The Somerset Herald.

EDWARD SCULL, Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY..... December 18, 1888.

Governor will go down Friday for the holiday recess.

AN Ohio jury decided on a verdict of murder in the second degree by the toss of a copper.

MEAL dust caused an explosion in one of the largest mills in Chicago, by which four lives were lost, and property to the value of $150,000 destroyed.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND has 135,000 majority in Texas, with seven counties to be heard from. Mr. Cleveland ought to move to Texas and run for Governor.

THE fight between the Platt and Miller factions in New York has become so bitter that Indianapolis advices foreshadow the selection of some third man for a Cabinet place.

IT appears to be conceded that the next Congress will stand: Republican, 165; Democrats, 163; and that a special session will be called immediately after the inauguration of President Harrison.

SENATOR SHERMAN is not going to visit General Harrison during the holidays. If lightning is anxious to strike Honest John Sherman it need not hunt long to find him. He will be found at his post of duty in Washington.—*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

THE announcement of the death of Judge Charles E. Boyle, which occurred Saturday, at Seattle, Washington Territory, will cause wide-spread sorrow throughout the western part of the State, where he was well known and universally respected.

REALIZING that the Senate will "know him no more forever" after the 4th of March, Mr. Riddleberger proposes to make it as lively as possible in the mean time. And there are the wicked enough to like to see the old curiosity shop a little shaken up.

THE Direct Tax bill was passed by the House of Representatives Thursday, forty Democrats joining the Republicans in voting for it. It is a simple act of justice. Now we shall see whether the President is sufficiently under the control of the Solid South to veto the bill.

VICE PRESIDENT-ELECT MORTON paid a very pleasant visit to President-elect Harrison at his Indianapolis home last week. We do not now recall that the late Vice President Hendricks was ever invited to visit President-elect Cleveland previous to the inauguration of 1885.

MANY of the Democratic papers are affecting to rejoice over the fact that complete Republican victory is to be followed by complete Republican responsibility. They don't rejoice over it half as heartily as we do. The Republican party is fully equal to any responsibility that can be put upon it.

OVER fifteen thousand women cast their ballots for members of the Board of Education at the city election held in Boston on Tuesday. Much interest was taken by the women and many amusing incidents occurred. Many of them were active all day in electioneering and distributing tickets for their favorite candidates.

THE prompt and energetic action of Governor Forker in suppressing the White Caps of Ohio is deserving of great praise. The secrets of the organization and the names of the members have been accurately ascertained and there is now little danger of further outrages being perpetrated by this elaborately organized band of outlaws.

THE United States war vessels, Galena and Yantic, left New York for Hayti, Wednesday, whither they go to demand the release of the steamer Haytien Republic, seized by the government of the Black Republic a short time since. Unless the detained vessel is gracefully surrendered, stirring news may be expected from that quarter soon.

A WEST VIRGINIA Democratic candidate for Congress, to whom Brice telegraphed, "You are elected by six votes; stand by your election," remarked that Brice must either take him for a thief or a fool, who didn't know when he was whipped. Brice's campaign of intellect is a failure in West Virginia. They haven't played poker enough to understand Brice's style of bluffing.

MORE than two-thirds of the votes cast by the people of the entire country on November 6th were cast in the North, where every man voted to be pleased and had his vote counted as cast. In this section Harrison had 400,167 more votes than Cleveland. This highly significant fact should be borne in mind by the silly individuals who keep on protesting that the majority of the people are Democrats.—*Globe Democrat.*

WHITE CAPS have made their appearance in Pennsylvania, and we predict that it will be but a short time till they will be brought up with a round turn. Pennsylvania has no use for such organized bands of cowardly scoundrels, and the law-abiding people will soon make it too hot for them to feel comfortable. They have made several extensive raids in Lawrence and other counties of the State, visiting many houses and warning the inmates. The White Caps can never thrive in Pennsylvania. Its climate is not healthy for them.

THE Cleveland scandal, which was to the effect that Mr. Cleveland treated his young wife with cruelty, has been revived by Mrs. Whitney, the wife of the Secretary of the Navy, publishing a statement in the New York *Tribune* in denial of the rumors. It seems that the stories have been freely discussed in Washington and New York, and have for months been the subject of conversation in the club rooms and drawing rooms of those cities, but the newspapers have refrained from giving them publicity. But Mrs. Whitney's statement, in which she indirectly makes charges against certain individuals, has changed all this, and the papers all over the country are now filled with the stories. All of which is to be regretted in whatever light the subject may be regarded.

THE National Executive Committee of the Prohibition party met in Pittsburg last week, and very solemnly resolved that the members of the party in Pennsylvania organize and have a prohibitory amendment to the Constitution passed. This is a new task for the Prohibitionists to take in Pennsylvania. During the discussion in the Legislature two years ago of the Prohibition amendment, ultra-Prohibitionists disbred themselves against the submission of an amendment, but advocated the passage of a law by the Legislature prohibiting the sale of liquor in any form. They wanted time to take a short cut. They had done very little to do, if anything, with the passage of the resolution providing for the submission to the people of a prohibition amendment, and they will have a great deal less in the approaching session. The Republicans will submit the prohibitory amendment because they have pledged themselves to do so, and not because the Prohibitionists have appointed a committee to see that it is done.

GENERAL HARRISON was asked the other day by newspaper correspondents about the report that Mr. Blaine had been offered and accepted the State portfolio, but he refused to deny or affirm the story. He said: "It makes no difference what is the nature of the report or through what channel it comes, I cannot allow myself to be troubled with questions about such things. If I should say anything once, I would be expected to again, and you can see what it would lead to. I might as well undertake to keep the public informed as to what I have in mind—it would amount to that—if I should take up the newspaper reports every morning and say this is true, or that is not true. You gentlemen may go on with your speculation as to what you think will be done, but I must not be asked to confirm or deny the reports that are put in circulation."

The Campaign of Intellect at the South.

From the Chicago Inter-Ocean.

During the four or five months that the North was perspiring at every pore over the great questions of current politics the South was asleep. It had nothing to think about nor anything to do. A few professional politicians fired up the slow fires here and there, and the manifestations made there was nothing to do until election day when the judges of election and their clerks would take good care to furnish returns on which Democratic candidates would be given certificates of election. The proverbial rolling on a log was not easier than getting elected at the South, providing only one had the good fortune to be on the Democratic ticket. But the election over, the South suddenly woke up and began to rub its heavy eyes in wonderment. The Northern Democrats had only to carry three or four States and Cleveland would have his second term and, to the amazement of Dixie, they could not even do that. And now the curious spectacle is presented of that section of the country beginning its "campaign of intellect" after the contest has been decided.

Within the ranks of the Southern Democracy, the Republicans taking no prominent part in the agitation except to note and chronicle it, there is going on a sharp and animated controversy over the question: What shall be done with the negro? On one side it is urged that there is nothing new required, simply to keep right on resorting to all sorts of sharp dodges to cheat him out of his ballot and make him a political nonentity; on the other hand it is urged that that sort of thing is teaching the whites themselves cussedness, and something must be done to stay the rising tide of brutality, or the South will become a slack of abomination. In accordance with this view it is proposed to adopt an educational test, and thus disfranchise the greater part of the colored people without violating the constitution. To this argument three objections by the opposing factions—first, it would cut both ways, a good many white Democrats being unable to read or write; second, it would only be a temporary safeguard, for the colored children are being educated to some extent, nearly all of them; third, under the operation of the fourteenth amendment to the extent that the voting population were reduced by that qualification to that extent the South would lose representation in Congress and in the election of a President. The third objection seems to have more weight than the other two combined.

In the meantime the North can well afford to look on with complacency. Whatever conclusion may be arrived at, in a practical and immediate point of view, it is evident that such a discussion can not go on without wholesome effect. It is the first time within the memory of most people that a "campaign of intellect" has been tolerated at the South. In the old days of Whig and Democrat there was free political discussion, but since then what the Governor of South Carolina calls the "all-pervading, chloroforming Anglo-Saxon race," has assumed that its supremacy requires a muzzling of all the dogs of political war in that section, especially those of the barking sort. Any relief from that monotony should be hailed with gladness by the rest of the country. If there is something ludicrous in this postponement of the campaign until after election, there is certainly something hopeful in the fact that a political campaign of any kind has been started at the South at any time. Such a campaign may be a good while in bringing forth definite fruit, but from the first it must do some good work in the way of sectionalizing.

The Bulldozing Judges.

Pittsburgh Commercial Gazette.

Last week a Judge at Chambersburg, this State, ordered the proceedings of a trial kept out of the newspapers on the ground that they would take public opinion and the papers there out and themselves to be bulldozed into silence. This week a Judge at St. Paul, Minn., ordered the proceedings of a trial before him to be kept out of the press for a like purpose, but all the papers except one refused to be bulldozed into silence and published the proceedings. Such autocratic measures against the press belong to Russia rather than to this country, and the public opinion raised in each case precluded that they would ever become popular.

I Am Right And The Country is Wrong.

I am right and the country is wrong. Truth is mighty and it will prevail. There may be some delay, but the rainbow still arches the Western sky. Meanwhile, in view of the condition which confronts me, permit me to confine my remarks on the subject and the result to such generalities as may be read and at once forgotten, and then I will pass on to the usual episode of the routine business of the several departments and to the brief mention of the multitude of minor matters that can properly be grouped together in an otherwise aimless and inconsequential document.

Such is the general tenor of the annual message which Mr. Cleveland sent to Congress, the President's fourth and last annual message. So says a recent issue of the New York Sun.

He Will And He Won't.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—Despatches have been received here from New York to the effect that Blaine had been offered and accepted the office of Secretary of State, but nothing has been heard from Indianapolis or Maine, where such news ought to originate. Senator Hale says he believes the story, and that Harrison could not do better. Senator Frye and also one of the Maine delegation have only heard the report, but all are inclined to think it is true. There is no one in Washington who can confirm or deny the story. It is recalled that there is a precedent for such early action on the part of Harrison, if he has chosen his Secretary of State. Blaine was offered and accepted the same position under Garfield very soon after the latter's election. The Secretaries men are the only ones who refuse to accept the report.

Pennsylvania's Turn Now.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Dec. 13.—White Caps have made their appearance in Lawrence county. Several citizens of New Castle, accused of immoral practices, have been warned to relapse or suffer the consequences. Last night the White Caps made an extensive raid, visiting a large number of houses and warnings are expected to follow. So far there have been no whippings, but they are liable to occur at any time.

PRESS COMMENTS.

Cincinnati Enquirer: If Explorer Stanley is alive, will he please rap three times on the table?

Omaha Republican: It is in the postal service that the work of reform must begin, for upon it the most vital interests are dependent.

Detroit Tribune: President Harrison's Southern policy will be all right. How is it with the South's Southern policy? That's the main question just now.

Philadelphia Times: Mr. Harrison is not going to counsel himself. If he were to be asked whether he was descended from Adam he would probably reply that the relationship had been accepted by some of his relatives who had given study to the subject, but that he himself had never examined into the evidence.

New York Post: Connecticut, the only New England State that voted for Cleveland, has apparently repented. New Haven, which has been a solid Democratic city for ten years, went Republican in the municipal election this week. The Republican gains made in that city alone would have wiped out Cleveland's plurality and given the State to Harrison.

Washington (N. C.) Stars: If Harrison shall do nothing to provoke race disturbances and to incite sunset, bad negroes to get up rows by their presumption and abuse of privilege, and shall let the South work out its own destiny undisturbed by the unwarranted and impertinent interference of the Federal authorities then there will be but little complaint.

New York Sun: If it becomes apparent that the Alaska Commercial Company through its agents has shamefully abused the responsibilities intrusted to it by the United States, not all the influence which that powerful corporation is able to exert at Washington can prevent the termination of its monopoly with the present twenty years' lease, expiring in 1890.

Bloomington Pantagraph: The Sheriff at Birmingham, Ala., brought a Gatling gun to bear on a mob that was trying to get a murderer from its possession, and killed and wounded some fifteen or twenty of them. It should be said in explanation of this remarkable occurrence that the murderer in this case was a white man. Had he been a negro no Gatling gun would have been used to protect him from the mob; at least there are no instances of the kind reported from that State.

Boston Journal: We do not imagine that President Harrison will be able to so exercise the appointing power as to please his Mugwump censors. They are getting ready to wail, and they will probably when the Democratic incompetents who have botched the railway mail service, for example, are ousted, a shriek will go up from the Mugwump press. This is to be looked for, and will disturb no one. But spoils Democrats who dread an indiscriminate exercise of the appointing power on the part of the President elect will, we think, be alike disappointed.

St. Louis Republic: The man who in a single minute with a single word has done more for American liberty under American law than any thousand others have done in twenty years is named Smith—Smith of Birmingham. Not one man in a hundred thousand is fit for a great responsibility when it comes suddenly upon him in terrible shape but Smith was, and he met it and faced it down with one word—"Fire!" There are many other communities which needed the lesson worse than Birmingham, not a few States that needed it worse than Alabama, but the very demoralization which created the need made it impossible for them to produce such an officer as Sheriff Smith. Without such officers, speeches, sermons, newspaper editorials, laws themselves are empty words. His influence will be felt over this entire country, and the entire country is already benefited by it.

Young Men to the Front.

HARRISBURG, Pa., December 14.—A correspondent had the pleasure of an hour's chat with Gen. Simon Cameron this afternoon, at the old mansion on South Front street. He was reclining upon an easy lounge in his favorite room overlooking the broad bosom of the Susquehanna and glancing over a newspaper when the correspondent was ushered in. Half rising, the venerable statesman and diplomat gave his visitor a cordial welcome. Gen. Cameron has always had a warm side for newspaper men, and only on two or three occasions, he said, had they ever misrepresented what he gave them.

Calling attention to huge a bundle of mail matter on his desk, Gen. Cameron said he was besieged by applicants for letters of recommendation for this or that position and by others seeking his influence in one way or another to assist them in securing political appointments. Every day his mail is filled with letters of this character from old friends or sons of old friends, and it is a thoughtless disregard for the comfort of the aged statesman in his retirement. He knows they would not be so unkind if they did but think. Gen. Cameron has declared time after time that he is no longer actively interested in politics and thinks the public ought to take him at his word. He said to-day that his interest in the welfare and success of the great Republican party had not abated one whit, but the task of writing letters—which he enjoyed twenty years ago—had now become rather irksome.

"I work no part," said he, "in the last campaign, and it is not to be supposed that I shall have anything to say in the matter of appointments. It is but right and proper that the young men who do the work should have the say when it comes to distributing the party's favors."

It is well known that General Cameron has never interfered with his son, Senator Cameron, when appointments were under consideration, and, as he suggested, "it is too late to begin now."

General Cameron is rapidly nearing another anniversary of his birth, and seems just as strong physically and bright intellectually as he was a year ago. Only this week he attended a dinner at a famous fishing club's house about twenty miles from Harrisburg and was one of the most entertaining of those present. Speaking of General Harrison to-day, he said he had been much impressed with the wisdom of his course during the campaign, and was most struck with his remarkable speeches. Upon the question of the cabinet he did not desire to be quoted but remarked that in his opinion Mr. Harrison should be the President, and that in selecting his advisers he would bear the views of those about him and finally choose men of the right kind.

Looking a Long Way Ahead.

NEW YORK, Dec. 17.—Mr. Morton, the Vice-President-elect, was sufficiently rested this evening from fatigue of his journey into the West and sufficiently recovered from the cold that he caught out there to stand a little questioning concerning the trip. Mr. Morton said, with smiling courtesy: "The trip was entirely a social matter, and had no other significance. Gen. and Mrs. Harrison invited Mrs. Morton and myself to make such a visit some time ago, but during the campaign I could not find an opportunity."

As to any questions concerning the Cabinet, or anything else connected with the new administration, Mr. Morton had nothing whatever to say. His own words were: "I am very sorry that I have no information to give that would be useful to you. The formation of the Cabinet is really, if you will think of it, a long way ahead."

Ohio "White Caps."

COLUMBUS, O., Dec. 19.—Governor Forker to-day made the following announcement: "Those called White Cap organization has been permanently disbanded and there will be no more meetings, raids, threatenings, whippings, or terrorizings of any kind by those who composed the membership, but should there be any repetition of any such practices the state is in command of the testimony and the facilities generally to enable it to promptly bring the leaders to justice."

QUAY TO VISIT HARRISON.

Still fixing up the Cabinet.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Dec. 16.—Inclement weather resulted in rather a poor attendance at the churches this morning. Gen. Harrison passed the day quietly at home. Hon. John C. New received a letter from Senator Quay to-day saying that he would leave New York Monday night for Indianapolis. This is the first authentic information regarding Chairman Quay's intended visit.

There is always a dearth of political news on Sundays, and special correspondents are put to their wits end for something to write about. Two or three of the correspondents for Eastern Journals are said to be engaged to-night in adding a new name to President Harrison's Cabinet in the person of Gov. J. B. Foraker, to whom they have assigned the Attorney Generalship. There is a belief extensive among numerous local Republicans of prominence that the coming week will prove fruitful of Cabinet speculation of an unusually interesting character.

The sod cabin built by the citizens of Loup City, Sherman county, Neb., as a gift for Gen. Harrison, arrived in the city this evening. It occupies an entire flat-car, is eighteen feet long and nine feet high. The balance of the car is fenced in as a door yard. The present is supposed to typify the house of the early settlers of Nebraska. It has two windows and a chimney. A man occupied the unique house all the way from Loup City. He has a little stove in which he kept the house en route. What they propose to do with the house is a puzzle since it seemingly cannot be removed from the car without falling to pieces. It is probable it will be sidetracked and taken to Washington for the inaugural parade.

Death of Hon. C. E. Boyle.

SEATTLE, Dec. 16.—Hon. Charles E. Boyle, Chief Justice of Washington Territory, died at the Occidental Hotel here at 7 o'clock last evening of pneumonia. Judge Boyle, his wife and son Edgar arrived here on the 10th of last month. On the 22d he was publicly installed as chief justice.

This judicial circuit is large, and, as court business had accumulated during the previous months, Judge Boyle went valiantly to work to clear up the docket. Week before last he went to Mount Vernon, about 120 miles north of Seattle, the county seat of Skagit county, to hold the regular term of court there. He was accompanied by a number of the bar of Seattle. As the trip was mostly by river and stage the judge and attorneys were thrown closely together. On the return trip Judge Boyle caught a slight cold. It was thought not to be serious. The best physicians were called in, however, as Mrs. Boyle was alarmed at his condition, when considered in connection with the change of climate.

There was symptoms of quinsy, for which the physicians prescribed. Instead of getting better the judge rapidly grew worse, when evidences of pneumonia became apparent. This dread disease failed to yield to the powerful medicines administered, and at seven o'clock he died. Mrs. Boyle and Edgar were with him, doing all that was possible for loving hands. Their many newly made friends were assiduous in their willingness to do what they could. Judge Boyle was perfectly conscious up until the last moment, coolly giving directions as to what should be done after his death. The body has been embalmed and Mrs. Boyle and Edgar, although prostrated with grief will start by to-day's train on their long journey over the Northern Pacific Railroad for Uniontown, Pa., where the dead jurist will be buried in the family burying ground.

Train Robbers in Mississippi.

Saturday night passenger train No. 2, on the Illinois Central Road, was robbed one mile north of Duck Hill. At 10:15 the train pulled out of Duck Hill, two men boarded the engine and commanded the engineer, A. J. Law, to pull out fast and not stop until told. The engineer and fireman, George Evans, both being covered with navy "sixes" obeyed the command, and when one mile north of Duck Hill the train stopped, and the engineer and fireman were ordered to dismount, and were then marched to the express car. One of the robbers knocked at the door, which was opened by the messenger. After firing three shots the men entered and took $3,000—all there was in the car—from Messenger Hill. The firing of the pistol and the stopping of the train attracted the attention of Conductor P. B. Wilkinson, who rushed out and was immediately fired upon.

Mr. Charles Hughes, of Jackson, Tenn., then ran out with a Winchester rifle. As he stepped on the ground from the smoking car he was fired upon. One shot struck him in the left arm. Another went through his stomach, inflicting a fatal wound. The death of the young man was very sad, as he was the only support of his widowed mother. He went to Lexington, Miss., Saturday to meet his sister's family and a younger brother, all of whom were on the train and were much distressed by his untimely death. The robbery was done in the regular highway style. Nine shots were fired by Conductor Wilkinson and Traveling Passenger Agent Roban, three by Hughes, and four or five by the robbers. During the robbery great uneasiness was felt by the passengers, who feared for the safety of their valuables and lives.

It is believed that neither of the men was hit by the shots fired at them from the train. The place of the robbery was an open, low marsh, about fifty yards from a woods. Both robbers ran eastward and into the swamp. A posse is is being organized to join in the chase. Bloodhounds will be used to follow the trail.

Senator Riddleberger Threatens to Resign.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 15.—The air is rife with the rumor to-night that Senator Riddleberger, of Virginia, will resign. That may be looked for unless the eccentric Senator speedily recovers from the unfortunate state of temper he has been in for several days. He is quoted to-night as saying that he has telegraphed to Governor Lee that his resignation will be immediately forthcoming, but of course there is still a chance for him to change his mind. Riddleberger claims to have been treated badly by the Republicans of the Senate, and even to have been socially ostracised. For the latter he professes to care less than for his political misfortunes. If he resigns Governor Lee will no doubt appoint a Democrat in his place and that will make the Senate a tie without any Vice-President to give a deciding vote. It is understood that Riddleberger would like to bring about this tie in time to defeat the Republican Tariff bill. Riddleberger's term will be out on the 4th of March next, when barbour (Democrat) will take the seat.

The Baldknober King.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 16.—Advises from Ozark Mo., say that the sheriff of Christian county has completed the gallows upon which William Walker, the king of the Baldknobbers, is to be hanged on the 28th instant. The other three members of the band, David Walker, son of the King, and Joseph and Wiley Mathews, are also to hang, but will not be executed until February 11. Sheriff Johnson having received word that an attempt to rescue will be made by members of the old gang has sworn in 100 special deputies to guard the jail and take other precautions to prevent trouble.

Saved by His Dogs.

CANTON, O., Dec. 16.—As John Keiser, a leading butcher and cattle dealer, was entering his slaughter house east of here, at an early hour yesterday morning, a man who had secreted himself inside attacked him. The men clinched and had a terrible encounter, Keiser getting worsted. The latter called for his two large bull dogs, which were running loose in the yard. They attacked the robber and saved their master's life. Keiser pulled the dogs off and the man escaped in the darkness. It was undoubtedly a premeditated affair, as Keiser is known to carry large sums of money on his person. The man left a trail of blood for some distance.

Can't Name Their Successors.

WASHINGTON, December 13.—Postmaster General Dickinson to-day said that within the last few weeks he had received resignations of a considerable number of Presidential and fourth class postmasters, with the request that Republicans whom they name and recommend be appointed in their places. Others have written asking whether their resignations and recommendations of Republican successors would receive favorable action.

In reply to an inquiry as to his action in these cases the Postmaster General said that no resignation have been or would be accepted that are made for the purpose of forestalling the action of the incoming administration by the appointment of Republicans.

He Said He Was White.

NEW YORK, Dec. 14.—In 1885 when George Cooper asked Mary A. Cooper to become his wife she asked him if there was negro blood in his veins. He had visited her for a year, but she had been beguiled into the belief that his silhouette appearance was due to Portuguese extraction. He then purposely assured her that he was white all through and they were married. Hearing that he had relatives in Philadelphia she latterly decided on taking a quiet and congenial visit to her mother-in-law. On inquiring for that individual there she was astounded to find herself in the embrace of a colored woman, who at once acknowledged her daughter-in-law.

Mrs. Cooper returned to this city, where she began proceedings for annulment of the marriage on the ground of deception, and the referee has just decided in her favor.

Jacksonville Herself Again.

JACKSONVILLE, December 16.—Two refugees special trains from Atlanta and other Georgia cities arrived here yesterday, and the regular Northern trains have all been well-filled with refugees. Probably 300 persons in all have arrived in the city in the past 30 hours. The refugees have been met by bands of music, the people bearing banners of welcome and other demonstrations of joy. Business is opening up again and the streets present almost their wonted appearance. It is estimated that there will be fully 3,000 arrivals per week during the next month. The prospects for the season and general business are good.

Died From a Beating by White Caps.

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 17.—James McDonald, who was so unmercifully beaten last Monday by the mob calling themselves the "Kansas Division of White Caps," died yesterday. A farmer living near here says that he saw the "White Caps" pass his house on two different nights. On the second night he followed them, and they halted in the woods and seemed to hold a council. The chief addressed the men by number instead of name. Enough was overheard to convince him they were organizing in Phillips and Smith counties.

Ex-Speaker Of The Assembley Of The State Of New York.

State of New York, Assembly Chamber
Albany, April 16, 1888.

My family for the last twelve years have been using Allcock's Porous Plasters, and have found them wonderfully efficacious in coughs, colds, and pains in the side and back.

About ten years ago I was thrown from a wagon and badly bruised. In three days these plasters entirely removed the pain and soreness. Twice they have cured me of severe colds which threatened pulmonary trouble. They also cured my son of rheumatism in the shoulder from which he had suffererd two years. JAMES W. HUSTED.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL.

Nonpareil Literary Society.

Proceedings of the Nonpareil Literary and Debating Society which met at the Cover school house, in Jenner Township, on Thursday evening, Dec. 6, 1888.

Society convened at half-past seven o'clock with a full house, and was called to order by the President, after which the roll was called and new members enrolled. The minutes of the previous meeting were then read by the Secretary and on motion approved as read. The program for the evening was taken up. The first was a song by Josiah J. Hoffman and Hammer Caufflel, followed by Declamations, by Edwin Figge, Hammer Caufflel and Miss Cora Glessner. The chair appointed Edwin Figge, Query Manager, R. F. Hammer, Critic. A few Queries were then read by the Query Manager which were answered by various members of the society. The referred question, "which is the stronger, fire, water or wind," was then opened by W. I. Rishleberger, followed by Miss Alice Bowman, Edwin Swank and others.

Messrs. Edwin Swank, P. J. O'Connor and Hammer Caufflel were appointed by the chair to make out a program for the next meeting.

A short recess of fifteen minutes was then given after which the question for general debate was taken up. "Resolved that art is more pleasing to the Eye than Nature." Miss Alice Bowman, Mr. Jacob Spolgle and Miss Bertie O'Connor were chosen Judges. The question was discussed on the affirmative by P. J. O'Connor, W. I. Rishleberger and Hammer Caufflel; on the negative by W. A. G. Lape, L. D. Staufb and R. F. Hammer.

A few Queries were then read and answered by various members after which the Judges brought in their decision in favor of the negative.

The program for the next meeting was then read after which sentiments were given.

On motion society adjourned to meet on Thursday evening Dec. 13, 1888.

This society was organized Thursday evening Nov. 15, and convenes every Thursday evening. Though but very recently organized it consists of 87 members eight being teachers at present and two former teachers. The citizens and a few of the directors take an active part in the work, and we would encourage all to come and add us in the good cause. The following are the officers: President, L. C. Staufb; two Vice Presidents, Hammer Caufflel and P. J. O'Connor; Recording Secretary, W. A. G. Lape; Corresponding Secretary, Alice Bowman; Treasurer, Miss Annie Kalm. COR.

No remedy for blood disorders can equal Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Though concentrated and powerful, this medicine is perfectly safe, and may be taken by children as well as adults. Physicians recommend it in preference to any other. Price $1. Worth $5 a bottle.

MARRIED.

COLEMAN—YODER—At Somerset, Pa., December 6th, 1888, by Elder Peter Vogel, Mr. Ephraim L. Coleman and Miss Sallie M. Yoder, both of Stoneycreek Township, Somerset county, Pa.

HANNAH—SUFALL—On Tuesday morning, Dec. 18, 1888, at the home of the bride's parents in Somerset, by Rev. George C. Cooke, Mrs. James Hannah of Iowa, and Miss Annie M. Sufall of Somerset.

DIED.

SHUMAKER—In Brothersvalley township, Somerset county, Pa., on December 14, 1888, Mr. Daniel Shumaker. Mr. Shumaker was born on August 8th, 1808, in Southampton township, and has lived in Brothersvalley over fifty years. He was a member of the Lutheran Church, first at Pine Hill and then at Yinkle's. He was buried on Sunday, December 16th, in the Somerset Lutheran Cemetery, after which services were conducted in the Disciple Church by Elder Peter Vogel from 2 Samuel XII. 20 and Ps. XC. 3, 12.

The fall winter styles in hats and trimmings are now complete, and we have every thing in that line suitable to this market.

M. M. TREDWELL & Co.

Wanted!

Hides, and Furs, I will pay the highest cash price for all kinds of hides, pelts and furs. Call on me at my residence, immediately west of the S. & C. Station.

H. G. CUNNINGHAM.

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BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This Powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER COMPANY, 106 Wall Street, New York. 5-30-28t.

MRS. A. E. UHL.

As is my custom, I will have a full and complete line of HOLIDAY GOODS on exhibition *by the close of this week*, consisting of many kinds of Fancy Goods and decorative articles.

A full line of useful goods—Silks, Satins, Henriettas, and all kinds of Dress Goods, from 5 cents a yard up.

Plush Coats, Wraps and Jackets. Cloth Coats, Wraps and Jackets. A full line of Misses' and Childrens' Wraps, and a full line of Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Gloves and Mittens. A fine line of *guaranteed* Kid Gloves, Corsets and Underwear; Fancy Head-wear for winter. Combs and Brushes; Pocketbooks, and a handsome assortment of Jewelry.

Special prices for Dress Goods and Wraps for the Holiday trade. Bargains in good goods for all. Don't fail to come and see my stock before making your purchases.

Fur Muffs, Boas, and Stoles.

MRS. A. E. UHL.

B. & B.

HOLIDAY

BARGAINS

—IN—

DRESS GOODS.

100 pieces Fine French 22-inch Broadcloths at 75c., value $1 25 to $1 50.

100 pieces 42-inch High-class American and Imported English Suitings, at 50c.

Another lot as above at $1 25.

It is late in the season now, and we have closed up several lots of fine dress fabrics at one half their actual cost and value. You can secure many of these exceptional Bargains by writing early before the lots are all sold.

2000 yds. Silk Satins 24 inches at half price, 25c.

2,000 yds. Silk Mirie Satins, dollar goods, at 50c.; elegantly suited for fancy work, trimmings or dresses; they come in all the fancy shades, also cream and black.

For Holiday Trade specially we offer largest assortments of staples and serviceable pressgoods—

LINEN AND SILK

GLOVES,

UMBRELLAS,

HANDKERCHIEFS,

SILK MUFFLERS.

&c., &c.

Special attention to Mail orders and best values guaranteed.

Boggs & Buhl,

115, 117 119, 121,

FEDERAL STREET

ALLEGHENY, Pa.

I ARISE

TO SAY

THAT THE OLD

Reliable Firm

—OF—

A. H. FERNER & BRO.

STILL EXISTS,

And for the good of the people of Somerset and community, long may they exist.

THEIR LINE OF

GENTS' FINE SHOES

THE EMERSON,

PETOLE, CONGRESS,

BUTTON, AND BAL., IN

PORPOISE,

CORDOVAN,

KANGAROO,

BONGOLA, AND

CALF.

W. L. Douglas'

2.50, $3.00, and $4.00 Shoes, free from tacks and nails. Every pair Warranted.

MENS' WORKING SHOES,

90 Cents to $2.50.

Ladies' Fine Shoes!

Flexible, Latest Styles, for Spring and Summer. Low and High Heels, B., C. D., and E. Widths.

1889.

UNPARALLELED OFFER

THE HARRISBURG

WEEKLY TELEGRAPH

IS THE

—LARGEST AND BEST—

Newspaper published at the Capital of Pennsylvania. Each number contains 64 columns filled with

THE LATEST NEWS, STORIES,

LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS,

MARKET REPORTS,

MISCELLANEOUS READING.

Price, Only One Dollar per Year.

Look at the following unparalleled offers:

We will furnish the *Weekly Telegraph* and "Our Family Physician," (New Edition, 480 pages, price $2,) for *Two Dollars*.

Weekly Telegraph and "Texas Siftings," (weekly, price $4) for $2.

Weekly *Telegraph* and "American Agriculturist," for $2.

Weekly *Telegraph* and "N. Y. Independent" for $2.50.

Weekly *Telegraph* and either "Good Cheer," "Country Home," or "Farm and Home," (monthly) for $1.25.

—RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED—

In every school district in this and adjoining Counties.

Daily Telegraph, $5 per year.
Daily Telegraph and "Our Family Physician," $6 per year.
Daily Telegraph and "Texas Siftings," $6 per year.

The cash must accompany all orders, and be addressed to

M. W. McALARNEY, Manager.
Harrisburg, Pa.

STORE PROPERTY

FOR SALE.

By the undersigned, in the town of Lavansville Somerset County, Pa., on the Bedford and Mt. Pleasant plank Road, 4 miles west of Somerset, the County Seat and Railroad station; this property is centrally located, being on the Northwest corner of the Diamond, and consists of three-eighths of an acre of ground, with a two and a half story frame dwelling, with "L" and storeroom attached, size, with "L" 40 feet front, and 50 feet deep; there are 10 rooms in the building, the store room being well fitted up and being the catch place, it always commands a large trade; there are on the premises a good well, garden and cellar; two warehouses, a wash house, wood, coal and smoke houses, large and commodious stabling, and fruit of all kinds. Lavansville is a town of about 35 residences; population about 250; has two churches, Lutheran and Reformed, two schools, two stores, a large creamery and various mechanics, and is situated in the heart of one of the wealthiest farming and most extensive stock raising and produce communities in Somerset County, and has always been noted as a good place for merchandizing. This property is in good trim, and is the most desirable store stand and best business stand in the town; is always occupied and commands $126 rent annually; will be sold cheap, and on easy terms. The right man will make a "Bonanza" by investing here. No goods for sale; property only. Possession given April 1, 1889. For price and terms call on or address

ALEXANDER COUNTRYMAN,
BOX 20, Lavansville, Somerset County, Pa.

GOOD NEWS

FOR EVERYBODY.

Do you know that for one dollar you can buy one full quart of pure

Eight-Year Old Export Guckenheimer Whisky

At the Old Reliable Drug House of

JOSEPH FLEMING,

No. 84 Market St.

A whisky that has stood the test, and has met with such continued success and popularity that it is now conceded by everybody to be the purest and finest whisky that can be obtained at any price. We know that it merits the thousands of flattering comments we are continually receiving. We know the care we have given it to merit these comments. We know it has the age we advertise. There is hardly a mail that does not bring us kind words regarding our pure old Export Whiskey.

Our prices remain as heretofore: One full quart $1. Or, six for $5.

Old Export, or California Wines. Orders by mail receive prompt attention. Securely and neatly packed and expressed or shipped according to directions. Address

JOS. FLEMING & SON,
DRUGGISTS.
dec5-'88-1y. 84 Market St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

In the estate of Daniel Shoemaker late of Brothersvalley Township dec'd.

Letters of Administration having been issued to the undersigned by the proper authority in the above estate. Notice is hereby given to all parties indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and all parties having claims against said estate to present them to the Administrators duly authenticated for settlement at the late residence of the deceased on or before Saturday the 2nd day of February 1889.

MANASUS SHOEMAKER,
JOHN SHOEMAKER,
Dec.13. Administrators.

NOTICE INDIVORCE.

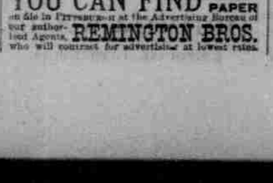
To Amelie F. Peterson:

You are hereby notified to be and appear at the next Court of Common Pleas of Somerset County Pa., to be held at Somerset on the 2nd Monday of December 1888 (10th day) to answer the complaint of George Peterson your husband, and show cause, if any you have, why your said husband should not be divorced from the bond of matrimony entered into with you, agreeably to the prayer of his petition and libel exhibited against you before said Court and filed to No. 28 May Term 1888 and No. 29 September Term 1888.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, } R. S. McMILLEN,
Somerset, Pa., Nov. 14, '88. } Sheriff.

Pennsylvania Agricultural Works, York, Pa.

Farquhar's Standard Engines and Saw Mills.



Send for Catalogue. Portable, Stationary, Traction and Automatic Engines, Separators, Wrought-iron Frame Horse-powers, Saw-mills, Shingle-mills, Corn-shellers, Feed-cutters, Pumping Jacks, Wood-saws, Tread-powers, Cane-mills, Cane-crushers, Vacuum Pans, Filters, Evaporators, Sugar-mills, Sugar-kettles, Cane-carriers, Elevators, Conveyors, Wagons, Carts, Plows, Harrows, Cultivators, Rollers, Scrapers, Road-machines, Ditchers, Wheelbarrows, Forges, Anvils, Vises, Blowers, Drills, Taps, Dies, Wrenches, Pipe-tools, Belting, Packing, Lubricators, Oils, Greases, Pulleys, Hangers, Shafting, Gearing, Boxes, Babbitt-metal, Iron, Steel, Coal, Coke, Fire-brick, Fire-clay, Gauges, Steam-traps, Governors, Injectors, Valves, Cocks, Pipe-fittings, Steam-packing, Gaskets, Rubber-hose, Steam-hose, Lace-leather, Emery-wheels, Emery-cloth, Files, Rasps, Hammers, Sledges, Chisels, Punches, Cold-chisels, Screw-plates, Taps, Dies, Wrenches, Pipe-tools, Belting, Packing, Lubricators, Oils, Greases, Pulleys, Hangers