The Somerset Herald.

EDWARD SCULL, Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY ..... August 27, 1890.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

STATE.

FOR GOVERNOR,
GEORGE WALLACE DELAMATER.
FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
LOUIS ARTHUR WATRES.
FOR SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS,
THOMAS J. STEWART.

COUNTY.

FOR CONGRESS,
EDWARD SCULL, of Somerset Borough.
Subject to the decision of the District Conference.

FOR STATE SENATOR,
NORMAN B. CRITCHFIELD, of Jenner Twp.
Subject to the decision of the district Conference.

FOR ASSEMBLY,
EPHRAIM D. MILLER, of Rockwood Borough.
JOHN C. WELLER, of Milford Township.

FOR SHERIFF,
ISAIAH GOOD, of Somerset Township.

FOR PROTHONOTARY,
WM. H. SANNER, of Somerset Borough.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
A. J. HILEMAN, of Somerset Borough.

FOR TREASURER,
JOHN HAMER, of Quemahoning Township.

FOR COMMISSIONERS,
GEO. F. KIMMELL, of Milford Township.
SAMUEL U. SHOBER, of Somerset Township.

FOR POOR DIRECTOR,
WM. DICKEY, of Brothersvalley Township.

FOR AUDITORS,
HERMAN SHAFFER, of Somerset Township.
U. D. BROUCHER, of Somerset Township.

IOWA has four State tickets in the field. Iowa will be the political storm center in November.

SPEAKER REED has no fear of his fences in Maine. While he is doing his duty at Washington his friends will keep up his fences.

CANDIDATE PATTISON has written his letter of acceptance. About the 5th of November candidate Pattison will wish that he hadn't accepted.

THE postponement of the Federal Election bill gives the Democrats a breathing spell. But the respite will be brief. It won't be very long till December.

YELLOW jackets broke up a Maryland campmeeting last week. Satan could have no better agent than a well-loaded yellow jacket in a religious gathering.

WHAT the Governor of North Carolina said to the Governor of South Carolina is now considered of minor importance compared to what Mr. Arthur will say to Mr. Powderly.

ACCORDING to government reports the corn crop promises to be the shortest of any year within the past decade. Kansas and other western farmers will have no occasion to burn their corn for fuel this year.

ARE you registered and assessed? How do you know? Don't rely upon your committeeman to attend to it for you. He may overlook you, in the multitude of names he has to look after. Give the matter your personal attention.

ALABAMA has more negroes than white people, but at the recent State election the Democrats had 150,000 votes to the Republicans' 50,000. Alabama is opposed to the Election bill for reasons satisfactory to Alabama Democrats.

REPUBLICAN County Committeemen should examine the registration lists and see that the name of no Republican voter is omitted. It is expected of every member of the Committee to attend to his duty in this matter.

THE Hon. William L. Scott is at last definitely out of the race for re-election to Congress from Erie. A. L. Tolden is the gentleman who has accepted the nomination of the Democratic convention, but he won't succeed Mr. Scott. A Republican will go to Washington from Erie.

Do not run any risk of losing your vote. There is some conflict of opinion regarding the interpretation of the law with reference to the registration of voters. In order that nobody shall run any risk, all should be registered by September 3. Remember, September 3 is the last day on which you can be registered without any question as to your right to vote.

THE Franklin *Repository* suggests that ex-Governor Pattison be invited to Chambersburg to explain why he vetoed the bill giving $50 for the burial of impoverished old soldiers. This bill was passed over Governor Pattison's veto, and the *Repository* says that under it sixty old soldiers of Franklin county have been given decent burial whose bodies otherwise would have gone to the potter's field.

UNDER an agreement between Republican and Democratic Senators, debate is to cease and a vote is to be taken on the tariff bill on September 8. The measure is reasonably certain to pass finally by the middle of the month, and Congress is likely to adjourn shortly thereafter, as both Senators and Representatives are anxious to get home, most of them to look after their political fences.

THE Bradford *Star* characterizes the story that ex-Senator Emery will be arrested when he visits Philadelphia because of his charges against Senator Delamater as nonsense, and adds: "The Republican managers are not in the business of making martyrs. Mr. Emery is perfectly safe to visit Philadelphia, and if he chooses to visit the Republican State Committee rooms he will receive a courteous welcome and gentlemanly treatment.

THE Philadelphia *North American* sizes him up thus: "Charles S. Wolfe, who it seems still lives and moves and has his being, appears to be a kind of a political whatis it. He says that he favors Pattison, and he also avers that he intends to vote the whole Prohibition ticket. That's a queer position to occupy, isn't it? Perhaps the secret of it is that Mr. Wolfe's services as a stump speaker are in the market, and that he is prepared to be knocked down to the highest bidder."

DEMOCRATIC war veterans to the number of 150 met Friday night in Donaldson's Hall, Philadelphia, and, after ringing speeches from some of the prominent men present, unanimously adopted resolutions condemning the action of the Democratic State Convention in nominating Robert E. Pattison for Governor, because of his having vetoed the soldiers' burial bill, and indorsing the Republican candidates on the ground that the interests of the soldier would be secure in the election of a Republican Governor.

A man doesn't want to lose his vote, and when he does he feels very badly about it. Avoid this by getting registered now.

THE Mississippi constitutional convention is disposed to try the plan of disfranchisement by county. The negro vote must be suppressed in some way. That much is the settled policy of the Democracy of the entire South, and has been for twenty years, the only question being the method of suppression. This latest device is described by telegraph as follows:

Mississippi is divided into seventy-four counties. The census of 1880 showed that in thirty-three counties the colored population exceeds the white, thus leaving forty-one in which the whites are in the numerical ascendency. A closer analysis shows that there are only eighteen counties in which the colored population is largely in excess of the white. In other words, it would be easy without any extraordinary bulldozing to hold the supremacy in at least two-thirds of the counties. And this is true, notwithstanding the fact that the total population showing is, White, 479,398; colored, 650,291. Two years ago only four of the seventy-four counties gave a Harrison majority. Such are the facts.

The plan is to so apportion the counties as to make it certain that the white counties will elect the majority of the Legislature and to adopt such a plan as to enable the white counties to always name the State officers. The question seems to be whether it is best to resort to such an expedient or to keep right on bulldozing and counting out.

PRESS COMMENTS.

From the Philadelphia Ledger.

The Prohibitionists of the State made a brave show in their State Convention at Harrisburg, having 630 delegates in their seats, representing, it is said, every county in the State. They are more enthusiastic, too, than their rivals, who meet in convention with the hope that they will be rewarded for their partisan efforts by public office or preferment.

From the Norristown Herald.

One of the most striking features of the vetoes of Robert E. Pattison was his manifest antipathy to any and all measures designed for the relief or benefit of the veterans of the war. It is astonishing how quickly the discovery was made in all such cases that the bill under consideration was clearly unconstitutional in this respect. Pattison was fully up to the Cleveland standard of refusing all encouragement to survivors of the war or their dependent relatives. It is not remarkable that this class of voters should look with little favor upon his candidacy for another term in the office.

From the New York Press.

They have the absurdest development of spoils politics, or rather hog politics, in the rural regions of Pennsylvania. In a Congressional district of several counties each county gets the Congressman for two terms, and then, no matter how useful his experience may be making him, he has to stand aside and give the politicians of the next county a chance. The underlying theory of this rotation custom is that public office is swill, and that the hogs must let each other put their feet in the trough. It is fair play to the hogs, but not to the people. This is why you never hear of the country districts of Pennsylvania developing Kelleys and Randals by accumulated experience.

From the New York Tribune.

"You haven't a pension?" queried the astonished Fenderson of the legless veteran who was scrubbing the marble floor of the corridor of the Bangup building. "No, I haven't no pension, and I don't expect to get one neither," answered the veteran as he bent to his work. "How can you expect a man with no legs and one of his eyes most gone to hustle round with men in perfect health to get a pension? I tell you a man who is going to get a pension in the rush has got to be in first-class health and strong as an ox."

From the Toledo Blade.

"The farmers have been well cared for by Congress, and the vast majority will be perfectly satisfied if the tariff bill, embodying the principles of the Republican party and carrying out the pledge made in the last National platform, be passed. They don't want any compromise with the free trade or tariff advocates, and none should be made. There is no reason for any compromise. The farmers will stand as firmly by the Republican party as will the manufacturers of the country. The interests of both are equally involved in the protective principle, and both desire that principle to be honestly and courageously maintained."

From the Harrisburg Telegraph.

Wednesday was Charles S. Wolfe's Democratic day, but early yesterday morning the Prohibitionists got hold of him, and it was not long before his regular daily letter appeared, this time announcing that he had renounced Democracy and all its works and would henceforth fight under the Prohibition banner. This announcement did not occasion much surprise, for Mr. Wolf has been slipping and sliding around for some time trying to find some place to cling to for a week or so, and there will be no surprise if he should to-morrow print that he is again back in the Democratic camp. This State is prepared to hear anything about Wolfe—but that Wolfe is consistent.

From the Detroit Tribune.

In 1844 Senator Hoar's father, Samuel Hoar, was the commissioner sent by the Legislature of Massachusetts to South Carolina to test the constitionality of the laws of that State authorizing the imprisonment of free colored people who should enter it. For this constitutional proceeding Samuel Hoar was grossly ill-treated at Charleston, and, by an act of the South Carolina Legislature, was expelled from the State. The son, then 16 years old, is not likely to have forgotten the indignities and insults offered to his father and through him to his State. Then, too, Mr. Hoar was named by Senator Sumner, as the man best fitted to carry on a work for the colored man that had been shortened by the wanton attack of the bully Brooks. Thus both by inheritance and by appointment Senator Hoar has been called upon to carry on the struggle for the supremacy of constitutional law and order at the South.

Pennsylvania's Proud Place in the Galaxy of States.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 24.—Some compensation for the loss of the second city in the Union for Pennsylvania is the fact now fully ascertained that she still holds a firm grip on the second place in the sisterhood of States in population and wealth. The entire population of the country is, as has been reported in the rough count, probably a little over 64,000,000.

The increase of population, on the whole, has not been as great in the Southern States, or in the Northern States of the Mississippi Valley, as had been expected in those regions notwithstanding that all of them advanced considerably, and some of them remarkably over the figures of the last census. Pennsylvania made the largest actual gain in the number of her people, increasing her population by over a million. Next comes New York, with an increase of over 900,000; and then Illinois, with a gain of between 700,000 and 800,000. Ohio only increased by 400,000.

Of the Southern States Missouri adds the greatest number of people to her population, growing from 2,168,380 in 1880 to 2,788,000 at the present time, and showing a gain of over 600,000. Texas comes in as a good second, increasing from 1,591,749 at last census taking to 2,142,000 now, and showing a growth of over 500,000. There are eight States whose respective populations are over 2,000,000. New York has over 6,000,000, Pennsylvania over 5,000,000 and Illinois and Ohio both nearly 4,000,000. There are seventeen States that have each less than 1,000,000, and the population of all these seventeen States taken altogether does not quite equal that of the State of New York.

THE TRACTION ENGINE.

A Gentle Reminder as to the Law of the Public Road.

From the Bedford Inquirer.

The traction engine, with the thresher and the water tank in its train, is now moving back and forward on almost every township road. For some reason or other the average horse is dreadfully afraid of his iron brother, and regards his appearance upon the highway as an unwarrantable intrusion upon his own domain. Many horses which show no signs of fear when a locomotive and train of cars go thundering by, become uncontrollable at the sight of one of these little perambulators. The State Legislature took note of this peculiarity of the horse and in the Act of June 30, 1885, prescribed the manner in which traction engines should be operated on the public highways, and provided for the safety of those who ride and drive and use the horse. This law of the Commonwealth is constantly and persistently broken by those who have the control of the traction engines. It is, perhaps, not putting the case too strongly to say that it is never observed. Should any serious accident occur through a failure to obey the law, a jury would be sure to give the injured party damages far exceeding the value of the engine, and everything that it draws in its train.

For the information of all concerned the second section of the act of June 30, 1885, is given below. The act in entitled "an act to regulate the movement of machinery propelled by steam upon the public roads and highways of the Commonwealth." The operative section is as follows:

Section 2. That in every case when such machinery, propelled by steam is being moved upon a public road or highway, it shall be the duty of the owner or owners, or the persons in charge of such machinery, upon the approach in either direction of all persons traveling in vehicles, or if charge of teams, to move such machinery as far as practicable to the right or left of the road to a position where the said approaching vehicle or team may pass with the greatest safety, and stop the same before such persons, traveling in vehicles or in charge of teams, shall have arrived within three hundred feet of such machinery, and the owner, or owners, or persons in charge of such machinery, shall assist such passing vehicles, or teams until they are safely by the danger, and if there be any obstruction to the view of the road it shall be the duty of the owner, or owners, or persons in charge of such machinery, not to approach such obstruction nearer than three hundreed feet without going to the place to see that the road is clear, or sending some competent person for the purpose.

A Republican Year.

PHILADELPHIA, August 24.—Senator Delamater arrived in the city this morning. He was apparently in good health, and in the course of a little chat said:

Yes, I am feeling pretty well, although I have had a touch of the neuralgia for the first time in my life. I have been on the go for some weeks, and have been in many sections of the State. My views, hurriedly gathered, as of necessity, are about the same as are those of the people I have met. This is to be a Republican year, which will be shown as the campaign develops. Of course, it promises to be hard work, but I enjoy going from place to place and meeting my friends. I do not mind the traveling, as I am accustomed to that. They will keep me busy for the next two weeks. I shall be in Philadelphia all day to-morrow. On Tuesday morning my schedule takes me to Lasdale, where the Bucks-Montgomery Congressional Convention is to be held. At 8 o'clock of the same evening I am due at the Anti-Cobden Club, in this city. Then I must make a long jump away out to Uniontown to attend the soldiers' reunion and county fair. On Thursday I go to the Grangers' picnic at Williams Grove, and on Friday I must be at Troy, in Bradford county, where there is a meeting of the Farmers' Club and a fair. I close the week on Saturday at Ambler, Montgomery county.

The Danger to the Grange.

If Leonard Rhone takes his own letter seriously, the letter in which he calls upon its members to protect the power of the Grange, he must be learning from the protests of prominent Grangers against his other letter calling on the Grangers to vote for Pattison, a good deal about the consequences of looking one way and walking another.

The reply of Charles W. Roberts, one of the best known Grangers of the State, in line with similar protest from such prominent Grangers as Messrs. Hess, Childs and Thomas has clearly explained Leonard Rhone's dilemma. Capt. Roberts said:

Mr. Rhone is a perfect gentleman and a Democrat. He has been elected to the legislature by the Democrats of Centre county, and I understand he is now a candidate for the Democratic nomination for State Senator. I think his letter presents a partisan view of the situation, is devoid of facts and entirely unwarranted. I have not the slightest doubt about the election of Senator Delamater by a handsome majority. The Republican party has taken advanced steps toward effecting an equalization of taxation and pledged to do in this direction exactly what is asked by the Granger interests of the State. On this issue, squarely put and stood by firmly and without qualification, there should be no concern about the outcome of the election.

The *Farmer's Friend*, the organ of the Grange, which is edited by Colonel R. H. Thomas, seems to be getting alarmed at the effect which suction into the political maelstrom may have upon the society and in its issue of last week makes an appeal to the members not to enlist as Grangers in the war over the success of political candidates. All over the State Grangers are resenting Mr. Rhone's attempt to swing the Grange for Pattison. As the *Farmer's Friend* says, the danger to the Grange has come from within. But the Grangers are not going to be influenced by Mr. Rhone's appeal for Pattison except to resent it. Perhaps, on account of it, some who are Democrats may not vote for Pattison, but upon Republicans its only influence can be to call attention to what the Republican party has done and will do for the farmer.—*Inquirer.*

A Veteran's Story.

Boston *Herald*: Heard a good thing the other day about Billy Skidmore of our regiment. He was on the skirmish line, there had been quite a little fight, and, of course, a number were missing. We had with us a little drummer who was among them, but just as we were moving to the rear Billy Skid said he heard the little cuss playing the First Sergeant's call down in the hollow, and asked permission to go down and get him. He was sure he heard him, and knew he wanted help. The Captain told him he might go, and we never saw Skid again—that is, I never did until to-day, and then I didn't know him; twenty-eight years ago is a long time you know. Well, we went down into the hollow among the brush, and found the little fellow, with both feet off, laying alongside a Johnny. The drummer's legs were strapped tight with a handerchief and a leather belt, and he said the Reb had done it for him. He said: "The Reb says to me, 'I am going to die, boy—I'm mortally wounded—but there is a chance for you, if I can fix you so you won't bleed to death,' so he put these on my legs, and told me to drum so some Yank might hear me." Skidmore said he turned the Reb over and hoped to find some life in him, but before he could find out they were captured. The drummer died.

Ticket Named at Harrisburg.

HARRISBURG, Pa., August 22.—The following candidates were nominated by the Prohibitionists in State Convention here: Governor, Charles W. Miller, of Franklin; Lieutenant-Governor, Col. E. Hyatt, of Chester; Secretary of Internal Affairs, W. T. Dunn, of Allegheny county. A letter was read from Charles S. Wolfe, who was the Prohibition candidate for Governor in 1882, in which he declared his intention not to support Pattison for Governor, as he had at first announced he would do. An appeal for funds resulted in raising $3,000. Resolutions in memory of the late Clinton B. Fisk, and heartily endorsing the W. C. T. U. as an ally of Prohibition, were adopted, and the Convention adjourned.

As if Shot From a Cannon.

READING, Pa., Aug. 22.—A horrible accident occurred this forenoon, shortly before 11 o'clock, on the Mount Gravity Road a mountain route encircling Mount Penn, eight hundred feet above the City of Reading. The road was opened five months ago and has been doing a good business ever since. The cars were taken from a point on the outskirts of the city to the top of the mountain, a distance of five miles, returning by gravity, by way of another route, to the point of starting.

This forenoon, about 10:30, a car containing about eighteen passengers was taken from the starting point to the top of the mountain. This consumed about thirty minutes. On the top of the mountain there is a high stone tower, where the passengers were allowed to light to enjoy the scenery for thirty miles around.

There are different stories as to the cause of the accident, but it appears that when the tower was reached—the point where the gravity portion of the road commences—the engine was detached, when the car ran away while the passengers were still on board. The distance to the point of starting is five miles, and it is estimated that this was covered by the runaway car in about three minutes, the car attaining fearful speed, estimated at eighty miles an hour.

It remained on the track to the foot of the plane, going around all the curves, while the passengers shrieked in their fright and several jumped off. When the car reached the station at the foot of the plane it jumped the track and rolled down a fifty-foot embankment, where it landed upside down with the passengers imprisoned inside.

The greatest excitement prevailed, and soon a big crowd gathered. Doctors and the ambulance were sent for, and dead and injured were removed. Six persons were found to have beed killed and a number of others were seriously injured.

A Fight With a Catamount.

SCRANTON, August 24.—A yearling heifer belonging to Alonzo H. Tipple, of Lehigh township, strayed away last week, and Tipple went in search of her along the wilds of Choke creek. He cut a hickory gad on the way, and about a half a mile below the head of the stream and several rods to the east of the creek he heard an animal moaning in a rank growth of goldenrod, which covers hundreds of acres of the ridge between the Lehigh River and Bear creek. Hastening to the spot Tipple found a large catamount tearing away at the throat of his beifer, that lay on her side in the last agonies of death, and, without giving a thought to the risk he was taking, he rushed at the beast and began to whip it over the head with his gad.

With a cry of rage the catamount sprang at Tipple. He avoided the beasts claws by jumping behind a hemlock stub, from which the catamount had evidently pounced upon the heifer, giving it a cut with the gad as it flew past him. The screaming animal turned, and Tipple moved to the other side of the stub, and was ready to beat it over the head again, but he didn't get a chance, for the catamount climbed to the top of the stub, beyond the reach of his whip, where it crouched and glared at him. Thinking that the catamount would surely pounce upon him if he moved far enough from the stub for it to make a spring, Tipple hugged the tree and tried to think of some way to kill the beast.

He had no weapon except a jacknife, but he spied a stone about as big as his two fists lying within easy reach. He picked it up slowly, and with all the force he could put into his arm hurled it at the catamount's head, 20 feet above him. It struck the animal square on the nose, and the catamount fell stunned in a mass of Goldenrod, four or five rods from the stub. Before it had a chance to come to, Tipple cut its throat with his pocketknife. The catamount weighed 35 pounds.

Farmers Institutes.

The State Board of Agriculture has just issued a series of regulations for the control of local Farmers' Institutes during the coming season. In all cases resident members will have precedence in all such organizations, unless he waives his right to exercise it, then an outsider can conduct an institute. When but one institute is held in a county the sum of $100 is to be appropriated for its support, and in case more than one is held the county will get $150, of which an itemized showing of the expenses must be made. To promote economy, it has been decided to hold the Institute in circuits, and the selection of places in which Institutes can be held, has been made by the Advisory Committee by which the counties of the State are so divided and arranged as to make access to Institutes easy.

The districts for holding the Institutes this year are as follows:

No. 1, Wayne and Lackawanna; 2, Susquehanna and Wyoming; 3, Bradford and Tioga; 4, Erie, Warren and Crawford; 5, Venango, Mercer and Lawrence; 6, Butler, Clarion and Armstrong; 7, Somerset, Westmoreland and Bedford; 8, Clinton, Centre and Huntingdon; 9, Perry, Juniata and Franklin; 10, Adams and York; 11, Lancaster and Chester; 12, Montgomery and Bucks; 13, Berks, Lehigh and Northampton; 14, Northumberland, Montour and Union; 15, Columbia and Luzerne.

Some Pumpkins.

WASHINGTON, August 24.—Mr. Gravin D. High, press correspondent for "California on Wheels," now in this city, tells some very strange stories of California, among which is the following: "As an evidence of the wonderful fertility of California soil," said Mr. High, "might be mentioned the disaster which lately befell a certain dairyman in our state. When he began to gather in his crop of pumpkins (raised for cow feed) some of them were so large that there was on the farm no appliances large enough to get them on the wagon. The farmer, therefore, conceived the idea of supplying the pumpkins to the cattle without taking them from the fields. He sawed a hole in each pumpkin large enough for a cow to enter and eat to her heart's content. But one wet day when two cows and a calf were in a large pumpkin, which they had hollowed out and were using for a stable they got to kicking around and rolled the door to the top, and then the rain came in and drowned them all."

"So you see there are some disadvantages about raising big things. Now they saw up the largest pumpkins into cubic yard blocks and store them away until needed for food. If you see Senator Hearst you may ask him to corroborate this incident. He may not have seen those particular pumpkins, but he raises some nearly that large on one of his own ranches."

The Prohibition State Convention.

The Prohibition State Convention met at Harrisburg on Wednesday, with 630 delegates in attendance. Few of them seemed to have stayed at home. G. G. Hancock, of Philadelphia, was made Temporary, and Agib Picketts, of Luzerne, Permanent Chairman. Prof. Patton, of Lancaster, was made State Chairman, A. A. Stevens having declined to serve longer. In the platform adopted reciprocity is favored, the Australian system of voting indorsed, a longer residence demanded of foreigners before voting, and the enforcement of the pauper contract law and the granting of suffrage to women advocated. Charles S. Wolfe sent a letter to one of the delegates, declining to be a candidate for Governor on the Prohibition ticket, and declaring his purpose to vote and work for Pattison.

Tarred and Feathered.

GREENSBURG, Pa., Aug. 20.—Late Monday night two young girls, residing at Shafton, went to Manor, and while there their conduct, it seems, disgusted several of the young men of the town. The girls having disregarded a warning to stay away, the young men concluded to resort to extreme measures. After stripping the girls the boys applied a coat of tar and feathers, and then marched them out of town. The friends of the girls are determined to punish the perpetrators.

Farmers, Take Notice.

I have leased the large warehouse of Peter Fink at the B. & O. Depot, in Somerset, for five years, and also warerooms at Berlin and Coleman's, where I will keep on hand during the seasons for delivery and reshipment to all local points every grade of Fertilizers manufactured by the well-known Susquehanna Fertilizer Company, of Canton, Baltimore, Md. I have spent five years among you, while these goods have been used in Somerset county for eight years, having been introduced by the Hon. O. P. Shaver. Owing to the large number of my patrons whom I thank kindly, my agents and myself may be unable to call to see you personally, so I take advantage of your excellent papers to call your attention to the merits of our Fertilizers, and beg leave to say that S. B. Yoder, of Pugh, Somerset County, Pa., and myself have solicited orders for the fall crops of 1890—100 tons to date of issue, notwithstanding the strong competition.

R. M. Patton, of Somerset, who resides near the depot, is acting as delivering agent for me. By addressing or calling on him, you can learn our prices. We can re-ship to any local point on short notice, but would prefer at all times to have your orders as far in advance of immediate wants as practical as it enables us to get our goods to you in better mechanical condition. In behalf of the Susquehanna Fertilizer Co., I am,

Very Respectfully,
A. J. KOSER, Guernsey, Pa.

Lewis Watson Dead.

WASHINGTON, August 25.—Representative Lewis F. Watson, of the Twenty-seventh Congressional District, Pennsylvania, died very suddenly, at 11.30 o'clock this morning in the Shoreham Hotel.

Mr. Watson, accompanied by his private secretary, was about to enter a carriage to be driven to the Capitol. On the way out of the lobby of the hotel he complained of a dizziness in his head and sickness of the stomach. He fell unconscious and was taken to the parlor, where stimulants were administered, and he soon revived.

A physician was immediately sent for, but before his arrival Mr. Watson again became unconscious, and died in a few moments.

Mr. Watson was renominated at the recent primaries, his contest with ex-State Senator Emery, of McKean, and ex-Senator Lee, of Venango, being too recent to need more than casual mention.

Game Laws.

Following are the times set by law for hooking and shooting of various kinds of fish and game:

Birds—Turkey, from October 15 to January 1; ducks and geese, from September 1 to May 15; plover, from July 15 to January 1; quail, from November 1 to December 15; pheasants, from October 1 to January 1.

Animals—Deer and elk, from October 1 to December 15; squirrels, from September 1 to January 1; rabbits, from November 1 to January 1.

Fish—Brook or speckled trout, from April 15 to July 15; lake trout, from October 1 to July 1; black bass, pickerel, pike and salmon, from June 1 to January 1; German carp, from September 1 to May 1.

Tried to Enter Hill Farm Mine.

DUNBAR, Pa., Aug. 21.—The Hill farm mine has been opened, but the party searching for the 31 miners entombed over two months ago were driven back by the heat. They were able to go as far as the trap-door in the manway. They heard no roar of the flames, but the heat was so intense and stifling that they could proceed no farther. A few days ago the Dunbar Furnace Company concluded to make an investigation. They did so with the above result. The party consisted of Superintendent Lang, Mine Boss Evans, Dr. T. P. Walker and others.

A Village Swept Away.

PLYMOUTH, Pa., August 21.—People arriving here from Stillwater, a village 20 miles from here, report that the place was totally destroyed by Tuesday's storm. Seven persons are miss[illegible] and [illegible] injured. The storm came upon Stillwater so suddenly that the residents could not escape its fury. People working in fields were dashed to the ground or pinioned under trees. The farmers have lost everything and the whole section in laid waste.

Robbers Bind and Gag a Family and Secure $4,000.

WOOSTER, O., August 21.—Burglars last night broke into the residence of Michael Shelly, a wealthy farmer, six miles from here. All the members of the family were bound and gagged. Shelly was forced under threats of death to reveal the hiding place of $4,000, the result of years of hard work, and this the robbers secured and rode off. A neighboring farmer released the family from its helpless plight.

French Physicians Favor a Device for Deafness.

PARIS, August 22.—Physicians look with favor upon the invention for relieving deafness, which was recently introduced here by A. H. Wiles, of Bridgeport, Conn., and say it is undoubtedly the highest development which science has reached towards aiding the deaf.

DIED.

SWANK.—On Sunday, August 10, 1890, very suddenly, Elizabeth A., wife of John Swank, at her home near Somerset, aged 38 years, 4 months and 8 days.

Their union was blessed with four sons and three daughters, who mourn the loss of an affectionate mother. She was a member of the Reformed church until about nine years ago, when she united, with her husband, with the Evangelical Association, of which she remained a member up till the time of her death.

HOOD'S
COMPOUND EXTRACT
OF
SARSAPARILLA
TRADE MARK

The importance of purifying the blood cannot be overestimated, for without pure blood you cannot enoy good health.

At this season nearly every one needs a good medicine to purify, vitalize, and enrich the blood, and Hood's Sarsaparilla is worthy your confidence. It is peculiar in that it strengthens and tones up the system, creates an appetite, and tones the digestion, while it eradicates disease. Give it a trial.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. Prepared by C. I Hod & Co., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, The Honorable WILLIAM J. BAER, President Judge of the several Courts of Common Pleas of the several counties composing the 16th Judicial District, and justice of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the said District, and GEORGE V. PILE and OLIVER P. SHAVER, Esq's, Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas and Justices of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the County of Somerset have issued their precepts, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace and General Jail Delivery, and Court of Oyer and Terminer at Somerset, on

MONDAY, SEPT. 22, 1890.

NOTICE is hereby given to all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroner and Constables within the said County of somerset, that they be then and there in their proper persons with their rolls, records, inquisition examinations and other remembrances, do those things which to their office and in th behalf appertain to be done, and also they will prosecute against the prisoners that are shall be in the jail of Somerset County, to be tht and there to prosecute against them as shall beget.

Sheriff's Office,
Somerset, 8-27.

R. S. McMILLEN,
Sheriff.

TRUSTEES' SALE

— OF —

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

BY VIRTUE of an order of sale issued out of the Orphans' Court of Somerset County, Pa., and to us directed, we will expose to sale at public outcry, on the premises, in the Township of Jenner, Somerset Co., Pa., on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 30, 1890,

at 1 o'clock p. m., the following described real estate, late the property of Herman Umberger, deceased, viz.:

A certain farm or tract of land situate in Jenner Township, Somerset County, Pa., adjoining lands of Belle Griffith, William Stuff, Solomon Bowman, Edward Maurer, Adam Friedline and others, containing one hundred and fifty-four acres and 142 perches, more or less, with the appurtenances.

This is the homestead farm of Herman Umberger, and has thereon erected a two story

—DWELLING HOUSE,—

large barn, and is well watered. About one Hundred acres clear and balance well timbered with pine and oak. Has a good orchard and is situated on Somerset and Johnstown pike, two miles north Jennertown.

TERMS.

The share of the widow (one-half after the payment of all just debts and legal charges) shall remain in the hands of the purchaser during the natural life of Nancy Umberger, the widow of Herman Umberger, deceased, and the interest thereof shall be annually and regularly paid to her by the purchaser, his heirs and assigns holding the premises, to be recovered by distress, or otherwise, as rents are recoverable in this Commonwealth, which the said widow shall accept in full satisfaction of her dower in the premises, and at her decease her share of the purchase money shall be paid to the heirs of Herman Umberger, deceased. The balance shall be paid in three equal payments. Ten per cent to be paid down on day of sale, the remainder of one-third at the confirmation of sale; one-third in one-year, and the remaining third in two years.

PERRY UMBERGER,
REUBEN HORNER,
Trustees.

july30.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs of FiFa issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Somerset Co., Pa., to me directed, I will expose to public sale at the Court House, in Somerset, Pa., at 1 o'clock p. m., on

FRIDAY, SEPT. 19, 1890,

All the right, title, interest and claim of John W. Whisler, of, in and to the following described real estate, viz:

Two certain lots of ground situate in the town of Bethel, Paint Twp., Somerset County, Pa., and known on the plan of said town as Nos. 1 and 2, Block 6, containing 72 perches, and having thereon erected a large two story dwelling house with storeroom; also, small 1½ story dwelling house.

Taken in execution of the property of John W. Whisler, at the suit of F. S. Rose.

— ALSO —

All the right, title, interest and claim of Mary Yoder, of, in and to the following described real estate, viz:

A certain tract of land situate in Somerset Twp., Somerset Co., Pa., adjoining lands of Samuel U. Trent, Jonathan Cunningham, Christian Silekerman, James Shaffer, and others, containing 26 acres more or less, having thereon erected a small dwelling house and stable, with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution as the property of Mary Yoder at the suit of Joseph Zimmerman.

— ALSO —

All the right, title, interest and claim of Wm. H. Griffith, and Annie A. Griffith, of, in and to the following described real estate, viz: A certain tract of land situate in Somerset Twp., Somerset Co., Pa., adjoining lands of Peter Griffith, George Swank and Joseph Bean, containing 14 acres, more or less, having thereon erected a small frame dwelling house, and outbuildings, with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution as the property of Wm. H. Griffith and Annie A. Griffith, at the suit of Uhl & Holbert.

—ALSO—

All the right, title, interest and claim of Alexander Shaulis, of, in and to the following described real estate, viz: A certain tract of land situate in Ogle township, Somerset County, Pa., adjoining lands of Harrison Oldham, Henry Younkert and John A. Feliz, containing 135 acres more or less, having thereon erected a two story plank dwelling house, bank barn and other outbuildings, with the appurtenances. Taken in execution as the property of Alexander Shaulet, at the suit of Henry Shoenthal.

—ALSO—

All the right, title, interest and claim of I. J. Schrock of in and to the following described real estate, viz: A certain tract of land situate in Stonycreek township, Somerset County, Pa., adjoining lands of George Schrock, Pearson Rean, William Platt, John Reiman and others, containing 175 acres more or less, having thereon erected a two story and basement brick dwelling house, new bank barn and other outbuildings, with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution as the property of I. J. Schrock at the suit of George Reits estate.

— ALSO —

All the right, title interest and claim of George W. Riehl, of, in and to the following described real estate, viz: A certain lot of ground situate in Berlin Borough, Somerset County, Pa., fronting on the North on Back street, and bounded on the east by an alley; south by lot of Louise Krissinger, and west by lands of Josiah Wer, being 90 feet wide by 165 feet deep meeting therein erected a dwelling house and outbuildings.

Taken in execution as the property of George W. Riehl, at the suit of Flora A. and J. C. Spelcher, heirs of Aaron Spelcher, dec'd.

—ALSO—

All the right, title, interest and claim of Edward A. Spangler and Joseph E. Gatchell, of, in and to to the following described real estate, viz: A certain tract of land situate in Stonycreek township, Somerset county, Pa., adjoining lands of Jacob Glessner, Aaron Spangler, Harriet Snyder's heirs and others, containing 30 acres.

Taken in execution as the property of Edward A. Spangler and Joseph E. Gatchell, at the suit of Martin H. Hartzell.

— NOTICE. —

All persons purchasing at the above sale will please take notice that 10 per cent. of the purchase money must be paid when the property is knocked down, otherwise it will again be exposed to sale at the risk of the first purchaser. The residue of the purchase money must be paid on or before day of confirmation. No deed will be acknowledged until the purchase money is paid in full.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE
Somerset, Pa., Aug. 27, 90.

R. S. McMILLAN,
Sheriff.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all persons concerned as legatees, creditors or otherwise, that the following accounts have passed register, and that the same will be presented for confirmation and allowance at an Orphans' Court to be held at Somerset on Wednesday, Sep. 24, 1890:

First and final account of Oliver Knepper, Administrator of Mary Zimmerman, dec'd.

First account of John M. Landis, Admr. of Aquilas Landis, dec'd.

First and final account of Peter Knavel, Admr. of Jacob Knavel, dec'd.

First and final account of A. J. Cober and J. M. Knepper, Executors of Sally Coleman, dec'd.

First and final account of Urias Trent and Samuel Trent, Executors of Harrison Trent, d ec'd.

First and final account of Cyrus M. Shaver, Administrator of Herbert Nicodemus, dec'd.

First and final account of J. J. Zimmerman, Administrator of Elizabeth Smith, dec'd.

First and final account of J. C. Bowman, Administrator of Jacob Z. Bowman, dec'd.

First and final account of V. A. and B. C. Cunningham, Administrators of Wesley Cunningham, dec'd.

First account of A. B. Lenhart and Conrad Miller, Administrators of Jacob D. Shaulis, dec'd.

First and Final Account of F. J. Grassner, Administrator of John Grassner, deceased.

First and final Account of Sadie E. Damm, Administrator of Henry O. Damm, deceased.

First and Final Account of Chauncey H. Berkey Administrator of Godfrey Stahl, deceased.

First and Final Account of J. Harry Fritz, Administrator of Jacob M. Walter, deceased.

First and Final Account of Scot Gilbert, Administrator of the estate of David Dibert, deceased who was Trustee for the sale of the real estate of Robert Griffith, deceased.

First and Final Account of Howard H. and N. George Keim, Administrator of Silas C. Keim, deceased.

Second and Final Account of Silas A. Wagner, Administrator c. t. a. of JosephIvely, deceased.

Second and Final Account of A. F. Dickey, Executor of Joseph G. Coleman, deceased.

First and final account of Frank P. Suter, Administrator of John Lottig, dec'd.

First and final account of John P. Rhoads, Administrator of Jefferson Rhoads, dec'd.

The account of Charles E. Houpt, Executor of Andrew Houpt, dec'd.

Register's Office,
Aug 27, 1890.

J. D. SWANK,
Register.

ADMINISTRATRIX' NOTICE.

Estate of William Shaw, dec'd., late of Ursina Borough, Somerset Co., Pa.

Letters of Administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned by the proper authority, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement on Friday, October 10th, 1890, at the late residence of the deceased, in Ursina Borough.

ELLA BLANCH SHAW,
Admrx