The Somerset Herald.

EDWARD SCULL, Editor and Proprietor

WEDNESDAY..... June 26, 1889.

"RED-NOSED MIKE" was hanged to-day, (Tuesday,) at Wilkesbarre, for the murder of Paymaster McClure.

IT is estimated by competent parties that the loss of property by the recent flood will amount to $44,250,000.

PHILADELPHIA and McKean were the only counties in the State which gave majorities for the Suffrage Amendment.

WALTER LYON, Esq., of Pittsburg, has been appointed United States Attorney for the Western District of Pennsylvania.

IT is apparent from the returns of last week's election that the centre of gravity in our State politics does not lie in Philadelphia.

HON. WILLIAM E. CHANDLER was on Tuesday, of last week re-elected United States Senator by the New Hampshire Legislature.

A LOCAL OPTION bill has passed both Houses of the Michigan Legislature, and only awaits the signature of the Governor to become a law.

THE cause of temperance was not defeated in this State on Tuesday last. It was the cause of political prohibition, and that is quite another thing.

THE voters of Pennsylvania do not take kindly to "Constitution tinkering." Their fundamental law was established by themselves, and apparently they are well satisfied with it as it is.

NINE States—Michigan, Texas, Tennessee, Oregon, West Virginia, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania and Rhode Island, have deliberately declared against Prohibition.

A GOOD many towns are contributing to the Johnstown sufferers the money they proposed to spend on Fourth of July celebrations. It is a good idea. No better way of showing our patriotism can be devised.

OFFICIAL returns from every county in the State show that the majority against the Prohibition Amendment is 189,020; and against the amendment providing for the repeal of the poll tax qualification, the majority is 235,859.

THE prevalent Democratic abuse of Commissioner Tanner is in reality a signal tribute to his efficiency and worth. Democratic and mugwump abuse of a public official is generally pretty good evidence that its subject is worthy of high honor at the hands of patriotic and intelligent citizens.

SEVENTY years ago the market price of a bushel of corn would buy one pound of nails; now it will buy ten pounds of nails. Then the price of a bushel of wheat was required to buy a yard of calico; now the same bushel will pay for twenty yards of a much better fabric. So the policy of protection and diversifying industries in this country has increased the purchasing power of labor more than tenfold. There never has been a period in the history of this country when a day's labor would yield so much solid human comfort as during the past twenty years; and there is no other country on the earth where the laborer fares so well as in our own "tariff-burdened" America. —*Inter-Ocean.*

A NUMBER of Democratic papers have already commenced the work of inducing the Prohibitionists to believe that the defeat of prohibition last week was brought about by the Republican party. If any one will take the trouble to analyze the vote they will find that out of the twenty-nine counties that gave majorities for the amendment, twenty-five are Republican and four are Democratic; while of the thirty-eight counties which gave majorities against it, twenty-two are Democratic and sixteen are Republican. A little study of these facts will show the intelligent inquirer the result was in no way influenced by partisan consideration.

There is another thing worthy of remembrance by the Prohibitionists—It was the Republican party that gave the people a chance to vote on the Prohibition Amendment, while the Democratic party did its level best to kill the proposition in the Legislature.

THE tremendous majority against Constitutional Prohibition which was cast in this State on Tuesday last, was a surprise both to friends and foes and was as amazing as unexpected. Surprises cropped out in all parts of the State; counties going against, that were counted as certain for it, and *vice versa*.

Of course, it is too soon after so great a battle to calmly estimate results, and until after the inflamed passions of the combatants have cooled off, no proper idea can be formed of the eventual results. One thing is certain, however—the defeat of Constitutional Prohibition—large as was the majority—cannot be fairly construed as indicating a reaction in the temperance sentiment of the State, or as a triumph of the "saloon." It was simply a victory of the High License system, which has proven so efficacious in wiping out so many of the "saloons." A large majority of those who voted against the Prohibitory Amendment would revolt against taking any step backward in the laws which now restrain the liquor traffic, or to any movement looking to the abrogation of any of the restrictive features of our present license laws.

Pennsylvania has made very great progress of late years in the way of temperance legislation and in the education of public sentiment towards restrictive laws, and the facts accomplished are without precedent in the history of the State, and encourage many thousands of our people to feel that greater triumphs for temperance are yet in store.

The truth is, the time was not yet ripe for so drastic a measure. In their zeal the friends of Prohibition mistook public sentiment and miscalculated the effect of their teachings. The people acted upon their convictions of public right and public policy. They recognized the question as one of individual judgment; there was an honest difference of opinion among the friends of temperance as to which was the practical course, and each individual took position for himself. To charge the result upon party action is nonsense, and to allege that the one hundred and eighty-nine thousand majority was influenced by the liquor power is an insult to the general intelligence of the people.

The result has settled the question of Constitutional Prohibition for many years to come. Now let the conservative people of the State address themselves to temperance legislation. There must be "no step backward."

FANATICISM RAMPANT.

Its latest exhibition is in connection with money for Johnstown sufferers. Learning that some Germans at Fort Wayne, Indiana, proposed to make a contribution to relieve the sufferers in the Johnstown disaster, a certain preacher out there, of the "holier-than-thou" kind, wrote William R. Thompson, (one of the "goody-good" sort,) of Pittsburg, about it, who answered by saying that as Treasurer of the Pittsburg Relief Committee for Johnstown, money from such a source would not be accepted.

Comment is unnecessary, save by way of a query: Did that particular Pittsburg committee institute an inquiry to find out how all the money placed in its hands was made; and, if so, did it refuse to receive all that was contributed by Germans who do not observe the Sabbath according to its puritanic theories? For the sake of the statement admit that this Mr. Thompson and his pious committee are the simon pure of the earth, would it not have been wiser and more in accord with the principles of even their false notions of religion, to imitate the old lady who, when informed that some wicked boys threw the loaves of bread down the chimney that she was thanking God for, said, "Well, the Lord sent them, even if the devil did bring them."

Gen. Cameron Stricken.

LANCASTER, Pa., June 20.—General Simon Cameron was prostrated to-day at his home, Donegal Springs, with paralysis of the right arm and side, and his condition is critical. Ex-Attorney General Wayne MacVeagh and wife and Mrs. Halderman, General Cameron's daughter, are with him.

HARRISBURG, June 21.—The friends of General Simon Cameron in this city have no hopes of his recovery. The latest advices are that, while he may live several days, his death is certain in the near future. He has been unconscious most of the time since the last paralytic stroke yesterday. A near relative of the veteran statesman who saw saw him to-day reported here to-night that the General was in a dying condition, but his Harrisburg physician thinks he may live a number of days. General Cameron's servant yesterday morning called the attention of a friend to the fact that the General was stroking the right side of his face, as if he had discovered something unusual. At noon the servant was told by the General to bring him his mail, and on his arrival in the room occupied by the the sick man, he found him suffering from paralysis.

IT was only yesterday that J. Montgomery Foster, insurance commissioner of the State received a letter addressed by General Cameron in a more than usual firm hand, and this was probably the last effort at writing. To-day the insurance commissioner, who has been for many years a close friend of the General, and acted as his secretary in this city, left for the bed side of the man who had him reappointed (although the latter is a Democrat), and had done many acts of kindness for him.

Senator Cameron and wife are traveling in Scotland and both are expected to arrive as soon as a steamer can return to this country.

LANCASTER, PA., June 21.—At mid-night to-night, General Cameron's condition was reported unchanged.

Tortured By Believers in Witchcraft

Carthage, Ill., June 19.—A young woman, Hannah Heitland, has been working for her brother in Quincy. She recently left his house and walked to her home in Tioga, a distance of twenty-five or thirty miles. She showed symptoms of insanity, and her parents with other ignorant Germans held a sort of incantation over the girl, sticking pins into her person to "drive away the evil spirit." The young woman became almost unconscious, and in this condition she was bound hand and foot, dragged and placed in a farm wagon, brought to Carthage and placed in a stable. Here she remained from noon yesterday until near midnight last night in an unconscious condition. The unfortunate creature was finally taken to jail, where a physician is trying to save her life. Pins were still found sticking in her person. A judicial investigation will be held.

Burned His Wealth.

FRANKLIN, KY., June 21.—William J. Hilton, a wealthy and miserly old merchant of this city, who is thought to be on his death bed, to-day groped out of his bed, which is situated in the back part of his store, and went into the store. He was followed by an old negro man, his attendant, whom he ordered to take a certain nail keg and put it on the fire in his room. The keg was headed up at both ends and he told the negro that it had a few nails in it and some old papers a will among other things, that he wished to destroy.

The negro did as directed, little dreaming that he was consigning to the flames about $30,000 in greenbacks and government bonds. But such was the case. Soon after the act was done a gentleman went in, and seeing a large pile of burnt nails in the fire place, and what seemed to be the smoking remains of burnt papers, and suspicioning that all was not right began to make an investigation of the ashes and found what to the naked eye was plainly visible, a huge mass of burned greenbacks and government 4 per cent. bonds.

Mr. Hilton has a wife and one child, a prodigate son who has given him a great deal of trouble. He and his wife have been separated for some time, and there is now pending a suit for divorce and alimony against him by his wife. A great deal of bitterness has grown out of the suit and it is thought he preferred to see his property in ashes rather than for his wife and son to inherit it. He is not expected to live many days and is now too feeble to talk and refuses to divulge anything. He has a great antipathy to lawyers and has said he feared they and his wife would get all he had.

The Gold Brick Dodge.

Some days ago Hugh S. Pollock, an Indiana county farmer, was called upon by two young men, who introducing themselves, stated that a relative of theirs, dying, had bequeathed to them a large brick of gold that was buried on the farm which Pollock owns. They showed a correct draft of the farm with directions for finding the buried treasure. After reading a part of the will to Pollock they asked permission to make a search. After a careful estimate and measurement they located the spot and digging found the brick of gold. The strangers offered to reward Pollock, by agreeing to take $500 cash and a note for $300, and leave the gold. Pollock went to a bank to get the money but was warned by the cashier. The warning dispelled Pollock's illusion and when he accused the men of being swindlers they took to the woods, taking the brick with them.

RED NOSE MIKE'S DOOM.

He Cries Bitterly After His Death Warrant is Read to Him.

WILKESBARRE, PA., June 22.—The Sheriff to-day, accompanied by several newspaper men, entered the cell of 'Red Nose Mike' and read to him the death warrant, by authority of which he will be hanged on Tuesday next. During the reading of the document the prisoner kept his eyes steadfastly fixed on the Sheriff and never flinched. His only words after the reading were "All right, sir."

After the party had withdrawn from the cell the murderer of Paymaster McClure and Flannigan threw himself upon his cot and began to cry bitterly.

A Place for Ex-Governor Hartranft.

General John F. Hartranft was appointed by President Harrison a member of the Cherokee Commission, to fill the vacancy created by Commissioner J. Otis Humphrey's resignation. The ex-Governor has his commission and will probably leave for the Cherokee country soon. The compensation is $10 a day.

Rhode Island Denounces Prohibition in Disgust.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 20.—The people of Rhode Island to-day voted to repeal the Prohibitory Amendment to the Constitution which was adopted three years ago. The vote then was: For the Amendment, 15,112; against, 9,230, a three-fifth majority being required. Since then the Prohibitory law has been practically a dead letter, saloons being carried on without restraint, except in rare instances, when the liquor was seized by the law officers and poured out on the streets. Public opinion was so clearly against the enforcement of the Amendment that a demand for its repeal grew up, and the Legislature at its last session complied with this demand by submitting to the people the question whether the Prohibitory clause in the Constitution should be repealed or not. Owing to the enlargement of the voting population, resulting from the recent new Suffrage law, the vote is much larger to-day than when the subject was last voted on.

With four towns to hear from the vote is: To repeal the Prohibitory Amendment, 23,970; against repealing it, 8,675. This is about 4,400 more than the three-fifths vote required to repeal the Amendment.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 20.—The total vote was 28,498 for repeal of the Prohibition Amendment, and 9,853 against repeal. The Amendment is, therefore repealed by 5,409 more than the required three-fifths of the total vote. The Amendment was adopted in 1886 by a vote of 15,113 to 9,236.

Stalwarts Enter a Contest.

WASHINGTON, June 20,—A delegation of 38 Stalwart Republicans from Niagra county, New York, after assuring the President that they never "scratched" the Republican ticket, informed him that a certain number of Republican "scratchers" had been instrumental in defeating the Republican candidate for Congress in their district. The Stalwarts protested against therecognition of these scrathcers in the distribution of offices. The President, in reply, said he knew little about the men selected for fourth class post-offices and other minor offices, but in the Presidential offices he would do the best he could to promote the public interests. The Stalwarts subsequently called on Postmaster Feneral Wanamaker and made a similar protest against the selection of "scratchers" for offices in the Thirty-third Congressional district of New York.

A Crazy Negro Lynched.

COLUMBIA, S. C., June 21.—A negro named Andy Caldwell this morning attempted to ravish Mrs. Beckham, a respectable woman, at her home near Ridgewater, S. C. Mrs. Beckham's daughter tried to shoot the negro but her gun failed to fire. The negro then took the gun from the girl and shot her in the leg. He then went to Ridgewater and created a disturbance in a store, when the proprietor shot at him and he ran away.

In the meantime it had been learned that the negro was an escaped lunatic. The Sheriff finally captured him and placed him in charge of a guard from the State Lunatic Asylum, who started for Columbia with him. When near Rockton the party was surprised by a body of 40 armed men, who took Caldwell into the woods and shot him to death.

Mrs. Hayes Stricken.

CLEVELAND, O., May 21.—Mrs. Hayes, the wife of ex-President Hayes, was stricken with apoplexy this afternoon at her home in Fremont, and at 9 o'clock this evening she was unconscious. The attack came between 3 and 4 o'clock this afternoon while Mrs. Hayes was sitting, in her room, sewing. Paralysis of the right side resulted, rendering her speechless. Medical help was at once summoned, but all efforts to restore the laily to consciousness have thus far failed.

General Hayes was on his way home from Columbus at the time, and it was 5 o'clock when he arrived in Fremont. Mrs. Haye's, sons Burchard and Webb, have been summoned from Toledo and Cleveland, their respective homes.

A Strike at Johnstown.

JOHNSTOWN, PA., June 20.A strike among the men at work on the ruins here has been inaugurated, and this morning there were not a thousand laborers at work. Overbearing bosses and short rations, for which the men are made to pay liberally, are the grievances.

A train of nineteen cars, loaded with provisions, arrived to-day from Calderon, Neb. There were horses and carts, while the roofs of the cars were full of citizens of the town, who have tendered their services to General Hastings.

Mercer Will be Dry Anyhow.

SHARON, PA., June 20.—The liquor dealers of Mercer county are not jubilant over the election, despite the tremendous majority against Prohibition in the State. Judge Mehard is reported to have said that he would take the vote on the Amendment as an indication whether the people wanted saloons or not. If this be true not a license will be granted in Mercer county next year. The saloonkeepers are correspondingly sad.

Fire Ruins A Chinese City.

SHANGHAI, June 20.—A fire, which lasted four whole days, has destroyed half of the important town of La Chan in the province of Sze-Cuen. The inhabitants were compelled to flee for their lives and it is estimated that no less than 1,200 were killed, most of them being crushed to death while attempting to escape through the narrow and crooked streets. There are 10,000 people homeless. A fund has been started here for their relief.

Chased by Bull Dogs.

GADSDEN, ALA., June 24.—Frank Bennett, a roving character who has been stopping at Cave Creek, six miles across the river, with his cousin, Jim Oliver, wanted to marry the fifteen-year-old daughter of John Sims, a neighbor, but the judge refused a license. Bennett got drunk yesterday, and going to Sims's house, threatened to kill the whole family. Sims ordered him off and a friend took him away. Sims swore out a warrant yesterday, and Deputy Sheriff Wright and a posse, with blood hounds, went to arrest Bennett. They found him at Oliver's house. He refused to surrender and opened fire, killing three dogs and severely wounding Deputy Wright and Monroe Miller.

He then made his escape, although fired upon. A strong posse is in pursuit, and at last accounts Bennett was hemmed in a thicket.

Temperance in Language as Well as in Morals.

New York Commercial Advertiser (Dem.)

If the Third Party is to remain with us and enliven our recurent struggles at the polls by converting them into triangular duels, it is to be hoped, in the interest of decency, that its leaders may acquire some degree of self-control under defeat. Strictly parliamentary language may be too much to expect of defeated political leaders, but there is no excuse for Billingsgate. We protest, in the name of political decency, against the language of the chairman of the State Prohibition Committee when he says that Pennsylvania was lost to his party through a "combination of villains." Viewed in the light of the overwhelming majority that the people of that State have given against the amendment in question, Mr. Palmer's contention amounts to a claim—if it amounts to anything—that the villians of Pennsylvania outnumber the honest men by thousands upon thousands. This won't answer, Mr. Palmer. If you want to fight you must fight like a man and use the weapons of a man, and not those of a fishwife. A tidal wave has swept over your thoroughly undemocratic amendment. The people did it, not the villians, combined or uncombined. The cause of your defeat lies just under you nose. It was brought about by the simple fact that a stupendous majority of voters of Pennsylvania differ from you in opinion—dread to commit their commonwealth to the keeping of you and yours, to a party which has ever shown, upon opportunity offered, as you have just done, that if abstinence holds sway in your stomachs, intemperance runs riot in your brains and tongues.

189,020 Majority

Against Prohibition in Pennsylvania.

THE SUFFRAGE AMENDMENT DEFEATED BY 235,850.

THE FULL FACTS AND FIGURES.

The result of the ballots cast on the two proposed Amendments to the Constitution of Pennsylvania last Tuesday is that both Amendments were defeated by overwhelming majorities.

Only two counties in the State, Philadelphia and McKean, gave a majority for the Suffrage Amendment.

Following is the official pluralities, by counties, on both Amendments:

	Prohibition Amendment.		Suffrage Amendment	
	For	Ag'st	For	Ag'st
Adams	.....	1338	.....	4474
Allegheny	.....	26188	.....	27977
Armstrong	.....	175	.....	6284
Beaver	1530	.....	.....	3721
Bedford	.....	819	.....	5408
Berks	.....	19209	.....	13019
Blair	22 4	.....	.....	6151
Bradford	3412	.....	.....	5706
Bucks	.....	4320	.....	11959
Butler	2424	.....	.....	5428
Cambria	.....	1432	.....	2665
Cameron	139	.....	.....	226
Carbon	.....	2362	.....	2670
Centre	1935	.....	.....	3755
Chester	1692	.....	.....	11125
Clarion	1460	.....	.....	4561
Clearfield	1582	.....	.....	5220
Clinton	.....	46	.....	1221
Columbia	.....	1241	.....	4175
Crawford	2504	.....	.....	5191
Cumberland	.....	643	.....	3649
Dauphin	.....	2675	.....	2596
Delaware	.....	1056	.....	1164
Elk	.....	752	.....	1243
Erie	.....	3801	.....	4857
Fayette	3005	.....	.....	6393
Forest	429	.....	.....	734
Franklin	.....	1309	.....	4226
Fulton	.....	613	.....	1577
Greene	312	.....	.....	4535
Huntingdon	595	.....	.....	3030
Indiana	2299	.....	.....	5497
Jefferson	1624	.....	.....	4357
Juniata	.....	94	.....	1936
Lackawana	.....	2165	.....	5106
Lancaster	.....	10981	.....	2429
Lawrence	2806	.....	.....	2974
Lebanon	.....	5259	.....	3367
Lehigh	.....	9925	.....	10426
Luzerne	.....	9962	.....	9968
Lycoming	.....	1125	.....	4406
McKean	996	.....	61	.....
Mercer	3866	.....	.....	3392
Mifflin	700	.....	.....	2089
Monroe	.....	1615	.....	2159
Montgomery	.....	9739	.....	10918
Mon.our	.....	422	.....	1681
Northampton	.....	8166	.....	9767
Northumberland	.....	983	.....	5779
Perry	.....	306	.....	1445
Philadelphia	.....	92825	90868	.....
Pike	.....	709	.....	1077
Potter	29	.....	.....	492
Schuylkill	.....	12610	.....	8768
Snyder	.....	1368	.....	2906
Somerset	.....	1352	.....	3842
Sullivan	.....	294	.....	1314
Susquehanna	2476	.....	.....	5983
Tioga	1076	.....	.....	1734
Union	193	.....	.....	2908
Venango	3502	.....	.....	3600
Warren	859	.....	.....	2083
Washington	2007	.....	.....	7779
Wayne	.....	249	.....	2917
Westmoreland	108	.....	.....	13851
Wyoming	1218	.....	.....	2892
York	.....	5066	.....	9874
Total	48,142	237,162	90,899	325,719
Majority against Prohibition amendment				189 020
Majority against Suffrage amendment				235 850

Comments of the State Press on the Result of Tuesday's Battle.

Philadelphia *Times*: This emphatic expression of the people of Pennsylvania against constitutional Prohibition, must not be misconstrued as a backward step from the severe regulation of the liquor traffic by statute. It is a victory achieved by the conservative temperance element of the State, and it means that severe laws shall regulate a traffic that is capable of great wrongs to society and that there shall be no lawlessness either invited or tolerated in it. It leaves the whole issue, from high license even to absolute Prohibition, open for consideration in our legislative halls, and there will be constant pressure for advancement in every line that promises the promotion of public sobriety. Prohibition is beaten; temperance is not beaten, and it is now safe to say that it never can be beaten in Pennsylvania.

Pittsburgh *Post*: It is not a triumph of the liquor interests or of the saloon power, but of the common sense of the people, marking and emphasizing their opposition to impracticable theories, to arbitrary interference with the personal rights of the people, and to the confiscation of property rights guaranteed by the constitution and laws. Further than this, it is a declaration for the judicious regulation of the liquor traffic, and that it shall bear its proper, and even an exceptional, share of the public burthens. It does not mean free and untaxed whiskey. Prohibition in this State did. In brief, the result condemns Prohibition as a moral, political or social issue, and maintaining the right and expediency of moderate license, taxation and judicious regulation.

Philadelphia *Press*: The result is a clear expression of the popular will. It was beyond manipulation and beyond control. It was above party influence and outside of party lines. If party managers had undertaken to direct it, they would have been powerless. The people recognized this issue as a question of individual judgment, and they acted upon their conviction of public right and public policy. It was in no sense party action, and any attempt to have made it party action would have been impotent. There was an honest division among the friends of temperance as to the most practical and efficient measure, and the decision is in favor of maintaining the High License policy of the State.

Philadelphia *Record*: It is in some sense a return to the primitive democracy which formerly kept Pennsylvania in the front of the fight for sound and simple forms of government, when the people relied upon their own virtues as the basis of clean and wholesome living instead of depending upon statutory and manufactured virtues. It shows conclusively the drift of the tide. The people do not approve drunkenness; they disapprove intemperate legislation. They think that the perpetuity of free institutions is best insured by individual responsibility and by keeping the hand of the State out of private affairs with which it has no business to meddle.

Pittsburgh *Commercial Gazette*: The cause of temperance reform will not languish or die because of this defeat. The lesson of the vote is that the time for Constitutional or legal Prohibition has not yet arrived. The public sentiment will not sustain Prohibition as applied to the whole State, but the vote by counties shows that Prohibition by local option could be maintained in many sections, if that plan were adopted. In the mean time the proper thing to do is to adhere to the High License system and such restriction of the evils of the traffic as may be secured by legislative enactment.

Pittsburgh *Leader*: The verdict of the people, given at the polls, is clearly in favor of the regulation of the liquor traffic by a system which can be made operative through a proper use of the machinery of government, and just as clearly against any and all schemes tending to place the care of private morals in the hands of the State Legislature.

Philadelphia *Bulletin*: The Prohibitionists have been defeated openly and fairly, and after they had every possible opportunity for ascertaining their strength with the people. It is therefore their duty to abide by the will of the majority. Prohibition in Pennsylvania is henceforth a dead issue.

Harrisburg *Patriot*: That Prohibition is neither an adequate nor a proper remedy for the evils of intemperance is the belief of thousands of honest temperance men, and, as has been demonstrated by the vote of Tuesday, is the conviction of a majority of the qualified voters of the State.

Pittsburgh *Times*: While the Prohibitionists will feel keenly their defeat, the result will be cheerfully accepted as containing a great amount of instruction, one of the principal things taught being that High License must be accepted as the fixed policy of the State.

Philadelphia *Herald*: The Republican party adopted the Amendment as its own special offspring, as it in reality was, yet with the great majority of 19,000 in the State, that party could not or would not carry out its contract and make law of the measure.

Philadelphia *Call*: It is an emphatic endorsement not only of the law, but of the courts which have so rigidly enforced it, and a demand at the same time that there be no backward step from the severe regulation to the liquor traffic.

Philadelphia *Item*: Don't assume that the result on Prohibition is a "rum victory." It is a victory achieved by the conservative temperance element of the State, who believe that Prohibition does not prohibit.

Philadelphia *Telegraph*: The Prohibition proposition is defeated, and so well defeated that there is no room whatever for doubt as to how public opinion in Pennsylvania stands with regard to it.

Take Hood's Sarsaparilla 100 Doses One Dollar

The Chief Reason for the marvellous success of Hood's Sarsaparilla is found in the fact that this medicine actually accomplishes all that is claimed for it. Its real merit has won Merit Wins for Hood's Sarsaparilla a popularity and sale greater than that of any other blood purifier. It cures Scrofula, all Humors, Dyspepsia, etc. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

B. & B.

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THROUGH OUR

Mail Order Department

Can be done with safety and dispatch. In every instance the customer, whatever the distance, is guaranteed satisfaction. Orders are put in the hands of competent people as soon as received, and filled to the letter. The prices to out-of-town customers are invariably the same named to personal buyers.

Our stock of Dress Stuffs and Silks is kept constantly filled with seasonable goods—the styles always include the latest productions of the best manufacturers. Our prices are always the lowest.

In Imported Fabrics, Novelties and Black Goods, we have never shown such a variety of goods, nor have we ever seen the prices approached.

Thousands of yards of dollar goods at 50 cents; $1.25 goods at $1.00; 75 cent goods at 40 cents; 50 cent goods at 25 cents and 35 cents.

SILKS.—A very large and choice line of elegant goods. Extraordinary offers in India Silks, Surahs and Black Gros Grains. You will find our prices extremely low.

CASHMERES.—The place to learn shades. Fifty shades alone in $1 Silk Warp Cashmeres. All Wool, 38-inch Cashmeres, 35 cents. Silk Warp Henriettas, 38 inches wide, 75c.

LACES—Many excellent bargains.

Boggs & Buhl,

115, to 121,

FEDERAL STREET

ALLEGHENY, Pa.

{ SPECIAL BARGAINS }

—IN—

TRIMMINGS!

MARKED DOWN TO CLOSE OUT.

Tinsel Gimps marked from 50c to 25c. and from $1 50 to 25c.

Silk Cord Gimp, a good pattern, from 50c to 25c a yard.

President Braid Gimp from 50c to 25., and from $1 to 50c a yard.

Bead Net and Cord Net Sleeves,

$4 50 to $2 50, $5 to $3 50, $6 50 to $7 $7 50 to $5, $13 50 to $9.

President Brand Panels, $1 25 to 25c. Sets to 25c, 50c, $1.

Bead Sets at about half price. A few SHOULDER CAPES in Passementerie and Bead Jer and Collars, nice for Dress or Wrap Trimmings, at greatly reduced prices.

BLACK LACE FLOUNCING!

BLACK DRAPERY NETS!

A large line at specially low prices.

Come to our Trimming Department for Trimmings of all kinds. We have the largest and best line in the city.

HORNE & WARD,

41 FIFTH AVE., PITTSBURGH, PA.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE,

Estate of Perry Walker, dec'd, late of Milford Twp., Somerset County, Pa.

Letters of Administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned by the proper authority, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement on or before Saturday, the 27th day of July, 1889, at the late residence of dec'd in Milford Township.

SAMUEL J. BOWSER,
JONATHAF J. WALKER,
Administrators.

June19.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of William Sevits, dec'd., late of Brothers valley Twp. Somerset Co., Pa.

Letters testamentary on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned by the proper authority, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement to the undersigned on Saturday, the 10th day of August, 1889, at the late residence of dec'd.

A. M. SEVITS,
Executor.

June26.

AGENTS WANTED. To canvass for one of the LARGEST, OLDEST-ESTABLISHED, BEST KNOWN NURSERIES in the country. *Most Liberal Terms.* Unequaled facilities. Established 1846. W. & T. SMITH, GENEVA, NEW YORK.

FIDELITY SAFE LIFE LESS THAN Other Life Ins. Cos. HOUSE PLAN

The Policyholders' Insurance!

Send your age and get your rate.

"As safe as the best old-line" *Bank.* "Unlimited Security." *Tablet.*

AGENTS WANTED. GOOD PAY.

J. F. & W. N. Paulson, Managers 96—4th Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Smith's Shuttleless! Smith's Media Heaters

Near Philadelphia. School Opens Sept. 19th. Yearly Expense, $300. Quarterly Payments, $125.

Schools and families, your dams and tops in any time—Rts. Rts. Rts. Business, Key College Polymathic Civil Engineering, Classics, Mathematics, etc. One of the best equipped and best managed Schools. All rough or finish lumber, any size, sawed to order. Circulars free. Address, SMITH'S SHUTTLELESS SCREW & SHUTTLE WORKS, Smith's Station, Delaware Co., Pa. Circulars at this office.

SURGICAL OPERATION

PREVENTED—HOW A FATHER AND SON WERE MADE TO FEEL LIKE BOYS AGAIN.

The following narrative of the suffering of a father and son will prove interesting to the readers of this paper. G. C. Bartholomew, of Kalkaska, Mich., says: "I located in this place five years ago, having formerly resided in Troy, N. Y. My friends there, as well as here, know that I have been a great sufferer from Gout the physicians of Troy called

Bright's Disease of the Kidneys.

They frankly confessed that there was no help for me. As a last resort, I commenced the use of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, made at Rondout, N. Y., you know. The result is a little short of a miracle. All the terrible symptoms of disease of the kidneys are gone. Who would begrudge the cost of one dollar for such a blessing, or refuse this token of gratitude for being perfectly cured? But my recovery was not more remarkable than that of my son, who, when a boy, fell from a fence, bruising his leg, which was followed by disease of the bone. Large pieces were removed by surgical operations from time to time. His

Blood Was Impure

and the future to him was dark and gloomy, expecting to be a helpless cripple for life. But help came when least expected. He was induced to try Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, and as such as I am writing this grateful acknowledgement, his leg is healed up. He now works with me, doing the work of an able-bodied man, and hope others who suffer from kidney or blood disorder, will use

DR. KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY.

PREPARED BY

Dr. David Kennedy, Rondout, N. Y.

$1 per bottle. Six for $5. By all druggists.

Physician's Residence and Business

FOR SALE.

Intending to quit the practice of Medicine and to move away, I offer for sale my house and lands in Stoystown, Somerset County, Pa., and with them my good will. Also several pieces of land lying just outside of said town, which I will sell with the house or separately.

The house is in excellent repair and newly painted. It contains ten rooms and a large office, besides many large closets and cup boards. Under the whole house is a cellar in which nothing ever freezes. On the same lot a wash-house and bake-oven, a large cistern, a smoke-house and other buildings. Flag-stone walks throughout the length and breadth of the garden. Right at the back door is one of the best wells in the county. Fine shade trees in front of the house, and the garden filled with the choicest fruits of all kinds.

The house and lot are in the best part of the town on a corner on Main street with a wide alley, or rather street, on one side and on the rear. Across this alley at the rear is an orchard and on it a large stable where room for three horses and four cows; also a large carriage-house, etc. This orchard is filled with fruit trees of the choicest kinds and is very productive. This I will sell with the house.

There are about 25 acres of land just outside of the borough limits for cultivation and for pasture.

The purchaser will get a property provided with all those things with which a man surrounds himself in his permanent home.

For terms call on or address,

DR. R. H. PATTERSON,
Stoystown, Somerset Co., Pa.

NOTICE.—All persons knowing themselves to be indebted on the books will please call and settle same, on or before August 1st, 1889. After that date all accounts remaining unsettled will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.

R. H. PATTERSON.

Remarkable Restoration of Sight.

Mr. Gus. H. Taylor, of Indiana, Indiana county, Pa., lost all perception of objects in one eye through cataract, and so much of the other as to disable him for work. In February last he had an operation by Dr. Sadler, oculist, No. 804 Penn avenue, Pittsburgh, which has resulted in *perfect* restoration of the blind eye. By the aid of glasses he can now read the *finest print* at the natural distance for reading. He did not suffer five minutes pain from first to last. The Doctor has succeeded in restoring sight in sixteen out of seventeen children born blind with cataract. All persons who have crooked eyes, young or old can positively have them straightened by Dr. Sadler. Weak sight is often owing to irregular refraction and can be corrected. Delay frequently ends in permanent danger to sight.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of John Hicks, dec'd, late of Somerset Borough, Somerset County, Pa.

Letters testamentary on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned by the proper authority, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement without delay to the undersigned on Saturday, June 22, 1889, at the late residence of deceased in Addison Twp.

BARBARA FAHLINGER,
may8. Executrix.

FARM FOR SALE OR RENT.

I wish to sell or rent my FARM, consisting of 170 acres, about 140 of which is cleared land, and the remainder in timber, and well watered. This farm is located southwest of Stahlstown, adjoining the village, and has erected thereon a

GOOD NEW HOUSE OF 8 ROOMS,

And Kitchen, Ice Cellar, and Spring House Cellar. A never-failing spring by the house. Also, a Log Bank Barn in good repair. Splendid Orchard. Come and see it now, soon, as this is a good time to see what land is worth. This advertisement will appear only twice.

GEO. JAMES, Stahlstown, Westmoreland Co. Pa.

YOU CAN FIND THIS PAPER on file in Pittsburg, at the Advertising Bureau of our authorized Agents, REMINGTON BROS. who will contract for advertising at lowest rates.

PILLSBURY'S BEST

—XXXX FLOUR—

All Flour exhibited in packages where the Cheese under is found, is made from the famous Red Hard Wheat of Minnesota and Dakota Spring Wheat in the famous Pillsbury Mills at Minneapolis, Minn, and is branded

PILLSBURY'S
BEST XXXX
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

These mills are three in number, with a capacity of

10,000 BARRELS PER DAY, or
OVER 3,000,000 BARRELS PER YEAR.

To feed these mills requires 15,000,000 bushels of wheat annually. Our Minneapolis Mill has the largest capacity of any mill in the world, consuming over 3,000 bushels of wheat per day. It is supplied with the best machinery known to the milling trade; no expense has been spared to insure perfection in all details, and it is the most perfect and easily built mill on the globe.

We guarantee our "Pillsbury's Best" to be the Cheapest Flour made in the United States, taking all its qualities into account. It will yield from 40 to 60 pounds more bread to the barrel than flour made from Winter Wheat. It requires more moisture in mixing, and the bread will keep sweet and moist for several days. It is also the most nutritious and healthy, as it is absolutely pure, nothing but the choicest hard Spring Wheat being used in its manufacture. Minnesota and Dakota Wheat has the largest proportion of gluten and phosphates of any grown in

This country, and by our improved new Roller Process we extract from the wheat all its nutritious qualities, instead of letting them go into the inferior grades of flour, as is the case under the old process of milling. At the same time this flour will make the whitest, lightest loaf of bread in the world, being at once the best, healthiest and cheapest flour that can be used. Sold only by

JOSIAH KELLER, Somerset.

It is to Your Interest

TO BUY YOUR

DRUGS AND MEDICINES

OF

BIESECKER & SNYDER.

SUCCESSORS TO C. N. BOYD.

None but the purest and best kept in stock, and when Drugs become inert by standing, as certain of them do, we destroy them, rather than impose on our customers.

You can depend on having your

PRESCRIPTIONS & FAMILY RECEIPTS

filled with care. Our prices are as low as any other first-class house and on many articles much lower.

The people of this county seem to know this, and have given us a large share of their patronage, and we shall still continue to give them the very best goods for their money. Do not forget that we make a specialty of

FITTING TRUSSES.

We guarantee satisfaction, and, if you have had trouble in this direction, give us a call.

SPECTACLES AND