



EVERY man, woman and child has been made better by possessing a happy Christmas. It is necessary an educator in the good things of life.

OUR exchanges from every quarter of the land give evidence of the prosperity of the people. No Christmas holiday was ever so generally and generously observed.

DEMOCRATS don't like the pension office of any man in it; and the President could fill the place of Commissioner with no man who would please them, provided he did his duty as the law directs.

CHRISTMAS only inaugurated the holiday season. Let the good deeds go on; end the old year and begin the new joyously. The more happiness that can be crowded in the better.

It has not been a bad year for Uncle Sam's boys. They have sold to foreign countries \$125,000,000 worth of breadstuffs and \$100,000,000 worth of meat, to say nothing of other things. They have stuffed the money in their pockets, for they have not set it all back in pay for fine clothes and junk.

WHAT a plucky man Senator Ingalls must be! He has never yet given up the fight for the Senatorship in Kansas, and with big odds against him he steadily goes ahead, determined that he will not be blamed if he shall not be re-elected. Ingalls deserves to be sent back to the Senate, but his chances, it must be confessed, are mighty shady. Kansas and the whole country will miss his strong vitality in the Senate, if he should be defeated.

HON. W. L. TANNING, a distinguished financier and Comptroller of the Currency under President Cleveland, gives the following hopeful view of the present financial aspect: "The present situation has its remedy at hand. Speculation prices have been broken down, the crops are coming forward, gold is being imported, liquidation is now progressing, and the pressure should certainly gradually pass away."

MR. CALDWELL, of Kentucky, at the tariff reform banquet said that "it was a fact that the general government is not as popular as the State governments." People noticed that same sentiment along in 1890, and from that time to 1891. They also noticed its decadence about the Appomattox season. The governor of a State is a big man, but your Uncle Sam is several inches taller, and can beat the Kilgore kick whenever it is necessary.

THE Southern Senators in fighting against the Elections bill complain that it will suppress the voice of the people. It would be interesting to have them explain how the voice of the people can be more effectively suppressed than it is now in the South, where the Legislatures appoint even the county commissioners and sheriffs. If local self-government is the popular government as Senator Caldwell says, why don't the Democrats who control the Southern Legislatures give this local government to the counties and towns in the South?

EX-GOVERNOR CHARLES FOWLER, of Ohio, was a candidate for Congress at the late election. He had 2,900 majority to struggle against, and came within 184 votes of election—and three precincts in the only Republican county of his district did the business for him by his low watermark. In 1874 he was one of the only six Republicans chosen from Ohio. That Congress has only 108 Republicans, but 18 more than will appear in the next Congress; and yet, two years afterward, a Republican President was elected, and two years after that the huge Democratic majority of the House was blotted out, and the Republicans again resumed power in that branch.

It seems that the call for a National convention at Cincinnati recently issued by certain gentlemen purporting to represent the farmers' movement was not authorized; at least its authority is not conceded. Instead of accepting in it, the President of the National Farmers' Alliance, Mr. Polk, has decided to call a committee meeting to talk over the advisability of a third-party movement. This conference will be held at Washington some time in February. It will be composed of the presidents of the various State Alliances.

That is the sensible way to proceed. A few hard-headed men assuming the functions of absolute authority on a matter so important ought not to be tolerated. The farmers' movement has several distinct and independent organizations. The Alliance over which Mr. Polk presides does not have much strength in this State or the Northwest generally. It is dominated certainly by its Southern element, and that element is avowedly Democratic "seven days in the week." No third-party candidate for the Presidency will be put in the field by the Farmers' Alliance unless the leaders think it would benefit the Democracy. That much is reasonably certain. The organization was non-partisan in its original purpose and plan, and it is so still, in a sense; but the Democrats of the South do not propose to let agricultural considerations jeopardize their party success. At the South, Democracy simply means white supremacy, by fair means if possible, by foul if necessary. This is a purpose and policy to which the land-owning and tilling element adhere as rigidly as the townfolk. All third-party movements at the South must be consistent with this paramount consideration.

At the North the farmers are divided in politics. There are a great many staunch Democrats among the Southern farmers, but it has not received the endorsement of the prairie farmer, and we can not believe that it will. Chimerical and perilous, it should be resisted and defeated without counting the political cost.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

GOVERNOR HILL was snubbed by the Tariff Reform Club of New York Tuesday night. That banquet was given by the free trade enthusiasts who have lately followed Governor Hill, and he was not invited to make a speech because the board that he might want to divide the honors with the ex-President. The men who rejoiced over the defeat of McKinley should read the interview with Congressman-elect Warwick, wherein he declared that but for the protection speeches of Governor Hill in his district McKinley would have been re-elected. If Warwick was snubbed from defeat in a strong Democratic district by Democratic protection speeches, wherein should free-traders take to themselves the honor of defeating Major McKinley?

DANA Gives His Dirk Another Turn. From the New York Sun. The dinner of the Reform Club, so called, at the Madison Square Garden last night, was a fine piece of business. It has been in New York for many a day.

The invitation graciously offered to Governor Hill was an invitation to attend and be silent. The leader of the Democracy of the Empire State, the Democrat who contributed more than any other man to the glorious victory of November, the man who gloriously defeated McKinley in Ohio, was to be ignored, while the stuffed figure of the shirker and skulker, the coward in the fight, the selfish planner of disaster, and the adored object of the anti-Democratic of New York, was honored.

We congratulate Governor Hill on the unavoidable engagement which kept him away from such a performance.

The Bounty on Maple Sugar. From the Johnston Tribune. One way in which the farmers of Pennsylvania and of the country at large are to be benefited by the McKinley tariff is the bounty on maple sugar.

The fight for the maple-sugar bounty was made by Senator Edmunds, of Vermont. His State produces annually from eleven million to twelve million pounds of maple sugar—about 80 per cent.

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Farmers' Institute Program. A Farmers' Institute will be held under the auspices of the State Board of Agriculture in the Court House, Wednesday and Thursday, January 14 and 15, 1901.

Call to order at 2:30 A.M. Adjourn at 12 M. 1. Organization. 2. "Progress in farming, and improvement in farm implements." Henry Rauch, Esq., Jenneville, Pa. 3. "Acquaintance of farmers on learning a trade." August Weimer, Trent, Pa.

Call to order at 1:30. Adjourn at 4:30. 1. "Farmers and taxation." J. L. W. Seibert, Somerset, Pa. 2. "Mixed and special farming." T. B. Terry, Hudson, O. 3. "Differentials in farming." L. L. Beachy, Killbuck, Pa. 4. "Home economists." Mrs. Chauncey F. Dickey, Udlin, Pa.

Call to order at 6:30. Adjourn at 9. 1. Music. 2. "Fruit and fruit trees." Calvin Cooper, Member State Board of Agriculture from Lancaster County, Pa. 3. "Our markets." Miss Sadie E. Moore, New Lexington, Pa. 4. "The wheat share." T. B. Terry, Hudson, O. 5. "Veterinary science." G. W. Brallier, V. S. Berlin, Pa. 6. Music.

Call to order at 6:30. Adjourn at 9. 1. "How can we best maintain the fertility of our farms?" S. P. Rayman, Berlin, Pa. 2. "Stock raising." Peter Heffer, Somerset, Pa. 3. "Some legal points for farmers." Valentine Hay, Somerset, Pa.

Call to order at 6:30. Adjourn at 9. 1. "Fence or no fence." Calvin Cooper, Bird-in-Hand, Pa. 2. "Farmers' organizations." Peter Miller, Somerset, Pa. 3. "Reform needed in road legislation and road making." J. R. Boose, Rockwood, Penn. 4. "How to prepare and apply barnyard manure for best results." W. P. Hay, Berksville, Pa.

Call to order at 6:30. Adjourn at 9. 1. Music. 2. "Necessity of educating farmers' daughters." Miss Flora Turner, Pine Hill, Pa. 3. "A farmer's small fruit garden." T. B. Terry, Hudson, Ohio. 4. Recitation, by Master John Critchfield, Jenner N. Roads, Pa. 5. "Formative influences of country life." Miss Amanda Mendenhall, Somerset, Pa. 6. "Reform needed in road legislation and road making." J. R. Boose, Rockwood, Penn. 7. "Whoever fails to hear Mr. T. B. Terry, one of the best posted farmers in the great agricultural State of Ohio, will miss an opportunity that a progressive farmer can not well afford to lose. In Mr. Calvin Cooper we have a representative farmer from the best agricultural county of our own State, and one who is able to entertain as well as instruct.

The Farmers' Institute held last winter, although the first ever held in this county, was pronounced by all in attendance to be a grand success, and no one who had the good fortune to be present will be willing to miss another such year. All sessions were open and free to everybody, the expenses being paid out of an appropriation made by the State for that purpose to the State Board of Agriculture. Come and get your full share of the benefit to be derived from the money expended by the Commonwealth especially for the benefit of the farmer, and do not forget to bring your wife or daughter. Do not conclude that this is either a Grange or Farmers' Alliance meeting, for although there will be plenty of Grangers and members of the Farmers' Alliance present, this meeting is for all points of view, as well as all other persons who feel any interest in the farmer's welfare. The query-box will be opened at each session.

The U. S. and O. C. S. HARRISON Companies have agreed to sell exclusive rights in the county on the 15th and 14th, good to return until the 16th at two cents per mile for the round trip. Ask the agent for an excursion ticket to Farmers' Institute at Somerset. O. F. SHAWER, M. J. HAZEN, P. K. MCKINNEY, VALENTINE HAY, Executive Committee Somerset Co. Agricultural Society.

The Wages of Farm Hands. Judge Albright, of Allentown, has handed down an important opinion regarding the wages of farm hands, as follows: "The wages of employes on a farm are not entitled to a preference under the act of 1872, as amended by the act of 1883, creating a priority of claims given to the Sheriff in the case are defective, except that of Martha Sengster. They cannot be allowed for reasons already stated. "I think the Legislature ought to amend the law so as to put those earning wages in farm work on the same footing as those earning wages in the said act. Almost every imaginable kind of farm laborers are included except farm laborers. The nature of the employment does not make farm laborers less deserving than other workmen who are preferred. Other persons usually farm laborers are not paid as promptly at the end of the week, fortnight or month as most other laborers are. For that reason they are able to live more when their employer becomes insolvent, and consequently their claim for protection, and consequently their priority of claims, is of almost daily occurrence. "It is also of the opinion that the Legislature ought to relieve from the strictness required by the courts in the form of the notice to be given. As the law now stands hardly anyone not critically informed as to the law on this point can construct a notice which will be adequate. This is to be deplored. It is promoting fraud and giving a stone instead. The unpaid laborers of employes who are about to be sold out are given a preference for wages earned within six months of the insolvency, and not exceeding \$200, but after the notice has been given, the goods sold, and when it is too late to give an amended notice, the disappointed laborer is told that because he and those who assisted him to give notice were not skilled in the law they must go unsatisfied, while the preference of other creditors takes the money. It may be wise to require written notice, in order to protect the other paying out, and to avoid the temptation to false swearing as to whether or not notice was given, but any written statement which amounts to notice of the claim ought to be sufficient."

Two Banks to Resume. SOMERSET, Pa., Dec. 21.—The firm of Johnston, Beck & Co., bankers, of this place which suspended on November 29th with liabilities of over \$250,000, will open for business to-morrow morning, having secured an extension from their creditors. The first installment of 25 per cent, will be available on January 9th, and 50 per cent, of the indebtedness will be paid each six months thereafter with interest at 4 per cent until their debts are canceled. The bank's embarrassment was caused by the failure of B. K. Jamison & Co., of Philadelphia. The bank of Salisbury, Indiana county, which was closed to suspend by the Johnston failure, will probably resume business next month. The appraisers report that the assets largely exceed the liabilities.

World's Fair Proclamation. WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 21. The President signed the World's Fair proclamation this afternoon, and it is issued as follows: "Whereas, Satisfactory proof has been made to me that provisions have been made for adequate grounds and buildings for the use of the World's Columbian Exposition, and that a sum not less than \$10,000,000 to be used and expended for the purpose of said exhibition has been provided in accordance with the conditions and requirements of section 10 of an act, entitled 'An act to provide for celebrating the 40th anniversary of the discovery of America by Christopher Columbus by holding an international exhibition of arts, industries, manufactures and the products of the soil, mine and sea, in the city of Chicago, in the State of Illinois,' approved April 25, 1890.

Now, therefore, I, Benjamin Harrison, President of the United States, do hereby declare and proclaim that such International Exhibition will be opened on the first day of May, 1893, in the city of Chicago, in the State of Illinois, and will not be closed before the last Thursday in October of the same year. And in the name of the Government and of the people invite all Nations of the earth to partake in the commemoration of an event that is pre-eminent in human history and of lasting interest to mankind, by appointing representatives thereof, and sending such exhibits to the World's Columbian Exposition as will most fully and fully illustrate their resources, their industries and the progress in civilization.

Farmers, Take Notice. I have leased the large warehouse of Peter Fink at the B. & O. Depot, in Somerset, for five years, and also warehouse at Berlin and Coleman's, where I will keep on hand during the seasons for delivery and shipment to all local points every grade of Fertilizers manufactured by the United States Fertilizer Company, of Canton, Baltimore, Md. I have spent five years among you, while these goods have been used in Somerset county for eight years, having been introduced by the Hon. O. P. Shaver, (now of Pugh, Somerset County, Pa.), and I thank kindly, my agents and myself may be unable to call to you personally, so I take advantage of your excellent papers to call your attention to the merits of our Fertilizers, and beg leave to say that S. B. Yoder, of Pugh, Somerset County, Pa., and myself have selected orders for the full crop of 1890-1891 to date of issue, notwithstanding the strong competition.

R. M. Patton, of Somerset, who resides near the depot, is acting as delivering agent for me. By advertising or calling on him, you can learn our prices. We can re-ship to any local point on short notice, but would prefer at all times to have your orders as far in advance of immediate wants as practical as it enables us to get our goods to you in better mechanical condition. In behalf of the Somerset Fertilizer Co., I am, Very Respectfully, A. J. KOEHL, General Agent.

Peculiar

Peculiar in combination, proportion, and preparation of ingredients, Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses the curative value of the best known remedy of the kind. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the only medicine of which can be said, "One Hundred Does One Dollar." Peculiar in its medicinal merits, Hood's Sarsaparilla accomplishes cures hitherto unknown. Peculiar in the testimony which it represents, Hood's Sarsaparilla combines all the knowledge which modern science has to itself developed, with many years practical experience in preparing medicines. Be sure to get only Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Sarsaparilla. Sold by all Druggists. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass. 100 Doses One Dollar.

Mrs. A. E. Uhl's Clearance Sale. FROM NOW UNTIL FEBRUARY 15th I will have my Eighth Annual CLOSING OUT SALE. Goods will be sold as low as the same qualities can be sold anywhere. This includes all kinds of Goods in my LARGE STOCK. I have not space to enumerate a few catch penny prices on low grades of goods. Our patrons know that I keep good.

Serviceable Goods, And I pin my reputation to selling goods that will give buyers the worth of their money at all times, and much more than their MONEY'S WORTH! While my Clearance Sale lasts, Ladies' and Children's Wraps will be closed out at a sacrifice. A full assortment of Wool, Cotton and Linen Carpet Chains, Ladies' Misses' and Children's Underwear going cheap.

Boggs & Buhl, 115, 117, 119, 121 Federal Street, ALLEHENY, PA.

MRS. A. E. Uhl. 115, 117, 119, 121 Federal Street, ALLEHENY, PA.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889. JAL Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

DIED. COUNTRYMAN.—Anne (Osharline), the beloved and only child of Frank B. and Mary A. Countryman, of Somerset, fell asleep in Jesus on the 1st day of December, 1891, after a short illness, aged 19 years, 10 months and 5 days.

Escape of a Murderer. BELLEVILLE, Pa., Dec. 21.—John Wilson, owner of the local laugha, true bill for the murder of Harry Waterhouse last September, escaped from cell in the Center county jail last night by the aid of a piece of iron from the chain, and fled down a hole in the wall, from which he slid down a telephone pole to the ground and escaped. Five hundred dollars reward is offered for his capture.

His Hair Turned White. CARTRON, O., Dec. 21.—James Dick, a yard engineer for the Pennsylvania railroad, while walking the track was run by an engine which was moving backward. The tender and ash pan passed over him, but with rare presence of mind he lay flat on the track. As the ash pan scraped him he was struck by a gravel pit second road of the engine, realizing that he would be crushed if the watercatcher passed over him after being dragged a hundred yards by the engine, and Dick crawled out the worse for a few bruises, but his hair had turned perfectly white. When released he picked up a shovel and was prevented with difficulty from killing the engineer, who he said, ought to have been more careful.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE. Valuable Real Estate. BY VIRTUE of an order of sale issued by the Orphans' Court of Somerset Co., Pa., to wit: Joseph J. Kaufman, Henry Steuffer, David Klein, John O'Brien, H. S. Swartz and others, containing 280 acres and 120 perches, situate in the township of Black Township, Somerset County, Pa., on SATURDAY, JANUARY 24, 1891, at 10 o'clock p. m. of said day, the following described real estate, the property of William Wagoner, deceased, to-wit: No. 1. A certain tract of land situate in Black Township, Somerset County, Pa., known as the lower farm of Wm. Wagoner, deceased, adjoining lands of Phipps Schrier, Ed. Snyder, David Klein, John O'Brien, H. S. Swartz and others, containing 280 acres and 120 perches, situate in the township of Black Township, Somerset County, Pa., on SATURDAY, JANUARY 24, 1891, at 10 o'clock p. m. of said day, the following described real estate, the property of William Wagoner, deceased, to-wit: No. 1. 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