# The Somerset Herald.

EDWARD SCULL, Editor and Proprietor

WEDNESDAY ..... February 13, 1889.


GOVERNOR BEAVER has appointed Thomas A. Butler, Esq., to the vacant additional Law Judgeship of Chester County. Mr. Butler is the son of ex-State Treasurer Samuel Butler, and son-in-law of Hon. Smedley Darlington, representative from the Sixth Congressional District.

## SAD AND STRANGE VISITATION.

WHETHER the blight that has fallen upon the soldiers' orphans' school, located at McAllisterville, in this State, be called a visitation, an affliction, an epidemic or endemic, it certainly is not only a sad event, but is wrapped in the folds of a mystery that baffles the science of even medical experts. Fully twenty-five boys, whose ages range from twelve to fifteen years, have been the victims of the malady, which in every case has assumed the character of a species of insanity, with a tendency to commit suicide on the part of many of the sufferers, and with all a constant dread of imaginary things.

It is hoped the investigation, now in progress by several skilled physicians, will result in ascertaining the true nature of the mania, and, also, the cause of it. Some medical men give it the name of ophesia with cerulerum anemia, which is said to mean blood impoverished by lack of nutrition; and which in plain English means poor and insufficient food—in other words, not putting any fine points to it—it means that the boys were almost starved to death. If true, it shows the school to be in the hands of as great a set of scoundrels as have ever cursed the earth.

It is reported that not only is there the grossest neglect in providing nutritious edibles, but that the orphans are crowded into cold, poorly ventilated sleeping apartments. The investigation is being pushed under the auspices of the G. A. R. Post of Mifflintown, with a determination to get at the bottom facts respecting all the rumors affecting the good name of the school, and to bring those guilty of any of the serious charges now in circulation, to a speedy trial. With the facts now before the public anything more disgraceful and brutal has never occurred within the limits of our State.

## HARRISON'S CABINET.

OUR readers have noted that while the dailies and a good many weeklies have had a great deal to say as to the timber to be used in constructing President-elect Harrison's cabinet, we have studiously avoided cumbering the columns of the HERALD with any speculations upon the subject. This has not been from any want of interest in the materials that will be employed by the architect who has the exclusive right to make the selection, but from the very obvious fact that while we may be as good at guessing as most are, we have no means of knowing what the mind of Mr. Harrison is. Only on one point do we feel sure, and that is that the President-elect, being a pronounced Republican, with no mugwumpism in his, the members of his cabinet will be taken from among staunch Republicans. With this conviction we are content to await the official announcement before printing the names of the cabinet.

With true men—representative men—as his advisers, Mr. Harrison will find the party to whom he owes his election, in close sympathy with him, and will not fail to secure its hearty support in carrying out such measures as will place the affairs of the country on a more prosperous basis than President Cleveland's administration will leave them.

We are not so much concerned over the question of State lines, or geographical localities in selecting a cabinet as to join in a howl because New York or the New England States, or the great West, or the South shall have no representative, as we are in the kind of Republicans that shall be chosen. And, as intimated, our confidence in General Harrison's Republicanism, as well as in his intimate knowledge of our public men, we do not intend to worry over the fact that we do not know at present who is going to be Secretary of the Treasury, or Attorney General, or for that matter, who has been certainly selected for any of the other positions. We have only about three weeks of suspense.

## WORK OF THE OFFICIAL GUILLOTINE.

THE mills of the gods grind slowly but surely, it is said; and it may be added with some very queer and unexpected results. Though the work of decapitation at headquarters, in Washington City, has not been as rapid and general as our Democratic friends have wished, it has in many cases been, in their estimation, in the wrong direction. As long as the heads of Republican office holders rolled into the basket, they smiled their sweetest; but when the monotony of that kind of decapitation has been relieved by an occasional Democratic victim, the smile has turned into a lugubrious howl.

Just now the wail of lamentation goes up from the Bourbon press all over the land over the unexpected downfall of one who it was thought wore the charm of the elect among Democratic office-holders. We allude to the summary dismissal of Hon. A. P. Edgerton, the civil service commissioner. President Cleveland, some days since, for reasons that have not been made public as yet, wrote him a polite note asking for his resignation, or words to that effect, which was answered by a stubborn and positive refusal. The President, it seems, could not brook that kind of an action on the part of one of his subordinates, hence wrote him the following little epistle:

EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, February 9.

DEAR SIR:—You are hereby removed from the office of United States Civil Service Commission.

GROVER CLEVELAND.

Hon A. P. Edgerton.

The whole Democratic party, outside of the few who still cling to Grover, are all agog over the operation of the Washington guillotine, as Mr. Edgerton is considered a thorough-bred-Jacksonian-Democrat. In a late discussion of the civil service in the United States Senate, Hon. Mr. Gorman, of Maryland, voiced the sentiment of his party generally, by saying that "Mr. Edgerton is an old-fashioned Democrat and an old-fashioned thinker, and is the only man connected with the commission, who by a public expression, ever showed that he thought the people of this country had any rights outside of the civil service commission. He has my entire respect and confidence."

And yet, within a fortnight from the time of the utterance of this high commendation, President Cleveland curtly told him his services would be no longer tolerated. The country will now await with bated breath the outcome of this new disintegrating element in the great Democratic party.

## Civil Service Commissioner Edgerton Fired by Cleveland.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 9.—The President to-day sent to the Senate the nomination of Hugh S. Thompson, of South Carolina, present Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, to be united States Civil Service Commissioner, in place of Alfred P. Edgerton, removed.

THE COMMISSIONER SPEAKS.

Judge Edgerton says that he had received no intimation from the President of any intention to remove him from office until yesterday, when he called at the White House. The President then requested him to resign his office in order that it might be filled by Mr. Thompson. The President said that there was little hope of securing the place for Mr. Thompson as long as there was no suitable vacancy on the Commission. Mr. Edgerton, however, promptly declined to resign, holding that his resignation would not be polite, creditable to himself or calculated to help any other person (intimating that Mr. Thompson could not be confirmed if nominated). Of course, the President might exercise his prerogative if he saw fit.

The President did see fit, and when Edgerton reached his office this morning he found the following letter awaiting him:

EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—DEAR SIR: You are hereby removed from the office of United States Civil Service Commissioner. GROVER CLEVELAND.

Hon. A. P. Edgerton.

Mr. Edgerton says that he cannot recall any differences with the President during his term of office except those growing out of what he describes as "the fact that the President is the first Mugwump in the land, while I am a straight-out Democrat." He intends to write a letter to the President in a day or two acknowledging the receipt of his notice of removal, and perhaps adding an expression of his opinion upon the President's course in the matter.

CONFIRMATION UNCERTAIN.

The President has been represented as being unwilling to nominate Mr. Thompson to his office on account of the uncertainty of his treatment by the Republican Senate. There are now two vacancies on the Commission. Mr. Oberly's place having never been filled. It was thought to-day that the President had concluded that an appointment in Mr. Edgerton's place might be confirmed by the Senate, as it would leave a vacancy to be filled by Mr. Harrison. Under the law one member of the Commission must be a Democrat.

## "Epidemic Chorea."

A number of the male pupils of the soldiers' orphan school at M'Allisterville, Juniata county, have been affected, and a few are still affected, by a peculiar mental disorder which has puzzled the physicians. Dr. Banes, of Mifflintown, who has been in attendance upon the sufferers, thus describes the condition of the seventeen boys affected when he was called in consultation with Dr. Hoopes: "Some of them would hunt round the room for rats; others would tear paper, and, without looking at it, would thrust it into their mouths and chew it, and when they would get sight of it they would throw it away from them in fear and trample upon it and then seize it again with their hands. They would pick up the paper and throw it down again repeatedly. When asked what it was they would call it a cat, or a weasel, or some orther small animal. When shown a knife one called it a porcupine, another a weasel and a third a crow, yet when asked to take it they attempted to open the blade with their teeth.

"Another boy was shown a cap, and when asked what it was, called it a coon; yet, when told to use it, put it on his head. They seemed to be able to distinguish objects and know their uses, but could not call them by their right names. They had strong visionary delusions, rather than mental aberrations. Their minds, I believe, would have been comparatively clear if they could have looked upon objects with a natural vision. Their pupils were dilated, but not so much so as to account for the imperfect vision. The temperature was principally normal. In one or two it was accelerated. They said they were not sick and insisted on going to the school room. The patients were all placed under medical treatment, to allay the excitations of the nerves, and as many of them as could be got quiet were put to bed. The next morning all but four woke up in a much improved condition. Consultation was again held on the 7th, at which time all were restored but four. They are suffering with much the same symptoms at this time."

The boy first affected was weak-minded. A second boy was affected in a similar manner a week later. Two other boys soon showed the same symptoms. The doctor thinks the epidemic, if such it can be called, was caused by the boys becoming frightened "by seeing their schoolmates and companions in such a condition, and nervous exhaustion, or induction of nervous impression was superinduced. Even many of the boys who were not affected by hallucination were so badly frightened that their hands and feet became cold. Many rumors are afloat as to the cause of this affection, as that the boys had been given cider and whisky or other concoctions to drink, but such reports are utterly without foundation and false, and the boys are well cared for in every respect and are free from vices or improper indulgences."

## An Attack On The South.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—In the house to-day Mr. Mason made a speech on the South Carolina election contest. He said the present governor of South Carolina was the worthy executive of a corrupt law. He had said that the Anglo-Saxon race must rule in his state. If Anglo-Saxon blood was to vote were there going to be blood testers that would say to a man "Fifty per cent. Anglo-Saxon, fifty per cent. negro; you may have half a vote." It was not the hand of God, but the iron heel of the Anglo Saxon that was responsible for the inferiority of the negro. Mr. Mason then went into an exposition of the particular frauds which he said had been practiced on Mr. Smalls in the Seventh district election. He said that the election had been stolen from him; it was larceny, and nothing less. Mr. Mason said the time was growing short. He approached the deathbed of the Democratic party and asked it to do one act of justice. Mr. Crisp, of Georgia, chairman of the committee on elections, said that the committee had not been derelict in pressing this case to a final issue. He made a general denial of the charges of Mr. Mason.

## Belle Starr Shot.

FT. SMITH, ARK., Feb. 5.—There is no doubt about the death of Belle Starr Monday night at Eufala, I. T., in a shooting affray. Belle Starr was, without exception, the most desperate woman that ever figured on the American border, a companion piece to Calamity Jane of Dakota. Her operations in connection with a strong band of outlaws have extended over a period of about a dozen years' time and in territory covered the region from New Mexico to Arkansas.

She was the wife originally of Cole Younger, and lived with him in Texas before that notorious bandit entered his desperate career in Minnesota. After Cole Younger's capture in Minnesota she became the wife of Jim Starr of the Indian Territory, and for several years she, her husband and their outlaw band figured in many of the most desperate deeds of outlawry, such as robberies, murders, fatal affrays, shielding fugitives, etc.

## Cooper's New Election Law.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 6.—There was an interesting discussion in the Senate to-day on Cooper's joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution abolishing the poll tax and requiring a voter to reside in a district thirty days before the election to entitle him to the franchise, instead of sixty days, as fixed by the Constitution. The joint resolution also excepts municipal elections from the residence requirement. Senators Macfarlane, Green, McAleer and Shull spoke in favor of the proposed amendment which was passed finally—yeas, 38; nays, 8.

## "RED-NOSED MIKE" GUILTY.

### He Breaks Down While on The Stand.

WILKES-BARRE, Feb. 10.—When court convened this morning in the trial of "Red-Nosed Mike," Detective Thayer was put on the stand. He testified as to his part in ferreting out the crime. After him Captain Linden was recalled. He gave evidence to show that the confession made by Mike was not extracted from him by any promise of future rewards or being shielded from the punishment of his crime. Captain Linden said to Mike when the two were alone in his office in Philadelphia: "Now, Mike, there is no one here but you and I and God above us. Tell me the whole God's truth or nothing, but anything you say will be used against you."

At this point the blood-stained murderer took the stand. His testimony occupied over two hours and was not concluded when court adjourned till afternoon. His story was a narration of one of the most terrible crimes ever conceived in the brain of man and executed by human hands. His bearing on the stand at times was indicative of that bravado and confidence that must have belonged to his guilty heart from the start, but when in his story he came to the shooting of the two innocent men in the mountain fastnesses he completely broke down. His swarthy complexion became pale as death and bitter tears coursed in a steady stream down his cheeks. His voice was choked. It was a complete break-down. He managed, however, to say he took no part in the killing. "I held back," he said, "when Beverino and Villella shot the paymaster and Flannigan, I was standing about twenty feet behind them. Beverino said: Mike (letting out a terrible oath), if you do not hurry and help us we will kill you. I then raised my gun and fired four or five shots in the air. This is all I did."

When confronted with a contradictory statement from his written confession to Captain Linden, he said there were parts of that confession that he did not make. The arguments were concluded last night. It is reliably reported that Beverino and Villella have been captured in Italy and will be brought here as soon as possible.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Feb. 11.—The trial of Michael Rizzalo, alias "Red Nosel Mike," the notorious murderer, of Luzerne County was resumed here at 9 o'clock this morning. The evidence being all in and the arguments closed, the Judge charged the jury and at a quarter past twelve the jury retired. In just one hour it filed into court again and returned a verdict of murder in the first degree. The prisoner heard the verdict unmoved, and was remanded until next Saturday, when sentence will be passed.

## Pittsburgh's Penitentiary.

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 9.—The investigation in the Riverside Penitentiary management was resumed yesterday. The penitentiary officials, State Board of Charities, Visiting Committee of the State Board of Charities and the Prison Board of Inspectors were present. After reading the charges and testimony of the previous meeting prisoner James McPhilliamy, who preferred the charges against the hospital steward, Dr. Mahanneke, called several witnesses. The testimony disclosed a startling state of affairs in the institution, and in the main substantiated the allegations. Several witnesses testified to having been the victims of cruelty and extortion while sick in the hospital. Insane prisoners had been placed in the straight jacket and electric currents applied to their heads until the blood ran from their nose. Others had been whipped with leather straps with a heavy buckel attached. An insane prisoner had been ducked in cold water and scrubbed with a broom until the flesh was torn from his body.

## Temperance People Unite.

MINERSVILLE, Feb. 6.—The committee appointed at yesterday's conference at Harrisburg to visit John Fulton, president of the State Amendment Association, to-night telegraphed Secretary Steel that everything had been satisfactorily arranged and a general convention agreed upon for February 19th at Harrisburg. The Amendment Association, Women's Christain Temperance Union, Good Templars, Sons of Temperance State Temperance Union, Temple of Honor and Temperance and Ministerial Association all unite in the call. With perfect harmony of all temperance forces thus assured Mr. Steel is confident that the Prohibition amendment will carry by 30,000 majority. General Louis Wagner is his choich for leadership of the campaign.

## Bulldogs Had No Terrors for Him.

CHEYENNE, WY. T., Feb. 9. A tramp called at the residence of Sam Brown, a butcher, last evening, and, knowing Brown was absent, he insulted his daughter. Mrs. Brown left the house quietly and loosened Brown's two ferocious bulldogs. They made at the tramp, but the man was full of fight and succeeded in killing both animals with a club. During the melee the wife and daughter had locked and barred the doors. The tramp, unsuccessful in the attempt to enter the house set fire to it and an adjoining residence. Brown appeared at this juncture, extinguished the flames in his kitchen, and arming himself started after the tramp, enlisting a posse. The tramp will be lynched if caught.

## Sale of Liquor on Decoration Day.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Feb. 9.—The bill to prevent the sale of intoxicating drinks on Memorial day has been held back in the Senate to await the action of the Grand Army encampment at Erie next week. Post 55, of this city, the second largest in the state, has warmly indorsed the measure.

## County Temperance Convention.

Whereas, the Legislature of Pennsylvania has provided for the submission of the Temperance Amendment to a vote of the people on the 18th day of June next, and whereas, the Constitutional Amendment Association, the Prohibition Party, the W. C. T. U., and all other Temperance Associations of Pennsylvania have united in a call for an Amendment Convention to be held at Harrisburg, Pa., on Tuesday, February 19, 1889, and whereas, all the friends of Temperance in the State are urged to be represented in the Convention, for the purpose of effecting a thorough State organization upon *a strictly non partisan and non sectional basis*; therefore, we the undersigned hereby call a County Convention, to be held in Somerset on

*FRIDAY, FEBRUARY* 15, 1889,

at 1 o'clock p. m. All friends of the Amendment are urged to attend. Delegates from all Temperance organizations, all Churches, Sabbath-schools, etc., are expected to be present, for the purpose of selecting delegates to the State Convention, and to take steps to organize the county for effective work in the campaign.

All delegates will report at the M. E. Church on their arrival, and will be assigned places of entertainment.

VALENTINE HAY,
President County C. A. A.
GEO. H. HOCKING,
Chm. Co. Com. Pro. Party.
MRS. A. W. GROWALL,
County President W. C. T. U.

## School Report.

Following is a report of the Bromm School, for the month ending January 29, 1889:

Whole number of pupils enrolled, males, 16, females, 14, total, 30.

Average attendance, males, 15, females, 13, total, 28.

Per cent. of attendance, males, 94, females, 95, total, 95.

The following named pupils were in attendance every day during the month: C. E. Baker, Ross Hoover, Eddie Hoover, Frank G. Walter, William Zimmerman, Samuel Ankeny, Mary Zimmerman, A. Getty, Molle Hoover, Annie Ankeny, Maggie Ankeny, and Lizzie Walter.

Names of Visitors—Mrs. John Swank, and Messrs. Rudolph Hoover, Noah Hoover and John Murry.

F. S. GOOD, Teacher.

## OUR HARRISBURG LETTER.

From our special Correspondent.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 9, 1889.

The present Legislature is noted for a want of lobbyists. There has nothing of the kind as yet made its appearance. The *Press* of last week one day said editorially:

"The news comes from Harrisburg that there is an entire absence of jobbery and the favor of jobs about the present Legislature. There has been no sign of a lobby so far this session, although there are unfier consideration several measures of a kind that would ordinarily invite the attention of interested parties with such influence as might be thought effective. All this is very good news, indeed, and it is much to be desired that the same clean character of the surroundings at the Capitol shall be maintained to the end. Pennsylvania, unfortunately, has not always had a good reputation in this respect, but for some years there has been a very great, even if somewhat gradual, improvement. If there is really to be no lobby and no jobbery about the present Legislature, it may truly become known as the model Legislature, not only of Pennsylvania, but of the country."

This is as it should be. So long as a legislative body can be kept free from jobs of every kind, it is on a pretty fair way to do some very good work. In fact it has been jocosely remarked that one reason for issuing a science edition of the bird book is that there is no picture of the "legislative rooster" in the first edition. This, however, is no reason why there should be a second edition. The bill providing for a second edition has passed the Senate. It provides for 10,000 copies. It has been amended in the House to 19,000. There is some doubt if it will pass finally, and more doubt if the bill will be signed by the Governor. Legislation of this kind is questionable, and there are good members who think the passage of the first act was a mistake, and do not feel like committing the same blunder a second time.

On Tuesday the municipal bill passed third reading about the same as it came from the committee. It has gone to the Senate but it is feared will not pass that body in time for the spring elections.

The bill electing assessors for three years passed the House finally also, on Tuesday, but few bills passed the House on Wednesday on second reading, and they were of little or no consequence. On Thursday the entire session was taken up discussing the bounty scalp bill. It created considerable excitement, but finally passed second reading as it came from the committee, extending the act to foxes, minks and weasels. Owls were added by way of amendment, but it is thought that it was done to defeat the bill, and will likely be taken off; in fact, minks and weasels will likely be stricken off and foxes only added on final passage.

The repeal of the old fence law bill was not called up. There is some doubt if it will pass the House.

The week has not been very profitable for good results in legislation; the model legislature did not do model work. There is too much wind here, and when aroused it takes time to have it blow off.

On Friday the Dressed Beef bill came up to be placed on the calendar, after having been negatived by the Judiciary General Committee, to which it had been referred. This the House refused to do, although a strong effort was made by the Granger element of the House. It is purely a movement on their part. The bill provides for the protection of public health by promoting the growth and sale of healthy cattle, sheep and swine, and making it a misdemeanor to sell the same without inspection before slaughtering, within this Commonwealth, and to authorize counties and municipalities to appoint inspectors thereof. This is what is known as the "Chicago Dressed Beef bill." Legislation of the kind is very doubtful. The Inter-State Commerce business is so free that to place any restrictions upon it by legislation, is looked upon as an infringement not warranted by the Constitution. The friends of the measure doubted the constitutionality of the act. The county of States is so great that to disturb it by legislation of this kind is to recognize the pernicious doctrine of State rights, and in the end must prove a very great injury. The Philadelphia *Press* of Friday in a long editorial strongly condemned the bill, and the *Times* of Saturday closes an editorial as follows: "While some system of inspection of food articles that would inspect might be advantageous, a bill that had for its only object the raising of an impassable wall against all beef killed outside of the boundaries of the State deserved only to die, and be buried as quickly as possible." Herein is where the friends of the proposed legislation made a mistake. It looked too much like an effort to crowd out the Chicago beef, and hence increase the demand and price of home production. Miller, of your county, voted for this bill, and Pugh against it.

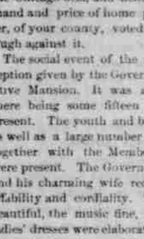
The social event of the week was the reception given by the Governor, at the Executive Mansion. It was a brilliant affair, there being some fifteen hundred guests present. The youth and beauty of the city, as well as a large number from a distance, together with the Members and Senators were present. The Governor was at his best and his charming wife received with much affability and cordiality. The flowers were beautiful, the music fine, and many of the ladies' dresses were elaborate. The affair was noted for the absence of anything stronger to drink than lemonade, and no dancing. It is rumored that there are to be several more of the kind during the session.

Following the gayety of the reception came the announcement of the sudden death of Senator Taylor, from the city of Philadelphia. He was a bright young man, and died after a short illness, of pneumonia. His death is regretted by all who knew him; the burial takes place on Sunday, in his native city. The Senate will attend the funeral in a body.

The South Penn has so many sides, that no one seems to know what will be the final outcome. As yet Senator Steel's bill extending Railroad charters has not come out of the Senate Committee, and it is doubtful if the bill will be favorably reported. The bill is general in its character, and it is claimed by some has no reference to the South Penn muddle. It is very difficult to say what will be the *finale* of that unfortunate road. Representative Pugh is of the opinion that it will not be built at this time, and the only and best thing to be done is to allow the charter to expire—and have a new company formed, with a new charter; the amount of work done might induce subsequent stockholders to build the road. It cannot pass into the hands of the Pennsylvania Company, under the decisions of the Court. The Vanderbilts may hold it as a lash over the P. R. R., in order to accomplish certain ends. Pugh is trying to get an interview with Pennsylvania officials in regard to the road, but so far has failed.

PHILIP.


ROYAL

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## SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs of Lev Fa and Fi Fa issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Somerset Co., Pa., I will expose to public sale at the Court House, in Somerset Borough, at 1 o'clock P. M., on

*SATURDAY, FEB. 23, '89*

All the right, title, interest and claim of Henry Geswalt, of, in and to the following described real estate, viz: A certain tract of land situate in Black Township, Somerset County, Pa., adjoining lands of Jacob Snyder, Samuel Swonar and Jacob Lenhr, containing 318 acres, more or less, about 20 acres cleared, having thereon erected a two story frame dwelling, big bank barn, and other outbuildings, with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution as the property of Henry Geswalt, at the suit of H. and H. M. Snyder.

—ALSO—

All the right, title, interest and claim of J. O. Meyers, of, in and to the following described real estate, to wit:

No. 1. Two lots in the town of Romanis, Summit Township, Somerset County, Pa., known as lots Nos. 8 and 9, fronting on Shaw Avenue and Hemlock Avenue, with a two story frame dwelling house, stable, and other outbuildings thereon erected, lately occupied by Amos Fritz.

No. 2. A lot of ground in Romanis, Summit township, somerset county, Pa., known as lot No. 150, fronting on Keystone street, or the Salisbury railroad, and extending back to Casselman river, bounded by alley on the North, and lot of Mrs. John Smith, (No. 159) on the South.

No. 3. Seven lots of ground in Meyersdale Borough, somerset county, Pa., known on the plan of Meyers Addition to Meyersdale as lots Nos. 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, and 129; said lots adjoins each other, and are bounded on the north by an alley, and on the south by a street.

No. 4. Two lots in Meyersdale Borough in said county, known on the plan of Meyers' Addition to said borough, as lots Nos. 8 and 9, bounded on the North by 2nd avenue, East by No. 8, south by alley and Sand Patch road, and West by Cherry street.

No. 5. A lot in Meyersdale Borough, in said county, known on the plan of Meyers' Addition to said borough as lot No. 191, bounded on the North by an alley, South by second avenue, West by Chestnut street and East by lot No. 192.

No. 6. A tract of land situate in Summit Twp., Somerset County, Pa., containing 65½ acres, more or less, adjoining lands of —Hare, Solomon Wilmont, Daniel Marker, Andrew Cyder, and others, known as the "Shuck-Wilmont" tract portion of the tract it will fall to.

Taken in execution as the property of J. O. Meyers at the suit of Emanuel Lichty's use.

—ALSO—

All the right, title, interest and claim of Wilber F. Hendrickson of, in and to the following described real estate, viz: The undivided one-half part, and the undivided one-fourth part of a certain tract of land situate in Lower Turkeyfoot Township, Somerset County, Pa., warranted to George Stark, Jr., adjoining lands warranted to William Park, John Reeder, Samuel Painter, William Jolls and others, containing 427½ acres more or less.

Taken in execution as the property of Wilber F. Hendrickson, at the suit of D. W. C. Bidwell and Madison Bailey's Executors.

—ALSO—

All the right, title, interest and claim of Samuel Sturtz of, in and to the following described real estate, viz: A certain tract of land situate in Northampton Township, Somerset County, Pa., adjoining lands of Ananias Flickinger, John Nott, George Flickinger and Sarah McBride, containing 33 acres more or less, having thereon erected a good 1½ story plank dwelling house, stable, and other outbuildings; about 25 acres under a good state of cultivation, well watered, etc., with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution as the property of Samuel Sturtz, at the suit of J. H. Fritz's use.

—ALSO—

All the right title interest and claim of James B. Cummins of, in and to the following described real estate viz:

No. 1. A certain lot of ground situate in Somerset Borough, Somerset County Pa., known on the plan of said borough as the western half of lot No. 135, bounded on the North by Union street, on the East by remainder of lot No. 135 (now owned by Miss Cummins), on the South by Main street, on the West by lot of Samuel Hunsicker, having thereon erected a large two story dwelling house. Lot in good state of cultivation with fruit trees &c.

No. 2. Two certain lots of ground situate in Somerset Borough, Somerset County Pa., known on the general plan of said borough as lots Nos. 243 and 244 bounded on the North by Main street, on the East by Bridge alley, on the South by Patriot street, and on the West by lot of Mrs. Henry Kreger, all in meadow.

Taken in execution as the property of James B. Cummins at the suit of Coffroth & Ruppel.

—ALSO—

All the right title interest and claim of Timothy McCarty, of in and to the surface soil of the following lot of ground situate in Elklick Township Somerset Co., Pa., to wit: Beginning at a point on new road laid out from Summit Mills, to Salisbury on line of land of S. P. Miller, thence along said road S 87° W 16 p. 89° W 17.5 p to post, N 89° E 5 p to lands of S. P. Miller, thence along same N 22½° E 17.2 p to place of beginning. Containing 142 perches, having thereon erected a 1½ story frame dwelling house and other out buildings.

Taken in execution as the property of Timothy McCarty at the suit of Wm. H. Hay.

—NOTICE—

All persons purchasing at the above sale will please take notice that a part of the purchase money—to be made known at the time of the sale—will be required as soon as the property is knocked down, otherwise it will again be exposed to sale at the risk of the first purchaser. The residue of the purchase money must be paid on or before Thursday of the 1st week of the Feb. term of Court, the time fixed by the Court for securing the acknowledgment of deeds, and no deed will be acknowledged until the purchase money is paid in full.

R. S. McMILLEN,
Sheriff's Office, } Jan 30, 1889. } Sheriff.

## ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE,

Estate of John F. McGregor, dec'd, late of Shade Township, Somerset County, Pa.

Letters of Administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned by the proper authority, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement on or before January 12, 1889, at my residence in Shade Township.

JACOB MCGREGOR,
dec'd. Administrator.

## NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that Wm. B. Cook, and Jacob Hechler, Executors of the last will and testament of Daniel Decker, deceased, have filed their final account in said estate and have presented their petition to the Judges of the Orphans' Court for discharge, which will be heard on Monday the 25th of Feb. 1889.

JACOB D. SWANK,
Clerk.

## RULE TO ACCEPT OR REFUSE.

To Martha E. Dull, intermarried with Jesse Critchfield, and Macerva C. Dull, intermarried with Richard Reed, of Pittsburgh, Pa.:

You are hereby notified to be and appear at an Orphans' Court to be held in and for Somerset County, Pa., on Monday, the 25th day of February next, then and there to accept or refuse to take the Real Estate of Peter Dull, deceased, at the appraised valuation, or show cause why the same should not be sold.

R. S. McMILLEN,
Sheriff's Office, } Somerset, Jan. 16, '89. } Sheriff.

## RETAIL LIQUOR LICENSES.

Notice is hereby given that the following named persons have filed their applications for Tavern Licenses in my office, with the bonds, certificates, &c., and that the same will be presented to the Court of Quarter Sessions for allowance, on Monday, February 25, 1889:

Charles A. Mitchell, Petersburg, Addison Twp.
Edward Nicklow, " " "
Maggie Swoffer, Sand Patch, Larimer Twp.
Aug. st Koehler, Conemaugh Twp.
Scott Sterner, Confluence Borough.
Nathaniel Silcer, Meyersdale Borough.
E. Kyle, " "
Joseph Schrock, Glencoe, Northampton Twp.
Elias A. Tayman, Somerset Borough.

Clerk's Office, } Somerset, Feb. 4, 1889. } D. J. HORNER, Clerk.

## WRIT OF PARTITION.

To Hannah Lohr intermarried with Samuel Lohr of Fyatt, Bedford Co. Pa.; Benjamin Lohr of Fishertown Bedford County Pa., and Emanuel Lohr of Crum, Bedford, Co., Pa.

You are hereby notified that in pursuance of a Writ of Partition issued out of the Orphans' Court of Somerset County, Pa., and to me directed, I will hold an inquest on the premises, on the real estate of Thomas Lohr, dec'd, situate in Shade and Paint Tps., Somerset County, Pa., on Thursday the 21st day of February next, when and where you can attend if you think proper.

R. S. McMILLEN,
Sheriff's Office, } Jan. 8, 1889. } Sheriff.

## RULE TO ACCEPT OR REFUSE,

To Harrison Keim, Jacob Keim, Wm. Keim, and Mary Keim, intermarried with Walter C. Bates, of Carleton, Thayer County, Neb.; Annie Keim, intermarried with Joseph C. Bender, and Chris Keim, intermarried with John M. Bender, of Strang, Fillmore Co., Neb.; Catharine Keim, intermarried with Wm. Tauber, of Duncan Falls, Moskingham County, O.:

You are hereby notified to be and appear at an Orphans' Court to be held in and for Somerset County, Pa., on Monday, the 25th day of February next, then and there to accept or refuse to take the real estate of Eliza Keim, deceased, at the appraised valuation, or show cause why the same should not be sold.

R. S. McMILLEN,
Sheriff's Office, } Jan. 16, '89 } Sheriff.


SALESMEN ..... WANTED

To handle my thoroughly reliable Nursery Stock on salary or commission. Permanent employment guaranteed. Outfit free. Previous experience not required. Write to

C. L. YATES, Nurseryman,
Rochester, N. Y.

Mention this paper.

PITTSBURGH FEMALE COLLEGE,

And Conservatory of Music.

Also Schools of Elocution and Fine Arts, and best school for young ladies; unsurpassed home comforts and care; Central! Healthful! Charges very moderate! Next term will open January 20th! Send for new Catalogue to

A. H. NORCROSS, D. D., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Tax Payers, Take Notice.

Does Prohibition Prohibit? We claim it does not; the facts are on our side. Consult your friends in *Maine, Kansas, and Iowa.* They will tell you it is a farce, and increases taxes. Consult your own interests by ordering Wines and Liquors direct from headquarters. *We'll save you money*, give you better and purer goods, fill orders more promptly, and prices are lower than elsewhere. SILVER AGE, ABSOLUTELY PURE RYE, endorsed by physicians, used in hospitals. Only $1.50 full standard quart.

Guckenheimer Pure Rye, 6 yr. old, $1.00 quart.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Gibson | " | 6 " | 1.00 | " |
| Overholt | " | 6 " | 1.00 | " |
| Finch's Golden Wedding | | 6 " | 1.00 | " |

(6 bottles $5.00)

Ports, Sherries, Brandies, Whiskies, Gin, &c. 50 cents quart up. Goods shipped to all parts of the U. S. carefully packed. No extra charge for packages. Send trial order. Write for our complete *Catalogue and Price List.* Mention this paper.

MAX KLEIN,
12 Federal St., Allegheny, Pa.


# REPORT OF THE COUNTY AUDITORS OF SOMERSET COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA.

—O—

## Receipts and Expenditures of Somerset County, Pa., from the First Monday of January, 1888, to the First Monday of January, 1889.

—O—

GEORGE J. BLACK, ESQ., Treasurer of Somerset County, Pa., in Account with the County of Somerset:

## RECEIPTS—DR.

For Tax Received from Collectors of State and County Rates for the years 1885, 1886, 1887 and 1888.

| No. | Collectors. | Districts. | Yr | Co. Tax. | Spec. Tax | State Tax. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Joseph Null | Addison | 1887 | $ 85 49 | | $ 44 67 |
| 2 | Wm H Miller | Allegheny | " | 143 56 | | 1 24 |
| 3 | John S Heffley | Berlin borough | " | 101 75 | | 29 80 |
| 4 | Jacob C Critchfield | Black | " | 210 98 | | 30 95 |
| 5 | Amos Walter | Brothersvalley | " | 307 07 | | 49 63 |
| 6 | Simon Thomas | Conemaugh | " | 722 34 | | 49 81 |
| 7 | A J Burgess | Confluence borough | " | 89 68 | | 47 09 |
| 8 | A Garlets | Elklick | " | 876 05 | | 16 19 |
| 9 | Frederick Durr | Greenville | " | 256 08 | | 22 82 |
| 10 | A H Kuhlman | Jefferson | " | 216 71 | | 11 41 |
| 11 | Thomas Gallagher | Jenner | " | 260 33 | | 60 00 |
| 12 | Reuben W Johnson | Jennertown borough | " | 98 82 | | 00 00 |
| 13 | Otto Laurentz | Larimer | " | 35 29 | | 25 46 |
| 14 | James Colborn | Lower Turkeyfoot | " | 83 78 | | 29 73 |
| 15 | Frank B Black | Meyersdale borough | " | 312 84 | | 76 83 |
| 16 | W F Moore | Middlecreek | " | 207 09 | | 8 46 |
| 17 | Joseph P. Sechler | Milford | " | 300 37 | | 4 73 |
| 18 | Henry J Engbert | New Baltimore Bor | " | 85 37 | | 11 05 |
| 19 | J H Zinn | New Centreville Bor | " | 00 00 | | 32 48 |
| 20 | H E Miller | Northampton | " | 68 64 | | 36 82 |
| 21 | M F Allison | Ogle | " | 10 00 | | 00 00 |
| 22 | Jacob Hoffman | Paint | " | 125 41 | | 13 07 |
| 23 | Jacob Way | Quemahoning | " | 430 83 | | 42 94 |
| 24 | Wm H H Baker | Rockwood borough | " | 187 19 | | 00 00 |
| 25 | Lewis Lambert | Shade | " | 297 44 | | 16 68 |
| 26 | Jacob Weyl | Somerset | " | 90 00 | | 8 41 |
| 27 | Michael Kifer | Somerset borough | " | 413 91 | | 24 80 |
| 28 | Samuel J Lichty | Salisbury borough | " | 157 13 | | 157 87 |
| 29 | David L Witt | Stonystown borough | " | 136 90 | | 38 74 |
| 30 | Charles Mark | Southampton | " | 112 98 | | 00 00 |
| 31 | George H Coleman | Stoneycreek | " | 267 85 | | 27 15 |
| 32 | N J Kretchman | Summit | " | 244 83 | | 98 48 |
| 33 | J S Gerhart | Upper Turkeyfoot | " | 32 49 | | 58 42 |
| 34 | Marcellus Andrews | Ursina borough | " | 120 43 | | 2 19 |
| 35 | Peter Kneisem | Wellersburg borough | " | 41 97 | | 1 65 |
| 36 | Frank P Anderson | Garrett borough | " | 0 00 | | 0 00 |
| 37 | Peter Shoemaker | Larimer | 1886 | 35 00 | | 30 00 |
| 38 | Charles McMillan | Addison | 1888 | $ 7971 58 | | $ 1005 21 |
| 39 | Henry Barney | Allegheny | " | 1377 72 | 301 00 | 300 00 |
| 40 | Jacob J Zorn | Berlin Borough | " | 527 48 | 210 86 | 135 00 |
| 41 | A G Kimmell | Brothersvalley | " | 2809 00