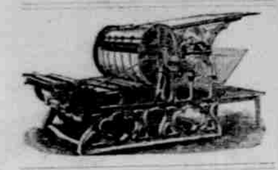
The Somerset Herald.

GEORGE R. SCULL, Editor.



WEDNESDAY ..... August 1, 1888.

Camp meetings next.

The oats is showing a yellow tint.

Buy your drugs at Biesecker & Snyder's.

Chestnut trees are blooming luxuriantly.

Don't allow the weeds to get ahead of you.

Home-grown roasting ears will soon be in market.

Go to Clark H. Benford for anything in the drug line.

Pure, sparkling, ice cold Soda Water a Biesecker & Snyder's.

S. J. McMillan, resident dentist. Office over Tredwell's store, South of Diamond, Somerset, Pa.

It is perfectly proper to carve out your own fortune, but you should not chisel other people in doing it.

Celluloid Trusses guaranteed for a period of three years not to break or rust, at Biesecker & Snyder's.

The finest and best brands of cigars to be found in Somerset, is at Clark Benford's. Call and try them.

McMillan's "Special Mixture," a first-class Tooth Powder for general use. Can be obtained at Dental Rooms, over Tredwell's Store.

Eye Glasses and Spectacles in all conceivable varieties and at all prices, of the celebrated "King" manufacturer, at Biesecker & Snyder's.

Clark H. Benford, successor to Geo. W. Benford & Son, has a clerk, G. W. Rhoades, who can wait on all customers who give him a call, with neatness and dispatch.

We have a big stock of Embroideries of all widths and in most beautiful designs. Selling them almost at your own price.

M. M. Tredwell & Co.

A very full line of Notions at exceedingly low prices will be found on our shelves and counters. The prices are suited to the lightest purse.

M. M. Tredwell & Co.

We have on hand a large number of good brick which we will sell in quantities to suit the purchaser. Prices very reasonable. Yard opposite the planing mill.

Holbrook Bros. & Parson.

The California State Normal had a total enrollment last year of 638—a gain of 25 per cent. in one year. A growing reputation for good work, did it. Fall term opens September 3d. Send for catalogue to Theo. B. Noss, Principal.

Meat Market.—We have just added a large Refrigerator to our Meat Market, in which all meats can be kept cool and clean. Mutton, beef, pork, &c., kept constantly on hand. Open daily. Parties buying meat can have it kept in the refrigerator until wanted.

Rose Davis & Co.

Hay fever sufferers ought to know of its efficacy. Ely's Cream Balm was recommended to me as a preventive to Hay Fever. I have been using it since the 9th of August, and have found it a specific for that much dreaded disease. For ten years I have been a great sufferer from August 9th till frost, and have tried many alleged remedies, but Ely's Cream Balm is the only preventive I have ever found.—F. B. Ainsworth, Publisher, Indianapolis, Indiana.

Myriads of toads have appeared on the east side of Beaver Falls. They are described as about the size of a grain of coffee, and as lively as crickets. Monday morning they covered the tracks of the Pittsburgh and Lake Erie Railroad several inches thick and a passenger train slid past the station before it could be brought to a standstill, owing to the rails being made slippery by the crushed bodies of the little reptiles. The track had to be cleaned and sanded before the train could start again.

Let the "blessed baby" have a Bonnet. We are selling Babies' and Little Misses' Bonnets at half price to close out the stock.

M. M. Tredwell & Co.

There is said to be some fear in peach-growing circles that the peach crop this year will be so large that there will not be enough people in the country to eat them. It is stated that the crop this year will be at least 10,000,000 baskets, which is double the crop of 1875, the biggest on record. One cause for the unprecedented crop of 1888 is that large numbers of young orchards are maturing, and will bear their first crop this season, and the other is that the present year is a remarkably good one for the development of the finer varieties of peaches. Another propitious circumstance that favors the successful disposition of the enormous crop is the proximity of the peach raising districts to the large markets of the east.

The Result of Merit.

When anything stands a test of fifty years among a discriminating people, it is pretty good evidence that there is merit somewhere. Few, if any, medicines have met with such continued success and popularity, as has marked the progress of Brandreth's Pills, which, after a trial of over fifty years, are conceded to be the safest and most effectual blood purifier, tonic and alterative ever introduced to the public.

That this is the result of merit, and that Brandreth's Pills perform all that is claimed for them, is conclusively proven by the fact that those who regard them with the greatest favor are those who have used them the longest.

Brandreth's Pills are sold in every drug and medicine store, either plain or sugar-coated.

Dr. E. Lansford, V. S., Connellsville

Will be at Somerset the first Monday and Tuesday of each month, at the Somerset House, and will treat all diseases of horses, cattle, etc. Teeth dressed or extracted. Castration of Horses and Ridglings. Spavins and Ringbones successfully treated by actual cautery. All examinations free of charge. Come and see me.

E. Lansford, V. S.

For Sale Cheap.

A bargain for some one in need of a piano or organ. A high-priced Steinway & Sons' piano, in use only a few years, will be sold very cheap. A Mason & Hamlin organ costing $280, and never used, will be sold for less than half cost. For particulars, call at the Herald office.

Wanted!

Hides, Furs, Bark. I will pay the highest cash prices for all kinds of hides, pelts and furs. I also want 500 cords of Rock Oak and Spruce bark. 100 cords wanted at once.

H. G. Cunningham.

Wanted!

Dealers and all to know we have a full line of rakes, both hand and self dump, which we offer at prices to suit the times. Agents wanted to sell the Walker Rakes. Address

W. F. Walker,
Somerset, Pa.

Wanted for Cash.

One thousand tons of Rags, Bones and Scrap Iron, old Gum boots and shoes for which the highest cash price will be paid by

Caplis & Moore,
Johnstown Pa.

For Rent.

Comfortable offices on the first and second floors of the addition to Printing House Row. For particulars, inquire at this office.

Found at Last.

That A. Benford & Son is the only firm in town that sells nine cakes of Grip Soap for 25 cents.

Excursions are the order of the day.

Mr. John H. Snyder, of Dayton, Ohio, arrived in town Saturday on his annual visit.

Increase of pension has been granted to William Dively, of Berlin, and to Jeremiah Bittner, Wittenberg.

The Misses Florence and Louise Gebhart, of Dayton, Ohio, are the guests of their uncle, George R. Parker.

Already the work of preparation for the opening of the State Fair has begun. The show will open rather early this year.

Mr. John P. Knable, of the firm of Knable & Shuster, Pittsburgh, is spending his summer vacation with his parents in Somerset.

A bloodthirsty dog killed and crippled twenty-nine sheep from the flock of Mr. Cyrus Stahl, who lives near Husband, one night last week.

There are three blind men in Lancaster County who put together binders, reapers, and other farm implements, make canoes, and repair organs.

Miss Maud, daughter of Jacob Snyder Esq. a former Somerseter, but for many years a resident of Springfield, Ohio, is a guest at the residence of Wm. H. Koontz, Esq.

"Give me two pounds of exasperated apples," said an old lady to one of our grocers the other day. He weighed out two pounds of evaporated apples, and she went away content.

In these days of hot weather and picnics, when the sun comes down lustily, the girls are having much trouble to keep their hands soft and white. Lemon juice and bran are said to be good remedies.

The time for having your name placed on the registry for the purpose of voting will close on the 5th of September. Taxes may be paid one month later. See to it that every Republican is registered.

Charles Hunsecker Esq., and wife of Norristown, arrived in Somerset, Monday evening from Bedford Springs, where they had been for the past three or four weeks. They are guests at the residence of H. L. Baer Esq.

The city fathers would do well to investigate the diabolical smell that nearly strangles the public on Union street, between Main Cross and East streets. The matter should be investigated, and the nuisance abated at once.

The Beaver College, under the direction of Dr. Taylor, is one of the best and most desirable schools for the education of young girls and young ladies, anywhere to be found. Its location and buildings are unsurpassed, and health record unequaled.

Andrew Jackson Colborn, Esq., the second, arrived in town Thursday evening to spend a three weeks' vacation at his old home. Jack has been practicing law at Scranton, Pa., for the past two years, and has all the appearance of a successful young barrister.

In a single town out in Minnesota there have been gathered in within a fortnight 900 bushels of grasshoppers. As, under the new bounty law of that State, $1 a bushel is paid out of the county treasury for dead grasshoppers, this harvest means $6,000 for the enterprising grasshopper hunters. This is considerably more profitable than raising wheat and corn at present prices.

It is perhaps not generally known, but nevertheless it is a fact, that the law forbids any pensioner bargaining, promising, or selling his quarterly pension before it becomes due; and on the other hand, all persons are forbidden to accept the same in any manner, as security or otherwise. The fine is fixed at $100 for any violation of the act, and is equal upon the soldier and dealer.

The West Ward Republicans claim the honor of raising the first Harrison and Morton pole in the county. A large crowd of ardent, and enthusiastic Republicans placed the pole in position, opposite Weimer's black smith shop, on Patriot street, Saturday evening. It is ninety feet out of the ground and is as straight as an arrow. A handsome flag floats from its top. There are no Republican floppers in the West Ward.

The internal revenue collections for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1888, were $124,520,474, as against $118,837,501 for the previous fiscal year. The cost of collection for the year was $3,993,000, exclusive of the the amount expended for the printing of internal stamps. The collections were made were made up as follows: On spirits, $69,306,166; on tobacco, $30,652,451; fermented liquors, $23,825,218; oleomargarine, $886,149; banks and bankers, $420; miscellaneous, $160,316.

The sand crusher at Kantner's Station, the property of the Cambria Iron Company, was burned to the ground at an early hour Sunday morning. The origin of the fire is not known, but it is supposed to have originated from a spark from the furnace, in which a banked fire was smouldering. The loss will not reach a great sum, as the building was constructed of the cheapest materials, and the machinery consisted of only a few heavy pieces. A new gondola freight car belonging to the B. & O. standing on the siding, within three feet of the mill, was consumed by the flames.

The Pittsburgh *Post* daily contains telegrams purporting to come from different sections of the country stating that this and that prominent Republican has flopped from Harrison to Cleveland. In Friday's issue there was a telegram from Somerset to the effect that ex-Burgess Weltley, a life-long Republican, had come out for Cleveland. The hoax perpetrated by the *Post's* correspondent was a very poor one as the next day it was compelled to publish a card from Mr. Weltley contradicting the report. The ex-Burgess is a staunch Republican and as a matter of course will vote for Harrison and Morton.

Mr. Benjamin F. Bender, of Shade Township, voted for Gen. Harrison for President in 1840. He remembers the large balls that were rolled from town to town and State to State in that year, but the strangest feature of that campaign was the log cabin at Somerset, made of pine logs, which sent out many sprouts after they had been cut and placed in position. So numerous were the fresh sprouts that the little log cabin was almost totally covered with green. Mr. Bender says he never saw pine trees sprout after cutting before or since, which he thinks was prophetic of another President Harrison, and he believes the prophecy will be fulfilled in November.

After holding a half dozen or more private meetings and one public one the Grand Army committee having the erection of the soldier's monument in charge have finally determined on the south-west corner of the Court House square as the most suitable location upon which to place the monument. There has been great diversity of opinion as to which site, the public square or the one finally determined on at Monday night's meeting, would prove most satisfactory; the minority of the committee making a most persistent fight for the public square. The decisive vote was cast by Hiram King who was the prime mover in securing the monument, and who has been untiring in his efforts to raise the necessary funds, and who as chairman of the monument committee has been unalterable in his choice of the Court House corner. The county commissioners passed a resolution at a meeting of the Board, held Monday evening, granting the committee permission to erect the monument on the site selected. The monument will be received from the factory in Vermont sometime during the present month and the unveiling exercises will take place on Monday, September 17th, being the anniversary of the battle of Antietam, in which fight the Somerset county boys took a prominent part. It is expected that the largest crowd ever assembled in Somerset, will be present on the day of dedication.

State Boundary Monuments.

Some malicious, disappointed, and misguided persons have seen proper to publish and circulate a report that the Board of County Commissioners had overreached their authority in seeing that the State boundary monuments were in proper position and condition. The following authority, report and approval of work done, by the Secretary of Internal Affairs, is self-explanatory:

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA
Department of Internal Affairs,
Harrisburg, May 24, 1887.

To the County Commissioners, Somerset Co.,

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to call your attentention to the provisions of an act approved the nineteenth day of May, A. D., 1887, entitled "An act to provide for the care and preservation of the monuments marking the boundry lines of this Commonwealth," as follows:

"Section 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same.* That the commissioners of the proper counties are charged with the care and preservation of the monuments which have been or may hereafter be placed by official action to mark the boundary lines of this Commonwealth, and the said commissioners are hereby required to enforce the statutes of this Commonwealth for the preservation of monuments and landmarks, so far as they relate to said boundary monuments, and to prosecute any person who may injure or disturb any of them.

Section 2. The said commissioners are hereby required annually, on or before the first day of June, to make an examination and inspection of the condition of said boundary monuments upon the State boundary adjoining their respective counties, if any, and to make a detailed report thereof and transmit the same to the Department of Internal Affairs.

Section 3. The Secretary of Internal Affairs upon the passage of this act, is authorized and directed to transmit a copy thereof to the commissioners of each county adjoining any of the boundary lines of this Commonwealth upon which monuments may be placed with such instructions as he may deem necessary. And he is hereby further authorized to take such action as may be necessary for the enforcement to this act in the case of the neglect of any of the county officers aforesaid to comply with the requirments of sections one and two of this act."

Prompt compliance with the requirments of the aforesaid act will be duly appreciated by

Yours very truly
Thos. J. Stewart,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

Somerset, Pa., June 24, 1888.

To Hon. Thos. J. Stewart, Secretary of Internal Affairs:

The undersigned Commissioners of Somerset County respectfully submit the following report:

That in pursuance of an act of Assembly approved 19th of May, 1887, we proceeded to run the boundary line between Pennsylvania and Maryland in Somerset county, and make an examination of the monuments on the line. To more effectually make the examination we procured the services of L. C. Colborn, Esq., a practical surveyor of sixteen years experience, and Messrs. E. O. Kooser and H. J. Picking as chainmen, both having had experience in the business, the former having completed a course in surveying at Washington and Jefferson College, and Mr. Picking having served upwards of a year with an engineer corps on the South Penn. The instrument used by Mr. Colborn was one of Lewis Michael's celebrated compasses.

We commenced on the 12th day of June, '88, on the State line on the boundary between Fayette and Somerset counties, on the east bank of the Youghiogheny river, at a large red oak which is said to be on land of Mr. John Swallop and run the line east with a magnetic bearing of two and one-half degrees variation being 3¾ east; the entire line was run on this bearing except at one point, where owing to some furginous substance it was run at a quarter variation. The work from the true magnetic bearing was completed within ten days.

The line as located by Messrs. Mason and Dixon was accurately located on the ground and so thoroughly was their work done that at the present day the line can be easily traced; and with but one exception did we find any disturbance on the line, which was caused by an inaccurate surveyor locating a tract of land on the line when he was some distance away from it.

In many instances the land through which the line passes is cleared and are finely cultivated farms whose land lines run to the state line. In many instances the fences are built exactly on the line, some of the land having been cultivated for eighty to one hundred years. In the wooded parts the survey of the line runs exactly with the land corners and lines, many trees being blazed and marked by old surveyors, several of which we blocked and counted the growths, some counting back to over eighty years.

The whole length of the line in Somerset county is 31 miles, 105 rods and four-tenths, which is as accurate a measurement as can be made without cutting out the entire line. In the examination of the line we found 40 mounds, 18 earth, 20 stone and 2 earth and stone, and one iron monument. The earth mounds are all with two exceptions placed in good condition, averaging from 10 to 20 feet in diameter, and being in cone shape. They are well constructed and beautiful in appearance. The stone mounds have all been placed in fairly good shape, and if left undisturbed will stand for ages. The mounds, as has been previously reported vary in distance from one another 2 to 3 miles. The greatest distance in which there are no mounds is on Savage mountain, and this can be accounted for from the fact that the mountain is very steep and the surface entirely covered with stone, and the least displacement or movement of any of the stone would cause them to roll down the mountain side, and the removing of but few stone from the top of the mounds would leave them in such condition that you could not discern them from the vast piles of stone laying there.

Yet in this great interval between the mounds, we found well defined land corners and marked trees, yet the mounds should be replaced at regular intervals at this point in order to settle any dispute that might arise. The iron monument erected at the National road we found down and lying in the gutter, but was replaced by us. This monument is marked "State Line" on one side, and "M D" on the other, and was erected at the time of the building of the National road in about 1816, and should be preserved.

At one point on Piny Mountain there is a large stone pile which some surveyor took for a mound and so marked it, but which by actual measurement is fifty feet from the line. In one instance we found on the line on the public road leading from the National road to Salisbury, a large, flat stone inclined at an angle of forty-five degrees with this inscription cut upon it:

St.	Line.
D M	Penn.

Upon inquiry of the oldest inhabitants of that part of the county, no one could give us any information as to when it was placed there; it is beyond the memory of the oldest citizen, and is supposed to have been placed there by some one of Mason and Dixon's party while resting or staying over night at that point, and thinking it may be of interest to some, we report it. In one place on Negro Mountain the line passes through an Indian burial ground, where many of the graves are in form; some have been opened by relic hunters and many Indian relics found, such as tomahawks, arrow points, pipes and earthenware. The finding of these led others to suppose that many of the mounds on the line were Indian graves and they were thrown apart in order to find relics.

Mr. Colborn, the surveyor, took copious notes of the survey, noting names of all land owners on both sides where it was possible to obtain them, also of all streams, roads, as well as all mounds and the distance between them, and should a draft of the line be desired he can and will furnish one to the Department. On the whole the line is well defined and all the mounds in good shape, yet from the fame the Mason and Dixon line has achieved and made so early as 1829, when the excentric "John Randolph, of Roanoke," made great use of this phrase, which was caught up and heralded by every newspaper in the land during the exciting debate in Congress on the question of excluding slavery from Missouri, which gained its celebrity.

Would also recommend the passage of a resolution by our Legislature for the appointment of a joint commission between Maryland and Pennsylvania to re-establish and mark the boundaries as it originally was.

The inclemency of the weather and the sitting of the court prevented our making this examination sooner.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

David E. Wagner,
George M. Neff,
C. W. Williamson,
Commissioners of Somerset County.

Harrisburg, July, 18th 1888.

Messrs. Wagner, Neff and Williamson, Commissioners of Somerset Co., Somerset Pa.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your Annual Report on the Monuments and Boundaries of your county; together with the very interesting account of the operations, all of which is very acceptable to the Department, and will be placed upon the Records, and be published in the next Annual Report. With thanks for the interest manifested and the suggestions, made, of which due notice will be taken.

I remain yours very truly,
Thos. J. Stewart,
Secretary Internal Affairs.

The Relic Comes to the Front.

In our last issue we made mention of the fact that no relic of the 1840 campaign of "Tippecanoe and Tyler, too," had yet turned up in Latrobe. Now we are abreast of our neighbors, as a memento of that memorable campaign has made its appearance. It is a medal about the size of an American dollar, and belongs to Dr. H. J. Miller. On the obverse side is a bust of the Presidential candidate, in a circle around the top of which is "Maj. Gen. W. H. Harrison," and below the bust is the legend," Born Feb. 9, 1776." The reverse side has in the centre the historical log cabin and barrel of hard cider. Above it appears in letters "The People's Choice," while below is "The Hero of Tippecanoe." This medal was plowed up near the town of Somerset about six years ago and was sold to Dr. Miller for five cents. He took it with him to the recent reunion at Gettysburg, and while there was offered five dollars for it, but refused to sell. It is in an excellent state of preservation, being only slightly defaced about the edges. How long it lay in the ground will never be known.—*Latrobe Adenaen.*

Random Shots.

Mr. Editor:—

The President's last message to Congress was "all wool and a yard wide," but it was a piece of shoddy, nevertheless; it had worn so thin that it had to be patched with another piece of shoddy (the Mills bill) last week.

The President's object was to gather *political* wool to line his own nest, but all the wool he has gathered will be found sticking in his teeth next November, and there will be more of it there than is healthy for a canine that has strayed on forbidden ground.

They say that "the mills of the gods grind slow, but they grind exceeding fine." The Mills of Texas, however, would grind the American laborer into the dust, without paying any attention to the safety valve, guage or governor.

Grover Cleveland promised to be the greatest reformer that has appeared since the time of Martin Luther. He is himself the most gigantic and glaring example of offensive partizanship, and he is using the patronage of the government for his re-election with an inconsistency and audacity that is truly sublime.

Martin Luther said he would go to Worms if every tile on the roofs was a devil. Cleveland has his head bent to go to the devil and carry his party with him, and the veterans of the Union will help to give him a send-off, though he does esteem them as no better than worms.

The Lady of the White House made sure of her laugh while she had the opportunity; the laugh will be the other way when "through the loop-holes of retreat" she has the privilege of witnessing the installation of her successor.

"We can never control the workingman until he eats up to-day what he earns to-morrow." This last is a boomerang which was thrown by the statesman of Erie about six years ago. It has come back to strike him on the tender part of his proboscis at a time that is least convenient.

There are some old chestnuts thrown out here, but they hit the bull's-eye, all the same.

Peregrine Peppergrass.

Will's Church Items.

The new wire fence around the cemetery is being painted, which adds greatly to its beauty.

Our band is thoroughly organized, and is doing some fine playing.

Miss Sadie Sipe, of Sipesville, was visiting friends in this neighborhood during part of last week.

The town was full of people on Sunday night of last week, who had gathered to watch the eclipse.

Mr. C. L. Saylor, who had been teaching school in Brooklyn, N. Y., the past winter, is now at his home, where he will spend his vacation.

A party of our young folks, known as the "Leap Year Socials," spent Sunday at the Break-neck Rocks. They returned home in the evening in time for singing, and all report a good time. C.

Harvest Home.

The Friedens annual Harvest Home picnic will be held August 25th in the beautiful Mowry grove. There will be a restaurant on the grounds. Everybody is cordially invited. Secretary.

Notice to Citizens of Somerset.

Numerous complaints having been made to me of destruction of property and annoyance to citizens caused by cows running at large at night. Notice is hereby given that Section 30½ of the Borough Ordinances will hereafter be rigidly enforced, and the night policemen is hereby instructed to enforce the same.

Section 30½ Borough Ordinances—No cow shall be permitted to run at large within the Borough between the hours of 8 P. M. & 5½ A. M. during the months of May, June, July August, September and October of each year. Any person so offending or doing shall pay a fine of not exceeding one dollar, and it is hereby made the duty of the High Constable to impound such animals found running at large, and make sale thereof according to the provisions of section 20.

A. C. Holbert, Burgess.
Somerset Pa., July 31, 1888.

Make a Note!

We have made several requests through the columns of the papers that persons having accounts on our books make payment. We have had a few prompt responses, but the larger number seem to think that these notices don't apply to themselves. We again request that everybody having accounts on our books will please to call and settle them. We are not wealthy enough yet to give our goods away or sell them on indefinite credit. Please make a note.

M. M. Tredwell & Co.

We are now selling our entire stock of Millinery at less than cost. The goods are all fresh and latest styles. Now is your chance.

M. M. Tredwell & Co.

Queensware and Glassware.

For this line of goods go to A. benford & on, as they have the best line in town.

Mt. Moriah Items.

Barley is good, but short in the straw.

The oats has been helped by the late rains, and looks well.

Rye is very fine, the objection being that there is so little of it.

The wheat is cut, and is one of the best crops we have had for years.

The hay is nearly all made, and is about one-third short of the regular crop.

Ed. D. Mostoller wears deep mourning over one of his eyes, the result of an accident which happened him while hauling boards for his new barn.

Corn and potatoes are growing finely, notwithstanding the thousands of bugs which infest the latter. The farmers are too busily engaged with their other work to fight them.

Cherries were generally scarce, but some few farmers had plenty, which were picked and carried to various parts of this and other counties, and some were shipped to the State of Iowa.

During the past few weeks the summer resorters from Johnstown, Pittsburgh and other places are plenty, but the accommodations are necessarily poor. Why do not some of our farmers erect a building for their especial accommodation? It would surely be a paying investment.

Valentine Muller died Tuesday, June 26, 1888, aged 87 years, 10 months and 26 days. Mr. Muller was born in Gearhardt's Brunn, in Reinish Bavaria, Germany, at that time belonging to the French Republic. He came to this country, arriving at Philadelphia in 1823; he traveled over the greater part of the summer of 1829, when he returned to his native land, which he again bade adieu the same fall. After a very rough and stormy voyage he arrived in Baltimore on January 31, 1827. He was married April 25, 1828, to Roseann, daughter of Adam Miller, of Quemahoning township, with whom he had twelve children, only four of whom survive him. He moved to the farm on which he died May 18, 1887. On June 17, 1812, while engaged in a military parade in the town of Bedford he was badly wounded by the premature discharge of a canon which he was in the act of loading. The doctors wanted to amputate his right arm above the elbow, as the hand and forearm were so badly lacerated, and a piece of wooden ram-rod was so tightly wedged between the bones of the arm that they claimed it would be impossible to remove it, or heal it without its removal. He replied that he was born with that arm and that he was going to die with what he now had remaining, and that if they had no instrument to remove the piece of ramrod from his arm his neighbor, Jacob G. Horner, could make one that would remove it, which he did. He lost the use of his hand, but recovered that of his arm. He was a well educated man, both in German and French, while the English he could use to such perfection in business and conversation that but few, not knowing, could have told his nationality. His neighbors placed great confidence in his business integrity, he having settled a large number of estates, to most of which he was appointed by will as executor. He was also assignee for many different persons who failed in business, and was agent for a large number of persons who had legacies to get from the various European countries, in which he was eminently successful. On account of his foreign birth, education and business knowledge of those countries, he was not only a well educated man himself, but took great interest in the education of the youth of the neighborhood. He was for many years a school director and was serving in that capacity when the free system was established. When attending to business for the public he was always moderate in his charges, and in the case of persons in poor circumstances they were often performed free of charge. He was one of the best of neighbors, an honest, square business man, and always a friend of the poor and unfortunate. He was a healthy, active man up until about seven years ago, when he suffered a stroke of paralysis, from which he never fully recovered. His eyesight was very good until two years ago when it suddenly became impaired, and coupled with his other infirmities of body his mind began to fail.

Occasional.

Mt. Moriah, July 30, 1888.

A Lover's Due.

The following "poem" which appeared in the Somerset *Wing* in July, 1837, was handed us the other day, with the request that we publish it:

The story which I mean to tell,
Is very strange indeed:
It had its origin from a belle,
Of great renown and deed.

There was a young and sprightly lad,
A native of this town;
Who wore an old blue coat, egad!
Like many 'mother clown.

Now this same lad, with hopes so fair,
Had in a love-trap fallen;
And he was always in despair,
Concerning a dear maiden.

The lady had been a school-mate,
Of this same stricken boy,
Where they would often, often prate,
About some social joy.

Now his heart was fix'd upon her,
As you shall shortly know;
For he had been a great discerner
Of mutual joy below.

The time had come, they had to part,
For better or for worse;
Because the "old folks" had decreed,
To rid her of a *curse*.

And then to me he did reveal,
His sad and dismal state;
And said he would forever dwell,
A *salaam* of the great.

He said he was the worst of men,
And I believe it, too;
For he had almost always been,
The *nonpareil* of the crew.

I told him he should mind it not,
For it would soon be over;
As there was plenty of us caught,
By many a heartless lover.

He watched her every day and night,
When on the street she'd be:
For 'twas his great and chief delight,
For her sate home to see.

But, ah! his destiny was seal'd,
Forever to be so;
For he had oft to me reveal'd,
Her conduct at the *show!*

He tried again, with might and main,
His darling to see home;
But, ah! alas! 'twas all in vain,
As he received his doom.

And having nothing else to tell,
I'll let it so remain;
For it would raise a cursed yell,
If I would tell his name.

Somerset, Pa., July 10, 1837.

McF.

Excursion to Hyndman.

The B. and O. Railroad will run an excursion train to the Evangelical camp-meeting at Hyndman, Pa., on Sunday, August 12, 1888. Following are train arrangements and round trip rates:

Leave	Time.	Rate.
Somerset	8:06 a. m.	$1 35
Rockwood	8:30 "	1 05
Garrett	8:47 "	85c
Berlin	8:00 "	1 10
Salisbury Junction	8:56 "	75c
Meyersdale	9:00 "	70c
Keystone	9:06 "	65c
Sand Patch	9:11 "	60c
Glencoe	9:33 "	30c
Southampton	9:35 "	25c
Fairhope	9:43 "	20c
Williams	9:50 "	15c

Returning, train will leve Hyndman at 6 p. m., arriving in Somerset at 8 p. m.

W. W. Picking, T. P. A.

It is now said that the weather of August and September will be extremely hot.

No total obstainer has ever become a drunkard. But every drunkard was at one time in his life a moderate drinker.

Oliver Spangler, known to his hundreds of Somerset county friends and acquaintances as "Shorty Spangler," who was an enterprising citizen of Somerset for a number of years and only left about two years since to become a resident of Johnstown, had a miraculous escape with his life and suffered the loss of his big boarding house at Moxham, one of Johnstowns many suburbs, by fire Saturday night. The fire broke out at 8 o'clock and so rapid was its work of destruction that only a few of the household effects could be carried to a place of safety. The Johnstown *Tribune* of Monday evening says:

There is no doubt as to the origin of the fire. Mr. Spangler was on the identical spot when it started—in fact was ablaze himself as soon as the house.

He had been keeping his extra money in the attic, and as Saturday was pay-day he received quite a little sum from his eighteen boarders, which sum he started up-stairs to add to his "bank account." In this he succeeded, but if he had thrown the money into the kitchen stove instead he would be several thousand dollars better off to-day.

To light himself up the stairway and into the great cavern at the top of the house he carried a lamp. The money was disposed of to his satisfaction and he was about to return to the living rooms when the lamp fell from his hands. An explosion followed instantly; the burning oil was scattered all about—over his person, over the floor, and over the hidden treasure—and to save his life he fled from the place. His left hand and face were badly burned, but notwithstanding the pain which he suffered he was flitting about till the last moment Saturday night, making the best possible disposition of his scattered effects. The money burned amounted to $275.

The boarders had put on their Sunday clothes and were in town for the evening, and little beyond what they wore escaped the flames. The Valley Pike Company was a heavy loser. Mr. Walker, the chief engineer, who had his office in the building lost all his instruments, valued at over a thousand dollars.

Mr. Spangler places his loss at $3,000, upon which he had $2,800 insurance—$2,800 on the house and $1,000 on the contents. The house was built by himself and his enterprising sons. Every stroke of work upon it was done by themselves. They are carpenters, masons, bricklayers, glaziers, what not. Working for themselves, the work was well done and the house much better finished than the average. More the pity therefore, that the "bank" was way up-stairs, and that the lamp exploded at such a critical juncture.

The burned building was situated on a corner of Village street and Park avenue. The building proper had a frontage of forty feet and sixty feet depth, and was two and a half stories high. It occupied an entire lot and was erected at a cost of $3,000. Mr. Spangler had appropriately named his home the "Moxham."

It had the capacity of accommodating sixty guests, containing thirty large and airy rooms, two parlors, and all accommodations required to make its guests comfortable. Although opened for the reception of guests but a few weeks ago, the "Moxham" had, as already stated eighteen regular boarders. Fifty fruit trees and about the same number of maple trees, lately put out, would soon have added their attractiveness to the place. Now, however, there is only ruin.

Mr. Spangler, it is understood will rebuild at once. His enterprise is not to be checked by a single misfortune. He has houses in Woodvale, in East Conemaugh, and on the South Side of Johnstown, and no one sees better than himself the opportunities for making money which the rapid growth and advancement of the city and its surroundings afford. Meriting sympathy in his present misfortune, he can be congratulated upon the success of his other investments.

A Rampageous Steer.

St. Louis, July 26.—A wild steer broke loose from a drove on the levee this afternoon and ran up Walnut street and then to Locust followed by several hundred people. A woman with a red parasol saved herself by dropping the parasol, which the animal duly attacked. At Olive street a little girl was knocked down and trampled on by the steer, but was driven off before any further injury was done. He was run into a vacant storeroom of the Jaccard Jewelry Company, where six policemen emptied their revolvers at him, firing 36 shots. A half-witted fellow called "Crazy Ward," then arrived with an ax and crushed in the animal's skull, and that settled him.

MARRIED.

GOOD—SHAVER.—At the home of the bride's mother, in Friedens, on Sunday, July 29, 1888, by Rev. J. J. Welch, Mr. John E Good and Miss Sidney Shaver, both of Somerset Township.

KOONTZ—STERNER.—At the residence of the officiating clergyman, in Confluence, on Sunday, July 22, 1888, by Rev. N. Hart, Mr. Frederick Koontz to Miss Cornelia Sterner, both of Confluence.

SOMERSET MARKET.

Corrected Weekly by COOK & BEERITS,
DEALERS IN
Choice Groceries, Flour & Feed

Apples, dried, ⅌ lb	5@6c
Apple Butter, ⅌ gal	40@50c
Beans, ⅌ bu	$2 00
Bran, ⅌ 100 lbs	$1 00
Butter, roll, ⅌ lb	12c
Buckwheat, ⅌ bu	50c
" meal	5c
Beeswax ⅌ lb	25c
Bacon, (Sugar-cured Hams) ⅌ lb	14c
" (Country hams) ⅌ lb	12½c
" (Shoulders) ⅌ lb	9c
" (sides) ⅌ lb	10c
Corn, (ear) ⅌ bu	70c
" (shelled) ⅌ bu	75c
" Meal ⅌ lb	2c
Chop, cort and oats, ⅌ 100 lbs	$1 50
" all rye, ⅌ 100 lbs	$1 60
Eggs ⅌ doz	15c
Flour, Roller Process, ⅌ bbl	$4 75
" Vienna, ⅌ bbl	$5 25@5 50
Flaxseed, ⅌ bu	70c
Lard, ⅌ lb	8@10c
Middlings, ⅌ 100 lbs	$1 25@$1 50
Oats, ⅌ bu	45@50c
Potatoes, ⅌ bu	40c
Peaches, dried, ⅌ lb	8@10c
Rye, ⅌ bu	60@70c
Salt, (No 1,) ⅌ bbl	$1 25
" (Ground Alum) ⅌ sack	$1 20
" (Ashton) full sack	$1 50
" " ½ "	$1 00
Sugar, yellow, ⅌ lb	7c
" white, ⅌ lb	8@10c
Tallow, ⅌ lb	5@7c
Warsaw Salt ⅌ bbl	$1 5
" ⅌ sack	90@1 2
Wheat, ⅌ bu	80@85

ORPHANS' COURT SALE

—OF—

Valuable Real Estate.

BY VIRTUE of an order of sale issued out of the Orphans' Court of Somerset Co., Pa., to the undersigned directed, they will expose to sale by public outcry on the premises in Jenner Township, on

Saturday, August 25th, 1888,

at 1 o'clock p. m., the following described real estate, situate, in said Township, late the property of Isaac Ankeny, dec'd, to wit,

No. 1. Adjoining lands of Josiah Walter, Elias Heiple, John Sachs, George J. Shaffer, John A. Walter and Jonas I. Ankeny containing about one hundred and sixty (160) acres more or less, 125 acres of which is cleared and under a good state of cultivation, and the balance well timbered, having thereon erected a one-story log

Dwelling House,

and a good bank barn and a good orchard of bearing apple trees. The entire farm is well watered, having thereon a number of never-failing springs. Located three miles west of Jenner X Roads, and 13 miles north of Somerset.

No. 2. Adjoining lands of John Walter, Abraham Biesecker, Henry C. Shaffer, George Nicodemus, Wm. Balderson and others, containing 129 acres more or less, of which one hundred acres are clear, under good state of cultivation, and the balance well timbered, having thereon erected a one and a half story

LOG HOUSE,

and a good Log Barn, and other necessary outbuildings. There is a good orchard of bearing apple trees, and the entire farm is well watered. Both farms are convenient to church and school. Located 2 miles west of Jennertown, and 11 miles north of Somerset. Possession given April 1, 1889.

—TERMS—

One-third of purchase money to be paid on delivery of deed, the balance, two-thirds to be paid in three equal, annual payments, without interest. Deferred payments to be secured on the land by judgment bond. Ten percent of the purchase money to be paid on day of sale.

JONAS I. ANKENY,
CYRUS ANKENY,
Trustees.

For further information address the Executors at Jenner X Roads, or their Attorney, F. W. Biesecker, Esq., at Somerset, Pa.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This Powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. Royal Baking Powder Company, 106 Wall Street, New York. 5-30-y.

NOTICE TO TRESPASSERS.

All persons are hereby notified not to trespass on the lands of the undersigned in Black and Milford Townships for the purpose of hunting, fishing, or berrying, or on Sunday for the purpose of swimming. Any person or persons so found trespassing after this date will be dealt with according to law.

Lewis Baker,
Peter Baker,
Hiram M. Wable,
C. L. Sanner & Bro.
Levi Friedline,
H. J. Weimer.

July 31, 1888.—3t.

Beaver - - College,

—AND—

Musical Institute

for young ladies, at BEAVER, PA., 26 miles below Pittsburgh, offers superior Literary, Musical, Art and Elocutionary advantages and a cultured home under the care of the President, 26th year opens Sept. 13th. Send for circular to Rev. R. T. Taylor