The Somerset Herald.

EDWARD SCULL, Editor and Proprietor

WEDNESDAY.....October 12, 1887.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

STATE.

FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT.
HENRY W. WILLIAMS, of Tioga county.

FOR STATE TREASURER.
WILLIAM H. HART, of Dauphin county.

COUNTY.

FOR SHERIFF.
RUSH S. McMILLEN, of Middlecreek Twp.

FOR PROTHONOTARY.
DANIEL J. HORNER, of Somerset Bor.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER.
JACOB D. SWANK, of Conemaugh Twp.

FOR TREASURER.
GEO. J. BLACK, of Meyersdale Bor.

FOR COMMISSIONERS.
DAVID E. WAGNER, of Shade Twp.
GEORGE M. NEFF, of Somerset Bor.

FOR POOR HOUSE DIRECTOR.
JACOB M. FIKE, of Somerset Twp.

FOR AUDITORS.
GABRIEL GOOD, of Somerset Twp.
SAMUEL U. SHOBER, of Somerset Twp.

FOR CORONER.
FRANK WOLF, of Meyersdale Bor.

A STRONG effort is still being made to induce Governor Beaver to call an extra session of the Legislature, but so far he has given no intimation of his intentions.

THE Prohibition amendment was defeated in Tennessee by an estimated majority of fifteen thousand. The newspapers attribute this result to the colored vote.

OUR whole county ticket will be elected without a doubt, but it ought to have a rousing majority. It is composed of working Republicans who are worthy of, and entitled to a solid vote. Let them have it.

ANOTHER pair of fools were married on a high stage, erected for the occasion, at the fair in Lancaster County last week. Public exhibitions of this kind are evidences of a morbid desire for notoriety, and are neither refining nor modest.

THE Supreme Court of Pennsylvania has affirmed the decision of the lower court in regard to the responsibility of Ex-Treasurer Silas M. Bailey for state money deposited in banks that afterward failed. By this Mr. Baily and his sureties lose about $100,000.

BECAUSE this is an off year, don't be caught napping. Republicans must not forget that a strong effort will be made by the combined opposition to carry the State, and that a full vote is necessary to counteract this. Get out the vote, and there will be no danger.

THE Democratic party managers are trying the still hunt campaign this year. They hope that the Republicans, confident in their large majority, may not organize for victory, but expect it to come without work. The Republicans are not fools, however. They know that the way to win is to work to win, and they mean to, and are doing it.

IT is affirmed as positively true that, the B. & O. Telegraph lines have been sold to the "Western Union Company" which gives that corporation a virtual monopoly of the telegraph busines of the entire country. Its capital stock will now amount to about one hundred millions of dollars, and as dividends have to be earned on this sum, an advance of prices may be looked for.

WE are glad to note that everywhere Mr. Cleveland stops on his jaunt, he is accorded courteous and respectful treatment. As the President of this great country, and the chief representative of a government founded upon the doctrine of the equal rights of all men, every citizen should accord to him the respect due his position, and this without exception has been unanimously conceded him.

WHAT will it profit a genuine Prohibitionist if the Saloon-Democratic combination wins Pennsylvania this fall? The program is to repeal high license and prevent a submission of the amendment, for the combination which can do the one can as readily do the other. Will any honest temperance man in the State promote this program? If he should promote it by casting his influence against the Republican party, and the advances already made are lost, no square man will envy his after-thoughts.

TUESDAY of last week was Grand Army day in Pittsburgh. There was about 7,500 veterans in line and the side walks of Fifth and Sixth Avenues were thronged with people even to suffocation. The parade was a grand success, and profuse decorations of public buildings, hotels, business houses and private dwellings were everywhere to be seen. In the evening camp-fires were held at the Coliseum building, Allegheny city; Fifth Avenue Market Hall, Pittsburgh, and Salisbury Hall, South Side. It was a grand day for the city.

MR. McPHERSON's letter, published elsewhere in this issue, punctures the pretext of Mr. Cleveland's services to the veterans of the Union army. The *Press* well says: "The thing to be considered is not that Cleveland has approved 668 pension bills in two years, while Grant only approved 485 in eight years, Hayes 303 in four years, and Arthur 739 in a little more than three years. These figures prove nothing as to the President's disposition, for he is not the author of bills; he is the approver or vetoer of them. Arthur did not veto one pension bill, nor did Hayes. Grant vetoed eight, giving for reason in three cases that the persons pensioned were proven to have been deserters; Cleveland has vetoed 124—about 10 per cent of all the pension bills presented to him."

"More pension bills have been passed during the last two years than during any other two, because with increasing years there comes increasing weakness and increasing need of aid to the old soldier or his widow. It is the generous temper of the country that is manifest in the number of pension bills presented by Congress to the President; it is executive indifference to the welfare of the soldier that is manifested by Presidential vetoes."

IN all the history of the Democratic party there is but one occasion when that party made an explicit, understandable, unconditional declaration in favor of the principle advocated by a majority of the leaders, if not believed in by a majority of their followers. That was in 1880, when they put poor Hancock on a platform in favor of "a tariff for revenue only." The overwhelming defeat that befell the victim of that political folly restrained the party when it met and nominated Cleveland in 1884, and the "tariff plank" adopted at that convention was so ingeniously constructed that no one has yet attempted to tell what it means. On this platform Cleveland was elected, but when he came to apply his tariff principles to legislation he was not as successful in concealing their real character as the convention had been, and he divided his party in the house, resulting in the defeat of all financial or revenue legislation during the first two years of his administration. Since that division in the House he has sought a middle ground, but what little of his intentions he has allowed to appear are so well salted with free trade that the prospects of agreement are not of that rosy character as to inspire much confidence in their final success. The coming House is not much more likely to agree than the last, and Mr. Cleveland will in all probability have a long session without harmonizing on the tariff.

IT will be remembered that in April last, the Associate Judges of Huntingdon county overruled the President Judge and refused to grant licenses to several hotel keepers in that county. An appeal was taken to the supreme Court, and that tribunal on Monday of last week, at the opening of the term in Pittsburgh, handed down an opinion sustaining the power of the Associate Judges to refuse granting licenses, notwithstanding the President Judge may be of a contrary opinion. There is nothing new in this as a matter of law. The question that was supposed to be raised, as to the right of the Court to arbitrarily refuse licenses where all legal requisites have been complied with on the part of the petitioners was not touched by the Court above. Here is the opinion of the court as we find it in the Huntingdon *Journal*:

"The records in the cases before us are without fault, and as the facts cannot be brought before us on appeal, we must affirm the certiorais and dismiss the appeals. We may observe, however, that if we are to regard the second opinion of the associates as containing a statement of the facts of the several cases, their power to refuse the licenses was undoubted and it was properly exercised. It is true their first opinion, as drawn for them by the President Judge, puts them in the awkward position of a clear violation of the prescriptions of the act of assembly, but this on consideration they had a right to correct and set forth the facts on which they acted. The judgments on the certiorais are affirmed, and the appeals dismissed at the cost of the appellants."

Groping For an Issue.

The Pennsylvania Democratic coon trap is set to catch the coon going and coming, and the Democratic editors are watching with glistening eyes to see just what the coon is going to do. The situation is about this: If Governor Beaver calls an extra session of the Legislature the Democratic editors will fall on him and rend the party he represents for indulging in the extravagance of an extra session. If Governor Beaver does not call an extra session the Democracy will jump on him with both feet and endeavor to pulverize the Republican party for not doing what they assert a great many people want done. But while the Democracy are kept in this delightful state of uncertainty—hanging by the eyelids, as it were—the Republican party is cheerfully getting in its work on the large and assorte collection of rascalities that the Democracy has been guilty of in past years, and laughing gaily at the funny predicament of the coon-trap watchers, who are hunting a dry hole for issue. When Governor Beaver decides to act for the best interests of the people, and he will not even consult the Democracy as to what he shall do; nor will he even get near the trap to be caught going or coming. It is hard on Chairman Dallas Sanders, as a newly-fledged leader of Democracy, but Mr. Sanders in groping about for an issue has blundered, and the result will be that the Republicans of Pennsylvania will nail his hide to the fence in November.—*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

An Outlaw's Desperate Fight.

CHICAGO, Oct. 8.—The *times'* Fort Smith (Ark.) special says: A desperate fight occurred yesterday, on the line of the Choctaw Nation, sixty-five miles south here, between Deputy U. S., Marshal Williams and a posse of three men and an outlaw named Bill Frazier. Frazier is wanted in the U. S. Court on various charges of horse-stealing and assault with intent to kill. The officers have had several rounds with him during the past summer, and yesterday brought him to bay in a farm-house. His surrender was demanded, when he threw open the door and fired on the party with a shot-gun, wounding Abe Barnhill severely in the left ankle. The officers returned the fire and sought cover when Frazier ran out with a six-shooter in each hand and broke for the bush firing on the officers as he ran. Barnhill received two pistol balls in the knee, one of them shattering the bone, despite which he kept up the fight with his companions until Frazier disappeared in a thicket, where, it is reported, he died soon after of wounds received. The Marshal's wounds are serious, and may result in the loss of a leg, if not his life. Deputy Williams and one of his posse remained at the place where the fight occurred, and up to a late hour last evening had not arrived here since. The death of the outlaw is not confirmed. Frazier killed a Deputy Constable at enterprise, in this county, several years ago, and is considered one of the most dangerous men in Indian Territory.

Nebraska Republican Convention.

LINCOLN, Neb., Oct. 8.—The Republican State Convention, after the nomination of Judge Samuel Maxwell as Judge of the Supreme Court, completed the ticket by the nomination of R. B. Davis and George Roberts as Regents of the State University.

The platform condemns a system of revenue that compels the farmers of the West to pay tribute to the manufactures of the East, favors pensioning Union soldiers, sympathizes with Ireland, commends the efforts of Parnell and Gladstone, pledges the party to submit a prohibitory amendment, condemns the President for his attempt to return the flags, favors the admission of Dakota, views with alarm the abuse of veto power by the President, and sustains the Board of Transportation in its effort to secure reasonable freights and passenger rates.

A Deserted Bridegroom.

READING, October 6.—Adam P. Leese's bride of ten days declared in court this morning that she did not wish to live with him, and she returned to her father's house. Mrs. Leese's father is F. K. Davis, a wealthy flour and feed dealer. Leese was his driver. He is a club-footed man about 28 years of age. Mrs. Leese said: "I am the wife of Adam Leese. We were married about a week ago. I returned home on Sunday. I do not want to live with my husband. I want to remain with my father.

"That will do," interrupted Judge Hagenman. "A woman cannot be compelled to live with her husband." The case was promptly dismissed, much to the surprise of the spectators. Leese is totally unable to account for his bride's action. The young couple were married in Camden, against Mr. Davis's wishes.

Married at a County Fair.

LITITZ, Oct. 5.—George Ryan, a Lancaster county milkman, was married at the Farmers' County Fair here this afternoon to Miss M. E. Stroman, a blushing young damsel of Lancaster county, aged 19 years. Rev. W. W. McMichael, a Methodist minister, performed the ceremony in the presence of 10,000 persons. The bridal couple were driven to the grand stand in G. E. Raley's open hanouche, drawn by four prancing black steeds. The wedding gifts included a buggy, a cooking range and two dozen other articles, including several sums of money amounting to $500. The couple were escorted by a band of music. After receiving the congratulations of their friends they retired to their stopping place in the village. They held a reception at the home of the groom's parents in Lancaster county to-night.

THE PRESIDENT'S TRIP.

His Formal Welcome to St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, October 3.—The immense room of the Merchants' Exchange was to-day jammed to its utmost capacity with people and the president had difficulty in getting from the reception room to the platform. On the first appearance of the president loud cheers went up from the entire multitude, and as he ascended the platform the enthusiasm was intense. Frank Calenne, president of the exchange, introduced Mayor Francis, who welcomed the president to the city and state, and after another explosion of cheers the president responded.

Three or four times during the delivery of the president's remarks, at every pause, in fact, some voice proposed "three cheers for Grover Cleveland" and the lungs of the multitude responded. The band greeted the close of his remarks with a national air and the presidential party filed out the entrance way, which had been kept open by the police. The streets were jammed with people and it was with difficulty that Mr. Cleveland was gotten into his carriage. From the Exchange the president and his companions were escorted in their carriages through the principal business streets of the city, the ride lasting about an hour. Everywhere along the route masses of people awaited and greeted the guests of the day.

The cortege reached Lindell hotel at 2 o'clock, where rooms had been secured for the president. An hour was given for lunch and rest, and at 3 o'clock, Mrs. Cleveland having rejoined her husband, the doors of the reception parlors were thrown open and the public were admitted to shake the hands of the president and his wife. The reception began promptly at 3 o'clock and continued until 6. When the doors were closed the crowd of disappointed ones in waiting numbered many thousands. Colonel Lamont estimates that 9,000 persons took the hand of the president this afternoon.

ST. LOUIS, October 4.—Fair weather, light northerly winds veering to easterly, cool stationary temperature—"Cleveland weather," in short. Processions with brass bands and glee clubs were still passing the president's windows at midnight last night, and processions and brass bands were moving aimlessly up and down before the hotel before breakfast this morning. The president and Mrs. Cleveland, despite the continuous round of star spangled hospitality which they have experienced are in excellent health and spirits.

Before 9 o'clock president Cleveland, escorted by a committeeman and a squad of mounted police, was driven to the court house, where he received the public for an hour and a half. Many thousands of persons paid their respects and much enthusiasm was manifested. The program to-day is quite elaborate, and by the time it is gone through with the members of the party will be doubtless ready for rest.

At 10:30 the carriages were in waiting to carry the presidential party to the foot of Chestnut street to take the steamer Baton Rouge. Here Mrs. Cleveland, escorted by a number of ladies and gentlemen, joined the president, and promptly at 11 a. m., the boat steamed up the river to a point where a good view of the river could be obtained, and afterward proceeded down stream, returning to the foot of Chestnut street, met the party at the wharf on the return and conveyed them to the fair ground, where an elegant lunch was partaken of at the Jockey club.

This evening the president and Mrs. Cleveland witnessed the grand street pageant of the Veiled Prophets and subsequently attended their ball. At 11 o'clock the presidential party withdrew and were escorted immediately to the depot and were soon on their way to Chicago.

Cleveland in Chicago.

CHICAGO, October 5.—Only half a dozen stops were made during the run of the president's train between here and St. Louis and those were at the water stations. The president, who arose early and stood on the back platform, was greeted everywhere by farmers and villagers. The train arrived ten minutes past 9, vast crowds of people awaiting it and greeting the president with cheers. At Twenty-second street a procession met the party and escorted them to the Auditorium where the president and reception committee took places on the stand. Mayor Roche made the welcoming address and the president responded in a pleasant vein. Mrs. Cleveland stopped at the Palmer house on account of fatigue and took a few hours of rest.

It was 1:25 when the crowd began to disperse. There was such a jam that the president could not leave the stand for some time. Finally he got away, almost faint with hunger and exertion and was driven to the Palmer house to eat dinner and prepare for the reception.

With one bursting, frantic cheer crashing through the great rotunda, fully one hundred thousand people rushed at President Cleveland and his wife at the public reception at the Palmer house this afternoon. In vain did the policemen, clubs in hand, attempt to stem the rush, and even the files of brawny men could not keep back the surging mass of humanity. At the head came a detachment of Union veterans bearing aloft the tattered, bullet-ridden battle flag of the Eleventh Kansas volunteers. A striking scene ensued. While the president warmly greeted the old soldiers one after another, the color-bearer stepped forward to Mrs. Cleveland and gently lowering the old flag bade her clip off one of its precious threads as a memento of the day. The wife of the president gracefully complied and while the spectators went wild with enthusiasm, displayed her trophy proudly to the ladies at her side. President Cleveland shook hands with redoubled vigor, and an actual count at this juncture showed his gait to be forty-seven hand-shakes per minute. This rate was kept up without intermission until the time fixed for the reception to end, and not a person in the line was missed. A low estimate of the number who marched past him is 6,000 persons, but they were the fortunate few. Thousands in the corridors and thousands in the streets failed even to catch a sight of his face. During the crush fully fifty women fainted and were born from the the throng into neighboring stores.

Simplicity and lack of ostentation were the distinguishing characteristics of the reception to the president and Mrs. Cleveland this evening at Columbia theatre where only those were admitted who had been invited beforehand by a committee of citizens charged with that duty.

Cleveland in Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, October 6.—At 1:30 P. M. the booming of cannon announced the arrival of the presidential train at the Northwestern depot, where a multitude had assembled. The scenes along the way from Chicago were of the usual character. At Evanston there was a brass band serenade and a triumphal arch of evergreens. At Racine, flags could be seen flying over the town a mile away. At smaller stations all the country people round about were in waiting and even the ploughmen in the fields had their horses bedecked with flags and ribbon.

When the procession, which had been formed and at the head of which the distinguished guests and the reception committee in carriages, had traversed its circuitous route, and arrived at the west front of the court house the honored guests and the committee left their carriages and took places on the tastefully decorated platform that had been there erected. The military and civic societies that participated in the parade then passed in review, after which Mayor Wallber arose and welcomed the president and his wife to the fair city of Milwaukee and introduced the nation's ruler to the assembled thousands. Cheers rent the air as the president pressed forward and bowed to his auditors and it was some time before quiet was restored and the president was able to deliver his response.

From the court house reviewing stand the procession resumed its march to Schultz park, where the hand-shaking feature of the program was arranged to be carried out. Behind the presidential carriage all way up to the park trudged a grizzled old Irishman, holding aloft a banner inscribed with the words: "President and Constitution." He had walked to Milwaukee all the way from Neenah, Wis., with his flag for this purpose. He gave his name as John Sexton.

The presidents reception lasted an hour. He was so tired of handshaking as he himself observed that most of the time he kept his hands behind him and simply bowed as the people passed. This afternoon Mrs. Cleveland dined at the residence of John L. Mitchell, resident manager of the Soldiers' Home. This evening she listened to the toasts at the merchants' banquet from the balcony of the dinning hall.

Three hundred and fifty guests sat down at the banquet tendered by the Merchants' association to president Cleveland, including leading republicans, democrats and mugwumps from all parts of the state. The president was received with great applause, and when he rose to respond to the welcoming address of president Andrews he was greeted with vociferous cheering. Mr. Cleveland's appearance on the balcony of the dining Hall was the occasion of cheering and clapping of hands.

MADISON, WIS., OCT. 7.—There was heavy rain last night, which rather damaged the forest of flags which waved over the city in the president's honor. The morning was damp and cloudy, but people swarmed in from the surrounding country till the city could hardly hold the invaders. The sun came out in time to welcome the president and dry the streets for his dainty wife.

When the cannon announced the approach of the train 10,000 people shouted and when at 1 P. M. the President and his wife stepped from the train, another shout went up. The first thing to catch the president's eye was an arch on which the Goddess of Liberty stood surrounded by 38 pretty girls, representing 38 beautiful States. A procession of military and civic societies accompanied the visitors to the east front of the Capitol where a platform had been erected on the portico for the ceremonial welcome. There is a park in front of the building, but nothing could be seen in it for people.

Chief Justice Erasmus Cole, of the State Supreme Court, delivered an address of welcome in which he expressed a wish that the president could travel all through the State and see all its industries and beauties. He told how Wisconsin had sent its quota of men to maintain the Union and after dilating on the respect due to the office of president and on its high duties he ended with praise for the president's speech at the Constitutional Centennial, from which he quoted a passage. The president replied.

At the conclusion of Mr. Cleveland's speech, the University battalion, 200 strong, surprised the audience with a college yell. In response to calls, Mrs. Cleveland arose from the chair she had been occupying at the right of the president's seat and smiled sweetly on the enthusiastic multitude, which showed its appreciation by a vociferous hurrah.

Then the party hastened to the capitol, where thousands were waiting to grasp the president's hand. The majority were disappointed, as the Executive hand was so badly swollen from the unusual exercise to which it has been subjected this week that Mr. Cleveland felt compelled to hold it close to his breast and shake his head at the passing throng.

Republican Unity in Fayette.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., Oct. 6.—James E. Sayers Esq., the Green county Republican nominee for Additional Law Judge, has written tendering the nomination for that office in the Fourteenth Judicial district to Judge Nathaniel Ewing, the Fayette nominee, without the formality of a conference. Each has been nominated by the Republican Convention of his own county and authorized to select his own conferees. Neither had yet announced his conferees, nor had any time or place for the meeting been agreed on, and ofcourse, none will now be necessary, as the result of the unselfish and praiseworthy course of Mr. Sayers.

The two candidates to profit by this withdrawal are Ewing and Buchanan. Ewing's friends are elated because this leaves him the only Republican candidate in the field, and Buchanan men claim they can now appeal to the voters of Greene county to stand solidly to him as her only candidate, whereas, Fayette has two candidates, with a large number of Democratic leaders committed to Buchanan as against Boyle. This latest move has a dampening effect on the Boyle men and they have little hopes that the conferees at their meeting next Tuesday will agree. They are now charging that Buchanan has broken faith with them and declaring that he never shall be Judge.

Ex-Governor Washburn Dead.

SPRINGFIELD, MASS., Oct. 5.—Ex-Governor William B. Washburn, of Greenfield, died suddenly this morning while attending the meeting of the American Board of Missions at the City Hall. He was sitting upon the plaform, and while Dr. Smith was reading the annual survey he fell forward into the lap of the gentleman next to him and expired in a few minutes. He had spoken to a friend but a moment before, and death came without any immediate warning. Though he continued to breathe for a few moments, he never spoke nor gave any signs of consciousness. Loving hands bore him to a little room at the right connected with the tower entrance, and Dr. Post was called, but it was evident that death had come. Medical Examiner Beck viewed the remains and said that all the circumstances pointed to heart disease, though it was impossible to pronounce definitely upon the cause. Governor Washburn, with his wife, came from Greenfield this morning reaching here at 9 o'clock. He went to the City Hall, while his wife went to the women's meeting at the First Church, and there received the news of her husband's death.

Gould's Boy Eddie.

NEW YORK, October 6.—Jay Gould's son Edward is about as likely a youngster as has lately appeared in financial scenes. By cuppering his father's bull points he turned half a million this summer and won the complete admiration of the great magnate. Now Gould proposes to do something handsome for the lad, who is only nineteen years old. He has presented him with some coal mines near the Indian Territory worth from $4,000,000 to $5,000,000. Besides that absolute gift he intends to prepare the young man for the management of the entire Gould Southwest railroad system, as the first step toward that end Edward will leave here shortly for a trip over the Gould roads in that quarter, in order that he may become familiarized with their topography, resources and possibilities.

Tragedy in a Court Room.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., October 5.—A thrilling tragedy was enacted in the Circuit Court room this morning. Sam Branch, a colored man, was on trial for larceny. As the jury filed into the court room he was noticed to tremble and turn deathly pale. "What is the verdict?" asked the Judge. "Guilty of grand larceny," replied the foreman. "What is the sentence?" "Five years in the penitiary."

As these words were uttered by the foreman, Branch exclaimed, "God knows I'm innocent," and pulling a large knife from his pocket and thrust it into his throat. The blood spurted over the jury box and Judge's desk, and the negro was dead in thirty minutes.

Beautified to Death.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Oct. 6.—Kate Riley, once young and pretty, now lies at death's door the victim of poison from the use of Snow Flake face powder. She began to-day to have spasms every half hour, and physicians entertain little hope of her recovery. Five years ago she was healthy and portly; now she is a mere skeleton, and the use of her fingers and arms is almost gone. A sister is similarly affected, though her condition is not so bad.

An Earthquake Shakes Up Greece.

ATHENS, Oct. 6.—Several fresh shocks of earthquake have been felt along the shores of the Gulf of Corinth and the inhabitants of the threatened region are deserting their homes and taking refuge in the interior.

TELEGRAPH MONOPOLY.

Transfer of the Baltimore & Ohio Franchise—$5,000,000, Is The Price.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—Jay Gould and Norvin Green said this evening the Western Union had bought the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph for $5,000,000 in Western Union stock. They had elected the present Baltimore and Ohio officers to continue in their places for the presents.

The bargain will finally be agreed upon at a meeting of the Western Union Executive Committee to-morrow morning at which Geo. J. Gould, Dr. Norvin Green, John Terry, Samuel Sloan and Gen. Eckert will be present. It had already been signed and at this meeting the action of the directors will be obtained to close it. All information as to the terms will be withheld.

NEW YORK, October 6.—It is officially announced that the sale of the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph to the Western Union Company has been completed. The contract was signed this morning. The wires of the former company are already virtually under Western Union control. The contract signed includes not only the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company's lines, but the wires and the exclusive right of way of the railroad company. This will give the Western Union as well the right to the wires on the West Shore Road. All the avenues to New York by the trunk lines are now owned by the Western Union, the only other wires entering the city being brought in by highway. When Dr. Norvin Green was found and questioned to-day he said:

"We have bought the Baltimore & Ohio Telegraph. We own all its lines and properties. We have paid for it; it is ours. The terms are our business. I don't propose to tell whether we paid for it in cash or stock. I say that's our business; but we've got it, and the new ownership takes effect to-day.

Mr. Jay Gould, however, stated pointedly that the price—$5,000,000—was to be paid in Western Union stock, sufficient of which would be issued to take up the indebtedness and capital stock of the Baltimore and Ohio Company.

BALTIMORE, October 6.—The dispatch from New York announcing the completion of the deal of the Western Union for the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph created no surprise here. It is understood that the terms are $5,000,000 of stock of the Western Union and a cash payment annually by the Western Union of $60,000. It is thought the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph will be conducted without change for the present. The Baltimore and Ohio Directors will meet on Wednesday next, when the matter will be acted upon.

NEW YORK, October 7.—The Executive Committee of the Western Union Telegraph Company met to day and ratified and confirmed the contract for the purchase of the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph. Russel Sage explains that the Western Union is to pay the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company $10,000 a year for 50 years for a lease of the telegraph property which the latter owns independent of the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company, the railroad company retaining the right to use the wires for railroad business and paying salaries and operating expenses.

President Norvin Green says that rates will not be advanced except at some few competitive points, but a fear of such an advance, nevertheless, prevails. The plan of Government purchase of the telegraphs has been revived and a resolution advocating it will probably be introduced at the next meeting of the Board of Trade.

Robert Garrett arrived to-day on the Ems, looking healthy but declined to talk of the deal.

Fixtures and Bond Forfeited.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., Oct. 6.—At a meeting of Councils this afternoon this resolution was adopted:—

WHEREAS, The Baltimore & Ohio Telegraph Company is announced as having consolidated with the Westrn Union Telegraph Company by sale or purchase, and the said Western Union Telegraph Company being a competing line within the State of Pennsylvania and other States; therefore, be it

Resolved, By the Select and Common Councils of the city of Philadelphia, that the City Solicitor in conjunction with the Chief of the Electrical Bureau and the Joint Electrical Committee of these Councils shall inquire into the matter, and on due proof of such consolidation, sale or merger shall immediately and forthwith order and direct the Department of Public Safety to take possession of the poles, wires and fixtures of said company now erected on certain streets within the limits of the city of Philadelphia, and that the City Solicitor be authorized to collect the amount of the bond given by said Baltimore & Ohio Telegraph Company in accordance with the provisions of the ordinance of these Councils approved the 21st day of March, 1883, and pay the sum so forfeited into the City Treasury.

The ordinance of Councils which gave the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company its privileges in this city contained in section 2 these provisions against its becoming part of any competing telegraph company, on which Councilman Fows' resolution is based:—"The said Baltimore & Ohio Telegraph Company shall give a good and sufficient bond in the sum of $50,000 to be approved by the City solicitor with the condition that it will not consolidate with any other telegraph company owning a competing line, or acquired by purchase or otherwise any such competing line of telegraph in the State of Pennsylvania or any other Stae, provided that in case of such consolidation, merger or sale of the privileges herein granted to said company the poles and wire and fixtures erected shall become the property of the city of Philadelphia and the said bond shall be forfeited."

Ovation to Boss Shepherd.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 5.—The demonstration to-night in honor of ex-Gov. Alex R. Shepherd, or "Boss" Shepherd, as he has been called, was a unique and remarkable affair. It is the first time in the history of the District, perhaps of the country, where the freedom of a city has been tendered to a private citizen. This was formally extended to Gov. Shepherd this afternoon by an official letter from the District Commissioners. The parade to-night was in some respects imposing and brilliant, and in others amusing and unique. The Governor stood on a reviewing stand erected at the junction of Pennsylvania avenue and fiftieth street, just at the south end of the Treasury Department, and with uncovered head reviewed the entire procession. The first portion was brilliant, consisting of wheelmen to the number of about 500, arranged in platoons—first bicycles, then tricycles, each carrying colored lanterns. Next came the District militia, but at night the military is at a discount, although they were out in good force. There were numerous bands and some played "Hail to the Chief" as they passed the reviewing stand, while others tooted "Home, Sweet Home." The fire department with their machines gaily decorated made a very creditable display, but the "Citizens' division" was, in the language of Stuart Robson, "a corker." There were white men and black men, big and little, each carrying a torch, which they brandished in every conceivable manner and as they passed the reviewing stand they gave vent to their enthusiasm in the most unearthly howls, that split the ears of the spectators and must have been heard by the dead at Arlington. These were the men who had worked as laborers on the improvements which the Governor undertook during his administration, and those who are at present employed upon the public works here. It was perhaps all well enough from a sentimental point of view to put them in line, but they were certainly a very unruly and noisy mob. However, they served to lengthen the line, which occupied over an hour in passing the reviewing stand. The pyrotechnic portion of the display was very abundant and brilliant. The Governor expressed himself as highly gratified, though if he had been consulted he would probably have selected a different class of citizens to carry the torches. To-morrow night Gov. and Mrs. Shepherd will hold a public reception at Willard's Hotel.

A Woman Shot by a Neighbor for Trespassing on His Property.

LONG ISLAND CITY, N. Y., Oct. 9.—Mrs. Charles Schauffert, of Breslau, while walking on a path across the garden of George Gaeblein, of the same place, yesterday afternoon was shot and instantly killed by Gaeblein, who was lying in wait for the purpose. He immediately buried the woman's body, having had the grave in readiness. The husband of Mrs. Schauffert came the same way later on and was also shot by Gaeblein, but received only slight wounds in the hands. Gaeblein was arrested by a Constable and is now at Giest's Hotel. After a search by the residents Mrs. Schauffert's body was discovered in the grave. The trouble which led to the shooting has been of long standing. It was caused by the Schauffertes using the path through Gaeblein's property.

The murderer was locked up. He subsequently made a confession, saying that he had deliberately killed Mrs. Schauffert and had intended to kill her husband. The murderer while under arrest swallowed a dose of poison, but not sufficient to cause death, as he recovered from its effects.

Robbed His Boarder.

GREENSBURG, PA., October 7.—Constable Stullenberger, of Mt. Pleasant, was in town to-day looking for Frank Wilson who stole $24 from a workman at the Standard mines. The victim was hunting board when he met Wilson. He said that he knew of several places, but that the board at all of them would be $20 a month and that if the stranger would come with him he would board him for $2 a week. His offer was accepted and Wilson showed him to his room, where he went to bed. While he was sleeping Wilson slipped in and went through his pockets and taking his money and several articles of value, locked his victim in and skipped out.

Foraker's Narrow Escape.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 9.—Governor Foraker and a party of friends had a narrow escape from instant death last night at Roseville, on the Muskingum Valley road. At that point a switch had been put in, and as the train moved on the frog gave way, throwing two cars from the track. The coupling between smoking-car and the coach fortunately gave way just as the front part of the car reached the edge of a high embankment. As it was the car stood on end, making it necessary for the entire party to climb out through the windows. The party felt that their escape was miraculous.

A Religious Monomaniac's Suicide.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Oct. 9.—Ira Kline, a young farmer residing near Shickshinny, who has been inflicted with religious monomania for some time, yesterday took his gun and started off into the woods, to hunt. His body was found a little later about a mile from his home, with the top of his head blown off. He had put the muzzle of the gun under his chin and touched the trigger whith his foot. Pinned to his coat was a note saying he had shot himself because he was without hope for the next world.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE
—OF—
Valuable Real Estate!

THE UNDERSIGNED Administrator of Lorenzo Herring, dec'd., late of Quemahoning Township, Somerset County, Pa., will offer at public sale on the premises in said Township, at 1 o'clock p. m., on

SATURDAY, NOV. 5, '87,

the following described Real Estate, viz:

No. 1. The homestead of said Lorenzo Herring, dec'd, containing one and one-fourth acres, more or less, and situate within about 30 rods from Mostoller Station, adjoining lands of Ernest Eshrich, Ed. Mostoller and tract No. 2. There is thereon erected a good frame two-story

DWELLING HOUSE

stable and other outbuildings.

No. 2. Containing 36 acres and 126 perches, strict measure, and situate along the B. & C. Railroad within 30 rods from Mostoller Station, adjoining lands of Henry Custer, George Fritz, Wm. Wilt, Ed. Mostoller and Tract No. 1. There is thereon erected three dwelling houses, stable and outbuildings.

TERMS.

Ten per cent. of purchase money to be paid when property is knocked down, and the balance on confirmation of sale and delivery of deed.

JOHN H. ZIMMERMAN,
oct12. Administrator.

PUBLIC SALE
—OF—
Valuable Real Estate.

BY VIRTUE of an order of sale issued out of the Orphans' Court of Somerset Co., Pa., to Peter Snyder, Trustee of the estate of Margaret Ann Rector and the minor children of John Rector, dec'd the said Trustee being the guardian of said minor children, together with the underwritten co-inquests of the said minor children, will expose to public sale on

SATURDAY, NOV. 5, 1887.

at 1 o'clock p. m. on the premises, the following described real estate, viz: A certain tract of land situate in Milford Twp., Somerset Co., Pa., adjoining lands of Peter Snyder, Dewalt Snyder and others, lately occupied by Filmer Reeder; containing 42 acres and allowance, about 34 acres of which are clear and in a good state of cultivation and balance in timber, having thereon erected a two story Dwelling House, a barn and other outbuildings.

TERMS: One-half of the purchase money in hand and one-half in one year, with interest to be secured by judgment notes.

PETER SNYDER,
Trustee and Guardian of minor children of John Rector, dec'd, David S. Rector and Catharine Bittner.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE
—OF—
Valuable Real Estate!

BY VIRTUE of an order issued out of the Orphans' Court of Somerset County, Pa., and to me directed, I will expose to sale by public outcry on

SATURDAY, NOV. 19, 1887,

at 1 o'clock p. m., on the premises, the following described real estate, late the property of — Turney dec'd, viz:

A certain tract of land situate in Addison Twp., Somerset Co., Pa., adjoining lands of Urias Ringler, Levi Sterner, Jeremiah Ringler, Isaiah Enos and others, containing one hundred and sixty-one and three-fourth acres and allowances, more or less, about 100 acres clear, 10 of which are in meadow, and the balance is well timbered, having thereon erected a two-story log

DWELLING HOUSE

a new bank barn 36x50 feet and other outbuildings, good water; young orchard; limestone within 300 yards of the dwelling; in good farming community; convenient to church and school.

TERMS:

One-third of purchase money after payment of debts and expenses of sale are deducted to remain a lien on the premises to secure the widow's dower, the interest thereof to be paid annually to the widow, and at her death the principal sum to the heirs and legal representatives of Andrew Turney, dec'd, one-half of the purchase money cash on confirmation of sale and delivery of deed and the balance in two equal annual payments from confirmation of sale, without interest, 10 per cent of the purchase money to be paid as soon as the property is knocked down, which will be credited as part payment on the first one-half; possession given April 1, 1888. Deferred payments to be secured on the premises by judgment bond.

JONAS TURNEY,
oct12. Administrator and Trustee.

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