TERRIRLE FIGHT IN CHICAGO,

USING BOMBS AND FIREARMS.

POLICEMEN MURDERED.

Six Officers Now Dead, and Eleven More Dying.

CHICAGO, May 4.—Great were the expectations of the Socialist leaders regarding the meeting they had called for to-night. As early as 7:30 had been mentioned as the hour when the speaking and excitement would begin. The place chosen was the old hay market, on Randolph street, capable of holding from 15,000 to 20,000 men. Touching the square at the other corner is Halstead street, the outlet to the lumber yards, packing houses, and to factories. In close proximity to the opposite side of the hay market is Milwaukee avenue, leading through a wide spreading district densely populated with Germans and Poles. Surrounding the square on every hand are 10-cent lodging houses, cheap saloons, and many of the lowest dives in the city.

A tour around the market about 8 P. M., showed that the scattered groups of men loitering in the vicinity would make a crowd not exceeding 1,500. From their chance remarks and unkempt appearance it was easy to determine that they were Anarchists of the most approved type. Nevertheless, a quieter gathering could hardly be imagined. Passers-by who inquired the occasion for the meeting would wait five or ten minutes, expecting the crowd to rapidly increase in numbers. In this they were disappointed.

It was after 9 P. M. before the stolid groups of anarchists were cheered by the presence of any leaders. August Spies finally arrived, and climbing a wagon in front of Crane Bros'. factory began an address, denouncing capital, and claiming that he was not the cause of yesterday's riot but that it was a natural result of class oppression. There was no enthusiasm created by his remarks, and when he was succeeded by A. R. Parsons the crowd began to gradually dwindle away. Within half a block of the speakers could be seen four patrol wagons with horses ready harnessed and a good sized detail of police with clubs and revolvers.

BOMBS THROWN AMONG THE POLICE.

A later dispatch says: A man who was standing in the crowd received a pistol ball in his thigh and has just been brought to the central police station. He says that during the progress of a speech by one of the Socialists a squad of officers marched by, close to the speakers' stand. Some one shouted, "Kill them." Almost as soon as the words had been uttered, three bombs were thrown from near the stand into the midst of the squad of officers. They exploded instantly, and five policemen fell. Others were wounded, and several of the Socialists did not escape. An officer who has just arrived from the scene says there is hardly any doubt that at least five officers were killed.

Persons living on the west side many squares from the scene of the disturbance report that the explosion of the bombs, which was terrific, was instantly followed by a fusilade of revolver shots.

More recent reports are coming in, and they point to a much more disastrous affray than at first reported. About 200 officers had been detailed to attend the meeting and had been in the vicinity since the Socialists had begun to assemble. At the time of the throwing of the bombs, the crowd had dwindled down to less than 1,000. The utterances of the speakers were still of a most inflammatory character, however, and the hearers who still remained grew riotous in their demeanor. The police concluded to put an end to the disturbance, and advancing ordered the crowd to disperse. At first the Socialiste fell back slowly, one of the speakers still urging them to stand firm. Suddenly the bombs were thrown. The police retorted instantly with a volley from their revolvers. The rioters answered with theirs, which the sequel showed they were well provided with.

The mob appeared crazy with a fanatic desire for blood, and holding its ground, poured volley after volley into the midst of the officers. The latter fought gallantly, and at last dispersed the mob and cleared the market place. They are now guarding every approach to the place, and no one is allowed there.

Immediately after the first explosion the officers who were left standing drew their revolvers and fired round after round into the mob. Large numbers of these fell, and as they dropped were immediately carried to the rear and into the many dark alley ways by their friends. No estimate of the casualties can be given, but the police at the Desplaines street station state that fully 50 of them were wounded.

DRUG STORES FULL OF THE WOUNDED.

The drug stores in the vicinity are crowded with people who were hurt, and doctors have been telephoned in all directions.

Before the firing had ceased the neighboring police stations were turned into temporary hospitals. At 11 o'clock 20 policemen lay on the floor of the Desplaines station, all disabled, and probably half that number seriously so. Others were reported to be still lying in the open square, either dead or badly wounded.

A telephone message from one of the hospitals says that a wounded officer brought there has since died. Officer Jos. Degan died on his way to the station. Later reports at the Desplaines street station indicates that even more than at first estimated were wounded among the Socialists.

The scene at the station is heartrending. In one large room lie some 15 officers, and doctors are dressing their wounds. The wife of one of the men has just come in, and upon learning that her husband was among the wounded fell down in a faint and had to be carried home.

More firing has been heard near the scene of the former trouble, and a large force of police has just left the station for the place. Some 15 shots were heard. It is reported that August Spies is in a saloon on Lake street, and a detail of police has been sent to arrest him.

The relation of the officers, Timothy Flavin, George Miller and Reddin, came to the station a short time ago accompanied by a priest and administered the last sacraments to the three men, who are in a dying condition. In the basement of the station there are some 10 Socialists who are having their wounded attended to. The following is a list of the killed and wounded among the police:

Joseph Stanton, John McMahan, F. Steele, Author Connelly, Charles Whitney, George Miller, J. H. Wilson, H. Halverson, Ed. Barrett, J. Mitchell, Charles Fink, John A. Dyer, Miles Murphy, John Reed, P. Sullivan Thomas Reddin, H. Kruger, Joseph Norman, F. Halda, John Henson, A. Flavin, N. J. Shannon.

THE CAUSE OF THE TROUBLE.

Inspector Bonfield has just been seen at the Desplaines street station, and says concerning to-night's trouble in the Old Hay Market: After Parsons had concluded his speech, Sam Fielding, another notorious Socialist, mounted the wagon and began to address the crowd. His address was of the most inflammatory description. He called on the men to arm themselves and to assert their rights. He finally became so violent that word was sent to the station which was only a block distant, and Inspector Bonfield at the head of 125 men marched to the place where the meeting was in progress. Bonfield called upon the crowd to disperse, and Fielding shouted out to them from the wagon: "To arms!"

The officer once more called on them to disperse, when suddenly from behind the wagon which was 15 feet from the front rank of police two bombs were thrown in between the second and third ranks of men, with the effect already stated. The second firing which was heard about an hour ago proved to be nothing of consequence. No one was hurt.

On a table in the station house where the wounded policemen are, one poor fellow lies with terrible bullet wounds in his breast. A few feet distant a man with tattered clothes and a mortal wound in his side is lying insensible on a cot. Around the room on chairs with their legs bandaged up and resting on supports of different kinds, are some 15 or 20 officers who were wounded by the bombs. Not a groan or complaint is heard from any of them.

Another officer who was found in a doorway where he had been carried, or where he dragged himself, has just been brought in frightfully wounded. There are same 20 of the Socialists in the cells in the basement. Nearly all of them are wounded, and one of them, a young fellow of about 20, is dead.

Sentence of Saloon Keepers.

Hon. F. M. Hubband, District Judge of the Eighth Judicial District of Iowa, in passing a sentence upon some liquor dealers for violation of the prohibitory laws of the State said:

"While there are greater crimes known to the law which are punishable with great severity, there are none which involve more of those qualities known as despicable meanness and audacity than the selling of intoxicating liquor.

"There is something in the taking of human life by violence so instantaneous that it shocks and terrifies the minds of all, and yet we look upon the man who takes human life quite as surely, but by slow, lingering process—if not without condemnation, at least with horror. You who stand before the Court for sentence are in every moral sense murderers, and you are within the spirit, if not the letter guilty of manslaughter; for the law says that whoever accelerates the death of a human being unlawfully is guilty of the crime. Your bloated victims upon the witness stand, and who undoubtedly committed perjury to screen you from the law, not only abundantly testifies that you are accelerating death, but that you are inducing men to commit still greater crimes than your own.

"You still maintain the appearance of respectability, but how morally leprous and scrofulous you are inwardly! The ruin, poverty and idleness you are inflicting upon this community declare as from the housetops that you are living in idleness, and eating the bread of orphans watered with widows' tears; you are stealthily killing your victims and murdering the peace and industry of the community, and thereby converting happpy, industrious homes into misery, poverty and rags.

Anxious wives and mothers watch and pray in tears nightly with desolate hearts for the coming home of your victims, whom you are luring with the wiles and smiles of the devil into midnight debauchery.

"In fine, one can have no adequate conception of a cataract until he has seen Niagara, nor of the terrible fury and grandeur of a storm in mid-ocean until he has witnessed one; so no one can know the utter degradation and total depravity to which his species can be brought until he looks upon the desolate ruin caused by your hellish traffic.

"You are persistent, defiant lawbreakers; and shamelessly boast that, in defiance of the law and moral sense of the community, you will continue in your wicked and criminal practices.

"It has therefore now become the imperative duty of this Court to let fall upon you so heavily the arm of the law, that you shall be driven from your nefarious traffic, or ruined in your fortunes of wicked prosperity. You have become a stench to the nostrils of the community, and all good men are praying that you be speedily removed or summarily destroyed. By the providence of God and the favor of the court, these prayers shall be speedily answered by signal and exact justice to your crimes.

"And finally, let me entreat you, if you are not lost to every sentiment of humanity, to desist from your criminal vagabond traffic and betake yourselves to some honest calling for a livelihood; and you may yet become virtuous, useful citizens, and entitled to the respect of a Christian community; while if you persist in this way, your ruin is certain, and you will receive, as you deserve, the execration of mankind.

"You may think that the sentence of the Court is harsh and unjustly severe, but the Court assures you that, compared with your crimes and desolation you have already brought upon the community, it is mild in the extreme."

Violent Death.

HUNTINGDON, April 29.—William G. Wilson, one of the proprietors and editors of the Saxton *Herald*, met with a violent and sudden death this morning. While driving near his home in West township, this county, his horse became frightened and ran away, throwing him out of his vehicle and breaking his skull and neck. He was but nineteen years old.

Europe is said to have an available military force of 9,000,000 soldiers.

Fifty Years Ago.

The winter apparel of boys even fifty years ago would be an interesting subject. We lack the pen of General Oliver to do it justice. The change from those days to the present is something wonderful. India-rubber boots and shoes were not then invented; great coats were among the rare things; boys' clothes were generally made over from dad's dress coat; trousers were cut down and traveled through successive boys and finally cut up to piece other clothes. Boy tailors were unheard of. Seamstresses passed from house to house and fixed over the boys' clothes, cut down and made over, etc. If a boy had a grandmother, he could count perhaps on a pair of woolen mittens; otherwise he went without. To purchase such things was little thought of. In the houses no furnaces, few stoves, bedrooms as cold and colder than barns nowadays: warming pans for beds at night in constant use, as the bedclothes were like two cakes of ice. Washing was done by first breaking through the ice found in the pitcher over night. All cooking done by wood fires, and better done than that of the present day, in spite of our modern improvements.

All that can be said of the boy of half a century ago is that the fittest lived. No wonder that consumption claimed its thousands and tens of thousands, both old and young. The wonder to us of to-day is how any one ever lived through the winters of those days; and yet the boys in my opinion, had a better time, had more real enjoyment than is the case with boys of to-day. Toys, sleds, skates, balls and marbles were costly and rare. The boys saved their pennies for a whole year to be able to buy a pair of skates. Christmas presents were unknown. New year perhaps, brought round something, and then most generally a something useful rather than playful. To-day boys no longer treasure their things. They get them for the asking, without effort on their own part, and they are consequently held in light esteem. This has engendered carelessness, dependence and want of forethought in our boys. The future seems all cut out for them. They have only to sail along the placid stream of life, and when trials and financial disaster come, as they do to most all of human kind sooner or later in life, there is less manliness and tenacity of purpose—in fact, less integrity—than formerly. When I went to Charles W. Green's school in Jamaica Plains, I had six cents a week pocket money, on condition I would put three cents each week in the bank. There was no room here for extravagant expenditure, and my parents did not intend there should be, but I got more out of my three cents than boys do today out of three dollars—that is, of real satisfaction. The subject is an endless one in all its bearings and no less interesting than of advantage as displaying the trials and hardships of our fathers.

Smoothing the Waters With Oil.

The reports received at the hydrographic office from mariners of their success in using oil upon troubled seas are on the increase and show that the practice is meeting with general favor.

Captain Lewis of the brig Maria W. Norwood, reports that on February 4, he encountered a heavy gale and had to heave-to. Three bags filled with pine oil were hung over at the bow, waist and stern and not a drop of water came on board afterward for three days. The oil spread well to windward as the vessel drifted. The captain and mate declare that they will buy oil for this purpose out of their own pockets rather than to go to sea without it.

Captain Tregnathen, British Steamship Marmanhense, reports that on March 2, off Hatteras, when in a very strong northwest wind, he used oil with good results. After using the oil he says, the vessel rode much more easily, could be kept head to the sea, and no water came on board, the sea being without combers for thirty yards to windward of her. "I shall be ready," he says, to use oil, and feel no hesitancy in stating that with the proper use of oil I will be perfectly willing to encounter the hardest gale that ever blew," and intends on the first occasion that offers itself, to stop the engines, place several oil bags to windward, and let the vessel drift as she will, feeling sure that the vessel will be as safe and comfortable as possible. I only regret not having tried the experiment before, as opportunities have offered themselves, and wonder that ship owners, in the face of so many successful experiments, fail to supply their ships with appliances for this purpose. Bark James A. Borland reports that she met terrible weather on her passage from Brazil. Captain Davis says that the hurricane which visited New York during the latter part of February struck his vessel on the 26th of that month, when she was in the middle of the Gulf stream off Cape Hatteras. It lasted for two days and came again on March 2, and again on March 10, when the vessel was on the eastern edge of the Gulf stream; much of the time the decks were submerged and the vessel had to be kept before the wind. It was necessary to calm the violence of the sea in some way, and Captain Davis had resort to the use of linseed oil. He placed large pieces of oakum saturated with oil in bags, and let the oil drip slowly into the sea. The effect was marvelous, the oil completely breaking the edge and sharpness of the waves.

Remakable Salt Deposits.

In Lincoln county, on the Rio Virgin, is one of the most remarkable deposits of rock salt on the continent. It is found in hills 500 feet above the level of the valley, and chemically pure. Blocks of it over a foot square are so transparent that one may read a paper through them. So solid is this salt that it must be blasted out the same as if it were rock. This deposit of salt lies about three-quarters of a mile west of the Rio Virgin and three miles south of the Morman village of St. Thomas. There a body of this salt is exposed for a length of nearly two miles, which is about half a mile wide and unknown depth. The deposit runs north and south, and is seen on the surface for a distance of over nine miles. In place the canons have cut through it to a depth of sixty feet. At these points the Hiko company formerly blasted out the salt required in working their ores. This great deposit of salt is situated at an altitude of 1,100 feet above the level of the sea. It is undoubtedly very ancient, as in one place it has been coverered by a flow of basaltic rock. In other places it is covered to a depth of from one to five feet with volcanic trifa. At Sand Springs, in Churchill county, besides the salt that may be shoveled up from the surface, there is found a deposit of rock salt fourteen feet in depth. This salt is as transparent as the clearest ice, and does not contain a particle of any foreign or deleterious substance. It may be quaried the same as if it was marble. It is said that one man can quarry and wheel out five tons a day of this salt. It is only necessary to grind it to render it fit for table or dairy use. Sixty or seventy miles north of this, at the eastern base of the Dun Glen rage of mountains, is the great Humboldt salt field. This is about fifteen miles long and six wide. In summer, when the surface water has evaporated, salt to the depth of three or four inches can be scraped up from the surface. Beneath the surface is a stratum of pure rock salt of unknown depth. This rock salt is so hard that in order to get it out rapidly it is necessary to blast it. Were a branch railroad to run to one of these deposits, salt would soon be a cheap article in the United States. As there are in the same localities great quantities of soda, borax and other valuable minerals, it is probable that the day is not far distant when some of them will be tapped by branch railroads which could be cheaply laid down through the level districts.—*Dayton (Nev.) Reporter.*

The Slaves of Drink.

Guthrie says of the slaves of drunkeness, "Of all slaves they are the most helpless. Other sins drown conscience, but this, reason and conscience too. More, perhaps, than any other vice, this blots out the vestiges of that divine image in which we were originally formed, and reduces man to the lowest degradation—lower than a beast. Smites him with the greatest impotency, in such slavery as that of iron to a magnet is the poor besotted drunkard to his cups. He who is a slave to man may regain his self respect, cherish his wife and love his children; and raising his fettered hands in prayer to Heaven, may preserve and present in his very chains the image of God; but yonder wretch with beggary hung on his back, dissipation stamped on his bloated face—dead to shame, or, hanging his head, and passing old acquaintances with averted eye—degraded before the world, and expelled forom the communion of the church—lying in the gutter—or beating his wife, or cursing his flying children, and in his sober moments cursing himself—ah! he is a slave indeed. What hope for the man who reels up to the bar of judgment, and staggers drunk into his Maker's presence? Let his fate excite your fears as well as your pity. I say with the Apostle, "Let him that thinketh take heed lest he fall." Have I not seen many, whose spring budded with the fairest promises, live to be a shame and a sorrow, and a deep disgrace? And, though it were revealed from heaven that you yourself should never fall, is there nothing due to others? Does not the bloody cross, with its blessed victim call upon every Christian to live not to himself but to think of others' welfare as well as his own? Every man must judge for himself; to his own Master he standeth or he falleth. But when I think of all the beggary, and misery, and shame, and crime, and sorrow, of which drunkenness is the prolific mother, of the many hearts it breaks, of the happy homes it curses, of the precious souls it ruins, I do not hesitate to say that the question of abstinence deserves the prayerful consideration of every man, and that, moreover, he appears to me to consult most of the glory of God, the honor of Jesus, and the best interests of his fellow men, who applies to all intoxicating stimulants the apostolic rule, Touch not, taste not, handle not. In regard to no sin can it be so truly said that our adversary, the Devil, as a roaring lion, walketh about seeking whom he may devour.

Peter Cooper's Illustration of Usury.

Mr. Cooper was always a careful and prudent business man. He was always opposed to the methods of many merchants, who launched out in extravagant enterprises or borrowed money, for which they paid exorbitant rates of interest. Once, while talking about a project with an acquaintance, the latter said he would have to borrow the money for six months, paying interest at the rate of three per cent. a month.

"Why do you borrow for so short a time?" Mr. Cooper asked.

Because brokers will not negotiate bills for longer."

"Well, if you wish," said Mr. Cooper, "I will discount your note at that rate for three years."

"Are you in earnest?" said the would be borrower.

"Certainly I am. I will discount your note for $10,000, for three years, at that rate. Will you do it?"

"Of course I will said the merchant.

"Very well," said Mr. Cooper, "just sign this note for $10,000, payable in three years, and give your check for $800 and the transaction is complete.

"But where is the money for me?" asked the astonished merchant.

"You don't get any money was the reply. "Your interest for thirty-six months at three per centum per month, amounts to one hundred and eight per centum, or $10,800; therefore your check for $800 just makes us even."

The force of this practical illustration of such an exhorbitant price for the use of money was such that the merchant determined never to borrow at such ruinous rates, and he frequently used to say that nothing could have so fully convinced him as this rather humorous proposal by Mr. Cooper.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This Powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in* CANS. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., N. Y. may3tf.

IMPORTED

STALLIONS.

My CLYDESEALE STALLION, six years old, bay in color, will stand, beginning April 12th, at Jenner X Roads the first week, the second week at my farm beginning April 19th, and week about throughout the season, at

$15.00 INSURANCE.

NORMAN PERCHERON STALLION, five years old, black iron-gray, will stand as follows: The first week, beginning April 12th, at my farm, the 2d, April 19th at Jenner X Roads, and week about during the season, at

$20.00 INSURANCE.

Parties breeding to above horses and losing their colts, will only be charged half rates; losing mare and colt, no charge.

Of the the above horses, will say that no two finer ones stand in the State, and I consider my Percheron Horse the best one I ever saw. Both horses will weigh about a ton each, with great action, fine style, bone and make-up. It will pay any farmer to go twenty miles to breed to either of the above horses, as I have seen the colts by both, and never saw a good one before. Parties from a distance, wishing to remain over night, will be kept free. Hambletonian Stallion,

ALHAMBRA

Will also stand at my farm, at $25 Insurance.

P. HEFFLEY.

apr21-2m.

PLAIN FACTS!

IT IS A FACT—That no matter how severe your Rheumatism or how long you have suffered, you can get relief, and what's more, get it permanently—"for keeps," as the boys tersely put it.

IT IS A FACT—That thousands have had this glad experience, and now rejoice in perfect health. We can show you the testimonials of many such.

IT IS A FACT—That the

RUSSIAN RHEUMATISM CURE

does the business and has done it successfully every time it has been tried according to directions.

IT IS A FACT—That this remedy, though comparatively new in our country, has been used very many years in some parts of Europe, and with wonderful success.

IT IS A FACT—That the Russian Rheumatism Cure has the endorsement of eminent European physicians and Government sanitary commissions, without which it could not be publicly sold in some of those countries.

IT IS A FACT—That HENRY M. FRANK of St. Philadelphia, suffered for years with rheumatism in the arms and shoulders. He says: I tried every thing, but nothing helped until I bought the R. R. Cure. It cured me completely and very quickly."

Descriptive pamphlet, with testimonials, free.

Price $2.50. If mailed, 10c. additional. If registered, 10c. more.

As yet it is not to be found at the stores, but can only be had by enclosing the amount as above, and addressing the American proprietors.

PFAELZER BROS. & CO.

819-821 Market Street, Philadelphia.

LIME! LIME!

The Farmer's Lime Company, Limited, will sell at their kilns, or load on cars,

GOOD LIME

At 8 cents per bushel, or deliver it as Low as the Lowest to all Railroad Stations and Sidings in the County, and on the Berlin Branch much lower. *Satisfaction Guaranteed.* It is the Gray Ferriferous Lime, which is known by Practice and Science to be the Strongest and Best for Agricultural Purposes. All orders promptly filled.

Address, HENRY S. WALTER,
dec24-1yr Garrett Somerset Co., Pa.

TWO LETTERS

One of our most intelligent Chester County customers writes us under date of Jan. 26th, as follows:

"Acidulated Rock shows bad effects. It permanently injures the soil and ultimately renders the ground almost worthless except to raise sorrel and other weeds."

DISSOLVED BONE ROCK

or ACID PHOSPHATE is not a complete manure, and when used as such, it *does* impoverish the soil. It is valuable *only* for its Soluble Phosphoric Acid, and contains *no* Ammonia. It is often called "Soluble Bone," "Mineral Bone," "Fossil Bone," etc.

Extract from a Lancaster County letter received January 27th:

"Farmers here indorse the value of BAUGH'S 325 PHOSPHATE, not only for cereals but also on grass and for the permanent improvement of the soil."

BAUGH & SONS

SOLE MANUFACTURERS OF THE CELEBRATED

Baugh's 325 Phosphate

Office, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

ASTHMA CURED!

A SINGLE TRIAL convinces the most skeptical

GERMAN ASTHMA CURE

Instantly relieves the most violent attack; insures comfortable sleep; effects cures where all other remedies fail. No waiting for results. Its action is immediate, direct and certain, and a cure is effected in all CURABLE CASES. It is permanently cured me. Refer to me at any time." *Hon. S. Lott, St. Paul, Minn.*

"I am entirely restored to health by German Asthma Cure." *Thos. Fitzer, Hamilton, Ohio.*

"German Asthma Cure is all you claim for it. It never fails." *Prof. E. Von Fingerlin, Greenville, S. C.*

"My physician recommended German Asthma Cure. It cured me." *Rev. H. L. Tetrick, Londonderry, Ohio.*

Thousands of similar Letters on file. Ask any druggist about it.

German Asthma Cure is sold by all druggists at 50c. and $1, or sent by mail on receipt of price. Trial package free to any address for stamp. R. SCHIFFMAN, M.D., St. Paul, Minn.

CATARRH

ELY'S CREAM BALM IS WORTH $1.000 TO ANY MAN, WOMAN OR CHILD Suffering from CATARRH, HAY-FEVER

—A. E. NEWMAN, Grayling, Mich.

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable to use. Price 50 cents by mail or at Druggists. Send for circular: ELY BROS., Owego, N. Y.

WOODVALE POULTRY YARDS,

JOHNSTOWN, PA.

HESSELBEIN & ADAMS, PROPRIETORS.

BREEDERS OF

BROWN LEGHORNS AND LIGHT BRAHMAS.

Eggs for hatching, from first-class stock, $1.50 per 13 eggs, packed in baskets. Orders booked now. Delivered when desired. mar10-3m.

RED STAR TRADE MARK. COUGH CURE

Free from Opium, Emetics and Poison.

SAFE. SURE. PROMPT. 25 Cts.

THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

ST. JACOBS OIL TRADE MARK.

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY For Pain Cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Headache, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, etc. etc. PRICE, FIFTY CENTS. AT DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

Edward Everett Hale on Education.

I came home from school at the end of the first month with a report which showed that I was ninth in a class of fifteen. That is about the average rank which I generally had. I showed it to my mother, because I had to. I thought she would not like it. To my great surprise and relief, she said it was a very good report. I said I thought she would be displeased, because I was so low in the class. "Oh," she said, "that is no matter. Probably the other boys are brighter than you. God made them so, and you cannot help that. But the report says you are among the boys that behave well. That you can see to, and that is all I care about." The truth was that at the end of the report there was a sort of sub-report of "Rank as regards conduct alone," as if conduct alone were not the most important affair in earth or heaven.

In conclusion he says that his experience with schools and with the college teaches him to distrust all the mechanism of education. One comes back to Mr. Emersons words, "It is little matter what you learn, the question is, with whom you learn." "There are teachers to whom I am profoundly and eternally indebted. Of all those with whom I have ever had to do, I owe the most to my father, my mother, and my older brother."—*The Forum.*

Rosecrans Accused of a Grave Offence

WASHINGTON, April 29.—The principal charge against Gen. Rosecrans upon which his confirmation as Register of the Treasury is held by the Senate, is said to be subornation of perjury in connection with alleged public land frauds in California. The Senate has been informed that the facts are of record in the Supreme Court, and a committee is to investigate them.

When irritation of the throat causes a tickling cough, use Red Star Cough Cure, which will effect immediate and permanent relief. One of Brooklyn's Board of Health officers recommends it as purely vegetable and perfectly harmless. Price 25c.

WHY WILL YOU cough when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief. Price 10 cents, 50 cents, and $1. G. W. Benford & Son.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

SHILOH'S CURE will immediately relieve Croup, Whooping Cough and Bronchitis. Geo. W. Benford & Son.

We should have better preaching if the preachers were all sound and healthy men. Calvin may have had the dyspepsia, but it did him no good as a theologian. A Methodist Minister, of Hartford, Conn., writes that Dr. Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy" cured him of chronic liver disease and indigestion. His brethren of all denominations are respectfully invited to note the fact. Sick preachers are in poor condition to proclaim the gospel news. Sound bodies are wanted.

FOR DYSPEPSIA and Liver Complaint, you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure. G. W. Benford & Son.

You can't work to much purpose unless you are well, but you can build up your health and strength with Parker's Tonic, and work will then become easy. It sets the lungs, liver and kidneys in working order. Coughs and colds vanish before it. Take it in time.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria and Canker Mouth. G. W. Benford & Son.

The Indian population of this country is said to be diminishing at the rate of 5,000 or 6,000 a year.

I was troubled with catarrh for fifteen years. Ely's Cream Balm has opened my nostrils and reduced the inflammation—my eyes can now stand strong light.—N. Fegley, Wilkesbarre, Pa.

"HACKMETACK" a lasting and fragrant perfume. Price 25 and 50 cts. G. W. Benford & Son.

"DOZENS of letters a day pour in upon Dr. David Kennedy, of Rondout, N. Y., from people who have been benefitted by using his popular preparation called Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. And they often illustrate what this remarkable medicine accomplishes in some new and hitherto untried field of operation. Not infrequently patients come long distances to grasp the Doctor by the hand and express their gratitude for deliverance from pain."—Troy (N. Y.) *Daily Times.*

A NASAL INJECTOR free with each bottle of Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents a bottle. G. W. Benford & Son.

How many bald heads you see. Work, worry, disease, dissipation. These do it. Parker's Hair Balsam stops falling hair and restores gloss and youthful color. Exceptionally clean, elegant, a perfect dressing, not greasy. Prevents dandruff.

ARE YOU MADE MISERABLE by indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. G. W Benford & Son.

For several years I have been troubled with catarrh. Ely's Cream Balm has proved to be the article desired. I believe it the only cure.—L. B. Coburn, Merchant, Towanda, Pa.

THE REV. GEO. H. THAYER, of Bourbon, Ind. says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE." Sold by G. W. BENFORD & SON.

A lady attended a funeral in a country church. After the singing of a hymn a man who was sitting beside her remarked: "Beautiful hymn, isn't it, ma'am? The corpse wrote it."

St. Jacobs Oil deadens pain and makes the lame walk. Major Arnold, of the Occidental Hotel, San Francisco, Cal., was completely cured of rheumatism by its use.

My daughter and myself, great sufferers from catarrh, were cured by Ely's Cream Balm. My sense of smell is restored.—C. M. Stanley, Shoe Dealer, Ithaca, N. Y.

Vermont produced over 10,000,000 pounds of maple sugar this year.

DYSPEPSIA

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

Trade Mark. QUALITY MAJORITY NOT QUANTITY On Every Bottle. THE GREAT TONIC

PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.

Quickly and completely cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Want of Appetite, Lack of Energy, Impure Blood, Malaria, Chills and Fever, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Nervousness, Weakness, and all diseases requiring a tonic. It enriches the blood, strengthens the muscles, and gives new life to the nerves. It is the best remedy for Diseases peculiar to Females, and is unequaled by any other preparation for Children. Rev. J. T. SHERRY, Pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, Baltimore, says: "Having used Brown's Iron Bitters in my family, I can recommend it as a valuable tonic, and especially good for females." HON. JOSEPH C. MATTHEWS, Clerk Court, Clinton Co., Pa., says: "I have been greatly benefited by the use of Brown's Iron Bitters for Dyspepsia, and can recommend it to all sufferers as a reliable tonic." Rev. J. T. SHERRY, Pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, Baltimore, says: "Having used Brown's Iron Bitters in my family, I can recommend it as a valuable tonic, and especially good for females." HON. JOSEPH C. MATTHEWS, Clerk Court, Clinton Co., Pa., says: "I have been greatly benefited by the use of Brown's Iron Bitters for Dyspepsia, and can recommend it to all sufferers as a reliable tonic." Genuine has above trade-mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

THE LOWEST RATES

ON THROUGH TICKETS WEST AND SOUTHWEST, Via

THE GREAT WABASH ROUTE

For full information of the route, where to obtain Government Land Maps, Etc., A. M. BEACHENBRIDGE, Cent. Pass. Ag't., Cor. 7th Ave. & Smithfield Sts., PITTSBURGH, PA.

ALBERT A. HORNE. J. SCOTT WARD.

HORNE & WARD

SUCCESSORS TO

EATON & BROS.

NO. 27 FIFTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

FALL AND WINTER, 1885-1886.

NEW GOODS

EVERY DAY SPECIALTIES

—IN—

Embroideries, Laces, Millinery, White Goods, Handkerchiefs, Dress Trimmings, Hosiery, Gloves, Corsets Muslin and Merino Underwear, Infants' and Children's Clothing, Fancy Goods, Yarns, Zephyrs, Materials of All Kinds for FANCY WORK,

Gents' Furnishing Goods, &c., &c.

YOUR PATRONAGE IS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED

Orders by Mail attended to with Promptness and Dispatch

FASHIONABLE CUTTER & TAILOR,

Having had many years experience in all branches of the Tailoring business, I guarantee Satisfaction to all who may call upon me and favor me with their patronage. Yours, &c.,

WM. M. HOCHSTETLER, Somerset, Pa.

mar3

SOMERSET LUMBER YARD.

Office and Yard at Somerset, Op. S. & C. R. R. Station.

ELIAS CUNNINGHAM,

Manufacturer and Dealer, Wholesaler and Retailer of

LUMBER AND BUILDING MATERIALS,

HARD AND SOFT WOODS,

OAK, ASH, CHERRY, CHESTNUT, POPLAR, WALNUT, YELLOW PINE, WHITE PINE, SIDINGS, FLOORING, SHINGLES, LATH, PICKETS, SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MOULDINGS, STAIR RAILS, BALUSTERS, NEWEL POSTS

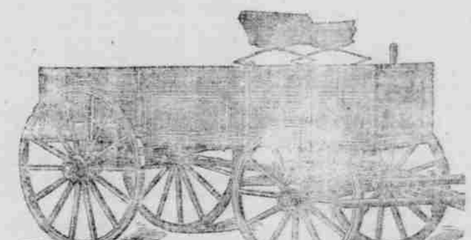
A General Line of all grades of Lumber and Building Material and Roofing Slate kept in Stock. Also can furnish anything in the line of our business to order with reasonable promptness, such as Brackets, Odd-sized work, &c.

ELIAS CUNNINGHAM,

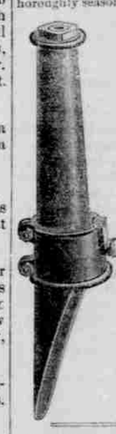
Offices and Yard Opposite S. & C. R. R. station, Somerset, Pa

THE OLD RELIABLE SCHUTTLER WAGON.

ESTABLISHED IN CHICAGO IN 1842.



I have just received two car loads of the Self-oiling Steel-skein Schuttler Wagons, the most complete Western Wagon in the market for Road or Farm Purposes. On the latter there is a Rear Brake, to be used when hauling hay or grain, a something that farmers know the necessity of when hauling on hilly farms. Every part of the Wood-work of his wagon has laid in Stock three years before being worked up, insuring the work to be thoroughly seasoned before being ironed. Being the patentees of the



DOUBLE COLLAR AND OIL CUPS,

It is the only Wagon made that has this improvement. It avoids the necessity of taking off the wheels to grease, as in the old style; by simply turning a cap the wagon can be oiled in less than five minutes. This Wagon wants to be seen to be fully appreciated, and parties wishing to buy will do well to see it before purchasing elsewhere.

EVERY WAGON FULLY INSURED.

In offering this make of Wagon to the public, will say I used the same make of Wagon for five years when freighting across the Rocky Mountains, over roads that were almost impassable, and they always stood the test. I feel warranted in saying I believe them the Best Wagon on wheels.

Call on Oliver Knepper or Henry Heffley, who will show you the Wagons.

AGENTS WANTED THROUGHOUT THE COUNTY.

P. HEFFLEY.

SOMERSET, MARCH 28, 1885.

LIGHT ON THE SUBJECT.

You can now buy Clothing that looks as well, wears as well, fits as nicely as goods made to order, while the cost is at least two-thirds less. We invite you to test these facts by dealing with

A. C. YATES & CO.

SIXTH AND CHESTNUT STREETS.

Best made Clothing in Philadelphia. mar2-4m.

CURTIS K. GROVE.

(East from Court House.)

Somerset, Penn'a.

Manufacturer of

BUGGIES, SLEIGHS, CARRIAGES, SPRING WAGONS, BUCK WAGONS, AND EASTERN AND WESTERN WORK

Furnished on Short Notice

Painting Done on Short Time.

My work is made out of Thoroughly Seasoned Wood, and the Best Iron and Steel, Substantially Constructed, Neatly Finished, and Warranted to Give Satisfaction.

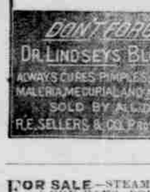
Employ Only First-Class Workmen.

Repairing of All Kinds in My Line Done on Short Notice. PRICES REASONABLE, and

All Work Warranted.

Call and Examine my Stock, and Learn Prices, I do Wagon-work, and furnish Spokes for Wheel-Mills. Remember the place, and call in.

CURTIS K. GROVE,
(East of Court House,)
apr30-1yr. SOMERSET, PA.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

PARKER'S TONIC

The best Cough Cure you can use. And the best preventive known for Consumption. It cures headache, and all pains. Cures Dyspepsia, Bowels, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys, Urinary diseases, all Female Complaints, and all blood diseases. Unequaled for building up the system, and also for keeping off disease. By its timely use of Parker's Tonic, but few sufferers will be found among those who have the timely use of Parker's Tonic, but few sufferers will be found among those who have the timely use of Parker's Tonic, but few sufferers will be found among