The Somerset Herald.

EDWARD SCULL, Editor and Proprietor

WEDNESDAY.....September 11, 1889.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

STATE.
FOR STATE TREASURER,
HENRY K. BOYER,
OF PHILADELPHIA.

COUNTY.
FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE,
GEORGE W. PILE,
OF SOMERSET BOROUGH.
FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
LEWIS C. COLBORN,
OF SOMERSET BOROUGH.
FOR POOR HOUSE DIRECTOR,
FREDERICK WELLER,
OF SOMERSET TOWNSHIP.

SUNSET COX, the New York statesman-humorist, is reported to be dying at his home in New York city.

THE Ohio Democrats would be happy if they could make the Ohio farmers forget that Campbell, the Democratic candidate for the Governorship, voted for the Mills bill, with its free wool section.

THE alleged "race wars" in the Southwestern States are remarkable as being the only wars of which we have any record in which the killing was all on one side.

NOW approacheth the time of the county fair, when the politician and lawyer declaimeth to the agriculturist about that which he knoweth not, but upon which a foolish custom demandeth he should orate. Why do not farmers have scientific or successful, practical farmers speak to them at their great gatherings instead of politicians and lawyers?

THE free trade organs that have been accustomed to point to strikes in this country as the result of the oppression of the working classes by protection, are just now singing very low over the great strike in free trade London, where 130,000 laborers are on a strike, 250 steam ships are awaiting cargoes, and the factories are compelled to shut down for want of coal.

HON. WILLIAM A. WALLACE retired from active politics some years since, devoted himself to money getting, and has acquired an ample fortune. His Democratic brethren are now discovering that he would make a capital candidate for Governor, and are boosting him for that position next year.

The ex-Senator's "bar'l" is a temptation not to be resisted.

ACCORDING to reports in the daily papers, the Britishers are buying up our breweries, our tanneries, our steel mills, and other industrial establishments.

Isn't it just a little queer that these free traders will come over here and invest their millions in our manufacturing industries, which, according to Democratic authority, are being ground to death by our tariff system?

ONCE more the Democratic party authoritatively declares that the tariff is responsible for trusts, this time in the Pennsylvania State Convention. Why in the world don't they introduce a novelty and charge upon the tariff gambling and counterfeiting and all other evils involving the use or abundance of money, as they might with equal force? The soil that is rich enough to produce wheat invariably developes all sorts of tares, but it is also true that land where no tares grow is ivariably too poor for wheat.

AT their county convention last week, the Democrats of Berks county nominated a candidate for Judge, and retired a political boss. The present Judge—Hagerman—was a candidate for renomination. He is a good lawyer, but a political wire worker, and an active politician who rotated between the Bench and party junta in his double capacity of Judge and political boss. The scandal of a Judge running party politics became too flagrant, a respectable portion of the bar denounced his political methods and combined against him, with the result of beating him for renomination.

For this lesson to political judges, the Democrats of Berks county are entitled to thanks.

THE politicians of the South are rallying for the repeal of the tobacco tax in the coming Congress. Had it not been for the desire of Southern Democrats to reduce the tariff on foreign importations, the tax on tobacco would have been repealed by the last Congress. The free trade element, however, was potent; the "whisky ring" was fearful that an effort to reduce the internal revenue taxes would result in harm to it, and so the Democratic majority was dragooned into an attempt to reduce the tariff, and the proposed repeal of the tobacco tax was given the go by. There will be no stability to the tariff until the whisky ring is dethroned, and the internal revenue taxes are all repealed.

EX-GOVERNOR NORWOOD, of Georgia, possesses a brutal frankness, born of the old slave-driver days, which borders on political indiscretion. When in Washington a few days since, this specimen of latter day Southern Democracy declared bluntly that the people of the Southeast do not believe in the right of the black man to vote; will not allow him to vote, and will contemptuously disregard and defy any Federal election laws which may be passed for the purpose of securing to colored citizens the right of citizenship.

Couple this declaration with the result of the late Congressional elections in the adjoining State of Mississippi, and you have the milk in that cocoanut.

THE Democratic State Convention, which met at Harrisburg on Wednesday of last week, nominated E. A. Bigler, of Clearfield county, as its candidate for State Treasurer.

He is a son of ex-Governor Bigler; was lately Collector of Internal Revenue for this district, and is a gentleman of good personal character. Of course no one expects him to be elected, but it was necessary that the party should have a candidate, and the empty honor was conceded to Mr. Bigler.

The platform adopted consists mainly of denunciation of the Republican party and its principles; its salient points being hostility to protection, and an attempt to cajole the liquor interest.

The convention was spiritless, performed its duties in a perfunctory manner, and speedily adjourned.

When the Republican hosts rally in November, they will speedily dispose of this relic of by-gone days.

DURING the last month the newspapers and the air were both filled with tales of "negro uprising" and threatened riots in Mississippi and Louisiana. To-day it is admitted that these States are as peaceful and as quiet as the grave. Why this sudden change, this speedy transformation from threatened anarchy and bloodshed to halcyon peace and quiet? The election of a Congressman in the Third district of Louisiana has come and gone; the Democrats have succeeded, and everything is serene.

The next house is closely balanced politically; the election of this single Congressman was gravely important; the district was naturally and largely Republican, but the Republicans in that district are mostly colored men who can be so terrorized that few of their votes will be cast, and so the tales of threatened bloody uprisings were invented; the regulators were abroad in the land; troops were called out; these negro "uprisings" and "plots" and "outrages" must be suppressed; terror was created in the cabins and the sugar-fields; a negro church was burned; the "race issue" was forced to the front and "worked for all it was worth;" and thus the Democratic minority had its own way; the conspiracy succeeded; the district was stolen, and now everything is lovely in the Third Congressional district of Louisiana, and Democratic journals throughout the land are shouting Hosannas over their victory.

EVEN since General Mahone was nominated for the Governorship of Virginia by the Republicans, the Bourbons of that State have industriously circulated reports declaring that many of the most prominent Republican leaders were disaffected and would not support the regular Republican ticket.

Many of these reports have had especial reference to Prof. John M. Langston, an able and prominent colored Republican leader of Virginia, who has been in the past an apponent of General Mahone. How utterly baseless those Democratic canards about Prof. Langston have been can be readily seen from the following paragraph in a public letter written by him to some of the leading colored men of the State. Prof. Langston says:

"The Virginia election is one of the greatest importance both in local and national significance, and every intelligent American citizen must so regard it. Our party will elect its candidate by from 10,000 to 15,000 majority should a free vote and a just count be allowed. Victory is within our reach. We have only to ask wisdom, moderation, loyalty and courage in our leadership. I stand ready, moved as I am by the deepest and most abiding party loyalty, the fruit of Republican conviction, to do my duty in the election in my State fully and promptly."

The other Democratic reports regarding Republican disaffection toward the head of the ticket in Virginia are as false as those which declared Prof. Langston disloyal to his party. The Republicans of the Old Dominion have not been so strong, united and enthusiastic for years as they are this fall. The Bourbons know this, and they know that defeat stares them in the face. Hence their vain and desperate efforts to sow dissensions in the ranks of their adversaries. This characteristic Democratic dodge will fail to work.

No Extra Session.

WASHINGTON, September 7.—All of the Cabinet except Secretaries Blaine and Rusk were at the White House to day, and spent three mortal hours, from 11 to 2 o'clock, discussing the question of the extra session. There seems to have been a change of faith in some of the Cabinet officers, and the President himself was found to be wavering, though two weeks ago he was convinced of the wisdom of calling an extra session, and began hard labor at his message. The publication of this fact appears to have brought forth expressions from Republicans all over the country, the weight of which was inimical to the calling of the extra session, and when the ministers met this morning they were found to be quite unanimous in their doubt of the necessity of a called session, they, too, having been within a few days convinced that the majority of leading Congressmen and other Republicans were opposed to such a movement.

Little was said of the tenor of the discussion after the meeting closed, but it was at once telegraphed that it had been finally decided that no session should be called. This is not the strict fact. At least, at the conclusion of the conference the question was left undecided, but principally on account of the absence of Blaine and Rusk.

The sentiment of the Cabinet members who were present will be communicated to the absent members, and upon the receipt of their replies the final word will be announced. It is quite certain, however, that the long talked-of extra session may be set down as abandoned.

Andrews Looks Ahead.

HARRISBURG, September 9.—Chairman Andrews, of the Republican State committee was in this city yesterday and his presence renewed the talk about next year's fight for the gubernatorial nomination. The fact is plain that Andrews is paying more attention to the matter of securing the prize for Delamater than he is to the present campaign, and his action has been freely commented upon of late. The politicians here seem to think that the contest will be between Delamater, Hastings and Secretary of the Commonwealth Stone, the latter of whom is now a full-fledged aspirant for the place. Mr. Stone will have whatever support Governor Beaver can give him, as your correspondent has it from good authority that Beaver is exceedingly anxious that Stone shall succeed him.

A Philadelphia Republican who was here to night was asked who would capture the Quaker City delegates, and he said that Quay could control at least 30 of the 39. This estimate is made, however, on the belief that James McManes will not oppose the Beaver statesman.

Presidential Perspiration.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 6.—President Harrison, accompanied by Postmaster General Wanamaker, left for Washington this morning.

The closing of the President's visit to the Postmaster General's Chelton Hills residence was this morning marked by the planting of a tree. The President, armed with a spade and accompanied by Postmaster General Wanamaker and Colonel Elliot Shepard, proceeded to the place, a square east of the residence, shortly after breakfast.

With his tall silk hat on the back of his head and his coat sleeves pushed up nearly to his elbows, President Harrison commenced his work. The soil was a little hard, the morning sun was very hot, and the Presidential perspiration streamed down the distinguished digger's face, but he stuck to it until the tree was properly placed.

Europe is Alarmed.

WASHINGTON, September 9.—The attention of the Department of State is being called by consuls abroad to the feeling aroused in Europe over the approaching Congress of American nations. Many newspaper clippings have reached the department showing that the foreign press foresees as a result of the Congress the establishment of relations between the United States and the Central and South American nations which will stimulate intercourse and so jeopardize the trade now enjoyed by European nations. Official and semi-official organs have gone so far as to endeavor to excite the apprehensions of our neighbors by predicting that the Congress is but the opening movement on a plan of operations organized by the United States with a view to dominating politically as well as socially the weaker American nations.

TWO HUNDRED KILLED.

And Over Twice That Number Injured by a Terrific Explosion.

ANTWERP, BELGIUM, September 6.—Shortly after noon, in the very busiest portion of the day, a terrific explosion took place in the vicinity of the Bourse, causing a panic in that institution, the building itself being struck by some of the flying fragments and set on fire. The utmost confusion prevailed for a time, and it was with the greatest difficulty that order was restored.

In the meantime the flame and smoke were pouring upward in vast volumes. The explosion occurred in a workshop where old cartridges were being taken to pieces. Men and women were actively at work breaking them up, and 25,000,000 had been partly broken when the catastrophe took place. The immediate cause of the disaster has not yet been ascertained and probably never will be.

A GREAT CONFLAGRATION.

The flames spread with great rapidity, and fresh reports could be heard almost continually, as the fire reached new bodies of explosive material. It soon became known that the lives of a large number of persons were involved, and every possible effort at rescue was made. Police, gendarmes and troops assisted in the work of extinguishing the flames, while priests and Sisters of Charity looked after the injured.

The city was enveloped in a dense smoke, which the fiery tongues of flame which shot up to an immense height could but partially illuminate. Owing to the intense heat the firemen were unable to approach the flames nearer than 100 yards. The cartridge works were adjacent to the petroleum stores, and two large Russian petroleum warehouses, with 80,000 barrels of oil, were soon set on fire.

At midnight the blazes are still holding high carnival, and have already devastated several acres. Beyond the Russian tanks and sheds there are numerous houses burning. The shipping at the Africa and America docks is in danger, and several vessels have been burned. Windows at a distance of three or four miles were shattered by the shock of the explosion.

THE HUMAN VICTIMS.

The wildest estimates as to the loss of life have prevailed, but the authorities now state that it will not exceed 200 killed and 500 injured. The majority of those killed are factory girls, and the scenes at their homes are of the most harrowing description. The public hospitals are crowded with the injured, and the nuns are making every effort to alleviate their sufferings.

The Corvilelan Cartridge Factory, in which the explosion occurred, had been condemned by the Communal Council, but the Deputation Permanente had allowed work to continue. The financial loss will be enormous, amounting to many millions of francs. It is not believed that the flames will be extinguished inside of 24 hours, and there are but few persons asleep in the city to-night.

Sullivan For Congress.

NEW YORK September 7.—The *Sun* publishes a letter from John L. Sullivan in which he announces his intention of running for Congress on the Democratic ticket. It is his ambition to represent a Boston district, and he states that with such a high ambition he trusts he will in the future make his life what it ought to be. In his letter he states that any man who doubts his popularity with the American people has only got to travel about with him and get rid of his doubts. Sullivan does not doubt his qualifications, as he says in concluding his letter:

In my travels about this country and Europe I have had as much experience in public speaking as most people. I'll have no trouble about getting a hearing in Congress or in making people pay attention to what I say. A man who can quiet a crowd in Madison Square Garden, as I have done, can make his presence felt in Congress or anywhere else on earth. I therefore announce now my willingness to enter political life. This communication is drawn up in consultation with friends and with their advice, and is the longest that I have ever addressed to any paper. I shall be obliged to you if you will print it. Yours truly,

JOHN L. SULLIVAN.

Green Goods Dealers.

NEW YORK, September 7.—Detective Henry McArdle, of the Twenty-third sub-precinct, Friday night arrested James Donnelly, of 1222 Third avenue, on a charge of being engaged in the green goods business. On Friday afternoon Donnelly met Frank Canuck, of Independence, Ind., at the Grand Central depot by appointment, and took him to a place to show him some goods. McArdle has been suspicious of Donnelly for some time. When he heard that Donnelly had gone away with a man from the country he watched for their return. About 7:30 o'clock Friday night the two men entered the Grand Union Hotel, Canuck carrying under his arm a small square box. McArdle took both men into custody.

At the station house it was found that the box contained seven packages, bound with rubber bands. On the top and bottom of each was a good one dollar bill, and the rest was green paper. In the Yorkville Police Court to-day Canuck said that the goods shown him were all one dollar bills, and that he was to pay $300 for $3,500 worth of the goods shown him. Donnelly had accompanied him to the Grand Union Hotel to show the goods to a friend before Canuck paid down the $300.

Donnelley was remanded, and Canuck was handed over to the custody of the officer to try and find the house to which Donnelly took him.

Tried to Burn The Jail

UNIONTOWN, PA., September 7.—Jacob Shoaf, who has been in jail for some time, charged with forging the name of Mrs. Catharine Richards to a check for $1,000 and resisting an officer, was to-day convicted for attempting to burn the jail in which himself and about forty other prisoners were confined. It was proved that he approached several inmates and tried to induce them to fire the building, and that he finally succeeded in inducing C. F. Hartman to strike a match and apply it to a pile of straw ticks. The fire was extinguished in time to save the jail. Hartman confessed and was put on the witness stand by the prosecutor. Shoaf failed to defend himself, but the court appointed counsel for him.

Determined to Stay.

HARRISBURG, September 9.—George S. Machen was recently appointed postmaster of the East Harrisburg postoffice, in place of S. A. Fishburn, who was chosen under Cleveland's administration. Last week Machen received his commission, and armed with the document demanded possession of the office. Fishburn refused to surrender the control of the Government property unless on an order from Washington. The order was received and shown to the incumbent, but he still refused to give up the office, informing Machen that he proposed to stick to it until the expiration of the quarter ending October 1.

Legal proceedings are threatened by the new appointee to dispossess Fishburn.

Gold Ore in Maryland.

WASHINGTON, September 6.—Beside the several gold mines now being operated about 12 miles from Washington, near the Great Falls of the Potomac, gold has been discovered in several other places between there and Harper's Ferry. The latest discovery is near Frederic City, Md., on the 400 acre farm of Mr. Thomas O. Price. The ore has been assayed by Prof. Wilson, of Baltimore, and yields upward of $19 to the ton. There is much excitement in the neighborhood, and capitalists of this city are looking into the matter.

Petrified Rabbit Unearthed.

PORTSMOUTH, Ohio, September 5.—Cal Johnson, a vault-digger, in sinking a hole on Major J. F. Brushart's premises, at twenty-four feet below the surface, ran across a petrified rabbit, a pair of tusks, each measuring five feet in length, and a dozen coins, bearing dates between 1750 and 1800.

Justice Field's Story.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 5.—In the case of Deputy U. S. Marshal Nagle more testimony was adduced to-day, showing that Terry habitually went armed and indulged in violent acts. Justice Field testified:

Deputy Nagle and myself entered the dining room at Lathrop for breakfast, and soon after taking our seats Terry and his wife entered. As they passed down the aisle Mrs. Terry glanced at me for a moment, and then turned and left the place. Judge Terry seated himself, but arose immediately and came toward me. Before realizing what he intended to do I felt a powerful blow on my cheek. I turned around and saw Terry's giant form towering over me, with his clenched fist upraised. I then heard Nagle say, "Stop, I am an officer." I then heard two pistol shots in quick succession and saw Terry fall to the floor. I was dazed for a moment, but soon realized that Terry had received a death wound and arose and left the room.

Justice Field further testified that he believed that if Nagle had not shot Terry he (Field) would have been dead within the next five seconds. The expression of Terry's face when he raised his hand to strike a second blow could not be mistaken. It was full of malice and murder. Justice Field declared that he had never had any difficulty with Terry prior to the Sharon decision a year ago. They had been on the most friendly terms. Terry had often tried cases before him, and on entering court had always spoken pleasantly. During the last year or two, however, he seemed to have entirely changed and to have lost his respect for the courts. Justice Field added that the story of his having asked Terry to support him for President some years ago was pure fiction. Mr. Nagle will probably be examined to-morrow.

A Young Lady Suicides.

BINGHAMPTON, N. Y., September 6.—The young woman who suicided at Niagara Falls yesterday morning is said to be Anna Mead, of this city. Miss Mead left her home at No. 32 Water street Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock, ostensibly to take a walk, and that was the last time she was seen by her parents.

The description of the suicide tallies with that of the missing girl. Yesterday her parents received a letter post marked Niagara Falls. There was no date on it, and no name was signed to it, but the writing was recognized as that of the missing girl. The letter read:

I bought a ticket for this place this morning and if nothing happens to prevent it I intend to go over the Falls, the reason I came here is that there is a possibility that my body will not not be found and I hope it never will. nobody is to blame but myself.

Miss Mead was twenty-five years of age. No reason can be given for the foolish act. She was generally considered a merry, light-hearted girl, but had occasional spells of melancholy. Her home was pleasant, and she was surrounded by every comfort. A week ago Miss Mead visited Niagara and seemed to be strangely fascinated with the falls.

Important to Liquor Dealers.

CHAMBERSBURG, September 7.—Judge Stewart rendered an important decision here today in the matter of the motion of Cyrus H. Gordon for a reconsideration of the action of the court in refusing him a wholesale liquor license in January last. The application was based on recent decisions of the Supreme Court in Philadelphia, in the Pollard case and in the case of the Prospect Brewing Company. No remonstrance was filed against Gordon nor was any objection made by any one to the granting of the license, but the court refused the license because he did not think the place necessary for public accommodation.

Judge Stewart holds that the recent decisions did not decide that the lower court has no discretion in the matter. He says that the act of March 22, 1887, places all licenses on the same footing, and makes the public accommodation a necessary condition for a license of any kind, except when there is local legislation to the contrary, and that the court has the right to exercise discretion in the matter. The motion for a reconsideration was refused.

Eyes Burned Out.

BOURBON, IND., September 5.—A few days ago Thomas Myers, a blacksmith of this place, found some letters addressed to his wife, the contents of which were of such a nature as to convince him of her unfaithfulness. Confronting her, she confessed that the letters were written by Dr. T. T. Linn, one of the most prominent physicians here, enjoying a large practice, claiming that he, as her physician, had taken advantage of her.

A scheme most inhuman was concocted by Myers and Mrs. Myers' brother, William Jenkins, who readily secured the aid of the faithless wife. Myers left town yesterday, and a note was sent to the doctor by Mrs. Myers requesting him to call last evening about nine o'clock. He responded. While entering the gate she threw a two ounce vial of vitriol in his face. Jenkins, who was in hiding, jumped onto the doctor and gave him an unmerciful pounding. Linn's condition is very serious, and he will lose his eyesight entirely. No arrests have, as yet, been made.

Deadly Love Powders.

CHATTANOOGA, September 5.—Phebe Hunt, white, was arrested to-day for selling love powders and hoodoo articles called "jacks," which she had a large sale for at 50 cents each, representing that the possessor of one would find all the money he wanted without working. Several robberies have been traced to these "jacks," the owners believing that they would have good luck and escape arrest.

In the course of the investigations it was found that one man really died from the effects of a love powder, and that dead bodies had been mutilated to secure charms. The "jacks" are nothing but snake root and alum wrapped in a cotton rag and tied with red flannel, but are supposed to possess wonderful powers for good to the possessors and evil to others who may injure or thwart the owners of the charm.

Attacked By a Black Snake.

FRANKLIN, IND., Sept. 7.—James Tilson, a young man living east of this city, has a dog that no money could buy, for had it not been for the dog he would now have been in his grave. Yesterday, while young Tilson was plowing on his father's farm, a large black snake, nearly six feet long, jumped on him from the tall grass lining the field, and wound itself around his neck.

A terrible battle ensued between Tilson and the snake, and the outcome would probably have been death to the young man had not his large shepherd dog, which had been following him, come to his assistance, and between them the snake was killed.

A Baby's Ride on a Cow Catcher.

BRICK CHURCH, N. J., September 6.—The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western train which left New York at 8.30 o'clock last night struck a carriage at the Halstead street crossing in this place. The carriage contained Mrs. Willis, of Mulberry street, Newark, and her baby and a young man named marshall, a clerk for Charles Strong, a Newark coal dealer, to whom the horse and carriage belonged. The carriage was demolished and Mrs. Willis and Marshall were probably seriously hurt. The baby was carried on the cow catcher of the engine for a distance of about 50 feet. It was wrapped in a heavy woolen shawl and was found to have escaped injury.

Nine Men Killed by Lightning.

MACON, GA., Sept. 7.—There was a remarkable display of electric forces in Southwest Georgia yesterday morning near Albany. H. H. Rouse, John Shivers and J. W. Shivers were instantly killed. They were on their way to market with cotton, and sought refuge from a shower under a tree near Hardaway. A railway bridge was struck and knocked out of line. Six men who had sought shelter under it were killed.

Ten Miners Perish.

GOLDEN, COLORADO, Sept. 9.—One of the most serious and saddest mining accidents ever known in this portion of the State, occurred late this afternoon. In the White Ash coal mine, near this place, an old abandoned mine runs alongside the White Ash and has for months been full of water which, without a moment's warning, burst through into the White Ash mine, filling it full of mud and water. Ten miners are known to have been at work in the White Ash mine at the time of the accident, and they could not have lived five minutes after the surging mass broke in upon them. It will take two or three weeks before their bodies can be reached. In the excitement only three of their names can be learned tonight a Mr Allen, John Murphy and Jack Morgan; then there are three brothers besides four other men, making a total of ten, who are positvely known to have perished. Work will be commenced at once by hundreds of willing hands in order to pump the mine out, but old miners, who have been through the mine, say it will be impossible to clear the mine and reach the bodies under two or three, perhaps four weeks. Part of the men leave families, who were dependent upon them, while the rest were single and all highly spoken of.

Colored Cook's Crime.

PITTSBURG, September 5.—William Smith, a colored cook, living at No. 125 Fulton street, shot and killed his wife, May Smith, this morning while she was asleep in bed and then attempted suicide by shooting himself in the head. The aim was bad, however, and the ball entered his neck inflicting a severe but not fatal wound.

The tragedy took place about daylight, but the couple were not discovered until nearly 10 o'clock, when Mrs. Ada Bagley, who lived in the same house, was attracted to their room by the groans of Smith. Upon entering the room she was horrified to find Mrs. Smith dead in bed with a bullet hole in her left temple and her husband lying by her side with blood still flowing from an ugly wound in the neck.

The police were at once notified and Smith taken into custody. He is now in jail and will recover. The murdered woman was 29 years of age and her husband four years her senior. They were married three years ago, but have not lived happily on account of the husband's jealousy, which was the cause of the awful crime.

Riddled with Bullets.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., September 7.—There is great excitement in the neighborhood of Stanley Creek, Gaston county, on account of the lynching early this morning of John Sigmond, a burly, one-legged negro. Sigmond was employed as a laborer on the farm of J. B. Moore, of Gaston county. This evening Mr. Moore went into the field. No one was at the house but the negro, and Mr. Moore's little 12-year-old daughter was sitting in the bedroom. Sigmond saw her through a window, entered the room, and made an assault upon her. Her father hearing her cries rushed to the house just in time to catch the negro by the foot as he was jumping from the window.

A preliminary trial was held and the negro was riddled with bullets, at least 50 shots having been fired into it.

Bound for the Northwest.

MILWAUKEE, September 9.—The man who figures as the head of the proposed new exodus of negroes from the South is the Rev. T. W. Henderson, pastor of Quinn chapel in Chicago. He is a colored man and took a leading part in the great exodus of Mississippi negroes to Kansas in 1872. Mr. Henderson was seen to-day and said that he was the author of the resolutions adopted here by the African Methodist Conference of the Northwest, and that they were not inspired by any politicians or with a view of serving any political party.

"This movement," he said, "has been quietly worked for a long time, and will be continued in that way until we have settled Montana and Washington Territory from end to end with refugees."

Murdered and Robbed.

NORFOLK, Sept. 8.—C. S. Walters, who kept a grocery store at Sewell's Point, was found murdered in his bed room this morning. It is supposed that about three o'clock this morning parties called at the store and woke up Mr. Walters and as he opened the door he was struck senseless with a club and then beaten to death, the broken skull and mangled face plainly showing the manner of death.

The murderers then robbed the store of $169 and a lot of merchandise, after which the body of Walters was placed between two cotton mattresses which were set on fire. It burned slowly, and when the body was found by members of the family one arm and a portion of the face only was burned off.

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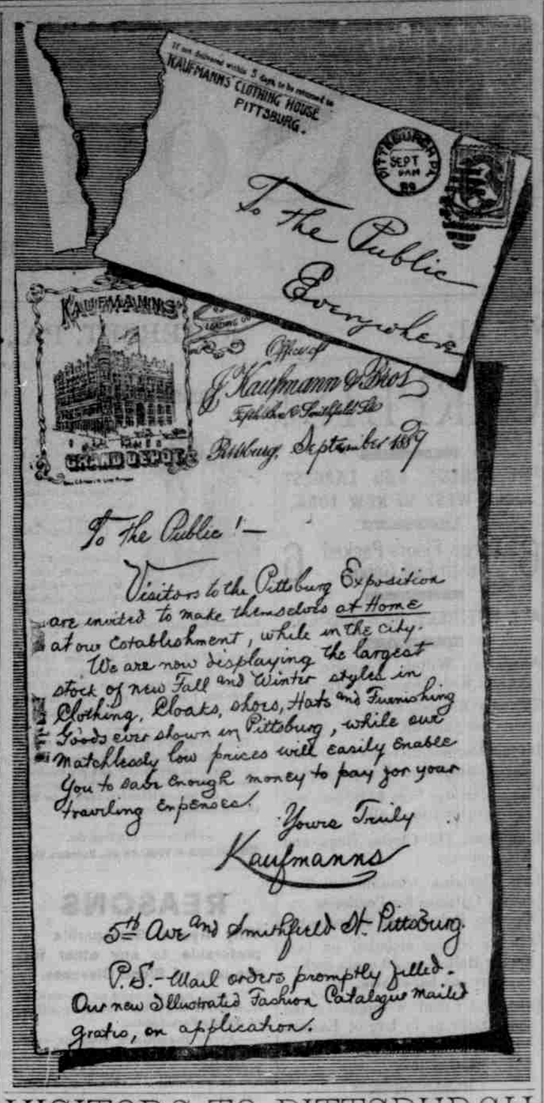

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PITTSBURGH, PA.

COME AND SEE
THIS
GREAT BANKRUPT SALE
OF

J. R. ANDERSON'S entire stock of Winter Goods, consisting upwards of $85,000.00 worth of choice dry goods, viz:

$42,565.00 worth of
DRESS GOODS,
In all wool Cloths, Serges, Henriettas and Plaids.

$18,654.00 worth of
Wraps and Jackets,
In Plush, Diagonal and Fancy Makes and Weaves.

$19,896.00 worth of
WOOLEN UNDERWEAR!
Men's, Childrens, and Ladies', all Makes, Sizes and Qualities, in all kinds of Dry Goods.

18.684 YARDS INGRAIN
27.896 YARDS BRUSSELS
6.940 YARDS VELVET
CARPET

ALSO

1,596 Pairs Lace Curtains.
All to be sold without reserve during Exposition time, if possible.

T. M. LATIMER,
138 Federal Street, - - Allegheny, Pa.

GOOD REASON FOR GRATITUDE.

HOW OUR DAUGHTER WAS SAVED TO OUR HOME—CURED OF BRIGHT'S DISEASE.

Our wives and daughters—you have often seen them with pale faces, poor appetite, head and back ache, symptoms common to the sex. Fathers and mothers, lose no time in securing Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, of Rondout, N. Y. It promptly and thoroughly restores healthful action to the affected organs, removes impurities from the blood.

— Kidney and Liver Diseases —

that yield to no other medicine, are readily cured by Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. S. D. Vanbuskirk, Demarest, N. J., says: "My daughter's case will be of interest to all who suffer from any kidney disorder, and especially Bright's Disease. About two years ago she was taken sick with congestion of the kidneys, which developed into Bright's Disease. Her body was swollen to an enormous size, measuring 45 inches around the waist, and 18 inches below the knee. I determined to have her try Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, which

We Earnestly Recommend.

An improvement was at once perceptible. Gradually the swelling was reduced from 45 to 29 inches. She began to gain strength, and was able to walk without fatigue. We do not know to express our gratitude for this medicine and what it had done for our child. We are truly grateful and are confident the Favorite Remedy will do all that is claimed for it—surely God has blessed it in this case.

DR. KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY.

PREPARED BY
Dr. David Kennedy, Rondout, N. Y.
$1 per bottle. Six for $5. By all druggists.

REAL ESTATE —AT— PRIVATE SALE.

INTENDING TO GO WEST, I OFFER FOR SALE FIRST, MY

DWELLING HOUSE AND LOT,

On Main Street, Somerset, Pa., the house being a Two-story Brick House of eleven rooms, well built, and finished in good style. Good water, cellar, cisterns and outbuildings.
SECOND, A Brick Store-house on Main Cross Street, the first floor being used for a Grocery, the second story has three rooms, and the third is used by W. H. Weifley as a Photograph Gallery. There is also on the premises a good Brick Warehouse.
THIRD, A desirable Building Lot on Main Cross Street and Catharine Street. This lot has on it about sixty fruit trees, in bearing.
FOURTH, Twelve Building Lots situated in said Borough, on Race, East, and Sanner Streets.
FIFTH, A two-story Frame House, and Lot, in Ursina Borough, containing seven rooms. House on a corner lot, formerly occupied by Dr. W. S. Kuhlman.
SIXTH, A tract of land in Cook Township, Westmoreland County, containing 228 acres, more or less; 60 acres are cleared. Situate near Weaver's Mill.
SEVENTH, I offer one pony, buggy and harness. The pony is kind and gentle. These properties will be sold for part cash, and on payments to suit purchasers.

HENRY F. SCHELL,
aug14-2m. SOMERSET, PA.

PUBLIC SALE —OF— Valuable Real Estate.

BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF SALE issued out of the Orphans' Court of Somerset County, Pa., to the undersigned directed, he will expose to public sale on the premises, on

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1889,

at 1 o'clock p. m., the following described real estate, late the property of Simon Young, deceased, viz:

No. 1. The homestead, a tract of land situate in Jefferson Township, Somerset County, Pa., containing 300 acres more or less, 200 acres clear, and 100 acres well timbered with Spruce, Oak, Chestnut, Poplar, &c., adjoining lands of Henry Fitt, Abe Barron, Nicholas Barron, Jacob Lavan, and others, with a large bank barn,

— Dwelling House, —

and outbuildings thereon erected. The farm is in a good neighborhood, well watered, and in a good state of cultivation, with an abundance of fruit trees, consisting of Apples, Cherries, Peaches, Pears, &c. Water running to the house, and in the barnyard. Also, a

— SUGAR CAMP, —

with Sugar Vessels, that will go with the farm.

No. 2. A tract of land adjoining the above homestead, containing 27 acres and 135 perches, strict measure, on which there is erected a log Dwelling House, Stable, and other outbuildings. There is an Apple Orchard, and other fruit trees thereon. The above will be sold separate or as a whole, to suit purchasers.

TERMS.

One-third cash on the 1st of April, 1890, at which time the deeds will be delivered, the balance in four equal, annual payments from April 1st, 1890, without interest, till due. After the debts and expenses are all paid, the widow shall receive the interest on the remaining one-third during her lifetime, and at her death the principal to be paid to the heirs of the deceased. Payments to be secured by judgment bonds on the premises. Ten per cent of the entire purchase money to be paid on day of sale.

SILAS H. CABLE,
Administrator and Trustee.
GEO. F. COUNTRYMAN, Auctioneer

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, The Honorable WILLIAM J. BAER President Judge of the several Courts of Common Pleas of the several counties composing the 16th Judicial District, and Justice of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the said District, and GEORGE W. PILE and OLIVER P. SHAVER, Esq's, Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas and Justices of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the County of Somerset have issued their precepts, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace and General Jail Delivery, and Courts of Oyer and Terminer at Somerset, on

MONDAY, SEPT. 23, 1889.

NOTICE is hereby given to all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroner and Constables within the said County of Somerset, that they be then and there in their proper persons with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations and other remembrances, to do those things which to their office and in that behalf appertain to be done, and also they who will prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Somerset County, to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, August 28, 1889. R. S. MCMILLEN, Sheriff.

INDIANA NORMAL SCHOOL.
INDIANA, PA.

INDIANA is a school abreast the times. No efforts are being spared to make it decidedly the

— LEADING PROFESSIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL —

The faculty is composed of members who are specialists as

— READERS AND SCHOLARS —

In their respective departments. There are also College, Preparatory, Commercial, and Musical Departments.

The Fall Term opens September 2nd. Send for Catalogue.

Z. X. SNYDER, Ph. D.,
aug14-3t. Principal.

FOR SALE.

HOROUGHBRED BERKSHIRE PIGS, six weeks old, at $5.00 per pair.
BROOD SOWS, with Pigs, from $12 to $20.00.
POLAND CHINA PIGS, a cross with Berkshire.
THOROUGHBRED COTSWOLD LAMBS, at $5.00 to $10.00, according to size. Weight from 115 to 140 pounds each. These Lambs for Stock, weighing over 500 pounds to the pair. Orders filled in rotation.

P. HEFFLEY,
Sept4-tf SOMERSET, PA.

CURRY BUSINESS COLLEGE
—OF—
CURRY UNIVERSITY.
SIXTH STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

The best equipped and most successful business college in Pennsylvania. Individual instruction for every student from 9 a. m. till 4 p. m., and from 7 till 10 p. m. Actual Business Practice and Practical Banking are Specialties. The best advantages in Short-hand and Type-writing. The highest speed in the shortest time. The University also contains full regular courses of study in the Classical, Scientific, Seminary, Normal, Music, and Elocutionary Departments. Correspondence solicited. Send for Catalogues.

JAMES CLARK WILLIAMS, A. M., Pres't.

APPLICATION FOR PARDON.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made at the September meeting of the Board of Pardons, to secure a pardon for James R. Marthey, convicted at the September sessions of 1888 of aggravated Assault and Battery, on information of William Van, and sentenced October 1st to two years in the Western Penitentiary.

J. C. LOWRY,
Attorney for Petitioner.
SOMERSET, PA., August 15, 1889.