The Somerset Herald.

EDWARD SCULL, Editor and Proprietor

WEDNESDAY ..... February 5, 1889.

AT Monday evening's session of the State Legislature a concurrent resolution was adopted requesting Pennsylvania Senators and Congressmen to favor a service pension bill.

A BILL providing that the State shall print and distribute the school books to all the schools in the State will be introduced in the House by Representative Neff, of Fayette county, during the week.

THE latest cabinet rumor has Blaine, Secretary of State, Windom, of the Treasury, Rusk, of War, Wanamaker, of Navy and Evarts as Attorney General. There appears to be no doubt that Senator Allison has positively declined to go into the cabinet.

THE SOUTH PENN R. R.

Now you see it, and now you don't. Is it a game of chance that is being played for its completion? Not much. It seems more likely to be one of bluff, with the winning card in the hands of the P. R. R. Company. But on further reflection, it looks as though the Vanderbilts are in possession of all the trump cards. Buying, as they have done, enough of the stock to control the whole thing, the puzzling conundrum is what are they going to do with it. Finish it? or hand it over to the P. R. R.? or hold it in the interest of said company? Up to date, we have had no satisfactory answer to any of the foregoing questions, and, possibly, may not have for sometime to come.

THE SAMOAN TROUBLE.

AFTER all the bluster over the difficulty on the Samoan Islands, it turns out to be quite an insignificant affair; so much so that we will not likely be involved in a war with Germany, nor will it lead to the disruption of the Cleveland cabinet. Both Secretary Bayard and Secretary Whitney will continue to advise President Cleveland for a month yet.

Boiled down to the simple fact in the case, it is very doubtful if the Germans offered any indignity to our flag. The fellow that hoisted it over a certain building, did it without any authority, and, probably, in conflict with the American-English-German treaty. The only feature in the whole matter worthy of any note, is the apparent backing down of a man whose inclinations and acts have never run in that direction. If some late cablegrams are trustworthy, Bismarck has yielded some points he claimed with reference to German rights on the Islands. Just what they are and how much he has yielded to the demands of our Government, it is somewhat difficult to tell, with the little information yet given to the public. So far as we can cipher it out the trouble originated by Germany, in its declaration of war against Mataafa, issuing a proclamation by which Americans and the foreigners in Samoa were subjected to martial law. It now seems that the commander of the German squadron issued said proclamation, and Prince Bismarck wired the commander to withdraw that part of it concerning foreigners. If this be true, we fail to see any evidence that Bismarck has done any great backing down, such as big head lines in some of the dailies display. In Bismarck's letter to the German Minister of Foreign Affairs, at Washington city, bearing a late date, we fail to see in his declaration, that the "war against Mataafa and his followers would be carried on with the utmost consideration for American interests," any grounds for us to take offence. Unless something else may be developed in Germany's course in the matter, there will be no war between the United States and Germany for some time to come.

AMENDMENT HOROSCOPY.

Anything funnier, more amusing than the straw vote vagaries of the Pittsburg dailies has never been projected by newspaper men. Aside from the humorous character of the stuff published under the big head lines of majorities for and against the amendment, the reports from their regular and special correspondents are not worth the cost of the ink used in printing them. That they do not average up to decent probabilities, is seen in the fact of the admission of nearly all engaged in getting them up, that they have no data to guide them in making estimates. Now, this may be called journalistic enterprise, but in reality partakes more largely of newspaper tomfoolery.

Let any one take up last Saturday's Pittsburgh *Times*, whose straw votes are as good as those of other papers, and read what Republican and Democratic County Chairmen send in, and he will see what baseless conjectures are taken as an index of the sentiment of the people on the question of prohibition. Take a few reports as fair representations of the whole batch. From Cumberland county we have the following to guide us in forming an opinion as to how the State will go: The Republican Chairman puts the majority for the amendment at 1,000, and the Democratic Chairman estimates the majority against it at not less than 1,000. This is published on the principle of "you pays your money and takes your choice." There seems to be something particularly fascinating in the "1,000" figures to the score or so of Chairmen heard from—they, the figures, seem to have been conveniently handy, easy to write, and requiring no waste of time in the annoying work of discrimination, as will be seen by what follows. When all the back districts in Delaware county were heard from, the respective Chairmen of the two great parties claimed 1,000 majority—the Republican put it *for* and the Democrat *against* the amendment. The same state of affairs is reported from Lawrence county—the even 1,000 of a difference between the estimates of the well informed Chairmen popping up as serenely and quite as easily as rolling off a log.

After patiently reading through four or five columns of such idle conjectures, one may well ask, what is the object? A good many people will think that the Democratic Chairman of Snyder county, in his query to the *Times*, is not what that paper says he is—that he is not "an ass," nor was he "kicked on the head when a child," nor had he "been drinking," nor had he "been buncoed, and befooled, and played for a sucker;" but on the contrary, evinced good horse-sense in asking the *Times* "to state its object."

It is not reasonable to suppose the object is to gain information as to the probable result of the election in June; as everybody knows the utter unreliableness of straw votes when parties are thoroughly organized and party lines closely and distinctly drawn. How much less dependence can be placed on such a method now as a means for ascertaining the way in which the cat will jump four months from this time. The two parties to the question of amending the Constitution with a prohibitory clause, can not be said to be in anything like a formative condition yet. Many voters have not yet "made up their minds;" many others will not express themselves; and not a few will vote differently from what they now say. Everything considered, therefore, the horoscopic straw-vote-machine is a miserable cheat and delusion, and ought henceforth to be found only among the things of the dead past.

SOUTHERN RECONCILIATION.

The latest evidence of it comes from Arkansas, and comes in the form and shape that it usually does from the conquered and submissive (save the mark!) fire-eaters of the reconstructed South. Masking under the name and title of loyal subjects and law-abiding citizens, their chosen methods of manifesting the fact are, to say the least, quite as "peculiar" as are the "dark ways" of the heathen Chinese.

The dastardly assassination of Hon. John M. Clayton, who was seeking evidence, and finding it in abundance, in contesting the Congressional seat fraudulently given to Hon. C. R. Breckenridge, one of the leading rebel brigadiers, now in Congress, was as cruel and cold-blooded murder as has ever disgraced the pages of American history. Who the foul perpetrator of the deed was is not known, and in all human probability, will never be known, here, on earth, at least. Though firing at his victim through a window from the side-walk of a public street, at an early hour in the evening, when people were passing along, there is no one of sufficient courage to come forward and name the vile miscreant. It is enough to know that Mr. Clayton was a Republican, to seal the lips of the *reconstructed* rebels, who still cling as tenaciously as Jeff Davis himself to the cause of the late Southern Confederacy.

There can be no doubt that the brutal and fiendish act of killing Colonel Clayton, resulted from the usual methods adopted in the South of suppressing all Republican advocates, whether running for office or not. At the town of Plummerville, where the Colonel was in pursuit of evidence when shot, the ballot-box was not stuffed, according to one of the Southern means of carrying an election, but was actually stolen. As the township gave a majority for Colonel Clayton, the Breckenridge party saw that it could only be turned to his (Breckenridge's) advantage by stealing the ballots; which up to the date of the murder could not be found. The fear of exposure, no doubt, led to the act of killing.

And yet, say Democratic papers, the murder is of no political significance. The place of its occurrence, the mission of the victim at the time it occurred, he being engaged in getting evidence that would convict political criminals, together with the fact that he had no personal enemies, as far as is known, at or about Plummerville, (the scene of the murder) is proof positive that it was nothing more nor less than another of the long list of Southern political murders.

Our National Congress would do well, while not overlooking the welfare of a few Americans scattered over Europe, to see that the many of our Nation are protected in their rights and privileges at home. Our Samoan interests are not nearly as important as is needed guardianship over citizens in every State of the Union. While making a great deal of ado about the American flag guaranteeing protection to every American citizen traveling or trading in France, Spain, Italy, Germany, or elsewhere, surely the same flag ought to be of equal utility in all parts of our own land.

The preamble and resolution now before the House of Representatives on the Samoan question, should read thus: "WHEREAS, From reports and from current newspaper accounts, the rights of American citizens appear to be grossly invaded" in several of the Southern States—"therefore, be it

Resolved, By the Senate and House of Representatives in Congress assembled," etc. Wouldn't that read quite as well as it does with "German Government" in the place of several Southern States?

One Republican Contestant Less.

John M. Clayton was shot in his room at Mrs. Craven's house at Plummerville, Ark., last Tuesday night at 9 o'clock. Clayton had been nervous all evening, and was pacing the floor with his hands in his pockets. He walked toward the window, over which the blind was partially drawn, and was in the act of sitting down when a shot was fired through the pane. When a light was brought, it was found that a load of buck shot had taken effect in the right side of Clayton's neck, breaking it. He had fallen back dead in his chair, and then over upon the floor.

There is no clue to the perpetrator of the outrage, but a pistol was found underneath the window yesterday morning which may lead to the discovery of the assassin. The Legislature has been asked to offer a reward of $5,000.

Mr. Clayton was the Republican candidate for Congress in the Second District in the late election against C. R. Breckenridge, and was at Plummerville collecting evidence for a contest for the seat. The ballot box in Plummerville Township was stolen, and is believed to have contained a majority for Clayton. Clayton was a brother of Gen. Powell Clayton.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., Jan. 31.—The Senate of Arkansas passed a bill, by a vote of 23 to 7, authorizing the Governor to offer a reward of $2,000 for the arrest and conviction of the murderer or murderers of John M. Clayton.

The bill was read twice in the lower house and will be passed in the morning. The Board of Trade business men had a meeting this afternoon and passed resolutions denouncing the assassin, and raised a subscription of $1,000 to be added to the reward for the arrest of the criminals.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 31.—In a conversation with a visitor General Harrison denounced in strong terms the killing of John M. Clayton. He said: "This is dreadful; it is terrible. I have heard of nothing more shocking since Garfield's assassination. This murder will have a disastrous effect upon Arkansas and its future. Such things must be stopped."

How Did Rudolph Die?

LONDON, Feb. 3.—There are two principal stories about the death of Crown Prince Rudolph, of Austria, one that he committed suicide, and that he was murdered. Two causes are assigned. The one most credited is that the Crown Prince had been discovered in an amorous intrigue with a lady of high rank; that her brother gave him the alternative of a duel or suicide, and that he chose suicide.

The most circumstancial and startling story of all is that the Crown Prince was murdered. It is that Rudolph, at a ball on Sunday night, paid marked attention to the wife of one of the richest and most powerful nobles of the empire and ended by making an appointment with her. He was going to start early on Monday morning to drive to Meyerling with some friends, but left them and walked back to meet the lady. At 7 o'clock on Monday morning the husband was just leaving the palace, when he saw a man skulking under the private stair-case leading to his wife's apartments. He ran forward and caught the man, and, tearing off his cloak, found that it was the Crown Prince. While he was stupified with consternation Rudolph escaped, drove off in his cab and went to Meyerling, reaching there by 11 o'clock.

Early on Wednesday morning the Crown Prince called his servant Johann, ordered him to bring his letters, and, putting the pillow against the window, sat up in bed and read them. Johann called Rudolph's attention to two strange men in the garden, but the latter remarked that they were probably beaters for the shooting party. Johann left the room and immediately heard a pistol shot. He returned to find the window smashed, the Prince lying in bed with his skull shattered and his brains scattered on the bed. The two strangers were seen to leap over the fence, mount horses and ride away. They were the husband and brother of the lady with whom he had the intrigue.

A TWO MILLION DOLLAR FIRE.

Buffalo's Big Business Block Burned To-Day.

BUFFALO, Feb. 2.—This morning between 3 and 7 o'clock flames destroyed fully two million dollars' worth of property on Seneca, Exchange, Carroll and Wells streets.

For three hours the fire raged beyond the control of the firemen, building after building falling prey to the flames.

The wind then subsided and the progress of the flames was checked and the fire gotten under control.

The heavy walls of the burning buildings fell with a tremendous crash during the progress of the fire and the firemen had many narrow escapes. No person however was injured.

The Dead Turn Black.

MARION, KY., February 2.—Twenty-four persons, most of them children, have died in Webster county of a disease with which the doctors appear unable to cope. The disease has spread through several neighborhoods. One family lost 7 out of 9 members. One person, an adult, has recovered, and he is blind. The disease is not understood by the physicians, and they are unable to name it. Death usually occurs from six to twelve hours after the attack. Those dying rapidly turn black after death. Three physicians have fled, not being of any service and not wishing to jeopardize their lives without hope of doing good.

OUR HARRISBURG LETTER.

From our special Correspondent.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 2, 1889.

Legislation for a great State like the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, is no easy task. The interests of the State are so diversified and of such vast difference that it is very difficult to strike a proper mien. It has been a grave question with good law-makers whether the Constitution of 1874, preventing local legislation only in a very restricted sense, has been beneficial or not. What suits one section of the State does not suit another—hence the necessity of special legislation for certain sections of the State must be apparent to any one who has considered the subject with care. Nowhere is this trouble more greatly experienced than in the passage of a municipal bill into an act for the government of cities other than the first and second classes. The last session passed a very voluminous Act, but the Supreme Court declared the same unconstitutional from the fact that the Act divided the cities into six or seven different classes. This evil is now sought to be remedied by leaving them all in one—the third class. The bill had been reported and was to have passed finally before the spring election, but it has been re-committed to the committee and it is now very doubtful if it will become a law in time for the election in February.

Among the bills that has created considerable speech-making is what is known as the "Flag Bill," and provides that there is to be floated over every public school and institution of learning the American flag. It comes from Beaver county—both members, Dravo and Brown, each having introduced a bill of the same kind—they were referred to the Committee of Education, and Brown being a member of the committee, his bill came out first and Dravo's bill was held for some days.

There is quite a rivalry between these colleagues which will likely result in defeating both bills, inasmuch as Dravo's bill has already been defeated.

There is also another bill which has created considerable discussion—the bill providing that ex-soldiers and sailors are to be preferred in matters of appointments, with a general clause for failure to comply with the same. This bill was up for third reading on last Tuesday and it went over under amendments. It is very doubtful whether it will pass.

Bills like the last two are very questionable legislation; it is sentimental in character and done for the purpose of making *buncombe*.

There is also a bill here, which will be reached in a day or two, making the office of Assessor three years duration. This bill is received very favorably, and it will likely become a law. It is now very doubtful whether the old fence law of 1700 will be repealed. The preservation of State lines and monuments by inspection, has been so amended in the Judicial Committee so as to have it surveyed and examined once every five years and the expense of the same to be paid out of the State funds.

There are two bills here in regard to the bounty scalp law. The one increases the bounty on wolves and wildcats, and the other extends the scalp law to foxes, minks and weasels. It is very doubtful whether the latter will pass, although there is a pretty strong feeling for the same among the interior county members, among whom is Pugh, of your county.

The question whether there should be any amendments to the Brooks License Law or not, is receiving some attention. There are some six different bills before the committee, making that many different amendments. The opinion that so much depends upon the result of the election in June on the Constitutional Amendment is so strong that it is very doubtful whether there will be any amendments during this session to the law as it now stands.

Both Houses met on Monday evening and went through the usual routine of business for that evening. In the House the question of extending the soldiers orphans schools was referred to a committee of five old soldiers to be appointed by the Speaker of the House.

A large number of petitions were presented during the week praying for the passage of what is known as the "Dressed Beef Bill," which provides that no dressed beef shall be sent into and sold within the State. It seems to be a move on the part of the grangers and farmers to protect the sale of home cattle. There is some doubt whether the bill, as drawn, is constitutional, and it may not get out of the committee to which it was sent.

The Senate passed the Constitutional Amendment resolution by special order, on Tuesday, and the Democrats, with their usual stupidity, refused to vote, or place themselves on record in any way, on this important question.

The House, quite unexpectedly, held an evening session on Wednesday evening to consider bills on second reading, and a large number of bills were read. The municipal bill was reported back, and a special order made for second reading on Thursday. There is considerable opposition to it, and it will not pass without amendments.

The Legislature is now in fair working order, and good results may be expected.

PHILIP.

Brothersvalley Items.

Mrs. David Dickey, an estimable old lady, is confined to her bed from the effects of a stroke of palsy.

Mrs. E. L. Yoder, who has been visiting in this section for the last four weeks, returned to her western home in Kansas last week.

Some of the young men around Beachdale have already purchased valentines to send to their friends; this is taking time by the forelock.

Henry L. Walker sold his farm to Edward Mumaw. Mr. Walker purchased a house in Roxbury and intends to follow some other business more congenial to him than farming.

His majesty the groundhog saw his shadow. He took a firm hold of the reins and is going to run the weather to suit himself, and you may lookout for this or that kind of weather for the next six weeks.

Mr. Joseph Miller from Quemahoning moved last week on the P. J. Cover farm, one-half mile North of Berlin. Mr. Blough the present renter will move on the Philson farm in the vicinity of East Liberty on the first of April.

Messrs. Merwine & Winslow started an aviary on the South Side of Berlin last week. They purchased over one hundred fowls, consisting of Plymoth Rock, Wyandotts, Langshan and Leghorns. As a consequence of course eggs and poultry will soon be plenty and cheap.

The Republicans of Brothersvalley Twp., will hold a primary election in Berlin on Saturday Feb. 16, 1889, to nominate a ticket to be voted for on Tuesday following.

S. S. FORNEY,
Committeeman.

The Sandy Hollow Literary Society had a crowded house last Friday night. The exercises of each meeting consists of declamations, essays, readings, queries, referred questions, and debate. The question for next debate is, resolved that men of distinction owe their greatness more to natural endowments than to perseverance.

The principal topic for conversation in Berlin and vicinity is the high school project which is being worked up at this place. A school of this kind would be a great benefit to Berlin in more than one way. But the citizens would better be up and doing or the town will have to suck the hind tit as usual.

ZERO.

MARRIED.

KIMMEL—SCHROCK—On Sunday, Feb. 3, 1889, at the Reformed parsonage, Somerset, Pa., by Rev. Hiram King, Mr. Samuel E. Kimmel of Berlin Pa., and Miss Emma M. Schrock, of Lavansville Pa.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This Powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold at competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER COMPANY, 106 Wall Street, New York. (v-50-48).

Executors' Sale

OF

Valuable Real Estate!

BY VIRTUE of the authority given us by the last will and testament of Jonathan Emerick, late of Southampton Township, Somerset County, Pa., deceased, we will expose to sale on the premises, on

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1889,

at 1 o'clock p. m., the farm known as the "Michael Hay farm," situate in Southampton Township, Somerset County, Penn'a, containing 92 acres and 134 perches, more or less, adjoining landsof Jacob Korns, Daniel Korns, Hannas Martz and Richard and Jacob L. Kennell, having thereon erected a two-story frame

DWELLING HOUSE.

Bank Barn, and other outbuildings; about 75 acres of this land is cleared, and in a good state of cultivation; the balance is well timbered; it is well supplied with good springs of pure water, and has on it a large orchard of bearing fruit trees; the minerals on and under both tracts of land are excepted. Only the surface will be sold.

TERMS: One-third in hand on delivery of deed, balance in three equal annual payments to be secured on the premises by judgment bond: 10 per cent of hand money to be paid down on day of sale.

NATHAN EMERICK,
SOLOMON EMERICK,
jan9. Executors.

RETAIL LIQUOR LICENSES.

Notice is hereby given that the following named persons have filed their applications for Tavern License in my office, with the bonds, certificates, &c., and that the same will be presented to the Court of Quarter Sessions for allowance, on Monday, February 25, 1889:

Charles A. Mitchell, Petersburg, Addison Twp.
Edward Nicklow, " "
Margaret Swetzer, Sand Patch, Larimer Twp.
Aug'st Koehler, Conemaugh Twp.
Scott Sterner, Confluence Borough.
Nathaniel Silcer, Meyersdale Borough.
E. Kyle, " "
Joseph Schrock, Glencoe, Northampton Twp.
Eliza A. Tapman, Somerset Borough.

Clerk's Office, } B. J. HORNER,
Somerset, Feb. 4, 1889. } Clerk.

RULE TO ACCEPT OR REFUSE.

To Harrison Keim, Jacob Keim, Wm. Keim, and Mary Keim, intermarried with Walter C. Bates, of Carleton, Thayer County, Neb.; Amelie Keim, intermarried with Joseph C Bender, and Clinia Keim, intermarried with John M. Bender, of Strang, Fillmore Co., Neb.; Catharine Keim, intermarried with Wm. Tauber, of Duncan Falls, Muskingham County, O.:

You are hereby notified to be and appear at an Orphans' Court to be held in and for Somerset County, Pa., on Monday, the 25th day of February next, then and there to accept or refuse to take the real estate of Eliza Keim, deceased, at the appraised valuation, or show cause why the same should not be sold.

Sheriff's Office, } R. S. McMILLEN,
Jan. 16, '89. } Sheriff.

WRIT OF PARTITION.

To Hannah Lohr intermarried with Samuel Lehan of Ryan, Bedford Co. Pa.; Benjamin Lohr of Fishertown Bedford County Pa., and Emanuel Lohr of Cram, Bedford, Co., Pa.

You are hereby notified that in pursuance of a Writ of Partition issued out of the Orphans' Court of Somerset County, Pa., and to me directed, I will hold an inquest on the premises, on the real estate of Thomas Lohr, dec'd, situate in Shade and Paint Tps., Somerset County, Pa., on Thursday the 28day of February next, when and where you can attend if you think proper.

R. S. McMILLEN,
Sheriff's Office, } Sheriff.
Jan. 8, 1889.

RULE TO ACCEPT OR REFUSE.

To Martha E. Dull, intermarried with Jesse Critchfield, and Manerva C. Dull, intermarried with Richard Reed, of Pittsburgh, Pa.:

You are hereby notified to be and appear at an Orphans' Court to be held in and for Somerset County, Pa., on Monday, the 25th day of February next, then and there to accept or refuse to take the Real Estate of Peter Dull, deceased, at the appraised valuation, or show cause why the same should not be sold.

Sheriff's Office, } R. S. McMILLEN,
Somerset, Jan. 16, '89. } Sheriff.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Joseph D. and Eph. D. Miller in the mercantile business under the firm name of Miller Brothers, was dissolved on the 1st day of January, 1889, by mutual consent. The business will hereafter be conducted at the old place by Joseph D. Miller. The books of the firm are in the possession of Ephraim D. Miller, and all persons having accounts on them are requested to call and settle the same without further notice.

JOSEPH D. MILLER,
EPHRAIM D. MILLER.
Rockwood, Pa., Jan. 8, 1889.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In re, Estate of Isaac Ankeny, dec'd. } In the Orphans' Court of Somerset County, Pa.

The undersigned having been duly appointed auditor by the Orphans' Court of Somerset County to ascertain advancements and make a distribution of the fund in the hands of Jonas Ankeny and Cyrus Ankeny, Administrators and Trustees of said estate, to those legally entitled thereto, hereby gives notice that he will attend to the duties of his appointment on Thursday, the 21st of February, 1889, at 10 o'clock a. m., at his office in Somerset Borough, when and where all persons interested may attend.

H. L. BAER,
jan30. Auditor.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Levi Glass, dec'd, late of Stonycreek Township, Somerset County, Pa.

Letters testamentary on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned by the proper authority, all persons indebted so said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims to present them duly authenticated for settlement to the undersigned Executors, at the late residence of said dec'd on Saturday, the 16th day of March, A. D. 1889, when and where they will attend for said purpose.

F. C. GLASS,
F. W. BIESECKER, JOAN E. GLASS,
Attorney. Executors.

SHORT-HORNS FOR SALE:—

Seven Short-horn Bulls, from 6 months to 4 years old. Also a few Cows and Heifers, and one fine Poland China Boar. Pedigree guaranteed. Call on or address

A. G. KIMMEL, Berlin, Pa.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs of Lev Fa and Fi Fa issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Somerset Co., Pa., I will expose to public sale at the Court House, in Somerset Borough, at 1 o'clock P. M., on

SATURDAY, FEB. 23, '89

All the right, title, interest and claim of Henry Growall, of, in and to the following described real estate, viz: A certain tract of land situate in Black Township, Somerset County, Pa., adjoining lands of Jacob Snyder, Samuel Swarner and Jacob Lowry, containing 112 acres, more or less, about 20 acres cleared, having thereon erected a two story frame dwelling, log bank barn, and other outbuildings, with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution as the property of Henry Growall, at the suit of H. and H. M. Snyder.

—ALSO—

All the right, title, interest and claim of J. O. Meyers, of, in and to the following described real estate, to wit:

No. 1. Two lots in the town of Romanis, Summit Township, Somerset County, Pa., known as lots Nos. 9 and 10, fronting on Shaw Avenue and Hendricks Avenue, with a two story frame dwelling house, stable, and other outbuildings thereon erected, lately occupied by Amos Fritz.

No. 2. A lot of ground in Romani, Summit township, Somerset county, Pa., known as lot No. 130, fronting on Keystone street, or the Salisbury Railroad, and extending back to Casselman river, bounded by alley on the North, and lot of Mrs. John Smith, (No. 138) on the South.

No. 3. Seven lots of ground in Meyersdale Borough, somerset county, Pa., known on the plan of Meyers Addition to Meyersdale as lots Nos. 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, and 129; said lots adjoins each other, and are bounded on the north by an alley, and on the south by a street.

No. 4. Two lots in Meyersdale Borough in said county, known on the plan of Meyers' Addition to said borough, as lots Nos. 84 and 85, bounded on the North by Second avenue, East by No. 86, South by alley and Sand Patch road, and West by Cherry street.

No. 5. A lot in Meyersdale Borough, in said county, known on the plan of Meyers Addition to said borough as lot No. 161, bounded on the North by an alley, South by several avenue, West by Chestnut street and East by lot No. 160.

No. 6. A tract of land situate in Summit Twp., Somerset County Pa., containing 64½ acres strict measure, adjoining lands of—Hare, Solomon Wiltrout, Daniel Marker, Andrew Crider, and others, known as the "Shuck-Wiltrout" tract, portion of the tract is well timbered.

Taken in execution as the property of J. O. Meyers at the suit of Emanuel Lichty's use.

—ALSO—

All the right, title, interest and claim of Wilber F. Hendrickson of, in and to the following described real estate, viz: The undivided one-half part, and the undivided one-fourth part of a certain tract of land situate in Lower Turkeyfoot Township, Somerset County, Pa., warranted to George Jack, Jr., adjoining lands warranted to William Park, John Reeder, Samuel Painter, William Jolls and others, containing 421¾ acres more or less.

Taken in execution as the property of Wilber F. Hendrickson, at the suit of D. W. C. Bidwell and Madison Bailey's Executors.

—ALSO—

All the right, title, interest and claim of Samuel Sturtz of, in and to the following described real estate, viz: A certain tract of land situate in Northampton Township, Somerset County, Pa., adjoining lands of Amanias Flickinger, John Seitz, George Flickinger and Sarah McBride, containing 35 acres more or less, having thereon erected a good 1½ story plank dwelling house, stable, and other outbuildings; about 25 acres under a good state of cultivation, well watered, &c., with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution as the property of Samuel Sturtz, at the suit of J. H. Fritz's use.

—ALSO—

All the right title interest and claim of James B. Cummins of, in and to the following described real estate viz:

No. 1. A certain lot of ground situate in Somerset Borough, Somerset County Pa., known on the plan of said borough as the western half of lot No. 152, bounded on the North by Union street, on the East by remainder of lot No. 153 (now owned by Miss Cummins), on the South by Main street, on the West by lot of Samuel Hunsecker, having thereon erected a large two story dwelling house. Lot in good state of cultivation with fruit trees &c.

No. 2. Two certain lots of ground situate in Somerset Borough, Somerset County Pa., known on the general plan of said borough as lots Nos. 243 and 244 bounded on the North by Main street, on the East by Bridge alley, on the South by Patriot street, and on the West by lot of Mrs. Henry Kwear, all improved.

Taken in execution as the property of James B. Cummins at the suit of Coffroth & Ruppel.

—ALSO—

All the right title interest and claim of Timothy McCarty, of in and to the surface soil of the following lot of ground situate in Elklick Town ship, Somerset Co., Pa., to wit: Beginning at a point on new road laid out from Summit Mills, to Salisbury on line of land of S. P. Miller, thence along said road N 87° W 10 p. 8½° W 17.5 p to post, N 88° E 7-2 p to lands of S. P. Miller, thence along same N 2½° E 17-2 p to place of beginning. Containing 142 perches, having thereon erected a 1½ story frame dwelling house and other out buildings.

Taken in execution as the property of Timothy McCarty at the suit of Wm. H. Hay.

—NOTICE—

All persons purchasing at the above sale will please take notice that a part of the purchase money—to be made known at the time of the sale—will be required as soon as the property is knocked down, otherwise it will again be exposed to sale at the risk of the first purchaser. The residue of the purchase money must be paid on or before Thursday of the 1st week of the February term of Court, the time fixed by the Court for securing the acknowledgment of deeds, and no deed will be acknowledged until the purchase money is paid in full.

Sheriff's Office, } R. S. McMILLEN,
Jan 30, 1889. } Sheriff.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE,

Estate of John F. McGregor, dec'd, late of Shade Township, Somerset County, Pa.

Letters of Administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned by the proper authority, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement on or before January 12, 1889, at my residence in Shade Township.

JACOB MCGREGOR,
dec5. Administrator.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Andrew Sechler, late of Black Twp. Somerset Co., Pa., deceased.

Letters testamentary on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned by the proper authority, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement without delay to

LAVINIA SECHLER,
jan9. Executrix.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that Wm. B. Cook, and Jacob Hechler, Executors of the last will and testament of Daniel Hecker, deceased, have filed their final account in said estate and have presented their petition to the Judges of the Orphans' Court for discharge, which will be heard on Monday the 25th of Feb. 1889.

JACOB D. SWANK,
Clerk.

I ARISE TO SAY THAT THE OLD Reliable Firm —OF

A. H. FERNER & BRO.

STILL EXISTS,

And for the good of the people of Somerset and community, long may they exist.

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MENS' WORKING SHOES, 90 Cents to $2.50.

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Flexible, Latest Styles, for Spring and Summer. Low and High Heels, B., C., D., and E. Widths.

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RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES

—OF THE—

DIRECTORS OF THE POOR,

—AND THE—

HOUSE OF EMPLOYMENT

—OF—

SOMERSET COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA,

FOR THE YEAR ENDING JANUARY 7, A. D. 1889.

GEORGE J. BLACK, TREASURER OF THE SOMERSET COUNTY POOR HOUSE in account with the County of Somerset, for the year ending January 7th, 1889.

RECEIPTS.

		DR.
1. To am't. rec'd. from	Susan Miller for 1 month's maintenance	$ 5 00
2. " " " "	James Parsons for 1 bushel timothy seed	1 00
3. " " " "	Henry shafer for 1 calf	1 75
4. " " " "	Russell Stewart for hides	18 20
5. " " " "	Wm. M. Schrock, for bal. maint. wife at Dixmont	3 00
6. " " " "	Russell Stewart for hides	2 80
7. " " " "	Susan Miller for maintenance	10 00
8. " " " "	Henry Fox for 1½ bushels timothy seed	4 50
9. " " " "	Wm. H. Berkey as bail for rent Boucher farm	25 00
10. " " " "	H. L. Baer, Esq., for part Tospon estate	31 00
11. " " " "	D. J. Brubaker for Guardian I. Schwartzendruber	20 50
12. " " " "	Board Charities for expenses Mary Mahaney	14 04
13. " " " "	Susan Miller for maintenance	12 00
14. " " " "	John Geisel, as Adm'r Eliza. Geisel, dec'd	31 00
15. " " " "	Elmer Pugh for pigs	1 50
16. " " " "	Hiram Hoffman for maintenance son	10 75
17. " " " "	John Winters for oats	14 29
18. " " " "	Joseph Miller for maint. daughter at Harrisburg	104 00
19. " " " "	Peter and E. E. Pritts for pigs	4 50
20. " " " "	Josiah Brant for pigs	3 00
21. " " " "	Ephraim Pugh for pigs	1 00
22. " " " "	Wm. W. Baker for purchase Mowry property	20 00
23. " " " "	John E. Trent for Article Wm. Bailey	54 50
24. " " " "	Wm. M. Walker for Article Emma J. Will	40 00
25. " " " "	Wm. M. Schrock for maint. wife at Dixmont	20 72
26. " " " "	H. G. Cunningham for hides	2 81
27. " " " "	A. A. Long for pig	1 00
28. " " " "	Susan Miller for maintenance	13 00
29. " " " "	Joshua Wey for hay	13 00
30. " " " "	Wm. H. Miller for ram	10 00
31. " " " "	Andrew Shillinger for oats	5 00
32. " " " "	Somerset Co. per Order No. 236 interest on Musselman fund	32 00
33. " " " "	Same per Order No. 235, to balance account	6822 00
		$7683 09

EXPENDITURES.

		CR.	DR.
	FOR EXPENSES, ETC., UNPAID FOR THE YEARS 1887 AND 1879.		
1. By am't. paid on orders of 1887 for Out door relief		$ 27 00	$7683 09
2. " " " " " "	Constables fees	3 04	
3. " " " " " "	Maintenance of Mat. McClintock	5 00	
4. " " " " " "	Apple butter	2 80	
5. " " " " " "	Beef	2 55	
6. " " " " " "	Maintenance Miller and McClintock	19 50	
7. " " " "	Old order 1879	50	
			$ 60 39
	FOR OUT DOOR EXPENSES—1888.		
8. By am't paid for Out door relief		$ 943 00	
9. " " " "	Visiting traveling expenses	10 00	
10. " " " "	Maintenance out door paupers	50 10	
11. " " " "	Conveying out door paupers	40 00	
12. " " " "	Railroad fare and traveling expenses for paupers	92 91	
13. " " " "	Coffins for out door paupers	38 50	
14. " " " "	Justices' fees and medical attendance out door paupers	68 25	
			$1192 86
	FOR MAINTENANCE IN OTHER INSTITUTIONS AND COUNTIES.		
15. By am't paid for maintenance of children—Act of 1883		$ 324 00	
16. " " " " " at Harrisburg Hospital		349 42	
17. " " " " " " Dixmont		267 91	
18. " " " " Steward acting as visitor		12 10	
19. " " " " Maintenance in other Counties		5 00	
20. " " " " Expenses at Feeble Mind School at Elwyn		38 00	
			$ 992 44
	EXPENSES FOOR HOUSE—PROPER.		
21. By am't. paid for	Dry goods and clothing	$ 319 11	
22. " " " "	Tobacco	147 24	
23. " " " "	Wheat, Flour, &c	368 10	
24. " " " "	Apple butter	149 24	
25. " " " "	Hardware	12 84	
26. " " " "	Constables' fees	79 47	
27. " " " "	Medical services and fees	23 00	
28. " " " "	Tinware	37 96	
29. " " " "	Bacon	5 58	
30. " " " "	Other meat	293 99	
31. " " " "	Hats and caps	7 45	
32. " " " "	Corn meal	5 00	
33. " " " "	Shoes and leather	88 21	
34. " " " "	Sugar, molasses, &c	258 71	
35. " " " "	Queensware	7 48	
36. " " " "	Coal	132 12	
37. "