The Somerset Herald.

EDWARD SCULL, Editor and Proprietor

WEDNESDAY.....May 25, 1887.

THE Director of the Mint reports that the product of the United States last year was gold $35,000,000 and silver $51,000,000.

You can effectually seal up the side door of bars and saloons on Sunday, but you can't keep the stopper in the private jug.

THEY have had good rains in many parts of the country, but the reports from all parts of our county are that "it is very dry."

Now that we have got the liquor traffic by the throat, let us have a white cross society, and throttle another evil that walketh in our midst.

AT the instance of the W. C. T. U. of Washington the President has requested that no liquor be sold on the National drill grounds during this week.

THIS professed fear of a water famine, is all stuff and nonsense. Some inexperienced people have queer ideas of what amount it requires to quench thirst.

THERE was much cry and little wool about the struggle for licenses last week. If the court knows itself, and it thinks it does, it is foremost in granting licenses.

SENATOR COOPER estimates that the High License law will yield $1,500,000 annually to the State Treasury while it will put $4,500,000 annually into the city and county treasuries.

IF free trade is such a delightful and beneficial thing for the working classes, why is it that so many thousands are daily fleeing from European countries where they enjoy its blessings, to America where they are sure to have their labor protected?

The Legislature failed to pass a Senatorial apportionment bill and we will therefore run along under the present state of affairs. Our district would have remained as it is in any event, as no one proposed to disturb our pleasant relations with Bedford and Fulton.

THE work of the Legislature is summarized as follows: It passed 349 bills, 106 of which originated in the Senate and 243 in the House. The Governor, had signed, up to date of adjournment 58 bills and vetoed 8, leaving 283 yet to be acted upon within the succeeding thirty days.

SECRETARY FAIRCHILD has issued a call for all the remaining three per cent. bonds that are outstanding. The amount yet unredeemed is $19,700,000 which he has made payable July 1st. There will then be no other bonds redeemable before 1891, and if the Government wants more she will have to go into the open market and buy them at their premiums.

THE N. Y. *Sun*, a headlight in the Democratic party, says: "We are ourselves heartily in favor of running Mr. Cleveland in certain contingencies. If there is to be a square free trade platform, he should be the candidate by all manner of means; and if the Democratic party is bound to be smashed in the election, he must be regarded as the only proper standard bearer.

IT is estimated by some of the experts at Harrisburg, that under the new revenue bill the one half of the tax on personal property to be returned to the counties will exceed $1,000,000, and in the estimate made for the separate counties the share to be returned to Somerset County is placed at $4,000. This we presume is based on the amount collected from monies at interest last year.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND has settled the protracted struggle for the Marshalship of the Eastern district of this State by the appointment of Hon. Andrew H. Dill, of Union county. Mr. Dill made for himself a most creditable record as a member of the House, and afterwards of the State Senate. In 1878 he was the candidate of his party for Governor. His appointment as Marshal is a creditable one, and in every way unexceptionable,

RUMOR has had it for some time past that Mr. Collector Dowlin of this Internal Revenue district was to be removed, and another Democrat given the place. This rumor took shape on Saturday last, when a Presidential order was issued breaking up this district (the 22d) and consolidating parts of it with the 19th and 23d districts. This wipes Mr. Dowlin out, and thus the unpleasantness of a removal is avoided. Mr. Boyle and his friends are being set down upon very heavily by the Administration. This county is placed in the new Pittsburgh district which is to be known as the 23d, while Bedford is transferred to the 9th or Lancaster district. Cambria and Blair remain as heretofore in the 23d district.

THE new Congressional apportionment bill which has been signed by the Governor and is therefore the law, is not received with much favor by our Democratic friends, because it gives them but seven certain districts out of the twenty-eight. The Democratic vote in the State lays in groups, forming a few compact districts, while the large portion of it is so scattered that it naturally falls into Democratic districts. Gerrymandering is not the order but an incident of the bill, Philadelphia being so divided as to make an unnatural Democratic district, which will return Mr. Samuel J. Randall to Congress, while the Democrtic majority of Fayette and Greene is swallowed up by Washington and a portion of Allegheny. Our district, Bedford, Blair, Cambria and Somerset remains as it was, but its number is changed from Seventeen to Twenty.

THE "New Revenue Law" as it is styled, is not a new law so far as subjects of taxation are concerned, but it is a revision of the former law with an attempt to straighten out its kinks and intricacies, and in this, we do not think its framers have proven eminently expert. The machinery provided for its enforcement is elaborate and cumbersome, and in our judgment, not of the best; experience will, however, lead to its amendment and simplification. Its principal feature is the taxation of money at interest, in every possible form. The tax is continued at three mills on the dollar, one-half of which is to be returned to the counties, after it has been covered into the State Treasury, and it is provided under penalty that this tax shall be paid by the lender, and not by the borrower, thus reducing the legal rate of interest below six per cent. National and private banks and bankers are taxed on their annual net earnings, and all capital used in manufactories is entirely exempted. The only real new feature in the bill is, the repeal of the law taxing furniture, watches, pleasure carriages and gold and silver plate. These taxes have heretofore been largely evaded, and the attempt to collect them was vexatious and farcical.

THE wholesale liquor license bill passed by the Legislature provides that all wholesale dealers, brewers, distillers, rectifiers, compounders, store-keepers and agents dealing in intoxicating liquors shall pay for each separate establishment or agency in cities of the first, second and third class, $500; in all other cities, $300; in boroughs, 200; in townships, $100, which sums shall be paid into the Treasury for the benefit of the Commonwealth. Licenses shall be granted only by the Court of Quarter Sessions, and for the present year licenses may be granted under previous laws at any session fixed by the Court not later than June 30. It is made unlawful for any wholesale dealer, store-keeper or bottler to sell in less quantities than one quart, and for distillers or brewers to sell in less quantities than one gallon. Bottlers shall pay a license of $200 in cities of the first, second and third class and $100 in all other cities, boroughs and townships, and they are prohibited from selling liquors to be drunk upon the premises.

ONE of the last acts of the Legislature before its final adjournment, was the passage of the bill compelling school directors to keep the schools open at least six months in a year. This bill will prove a hardship in some of the poor and sparsely settled districts of the State, and there was considerable opposition to it in the Legislature, but it was sprung in the Senate as an amendment to the general appropriation bill at a very late hour, and its opponents found themselves in the position of being compelled to adopt it, or permit the Appropriation bill to fail, which would have locked the wheels of government for want of funds, or required an extension of the session at large expense. The addition of half a million of dollars added the appropriation for schools, will add just one half to the amount heretofore granted, and in a measure will relieve the hardships of the poorer districts.

AFTER an all night session the Legislature adjourned finally at noon on Thursday last, the 19th inst. The session lasted one hundred and thirty-six days, and the results show that in the main it was a working Legislature. It was more than an ordinarily able body. It was free from scandals, and the usual charges of corruption, and its record will compare most favorably with that of any of its predecessors. It had new and difficult questions to meet and decide, and it evidenced throughout, obedience to popular sentiment, and an earnest desire to meet public expectation. The Prohibitory Amendment law, the Revenue bill, the High License law, the Congressional apportionment, are among the important measures that the people demanded and that were most satisfactorily met and disposed of. Of course there were failures and disappointments, but all measures of vital importance were generally and well cared for. The most conspicuous failure to meet public expectation, was in the matter of an anti-Discrimination bill, upon which a considerable portion of the business community had builded large expectant benefits. It may be urged in extenuation of this failure however, that, the subject is a many sided and difficult one, that the interests involved are complicated and adverse, that a wide diversity of views exist, and that the Interstate commerce law, evolved out of the wisdom of our national law-makers, has been so disappointing, and found to be so difficult in execution, that it may be the part of wisdom to defer action, until experience has tested and determined the utility of the measure enacted by the last Congress. As a whole, the work of the Legislature was exceedingly creditable, and the Republicans of the State have reason to felicitate themselves on its results. Many of the bills passed, are yet in the hands of the Governor and will undergo careful scrutiny before they are signed or disapproved, and of his desire to guard the interests of both the State and of the people, no citizen of the Commonwealth will entertain a doubt.

The Congressional Apportionment.

First—First, Second, Seventh, Twenty-sixth, and Thirtieth wards, of Philadelphia.

Second—Eighth, Ninth, Tenth, Thirteenth, Fourteenth, and Twentieth wards, of Philadelphia.

Third—Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Sixteenth and Seventeenth wards, of Philadelphia.

Fourth—Fifteenth, Twenty-first, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-seventh, Twenty-eigithh and Twenty-ninth wards, of Philadelphia.

Fifth—Eighteenth, Nineteenth, Twenty-second, Twenty-third, Twenty-fifth and Thirty-first wards, of Philadelphia.

Sixth—Chester and Delaware

Seventh—Bucks and Montgomery.

Eighth—Northampton, Monroe, Pike and Carbon.

Ninth—Berks and Lehigh.

Tenth—Lancaster.

Eleventh—Luckawanna.

Twelfth—Luzerne.

Thirteenth—Schuylkill.

Fourteenth—Lebanon, Dauphin and Perry.

Fifteenth—Bradford, Susquehanna, Wyoming and Wayne.

Sixteenth—Tioga, Potter, Lycoming and Clinton.

Seventeenth—Northumberland, Columbia, Montour and Sullivan.

Eighteenth—Franklin, Fulton, Huntingdon, Mifflin, Juniata, Snyder and Union.

Nineteenth—Cumberland, Adams, and York

Twentieth—Cambria, Blair, Somerset and Bedford.

Twenty-first—Westmoreland, Indiana, Armstrong and Jefferson.

Twenty-second—The city of Pittsburgh and all townships and boroughs lying between the Monongahela and Allegheny rivers, except the borough of McKeesport and the boroughs and townships lying between the Youghiogheny and Monongahela rivers, in the county of Allegheny.

Twenty-third—The city of Allegheny and all the townships and boroughs lying north of the Allegheny and Ohio rivers, in the county of Allegheny.

Twenty-fourth—Fayette, Greene and Washington and all boroughs and townships lying south of the Monongahela and Ohio rivers, and the boroughs and townships lying between the Youghiogheny and Monongahela rivers, and the borough of McKeesport, in the county of Allegheny.

Twenty-fifth—Beaver, Lawrence, Mercer and Butler.

Twenty-sixth—Crawford and Erie.

Twenty-seventh—Venango, Warren, McKean and Cameron.

Twenty-eighth—Clarion, Forest, Elk, Clearfield and Centre.

Two Reporters Killed.

PHILADELPHIA, May 22.—T. Ray Shepherd, a reporter of the *Record*, and Eleazer Isaacs, a reporter of the *Press*, were struck and killed by the congressional limitel express train on the Pennsylvania railroad, which left New York at 3.15 yesterday afternoon, while they were attempting to reach the platform at the station at Germantown Junction. One of them stumbled and fell while trying to get off the track, and the other, who was just behind, fell on top of the prostrate man, and then the train was upon them. Thomas B. Blynn, a *Times* reporter, who had been with Shepherd and Isaacs, gained the platform in safety. The three reporters had been detailed to visit the state fair grounds to write up the pinic given to school children by a Chestnut street clothing firm. The locality of the accident is a dangerous place, and the railroad company, for security, has fenced in the road for a long distance, and has a tunnel under its track for the use of passengers, that they may avoid crossing the rails at grade.

END OF THE LEGISLATURE.

Winding up the Work After An All-Night Session.

HARRISBURG May 19.—Both houses of the Legislature adjourned sine die at noon today. The members looked a little tired and haggard after their hard night's work, the Senate having been in continuous session until six o'clock this morning and the House an hour later. Both sides then took a rest until ten to finish up the closing ceremonies of the session. The gay costumes of the ladies who filled the gallery of the Senate to witness the closing scenes of the session of 1887 served to brigthen an otherwise rather cheerless chamber, for Senators, wearied after the long night's work lounged lazily at their desks or retired to the cloak room to sleep or rest.

PRESIDENT SMITH'S SILVER SERVICE.

In front of the Clerk's desk were placed two large boxes containing the silver service to be presented to retiring President pro tem. Smith, and when the lids were raised a number of visitors came forward and admired the contests. The set, which is of really elegant workmanship and artistic beauty, was manufactured by J. E. Caldwell & Co., of Philadelphia.

At 10:20 Mr. Huff called the Senate to order and recognized Mr. Schnatterly, who, in a happy address, on behalf of his fellow Senators, presented to Senator Smith the silver service and a miniature jeweled gavel. He expressed the sincere regret with which he and his fellows regarded the official severance. He complimented the retiring president on the able, acceptable and impartial manner in which he had discharged the arduous and complicated duties of the chair.

Mr. Smith, in a brief, but earnest speech returned his thanks.

Senator Smith then took the chair.

On motion of Mr. Cooper the Senate proceeded to the election of a President pro tem., Mr. Reyburn nominating John C. Grady and Mr. Wolverton John B. Selheimer. Mr. Grady was declared elected, receiving 30 votes, against 15 for Selheimer, and was conducted to the chair by Messrs. Selheimer and Reyburn. On taking the chair President Grady made an appropriate speech and the oath of office was administered by Judge Williams.

After adopting resolutions thanking the officers and employes of the Senate the President pro tem. announced the Senate adjourned sine die.

Over on the House side there was a display of Silverware on the desks in front of the speaker's table when the House met this morning. A handsome full coffee set of nine pieces, with an epergne for fruits and flowers, was the gift of the House to Resident Clerk Charles E. Voorhees. A handsome tea set of eight pieces was the gift of the House to Journal Clerk Morrison. Reading Clerk Hulin's fondness for diamonds was recognized and he was the receiver of a solitaire diamond ring and a diamond shirt stud. A heavy gold watch and chain, with the coat-of-arms of the State engraved on one side of the case and the recipient's name on the other, was added to this sparkling array as the gift of the House to its Chief Clerk, Samuel A. Losch.

THE SPEAKER'S ELEGANT GIFT.

Speaker Boyer surrendered the gavel to Mr. Graham. The magnificent gift which the House had presented to its popular and handsome Speaker could not be displayed; a law library of half a thousand volumes could hardly be shown without embarrassment, but one volume of the many was modestly shown and typified the whole, and this held an honored place along side the glittering silver, gold and diamonds.

Mr. Burns, on behalf of the Chief Clerk, presented the Speaker with a carved ivory gavel with ebony handle. The Speaker responded feelingly.

Mr. White, of Huntingdon, on behalf of the House, then presented to Chief Clerk Losch the gold watch already described, as a testimonial of the esteem and appreciation of the House, to which Mr. Losch made a fitting reply.

The presentation to Resident Clerk Voorhees was made by Mr. Robertson, of Pittsburg; Mr. Foote made the presentation to Reading Clerk Hulin; Mr. Chritzman to Journal Clerk Morrison, and on behalf of the appropriation committee, Mr. Brown, of Beaver, presented Mr. Dearden with a handsome album, containing pictures of the members of the committee. All of the recipients responed appropriately.

Mr. Packer made the presentation speech and the nice things he said about the Speaker and the session and the newspapers and everything else were fittingly responded to by Mr. Boyer.

Mr. Faunce offered a resolution of thanks to Speaker Boyer for the ability, impartiality and faithfulness with which he has discharged the trying duties of his position, which was adopted by a unanimous rising vote. Similar resolutions of thanks to the officers of the House were then passed.

Mr. Davis, on behalf of the House, presented Chief Page Andrew J. Pyne a handsome purse well lined with greenbacks. The presentation was received with applause.

Twelve o'clock noon having arrived the Speaker declared the House adjourned without day.

In Collision At Sea.

NEW YORK, May 22.—The steamships Celtic and Britannic, which were sighted off Sandy Hook yesterday, arrived in the harbor to-day, and reported the details of a serious collision at sea, about eighty miles off Nantucket, on Thursday afternoon during a dense fog. The Celtic was inward bound and the Britannic was on her way to Liverpool. Both vessels belong to the White Star Line. The Captains of both steamships were on the lookout for other vessels and icebergs at the time of the collision, the fog being unusually heavy.

The Celtic struck the Britannac on the port side at the mizzen rigging, and only a few feet astern of the after end of the boiler-room. The mizzen rigging, iron work and all, was wrenched from its fastenings, the rail was torn from its foundation as far aft as the jigger-mast, and the after turtle-back was carried into the air and overboard as though it were made of pasteboard. The blow was a glancing one, the prow of the Celtic striking at less than a right angle. As the striking steamship glanced along the side it rebounded twice in its course, smashing two small boats to pieces and bending a heavy iron force pump like a piece of tin. As the bow struck the pump it caught a steerage passenger whose name was not known, crushing him against the iron and cut the body completely in two. A little girl of about 11 years old, named Robinson, of Fall River, Mass., who was with her mother and brother on her way to England, was also crushed by the bow, her face and breast being split open.

Strangled by a Dumbwaiter.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—Cries of "murder" and "police" from the residence of Senator McPherson, on Vermont Avenue, attracted Officer Welch to the spot about 1 o'clock this morning. He entered the house through a window, and, proceeding to the rear of the dining-room, found Louis Brown, colored, with his head caught between the floor and one of the shelves of the dumbwaiter. The officer extricated the man from his perlious position, but he was so far gone that he lived but about twenty minutes. It appears that Brown, who is the Senior's butler, started to take the silver to an upper story, when the rope of the dumbwaiter slipped and caught his head. Senator and Mrs. McPherson left Washington for New Jersey yesterday, leaving no one in the house but the servants.

Dragged To Death.

ERIE, Pa., May 19.—Dennis Crowley, of Harbor Creek, one of the wealthiest farmers in Erie county, and a noted horse fancier, was killed this evening by a runaway team of blooded horses. He was spending, the carriage overturned and was torn to peices, and one of Crowley's hands got through the loops in the rein, holding him by the wrist. He struggled gamely to free himself, and his clothing was nearly all torn off him, when he was dashed head foremost agaist a stone, crushing his skull.

Daring Train Robbery.

SAN ANTONIO, TEX., May 20.—The northbound express train on the Missouri Pacific Railroad, which left this city at 7 o'clock last evening, encountered a gang of train robbers about 10 o'clock, at McNeill station, 13 miles north of Austin. Harry Landa, a commercial traveler, who was on the train, arrived here to night. He says that before the train reached McNeill the robbers had secured the station agent and bound him. As the train slowed up at the station the robbers, to the number of 12 or 16, fired several volleys to intimidate passengers. Landa, hearing the shots, raised his window and looked out, when an order was given him to draw his head back and close the window. Before he had time to comply he was wounded in the arm and badly powder-burned by a shot fired in close proximity to him. There was considerable confusion on board the train and the passengers lay down on the floor and crawled under the bunks to escape flying bullets. The train was held up for nearly half an hour, after which time it was allowed to proceed.

The door of the express car was forced open and about $4,000 taken. The messengers were compelled to throw up their hands and were ordered to hand over the cash and registered letters. S. R. Splauding, the railway postal clerk, told the robbers he had none, as the day line carried all the registered letters, and was informed that they did not care for them as they were not after Uncle Sam's money but Jay Gould's. The robbers were in very good humor, and, after going through the express car, bade a pleasant good night, and decamped.

Some of the men were not masked, but the one who gave the orders was masked, and was tall and was dressed like a cow boy. Express Messenger Nothacker, who was ordered to turn over the money, handed the robbers only a small amount and was beaten over the head. A brakeman was wounded during the fusillade. Postal Clerk Splanding says he distinctly heard the order given by the leader, "Don't touch any of the passengers, and don't shoot any of our own men." The messenger also says that he believes the men were green hands in the business.

Two Out of Five Burglars Killed.

JAMESTOWN, May 20.— Ten days ago a gang of five burglars attacked the house of Farmer Wagner, near Tionesta. The farmer and his son fought desperately and the son shot and killed one of the burglars in his tracks. Last week another of the theives was found dead in an old deserted coal mine near by. The three other theives were arrested three days ago and lodged in jail.

To-day a tall, sad, weary-looking women arrived by train at Tionesta and inquired if a man by the name of Haggerty had lived there. Upon learning the only person of the name was James Haggerty, one of the prisoners in jail upon the charge of burglary, the poor woman was overcome. She stated that she was Haggerty's wife; that she had come on here in response to a telegram commanding her to come. She supposed he was sick and needed her care, so with her babe in her arms she had traveled from Hancock County, West Va. She said she was the mother of five children and that she had not seen her husband for over a year. Mrs. Haggerty said also that her maiden name was Depew, that she had a relative who is a member of the Assembly of West Virginia and is related to Chauncy H. Depew.

Wilson, another of the prisoners, asserts that his uncle is a member of the State Legislature of Pennsylvania.

200 Buildings Burned.

CHICAGO, May 20.—An *Inter Oceans* special from Calumet, Mich., says: The village of Lake Linden, or Torch Lake, Keweenaw county, was destroyed by fire to-day, involving a loss of $3,000,000. The flames broke out at 11.55 A. M., in a brick block occupied by Newman and Trelease. From there they spread rapidly. Calumet, Hancock and Houghton were called on for help and responded quickly with their fire departments, but the firemen were unable to stop the spread of the flames, and before 2 o'clock the city was a mass of smoking ruins. Over 200 buildings were burned. The only business buildings left are one saloon and one small store. The insurance aggregates $735,000, in English and Eastern companies principally. During the fire a heavy gale prevailed. The flames, leaped from block to block, destroying brick and stone structures as readily as wooden buildings.

There was said to be considerable loss of life, but the reports cannot be verified at present. Lake Linden was a town of about 5000 people, many of whom are without shelter to-night.

A Nitro-Glycerine Magazine Destroyed.

DULUTH, Minn., May 20.—A terrific explosion of nitro-glycerine occured last evening at Spirit lake, eight miles from this city. Eighty-three hundred pounds of the explosive was stored in a wooden building 50x30 feet. There this stood is now a hole 100x60 feet and 15 to 40 feet deep. The largest piece of the building found is 10 inches long. A three-inch cast iron pipe was twisted round a tree and bits of iron and wood were found a mile from the spot. Every window pane in eight houses within half a mile was broken, and one house which stood 1,000 feet away from the storehouse was completely wrecked. Trees were mowed down like grass. Two tramps seen near the building just prior to the explosion have not been seen since. A woman just recovering from illness was injured by timber falling across the bed and crushing her ankles. It is supposed the explosion was caused by heat from the sun or tampering by the tramps.

An Arkansas Lynching.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., May 22.—Andrew Springer, of Illinois, was lynched last night at Powhattan, his crime being assault upon Mrs. Montgomery some days ago. The circumstances attending the crime were peculiarly brutal, and the predictions that Judge Lynch would settle the case were freely made. A band of men numbering thirty or forty surrounded the jail, took the keys from the jailer, burst into Springer's cell and dragged him out with a rope around his neck. He made a desperate fight for life and it required two or three men to hold him. He asked the mob to shoot him, but the request was refused. He was dragged a short distance from the jail and hanged to a tree his body afterward being riddled with bullets. His victim is reported to be in a precarious condition.

Enormous Losses By Fire.

ISHPEMING, Mich., May 22.—Light rain fell at noon, followed shortly by another light shower, and the forest fires are dampened, but not extinguished. Immediate danger is passed for a few days, but unless still heavier showers come down, the fires will be nearly as bad as before. It is impossible to catalogue the losses. Nearly every large owner of pine land suffers heavily.

There are no new developments in the Lake Linden fire matter. The people being provided with shelter, food and garments, no great suffering will ensue. The losses in the upper peninsula of Michigan, and north tier counties of Wisconsin, since May 1, by tornadoes, forest fires and the burning of Lake Linden are estimated at $4,000,000 to $6,000,000.

An Old Sinner Caught at Last.

ELMIRA, May 19.—Abner G. Cody, one of the most expert passers of counterfeit money in the United States, was arrested near Painted Post on Tuesday night by Deputy United States Marshal Staring, of this city, and United States Secret Service Officer Whiteside of Shenectady, and lodged in jail here. Cody is 72 years old and for a number of years made his headquarters in Michigan. He had in his possession, when arrested, $241 in gold and a number of fine dies. He has been in the business since he was 16 years old, and government officers have been hunting him for the past ten years without success. He has been from Maine to California working off bogus money and made thousands of dollars by his unlawful operations.

Serious Outbreak in the Coke Regions.

EVERSON, PA., May 20.—A serious phase in the coke strike was developed this morning, when a mob of three hundred miners, marching in a body, and generally armed with bludgeons, suddenly appeared at the coke yard at the Jimtown works of Colonel Schoonmaker.

Without warning they made a savage attack on a little knot of men who were engagsd in drawing out the coke from the ovens there.

This coke has been in the ovens since the strike commenced and some eight or ten men had been engaged to draw it out. While so engaged this mob suddenly rushed in on them and brutally attacked them. Such of the laborers as could not escape were cruelly beaten, and one man having both arms broken and being so badly kicked that his life is despaired of. Six men altogether were beaten very severely. All the barrows and tools used in the works were destroyed by the mob.

A RAID ON COCHRAN'S WORKS.

Having effectually accomplished their mission at Jimtown, the rioters marched through Dawson and across the Youghiogheny river to the works of James Cochran & Sons.

Mr. Cochran's sons, assisted by some non-Union men, had watered out the ovens of this firm and drawn the coke from a few ovens, and the anger of the mob was directed against them. Fortunately the hour was early and no one was yet working on Cochran's yards at Nellie and Clarissa, but the mob, in absence of human victims, wreaked their vengeance upon the coke-wagons and tools at those works, destroying all such movable property they could lay hands on. After this they scattered, their work being accomplished, and at this hour are straggling off to their homes—though a large number are still congregated in the neighborhood of Cochran's works.

SHERIFF MILLER STARTS FOR THE SCENE.

Sheriff Miller has been wired and is now on his way to Dawson with a posse. He is an old soldier, a man of nerve and will wear no kid gloves in dealing with the cratures guilty of such develish work this morning.

The mob was from Wheeler, Trotter and Leisenring, and was composed cheifly of Hungarians and negroes. The action of this morning, it is said, was decided upon in an open meeting of the men held yesterday afternoon at the Trotter works. Great indignation is expressed by all good citizens at the outrageous work, and the Sheriff will have no difficulty in getting aid to suppress such deeds and arrest the actors engaged in them.

THE CAUSE OF THE RIOT.

The cause of the attack on the men is one that cannot fail to bring them sympathy. There are 10,000 ovens with 35,000 tons of coke in them, which is being destroyed. This coke is worth $52,000 at the ovens. The miners have been paid for mining coke, the haulers have got their money, and the men who filled the ovens and fixed them for firing have all received their pay. Now the strikers rufuse to allow this coke to be saved. At the Jimtown works there was no attempt to market the coke. The laborers were employed merely to draw out the coke and to load it on side-tracked cars. There was no attempt to start up the works with new men nor was anything done to arouse the bad feelings of the strikers with the exception of this peaceful attempt to save property. In order to avoid conflict and riots even the pumpers were not replaced by the operators. They could have protected the pump workers with deputy sheriffs, or even with troops, but they did nothing of the kind. The men who had returned to work at Jimtown did so of their own accord, and it was not supposed there was any danger. At other works the strikers have refused to allow the office employes and such other men as were willing to work, to save the coke from destruction. This arbitrary action has done much to injure Mullen & Byrne in the opinion of the community. There is something significant in the fact that the Hungarians are very obedient to their leaders, and these leaders are under the guidance of the English-speaking officials of the organization. It looks as if the Hungarians were used to pull chestnuts out of the fire.

Millions Lost.

DETROIT, May 20.—A Marquette special says: The fires are still burning in all directions. The Italians at Camp No. 3 on the South Shore Railroad worked all night and saved most of the buildings. No fatalities are reported. News from twenty-eight localities indicates diminishing fires.

At Oscars, seven miles from Houghton, 1,300 cords of wood were burned and many acres of timber destroyed. Beetman's woodyard, near the village, which contains 28,000 cords, is burning.

Gilletts mill, six miles south of this city, is surrounded by flames, but the large force at work may save the property. Higher winds prevail to-day, and fires are breaking out in new localities. It is estimated that the Upper Peninsula is $3,000,000 poorer on account of the wind two weeks ago and these fires.

A Plow Explodes a Dynamite Bomb.

MICHIGAN CITY, Ind., May 13.—Martin Bout son of a farmer, was fatally injured yesterday in a singular manner. He was plowing a field, when suddenly a loud report was heard and Martin was seen to fall to the ground. The plow point had struck a dynamite bomb and had exploded it. The young man's right hand was blown off, his right foot fractured, several large pieces of flesh were torn from his left leg, a number of severe wounds were made on his chest, his eyesight partially destroyed and his hearing was ruined by the concussion. When examined by physicians a large piece of the shell was found imbedded in the boy's throat making two ugly cuts. The bomb, or cartridge, was probably left there several years ago by workmen who were blasting out stumps.

Warned By Her Dog Too Late.

BOSTON, May 22.—The train over the Concord & Portsmouth railroad, leaving Portsmouth at 5.15 p. m., ran over an unknown woman apparently 80 years of age, near the Greenland station, cutting off both her legs and mutilating her body in a shocking manner. She lived but a few minutes. When first seen by the engineer she was walking on the track accompanied by a large mastiff. The engineer whistled repeatedly. As the train approached the dog caught hold of the woman's dress and tried to drag her away, but was too late. After the accident the dog howled piteously and refused to leave the body. There was nothing about the woman to indicate who she was.

An Extra Session Ridiculed.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—The statement in circulation here that the president is going to Saranac Lake thus early in the season in order to be in Washington in case an extra session of congress is decided upon is ridiculed at the White House. There will be no extra session, it is understood, unless some exigency unforeseen at present should arise, and it is not anticipated that any will. The heated term will be spent by the president at his country residence. It can be reached in a half-hour's drive from the White House. The president will ride out in the evening and return in the morning.

200 Persons Drowned.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 12.—The steamer City of Rio Janeiro, which arrived yesterday from China and Japan, brings news of a terrible disaster in the Strait Settlements. The steamer Beton, plying between Signapore, Penang and Malacca, was run into about midnight, March 30 by the steamer Fair Penang shortly after leaving Malacca, and sunk within half an hour. Two hundred persons, principally natives, were drowned.

Escape of a Condemned Murderer.

HONESDALE, Pa., May 20.—James P. McCabe, who was sentenced to be hanged on May 28 for the murder of Michael Reilly, whom he killed and robbed, made his escape from the Wayne county jail between 3 and 4 o'clock this morning, while two watchmen sat at his cell-door asleep.

Commander-in-Chief Fairchild, G. A. R., Issues a Comprehensive G. O.

MADISON, WIS., May 19.—Commander-in-Chief, Fairchild, of the Grand Army of the Republic, issued General Order No. 14 to-day in which he commends the beneficent work being done by the Womens' Relief Corps among the veterans and their families in distress; heartily indorses the Sons of Veterans, organized with a view to render the declining years of the G. A. R. veterans more enjoyable and to aid the widows and orphans of war martyrs; appoints W. G. Veasey, of Rutland, Vt., a member of the Grant Memorial Committee, vice George W. Hooker, of Battleboro, Vt., resigned; calls upon the survivers of the Thirteenth Army Corps to meet September 27, at the time of the national encampment to select suitable corps badges; advises all veterans desiring to learn the whereabouts of comrades to address the commissioner of pensions at Washington; declares that the G. A. R. has known no such day as Decoration Day, but that it loves and reveres Memorial Day; requests the State departments to send copies of the proceedings of their encampments to the national headquarters of the G. A. R. for preservation; announces that all railroads have fixed upon one fare for the round trip to the national encampment and appoints the following additonal aides-de-camp on the national staff: Albert Moore, Pittsburgh; W. W. Greenland Clarion, Pa.; G. H. Williams, Erie, Pa.; Christian Young and C. W. Houghton, Philadelphia; Thomas Munroe, Gallatzin, Pa.; and S. V. Cooper, Media, Pa.

The Pennsylvania to Build a Fourth Track.

PHILADELPHIA, May 20.—The Pennsylvania railroad company is actively prosecuting the work of laying the fourth track between this city, and New York, and it is stated that at the present rate of laying the the track it will be completed in a little over a year's time. The company is also prosecuting the work on a fourth track between this city and Harrisburg. The officials of the company state that this is made absolutely necessary by rapidly increasing business. Extensive additions to the tracks of the company are also to be made on the western division.

Big Sale of Coking-Coal Land.

PITTSBURG, May 21.—Dr. David Hostetter and Ralph Bagaley have just closed the sale of a large tract of coking-coal lands in Western Pennsylvania, for about $1,000,000. The names of the purchasers are withheld. This is, with one exception, the largest transaction in coal lands ever made in this section, the exception being the sale of A. A. Hutchinson's coke interests to H. C. Frick & Co., some years ago, for $1,250,000. Outsiders take the Hostetter-Bagaley transaction to mean the abandonment of hope of the South Pennsylvania road.

A Lizard in His Stomach.

PHILLIPSBURG, Beaver Co., May 22.—Frank Dishler, of Bolesville, this county, who recently ejected a lizard from his stomach, died at two o'clock yesterday morning. He has been an invalid for years and has been unsuccessfully doctored for various ailments by specialists and others.

About a month ago his wife in mistake gave him four morphine powders at one dose and this caused him to vomit violently, during which he ejected an object four inches in length which was pronounced to be a lizard. The deceased was 62 years old.

Blew his brains out with Water.

NEW YORK, May 20.—Charles Hemminger, a boss mason, of Great Neck, L. I., killed himself yesterday in an extraordinary manner. He loaded a double-barreled shotgun, and after ramming down the wad over the charge, filled the barrels with water. He placed the gun under his chin and pulled the triggers with a string attached to his right foot. Half his head was blown off. He had been suffering from dipsomania, and had attempted that morning to shoot his wife. He was fifty-five years of age.

The New Brunswick Floods.

ST. JOHN, N. B., May 11.—The flood is now regarded as the direst calamity that has ever befallen the province. Fredericton is in total darkness, the gas-house having been invaded. The Nerepis bridge, which cost the province nearly $200,000 was swept away today. Great waves are dashing over the tracks of the New Brunswick Railroad, and at Rothsay, Riverside, and Lakeside the Inter Colonial Railroad track is undermined. The heavy wind prevailing is making matters worse.

Vessel Burned At Sea.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 12.—The schooner Laura Madson, which arrived at Umpqua, Ore., May 10, reports seeing the ship Ocean King, on May 8, thirty-five miles west of Cape Arago, on fire and abandoned. The Madson lay by until she sunk at 6 p. m. The Ocean King was loaded with coal, bound from Nanaimo, B. C., to San Pedro, Cal. She was valued at $75,000 and owned in Boston. Nothing is known of the crew.

Leprosy In Minnesota.

ST. PAUL, May 12.—There are reports of a genuine case of leprosy in Freeborn county. The leper is a woman over 30 years old, who has had eight children and is soon again to become a mother. The disease has reached the stage in which numbness prevades the extremities. All of her fingers and most of her toes are gone. The woman's aunt had the disease.

The Sedgwick Monument Dedicated

WASHINGTON, May 12.—The monument to General Sedgwick, which has been erected by the survivers of the Sixth army corps, on the spot where General Sedgwick fell, at Spottsylvania Court House, Virginia, was delicated to-day with appropriate ceremonies. General Wright presided, and orations were delivered by General Latta, of Philadelphia, and ex-Governor Pingree, of Vermont.

A Thief Secures $17,000.

GREENVILLE, Ohio, May 20.—A mysterious robbery took place here last night about 9 o'clock at the residence of John W. Spayed, a wealthy citizen. He was at home at the time. His wife was out riding. The thief got $17,000 in currency and gold. Both Mr. and Mrs. Spayed are so much excited that they can give no statement of how the theft occurred.

Gen. Selfridge Commits Suicide.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., May 19—Gen James L. Selfridge, a hero of the war of the rebellion and a prominent citizen of Philadelphia, committed suicide this afternoon by shooting himself through the head with a revolver, within thirty yards of his residence. He died in about two hours. He was a sufferer from Bright's disease and had grown despondent.

Sold Liquor to Her Husband.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich, May 20.—Mrs. Annie Boyd has recovered $9,500 damages from Christopher Post, who sold her husband liquor, under the influence of which he killed a man and was sentenced to prison for life.

A Great Iron Works Burned.

PATERSON, N. J., May 12.—The Paterson Iron Works burned to-night. Loss $500,000; insurance $75 000.

Safe-crackers carried off over $400 in cash from the office of Wineland and Hartley, millers at Bedford, one day last week.

The Inter-State Picnic at Williams Grove, Cumberland county, will commence on the 20th of August this year.

Here's a pointer: Hot water and a rag, applied to the brow nightly, will postpone wrinkles.

The State Liquor League.

READING, PA., May 19.—A call was to-day issued from the headquarters here of the State Liquor League designating July 12 and Allentown as the time and place of holding the annual Convention. The call says that the High License bill will bear severely on the liquor interests: that it is unconstitutional and unjust: that the liquor men, being menaced by High License and Prohibition, cannot afford to permit the organization to fall, and asks them everywhere to enroll and defeat their enemies.

SOMERSET MARKET.

Corrected Weekly by COOK & BEERITS, DEALERS IN

Choice Groceries, Flour & Feed.

Prices for May 25, 1887.

Apples, dried, ⅌ lb	3@5c
Apple butter, ⅌ gal	40@50c
Beans, ⅌ bu	$1 30
Bran, ⅌ 100 lbs	$1 00
Butter, (roll,) ⅌ lb	12c
" (keg), ⅌ lb	—
Buckwheat, ⅌ bu	50c
" meal	—
Beeswax, ⅌ lb	20c
Bacon, (Sugar-cured Hams) ⅌ lb	15c
" (Country hams) ⅌ lb	12½c
" (Shoulders) ⅌ lb	8c
" (Sides) ⅌ lb	10c
Corn, (ear) ⅌ bu	55@60c
" (shelled) ⅌ bu	55@60c
Meal ⅌ lb	2c
Chop, corn and oats, ⅌ 100 lbs	$1 25
" all rye, ⅌ 100 lbs	$1 50
Eggs, ⅌ doz	10c
Flour, Roller Process