THE SULTAN'S TREASURES.

If you are in Constantinople, and the Sultan intimates that it would give him pleasure to open the doors of the treasury for your inspection you should not lose the opportunity. It is a privilege not easily obtained. Through the "August Gate," within the walls of the old seraglio, you can penetrate; over the lawns and around the trees of the janizaries you can wander; but at the "Gate of Health" a Turkish guard demands your firman—a talisman without which all entreaties are useless. If, after waiting, this firman is brought in by an aide-de-camp of the Sultan, what was civility becomes deference. The guards who a moment ago waved you aside that a black eunuch might pass and be saluted, now present arms to you, and another eunuch, a tall white fellow comes, forth to receive his highness' command.

To the treasury is but a step, and whence all those attendants suddenly spring is surprising. You are not, as you imagined, alone with the aide-de-camp and the white eunuch, for here are twenty or more guardians of the treasury ranged on either side of the massive doors. The ceremony of entering is in itself imposing. The locks are elaborate and the mechanism intricate. The chief of the guards unlocks one bolt, which he hands to a man on his right. A padlock he gives to an assistant on the left, then distributes one piece after another of the ponderous combination.

The door is thrown open, and the treasury is before you. At the entrance stands the famous throne, which in 1514 was captured from the shah of Persia. And it is here that you utter your first exclamations of wonder and admiration—expressions of feeling which increase in intensity as your eyes rest on the dazzling display, until words and thoughts fail to convey even to yourself any estimate of the wealth about you. This throne is perhaps three feet high and about the same across, and is one mass of diamonds, emeralds, rubies and turquoises. Over it is suspended a golden egg of more than a foot in diameter, and this egg sparkles and glitters with the precious stones with which it is studded. In the cases on every hand are rare treasures. Diamonds are everywhere—quarts of diamonds; there are turquoises around and between the diamonds—pecks of turquoises; and this is no exaggeration. There are emeralds of such wonderful size and value as to be beyond estimate. In two cases there are two emeralds, one the size of a man's clenched hand, the other flat and as large as a hand extended. There are sword hilts of solid emeralds. The famous jewel of Bangkok must be overshadowed in comparison.

To realize the pearls, imagine a table cover of beautiful pattern and exquisite embroidery, and then fancy that there had been a heil of pearls ten minutes and that they have all clung to this cover. That would be one piece of tapestry, and there are scores of them hanging in this room and the pearls are as large as peas. That was bead work in the reign of some Ottoman ruler.

There are gems in bulk; rare old china vases filled to the brim with huge emeralds; Japanese tureens overflowing with magnificent pearls; decorated plates heaped up with coral beads like ripe cherries; golden salvers blazing with the light of hundreds of immense diamonds; and scattered about with a lavish hand lie the pale and beautiful turquoises like blooming flowers, an unpretending bed for all this wondrous beauty.

There is a cradle in which ten sultans have rocked and whose every motion sent forth rays as brilliant as the glory of their career; their little school bags hang here and still shimmer in their crust of gems. Diamonds, diamonds—everywhere is the glitter of the diamonds. Surely they must have been guardians of the treasury who first dreamed of the "Arabian Nights." Presents from foreign magnates rival each other in value and splendor. Here is another jeweled throne, and over it hang a ruby and an emerald of fabulous size. An Indian rajah's gift, a marvel of beauty, is in height four inches only, but in design most exquisite.

A rajah is seated on a throne, and over the throne is a canopy; in front is a slave. The body of the rajah is a single pearl; the waist and trunk of the slave of another pearl of curious shape, the legs and arms are solid masses of diamonds. The effect is beyond description. You feel such surroundings; you cease to talk—what indeed can you say? Turn as you will, the diamonds flash at you, the rubies fire at you, the pearls soothe you, and the whole intoxicates you. You see the aide-de-camp smiling, but proud of his sultan's treasures, the accumulated treasure of over thirty rulers of the great Ottoman empire. With an odd mixture of half-formed thoughts you pass into another room. A golden column confronts you, a model of the Trajan monument, over six feet in height and eight inches in diameter; it is imposing but does not surprise you. You are prepared to see walls and floors of solid gold—you almost expect it. Over your head hang gold bird cages with clocks at their base. As is proper and becoming, the hours are indicated by diamond figures.

You mount to the gallery and look at the original costumes of a score of dead rulers. The robes are magnificently embroidered, the turbans are immense, diamonds are tangled in the plumes, and the sword hilts are single gems. The older the date the richer the dress, but all with turbans and robes, until the thirteenth sovereign adopts the fez and red trousers in use to-day.

There is yet another room of equal splendor. Your bewilderment increases as you move on, and when at last you are bowed out by those grave watchmen, you wonder if they are not all sultans, and if you have not been dreaming.

Died from a Scratch.

WASHINGTON, August 21.—Mrs. Lyles, wife of Contractor Henry Lyles, died last night in great agony. About three weeks ago, in endeavoring to attach a patent filtering hydrant and spigot nozzle, she scratched her hand, so slightly that no attention was paid to it. About two weeks ago the hand commenced to swell and inflammation set in. Last week an abscess formed on the back of the hand. It was immediately lanced, but the accumulation of pus afterward increased and blood-poisoning set in. The metal seems to have been made from a composition of brass and zinc.

A common cold should not be neglected. Down's Elixir will cure it. For sale by C. N. Boyd.

Horse Sense.

I never buy a horse with a low, narrow forehead. Such a forehead belongs to all vicious horses, kickers, bad runaways etc.—in fact, every vice is found in a horse with a low, narrow forehead, and never in the opposite. In the high and broad forehead we have a predominating cerebrum or intellectual brain. In the low and narrow forehead we have the predominating cerebellum or low brain. Never buy such horses on any account.

Suspending a sack (or anything else) behind a horse to prevent kicking is worse than ridiculous. Such an act is quite contrary to the commonest grooming, and in every point illogical. I have seen a basket tried instead of a sack. It ruined the animal. There is no education or training in such a foolhardy act.

Nothing is more true than the fact that the kind of bit used on a horse has very much to do with his conduct. Many horses will be fretful and unsteady with a chafing, sharp bit, that would otherwise be gentle and pleasant with a less severe one. A sharp severe bit is not the subduer of a horse's temper by any means. It does quite often excite many bad habits and unpleasant acts in a horse, which would be dormant if otherwise treated.

No horse requires so good and thorough a breaking as the family horse. A good family horse is one of the most valuable in the horse market at all times. Much of the family's comfort and safety depends upon the qualities of the family horse. None but a thoroughly broken, good-tempered animal should be used for a family horse.

There is no question in my mind as to the correctness of the assertion that a medium sized horse is in every respect the best for the farmer. He will do more work and last longer, and can be used occasionally for a roadster without injury.

An habitual rolling horse should have either a loose box or a narrow stall. A horse in a box stall would not be much better off than in an ordinary stall if tied. He should be loose. All horses in box stalls should be loose, as the name of a box stall suggests this.

How to Kill Moths.

The destruction of moths is one of the greatest vexations which careful housekeepers have to contend with, and their depredations are not to be remedied after they have once made inroads. Houses heated by furnaces are especialy predisposed to have moths, but every housekeeper must be on the watch for them, for, from the time that the windows begin to be left open, the trouble begins. Heavy carpets sometimes do not require taking up every year, unless in constant use. Take out the tacks from these, fold the carpets back, wash the floor in strong suds with a tablespoonful of borax dissolved in them. Dash with insect powder or lay with tobacco leaves along the edge and retack. All moths can be kept away and the eggs destroyed by this means. In grain or other carpets, after shaking, are brightened by sprinkling a pound of salt over the surface and sweeping carefully and thoroughly. It is also an excellent plan to wipe off the carpet with borax water, using a thick flannel cloth wrung tightly, taking care not to wet, but only to dampen. Open the windows and dry the carpet before replacing the furniture. Other woolens, including blankets and wearing apparel, must be beaten and brushed and folded smoothly. Be careful to clean every spot with ammonia water, not too strong and a dark woolen cloth. Tie pieces of camphor into little bundles and put one in each article. Wrap the articles in newspapers, as printers' ink is a good preventive of moths, and sew them up in strong sheeting bags, labeled, so it will not be necessary to open them during the summer, except for use. This is a good way for those who do not possess cedar boxes, and the articles need have no other care if every spot is treated as directed and the garments are not left hanging in the closet too long before putting away for the season.

To Destroy Vermin on Cattle.

The New York *Times* says:—"There two effectual means of exterminating these vermin, carbonic acid and sulphur. The old-fashioned remedy, mercurial ointment, is too dangerous to use, except in experienced hands, and then may do more harm than good, by absorption through the skin. Carbolic acid in the proportion of one part to 100 of warm, soapy water, is the safest and easiest remedy. The affected parts should be thoroughly washed with the mixture and dried with a soft cloth, and if a mixture of one part of the carbolic acid with fifty parts of raw linseed oil or sweet lard, is then applied to the skin and well rubbed into the hair or wool, nothing further need be done except in bad cases. A common application, and a good one, is a mixture of lard, one part of kerosene oil and one part of sulphur, well rubbed into the skin and hair. But something internal is required, and there is nothing better than a warm comforting mess of linseed or oat meal gruel given once a day, and a bellyful of good clover hay, with half a pint of corn meal. This will make new creatures of the suffering animals, whether they are cows or oxen, or calves or sheep.

It should be remembered that salt water is said to destroy lice completely on cattle, with no possible injury to the animal. Salt can always be obtained and conveniently applied, and carbolic acid and sulphur are not always at hand in a farmer's house.

When to Dig Potatoes.

Potatoes should be dug as soon as the tops have fairly ripened and died down. They make but little growth after that, and what they do make is at the expense of their eating quality. If the cellar is dark and cool they may be stored for winter use, and will keep in much better condition there than remaining undug in the ground. If the cellar is unfit to keep them in during the summer months they may be kept in a pit in the ground, taking care that the pit is so located as to be cool, and that no water can enter into it either from above or from springs below. If the potatoes are not put into barrels before pitting, the sides of the pit should be lined with straw, and in either case it should be ventilated by a pipe, or an air passage, in which is a bundle of straw. It is needless to say that the potatoes should be dry, and free from any adhering soil, before putting in the pit, and that any which have signs of decay should be carefully kept out.—*Boston Cultivator.*

A Native Feast in Tahit.

The native feast is so unlike anything within our own experience, that it might as well be described here. One was given to us by the German Consul General, but was entirely arranged and gotten up by Kanakas. Being conducted into the grounds of his spacious garden we found a rustic pavilion, built for the occasion; banana trunks served as uprights, decorated with vines and flowers. The roof was made of cocoanut leaves, which were interwoven and kept out the sun. We had nothing but mother earth and cocoanut mats for a table, but the cloth was a beautiful composition of theva (banana) and hibiscus leaves; these also served for plants and dishes and napkins. At each cover there was a cocoanut, opened, full of its milk to drink, a bowl of grated cocoanut flavored with salt and moist, in lieu of bread; a bowl containing a white sauce of cocoanut, salt water and shrimp, which gave a most delicious flavor to everything dipped into it, and one is expected to do this with all the eatables from A to Z. There was further a cocoanut bowl containing water to clean the natural knives and forks, viz., the fingers. The sitting down was done native fashion—crossing the legs, like a Turk, a feat quite difficult to accomplish without using the hands, but the native will do it most gracefully. The cooking had been done near by in a native oven. This is a hole dug in the ground, in which stones are heated. Upon these the eatables are cooked. The whole is covered with leaves and earth, just like a clam bake. There were fowls and sucking pigs. "Pois" made of breadfruit, taw, fees, and bananas, small fish, but raw—splendid with above described sauce. Sweet-water shrimps, large and of a deep red color; greens of taw tops cooked with bacon, and other dainties. As a bonne bouche we had a salad made of the heart of the young cocoanut tree—a delicacy which is as palatable as it is expensive—for taking out of the heart kills the life of the tree.

Birds Forced to take Medicine.

"He's got a sore eye," was the explanation of a clerk in a bird store who was carrying a little green squawking parrot. He cleaned it with a stick, and the parrot struggled to get away, uttering most doleful cries, but was firmly held until sufficiently treated, and was then put back in its cage, where it sat and sobbed and moaned pitifully. "We don't have many such cases to care for, and it's a good thing, for they are hard to manage. A sore eye is always dangerous, because we can't always be sure how it should be treated. Besides it spoils the value of the bird. Nobody wants to buy a sore-eyed parrot, and one that has a very bad eye is apt to forget how to talk. Parrots seem almost human when they get sick, for they cry and groan, and act dumpish, and will submit to medicine easily, unless it is very painful, and then they resist, just like the rest of the animal creation.

Other birds act differently. Wild birds will not take medicine. You have to force it down, duck them under water when they won't bathe, stuff the food down their throats when they won't eat, and so on. Canaries dislike doctoring, but are more intelligent, and take it more easily than other birds. Bobolinks are like them, only more obstinate, and mocking birds will sometimes die of sulleness rather than take drugs. They are hardy, stronger, and rarely sick. Red birds, though, are more delicate, and so wild they won't take medicine."

Five Days in Agony.

MARSHAL, Ill., Aug. 18.—One of the most horrible cases of suffering on record is reported from McKeon, six miles east of here. On the 6th of the month Davis Black, aged eleven years, was thrown from a horse and his arm broken in two places. An unskillful physician set it, leaving one of the bones protruding through the flesh. Mortification set in and soon spread to the child's shoulder and body.

After suffering the most awful agonies for five days and having his arm nearly eaten away by worms the sufferer died Sunday night, and the remains were buried at once. The surgeon has been warned to leave the country.

Rapid Transit in Idaho.

"Hello, old man, where are you bound?" inquired the conductor of an acquaintance in the smoking car.

"Going back East," was the response, rather sourly.

"Have you quit railroading out in Idaho?"

"Yes I have."

"What's the matter?"

"Oh, I don't want to run a locomotive in a country where towns die off so fast that in the place where we get our dinners one day the next day we stop as usual and look all around, but not a shanty is to be seen. I like my dinners regularly, I do, and no more Idaho in mine, please."

Ayer's Ague Cure, when used according to directions, is warranted to eradicate from the system all forms of malarial disease, such as Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Intermittent, Remittent and Bilious Fevers, and disorders of the liver. Try it. The experiment is a safe one, and will cost you nothing if a cure is not effected.

A Gay Lothario Sentenced.

LANCASTER, Pa., August 19.—Dr. S. S. Steiner, a well known physician of this county, was mysteriously missing some time ago and it was learned that he had departed for parts unknown in company with a Mrs. Helfrect. Detectives were put to work and finally succeeded in capturing the doctor at Robertown. He was brought back and promptly taken into court. He offered no evidence in his defence and the Judge imposed a sentence of $25 fine and costs and to undergo an imprisonment for one year.

The gloomy fears, the desponding views, the weariness of soul that many complain of, would often disappear were the blood made pure and healthy before reaching the delicate vessels of the brain. Ayer's Sarsaparilla purifies and vitalizes the blood, and thus conduces to health of body and sanity of mind.

If the "war horses" of his party become too previous, Cleveland is liable to make donkeys of them.

Arnica & Oil Liniment is very healing and soothing, and does wonders when applied to old sores. For Sale by C. N. Boyd, Somerset, Pa.

Cause For Alarm.

A young man carelessly formed the habit of taking a glass of liquor every morning before breakfast.

An older friend advised him to quit before the habit grew too strong.

"Oh, there's no danger; it is a mere notion. I can quit any time," replied the drinker.

"Suppose you try it to-morrow morning," suggested the friend.

"Very well; to please you, I'll do so. But I assure you there is no cause for alarm."

A week later the young man met his friend again.

"You are not looking well," observed the latter; have you been ill?

"Hardly," replied the other. "But I am trying to escape a dreadful danger, and I fear that I shall be before I have conquered. My eyes were opened to an imminent peril when I gave you that promise a week ago. I thank you for your timely suggestion."

"How did it affect you?"

The first trial utterly deprived me of my appetite for food. I could eat no breakfast, and was nervous and trembling all day. I was alarmed when I realized how insidiously the habit had fastened on me, and I resolved to turn square about and never touch another drop. The squaring off has pulled me down severely, but I am gaining, and mean to keep the upper hand after this. Strong drink will never catch me in his net again."

Life in an African Village.

The busiest time in an African village is when the long laboring wains drawn by spans of sixteen or twenty oxen are outspanner on the village commonage, and the *crouw* makes her three months' purchase of tea, sugar, and the inevitable coffee. This latter beverage is the beverage par excellence of South Africa. Coffee *veniente die*, coffee *decedente die* is the rule. The stores themselves in a small South African village are not the least remarkable feature about it. Almost everything that the wit of man can devise for the need of an agricultural population is there. There is a silk dress for the newly married wife, an American plow for the enterprising young farmer, there is a Remington rifle for the sportsman, and a box of peppermint for the young kindred. The amorous swain can purchase a gaudy saddle cloth to go upon his courting expeditions and a German ring for his inamorata. The village is astir from one end to another, and the excitement spreads even to the Civil Commissioner or resident magistrate. A mid all the gossip of the village I have rarely heard political matter discussed. If the Civil Commissioner is conferring cheek by jowl with a worthy burgher it is generally on the subject of a disputed water "furrow," or about the misdemeanors of the native servants, or oftener still about a buck and a guinea fowl expedition.

A Fearful Lightning Bolt.

Tor Cajetani is a little commune of the Frosinore jurisdiction, near Rome. On the 24th of July a party of farmers, men and women, were threshing corn on the threshing floor in front of the farm of Mr. Ascani, at that place. This spot was on the top of a high hill, surrounded by rocks and precipices. There is no house on the premises, only a little hut, looking like a sentry box at a distance. About sunset a furious storm burst upon the company of threshers. The small building could hardly hold five persons comfortably in the upper room, and five or six more in the lower one, which is a sort of grotto. The laborers, both men and women, hussied to obtain what shelter there was, and those who got in the building were packed like sardines in a box. A board was held over the door to keep out the wind and rain by the shoulders of the men. Many who could not find room inside stood with their backs against the wall outside, under the gutters of the little roof.

Suddenly a bolt of lightning struck the little house, tearing the roof and smashing the door. The thirty-eight persons who had squeezed inside were all prostrated. Thirteen were killed and twenty-five badly injured.

What Did the Women Wear?

It a remarkable fact that the petticoat was first worn by men, and that even in this age and generation men are loth to discard its flowing drapery. And we do not wonder this is so. There is a dignity in drapery, as well as grace and elegance. When Henry VIII went to meet Anne of Cleves he was habited, we read, "in a coat of velvet made somewhat like a frock, embroidered all over with flatted gold of damaske, with small laced mixed between, of the same gold, and other laces going traverse-wise, that the ground little appeared;" and in a description of a similar garment belonging to his father, Henry VII, we read of its being decorated with bows of ribbons, quite as a belle of the present day would adorn a ball-room dress. It is well known that the garment was at first not alone a skirt, but, as the name denotes, a little coat. We have only to look at Shakespearan characters to discover the skirts of men. And easily enough we trace them down through the ages. In the inventory of the effects of Henry V appears a "petticoat of red damask with open sleeves.

Along about this season of the year a man lays aside his religious training two or three times a day, in order to drive the hogs out of the garden in a proper manner.

The line that tailors hang clothes on—Masculine.

RED STAR TRADE MARK COUGH CURE
Absolutely Free from Opiates, Emetics and Poisons.
PROMPT, SAFE, SURE
Cures for Coughs, Colds and other Throat and Lung Affections.
50 CENTS A BOTTLE. AT DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.
THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Maryland, U.S.A.

ST. JACOBS OIL TRADE MARK
THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY
For Pain
Cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Backache, Headache, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises and other Pains and Aches.
Fifty Cents. At Druggists and Dealers.
THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Maryland, U.S.A.

ROYAL
ROYAL BAKING POWDER
BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.
This Powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in Cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., N. Y. may28tf.

DYSPEPSIA
Is a dangerous as well as distressing complaint. If neglected, it tends, by impairing nutrition, and depressing the tone of the system, to prepare the way for Rapid Decline.
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS
PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.
QUALITY PURITY QUANTITY On Every Bottle. Trade Mark
Quickly and completely Cures Dyspepsia in all its forms, Heartburn, Belching, Tasting the Food, &c. Enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, and aids the assimilation of food. REV. J. T. ROBERTS, the honored pastor of the First Reformed Church, Baltimore, Md., says: "Having used Brown's Iron Bitters for Dyspepsia and Indigestion, I take great pleasure in recommending it highly. Also consider it a splendid tonic and invigorator, and very strengthening."
Genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Sold by dealers generally. BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.
LADIES' HAND BOOK—useful and attractive, containing list of prizes for recipes, information about coins, etc., given away by all dealers in medicine, or mailed to any address on receipt of 3c. stamp.

BAXTER'S MANDRAKE BITTERS
Entirely VEGETABLE AND A SURE CURE FOR
COSTIVENESS
Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Diseases of the Kidneys, Torpid Liver Rheumatism, Dizziness, Sick Headache, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Eruptions and Skin Diseases.
Price, 25c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.
HENRY, JOHNSON & LOID, Props., Burlington, Vt.
FOR SALE BY C. N. Boyd, Somerset.

THE BEST
Hair restorative in the world is HALL'S HAIR RENEWER. It cures all diseases of the scalp, and stimulates the hair glands to healthful action. It stops the falling of the hair; prevents its turning gray; cures baldness, and restores youthful color and freshness of appearance to heads already white with age. The following are a few illustrations of what is done by
HALL'S Vegetable Sicilian HAIR RENEWER:
MRS. HUNSBERRY, 344 Franklin Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., after a severe attack of Erysipelas in the head, found her hair—already gray—falling off so rapidly that she soon became quite bald. One bottle of HALL'S HAIR RENEWER brought it back as soft, brown and thick as when she was a girl.
MR. KESLING, an old farmer, near Warsaw, Ind., had scarcely any hair left, and what little there was of it had become nearly white. One bottle of HALL'S HAIR RENEWER stopped its falling out, and gave him a thick, luxuriant head of hair, as brown and fresh as he ever had.
MRS. A. T. WALL, Greenfield, Cheshire, Eng., writes: "I have found the greatest benefit from the use of HALL'S HAIR RENEWER, it having restored my hair, which was rapidly falling off, and returned its original color."
DR. EMIL SEIF, Detroit, Mich., certifies that "HALL'S HAIR RENEWER is excellent for hair growing, and gives back the natural color to faded and gray hair."
MRS. S. E. ELLIOTT, Glenville, W. Va., says: "One bottle of HALL'S HAIR RENEWER restored my hair to its natural, youthful color."
No injurious substances enter into the composition of HALL'S HAIR RENEWER, and it is not a dye. Its vegetable ingredients render it in the highest degree beneficial to the scalp as a preventive of disease. Its effects are natural and lasting, and it does not make the hair dry and brashy, like the so-called restoratives compounded with alcohol.
Buckingham's Dye FOR THE WHISKERS
Is, in four respects, superior to all others.
1st—It will produce a rich, natural color, brown or black, as desired.
2d—The color so produced is permanent, cannot be washed off, and will not soil anything with which it comes in contact.
3d—It is a single preparation, and more convenient of application than any other hair or whisker dye.
4th—It contains no deleterious ingredients, as do many preparations offered for like use.
PREPARED BY R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H.
Sold by all Dealers in Medicines.

EXCELSIOR COOK STOVES
ALWAYS SATISFACTORY
EIGHTEEN SIZES AND KINDS
ALL PURCHASERS CAN BE SUITED
MANUFACTURED BY Isaac A. Sheppard & Co., Baltimore, Md.
AND FOR SALE BY R. B. Schell & Co., SOMERSET, PA.
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SOMERSET COUNTY BANK!
(ESTABLISHED 1877.)
CHARLE. J. HARRISON, President. M. J. PRITTS, Cashier
Collections made in all parts of the United States.
CHARGES MODERATE.
Parties wishing to send money West can be accommodated by draft on New York in any sum. Collections made with promptness. U. S. Bonds bought and sold. Money and valuables secured by one of Diebold's celebrated safes, with a Sargent & Yale $300 60 time lock.
ACCOUNTS SOLICITED.
All legal holidays observed.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Estate of Joel Miller, dec'd, late of Elklick Township, Somerset County, Pa.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned by the proper authority notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement on Thursday, Sept. 24, 1885, at the late residence of dec'd.

SAMUEL J. MILLER, ELIAS M. MILLER, Administrators.
Aug12.

"Rough On Coughs."
Ask for "Rough on Coughs," for Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness. Troches, 15c. Liquid, 25c.

"Rough on Rats."
Clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bedbugs, skunks, chipmunks, gophers. 15c. Druggist.

Heart Palms.
Palpitation, Dropsical Swellings, Dizziness, Indigestion, Headache, Sleeplessness, cured by "Wells' Health Renewer."

"Rough on Corns.
Ask for Wells' "Rough on Corns." 15c. Quick, complete cure. Hard or soft corns, warts, bunions.

"Rough on Pain" Porous Plaster;
Strengthening, improved, the best for backache, pains in chest or side, rheumatism, neuralgia.

Thin People.
"Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures Dyspepsia, Headache, Nervousness, Debility. $1.

Whooping Cough,
and the many Throat Affections of children, promptly, pleasantly, and safely relieved by "Rough on Coughs." Troches, 15c. Balsam, 25c.

Mothers,
If you are failing, broken, worn out and nervous, use "Wells' Health Renewer." $1. Druggists.

Life Preserver.
If you are losing your grip on life, try "Wells' Health Renewer." Goes direct to weak spots.

"Rough on Toothache."
Instant relief for Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache. Ask for "Rough on Toothache." 15 and 25c.

Pretty Women.
Ladies who would retain freshness and vivacity, don't fail to try "Wells' Health Renewer."

Catarrhal Throat Affections,
Hacking, Irritating Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, cured by "Rough on Coughs." Troches, 15c. Liquid, 25c.

"Rough on Itch."
"Rough on Itch" cures humors, eruptions, ringworm, tetter, salt rheum, frosted feet, chilblains.

The Hope of the Nation.
Children, slow in development, puny, scrawny, and delicate, use "Wells' Health Renewer."

Wide Awake.
three or four hours every night coughing. Get immediate relief and sound rest by using Wells' "Rough on Coughs." Troches, 15c. Balsam, 25c.

"Rough On Pain" Porous Plaster;
Strengthening, improved, the best for backache, pains in chest or side, rheumatism, neuralgia.

Killed His Father.

HACKETTSTOWN, N. J., August 22.—At 12 o'clock last night Luther Smith, aged 18 years, aroused Constable Morgan at Rockaway and delivered himself into his hands, saying he had killed his father, Thomas Smith, a farmer, aged forty-five, living at White Meadows. Developments to-day show a shocking domestic tragedy.

The family, consisting of father, mother, son and daughter, engaged in a game of dominoes and while playing the father became incensed at a play by his little daughter, who was his partner. He possessed a quick temper and soon became exceedingly angry. He struck the child and when his wife tried to pacify him struck her with a cane. The son interfered and was knocked down. Before he could get up the father was beating the family. The boy retreated to a bed room, and when his father followed with a heavy stick he seized a revolver and shot him dead. Smith has been regarded as a dangerous man, owing to his violent disposition.

Cure for Piles.
Piles are frequently preceded by a sense of weight in the back, loins and lower part of the abdomen, causing the patient to suppose he has some affection of the kidneys or neighboring organs. At times, symptoms of indigestion are present, as flatulency, uneasiness of the stomach, ect. A moisture, like perspiration, producing a very disagreeable itching, after getting warm, is a common attendant. Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles yield at once to the application of Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy, which acts directly upon the parts affected, absorbing the Tumors, allaying the intense itching, and effecting a permanent cure. Price 50 cents. Address, The Dr. Bosanko Medicine Co., Piqua, O. Sold by C. N. BOYD, Druggist, Somerset, Pa. dec.3-1y.

Bloody Work of a Madman.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 23.—A Salem (Ind.) special reports a terrible case of drunken madness. Fred Berkey, Jr., a son of one of the leading citizens of the place, while intoxicated appeared on the street and began an indiscriminate fusilade. He fired nine shots, aiming at whatever happened to be in range. Laura Kierner received two balls, one in the wrist and one in the shoulder; William McClanahan was shot through the hand; W. S. Percise sustained a flesh wound in the thigh; Jordan Payne received a ball through the body just below the heart and will probably die. Payne, when shot, was in a buggy with a companion. Dragging Payne from the buggy Berkey compelled the other man to drive on and attempted to escape. Finding this impossible he placed a pistol to his head and fired, killing himself. No cause is known for the bloody work except that Berkey was completely maddened by the liquor he had swallowed.

A Hen Convention.

Mr. J. M. McCann, of Bridgeport, W. Va., a contributor to poultry journals of the United States and Canada, and a large chicken raiser, says from experience that if St. Jacobs Oil is mixed with dough and fed to poultry suffering from chicken cholera, all that are able to swallow will be restored to health, and if saturated pills are forced down the throats of those that cannot swallow they will flap their wings and crow in your face.

Arrested for a Brutal Crime.

WILMINGTON, Aug. 19.—After having been released from New Castle Jail, where he had been confined nearly two months for carrying concealed deadly weapons, Thomas Tremont, alias Big Shine, colored, was arrested yesterday by Police Officer Kelly, of Camden, New Jersey. He was wanted on a charge of brutal assault upon a colored woman, committed in Camden last June. He is accused of tying a woman with a rope to a bedstead, blistering her body with a heated poker and then throwing vitriol upon the raw wounds. Recently he finished a ten-year term of imprisonment at Trenton for a crime of equal brutality.

The motto of the proprietors of Dr. Henry Baxter's Mandrake Bitters is "the greatest good to the greatest number," and so sell a large bottle of a valuable remedy for the small price of 25 cents, and warrant every bottle to give satisfaction or money refunded. For Sale by C. N. Boyd, the Druggist, Somerset, Pa.

The world owes every man a living, it is true, but it is a man's business to collect the debt.

G. W. BENFORD. C. H. BENFORD
DRUGS.
G. W. BENFORD & SON'S DRUG STORE,
NO. 1, BAER'S BLOCK.
We keep constantly on hand a stock of
PURE DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
Chemicals, Dyes, Toilet Articles and Sundries kept in a first-class Drug Store.
PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES,
Trusses, Braces, Supporters, and all leading appurtenances used both by Physicians and Families. TOBACCOS AND CIGARS, the best in the market from Domestic to Imported. PRESCRIPTIONS COMPOUNDED WITH CARE. FAMILY RECEIPTS FILLED CORRECTLY. All advertised medicines kept on hand. If not parties can depend on its arrival in a short time, as we pay great attention to all such demands. Our own make of HORSE AND CATTLE POWDER is beyond doubt the best in the market, 25 cts. per pound. We go to no expense of packing, labeling, advertising, &c., but keep in bulk. Any ingredient wanted specially can be added. Call and see for yourself, and be convinced we offer Bargains. G. W. BENFORD & SON intend doing a square business, and want all to see for themselves. No trouble to show our stock.
Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Use Only.

ESTABLISHED 1880.
FISHER'S BOOK STORE,
SOMERSET, PENN'A.
This well established, old and reliable Book, News and Stationery Store was moved on February 2d, 1885, from its old, cramped and insufficient quarters to the large, elegant and convenient new Store-Room directly opposite Cook & Beerits'. In these commodious quarters, specially fitted up for its occupancy, the stock of Books, News and Stationery has been very greatly enlarged. Special attention will be paid to the *Wholesale Trade*. School Books, School Supplies, Paper, Envelopes, Inks, Pens, Almanacs, Pencils, Blank Books, &c., will be bought in large quantities direct from manufacturers, which will enable this establishment to job to town and country merchants at such figures as will make it advantageous to buy here. To retail buyers, an almost innumerable line of goods will be offered. Always for sale an extensive and varied assortment of Poetical Works, Histories, Books of Travel, Novels, Lutheran and Disciples Hymn Books, Dictionaries, Children's Toy Books, Magazines, Reviews, Daily Papers, Story Papers, and a general line of reading matter.
Day School and Sunday School Reward Cards,
LAWYERS AND JUSTICES BLANKS, BLANK BOOKS, TABLETS, AND MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES.
MAIL ORDERS SOLICITED.
CHAS. H. FISHER.

SOMERSET LUMBER YARD.
Office and Yard at Somerset, On S. & C. R. R. Station.
ELIAS CUNNINGHAM,
Manufacturer and Dealer, Wholesaler and Retailer of
LUMBER AND BUILDING MATERIALS,
HARD AND SOFT WOODS,
OAK, ASH, CHERRY, CHESTNUT, POPLAR, WALNUT, YELLOW PINE, WHITE PINE, SIDINGS, FLOORING, SHINGLES, LATH, PICKETS, SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MOULDINGS, STAIR RAILS, BALUSTERS, NEWEL POSTS
A General Line of all grades of Lumber and Building Material, and Roofing Slate kept in Stock. Also, can furnish anything in the line of our business to order with reasonable promptness, such as Brackets, Odd-sized work, &c.
ELIAS CUNNINGHAM
Offices and Yard Opposite . & C. R. R. station, Somerset, Pa

THE BERLIN MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS
IS THE BEST PLACE TO BUY
MEMORIAL WORK
IN THE COUNTY, AND THE ONLY PLACE WHERE
STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS WORK

Can be purchased at a reasonable price. We claim to do *BETTER WORK*, set it up better, proportion it better, and SELL IT CHEAPER according to quality, than any other dealer in Western Pennsylvannia. If you want to be convinced that this is true, go to any Cemetery in the County, and compare the work done by the Berlin Works with that done elsewhere.
R. H. Koontz is the best man to deal with:
FIRST, Because he is *Fully Established in The Trade*, and is therefore doing a perfectly Reliable Business.
SECOND, Because his *Very Extended Experience*, and Artistic Skill, enables him to proportion his work better than others.
THIRD, Because he claims to be, *and can prove it by his Work and Numerous Patrons*, the Finest Carver, the Neatest Letterer, and the Best General Workman doing business in this section of country. feb18.

THE OLD RELIABLE
SCHUTTLER WAGON.
ESTABLISHED IN CHICAGO IN 1842.

I have just received two car loads of the Self-oiling Steel-skein Schuttler Wagons, the most complete Western Wagon in the market for Road or Farm Purposes. On the latter there is a Rear Brake, to be used when hauling hay or grain, a something that farmers know the necessity of when hauling on hilly farms. Every part of the Wood-work of this wagon has laid in Stock three years before being worked up, insuring the work to be horoughly seasoned before being ironed. Being the patentees of the
DOUBLE COLLAR AND OIL CUPS,

It is the only Wagon made that has this improvement. It avoids the necessity of taking off the wheels to grease, as in the old style; by simply turning a cap the wagon can be oiled in less than five minutes. This Wagon wants to be seen to be fully appreciated, and parties wishing to buy will do well to see it before purchasing elsewhere.
EVERY WAGON FULLY INSURED.
In offering this make of Wagon to the public, will say I used the same make of Wagon for five years when freighting across the Rocky Mountains, over roads that were almost impassable, and they always stood the test. I feel warranted in saying I believe them the Best Wagon on wheels.
Call on Oliver Knepper or Henry Heffley, who will show you the Wagons.
AGENTS WANTED THROUGHOUT THE COUNTY.
P. HEFFLEY.
SOMERSET, MARCH 28, 1885.

State Normal School,
INDIANA, Pa.
Will open for the new year
Monday, September 7, '85.
This is a thorough Professional School for teachers, presenting, also:
College Preparatory Department,
Music Department,
Commercial Department.
To be sure of a room it should be ordered early.
For information or catalogue, address,
L. H. DUBLING, A. M., Prin.

FASHIONABLE CUTTER & TAILOR,

Having had many years experience in all branches of the Tailoring business, I guarantee Satisfaction to all who may call upon me and favor me with their patronage.
Yours, &c.,
WM. M. HOCHSTETLER,
Somerset, Pa.
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WIN more money than at anything else by taking an agency for the best selling book out. Beginners succeed grandly. None fail. Terms free. HALLET BOOK CO., Portland Maine. mar28

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Our Stock Of
Drugs, Medicines, and Chemicals,
Is the Largest in the County. Having enlarged my Store-room, it is now suited to a rapidly increasing trade. I have increased my stock in
EVERY DEPARTMENT,
And Ask a Critical Examination of
*GOODS AND PRIC