but Mrs. Cleveland knew of the letter, and she saved the situation. The ex-President penned it without the knowledge of his political friends, in order to prevent them from attempting to interfere with his action. Mr. Cleveland intended to make the letter public through the Associated Press, and it was written with that purpose in view.

"On the very day that the declination was to be published Mrs. Cleveland saved the situation by sending for one of the leader's most trusted friends.

"To this gentleman Mr. Cleveland frankly confessed that he was sick of the littleness and bickerings and insults that daily infringe upon his private life; that he had not lifted so much as his little finger to secure a nomination, that nothing would induce him to enter the race, and that he had plainly said so in a letter that could be printed at on .

"After a few minutes' conversation Mr. Cleveland's friend induced him to promise that the letter would not be given to the Associated Press for twenty-four hours. Word was sent to several of the most faithful and level-headed Cleveland men, and a council was hurriedly held. Mr. Cleveland spoke with great feeling at the council, but he was at last persuaded to withdraw the letter."

The Cambria *Freeman* says: The county commissioners have ordered the election booths, boxes, etc., necessary for holding the elections under the new ballot law from a firm in Marietta. The commissioners expect to have a sample of the election apparatus in their office inside of a couple of weeks where people visiting the office can learn the intricacies of the Australian ballot system

A Great Event

In one's life is the discovery of a remedy for some long-standing malady. The poison of **Scrofula** is in your blood. You inherited it from your ancestors. Will you transmit it to your offspring? In the great majority of cases, both Consumption and Catarrh originate in Scrofula. It is supposed to be the primary source of many other derangements of the body. Begin at once to cleanse your blood with the standard alterative,

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

"For several months I was troubled with scrofulous eruptions over the whole body. My appetite was bad, and my system so prostrated that I was unable to work. After trying several remedies in vain, I resolved to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and did so with such good effect that less than one bottle

Restored My Health

and strength. The rapidity of the cure astonished me, as I expected the process to be long and tedious."—Frederico Mariz Fernandes, Villa Nova de Gaya, Portugal.

"For many years I was a sufferer from scrofula, until about three years ago, when I began the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, since which the disease has entirely disappeared. A little child of mine, who was troubled with the same complaint, has also been cured by this medicine."—H. Brandt, Avoca, Nebr.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by Druggists. $1, six $5. Worth $5 a bottle.

FOR SALE.

TROTTING BRED STALLION,

AUSTIN BURGLAR, NO. 12064.

foaled April 5, 1887; bred by A. D. Sutton, Indianna, Pa.; sired by Burglar, 1022, record over half mile track 2:24¼; full brother to Equilette, record, 2:18, sire of Queen of Upland 2:29¾.

First dam of Austin Burglar, Amite, dam of Stella Burglar, two-year-old, trial of 2:40 and ¼ of a mile in 37 seconds, by Samson, 2.76, sire of Shamrock, 2:28¾; William H., 2:29, sire of the dam of Kismet, 2:21¼; second dam, Zulite, by Hambletonian 10, sire of Dexter, 2:17¼, and forty others, and of dams of Trinket, 2:14; stambouli, 2:14¾, and forty-eight others, also, sire of George Wilkes, 2:22, sire of Harry Wilkes, 2:18¾, and 40 others; Happy Medium, 2:32¾, sire of Maxie Cobb, 2:19¼, and 60 others; Electioneer, sire of one hundred trotters with records of 2:30¼, to 2:30; Volunteer, sire of St. Julien, 2:11¾ and 27 other public performers.

Third dam, Pauline by Traveler thoroughbred, son of imported Mercer.

Fourth dam, by Dey's Messenger, son of Liberty, by Corlander, by imported Messenger. Austin Burglar is a dark bay stallion, two hind pasterns white, black legs, mane and tail, 16 hands high, weight about 1200 pounds, absolutely sound, kindly finished, fine y gaited and speedy; could trot a mile last season in 2:40, and in good hands will beat 2:30 this season.

This horse is a sure foal getter, and of the finest disposition in the stable and out. Come and look this horse over. I will make your visit pleasant, though you do not buy.

For further information call on or address,

ARTHUR D. SUTTON,

Indiana, Indiana County, Pa.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a certain writ of Levy Fa issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Somerset County, Pa., to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in Somerset Borough, at 1 o'clock p. m., on

THURSDAY, MARCH 31, 1892,

All the right, title, interest and claim of Sarah J. Berkey, defendant and A. J. Borland, terre tenant, of, in and to the following described real estate, viz:

NO. 1. A certain tract or piece of land situate in the Township of Quemahoning, County of Somerset and State of Pennsylvania, adjoining the Stoystown and Quemahoning turnpike, No. 3 hereinafter described, lands of Joseph Kocher, and others, containing about eleven (11) acres and twenty-three perches.

NO. 2. A certain tract of land situate in the Township, County and State aforesaid, adjoining the lands of ——— and others, being a part of the tract of land which David Bell, Administrator of John Bell, deceased, granted and conveyed to Jacob J. Miller by deed dated 15th day of November, 1853, containing two (2) acres and one hundred and fifty-eight (158) perches strict measure.

NO. 3. A certain tract of land situate in the Township, County and State aforesaid, adjoining lands of Wm. H. Miller, Mrs. Mary Fiegle, Jos. Kocher, Jos. Bauch and No. 1 above described, and others, containing ninety-three (93) acres more or less, being the same three (3) tracts of land which were conveyed to the said Sarah J. Berkey by Daniel Berkey, by deed dated 1st May 1885, said deed being duly recorded in Somerset County in Deed Book Vol. 71 Page 603, &c., as by reference thereunto being had will more fully and at large appear, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances.

Taken in execution as the property of Sarah J. Berkey, defendant, and A. J. Borland terre tenant at the suit of Daniel Berkey.

TERMS.

NOTICE.—All persons purchasing at the above sale will please take notice that 10 per cent. of the purchase money must be paid when property is knocked down. Otherwise it will again be exposed to sale at the risk of the first purchaser. The residue of the purchase money must be paid on or before the day of confirmation, viz: Tuesday, April 12, 1892. No deed will be acknowledged until the purchase money is paid in full.

ISAIAH GOOD,

Sheriff's Office, Mar. 9, 1892. Sheriff.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Hiram Brubaker, late of Somerset township, Somerset county, Pa., dec'd.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned by the proper authority, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement, to the undersigned administrator at the late residence of said deceased, on Saturday, May 7, 1892, when and where he will attend for that purpose.

JACOB H. FRIEDLINE.

FRED. W. BIESECKER. Administrator.

Attorney.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration on the estate of David Manges, late of Shade township, deceased, having been granted by the proper authority to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement and allowance, on May 7, 1892, at the late residence of deceased.

JACOB McGREGOR,

COLBORN & COLBORN, Administrator.

Attorneys.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned assignee of the Fairhope North Savage Fire Brick Co., Limited, for the benefit of creditors, will meet the creditors of the said Co., at its office in Fairhope, on Monday, the 21 day of May, A. D., 1892, for settlement of accounts, and all persons indebted to said Company will make immediate payment to said assignee.

JACOB D. SWANK,

March 19, '92. Assignee.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Commonwealth of Penn'a ex rel Fred'k Shaulis, vs. Jonas Boucher, Petition to Limit Inquisition.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Somerset Co., Pa. No. 19 Apr. T. 1890.

The undersigned having been appointed Auditor by the Court to distribute the money in the hands of Frederick Shaulis, Committee of Jonas Boucher, a lunatic, now deceased, to and among those legally entitled thereto, notice is hereby given that I will sit for the purpose of discharging the duties of said appointment at my office in the Borough of Somerset Pa, on Wednesday, April 13, 1892, when and where all persons are notified to attend or be forever debarred from participating in the distributement of said fund.

J. L. PUGH,

mar16. Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Solomon N. Hammer, late of Jenner township, deceased.

Having been appointed Auditor by the Orphans' Court of Somerset county, Pa. to distribute the funds in the hands of John C. Hammer and David M. Hammer, Executors of the last will and testament of said Solomon N. Hammer, dec'd., to and among those legally entitled thereto, notice is hereby given that I will sit at my office in the borough of Somerset, Pa., on Monday, April 4, '92, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of discharging the duties of said appointment, when