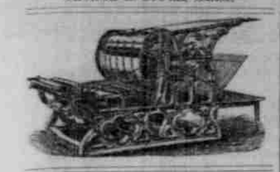
The Somerset Herald.

GEORGE R. SCULL, Editor.



WEDNESDAY.....October 3, 1888.

Republican County Committee.

The following named gentlemen compose the list for the ensuing year.

Addison—B. F. Fullmer.
Allegheny No. 1—J. C. Deeter.
Allegheny No. 2—Geo. H. Martin.
Black—G. L. Miller.
Berlin Borough—W. S. Matthews.
Brothersvalley—S. S. Forney.
Conemaugh—A. F. Swank.
Confluence Borough—V. M. Black.
Elklick No. 1—
Elklick No. 2—Christain Folk.
Greenville—Fred Durr.
Jefferson—Frederick Shaulis.
Jenner—R. G. Covode.
Jennertown Borough—D. L. Wiand.
Larimer—L. G. Dom.
Lower Turkeyfoot—J. J. Rush.
Meyersdale Borough—E. M. Lichty.
Middlecreek—Jesse Whitsky.
Milford—R. H. Dull.
Northampton—W. H. Poorbaugh.
New Centerville Borough—Peter Pile.
New Baltimore Borough—John George.
Ogle—E. J. Seese.
Paint—J. E. Forst.
Quemahoning—John Hamer.
Rockwood Borough—M. H. Hartzell.
Salisbury Borough—Lloyd Beachy.
Shade—M. D. Reel.
Somerset Borough—Dr. J. E. Biesecker.
Somerset Township No. 1—S. U. Shober
Somerset Township No. 2—J. J. Pile.
Southampton—J. B. Baker.
Stonycreek—Wm. H. Miller.
Stoystown Borough—Aaron Shaffer.
Summit—M. R. Walker.
Upper Turkeyfoot—Freeman Younkin.
Ursina Borough—E. D. Yutzy.
Wellersburg Borough—G. L. Long.

GEO. R. SCULL, Secretary. CHAS. C. SHAFER, Chairman.

Buy your drugs at Biesecker & Snyder's.

Pure, sparkling, ice cold Soda Water at Biesecker & Snyder's.

Celluloid Trusses guaranteed for a period of three years not to break or rust, at Biesecker & Snyder's.

Pennsylvania Day at Gettysburg has been postponed by Governor Beaver from October 24 until sometime in May of next year.

Arbutus flour is by far the best in the town. Every good housekeeper wants it. M. Schrock keeps a good supply of it on hand.

Eye Glasses and Spectacles in all coencivs his varieties and at all prices, of the celebrated "King" manufacturer, at Biesecker & Snyder's.

We have on hand a large number of good rick which we will sell in quantities to suit the purchaser. Prices very reasonable. Yard opposite the planing mill.

HOLLBROOK Bros. & PARSON.

Many young children become positively repulsive with sore eyes, sore ears, and scald head. Such afflictions may be speedily removed by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Young and old experience the wonderful benefits of this medicine.

MEAT MARKET.—We have just added a large Refrigerator to our Meat Market, in which all meats can be kept cool and clean. Mutton, beef, pork, &c., kept constantly on hand. Open daily. Parties buying meat can have it kept in the refrigerator until wanted.

ROSS DAVIS & Co.

Michigan Furniture Company.

437, Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Have on hand the largest stock of Bed-room suits, Parlor Suits, Side-boards, Wardrobes, Lounges, &c., of any furniture house in Pittsburgh, being manufacturers they can afford to sell goods at better prices. It will pay to give them a call. Don't forget the name and number.

MICHIGAN FURNITURE COMPANY,
437 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

For Sale Cheap.

A bargain for some one in need of a piano or organ. A high-priced Steinway & Sons' piano, in use only a few years, will be sold very cheap. A Mason & Hamlin organ costing $300, and never used, will be sold for less than half cost. For particulars, call at the HERALD office.

Furniture.

When in Pittsburgh call at 437 Smithfield street. If you are in need of a Bedroom suit, Parlor suit, Lounge, Sideboard, Wardrobe, Hat Rack or any kind of furniture, you will certainly be pleased. Prices low.

MICHIGAN FURNITURE COMPANY,
437 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

For Sale.

A Country Store property seven miles from railroad. Extra good Cash and Produce trade, a rare opening will be sold low. No goods, write for particulars to.

M. L. ARMSTRONG, Harshville, Pa.

Artistic Furniture! Artistic Furniture!

We have on hand a most complete line of fine and artistic household furniture in our new house, which we guarantee to be strictly first class. Our manufactures being reliable and of tasteful design.

MICHIGAN FURNITURE COMPANY,
437 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh Pa.

Wanted!

Dealers and all to know we have a full line of rakes, both hand and self dump, which we offer at prices to suit the times. Agents wanted to sell the Walker Rakes. Address

W. F. WALKER,
Somerset, Pa.

New Styles.

Handsome seal plush wraps in sacks, dolmans, jackets, newmarkets, ulsters for ladies and pretty little gretchens for children and pretty wraps for misses will be opened by the latter part of this week.

MRS. A. E. UHL.

Parlor Suits, Bedroom Suits.

Fine and Artistic Furniture, all the latest designs, at lowest prices in the city, give them a call.

MICHIGAN FURNITURE COMPANY,
437 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh Pa.

Wanted!

Hides, and Furs. I will pay the highest cash price for all kinds of hides, pelts and furs. Call on me at my residence, immediately west of the S. & C. Station.

H. G. CUNNINGHAM.

Parlor Suits, Bedroom Suits,

all kinds of patterns, walnut, cherry and oak. Finest display in the city, at

MICHIGAN FURNITURE COMPANY,
437 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

For Sale.

One very handsome marble-top walnut side-board, in good condition. Will be sold cheap. Call at HERALD office.

A Reliable Remedy.

Allcock's Porous Plasters never fail to give speedy proof of their efficacy as the best external remedy for weak back, rheumatism lumbago, sciatica, colds, coughs, sore throat pulmonary and kidney difficulties, malaria, dyspepsia, heart, spleen, liver and stomach affections, strains, and all local pains.

They have been in use for over thirty years, and their value has been attested by the highest medical authorities as well as by voluntary and unimpeachable testimonials from thousands who have used them.

Ask for Allcock's, and let no explanation or solicitation induce you to accept a substitute.

Miss Jessie Hamilton, of Johnstown, is a guest at the residence of Dr. A. J. Eashley.

The Republicans of Somerset Borough will organize a Harrison and Morton club this week.

Even before Brother Meyers' speech on Monday night the chestnut crop in this county was thought to be a good one.

George F. Baer, Esq. and wife, of Reading, arrived in Somerset Tuesday morning, called here by the serious illness of Mr. Baer's aged mother.

The political prohibitionists of this congressional district have placed Dr. U. M. Bunchly, of Meyersdale, in the field as their candidate for congress.

On account of the inclemency of the weather, the management of the Bedford County Agricultural Association have postponed their fair until October 9th, 10th, 11th and 12th.

A valuable horse belonging to A. C. Davis died at the stable of his owner this, Tuesday, morning. The animal had been suffering from a complication of diseases, and was held at $300.

Adam Pifer, an aged and respected German died at his home a short distance north of town Friday, in his 72 year. He leaves a widow and a large family of grown children to mourn his loss.

Capt. Wm. H. Miller, of Quemahoning, called at the HERALD office Monday morning. The Captain is a dyed-in-the-wool Republican, and feels quite good over the coming election of Harrison and Morton.

The Johnstown *Tribune* says: Among those present at General Campbell's funeral was Major Yutzy, third in command of the regiment, who has been near death's door several times. His old companions were rejoiced to see him able to pay the last debt of sorrow to his old commander.

Black diphtheria has broken out at Scottdale and vicinity and from six to eight cases are reported daily. There have been no deaths so far. The schools at that place have been closed. A number of cases are reported from Dawson, but no deaths. Uniontown has a number of cases on hand, so many in fact that the schools will be closed.

The oldest inhabitant will have to take a back seat hereafter when early snow falls are being discussed. The memory of the elder generation runneth back not far enough to recall a snow storm in the month of September. Large flakes of snow fell at intervals throughout the entire day Saturday, and this, too, before we have had a frost of any consequence.

Exchanges say that a couple of sleek-looking individuals are going about the country swindling township treasuries out of sums of money ranging from $12 to $50, on the pretense of repairing black-boards in school houses, only desiring the official's order for performing the work, which turns up in a few days as an order on the township's treasury, properly signed, and cashed by an innocent party.

Friend Daniel Brubaker, of Paint, who was in attendance at court last week as a juror, called at the HERALD office. Mr. Brubaker is a thorough Republican and in the course of conversation remarked: "It won't do to go to sleep this campaign, thinking the majority in Somerset county will be large enough, but every Republican should be wide awake and working for the entire ticket. The result is never certain until the votes have been counted."

A very important judicial opinion was given in the courts at Chambersburg, Pa., recently. Suit was brought by Lavinia Small, under the Married Personal Property Act of June 3, 1887, against her husband for about $6,000 given him thirty-two years ago. The facts were agreed upon, and the contest was as to whether the Act referred to gives the wife the power to sue her husband. After an able argument on either side, the Court decided that the Act gave such power.

When court called Tuesday morning Judge Baer ordered the discharge of all jurors from further attendance upon the court, except those impannelled in the case of the commonwealth vs Elmund Cummins and I. N. Kemp, which is now being tried and which it is thought will take the time of the court for the balance of the week. All the civil cases were marked continued. It is probable that a special term will be called before the next regular term for the trial of the continued civil list.

There are some things a level-headed human being should never do. Among these is to kindle a fire with the aid of coal oil, to walk on the railroad track, to attempt to get on a moving train, to point a gun or pistol at another, to put his name on another man's note, to keep his savings in an old stocking under his bed, to play a game of chance with a prepossessing stranger, to take patent medicine for his real or imaginary ailments, to run for office when he has a paying situation in private life, to call a bigger man than himself a liar.

The Republicans of Salisbury organized a Harrison and Morton club on the 15th of September, since which time they have been holding weekly meetings. Mr. W. H. Deemer is President of the club; M. F. Smith, Treasurer, and Hon. Sam Mier, Secretary. The first of the series of meetings was addressed by Mr. Lunng; the second by Dr. H. C. McKinley and the third by James L. Pugh, Esq. The club propose to hold a meeting each Friday night till the election, and on Tuesday, October 9th, they will hold a meeting and erect a Harrison and Morton pole.

Mrs. Louisa Schell Miller, after a long and painful suffering, died at the home of her sister Mrs. Joseph J. Stutzman, Friday, Sept. 28, in her 50th year. She was the youngest daughter of Henry Schell, dec'd, and of nine children who lived to come of age. Her sisters Mrs. Stutzman and Mrs. Dr. Kimmel, and her brothers John J., Henry F. and A. J. Schell are all residents of Somerset. Chas. resides in Nebraska; Y. H. in Missouri and Wm. H. in Washington, D. C. In 1879 she was married to Frank Miller, for many years station agent for the B. & O. R. R. at Washing Junction, Md., who with four children survive her. Mrs. Miller was known and admired by all of our people whose sympathies go out to the afflicted family.

A special train over the Somerset & Cambria railroad Saturday carried about fifty members of Somerset Castle Knights of the Golden eagle, and large delegations from the Rockwood and Hooversville Castles, to Johnstown, where they participated in a reunion of their order from the adjoining counties. Shortly after three o'clock in the afternoon the 494 Knights in line paraded through the principal streets of Johnstown. They presented a very fine appearance, their bright uniforms presenting a very showy turnout. Six bands of music added greatly to the spirit of the occasion by their fine music. The banquet of the Knights at Turner Hall in the evening was a very pleasant affair. The Somerset Knights returned home late in the night on their special train.

The latest plan for reviving the South Pennsylvania Railroad is to sell out the road and wind up the affairs of the old company as soon as possible, considering the litigation which is pending.

As a preliminary move agents of the Pittsburgh parties interested in the road have been in the city probing the pockets of wealthy men to ascertain how much new capital could be induced to take stock and bonds of the new company. The old list of stockholders included a number of gentlemen very closely identified with the Reading Railroad, and these men, with one exception, have been rather indifferent to the movement which has been on foot for a year to push the work of construction. It seems to be the policy of the Reading managers to take no part in pushing the work, but when it is completed they will doubtless be willing to make traffic agreements which will be mutually advantageous.—*Philadelphia Times.*

THE OPENING GUN.

GRAND REPUBLICAN RALLY.

THE "FROSTY SONS OF THUNDER" TURN OUT IN LARGE NUMBERS

TO HEAR THE ISSUES OF THE DAY DISCUSSED BY CAPT. H. H. KUHN, HON. JOHN CESSNA, A. J. COLBORN AND F. J. KOOSER.

The Largest Meeting of the Kind Held in Somerset for Years.

The first grand rally of the Republicans of Somerset county on Tuesday evening of last week was a splendid success and was most gratifying to the friends of Republicanism. It presages an earnest fight all along the line and a full vote for Harrison, Morton and the entire Republican ticket on the 6th of November next.

Long before the time announced for the opening of the meeting, people began to gather in the court room and when the time had arrived the room was densely packed, including aisles and gallery, every inch of standing room being occupied. Many were unable to gain admission and had to turn away. Had the room been again as large it would not have more than accommodated the crowd who were anxious to hear the distinguished speakers.

In point of numbers and enthusiasm it was the greatest political gathering that has been held in Somerset for many years. The venerable Squire Slick, who acted as one of the vice presidents, and who voted for old Tippecanoe in '40, said that he had attended almost every political meeting that had been held in Somerset from the time of that famous campaign down to the present day, and that the meeting of Tuesday evening was the best meeting he ever attended in Somerset. No less than four of the officers of the meeting voted for "old Tip" in 1840, while among the audience were from thirty to forty veterans of that campaign, and they will all vote for young Tippecanoe and Morton, too, in 1888.

The Milford mounted Harrison and Morton club, numbering some sixty members, in handsome uniforms and with an excellent band of music at their head, came into town early in the evening. Before the meeting, they formed in line on Main street, opposite the Somerset House, and with the Lavansville band and a large delegation of Somerset Republicans as an escort, marched to the Court House. After the meeting was over they had a torch light procession through the principal streets of the town.

THE ORGANIZATION.

The meeting was called to order promptly at 7:30 o'clock by Charles C. Shafer, Chairman of the Republican County Committee, who nominated Col. E. D. Yutzy, of Ursina, to preside over its deliberations. After Col. Yutzy had taken his seat, the following list of officers was named:

Vice Presidents, Hon. Samuel Walker, of Allegheny township; Hon. O. P. Shaver, of Somerset township; ex-Sheriff Oliver Knepper, of Somerset Borough; Isaac Yoder, of Conemaugh township, Wm. Reel, Esq., of Shade township; Wm. Hanna, of Addison township; Z. L. Tannehill, of Lower Turkeyfoot; A. N. Tissue, of Confluence; David J. Berkey, of Paint township; Josiah Woy, of Somerset township; Capt. M. V. Sorber, of Stoystown; M. F. Allison, of Ogle township; Jesse Slick, Esq., of Quemahoning township; P. U. Miller, of Brothersvalley township; John Biesecker, of Jenner township; J. O. Poorbaugh, of Northampton township.

Secretaries: L. A. Smith, of Meyersdale; John C. Weller, of Milford township; A. F. Dickey, of Somerset township; Wm. H. Miller, Esq., of Quemahoning township, S. U. Shober, of Somerset township.

Committee on Resolutions, N. B Critchfield, of Jenner; L. C. Colborn, Esq., of Somerset; S. P. Poorbaugh, of Southampton; W. M. Schrock, of Stonycreek; E. P. King, of Middlecreek; John J. Darr, of Somerset township.

As soon as the organization had been completed, Chairman Shafer, in a brief but neat speech, introduced to the audience

CAPT. H. H. KUHN,

as the first speaker of the evening. Captain Kuhn is a native of Somerset county, and before the war and at its outbreak was a resident of the town of Somerset. He was one of the first Somerset boys to respond to President Lincoln's call for troops, and was a member of the famous Company "A." When the gallant Captain stepped forward he was greeted with a hearty round of applause. After a few introductory remarks he took up the tariff question and in the hour and more that he devoted to the subject his large audience gave him the closest attention, frequently manifesting their approval by bursts of applause. The Captain has made a careful study of the tariff question. His comparison of the Mills bill with the present tariff, and his clean-cut, forcible way of putting his arguments, demonstrated that he was fully capable of handling the subject, and in a most interesting and intelligent manner. His address was full of good, solid matter, and he gave his hearers many things to take home with them to think and ponder over.

At the close of Captain Kuhn's remarks the Lavansville band rendered one of its most popular airs, at the conclusion of which Hon. James L. Pugh introduced a man whose name is a household word in Somerset county homes, and who would need no introduction to any Pennsylvania audience, or to a meeting of Republican voters anywhere,

HON. JOHN CESSNA,

of Bedford. When the old stalwart warrior and veteran campaigner came forward, the cheering and applause was so great that it was some minutes before his voice could be heard. It has been some years since a Somerset county audience has had an opportunity of hearing their "Uncle John" make a political speech, and that they fully appreciated his kindness in coming at this time to address them, was clearly evinced by the enthusiastic reception accorded him. He said that he had no prepared speech; that he would not attempt to make a connected argument, but that he would endeavor to intelligently discuss some of the great issues of the present contest in the twenty or thirty minutes that he would speak. He spoke slowly and deliberately for a few moments, when all the old-time ardor and energy of the great debater seemed to return, and he went at his subject with that fire and vigor so characteristic of him, and that so delighted his audiences in the famous meetings which he addressed here in the great political contests shortly after the close of the war. He handled "our friends, the enemy" without gloves, and that the audience was earnestly in sympathy with the speaker, was shown by the frequency and heartiness of the applause as he put in his sledge-hammer blows. Mr. Cessna spoke for one hour, and when he closed the vast audience arose to a man and gave him three hearty cheers. It was one of the greatest political speeches ever delivered in Somerset. Although it was after 10 o'clock when Mr. Cessna finished speaking the audience was not satisfied, but like poor Oliver, cried for more. They had come together to have an old-time Republican rally, and they were determined to have it.

Chairman Shafer called upon Hon. A. J. Colborn who responded in a thirty minute's speech, which was roundly applauded.

The crowd then called "Kooser! Kooser!" Mr. Kooser had withdrawn to the committee room, and owing to the lateness of the hour he at first declined to speak, but the loud and persistent calling of his name finally brought him to the platform, where he made a twenty-minute speech, in which he paid his respects to the speakers of Monday night's meeting, and made some telling hits at their expense, pointing out many of their inaccuracies of statement, and fallacies of argument.

The committee on resolutions, through their Chairman, Mr. Critchfield, then reported the following resolutions, which were adopted, after which the meeting adjourned with three hearty cheers for Harrison, Morton and the entire Republican ticket.

RESOLUTIONS.

1. *Resolved*, That we most heartily endorse the entire platform adopted by the late Republican Convention at Chicago.

2. We believe in the earnest advocacy of such a system of protection to American industries as will secure to every American laborer a fair day's wages for an honest day's work, and we deprecate a return to any policy, by whatever name it may be known, that will render the laboring man unable to provide a comfortable home for his family, or to give to his children such an education as will qualify them for useful citizenship.

3. Knowing that the wealth and prosperity of our country, as well as the comfort and happiness of her citizens, is largely dependent upon the protection given to our industries, we heartily condemn the efforts of the present Administration and the Democratic party generally, for their attempt to force upon the country the so-called "Mills bill," the tendency of which is to impair the system under which we have attained our present National prosperity, and by which the home of the American laborer has been filled with all the comforts of life.

4. We heartily endorse the nomination of Gen. Benjamin Harrison of Indiana, and Hon. Levi P. Morton, of New York for President and Vice President of the United States, believing that with such a National ticket the success of the Republican party is assured, whereby the best interests of our Governments in all departments will be subserved.

5. We believe that the only solution of the question relating to the prohibition of the liquor traffic now agitating the minds of many of the people of our Commonwealth consistent with the spirit of Republican Government is found in its submission to a vote of the people, and we therefore endorse and commend the course of our Representatives, Hon. Noah S. Miller and Hon. J. L. Pugh, as well as our member of the Senate, Hon. Ed. Scull, in favoring the submission to the people of the Constitutional amendment.

6. We heartily endorse the course of our representative in Congress, Hon. Ed. Scull, and recognize in him a faithful, upright and efficient member, always zealous in serving the interests of his constituents, remaining at his post of duty at a time when his absence from his district might jeopardize his re-election, and we pledge ourselves to return him to the place he has so satisfactorily filled by a largely increased majority.

Resolved, That we pledge ourselves to labor for an increased majority for the entire Republican ticket, National, State and County.

Resolved, That we tender our heartfelt thanks to Hon. John Cessna, of Bedford, Pa., and Capt. H. H. Kuhn, of Johnstown, Pa., for their presence and able addresses, and also to our fellow-citizens, Hon. A. J. Colborn and F. J. Kooser, Esq., for the timely words of instruction and encouragement given at this meeting.

N. B. CRITCHFIELD, L. C. COLBORN,
JOHN J. DARR, W. M. SCHROCK,
S. P. POORBAUGH. S. U. KING.

General Jacob M. Campbell.

After an illness of several months General Campbell died at his residence on Walnut street, at 6:30 o'clock, Thursday morning, September 27, 1888, aged about sixty-seven years. In his death, Johnstown loses one of its foremost citizens. Being of an energetic, pushing disposition and endowed with abilities far beyond the common, he had, through his own exertions, won for himself a place in the front rank among the public men of the day.

Jacob Miller Campbell was born in Somerset county, Pennsylvania, November 29, 1821. His father came to this country from Scotland about the year 1817 and located in Somerset county, marrying Mary Weyand, who was a native of the county. When Jacob was five years old, his parents removed to Allegheny City, where he attended the public schools of that day until his fourteenth year. At this early age, he entered the office of the Somerset *Whig* where he remained until he had acquired as much knowledge of the printing business as could be gained in a country office. In 1840 he returned to Pittsburgh and worked "at the case" in some of the printing offices of that city, going from there to New Orleans and working at his trade in that city until the spring of 1841, when he engaged in steamboating on the Mississippi river. He continued at this work until the fall of 1847 when he returned to Pennsylvania, locating at Brady's Bend, and engaged in the iron business. In 1852 he went to California, but returned in less than a year. He moved to Johnstown in 1853 and since then has been one of the most prominent citizens of our town. Upon his arrival in Johnstown, he engaged himself with the Cambria Iron Company, with which organization he remained until the breaking out of the war of the rebellion.

He responded to President Lincoln's first call for troops, enlisting as Lieutenant in the first company from Cambria county to arrive in Harrisburg. His company was assigned to the third Regiment and Lieutenant Campbell was appointed Regimental Quartermaster. At the expiration of the three months' term of this Regiment he was commissioned Colonel by Governor Curtin and immediately recruited the Fifty-fourth Regiment. He remained with his Regiment through its several campaigns until March 6, 1865, when he was assigned to the command of the Fourth Brigade, First Division, Eighth Army Corps. In April, 1864, Colonel Campbell, at his own request, was relieved from the command of the Brigade and returned to his old Regiment. In June of that year he was brevetted a Brigadier-General for gallant conduct and superior skill on the field of battle. He continued to serve in the army until mustered out at the close of the war, and was universally respected and admired by the men who served under him.

In August, 1865, General Campbell was nominated by the Republicans for the office of Surveyor-General (since called Secretary of Internal Affairs), and was duly elected to that responsible State office. At the expiration of his first term he was re-elected, serving, in all, six years with great satisfaction to the people and credit to himself. He declined a third term and devoted his time to mechanical pursuits until he was elected to Congress, in 1876, by the Republicans of Blair, Bedford, Somerset and Cambria counties. He was a candidate for re-election in 1878, but was defeated. In 1880, 1882 and 1884 he was again the Republican candidate for Congress and was successful in securing an election each time.

Since retiring from this Congressional career General Campbell has been living quietly at home, looking after his private interests and taking a well earned rest after his long public life. He was always a healthy, vigorous man, and never complained of being in poor health until several months ago, when he had a stroke of paralysis, since which time he has been gradually sinking. He was prominent as a citizen, soldier and statesman, and will be mourned by a large circle of friends.

General Campbell was married in 1847, and leaves a wife and ten children to mourn the loss of a kind and indulgent husband and father.

Of his children, Mary is the wife of John T. Kinney, of Braddock; Curtis G. is the well-known druggist of this city; Lewis D. is a leading lawyer, of Tacoma, Washington Territory; James is in Pittsburgh; Frank is in Blairsville; Miss Eva is at home; W. B. is in New York City; Ralph is at home; John and Bruce are attending school at Saltsburg.

General Campbell was prominently identified with the business interests of our city, being a director in the First National Bank, in the Savings Bank, in the Gas and Water Companies, and was connected with other business organizations. He was a prominent member of Post 59, G. A. R., of Alma Lodge of Odd Fellows, and Johnstown Lodge, No. 538, of Masons.—*Johnstown Daily Democrat.*

The funeral of the late Gen. Jacob M. Campbell took place Monday afternoon, interment being made in Grand View. Services at the house were conducted by Rev. D. M. Miller. The pall-bearers were Messrs. James McMillen, Alex. Kennedy, Issac E. Chandler John Dibert, John P. Linton, W. Horace Rose, Howard J. Roberts, and George T. Swank.

The procession was very lengthy. Emory Fisher Post furnished a guard of honor. The Masons, Odd Fellows, and members of Gen. Campbell's old regiment turned out in force, including a number of gentlemen from abroad who came to pay their last respects to their old friend. At the grave the solemn ceremony of the Masonic Order was performed, and a volley was fired by a squad of the G. A. R. Post.

Thus simply was the soldier, statesman, and citizen laid to rest, and the hundreds who had followed the remains to the beautiful cemetery on the hill turned from the scene with saddened hearts.

Ministers Stationed.

At the Allegheny conference of the United Brethren church, which was in session at Greensburg, last week, the following appointments for this county were made: Somerset, G. C. Cooke; Rockwood, J. L. Leightlighter; Jenner X Roads, ——Tollheim.

To Farmers.

I have quite a large stock of salt fish, and will sell them at half value or country trade.

E. B. COFFROTH.

THE UNTERRIFIED MEET.

HON. JOHN FOW SLOWS HIS FOG-HORN AND EDITOR MEYERS TALKS FREE TRADE.

A LARGE MEETING, BUT VERY TAME SPEECHES.

The campaign on the part of the Democracy of Somerset County was opened by a mass meeting in the Court House Monday evening of last week. For weeks past the Chairman of the Democratic Committee had been advertising "two able and eloquent speakers will be present and discuss the burning issues of the campaign." Many of the Republicans of the town, together with their friends from the country who were in attendance at court, concluded that they would like to hear the "burning issues" discussed from a Democratic standpoint, so attended the meeting. When Chairman Uhl arose to call the assemblage to order he found the house comfortably filled—an unusual thing at a Democratic meeting in Somerset—fully one-half the audience being Republicans. Mr. Uhl named Peter S. Hay, of Salisbury, as president of the meeting, with the usual complement of vice presidents and secretaries. As soon as the organization was fully completed, Gen. A. H. Coffroth stepped forward and announced that a large delegation was expected from the south of the county on a special train, and that while he regretted having to open the meeting before this large and anxiously looked-for delegation arrived, he had no doubt that they would put in an appearance before the close of the meeting. He then "took great pleasure in introducing to the audience that distinguished lawyer, able speaker, and eloquent orator, Hon. John H. Fow, of Philadelphia."

When the Hon. John came forward a great many of his auditors exchanged smiles and knowing winks with each other, as they recognized in the able speaker "old fog-horn Fow," who has been knocking around the State in every political campaign that has taken place for years past.

The Philadelphia statesman had only blown his fog-horn for a few minutes when he was interrupted by a great noise in the street, and by some one rushing into the court-room, exclaiming, "make room for the delegation from the south." Speaking for the time-being was suspended, and benches and chairs were hastily carried in to seat the delegation so anxiously expected, and whose absence Gen. Coffroth had so greatly regretted. From the loud cheers for Harrison and Morton that were heard from the outside, many of the audience were considerably in doubt as to the political complexion of the approaching delegation, but finally, when the Meyersdale band came marching in, softly playing, "Safe in the Arms of Jesus," followed by about two dozen smooth-faced young boys in handsome uniforms, and bearing torches, all doubt as to its being a Democratic delegation were set at rest.

After the new-comers had been seated, the Hon. John once more blew his horn. After attempting to demonstrate that the Republican victories in the recent elections held in Oregon, Vermont, and Maine, were really Republican reverses, he turned in and heaped abuse on the Republican presidential candidate, and the leaders of the G. O. P. generally. At the mention of Blaine's name, whom he denominated the "Uncrowned Republican King," the audience, as we said before, being largely composed of Republicans, sent up a cheer that fairly shook the building. The spontaneous outburst at the mention of Blaine's name somewhat confused the speaker for, gathering himself together he launched off into a discussion of the Mills bill, and the tariff question in general. He floundered around for quite awhile, trying to prove that the Mills bill was not a direct blow at American manufactures and American industries, but was altogether in the interest of the American laborer. He said that the patent on Bessemer steel rails is owned by a small syndicate of mill owners, and made so many other glaring and inaccurate statements in regard to the tariff on wool, quinine, etc., that he got to be quite amusing. His closing remarks were devoted to showing that the Democratic party had crushed the rebellion. "Show me your crusher," said the Hon. John, "and I will show you a Democrat." He spoke of Reynolds, Meade, Hancock; and other Democratic generals who had participated in the battle of Gettysburg and argued that they were entitled to the credit of "crushing the rebellion." He neglected to inform his hearers that every soldier who fought in opposition to Reynolds and Meade and Hancock at Gettysburg was a Democrat, and that every man who followed Lee in his retreat from that bloody field, across the Potomac and on into the South, was and still is a Democrat, and that they are the men who in the present contest the Democratic free trade party are depending upon for a solid South.

In the hour or more in which the Hon. John spoke, he fully demonstrated that Gen. Coffroth was mistaken when he introduced him as an "able speaker," even if, in the language of one of our lamented fellow-townsmen, "he has a very good pair of lungs in his head."

After the band had played one of its choicest and sweetest selections Gen. Coffroth again arose and introduced another "able speaker, etc.," in the person of Hon. B. F. Meyers, formerly of Somerset, but now of Harrisburg. Mr. Meyers spoke for about an hour and a half, mainly on the tariff question. The Hon. B. F. is a fine-looking, scholarly gentleman, who during the war edited a Democratic paper in Bedford, extracts from the files of which make mighty interesting reading now, but he is not an "able speaker." Under other circumstances, if his audience had not been previously afflicted with such a tremendous dose from the "fog horn," they might have listened to him more patiently, but as it was they at first grew restive, then commenced to quietly pass out, while many of those who remained dropped asleep. Mr. Meyers said that he had almost made up his mind to never again make a political speech in Somerset county; that he had about concluded that Somerset people, like Ephraim of old, were joined to their idols, and that he had concluded to give them over to perversity of spirit and hardness of heart, but had finally been persuaded to make one more attempt. His hearers would probably have been as well satisfied if he had stuck to his original intention.

At the close of Mr. Meyers' tiresome remarks, General Coffroth once more arose and introduced another "able speaker, etc.," Thomas H. Greevy, Esq., the Democratic nominee in this district for Congress. Mr. Greevy stated that he did not expect to be elected, but wanted to run his full party vote.

By this time the audience had mostly left the court-room, or gone to sleep, and the quiet that prevailed when Mr. Greevy sat down was only broken by the snores of several dozen of the "unterrified" who were stretched on the benches in the rear of the room.

The speakers and leaders shook hands with one another, while the janitors of the building passed around the room and stirred up the sleeping "mossbucks" with their long poles, telling them that the opening meeting of the Democratic campaign was over, and that lodgings could be secured at the hotels and boarding houses.

An Important Element

Of the success of Hood's Sarsaparilla is the fact that every purchaser receives a fair equivalent for his money. The familiar headline "100 Doses One Dollar," stolen by imitators, is original with and true only of Hood's Sarsaparilla. This can easily be proven by any one who desires to test the matter. For real economy, buy only Hood's Sarsaparilla. Sold by all druggists.

Corner Stone Laying.

The corner stone of the Lutheran church, of Lavansville, Pa., will be laid on Sunday, Sept. 30th, 1888, at 10 o'clock A. M.

E. MASSER.

Bargains.

Soaps at manufacturers prices, it is bound to move.

E. B. COFFROTH.
Bears Block.

CUMMINS AND KEMP

TRIED BY A JURY OF THEIR COUNTRYMEN

ON A CHARGE OF ARSON,

IN SETTING FIRE TO THE GLADE HOUSE ON THE NIGHT OF MAY 7, 1888.

Cummins Convicted, and Kemp Goes Free.

BOTH NOW UNDERGOING TRIAL ON A CHARGE OF FIRING THE ODD FELLOWS AND COFFROTH AND SCULL BLOCKS ON THE NIGHT OF MAY 17.

Long before the smoke had left the dying embers that lay smouldering neath the ruins of the Glade House, in the early morning of May 8th last, the idea that the conflagration was of incendiary origin had gone abroad, and gained general credence. Ten days afterward the buildings occupied by the law offices of Colborn & Colborn, the Odd Fellows Lodge, J. B. Snyder's general store, Coffroth & Ruppel's law office, J. O. Kimmel's and Squire Lint's offices and Chas. Fisher's Book Store were burned to the ground, and the awful work was generally attributed to the hands of incendiaries. In the course of ten days it was known to a few residents of Somerset and to those who suffered by the fire, that detectives had been put to work on the case, and were endeavoring to ferrit out the perpetrators of these dreadful mid-night crimes.

Almost the entire community was startled when, on the morning of July 2nd, it was known that Edward Cummins and I. Newton Kemp had been arrested and placed in the county jail, charged with arson. On the 7th day of July a *habeas corpus* hearing was held before Judge Baer when such evidence was produced to satisfy his Honor that the prisoners should be remanded to jail to await trial, in default of $5,000,00 bail.

After the *habeas corpus* hearing the matter of the fire soon faded from public view only to be revived at the opening of September court, when an indictment was submitted to the Grand Jury, who after examining the many witnesses in the case approved the bill of indictment and presented it to the court.

The case was called for trial Tuesday morning, when every available seat in the court room was occupied, and the aisles and space railed off for the use of the bar and court officers was densely crowded with interested spectators. At the table of the commonwealth sat the prosecutor, ex-Sheriff John Winters, District Attorney Biesecker, Coffroth and Ruppel and A. C. Holbert, Esq. At the table opposite were the prisoners Cummins and Kemp with their counsle, John R. Scott, W. H. Koontz and H. H. Kuhn, Esq's. The tedious work of empanelling a jury was entered upon and each juror was examined with such great care that only two jurors were in the box when the usual noon recess was taken. The entire afternoon session of court was taken up in examing jurors and the box was only filled when the hour for the adjournment of the day's session arrived. The jury was composed of men not only prominent in their different districts, but prominent in the county, and was regarded by all as what lawyers term "a good jury." Wm. H. Ruppel, Esq., opened the case for the commonwealth, and told the jury what facts and evidence they meant to submit to them.

The prosecutor, John Winters, testified that he was the lessee of the Glade House at the time of the fire; early in the evening previous to the fire Kemp had come to him and asked for a bed; he showed him to a room on the third floor. Before retiring for the night Winters made an examination of the house, but discovered no indications of fire. Awoke about mid-night with the noise of fire, made an examination, found the dining-room all ablaze, started to give the alarm, was met at the front door by Cummins, who took up the cry of fire. Winters alarmed all the occupants of the house, having to break open the door of one, and help him to a place of safety; knocked at Kemp's door, but was unable to elicit a response.

Mrs. Winters corroborated her husbands statement, and said that Cummins appeared in her bed chamber before she was entirely dressed, and she ordered him out.

Different guests of the ill-fated house testified to Winters having apprised them of their danger; that Cummins was the first man they met on going down stairs and only one or two of them had seen Kemp come down stairs.

The location of the origin of the fire, in the rear of the dining-room was established by a number of witnesses.

One Brown and one Johnson, both ex-convicts, testified that Cummins when a fellow convict in the Western Penitentiary of Pa., had threatened to burn Winters out. Several other witnesses testified that Cummins had threatened to cause a conflagration in Somerset.

The detective Carpenter, testified that he met Cummins first at the residence of —— Ankeny, above Confluence, where Cummins was engaged at painting, he had been made acquainted with Cummins fondness for strong drink and he proceeded to pry him with whiskey, kept him more or less drunk, for a week or ten days; on one occasion, when Kemp passed by Cummins remarked, "Kemp is afraid I'll give him away." The detective told Cummins he was a "crook" by profession and robbed and fired innumerable buildings; said they "conversed on all subjects excepting honesty;" he brought Cummins to Somerset in a state of intoxication, and the next day took him to Johnstown where he was arrested for drunkenness. The detective furnished Cummins with whiskey and money, and had him released from the lockup on a Sunday morning and took him to a hill top in Kernville where Cummins confessed that three of them were engaged in the fire, that Kemp had piled the match, and that "Slim Jim" who would meet them at the station in Somerset was the third.

The close companionship of Cummins and Kemp was established by the testimony of a number of witnesses.

Many other details of minor importance were laid before the jury by the attorneys for the commonwealth.

J. R. Scott, opoed the case for the defense with a very full recital of the facts they would establish.

John F. Snyder was their first witness and testified that he was awake the night of the fire and saw the bright reflection in the sky; partially dressed he hurried up town and discovered the fire was in the Glade House, in the door of the hotel he saw a colored man; he passed down the Casebeer alley for water and saw the fire in the basement under the dining-room; when he returned to the street a number of persons were there.

Mrs. W. J. Higinbotham testified as to the arrangement of the kitchen and dining-room; pointed out the cooking stove as standing immediately below where the fire was first discovered, the unsafe condition of the flue and the dumb-waiter adjoining it and leading to the dining-room.

Chas. Parson, Jr., testified that he was hostler for Winters; slept in office of hotel; Cummins awoke him; saw Kemp come down stairs only partially dressed.

A number of witnesses testified that Winters had told them on night of fire that he was compelled