The Somerset Herald.

EDWARD SCULL, Editor and Proprietor

WEDNESDAY.....November 27, 1889.

CONGRESS meets on Monday next, December 2nd. It bids fair to be a long and acrimonious session.

WHY did ex-President Cleveland jump in and congratulate Ohio and Iowa and fail to mention New York? Is anything the matter with Hill?

THE Democratic press continues to pound Mahone. We thought they claimed to have Mahone whipped, but it appears they are afraid of him yet.

DOM PEDRO is an exile, but with a pension of $450,000 a year and a snug fortune of $2,500,000, the dark clouds that hang over this Brazilian exile have a very good border of silver and gold.

IT looks as if Jeff Davis had reached the "last ditch." He is seriously ill at his home and is gradually growing more feeble. The end is apparently fast approaching. He is over eighty years of age.

THE official returns of the vote for State Treasurer were received at the State Department on Friday. The total vote was: Boyer, Republican, 341,244; Bigler, Democrat, 280,318; Johnston, Prohibition, 22,401. Boyer's majority over Bigler, 60,926.

THE amount of our internal revenue, although it is collected chiefly from spirits, malt liquors and tobacco, is constantly increasing. It is estimated that for the present fiscal year, ending June 30th, it will amount to the sum of $142,000,000, which will be $11,000,000 more than was collected last year.

WHAT is the matter with Thurman? A year since, when a candidate for Vice President, he was the ostensible idol of the Ohio Democracy. Now, that they can elect a Senator, you never see his name mentioned; but a lot of fellows with corpulent money-bags are on top, bidding for the prize.

SENATOR ALLISON, who has arrived in Washington, is reported as being confident of his own re-election as Senator from Iowa, where the Republicans have six majority in the Legislature. Senator Allison's retirement from the Senate would be a public loss, no less than a loss to the Republican party.

IT is said that provision is being made for 40,000 enumerators of the coming census, which, if the population should reach the estimate of 64,500,000, is about 1600 persons to a district. This will create a temporary army of office holders, but it ought to insure a very complete enumeration of the population. The census will be taken during the month of June.

THE counting of the vote in Ohio and Iowa has not given the Democrats as much satisfaction as they at first expected. In Ohio it shows that the whole Republican ticket was elected except Foraker. In Iowa it discloses the same fact, some of the Republican candidates having nearly 10,000 plurality. These facts go a long way in showing that it was local causes which brought about the partial Republican defection in these States.

THANKSGIVING draws near and the people will find a multitude of things for which to be devoutly thankful. There is general health and profound peace and prosperity throughout the land. The last dynasty in "all America" has fallen, and all America is republican. In addition to all that, this division of the continent has a wise and sound Republican President and a Republican Cabinet and Congress. Why should not the whole people give thanks?

U. S. DISTRICT ATTORNEY LYON, of Pittsburgh, has completed his arrangements for bringing suit against the Jeannette glass blowers for violating the contract labor law. It is to be hoped this report is true. And if it is, let the violators of this law be prosecuted to conviction and punishment. Much of the trouble with labor in this country grows out of these contract importations, and the parties guilty ought to be punished so severely that the practice would be stopped.

A FIERCE faction fight is being waged by the Democracy of Pennsylvania over the coming Gubernatorial election. Hon. William L. Scott, who ladled out the patronage among the faithful in this State during the Cleveland administration, has whetted his knife and is after the scalp of Hon. William A. Wallace, who has the presumption to aspire to the nomination for Governor next year. Scott is noted more for his money than for his brains, and will probably make it quite lively for the ex-Senator. The fun of the thing is that these gentlemen and their followers should fight, just about nothing. With eighty thousand of a majority against them, it is most amusing to see them squabble over who shall take a licking. However, it is not our funeral, and like the woman watching the fight between her husband and a bear, we don't care a darn which whips.

In concluding his address at the Prison Congress in Nashville, ex-President Hayes referred to the recent fatal encounter between Colonel Goodloe and Colonel Swope, at Lexington, Kentucky, and asserted that a change of public sentiment was necessary to eradicate such evils. "Every good man and every good woman would sustain the man who refused to violate the law by using deadly weapons to remedy a wrong inflicted by mere words written or spoken. Men in public places should speak out on this subject. Where is the indecent craven that will insult a man of whom it is known that he will not, to avenge personal wrongs, resort to the use of deadly weapons? From the moment that a man makes known his intention to be thus free from the violation of the law he is safe from any man having character enough to insult anybody."

These words are as well timed as they are true. The time has passed in this country when a man like Aaron Burr can slay a man like Alexander Hamilt in under the mere pretense of wiping out an imagined insult. The killing of Hamilton made dueling hateful and mean in the eyes of the people in the North. The killing of Senator Broderick in California, even in the pioneer days, made Judge Terry a murderer in the eyes of the hardy pioneers. It is only in the South that the code duello has had any recognition for a generation past, and the horrible affair at Lexington ought to give dueling its death blow in Kentucky and throughout the Southern States.

THE empire was peace, and the republic is peace in Brazil. Never was an empire administered by a more democratic ruler than Dom Pedro; never was a republic more conservative of ancient rights than that which has succeeded this empire. That the revolution has been bloodless is due in part to the education in practical democracy which Brazil has undergone during the long and prosperous reign of the now deposed monarch. It is a reign to whose memory not Brazilians alone but all friends of progress will turn lovingly in centuries to come. It is a reign in which slavery has been abolished, commerce developed, science made popular, schools encouraged, and religion cherished, while the isolation of the church from the state has been made complete.

It would have been more fit in the æsthetic relation of things that the good Dom Pedro should have died an emperor, and the republic have been his natural heir, as it were. But "time and tide for no man wait," and the time and tide of republicanism had come to Brazil. It is probable that had it been certain that the legitimate successor to Dom Pedro would have been as liberal as himself the revolution might have been delayed; but it seemed to those who had the best chance of seeing that the legitimate successor would be a reactionary ruler. In such case it would have required arms and blood to achieve that which has now been accomplished peacefully. Besides which, the testimony of ex-President Hayes indicates that the Emperor was a republican at heart; a man quite as ready to resign as his subjects were to accept his resignation. Be that as it may, the empire dies with dignity, the Emperor becomes even more illustrious as a citizen than as a ruler, and the republic becomes an accepted fact more easily than any other political fact of equal import ever has been accepted.

Stanley Starts for Zanzibar.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—The British Consul at Zanzibar telegraphed to the Foreign Office as follows:

"Stanley arrived at Mpwapwa on the fifty-fifth day after his departure from the Victoria Nyanza, and the 188th day after leaving the Albert Nyanza. In addition to the names already telegraphed, Stanley has with him Hoffmann, Emin's daughter, and Fathers Grault and Schinae, of the Algerian Mission. Stanley left Mpwapwa on the 12th, traveling toward the coast by way of Kemba and Mwemi. Stanley made an unexpected discovery of real value in finding an extension of the Victoria Nyanza toward the southwest. The utmost southerly reach of the extension is south latitude two degrees forty-eight minutes. This brings the Victoria Nyanza within 155 miles of Lake Tanganyika. The area of the extension is 26,000 square miles."

According to further advices received by the Foreign Office, Stanley has with him 750 persons, of whom 290 are Emin's followers. There are also sixty children in the party. Stanley lost only eighteen men during the march from the Victoria Nyanza. He had four days fighting near Unscama. The expedition is expected to arrive at Bagamoyo in a fortnight.

A Wolf in Sheep's Clothing.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 21.—Charles Montgomery, the owner of the American Exchange Hotel in this city, has made a statement showing that he has been the victim of a confidence operator who has succeeded in swindling him out of about $80,000 and forcing him to make an assignment.

Over two years ago he met a young man giving the name of E. Glencross Grant, who had identified himself with the Young Men's Christian Association. Montgomery formed a partnership with him in the agricultural implement business. The company was known as the Bull & Grant Farm Employment Company, with stores in this city and Los Angeles. Grant was placed in charge of the Los Angeles store.

Montgomery, who furnished the capital, recently discovered that Grant had contracted debts and appropriated the proceeds from the sale of the machinery, amounting to about $80,000. It has been discovered that Grant's real name is Glencross, and that he committed similar offenses in London and fled to this country under the name of Edward Glencross.

Our Ships in Brazilian Waters.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—The Navy Department, as a matter of precaution merely, informed Admiral Gills, in command of the South Atlantic Squadron, that it was advisable for him to be in Brazilian waters with the Tallapoosa and Richmond, warning him however, to be careful of the yellow fever. It is supposed at the department that Admiral Gillis did not wait for the arrival of the department, but sailed for Brazil upon receipt of the news of the change of government.

If he sailed then promptly the ship should have reached Rio by this time, as the voyage from Montevideo occupies from four days to a week, according to the wind and weather. No definite instructions were given the Admiral, so that the department officials are not certain whether he will put into Rio or come on to Bahia, a day's sail further north, where the only resistance to the changed order of things was reported to be located.

New York Millionaires.

NEW YORK, November 23.—To-day's *World* publishes a list of 85 of the wealthiest citizens of New York who have not contributed anything to the world's fair. An estimate of the wealth of each is given. Among the names given are: W. K. Vanderbilt, $45,000,000; Robert and Ogden Goelet, $45,000,000 and $40,000,000 respectively; Andrew Carnegie, $25,000,000; William Waldorf Astor, $20,000,000; C. P. Huntington, $35,000,000; Jay Gould, $60,000,000; Robert Bonner $6,000,000; Calvin S. Brice, $2,000,000; Whitelaw Reid, $,500,000; James Gordon Bennett, $3,000,000; Cyrus W. Field, $2,000,000; J. D. Rockefeller, $10,000,000; Oliver H. Payne, $10,000,000; Warner Miller, $5,000,000; H. M. Flagler, $10,000,000; J. H. Flagler, $4,000,000; Russell Sage, $30,000,000; General D. Butterfield, $4,000,000. The *World* concludes: "Seven hundred millions for keeps, but not one dollar for patriotism."

A Pittsburgh Suburban Bank Compelled to Stop Business.

PITTSBURGH, PA., Nov. 21.—The Lawrence Bank, the oldest institution of the kind in Lawrenceville, a suburb of this city failed to-day, being unable to lift its checks in the Clearing House, amounting to $11,000. A number of queer stories as to the cause of the failure are afloat, the chief of which is that one of its prominent officials had become too dissipated to continue business. The bank was organized in 1863, with a capital stock of $30,000, and on the 4th of this month it declared a dividend of 3 per cent. from earnings.

AN IRON COMPANY ALSO FAILS.

The immediate cause of the failure of the bank was the Vulcan Iron Company (Long & Co.) to-day confessing judgment on notes aggregating $100,000. This failure of the iron company will cause great distress to its 350 employes and their families.

President Young, of the Lawrence Bank, asserts that he is personally responsible for the bank's failure in have inconsiderately loaned money to friends.

Living too Long.

Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe is slowly sinking in the night of senility. It is painful to hear that she was followed by a rabble of rude boys when she recently wandered from home. Henry Ward Beecher, her brilliant brother, was happier far in his late. Death surprised him with all his harness on. This brings forcibly into view another of the considerations which "make calamity of so long life." Doubtless it is better to be taken a little before life's work is finished than to fall into the dismal age of second childhood.

Two Ex-Confederate Officers on the Protest of Abe Patterson Post.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. 23.—Many soldiers of the late Confederacy are furiously indignant at the action recently taken by Abe Patterson Post, No. 83, G. A. R., of Allegheny City, Pa., protesting against the erection of a monument by the Second Maryland Confederate Regiment on Gettysburg battle-field, in proximity to a monument erected by a loyal Maryland regiment, and Governor Beaver's indorsement of the Post's action.

General Bradley T. Johnson, who commanded the Maryland line in the Confederate army, has written United States Senator Butler declaring that the war was urged by the North for profit, and that the agitation since has been kept up with a view of promoting the pension business. To this Senator Butler has replied in a style which may be judged from this extract of a speech made by him upon the same topic at a reunion of survivors of the Tenth South Carolina Regiment which has just closed at Georgetown:

"The only questions that were at issue and settled, as far as the gage of battle can settle anything, were, first, that the primary allegiance of the citizen is due to the Federal rather than the State Government; second, that secession was not the practicable and proper remedy for evils complained of and, third, that slavery was at an end, the latter resulting as a measure and means of war, and not as a matter of constitutional right or law. We accept in good faith all three as final and binding upon us for all time, but we concede nothing more, and no patriotic, fair-minded man would demand more."

After referring to Abe Patterson Post as illustrating the cowardice and ferocity of the hyena, and saying that Governor Beaver is not far behind them, the Senator added:

"But let us dismiss the subject with the hope that no other Confederate organization will accept an invitation to erect another monument outside the Southern borders. Our dead are beyond the reach of malevolence and insult. They have inscribed their names on the imperishable roll of honor. See to it that no vandal mutilates the record."

Murdered Her Betrayer.

NEW YORK, Nov. 22.—This morning, on Fulton street, Mrs. Hannah Southworth pulled a large Smith & Wesson revolver from beneath her dress and fired five shots at Stephen L. Pettus, Secretary and Treasurer of the Brooklyn Union Elevated Railroad Company. Although he fell at the first shot, the woman continued firing until every chamber of the revolver was empty. As the victim writhed and tossed in agony upon the sidewalk, the woman looked calm and self-possessed, and actually smiled with apparent satisfaction.

Mr. Pettus died almost immediately. The woman was placed under arrest, and, while being conveyed to prison, she exclaimed: "He ruined me; he dishonored me." She was well dressed, and wore a long sealskin cloak trimmed with fur.

Mrs. Southworth assaulted Mr. Pettus with an umbrella, last May, on Sands streets was fined $20 and placed under bonds to keep the peace. Mr. Pettus's brother, from Tennessee, came to the station house at 11 o'clock. He broke completely down when told of the tragedy, tore his hair and begged that his wife should not be told that his brother had been killed by a woman. The dead man left no children.

Mrs. Southworth was committed without bail, and the case will come up before Coroner Levy at 11 a. m., Tuesday. She is a native of Kentucky. Her father's name was Martin. At the time the family left Louisville Mrs. Southworth was a little girl, and is now about 35 years old. She met Mr. Southworth while on a visit to her uncle, the late Judge Torrey, at his residence in Geneva, N. Y., and was married to him some two years after. Mr. Southworth died within a year. Mrs. Southworth then returned to Louisville, where she remained until her father died a few years ago. She then, with her mother and brothers, came to Brooklyn to live.

Two suits in the civil courts of this city are marked Southworth vs. Pettus. One is for breach of promise of marriage, the other for extra damages.

Held the Mob at Bay.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—Attorney-General Miller has received from Mr. Eugene Marshall, United States Attorney for the Northern District of Texas, a most extraordinary statement which is characterized by prominent Southern Democrats here as a sheer fabrication, intended wholly to induce the President to interfere. According to the statement of Mr. Miller, as four brothers named Marlowe, who were held as Government witnesses in pending suits, were being conveyed from the jail at Graham to a place of greater security they were attacked en route by a mob and a fierce fight ensued.

Two of the Marlowes were killed at the first onslaught. The other two wrested weapons from their assailants, with which they amputated the feet of their dead brothers to whom they were manacled, and then fled to a neighboring farm-house, where they held the mob at bay until assistance arrived. Three of the mob were killed and a number were wounded. Among those who have since been indicted for complicity in this attack on government prisoners, the District Attorney says, are two constables, the sheriff, a deputy sheriff, the county attorney and a son of the county judge.

Dr. Talmage is at Athens.

ATHENS, Nov. 22.—Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage, D. D., of Brooklyn and his party are in the city. The great preacher has secured a cornerstone for the new tabernacle to be built in Brooklyn. It will be taken from Mars Hill, from which St. Paul addressed Athenians. Dr. Talmage preached there himself yesterday to a large concourse of people. His text was Acts xvii., 22, "Then Paul stood in the midst of Mars Hill and said; Ye men of Athens, I perceive that in all things ye are too superstitious." The sermon was one of his best efforts. Subsequently the Brooklyn preacher had an interview with Tricoupis, Premier of Greece. To-day he will have an audience with the Queen of Greece and the ex-Empress Victoria of Germany, who is now in this city.

A Mother's Awful Deed.

MOSHERVILLE, MICH., November 20.—A ghastly affair occured here to-night. During the absence of her husband Mrs. Nathan Strang filled two tumblers with a solution of paris green, and handing one to her daughter Maud, a handsome girl of eighteen and taking the other herself, she drank her own dose and forced the girl at the muzzle of a revolver to swallow the fatal draught. On her husband's return she told him what she had done. A doctor was summoned, but his efforts were of no avail. Mrs. Strang died at midnight in horrible agony, and Maud an hour later. Maud insisted to the last that her mother forced her to drink the poison, and said she did not want to die. The insanity which led to the awful act has been clearly marked for about two weeks.

Dies to Save Another.

VALPARAISO, IND., Nov. 21.—Yesterday afternoon Murray Beach was overcome by carbonic acid gas in a thirty foot well in his yard. He signalled to be hoisted. When up about ten feet he fell. John C. Sharp said he could save Beach. He descended, tied a rope around Beach, and started to come up with him. About fifteen feet from the bottom he lost his hold and fell. With great difficulty Beach was resuscitated. He will doubtless recover. Sharp's corpse was hauled to the surface. He leaves a wife and four children in destitute circumstances.

Horsewhipped for Slander.

DENVER, November 21.—At Dal'a, Col., last night, E. C. Bancroft, editor of the *Western Slope*, while out promenading, was stopped by two women, who with Winchesters in their hands compelled him to disrobe.

After giving the unfortunate man a sound thrashing for slandering them, he was allowed to depart in peace.

SOUTH PENN REVIVED.

The Connellsville Coke Regions the Point of Interest.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 21.—"Of itself, the Reading road will not build a line westward, securing a trans-atlantic connection," said one of the Reading Directors last night. "The concern is now in full financial condition and we want to do nothing that will impair its status in this particular. I may say, however, that through the medium of several connections that are now building, and some that are now projected, the Reading may become a factor in the struggle for Western Pennsylvania freight and passenger traffic in a very short time.

The centralization of the coke interests of the Connellsville region, and the multiplication of ovens, make this class of freight very desirable.

ANOTHER OUTLET FOR PITTSBURGH.

"Pittsburgh is now producing more iron and steel specialties and glassware and other articles of freight than there is carrying capacity for, and the local business in itself would form a most attractive feature in the consideration of a scheme to penetrate the southern and southwestern counties of Pennsylvania. How can it be done? Very easily. The country south of the South Pennsylvania is still available, and if it were not, there are other avenues through the mountains. The Reading road owns a line from Bowmansdeer, southwest of Harrisburg, to Shippensburg, in Cumberland county. From that point to Bedford and Somerset is from 75 to 80 miles, and then a through gap in the mountains between the Loyalhanna and Indian creeks is comparatively a good route to either Mt. Pleasant or Connellsville, both in the very heart of the coke country, a distance of less than 100 miles. From that point to Pittsburgh it is not much more than 50 miles, thus making the road about 210 to 215 miles in length. Through Fulton, Bedford, Somerset and Fayette counties much of the projected route of the South Penn road may be used, and considerable work has been done.

ANDREW CARNEGIE INTERESTED.

"There is now an additional incentive to build into the Youghiogheny river region in the fact that Andrew Carnegie has begun the construction of a road from his great Edgar Thomson Steel-Works at Bessemer to the lake region. This scheme of Mr. Carnegie's practically cover the whole of the coke-producing district, and passes the mouth of every oven now reached by the Pennsylvania road. From Bessemer Mr. Carnegie will pass down the Monongahela river to Langhlin station, in the city of Pittsburgh, using the Monongahela connecting road (owned by B. F. Jones), and thence he will get into Allegheny City via the Pittsburgh Junction road, where he will meet the Pittsburgh & Western road, a controlling interest in which he recently purchased in connection with H. W. Oliver, its President. The Pittsburgh & Western has admirable western connections. However it is not a western outlet which Mr. Carnegie wants so much, as he yearns for an Eastern connection. The plan I have suggested, and which is in serious contemplation, will give him this. He wants it for the dual purpose of controlling his own freight interests and at the same time dealing the Pennsylvania Railroad Company the most serious blow it has received in years. It will, in so far as he is able, take away from it every pound of freight he controls, and it amounts to hundreds of thousands of tons annually.

"This is in brief what is contemplated. In addition to the possibilities I have already described, the new line would get a great deal of through eastern freight for the Pittsburgh, McKeesport & Youghiogheny road, a Vanderbilt road, that was originally built as a connective between the South Pennsylvania and the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern in connecting with the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie. The eastern end of the route would be made up of the West Maryland, the Baltimore & Ohio, the Reading and Jersey Central, the latter course being employed only in New York traffic. You need not be surprised to see this in shape within two years, and, if things are rushed, in less time."

Farmers' Institutes.

EDITOR HERALD:

SIR: I wish through your paper to say a few words to the farmers of Somerset county. The State Board of Agriculture, at its last annual meeting, voted to set apart a certain sum of money out of the appropriation made to the board by the legislature at the last session, for the purpose of holding Farmers' Institutes. This fund was placed in the hands of the executive committee of the board for distribution, and the plan adopted by said committee is to give to each county that wishes to hold an institute one hundred dollars until the fund is exhausted. This money is to be used for paying the expenses of such lecturers and instructors as may be secured to aid in the work of these institutes. A large part of the work must, however, be done by citizens of the counties in which the institutes are held.

Believing that such an institute would prove interesting and profitable to the farmers of Somerset county, I made application to the committee to have our county placed upon the list of counties to which the amount of one hundred dollars is to be appropriated. I received a letter a few days since from the Secretary of the State Board, saying that my application had been considered favorably, and asking to be informed of the time and place of holding the institute.

This simply places our county in a position to receive its share of this general fund, and I have now gone as far in this matter as I feel like going without consultation with others. If it is thought desirable to hold an institute, a program should be prepared, and assistance from abroad should be secured, as early as possible.

I would therefore suggest that a meeting be held in Somerset on Monday, December 9th, which will be the first day of the coming court, to determine whether we will avail ourselves of the one hundred dollars now at our disposal, and hold an institute at some time during the winter; and if so, to appoint a committee whose duty it shall be to prepare a program, secure assistance, and fix upon the time and place for holding the institute. The time to be occupied by such a meeting need not be more than a half or three-quarters of an hour, and therefore will not interfere with other business of persons who are in attendance upon court.

If the afternoon session of court should begin, as is usually the case on the first day, at 2 o'clock, the meeting referred to can be called in the court room at 1 o'clock. If, however, it is found that this arrangement cannot be made, some other arrangement may be substituted.

I shall be glad to see as many persons as possible who feel an interest in this matter, in Somerset on that day, and in the meantime I should like to hear by letter, from any persons who have any suggestions to offer. Very respectfully,

N. B. CRITCHFIELD.

JENNER X ROADS, PA., Nov. 23, 1889.

Chief Justice Paxson, of this State, says that suits brought by children for compensation for taking care of their parents are becoming too frequent of late. He adds that "it is one of the remarkable facts incident to this class of cases that the claim for compensation is seldom or never presented to the decedent during his life, but always left to vex his legal representatives and heirs after his death. Recovery in such cases cannot be had unless an express contract can be shown. In the absence of such contract it is the duty of a son to take care of his aged father. As the Pennsylvania Supreme Court says: "This is but a return for like duties rendered the son in his infancy by his parents. The law regards such services as but the performance of a filial duty which every man owes his parents, and implies no contract for compensation therefor." While many suits of this kind are brought, few are successful, for the reason that the courts require the production of a written contract or the best proof of an unequivocal verbal agreement.

Stamped Linens in new patterns for Table, Chair, Buffet Scarfs etc.

M. M. TREDWELL, & Co.

Catarrh

Is a constitutional and not a local disease and therefore it cannot be cured by local applications. It requires a constitutional remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, working through the blood, eradicates the impurity which causes and promotes the disease, and

Catarrh

effects a permanent cure. Thousands of people testify to the success of Hood's Sarsaparilla as a remedy for catarrh when other preparations had failed. Hood's Sarsaparilla also builds up the whole system, and makes you feel renewed in health and strength.

Catarrh

"For several years I have been troubled with that terribly disagreeable disease, catarrh. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla with the very best results. It cures me of that continual dropping in my throat, and relieved my feeling. It has also helped my mother, who has taken it for run down state of health and kidney trouble." MRS. S. D. HEATH, Putnam, Ct.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

Mt. Moriah Items.

Cold, dry weather is badly wanted by our coal miners.

The hay balers are busy at work, but the hay haulers are bitter in their complaints about the bad roads and wet weather.

Butchering time is here, and fresh sausages are plentiful. Our butcher, Ed. D. Mostoller, says that his business is ruined for the time being, as each of our citizens has his own fresh meat.

Wm. Holder, our wide-awake tailor, is one of our citizens who doesn't complain of the wet weather, and says that he has plenty of work. He is a good workman, and such generally have plenty to do.

A child of H. F. Horner, of Johnstown, who died the day previous, was buried in our cemetery on Friday, the 15th inst. A large majority of those interred in this cemetery are those who were drowned in, or have died since, the Johnstown flood.

The report that this place is badly scourged by typhoid fever is not correct. There were a number of cases here during the fall, but none of them proved fatal, and there is now not a single case here, and our place is healthier now than it has been for a year or more.

A distressing accident occurred near this place on Friday morning of last week. Wesley Weller, a lad of 14 years of age, who has been living for several months with Mr. Samuel Hummel, accompanied by a boy in the employ of Val. C. Miller, were about to start on a hunting expedition. While standing on the sill of a door in Miller's barn, leaning on his old army musket, it slipped from the sill, the hammer striking it, and the heavy load of shot was discharged into the pit of the boy's right arm, and passing entirely through, badly shattered several bones. After Dr. Gardner had dressed the wound the boy was taken in a buggy to the home of his parents in Stoyestown. The boy's father is a poor man, with a large family.

OCCASIONAL.

How the Census is Taken.

The machinery for taking the census is comparatively simple. The Superintendent has divided the whole country into 175 districts. There are ten of these districts in Pennsylvania. For each District a Supervisor will be appointed next January. The duties of a Supervisor are many and varied. He subdivides his district into enumerators' divisions. He recommends lists of persons for appointment as Enumerators; he scrutinizes their work and furnishes them their schedules, and forwards the completed returns to Superintendent Porter. An enumerator, as a rule, comes into contact with only about one in seven of the population. He carries with him schedules of population of agriculture, manufacturers, of morality and vital statistics, and schedules relating to deaf, blind and insane, as well as of criminals. At the close of every day of labor he must, as has been stated, report by postal card to his Supervisor and to Superintendent Porter. The Enumerator must perform his work in fifteen days in the city and thirty days in the country. Every citizen is obliged to answer his questions, or suffer a fine of $100. Next year several million family schedules will be distributed in advance of the Enumerator's visits and at many houses they will find these blanks already filled out, thus greatly facilitating the work. In special cases, where money is needed for horse-hire and other expenses, an Enumerator may be paid by the day, not to exceed $6. The great body of enumerators will be paid: For every living person, two cents; for every death, two cents; for every firm, fifteen cents; for every factory, twenty cents; for each veteran or veteran's widow, five cents.

Swept Over a Dam.

READING, Pa., Nov. 23.—Three men in a little double-ender skiff had an exciting adventure yesterday while trying to cross the swollen Schuylkill River. They were Frank Schweitzer, Samuel Ehrgood and Milton Hart, and had succeeded in crossing the river, but were carried away while endeavoring to make a landing. Having lost one oar they struggled fruitlessly to save themselves with the other. Realizing their position Schweitzer jumped out and tried to swim ashore, but the flow was too strong, and he was compelled to cling to the boat. With the two men seated in the trembling craft and the third hanging on the stern the boat was carried over the breast of the dam and dashed sixteen feet into the water below. Schweitzer and Hart struck out for the shore, which they gained with difficulty and the other was carried with the craft down the river. He was rescued several miles below. All the men were thoroughly frightened, but not hurt.

Chloroformed and Robbed.

GREENSBURG, November 23.—The residence of Frank Shaffer, at Derry, was entered by thieves last night and $75 in money, a $20 watch and other valuables, amounting in all to $125, taken therefrom. When the family arose in the morning they all felt a sickness at the stomach and had every symptom of having been chloroformed. The pocketbook and watch were taken from under Mr. Shaffer's pillow, which would go to show that chloroform had been used. There is as yet no positive clue as to who the robbers are, but a detective is employed and will probably run them down soon, as they were doubtless persons acquainted with the surroundings.

H. L. Baer, Esq., left for Reading Tuesday morning. He will spend several days in that city and in Philadelphia before returning home.

Halt!

We have received quite a stock of Holiday Goods, and this week will open another lot, fresh from New York, very cheap. Come and look. M. M. TREDWELL, & Co.

DIED.

SNYDER.—On Tuesday, November 19th, 1889, at New Centreville Pa., Christians Snyder, aged 59 years, 1 month and 22 days.

MARRIED.

KOOSER—MURRAY.—On Friday Nov. 15, 1889, at New Centreville, Pa., by Rev. J. H. Zinn, Mr. Daniel R. Kooser, and Miss Etta Murray, both of Springfield Township, Fayette County.

KUNTZ—BOLE.—At the home of the bride's parents, on Thirty-eighth street Pittsburgh, on Thursday evening, November 21, 1889, by Rev. John H. Knepper, Mr. William J. Kuntz of Johnstown, Pa., and Miss Elizabeth C. Bole, of Pittsburgh.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of sundry writs of Fi Fa. and Vend Ex. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Somerset County, I will expose to public sale at the Court House, in Somerset, Pa., on

FRIDAY DECEMBER 6 1889

all the right, title, interest and claim of Edward McDowell, of in, and to the following described real estate, viz:

A certain lot of ground situate in Somerset Borough, Somerset County, Pa., bounded on the north by lot of Henry Kroner, on the east by Main Cross street, on the South by lot of Feiger Brothers, and on the west by an alley, containing ---- of an acre, having thereon erected a two-story brick dwelling house, two rooms of which are rented for offices, and outbuildings, with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution as the property of Edward McDowell, at the suit of J. W. Humbird's use.

—ALSO—

All the right, title, interest and claim of I. C. Crissey, of, in, and to the following described real estate, viz:

A certain tract of land situate in Shade Township, Somerset County, Pa., adjoining lands of Jeremiah Pepley, Thomas Crissey, John Weigle, Hiram Shaffer, and others, containing 58 acres, more or less, having thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house, with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution as the property of I. C. Crissey, at the suit of Thomas Crissey, in trust for Mary A. Crissey.

—ALSO—

By virtue of sundry writs of Fi Fa issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Somerset Co., Pa., I will expose to public sale at the Court House in Somerset Borough, at 1 o'clock p. m., on

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 11, 1889,

All the right title interest and claim of John H. Bisel of in and to the following described real estate viz: Two certain lots of ground situate in "Dinchley's addition" to the Borough of Meyersdale Somerset Co., Pa., known on the plan of said town as lots No. 228 and 229, bounded on the North by Second st., on the East by Buckley st., on the South by lot No. 230, and on the West by Apple Alley. Having thereon erected a one and one-half story dwelling house, Store room 16x24 ft., Ice house 16x18 ft., and stable, with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution as the property of John H. Bisel at the suit of Elias Winelands use.

—ALSO—

All the right, title, interest and claim of Lou A. Smith, of, in, and to the following described real estate, viz:

A certain lot of ground situate in Meyersdale Borough, Somerset County, Pa., bounded by lot of Elizabeth Iseges, on the north, an alley or passage way on the east, lot of Cook, Baker & Co. on the south, and Centre street on the west, having thereon erected a two-story brick building, in which the Meyersdale Journal is printed, the east end of lot occupied by stable of Nathaniel Silvers, including one newspaper printing press, one job press, one power press, one engine and boiler, with shafting, one mailing machine, one lot of galleys, one lot of cases and racks, one lot of newspaper and job type, one nitre machine, one bed cutter, one lot leds and slugs, one lot newspaper and job composing sticks, two two imposing stones, one folding machine, one lot of news print, one lot of newspaper and job cases, and other necessary articles of machinery and materials used in and about said printing office.

Taken in execution as the property of Lou. A. Smith, at the suit of J. R. Scott.

—NOTICE.—

All persons purchasing at the above sale will please take notice that a part of the purchase money—10 per cent.—must be made known at the time of the sale—will be required as soon as the property is knocked down, otherwise it will again be exposed to sale at the risk of the first purchaser. The residue of the purchase money must be paid on or before Thursday of the first week of December term of Court, the time fixed by the Court for securing the acknowledgment of deeds, and no deed will be acknowledged until the purchase money is paid in full.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, } R. S. MCMILLEN,
Nov. 13, 1889. } Sheriff.

NEW

Spring Importations

NOW COMING IN DAILY.

We import and buy direct from the manufacturers, and thus save you the middlemens profit.

Printed India Silks, latest colorings and styles, at 45c to $3 50 per yard, exclusive patterns a special bargain lot at 65c., 27 inches wide.

We also are showing new styles in fancy Surahs at 50c. to $1 a yard.

New colorings in la Paillie Francaise, Surah Silks, Gros Grain Silks, Royals, Satin Rhadamer.

We also offer good values in Black Silks of the best makes, as we carry one of the largest stocks the year round, in this country.

New Wool Suitings, in medium and light shades, 50 inches wide, at 40c: also new plain and stripe suitings at 50c to $2.75 a yard, including the very latest and finest imported Dress Fabrics.

Over 60,000 yards New Scotch Ginghams, 25c to 50c a yard. An unequaled collection.

American Dress Ginghams at 25c, 20c, 15c, 12½c and 10c a yard. All new styles.

French Satines at 25c, 30c, 35c and 37½c, for the very finest goods.

American Satines, best styles and makes, at 12½c and 20c.

New Challies at 7c, and fine imported styles at 50c a yard.

New Embroideries, new White Goods, new Laces.

Muslin Underwear cheaper than you can make it.

Our popular $1.00 French Corset, $1.50 quality, all sizes.

Our new 1889 Lace Curtain Catalogue is ready.

We send goods by mail and insure them against loss, without extra charge.

Send in your orders for samples now. The largest stock between Philadelphia and Chicago. Send all letters to

JOS. HORNE & CO'S
PENN AVENUE STORES,
Pittsburgh, - Pa.

nov27-28-1y

REAL ESTATE
—AT—
PRIVATE SALE.

INTENDING TO GO WEST, I OFFER FOR SALE FIRST, MY

DWELLING HOUSE AND LOT,

On Main Street, Somerset, Pa., the house being a Two story Brick House of eleven rooms, well built, and finished in good style. Good water, cellar, cisterns and outbuildings.

SECOND, A Brick Store-house on Main Cross Street, the first floor being used for a grocery, the second story has three rooms, and the third is used by W. H. Webley as a Photograph Gallery. There is also on the premises a good Brick Warehouse.

THIRD, A desirable Building Lot on Main Cross Street and Catharine Street. This lot has on it about sixty fruit trees, in bearing.

FOURTH, Twelve Building Lots situated in said Borough, on Race, End, and Sanner Streets.

FIFTH, A two-story Frame House, and Lot, in Ursina Borough, containing seven rooms. House on a corner lot, formerly occupied by Dr. W. S. Kuhlman.

SIXTH, A tract of land in Cook Township, Westmoreland County, containing 226 acres, more or less; 60 acres are cleared. Situate near Wearstler Mill.

SEVENTH, I offer one pony, buggy and harness. The pony is kind and gentle. These properties will be sold for part cash, and on payments to suit purchasers.

HENRY F. SCHELL.

sep24-3m. SOMERSET, PA.

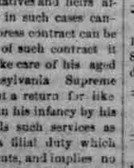
"Veni, Vidi, Vici."

The Exposition is closed until October next. We saw it. It was great, being in its infancy, but we saw enough to convince ourselves of the fact that enterprise, such as displayed there, should not be passed by without some comment. But we still wonder why it was that only one wholesale liquor house was so boldly represented. You could see its pyramid of bottles from any part of the great building. It was the prettiest display there. Max Klein has proved the public he wants to be seen. His "Silver Age" rye whiskey has now such a well earned reputation that he is proud of it and he wants everybody to see it. His goods are pure and reliable. You can have his Silver Age at $1 50 per full quarts. His Guckenheimer, Finch, Overholt or Gibson at $1 00 per quart, or 6 quart for $5 00. Send for his price list and mention this paper. His address is MAX KLEIN,
82 Federal St., Allegheny.

RADAM'S
MICROBE KILLER

Cures all Diseases.

The claim to cure all diseases may at first glance seem very absurd; but after reading our pamphlet, giving a history of the Microbe Killer, explaining the germ theory of disease, and reading our testimonials, which prove conclusively there is no disease it will not cure, the truth of our assertion becomes clear. No person suffering from any blood, chronic or contagious disease should let a day pass without getting and reading this interesting book, which will be given away or mailed free. The gentlemen connected with this company are well known business men of ability. Agents wanted everywhere. Address,



THE
WM. RADAM
Microbe Killer Co
No 54
6th Ave., N. Y.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Jonathan B. Wagner, dec'd., late of Shade Township, Somerset County, Pa.

Letters testamentary on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned by the proper authority, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims or demands against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement to the Executors, without delay.

CATHARINE WAGNER, Executrix.
1-27 ALEXANDER L. WAGNER, Executor.

SPECIAL SALE
—FOR—
TWO WEEKS
—OF—
BODY AND TAPES