



REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

STATE.

FOR GOVERNOR, GEORGE WALLACE BISHOP, LOUIS ALBERTUS WATERS.

COUNTY.

FOR COUNTY, EDWARD SCULL, Somerset Borough, subject to the decision of the District Court.

FOR STATE SENATOR, NORMAN S. CRITCHFIELD, of Jersey Township, subject to the decision of the District Court.

FOR ASSEMBLY, EPHRAIM D. BROWN, of York Township, JOSEPH WELLS, of Mill Township, FOR SENATOR, W. H. BARNES, of Somerset Borough, A. J. HILLMAN, of Somerset Borough.

FOR TREASURER, JOHN HANER, of Somerset Township, FOR COMMISSIONERS, GEO. F. KIMMEL, of Mill Township, SAMUEL U. STUBBS, of Somerset Township.

FOR PROBATIONARY, W. H. BARNES, of Somerset Borough, FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER, A. J. HILLMAN, of Somerset Borough.

FOR JUDGES, HERMAN SHAFER, of Somerset Township, U. D. BROOKER, of Somerset Township.

The President last week affixed his signature to the anti-lottery bill and it is now a law.

EX-COMMISSIONER WILLIAM L. SCOTT is reported to be seriously ill at his home in Erie.

The Democratic Congressional Conference for this district will meet at Johnstown on Friday of this week.

I am a life-long Democrat, but I am a tariff Democrat, and I find in this campaign that means to be a Republican—Victor E. Pollitt.

The Louisiana lottery men don't feel as chipper as they did when they were arranging to buy State Legislature for cash.

During the twelve years in which we have controlled we wiped from the statute books \$25,000,000 of annual taxation, and we propose by this bill to roll away \$70,000,000 more—McKintley's Speech.

On the first page of this issue will be found the eloquent eulogy delivered by Senator Quay on the death of Samuel J. Randall. The "Silent Man" can talk when the occasion demands it.

It is a fact that Senator Delamater is not afraid to talk truth on the stump, and that Mr. Patterson is afraid to do so. And this while Democratic organs insist that tariff is the issue.

The Mississippi convention has decided that "all elections by the people should be by ballot." Now, if they will supplement this with "fair ballots" and "an honest count," they will have an American constitution.

Democratic organs have in large measure stopped their wall over the enormous surplus in the Treasury, but all the same the Secretary goes on paying off the Nation's debt. Upward of \$20,000,000 has passed from the Treasury in the last ten days into the channels of trade.

Every committee should by this time have a complete copy of the registry book of voters. This should be compared with the tax book and a list of delinquents prepared. These should be hunted up and urged to pay their taxes without delay.

Ten days ago rampant Democratic Congressmen gave out the threat cynically, that big Tom Reed would be thrown out of the next Congress if his majority fell below 500. As it is up to about 5,000, he will likely remain, be the complexion of the next House what it may.

The Republican Senatorial Conference for this district was in session at Bedford for several days last week. A number of ballots were taken at the different sessions without effecting a nomination. The Conference adjourned Thursday evening, to meet at the same place on October 1.

The prohibition candidate for Governor has changed his name very suddenly and declined the nomination. He has concluded that this is an off year for third party candidates, and plans pressing business engagements as the reason for his declination.

SATURDAY, October 21st, is the last day for the payment of taxes. Each elector, to be qualified to vote, must have two years old and upwards, must have a State or county tax within two years, and at least one month, prior to election. See that you are not deprived of the right of suffrage by non-payment of taxes.

The President paid his first visit to the Johnstown Waterbury. He had in this visiting manufacturing town an illustration of what American pluck will do, and the advantage of protection to American workmen. Little more than a year ago Johnstown was almost entirely swept away, but before the dust was buried the mills resumed work and enabled the workmen to again start in life with a daily income behind them.

Good progress with the tariff bill is being made by the Conference Committee. The project is that the consideration of the measure will be completed to-day. The report goes first to the House for confirmation, and the bill cannot reach the Senate until the close of the week. How long it will be held in the Senate is uncertain, though as the adjournment of the session depends upon the final disposition of this bill, it is reasonable to hope that its passage will not be greatly delayed.

The Democratic supporters of Philadelphia, who refuse to support Mr. Patterson, have issued a veto of the Soldiers' Burial bill, and are organizing for this country in the States in connection with the ex-Governor's official act, and call upon them to resent this insult to the old soldiers, by refusing to cast their ballots for him. They cite the fact that Mr. Patterson, born in another State, removed to Philadelphia, while yet in his minority, elected to a responsible and lucrative office, has drawn in the shape of official salary more than \$100,000, and yet he

DELAMATER IN READING.

A Monster Meeting at Which He Scores Mr. Hensel.

Senator Delamater met with an enthusiastic reception in Reading Tuesday. Thousands of Republicans flocked to greet him, and his welcome was of the most generous and hearty. In the evening a monster mass meeting was held in the opera house at which Senator Delamater spoke. He referred to Mr. Hensel's charge made on Tuesday evening, that he was ineligible for the reason that he was either a national bank, or he said so in every issue. As to this matter he was ready to meet every charge, and ready on every issue. As to this matter he was ready to meet every charge, and ready on every issue.

Senator Delamater, of Virginia, uttering a eulogy in the United States Senate on the late Samuel J. Randall, of Pennsylvania, was the subject of a resolution which was introduced by Mr. Hensel. Mr. Hensel was not much inclined to abstract and sentimental statements, but more disposed to regard political measures from a practical standpoint. He said that he had had only one important question of the day. "The Republican party is the party of honest elections, and it will pass that bill and insure to every man the right to cast his vote and have that vote counted." He was also reported to have said that he believed in a ballot absolutely pure, without intimidation or duress. He wanted absolute justice in the ballot, and for that reason he was in favor of the Australian system without qualification.

PRICES COMMENTS.

Somebody, somewhere, names for '92, McKinley for President, and Speaker Tom Reed for Vice President. That would be a ticket with two heads and one tail. The other way, it would catch the popular breeze as with the sweep of a hurricane.

The silly talk of a few Democrats in Congress about sectionalism in Republican legislation gets a substantial rebuke through the President's action in affixing his signature to what is known as the Galveston Deep Water bill, under which \$8,200,000 was expended to improve that important Texas harbor.

Mr. McClure of the Philadelphia Times is just now being confronted with some very embarrassing figures which he expressed shortly after the fall of his administration in 1883. Said McClure: "The President's return is a failure. That's what we complain of. There's where we are disappointed. There is no use in disputing the fact, when here is a general failure. The young man had a great chance. He threw away. He is too small for the place."

The new Republican tariff bill will help the farmer to every branch of his calling. That is his chief object, and before the lapse of a year it will favorably affect every farming section of the land. But there is one particular feature which will find speedy appreciation and almost universal application. We refer to sheep raising and to wool clips. Prior to the reduction of the wool tariffs in 1883, the farmer who raised wool was profitable and extensive, but the Morrill tariff of 1891 did not, favorable as it was, promise half so well for the farmer as the McKinley bill, and this general truth applies to the fall for a sheep and wool raising. The conditions now are greatly different. Far more wool is required now than ever before, for our idle manufacturers need only an abundant home product of wool to enable them to furnish to our home markets nearly all the raw material for their looms. We have no faith in the statement that America cannot grow fine wool. We have here nearly every climate known to the world, and every form of climate adapted to successful wool raising; we have the grasses in richness and variety which has never been needed to encourage and develop the industry is a system of tariff favors as those provided in the McKinley bill.

The new tariff for which the people are wholly indebted to a Republican Congress and President, should, and we believe will, find hearty endorsement, given universally and as enthusiastically as that by Maine. A tariff which will only raise an agitation which will satisfy contented and all interference with all branches of business.

So that it is the plain duty of the farmer, who sees in the new tariff the things which will improve his condition, and the business man who sees things well calculated to aid him, to vote as voting for the new tariff, and the endorsement of the law. And the only way that this can be done through the ballot is to vote solidly for the Republican State, Congressional, Legislative and county tickets. This involves the position in support of a lion-like tariff law. The people of Pennsylvania can be trusted for a favorable response despite deceptive side issues.

White Supremacy.

JACKSON, Miss., Sept. 21.—Two sections of the report of the Franchise Committee have been considered and adopted by the Constitutional Convention here, an ordinance providing for the manner of holding elections between January 1, 1891, and January 1, 1892, when the franchise article of the new constitution is to go into effect. The ordinance adopted is substantially a copy of the Dutch law of Transylvania. The other provision for a Senate composed of 45 members and a House of Representatives of 123 members, which by ingenious gerrymandering, assure white supremacy in both Houses. Efforts were made to have the representation increased and to have the State so apportioned as to give the negroes control of the lower House, but without avail.

Another Big Donation.

CHICAGO, Sept. 18.—John D. Rockefeller has been named as the donor of the new Chicago Baptist University, including the new \$500,000, which he contributed previously. This magnificent offer was laid before the Board of Trustees of the institution today and was quickly accepted. Professor W. R. Harper, of Yale College, was elected president of the new institution.

A RIDE TO DEATH.

Terrible Accident to a Reading Express Train.

Reading, Pa., September 23.—About eleven miles from Reading, there is a curve where the Reading Railroad crosses the Pennsylvania Railroad. On Tuesday evening, a Reading express train, consisting of a locomotive, a passenger car, and a baggage car, was wrecked at this point. The train was traveling at a high rate of speed, and the engineer was unable to stop in time. The locomotive and passenger car were thrown into the river, and the baggage car was crushed. The engineer and several passengers were killed, and many others were injured. The cause of the accident is believed to be the excessive speed of the train.

One of the passengers who went down with the wreck and escaped without serious injury says: "The passengers appeared a happy crew, chatting and laughing after the day's viewing at the Berks county fair. I was passing the country through fair weather when suddenly there was a terrific crash. I was hurled from my seat while the car rolled over the side. Twenty-foot embankment on the other side of the river, and I was thrown from one side to the other like a log, when splash! one end went into the water and I was spartially stunned. I quickly recovered myself and managed to climb upon the seats on the other side of the wreck. I was a prisoner in the car which was getting out, and while I was nursing my sprained ankle and wrist out of joint, I realized that I was in a scene of veritable horror. Around and about me were human beings in various stages of fright, and some almost dragged me back into the water again. A few saved themselves, as I did, and the remainder struggled in the water and then quietly sank to the bottom of the river. Among the killed are William D. Shomo, one of Reading's wealthiest citizens, lately married; John White, engineer, Pottsville; James Tamplin, fireman, Pottsville; Harry Logan, conductor, Pottsville; and several others. The bodies of the dead and the mangled remains of the wreck and its victims were presented in a startling picture and a terrible scene.

There lay the engine in four and a half feet of water, while the body of the engineer lay on the ground in his own blood. The heavy iron wreck, his arms extended in an appalling manner above his head. The engine was all battered out of shape, and the machinery bent and twisted like plaything. Next lay the tender on its side, and then the baggage car, and finally the passenger car, in the succession in which they left the track; the timbers broken and the cars overturned, plinned the unscathed victims in a death embrace at the bottom of the river.

Some of the bodies were so badly mangled that it could be imagined when it is stated that the distance from where the engine left the track going down the twenty-five-foot embankment and then falling over the rocky bed of the river is fully one hundred and twenty feet. The bodies of the dead continued all night, and up to 8 o'clock this forenoon a number more had been taken out, now making the total number recovered about twenty. There is no longer any doubt as to the fate of George B. Kane, the general manager of the Reading Railroad. His body was taken out of the wrecked parlor car early this morning, almost unrecognizable and badly disfigured.

The same on the banks of the river was a scene of horror. The bodies of the dead, which were increased as one after another of the bodies were brought out of the water. The engineer, Minnie Kadrige, and the fireman, Joseph Bitt, both of Stanbury, Mo., were killed. The engineer was killed under his engine, and his body was found under his ash pan. Burke was pinned down by the tank, and died before his body was recovered. The bodies of the dead were taken out of the wrecked parlor car early this morning, almost unrecognizable and badly disfigured.

It is claimed the passenger train followed so soon after the crash of the two coal trains that the employees had no time to go back to warn the approaching passenger train, and that the wreck of the coal train was the cause of the accident.

This forenoon a delegation of Mahanoy City citizens arrived to take charge of their dead. A melancholy coincidence is presented in the fact that the ill-fated train—the Pottsville Express—was wrecked at the same place and at the same time on the 23d of June last. Up to 10 o'clock this forenoon a total of twenty bodies had been taken out and the list of injured is now about fifty.

Science Baffled.

CHICAGO, September 18.—Paul A. Johnson, the mind reader whose recent feat of picking a name out of the register at the Grand Pacific Hotel after a long drive blindfold through a crowded street attracted such wide attention, performed another feat to-day which to all appearances totally disproves the theory that man possesses only five senses and also the belief that mind can be used as a speaking medium. Johnson opened a difficult combination lock at the Wellington Hotel and under the following remarkable circumstances:

Johnson was blindfolded and the lock was thoroughly examined by a committee. His ears were packed with cotton so it was impossible for him to hear, then his nostrils were similarly fitted to destroy, for the time being, the sense of smell, and finally his hands were covered with gloves to deprive the theory of touch. Johnson, however, by the use of his mind, was able to pick the lock, and the combination was found to be 1-2-3-4-5-6-7-8-9-0.

Johnson declared that his idea in opening the safe under such peculiar conditions was simply to prove that man actually possesses more than five senses, and that science is in error. In conversation the mind reader refused to say whether he possessed a sixth sense, or whether his performance in opening the combination lock was the result of the scientific world with the discovery of the circulation of the blood, or the law of gravitation.

Legless Fish Calf Freak.

WINDSOR, Mass., Sept. 18.—A strange freak of nature is reported from Raven Lake, Manitoba. A cow belonging to James Sawyer was lately milked in the presence of a large calf, which he called "fish calf." Its head and neck are natural, it bawls and drinks milk, but in other ways resembles a large fish, and is called the "fish calf." It has no legs, and on each side which resembles fins.

PREDICTS HIS DEFEAT.

A Democratic Organ Repudiates Candidate Pattison.

SHENANDOAH, Pa., Sept. 22.—A great political sensation was created yesterday when the Shenandoah Herald, the leading Democratic organ in this county, repudiated its candidate for Governor, John C. Patterson. The editorial intimated "The State Campaign," and is as follows: "When the Democratic State Convention met at Shenandoah in July and selected George Dobe E. Patterson as the standard bearer of liberty in the State, those Democrats who voted his nomination seemed to cherish the hope that Republican disaffection and imbecile unity, together with a lot of indolent voters, would enable him to overcome the tremendous Republican majority in this county and again take his seat in the gubernatorial chair. Nearly three months have elapsed since that time, and in six weeks the canvass will be set on foot. The last edge of that delusion which was once cherished by the Republican party in favor of Eison's nomination, has not only failed miserably, but whatever of disaffection that was in the mind of the party has been completely extinguished. The party in this county is now united in its support of Mr. Patterson, and it is a great lightening bolt on election day if it ever was the last.

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Death of an Aged Citizen. Joseph B. Davis was born in Duplin county, Pa., February 23, 1808, and died at the residence of his son, John M. Davis, in Oakland, Sept. 14, 1890.

His ancestors were among the early settlers in the county, his father, Benjamin Davis, and his mother, Elizabeth Barker, both having been born in Pennsylvania. His grandfather, Joseph Barker, served as a captain in the Revolutionary War, and was in the battle of Brandywine. An interesting relic of the war, a pocket watch, is still in the possession of the family, which was carried by Capt. Barker during the war. He was the last survivor of a family of several children.

The removals from place to place, to which the occupation of his father as a manager of furnaces and as a millwright was called, he came to Somerset county, Pa., where on June 5, 1830, he was married to Sarah, daughter of John McMillen, Esq., and soon after located on a farm near the town of New Lexington.

In 1861 he removed to a farm in the vicinity of Oakland, where he continued his residence until the close of his life. His aged companion, two sons and a daughter are left to mourn his death. The funeral services were held on Tuesday afternoon from the M. E. church, of which deceased was a life-long member. Rev. W. J. Sharpe, P. E. officiating, assisted by Rev. J. Lyon and C. E. Clark, pastor. The interment was made in the Old Field Cemetery.

Stonycreek Township Teacher. The following is an extract from the report of the school directors of Stonycreek township, for the year ending September 13, 1890, for the ensuing term of six months, commencing September 22nd: Dorney—Albert F. Kimmel. Dorney—Charles E. Walker. Sculp—Jacob J. Walker. Duppstadt—R. F. Lambert. Lambertville—John M. Lambert. Zerlos—Richard J. Brant. Schrock—D. S. Schrock. Wertz—Charles E. Hingler. Gleason—Samuel M. Fox. Chestnut Ridge—Harvey H. Kimmel. Shanksville, Advance—Wesley H. Spangler.

Families in a Bloody Rite. VINCENNES, Ind., Sept. 18.—At Sandtown, in this county, the Meur and Blevins families engaged a bloody rite at morning, in which knives, pistols and axes were freely used. Two of the Meurs were fatally killed, and two of the Blevins were shot and instantly killed, while two of his brothers were dangerously injured. The first grew out of a family feud of long standing.

He Was Willing to Serve Ten Years in Prison to Steal \$12,800. New York, September 21.—A remarkable story of cool criminal logic came out in the Police Court today on the examination of the three bell boys of the Hotel Vendome arrested in connection with the stealing of the \$12,800 contained in the strong box of the Chicago bookkeepers, Carlin and Saunders, from the Hotel Vendome, New York, after being taken from the wreck, his head and body were crushed; E. W. Logan, baggageman, Shenandoah; Green A. Wald, mail agent; two Mahanoy City firemen, on their way home from the county fair; Chester Convent; and George R. Jones, Esq., the eminent railroad lawyer of Pottsville, who has also a law office in Philadelphia. A number of other bodies are still in the wreck. In addition there is a large list of wounded, many having arms or legs broken.

When daylight dawned on the scene of last night's wreck on the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad, near Shoemakerville, the full realization of the indescribable horrors of the disaster, and the extent of the loss and the sickening spectacle of the wreck and its victims was presented in a startling picture and a terrible scene.

There lay the engine in four and a half feet of water, while the body of the engineer lay on the ground in his own blood. The heavy iron wreck, his arms extended in an appalling manner above his head. The engine was all battered out of shape, and the machinery bent and twisted like plaything. Next lay the tender on its side, and then the baggage car, and finally the passenger car, in the succession in which they left the track; the timbers broken and the cars overturned, plinned the unscathed victims in a death embrace at the bottom of the river.

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Boned to a Crisp.

OMAHA, Neb. Sept. 21.—Freight train No. 97 on the Wabash railroad was wrecked this morning at 2:30 o'clock by going through a burning trestle feet high, about 10 miles south of Omaha. Twelve cars loaded with flour, heavy and other machinery, a disc, one tank car and two cars of beer were totally destroyed. Six cars were saved. The engineer, Minnie Kadrige, and the fireman, Joseph Bitt, both of Stanbury, Mo., were killed. The engineer was killed under his engine, and his body was found under his ash pan. Burke was pinned down by the tank, and died before his body was recovered. The bodies of the dead were taken out of the wrecked parlor car early this morning, almost unrecognizable and badly disfigured.

How Can CURED

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Victors to Pittsburgh Exposition Can Make \$50,000.

Exhibit at the opening of the Exposition.

Victors to Pittsburgh Exposition Can Make \$50,000. Exhibit at the opening of the Exposition. We have been kept so terribly busy this summer, however, in selling our Pianos, and Organs, and Brass Housa and Steel Music, that we actually found no time to get up an exhibit for this year's show. However, we are determined to give our customers the benefit of this great showing, so that anyone who will buy a Piano, Organ, or any other instrument during the continuance of the Fair, will get the benefit of an extra reduction in price of goods of 5 and 10 per cent. Visitors to the show can therefore make some \$50 by calling on H. Kleber & Bros Music Store, 500 Wood Street, and buying one of their instruments. Kleber's is the oldest Music Store west of the mountains and the most reliable one too. They give a full warranty for 8 and 10 years, and sell on easy time payments. Ninety persons out of a hundred would rather trust to Mr. Kleber's choice than to run the risk of the sharp tricks practiced by many music dealers. H. Kleber & Bros kept a Music Store for fifty years, and they had the first choice of all the Pianos and Organs in the country, leaving the indifferent and poor ones to be picked up by the other music dealers. They are the best bargains for the money to be had in the city. Don't fail to call at Kleber's, then, 500 Wood St., three doors above 5th Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

See What We Offer: The best 40-inch Black and Colored Silk Warp Cashmere for \$1 we have ever had the pleasure of showing. 50-inch Black and Colored Henrietta Cashmere at 75c, 85c, and \$1, Silk-finished, all new. Cashmires at 10, 12, 14, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40 and 50c, all the new shades and styles. 46-inch Serges, in all of the newest styles. A full line of Cloths of every description and color. Prices from 25 to 75c. Plaid and Striped Dress Goods in all the new effects, at 25, 40 and 50c.

Fancy Flannels for Sackings of all kinds. Handsome Silk Velvets in Black and Colors. Velvets of all kinds. Velvet Ribbons and Dress Trimmings of all the new styles. A full line of Ribbons, all widths. Flannels of all kinds, at prices way down. Morgan Skirting Flannels and Skirts, and Yarns, all kinds. Thousands of yards of the very best Dark Calicoes, at 5c. 75 pieces of Blue Satine-finish Calicoes, guaranteed colors, at 5c. Thousands of yards of good Dark Gingham, at 5c. Calicoes at 4c. One case left.

A full line of New Blankets, Bed Spreads, Table Linens, Towels, Napkins, Toweling, and Notions of all kinds. JUST ARRIVED! Wool and Cotton Carpet Chains, all colors.

It would be impossible to give prices of our large stock in full. At present all we ask is to call, and we will convince you all that we are headquarters for good goods, cheapest goods, largest variety of goods, and most desirable goods in the county.

WE ARE NEAR THE EXPOSITION. Call from the B. & O. P. R. Deposits pass our doors. Will gladly give any information necessary.

HOOPER BROS. & CO., 307 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

HERE IT IS! NEW CAPPELLO RANGE! THE LATEST AND BEST. EVERY RANGE IS WARRANTED. The Largest and Most Complete Line of COOKING STOVES AND RANGES IN THE COUNTY. Every Size of Heater, from Small Bedroom Stoves to Largest Furnaces, and everything in our line.

A LOT OF SECOND-HAND STOVES, VERY CHEAP. P. A. SCHELL.

Duff's Mercantile College, Pittsburgh, Pa.

THE UNDERSIGNED will offer at public sale in the Diamond, in Somerset, Pa., on SATURDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1890, at 1 o'clock p. m., his farm, situate in Black Township, Somerset County, Pa., containing about 100 acres, more or less, and including a large tract of about 500 acres on the farm. The whole is underlaid with several veins of coal, and is well adapted for raising stock, and for growing wheat, corn, and other crops. This is a desirable property, and is situated in one of the best sections of the county. For further particulars, apply to the undersigned at his office, in the Diamond, in Somerset, Pa.

TERMS.—Ten per cent. of purchase on April 1, 1891, and the balance in cash or notes, to be secured on the land.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. Estate of William Hanna, late of Millard township, Somerset County, Pa., deceased. The undersigned, administrator of the estate of the said William Hanna, late of Millard township, Somerset County, Pa., deceased, has the honor to inform you that the same has been granted to the undersigned by the probate court, and is hereby given to all persons who have claims against the said estate, to present the same to the undersigned on or before the 1st day of October, 1890, at the residence of the said administrator, in the town of Somerset, Pa.

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