The Somerset Herald.

EDWARD SCULL, Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY.....February 24, 1892

INSTEAD of his expected letter of withdrawal, Mr. Cleveland announces that he can be nominated and elected without New York.

THE Bland Free Coinage bill is a measure for increasing the volume of the currency. It is also a measure for increasing the Republican vote.

DURING the past three years Uncle Sam has paid off in good money $250,000,000 of his debts. The howlers about "the bankrupt Treasury" should note the fact.

DREXEL & Co. acknowledged Friday the receipt of contributions to the Russian relief fund aggregating $6,577.76. At the opening of business Saturday in Philadelphia the fund amounted to $65,235.

SENATOR PROCTOR, of Vermont, introduced a bill in the Senate last week providing for the election of president for a term of six years, and making a man who has served one, ineligible for a second term.

JUDGE David W. Patterson, of Lancaster county, died from paralysis late Sunday night. In the death of Judge Patterson the bench of Pennsylvania loses one of its most upright, able and learned members.

THE Mississippi Legislature has just organized a new county, and called it "Jeff Davis County." If anybody believes there is anything in a name they will shy around Jeff Davis. He never brought luck to anybody.

THE Ways and Means Committee of the House has got as far on the tariff question as free wool, free cotton-ties, free cotton bagging, and free machinery to make cotton bagging. All this will be reported in three separate bills.

MARIE NEVINS BLAINE has been granted an absolute divorce from her husband, James G. Blaine, Jr. The judge who made the decree took occasion, in doing so, to deliver a well deserved lecture to young Mr. Blaine and his mother.

THE Democrats with one breath howl at "the bankrupt Treasury" and with the next yell at "the robber tariff" that fills the Treasury. They want the money, and, like the fool in the fable, would kill the goose that lays the golden egg.

MR. W. C. SMITH, editor of the Everett *Press and Leader* has formerly announced himself as a candidate for the Legislature. If the Republican brethren in Bedford County know a good thing when they see it they will accord brother Smith a unanimous nomination.

MR. HILL secured a snap convention in New York, and now his henchmen are taking a snap census of the State, with Tammany agents to count as many Democratic districts in New York City and as few Republican districts in the country as they possibly can without open fraud.

A DEMOCRATIC CONGRESS would not allow an American steamer to carry the flour and corn of generous American givers to starving Russians. But a British steamer with England's flag floating at her masthead will leave New York this week with over a million pounds of flour and other generous gifts. It is a great card for John Bull.

STEPHEN B. ELKINS, the recently appointed Secretary of War, has announced the fact that President Harrison is a candidate for re-election. This is hardly news, but it is perhaps the first authoritative announcement of a generally recognized fact. Secretary Elkins, who is an unusually discreet and wise politician, also declares his conviction that Harrison will be re-nominated and re-elected.

THE SOLID SOUTH is breaking by its own weight. The Democracy of Louisiana, Alabama, Georgia, Florida and South Carolina is rent and torn with internal dissensions. It would be a wholesome thing for the South and for the country if the Democracy should lose one or two Southern States this year. The Solid South stands as a constant incentive to sectional feeling and a challenge to a solid North.

DAVID B. HILL held his New York State Convention Tuesday and his formerly announced program was carried out to the letter. This included the election of a solid Hill delegation to the Chicago Convention and the adoption of the anti rule. Everything down on the bills was performed. The anti-Hillites withdrew from the convention and will hold a little one of their own.

AN address was issued last week by the "Pennsylvania Republican Association," an organization which has been perfecting its plans for several months to defeat the re-election of Senator Quay. We will miss our guess if the self-imposed task these gentlemen have set themselves is not far in advance of their ability to perform. It is the old, old story—scratch one of these "Association" fellows and dollars to dimes you will find a man with a grievance, an old-time bolter or kicker.

THE present contest in the House of Representatives is between free silver and free trade. The eager champions of the Bland bill to abolish sound currency and the Springer bill to abolish American wool growing and reduce factory wages are wrangling over the question as to which of these crazy schemes shall have precedence. Both are equally dear to the Democracy. They represent the great twin principles of the party that has been on the wrong side of every public question for the past forty years—"cheap money" and cheap manhood.

THE Harrisburg Telegraph says: General Russell A. Alger has seen fit to reply to the New York *Sun's* charge that he was dishonorably discharged from the Union Army, and by facts, fully proved, shows that his record as an officer was a long and honorable one. General Alger is not the first Union soldier whose character has been smirched by Dana, and he should not take it so much to heart, as the people of this country consider the source. Dana is and has been for years an assassin of character, always seeking to drag to his own level men who would scorn to wipe their feet on him. He was the enemy of Grant and never lost an opportunity to say a mean thing about the Silent Man, and all because Grant refused to give him an office. The old soldiers who fought with Alger know him best, and nothing that the New York *Sun* or any other paper says will lessen their admiration and

The Coal Trust and its Victims.

N. Y. World Editorial, February 19th, 1892.

Are the people of the State of Pennsylvania in earnest in supporting the great coal trust because they think that the people of New York will be the chief sufferers?

It is true that nearly all the people of New York will suffer from this conspiracy to raise the price of fuel. It is true that the beneficiary of the conspiracy will be the great Pennsylvania corporation that has monopolized the coal properties of the State. But it is also true that the coal consumers of Pennsylvania will suffer from the tyranny of the trust.

It is the Pennsylvania idea, however, that capitalists and corporations, especially of that State, are of the first importance, and that consumers are persons who ought willingly and cheerfully to contribute to the enrichment of the special favorites of eleemosynary laws. From the most conspicuous to the humblest citizen a great majority of Pennsylvanian's assume this attitude. But when they say that New York will suffer and Pennsylvania will prosper, they forget that New York in this instance stands for all consumers of coal wherever they may dwell.

There are some people in Pennsylvania who have heretofore made manly and successful fights against similar conspiracies. Fortunately one of these is Governor and another is Attorney-General of the State. Governor Pattison once took the initiative for the people, and it is to be hoped that he will not falter now. The idea that the State cannot interfere for the righting of a private wrong does not apply in this case. This combination is an assault upon the people, and the duty of the Governor is to protect both the people of his own State and those of other States who are assailed by lawless conspiracies existing in Pennsylvania.

As the York (Pa.) *Gazette* says: "There are some things about which a conscientious magistrate has no personal choice. The enforcing of obedience of the Constitution of the State is one of them.

Springer's Failure.

From the Chicago Inter Ocean.

Mr. Springer is not a capable trickster. He means to be cute, but he fails. His intent was to catch two classes of voters by his free wool bill; his effect will be to array both of them more steadily than ever against his party. He thought that the bribe of free raw wool would bring certain New England manufacturers to the support of a Democratic President and it might have done so had he been able to offer it without drawback. But when he offered free wool to the Eastern capitalist he took protection away from the Western farmer—and he and his party had been telling the Western farmer that the Republicans gave everything to the Eastern capitalist. He was "taken in the very act" of doing what he falsely had accused the Republicans of doing.

To placate the rage of the Western farmer he then offered to take a large part of the duty off manufactured wool. But this not only made the offer of free wool of no effect as a bribe to the Eastern manufacturer but was unsatisfactory to the Western wool grower, who, as a rule, sells more of raw wool than he buys of the manufactured article. So that, wholly contrary to the intention of its author, Mr. Springer's bill is likely to make New England more solidly Republican than ever, and to remove all shadow of doubt from the political complexion of Montana and other Western States in which wool growing is an infant industry.

A Roll of Honor.

From the New York Press.

The proposition of Representative Ashbel P. Fitch that the names of pensioners should be published will not meet with objection among those who believe that a record of loyalty to the Union is something to be proud of. A pension is in no sense a pauper allowance. It is the payment of a debt which the nation owes for faithful and honorable service, and a pension certificate is a certificate of honor; therefore Union veterans and the surviving dependents of the men who died in the national cause will not stand in the way of a published list of pensioners. It will be a roll of honor, bearing evidence to future generations of what loyal men did for their country, and of the country's generous recognition of those who were true in the time of need.

The truth is that two-thirds of the attacks upon the pension system are inspired by partisan jealousy on the part of individuals who have no military record of their own, unless it is disgraceful, and in whom the spectacle of a Union uniform excites the liveliest irritation. Other assaults are prompted by the perhaps not unnatural aversion of the ex-Confederates to an expenditure in whose direct benefits they have no share.

Scratch a critic of the pension system and you are pretty sure to find a Mugwump, a Copperhead or an ex-Confederate.

Senator Quay's Illness.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 20.—Miss Quay, daughter of Senator Quay, received a telegram from him to-night, dated at Fort Pierce, Fla., saying:

"Do not be at all alarmed. Rumors that I am seriously ill totally unfounded. My cold has almost entirely left me."

Senator Quay is at St. Lucie, which is about three miles away from Fort Pierce, the nearest telegraph station.

HE WAS CRITICALLY ILL.

FORT PIERCE, FLA., Feb. 20.—Messengers sent from here this morning to Senator Quay's cottage in St. Lucie returned about 5 o'clock to-night with news that his condition was much improved. In fact, there has been a steady improvement, with one or two relapses, for the last seven days.

The Senator's trouble was congestion of lungs, the result of a severe cold contracted about the middle of January in Washington. This confined him to the house, with the exception of four or five days, until Feb. 7, when he left for Florida. He was seriously ill when his car passed through Jacksonville.

For several days after his arrival at his cottage he was confined to his bed, closely watched by his physician and nurse, and his condition grew rapidly worse.

MRS. QUAY SENT FOR.

Last Saturday Mr. Quay was in a critical condition and Mrs. Quay was telegraphed to come at once. She reached the Senator's bedside last Wednesday, but he had improved so much that he was able to sit up. He is now able to walk about the house, and has been out of doors once or twice. One lung is still congested and his cough is severe. His face is still pale and haggard.

Young Mrs. Blaine is Free.

DEADWOOD, S. D., Feb. 20.—A decree of divorce was granted to Mrs. James G. Blaine, Jr., to day, by Judge Thomas, and the famous case is ended. To the wife is bestowed the custody of their little boy. She was also awarded $1,000 to pay expenses of her suit and $100 a month as permanent alimony.

The fact is borne in mind that Blaine is employed in the Pennsylvania Railroad office, in Philadelphia, for a salary of less, it is said, than $800 a year, but the awarding of $1200 a year alimony to his divorced wife is a mere matter of form. The husband has made no effort of late to interfere with his wife's proceedings for divorce and let his case go by default.

SAD JUDGE'S SEVERE CHARGE.

In his decision Judge Thomas said:

"It seems that young Mr. Blaine's conduct under the circumstances is very reprehensible. He was not made out of that stern stuff we would expect, coming from the family he does. It is beyond my comprehension how a young man that has placed his love in his finance and married her on his great instance could be induced to desert her.

"The evidence shows that his assertion was the result of machinations of his mother, and the treatment that this plaintiff received from his hands was reprehensible

MAPES AT THE HEAD OF THE ANTI-QUAY ORGANIZATION.

THE INDEPENDENT STATE CHAIRMAN IS ACTIVE, WITH HEADQUARTERS IN THE "TIMES" OFFICE.

COPY OF A "CONFIDENTIAL" LETTER.

From the Philadelphia Inquirer.

There was naturally some curiosity manifested by stalwart Republicans yesterday as to the influences working in the Pennsylvania Republican Association, which has just issued an address against the re-election of United States Senator Quay. The arguments advanced in the address are declared to be practically the same as have been used heretofore by the several independent organizations that have declared against the junior Senator.

Though his name does not appear in the list of officers, or on the executive committee, George E. Mapes, chairman of the Independent Republican State Committee, it is claimed, has been one of the most active in organizing the movement.

LEADER MAPES HEADQUARTERS, "THE TIMES."

Here is a copy of a letter, which was addressed to a former Independent Republican up the State, over Mr. Mapes' signature:

CONFIDENTIAL.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., DEC. 17, 1891.

DEAR SIR:—There was a meeting here on Tuesday of about thirty-five prominent Anti-Quay Republicans from various sections of the State; and it was decided to form a State Central Committee composed of one representative Republican from each Senatorial district, and in districts composed of more than one county, one representative from each county.

The committee will be entirely Republican, and the chairman a representative Republican from this city; and it proposes to make a vigorous fight strictly within party lines to nominate anti-Quay Republicans for members of the House and Senate, in every Republican county and district. I have written to you at the suggestion of the Provisional Committee from your county; and in case you cannot, to send us the name of a suitable Republican who will act. Also if there is a Republican paper in your county that could be induced to publicly oppose the return of Quay to the Senate.

I write you thus fully and freely of the intended movement, believing, from my former association with you, that you are in sympathy with the movement; but assured that if you are not that you will treat this letter in entire confidential. Please write me at the *Times* office fully and freely in regard to this matter, and as soon as possible. The movement will be a very formidable one and has every prospect of succeeding.

Yours very truly,
GEORGE E. MAPES.

In commenting upon the above letter and the address, which came from the Pennsylvania Republican association, a well-known member of the Union League, who is an admirer of Senator Quay, said last evening:

"I do not wish to be understood as criticising anybody's right to support or oppose any candidate for United States Senator, but I object to misrepresentation and sailing under false colors in politics or in anything else. An effort is being made to create the impression that there is a great uprising of good Republicans in this so called Republican association of Pennsylvania and that it is an organization of stalwart Republicans.

"There is a letter from Geo. E. Mapes," continued the gentleman, holding a copy of the letter printed above, "which shows the inspiration of this organization. Mapes, the most rabid alleged Republican and supporter of Democratic candidates for office we have in the State; Mapes, who was at the head of the Wolfe and the Stewart independent movement; Mapes, who was responsible for the defeat of General Beaver in 1882, and who was chairman of the Independent Republican Committee that elected Pattison Governor for a second time; Mapes, the Democratic free trade editor with headquarters in the office of the Democratic free trade Philadelphia *Times*, is the real leader of this latest movement in Pennsylvania politics. Though compelled to keep in the background and to work the wires from his editorial rooms in the *Times*, George E. Mapes is the actual manager of the present campaign.

"In John Dalzell's official organ to-day we find the statement that on the 15th of December there assembled in an upper room of No. 1510 Chestnut street, some forty Republicans from Philadelphia and various parts of the State who resolved to form an organization to oppose the re-election of Senator Quay. Reading Mapes' letter, you find it was written just two days after this meeting was held. From that day Mapes, with headquarters in the Democratic *Times* office, kept the machinery of his new movement in working order.

SCANNING THE LIST.

"Mapes does not appear to have been very successful in getting many Republicans into his movement. Scan the list of Philadelphians and you will find men who have joined almost every independent movement that has been started for years in this city, with the election of Democrats to office the inevitable result. Members of the Committee of One Hundred, the Municipal League and the Committee of Fifty are not just the men to head a movement within the line of the Republican party. A couple of gentlemen from Pittsburgh are the clients of John Dalzell, and are naturally opposed to the junior Senator's election. Another from the same county is J. B. Ford, a disappointed candidate for postmaster at Pittsburgh; another, H. D. W. English, wanted Senator Quay to put his father-in-law into the McKeesport postoffice, when the Congressman from that district had already recommended some one else.

There is scarcely a man on the list who has not some personal motive inspiring his action. I could go into the matter further, but I think I have said enough to show the character of this movement.

The fact of the matter is that the whole thing is gotten up by a handful of independents, some of them of doubtful influence, who are anxious to elect John Dalzell to the Senate. They found it bad policy to put Dalzell to the front, so they have made their address a personal attack on Senator Quay."

Reduced Rates and Enlarged Privileges for Clergymen on the Pennsylvania Railroad.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company announces that commencing on February 15th, 1892, tickets will be sold to Ministers of the Gospel holding proper clerical orders, at half rates. This arrangement will apply to all tickets sold on the Pennsylvania Railroad lines east of Pittsburg and Erie as well as to the Pennsylvania lines west of Pittsburg, so that clergymen may not only be able to secure a ticket at half fare between any stations east of Pittsburg and Erie, but many enjoy the same privilege in the purchase of a ticket to Cleveland, Chicago, Colmbus, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis, or intermediate points.

This concession in the interest of so deserving a class is fresh evidence of the liberality of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and cannot fail to impress itself upon the appreciation of those whom it is designed to benefit.

Notice.

Persons desiring to aid in the increase of edible fish in the waters of the State, can, by applying to The Pennsylvania Fish Protective Association, 1020 Arch Street, Philadelphia, obtain placards containing information as to close seasons of the different varieties of fish, and other information pertaining to the same; also, blank applications for procuring Trout fry, free, from the Pennsylvania Fish Commissioners, will be supplied by the Association upon application.

For Dehorning Cattle.

BEAVER FALLS, PA., Feb. 21.—Considerable excitement was created here last evening by the arrest of several prominent farmers and stock raisers of North Sewickley and Franklin townships by Humane Agent Greene, of this place, for alleged cruelty to animals.

The accused are charged with dehorning hundreds of head of cattle belonging to them a practice lately introduced here from the West, but which the prosecutors claim is cruel. The defendants say that there is nothing cruel about dehorning cattle, and that they thrive better after the operation. The case will be hotly contested.

Change of Date for Holding Republican Primary Election.

At a recent meeting of the Republican State Committee, April 26, 1892, was fixed as the time for holding the state convention.

Rule 19 of Rules Governing Republican Primary Elections in Somerset County, provides:

"That the Republican party of Somerset county shall hold its primary election for the nomination of candidates on the fourth Saturday of June of each year, *Provided*, that in years when the Republican State Convention is held prior to that date, the chairman of the Republican county committee be authorized to call the said primary election at an earlier date, the chairman to give at least 30 days notice of said change of date."

In compliance with the above quoted rule, notice is hereby given to the Republican voters of the county that,

SATURDAY, APRIL 9, 1892,

has been fixed as the date for holding the primary election this year.

Attest FRED. W. BENSHOFF, Chairman.
GEO. R. SCULL, Secretary.

Her Features.

One of the prominent features of the Cinderella Range is the extra large and high oven, which insures perfect baking and roasting. Sold and guaranteed by

JAS. B. HOLDERBAUM Somerset, Pa.

Lynch Law in a New From.

TEXARKANA, ARK., Feb. 21.—Ed. Coy, the negro who brutally assaulted Mrs. Henry Jewell at her house about four miles from this city, was captured yesterday and is now in eternity.

A crowd of 1,000 people secured Coy from his captors as they were bringing him to the city. Up Broad street they marched with him, and through the little city and to the Iron Mountain round house. A large stake to which had been fastened some guy wires was what they wanted, and it was found here. The crowd had now swelled to fully 6,000. Up to this post they brought the cringing negro, and in a twinkling he was securely bound to it. One of the mob advanced with a can of coal oil which had been secured from a neighboring house, and the crowd then knew what fate was in store for the negro.

Mrs. Jewell, the victim of the assault, was then brought forward and a torch placed in her hands by the leader of the crowd. She at first refused, but after repeated urging the torch was applied by the woman, who immediately turned and made her way through the crowd. The flames licked up around the negro's legs, and he was soon enveloped, all the whites yelling lustily. In seven minutes he was dead, after the most excruciating agony.

Rises Like a Magic City.

CREDE, Col., Feb. 18.—This town is rivaling the growth of Leadville. About 400 people arrive every day. A bank has been opened and four newspapers have been started since the beginning of the year. An electric light plant has been built and the town will be illuminated electrically on Sunday for the first. This is rapid work even in this rapid age.

Bob Ford Isn't Dead.

CREDE, Col., Feb. 18.—The report that ob Ford, the slayer of Jesse James, had been shot and killed here, is false. Ford is alive and says he has not been engaged in any shooting affrays for some time.

Wanted.

A middle aged single woman or widow with no children (white), and who must be capable of taking charge of a house; must be a good cook, baker, etc.; family small; good reference required. Address P. O. Box E., Stanton's Mills, Somerset County, Pa.

Mt. Moriah Items.

Wm. S. Horner is seriously ill with grippe.

Communion services will be held in the Lutheran Church, Sunday, March 6th.

Sugar boiling has begun. Jerome Stuff and several others have opened up their camps.

Old Mrs. Gossip informs us that we will have a wedding here shortly and that it will be a surprise to many.

Wm. Holdermann, of Stantons Mills, will become a resident of this section April 1st. He has rented the Val. Hay farm.

Wm. Gohn lost a valuable trotting mare last week. She evidently deliberately committed suicide by hanging with a halter.

Our weather prophet, Fred Holder, says that people may laugh about his woodchuck, but he'll be blamed if it isn't more reliable than Greeley, Hicks or Venner. Hesays he selected a high and dry place for his winter quarters and any one should know from that that a wet winter would follow. X.

Housekeepers.

Be wise, and examine the Cinderella Range. It has more points that excel than any other range on the market, and is sold guaranteed to bake and roast. Sold by

JAS. B. HOLDERBAUM, Somerset, Pa.

Resolutions of Respect.

Whereas it has pleased Almighty God to remove from our midst by death our dear brother, Ira D. Miller, a worthy member of Graefis Lutheran Church and Sabbath School: whereas it is right that we should cherish his memory for the good and kindness done by him while he was among us:

Resolved, that in the death of our dear brother who has been so kind to his comrades and neighbors, and who has so faithfully filled his place, that he leaves an example as a Christian that we should profit by it.

Resolved, that we deeply deplore the loss of our dear young brother but feel assured that our loss is his gain.

Resolved, that we tender to his sorrowing father, mother, sister, grandmother and relatives our warmest sympathy in this, their hour of affliction and bereavement.

Resolved, that these resolutions be published in the county papers and a copy presented to the bereaved family.

SAMUEL MCGREGOR,
HARRISON LOHR,
WASHINGTON CUSTER,
Committee.

MARRIED.

PILE—GALLENTINE.—At the residence of James Gallentine, February, 21st, 1892 by Elder Josiah Berkly, Mr. Josiah Pile and Miss Susan E. Gallentine both of Middlecreek township.

The Use Of

Harsh, drastic purgatives to relieve costiveness is a dangerous practice, and more liable to fasten the disease on the patient than to cure it. What is needed is a medicine that, in effectually opening the bowels, corrects the costive habit and establishes a natural daily action. Such an aperient is found in

Ayer's Pills,

which, while thorough in action, strengthen as well as stimulate the bowels and excretory organs.

"For eight years I was afflicted with constipation, which at last became so bad that the doctors could do no more for me. Then I began to take Ayer's Pills, and soon the bowels became regular and natural in their movements. I am now in excellent health." —Wm. H. DeLaucett, Dorset, Ont.

"When I feel the need of a cathartic, I take Ayer's Pills, and find them to be more

Effective

than any other pill I ever took." — Mrs. R. C. Erbb, Burwellville, Va.

"For years I have been subject to constipation and nervous headaches, caused by derangement of the liver. After taking various remedies, I have become convinced that Ayer's Pills are the best. They have never failed to relieve my bilious attacks in a short time; and I am sure my system retains its tone longer after the use of these Pills, than has been the case with any other medicine I have tried."—H. S. Hodge, Weimar, Texas.

Ayer's Pills,

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

NOTICE — OF — APPEALS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned Commissioners of Somerset County will hear Appeals from the Triennial Assessment of 1892 in their office in the Court House, as follows:

Paint, Ogle and Addison Townships, and Confluence Borough, on March 14th.

Conemaugh, Shade, Upper Turkeyfoot and Lower Turkeyfoot Townships, on March 15th.

Quemahoning Township, Stoystown, Rockwood, Casselman, Ursina, and New Centreville Boroughs, on March 16th.

Somerset, Black and Milford Townships, on March 17th.

Somerset Borough, Meyersdale Borough, and Summit Township, on March 18th.

Jenner Township, Jennertown Borough and Salisbury Borough on March 19th.

Elklick Township on March 21st.

Lincoln, Jefferson, Stonycreek and Middlecreek Townships, on March 22nd.

Brothersvalley Township and Berlin Borough on March 23rd.

Allegheny and Fairhope Townships and New Baltimore Borough on March 24th.

Northampton and Southampton Townships, on March 25th.

Larimer and Greenville Townships and Wellersburg Borough on March 26th.

We will also sit on 28th, 29th, 30th and 31st days of March hear appeals from owners of mineral rights and the South Pennsylvania Railroad Company's lands in Somerset County.

GEORGE F. KIMMEL,
SAMUEL U. SHOBER,
WILLIAM F. UHL,
Attest:—
E. H. Werne, Clerk. Co. Commissioners.

An Ordinance

Granting the Somerset Electric Light, Heat and Power Company the right of erecting the necessary poles and wires on the streets, lanes and alleys of Somerset Borough for the purpose of introducing Electric Light into said Borough:

Be it ordained by the Burgess and Town Council of Somerset Borough, and it is hereby ordained by the authority of the same:

SECTION 1. That the consent of Somerset Borough be and is hereby granted to the Somerset Electric Light, Heat and Power Company to erect and maintain poles on the several streets, lanes and alleys of said Borough, to which wires may be attached for the purpose of conveying electric current to all parts of said Borough. That said poles shall be erected and located at such points and in such places and manner as shall be indicated by the Burgess and Town Council.

SEC. II. That said poles shall be straight and sound, and shall not be less that thirty feet in length above the ground, and shall be sunk a sufficient depth in the ground to hold and sustain the wires that the said Company may desire to string thereon without guying said poles, except that if necessary at corners such corner poles may be guyed in such manner as may be approved by the Burgess and Town Council. The wires passing from one pole to another shall be so strung as to be at least twenty-five feet above the level of the streets, and in placing said poles and stringing said wires the same shall be done without injury to either shade or ornamental trees.

SEC. III. That the said Somerset Electric Light, Heat and Power Company in locating its poles shall remove all surplus dirt or earth and shall replace any paving or curb up which may be disturbed in placing poles on said streets and alleys at the cost and expense of said the Company and further, that all damage which may result from the erection and operation of said electric plant, whether to individuals or to property, shall be borne by the said Somerset Electric Light, Heat and Power Company.

IV. That the privilege of the use of the streets and alleys by the said Somerset Electric Light, Heat and Power Company for the purposes in this ordinance mentioned is not an exclusive grant, and the same may be recalled on the failure of the said Company to provide and operate a reasonably safe system of electric lighting, to comply with the rules and regulations of the Board of Fire Insurance Underwriters governing the introduction of electric light wires into buildings and to provide and operate an electric plant sufficient for the purpose intended or abuse of the privileges herein set forth.

SEC. V. It shall be unlawful for any person to wantonly injure or deface any of said poles erected by said Company or by any other company, and any person or persons violating any of the provisions of this section shall on conviction thereof pay a fine of not less than five dollars nor more than twenty dollars, together with all costs.

SEC. VI. If for any reason herein stated the said Somerset Electric Light, Heat and Power Company shall fail to operate said light successfully or violate any part of this ordinance, the Town Council shall remove all poles of said Somerset Electric Light, Heat and Power Company from the streets and alleys of the Borough at the expense and charge of said Light Company.

SEC. VII. This ordinance shall be effective, operative and obligatory upon the said Somerset Electric Light, Heat and Power Company, filing with the Clerk of the Town Council their acceptance of this ordinance by the said Company.

Enacted and ordained the 4th day of February, A. D. 1892. WM. H. WELFLEY, Burgess.

Attest:—
J. A. BERKEY, Clerk.

CAUTION.

The public is hereby notified not to harbor or trust my wife, Maggie Phillippi, on my account, as she has left me, and I will not pay any debts contracted by her on my account.

SAMUEL PHILLIPPI.
feb24-3t.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.

Estate of Christian Reitz, late of Somerset Township, Somerset County, Pa., dec'd.

Letters of Administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned by the proper authority, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement, on or before Saturday the 27th, February 1892, at the late residence of said deceased, by the undersigned Administrators.

C. M. SHAVER,
EMMA C. REITZ,
Administrators.

J. L. PUGH, Attorney.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration on the estate of Simon Hauger, late of Brothersvalley township, in the county of Somerset, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned by the proper authority, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement on or before Saturday the 27th, February 1892, at the late residence of said deceased, by the undersigned Administrator.

W. W. HAUGER,
Administrator.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR CHARTER.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of Pennsylvania on the Tenth (10th) day of March, A. D. 1892, by W. B. Gault, John H. Barnett, W. J. Hitchman, E. S. McElwee, and O. F. Shupe, under the Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplement thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called "The Marklestown Sanitarium and Hotel Company," the character and object of which is the establishing and maintaining of an hotel at Marklestown, Somerset County, Pennsylvania, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits of said Act of Assembly, and supplements thereto.

W. DICK SHUPE,
Feb 10-3t. Solicitor.

B. & B.

WHERE DOLLARS GO FARTHEST.

That's what we're all looking for. It's a glimpse of human nature—showing the selfish side of it. We all want the best of the bargain, or at least the best obtainable. Here are about half a dozen specials that it will pay you this week to writ our

MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT

and inquire about. There are hundreds of others in these stores equally as good. We're making it more to your interest every day to trade with us.

Lot 44in. Cashmere Serges

in various widths of black and grey stripes, 25 cents; were 50 cents.

The line of 46in. Col'd Cashmeres

at 50 cents largely increased this week by the addition of many new colors. The finest 50c Cashmere ever bought or sold.

38in. all-wool Beige

in Grey and Brown mixtures, 50c. 50-inch Black mohair Brilliantine for house and street costumes, 50c. a yard, value, $1.

50-in. all-wool Plaids

at 60c., usually 85c. Choice Colorings. 46-in. Camels' Hair in all choice plain colors, 75c; would be excellent value even at $1.25. 40 inch Fancy Bedford Cords in new Spring Colorings, 75c. Finest Qualities all-wool French Challies, 30 and 31in. wide, 50 and 35 cents.

ANDERSON GINGHAMS.

Write for samples, prices, or other information pertaining to "what to wear and where to get it at lowest prices."

Boggs & Bhul,

115, 117, 119 and 121 *Federal Street*,

ALLEGHENY, PA.

REPORT OF THE COUNTY AUDITORS OF SOMERSET COUNTY, PA.

From the First Monday of January, 1891, to the First Monday of January, 1892.

JOHN HAMER, Esq., Treasurer of Somerset County, Pa., in Account with the County of Somerset.

RECEIPTS—DR.

For Taxes Received from Collectors of State and County Rates for the years 1885, '87, '88, 89, '90, 91:

No.	Collectors.	Districts.	Yr.	County	Special	State.
1	Frank Nickelow	Addison township	1890	$ 61 75	$ 42 78	$ 15 48
2	Elias Sahre	Allegheny No. 1 township	"	6 26	7 45	5 85
3	Elias Sahre	" " 2 "	"	131 78	36 54	75
4	George Fogle	Berlin Borough	"	130 97	33 87	7 75
5	Henry G. Hay	Brothersvalley township	"	320 00	77 28	2 72
6	Oliver Critchfield	Black township	"	562 97	55 28	3 63
7	Levi A. Blough	Conemaugh township	"	210 54	52 68	21 21
8	W. R. Mountain	Confluence borough	"	125 00	24 29	4 37
9	J. J. Fogle	Elk Lick township	"	1874 51	200 85	50 66
10	A. J. Stoner	Greenville township	"	123 99	25 07	14 48
11	A. H. Kuhlman	Jefferson township	"	252 79	50 20	
12	Solomon Judy	Jenner township	"	26 09	10 78	5 28
13	Thomas Gallagher	Larimer township	"	816 57	83 41	60 32
14	Perry Hutsell	Lower Turkeyfoot township	"	61 14	30 74	9 48
15	William Burkholder	Milford township	"	156 66	49 41	10 11
16	J. R. Boose	Middlecreek township	"	263 28	76 98	10 55
17	P. H. Moore	Meyersdale borough	"	70 88	16 21	11 48
18	Conrad Beall	Northampton township	"	100 00	39 28	10 72
19	Adam Spangy	New Centreville borough	"	125 12	25 60	6 85
20	P. J. Sechler	Jennerstown borough	"	70 56	21 37	12 86
21	F. J. Fofler	New Baltimore borough	"	68 00	16 00	11 54
22	Samuel G. Whittaker	Ogle township	"	86 36	17 26	77
23	Garrett Ream	Paint township	"	402 58	6 25	35 50
24	Thomas Ringler	Quemahoning township	"	488 24	72 47	25 76
25	S. A. Haines	Rockwood borough	"	52 47	49 16	20 91
26	S. S. Koontz	Salisbury borough	"	157 84	39 20	
27	L. M. Lambert	Shade township	"	290 39	81 44	7 17
28	Alex. Huston	Somerset borough	"	206 41	54 19	32 70
29	E. E. Pugh	Somerset No. 1, township	"	1026 52	50 00	76 00
30	E. E. Pugh	" "	"	245 76	69 21	76 00
31	L. Nartz	Southampton township	"	126 03	38 53	9 60
32	J. J. Walker	Stonycreek township	"	140 06	136 84	51 31
33	H. F. Snyder	Stoystown borough	"	46 49	15 34	26 41
34	Samuel Judy	Summit township	"	225 97	54 03	30 03
35	Thomas Woods	Upper Turkeyfoot township	"	241 65	61 56	11 77
36	J. C. Forsythe	Ursina borough	"	70 62	26 41	7 67
37	Peter Knerlem	Wellersburg borough	"	44 86	8 20	7 68
38	Frank P. Anderson	Ursina borough	1885	14 20		
39	David L. Witt	Stoystown borough	1887	3 00		
40	John H. Ankeny	Quemahoning township	1888	105 00	157 00	
41	Samuel Lambert	Stonycreek township	"		31 73	
42	C. H. Ankeny	Lower Turkeyfoot township	"	39 33	77 64	
43	Joseph P. Sechler	New Centreville borough	1889	14 85		
44	W. F. Allison	Ogle township	"	15 00	9 65	95
45	John H. Ankeny	Quemahoning township	"	100 00		
46	A. R. Newman	Salisbury borough	"	56 90		
47	Harrison Gohn	Somerset township	"	150 00		
48	Samuel Lambert	Stonycreek township	"	277 00	92	61 01
49		Total Tax received as above	"	9673 46	2118 45	743 77
50	Frank Nickelow	Addison	1891	1240 00	240 00	354 12
51	Henry Dorsey	Allegheny	"	701 41	139 43	68 08
52	D. H. Fisher	Berlin boro	"	768 00	61 50	290 00
53	Henry Gumbert	Brothersvalley	"	2800 00	414 00	248 70
54	A. H. Ohler	Black	"	426 50	88 00	92 93
55	Henry G. Miltenberger	Conemaugh	"	2619 48	401 46	344 01
56	W. R. Mountain	Confluence boro	"	275 00	70 00	55 00
57	Cyrus A. Yowler	Casselman boro	"	17 11	3 39	2 60
58	J. J. Fogle	Elklick	"	1500 00	350 00	150 00
59	J. C. Fernor	Fairhope	"	223 55	30 00	5 83
60	A. J. Stoner	Greenville	"	417 98	99 29	47 18
61	A. H. Kuhlman	Jefferson	"	225 00	225 00	150 00
62	A. C. Ankeny	Jennertown boro	"	56 00	30 00	9 22
63	J. W. Shaffer	Jenner	"	2650 00	425 00	225 00
64	Otto Lorentz	Larimer	"	443 24	100 00	44 88
65	Wm. Burkholder	Lower Turkeyfoot	"	400 00	90 00	40 00
66	Eli H. Berkey	Lincoln	"	915 00	185 00	68 00
67	G. L. Miller	Meyersdale boro	"	800 00	210 00	120 00
68	A. C. Moore	Middlecreek	"	600 00	125 00	75 00
69	J. W. Seibert	Milford	"	1352 23	285 00	140 00
70	F. J. Fofler	New Baltimore boro	"	61 00	22 00	17 00
71	John T. Leslie	Northampton	"	375 00	105 00	60 71
72	A. W. Low