



The following is the call of Chairman Cooper for the Republican State Convention.

ST. CLOUD HOTEL, PHILADELPHIA, June 11, 1885.

Pursuant to the rules of the party and the action of the State Committee of the Republican State Convention will be held in the hall of the House of Representatives, at Harrisburg, on the second Wednesday of July, the 8th, 1885, at 10 o'clock a. m.

Senatorial and Representative delegates will be chosen under the old apportionment act as Senators and Representatives are nominated in their respective districts.

By order of the Republican State Committee.

THOMAS V. COOPER, Chairman.

THE hearts of the people when ever an occasion offers turn toward Grant. The Republican State Convention of Ohio passed a resolution of profound sympathy by a unanimous vote.

OHIO SALOON-KEEPERS paid into the Treasury last year \$2,000,000 before the Supreme Court declared the law unconstitutional. The same court has declared that the money cannot be retained. The law is its mystery.

THE unparalleled glut shown by a surplus reserve of \$62,000,000 in the New York banks shows that the trouble with business is not a lack of money, but a lack of confidence to use that money in legitimate business enterprises.

THE mugwumps should feel encouraged by the success of their brother-in-law, Mr. George W. Julian. That ancient worthy being kicked only about twenty years ago, and, behold, he has his reward!

—Indianapolis Journal.

HON. HENRY W. BLAIR, of New Hampshire, was re-nominated for United States Senator, on the first ballot, by the Republican Legislative caucus of that State on Thursday last week. His election will follow as a matter of course.

HON. GEORGE HANDY SMITH, of Philadelphia, was elected as president pro tem of the Senate; and Senators Upperman, Williams, Reburn, Meredith and Osborne were selected by the Republican Senatorial caucus for the State Committee.

"We trust that Secretary Manning is making arrangements to part company with the whiskey ring," is the sententious way in which the Atlanta Constitution makes known the company the present Secretary of the Treasury is keeping.

THE Republican State Convention of Ohio last Thursday nominated Judge Joseph B. Foraker, of Cincinnati, for Governor, on the first ballot, and General Robert P. Kennedy for Lieutenant Governor. Judge George W. Mellvaine for Supreme Judge, John C. Brown for Treasurer, all by acclamation. J. A. Kohler, of Summit, was nominated for Attorney General, and Wells S. Jones, of Pike, for Board of Public Works.

THE Moneyed Capital bill has been amended so that if it becomes a law the taxes on mortgages, and evidences of indebtedness and moneyed capital will be three mills on the dollar, instead of four as now. It is probable that the difference in the tax rate will be more than made up by the greater thoroughness with which the tax will be collected on debts of record, the bill containing provisions for catching all that kind of property that cannot be easily evaded if the assessors make any pretense of doing their duty.

CERTAIN Democratic partisan newspapers are loud in their praise of Secretary Whitney for declaring his intention to investigate the large sums of money spent for repairs in some of the navy yards. But they neglect to state that his predecessor, Secretary Chandler, urged upon Congress the abolition of these same navy yards. While it may be very proper for Secretary Whitney to investigate, it would be nothing more than decent to say that Secretary Chandler had been there before, and after investigation urged that they be closed up.

THE apportionment of the State into Congressional, Senatorial and Legislative districts again falls to the ground through the veto of His Excellency, Robert E. Pattison. The bills were so fair and unpartisan as to command the support of many Democrats throughout the State, but the Governor does not seem to be able to comprehend that his accidental election does not make Pennsylvania a Democratic State, and that his party is not entitled to a majority of the Congressional delegation. The Senate passed the Congressional Apportionment bill over his veto, but when the matter came up in the House, although several Democrats voted for the bill, admitting its fairness, the veto was sustained by the votes of nearly all the Democrats, and some few Republicans who were disgruntled because the bill did not fix their local matters to their pleasure. The Republican majority of the Legislature, having offered fair bills, feel that they are not blameable and are perfectly content to let the Executive shoulder the responsibility of having defied all apportionment.

THE TIP OF THE WASHINGTON MONUMENT WAS STRUCK BY LIGHTNING FOR THE THIRD TIME SINCE ITS COMPLETION ON SATURDAY LAST, A FORCIBLE REMINDER THAT THE GREAT ALTITUDE OF THE STRUCTURE WILL EXPOSE IT FREQUENTLY TO SUCH DISRUPTIVE DISCHARGES OF ELECTRICITY.

The Nelson Monument in Edinburgh suffered a like stroke in 1863, but it has since apparently escaped injury from thunderbolts. Though ascending lightning is occasionally observed, the electric discharge usually strikes from above. The disintegration of stone receiving the discharge is due to the effect of induction, which occurs so instantaneously that the particles of stone (a very poor conductor) cannot quickly enough accommodate themselves to the new distribution of electricity. It will probably be found that the point of the monument attacked by the lightning was the uppermost strip of phosphor bronze in the vertical joints of the pyramidal roof.

THE Legislature adjourned sine die on Friday at 12 o'clock. The first part of the session was wasted in a do-nothing sort of a way that was not creditable to the members, but on the whole, the session will compare favorably with many that have gone before. Legislative enactments poured in upon the Executive Department during the last week; but 88 reached the Governor in the twenty-two weeks preceding, while 233 were messaged to him during the last few days. Out of the 321 Acts passed, more than one-third are appropriation or relief bills. Seventy-one acts received the Executive approval while 17 have been vetoed. Three of these have been passed over his vetoes and become laws. They are the Soldiers' Burial bill, and several items in the General Appropriation bill, and the Act providing for the payment of about \$27,000 to the officers, clerks and other employes of the Legislature of 1883. Some important measures, notably the anti-discrimination and bank examiner bills, failed of passage; but against these sins of omission must be set the record of having acceded to the request of the citizens of Philadelphia for the passage of the Ballitt bill, the bill decreasing that the procurement of a marriage license from the Clerk of the Orphan's Court must ante-date any legal joining in wedlock, the bill allowing criminals indicted for homicide or crimes of less degree to testify in their own behalf, the bill abolishing the toy pistol, and the most important bill of the session, which provides for the assessment and collection of taxes on moneyed capital and returns of personal property. Auditor General Niles estimates that this bill, if strictly enforced, will bring to the coffers of the Treasury between \$1,000,000 and \$1,300,000 annually. There has been a proviso exempting manufacturing corporations from taxation, which will reduce the amount about \$300,000, and a number of others of minor interest. Some few ridiculous bills were placed on the Statute books, but this is a piece of pleasure to every session of the Legislature is prone to indulge in and can, therefore, hardly militate greatly against this one. All in all, it has done some good work and left undone some that bore all the ear marks of being very bad.

GLADSTONE and Earl Granville announce the end of their Rule.

LONDON, June 12.—The Marquis of Salisbury has consented to form a ministry, with Sir Stafford Northcote as Chancellor of the Exchequer, and a message from the Queen has arrived for Sir Stafford Northcote. Mr. Gladstone announced in the House of Commons this afternoon that he had resigned his office; that the Queen had accepted his resignation, and that Her Majesty had informed him that she had summoned the Marquis of Salisbury to his knowledge, and that he was in danger of starting at New Kentock. An appeal for aid was signed by representatives of 100 families. These are but specimens of the One family is said to have subsisted for five days on lettuce, and when found were nearly dead.

Cure for Piles.

Piles are frequently preceded by a sense of weight in the head, and lower part of the abdomen, causing the patient to suppose he has some affection of the kidneys or neighboring organs. At times, symptoms of indigestion are present, as flatulency, uneasiness of the stomach, etc. A moister, like perspiration, proving a disagreeable itching, after getting warm, is a common attendant. Blind, bleeding and itching piles yield to one of the application of Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy, which acts directly upon the parts affected, relieving the Tumors, allaying the intense itching, and effecting a permanent cure. Price 50 cents. Address, The Dr. Bosanko Medicine Co., Piqua, O. Sold by C. N. BOYD, Druggist, Somerset, Pa., dec. 3-1.

Hundreds Drowned.

CITY OF MEXICO, June 13.—Advices from Leon state that on the night of June 7 the Leon river rose and entered the eastern part of the city. Two persons were drowned, and the Centra Railway was washed out, and growing crops were destroyed. On the following night a tremendous water spout broke a few miles above the town of Lago-de-Cuarenta, twenty miles from Pasa-de-Cuarenta. The flood was great and sudden, and especially annihilated Cuarenta. Thus far 170 bodies have been recovered. Many bodies were washed several miles down the valley, and are being discovered in the fields below the town. Pasa-de-Cuarenta had 800 inhabitants before the flood.

Deaths by the Cars at 70.

CONNEZANGVILLE, June 12.—Mrs. S. J. Cox, an old lady nearly 70 years of age, was fatally injured on the Southwest road at the Meadow alley crossing here this afternoon. She lived but an hour after the accident. The deceased was very deaf, and in returning home from the store washed in front of a train and was knocked down, the engine and two cars passing over her, grinding her lower limbs into a pulp and fracturing her skull. The husband of the deceased is a merchant tailor. There are no details of the accident, but it is believed that the responsibility of having defied all apportionment.

APPORTIONMENT KILLED.

GOVERNOR PATTISON'S VETO SUSTAINED.

The Congressional Bill Falls to Receive a Two-thirds Vote in the House—Extra-Session Talk Revived.

HARRISBURG, June 11.—The Governor began work this morning by directing the Attorney General to notify the Auditor General and State Treasurer to make out no warrants and pay no money mentioned in the items of the General Appropriation bill passed over the Governor's veto. This was done.

In the House about 5 o'clock this afternoon, the Speaker cleared his table of the Governor's veto of the Congressional Apportionment bill. The house was crowded in expectation of this, and every member was in his seat except Beach, of Crawford, and Hasset of Philadelphia, both of whom are sick. There was a good bit of trouble experienced in clearing the aisles, but this was finally accomplished, and Mr. Feltz took the floor in favor of the bill. He defended the work of the committee as an effort to make a fair and honest bill.

Spenser followed in an impassioned speech, asking that the bill receive full consideration, because it was framed to give the Democrats a victory in October. He said that, unlike the Representative Apportionment bill, was not partisan. None of the Democrats answered.

The call of the roll then began, almost everybody keeping tally. Barton, Cox and Sample, of Allegheny, voted in favor of the bill, as did Tom Bayne's district; Berry because Forest was buried under a Democratic majority; Dinan because Lycopium was placed in a Democratic district, where it belonged; George S. Graham, Brit Hart and Johnson because they wanted Beaver as it is, and Morrison and Stevenson because they regarded the interest of Lawrence as jeopardized in the new bill. Of the Democrats, Howell, of Fayette, and Lantz, of Green, were quite content with the bill and voted aye, while George McGowan voted the same way because the new bill would ward into a Democratic district. Hardenburg (Rep.) of Wayne, and Gale (Rep.) of Northumberland, deliberately dodged because their counties were put in a Democrat district.

When the Clerk had finished calling the roll, and it was seen that the bill had failed, a number of members rushed to the Republicans who had voted no and tried to pull them back, but Mackin jumped to his feet and angrily protested against this electioneering, which put a stop to it. A great deal of time was consumed in counting up the vote, but at last the Speaker announced that the vote was sustained, the vote being 129 yeas and 68 nays. Five more votes for the bill would have changed the result. There was some very loud applause on the Democratic side, which Faunce and Crawford vainly tried to suppress, and some hisses from the Republicans. Then the house settled down to routine work again.

Famine in West Virginia.

PARKERSBURG, June 7.—The situation in Jackson county is becoming quite serious. Hundreds of families are on the verge of starvation, and unless aid is speedily extended by the remainder of the State or the outside world, the most disastrous results may be expected.

Some of the more fortunate and influential people of the county and others who believed the condition of the inhabitants exaggerated have heretofore denied the reports from time to time made public, hoping that the worst would be over and a new crop could be raised, but no such alarm prevails and public meetings are being held in all the villages and the local papers are printing appeals for aid. Last week meetings were held at Whitepine and New Kentock, at which scores of citizens representing their respective neighborhoods testified as to the extent of the famine, many pitiful stories being told.

Hiram Cobb, owner of a mill, said people would come at the rate of a dozen a day, after walking distances, begging for a pint or quart of meal, and sometimes bringing a bushel of grain or a few ears of corn to the ground. He knew men who had gone for five days without food, and he himself would soon be a sufferer.

John H. Gorrett said his neighbors were actually starving. John Smith, County Assessor, said he had summoned the Marquis of Salisbury to his knowledge, and that he was in danger of starting at New Kentock. An appeal for aid was signed by representatives of 100 families. These are but specimens of the One family is said to have subsisted for five days on lettuce, and when found were nearly dead.

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OHIO RE-UNION.

Temporary Chairman Taylor's Speech.

Judge Foraker Nominated for Governor on the First Ballot.

SPRINGFIELD, June 11.—The Republican State Convention was called to order in the wig-wag in the Market space at 10 o'clock a. m. Hon. Joseph K. O'Neal, of Lebanon, Chairman of the Republican State Central Committee. The delegations of the eighty-eight counties of the State were all full, and about 4,000 persons were packed in the wig-wag.

Hon. J. D. Taylor, of Geary county, was announced as temporary Chairman, and addressed the Convention. Referring to the outcome of the late Presidential election Mr. Taylor began his address by saying: "Since you have met in Convention the most anomalous event in history has transpired in our country. By a combination of crimes, accidents and blunders this Government, with all its great interests, has passed out of the control of the party that saved it from treason and disunion into the hands of the party which through its leaders, sought for five long and bloody years to tear it from its proud position among the nations of the earth and hurl its disordered fragments into the vortex of anarchy and dissolution. This crime of crimes, condoned by the overwhelming majority of the Republican party, unatoned for and unrepented of by its chief participants, rears its head again in the Government at Washington."

In conclusion the speaker said: "We will carry Ohio this year, and the country in 1888 as sure as we are sired to save Tom Bayne's district; Berry because Forest was buried under a Democratic majority; Dinan because Lycopium was placed in a Democratic district, where it belonged; George S. Graham, Brit Hart and Johnson because they wanted Beaver as it is, and Morrison and Stevenson because they regarded the interest of Lawrence as jeopardized in the new bill. Of the Democrats, Howell, of Fayette, and Lantz, of Green, were quite content with the bill and voted aye, while George McGowan voted the same way because the new bill would ward into a Democratic district. Hardenburg (Rep.) of Wayne, and Gale (Rep.) of Northumberland, deliberately dodged because their counties were put in a Democrat district."

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Illist Mountains Dew.

MUSTARD, June 14.—Peculiar mists have been seen in cutting on the summit of Illist trade in laborers, delayed the work and caused the contractors so much loss on the South Pennsylvania Railroad. Some of those engaged in the business boldly peddled the whisky around among the men, but the most usual way which has become packed, and while men and women were jostling one another in vain efforts to get near the trial room, the stairs, without a moment's warning, gave way, carrying down hundreds of people to the floor below. Here an indescribable scene took place. Men fought and scrambled their way out over the bodies of those who lay beneath, while the agonizing shrieks of the wounded rent the air. Men and women were piled one on top of another over ten deep, and many of those underneath were crushed to death or suffocated. The police, instantly summoned, were assisted by a number of volunteers, soon restored order, and at once began the work of rescue. Some of the victims were pinioned by the fallen timbers, and considerable difficulty was experienced in extricating them. Twenty-four people were killed outright, and some one hundred and sixty-three injured, many of them, it is feared, fatally. The accident has cast a gloom over the town.

A Corpse in a Barrel.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 11.—At 10 o'clock this morning three boys swimming in Bear Grass creek discovered a barrel containing the headless corpse of a man. The head had been torn from the body with a jagged instrument of some sort, and the arms and legs were also chopped off and packed in the barrel along with the body, but the head was nowhere to be found. There was every evidence of a foul murder, and the police are actively at work upon the case. Thus far nothing has been unearthed which will lead to the identity of the corpse or furnish a clue to the murderer. The crime from all indications, must have been committed within twenty-four hours prior to the discovery of the body. The barrel bore no mark and had evidently been carefully selected by the murderer for this purpose. The body, from all indications, was that of a man of middle age, with small, soft hands, and small feet.

Dragon on the Streets by the Neck.

WASHINGTON, Pa., June 13.—By the running away of his horse from in front of his residence on North Main street, to-day, Contractor Wm. Gibson nearly had his neck broken. He attempted to subdue the horse, when the animal started so suddenly that the lines caught around Gibson's neck. He was dragged through the streets in this manner for some rods, and was unconscious for a long time after he was rescued. It is believed that he will eventually recover completely, however.

The Paper Prescribed for Currency Notes.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The Secretary of the Treasury formally announced to-day the adoption of the distinctive features of the paper to be used for United States notes, bank notes and certificates. The Secretary also calls attention to the law on this subject, which provides that any person who has unlawful possession of any such distinctive paper shall be subject to a fine of \$5,000, or imprisonment at hard labor of not more than 15 years.

Allied to Sight of His Home.

ALTOONA, June 10.—A man named Shade, employed as a track hand on the mountain division of the Pennsylvania railroad, was struck by a passing train at Altoona, West, North and South, and European boys also had their representatives to the spirit of the sale. The most undesirable goods on the catalogue were rattled off at 25¢ per cent. below former figures.

A Mahone Man Objects.

RICHMOND, Va., June 10.—United States District Attorney Edmund Waddell, republican, in response to an official notification that Mr. Cutler Gibson, democrat, had been appointed his successor, has written a letter to President Cleveland informing him that his term of office does not expire for two years yet. Mr. Waddell states in his letter that he has conscientiously discharged his duties to the best of his ability, that he is not aware of any charges pending against him for inefficiency or inattention to his duties, and that he wishes to be informed of the cause of his removal. Mr. Waddell was an appointee of Senator Mahone.

A Judge tries to Execute Judgment.

DETROIT, June 11.—At 2 o'clock this morning the house of Judge H. B. Brown, of the United States Circuit Court, was burglarized. The judge and his wife were awakened to find a masked burglar, with revolver and dark lantern, beside the bed. The burglar, who was quiet and dark lantern, beside the bed. The burglar, who was quiet and dark lantern, beside the bed. The burglar, who was quiet and dark lantern, beside the bed.

Attacked Her Granddaughter With a Club.

PITTSBURGH, June 11.—Mrs. Elizabeth Miller, who lives with her son-in-law, John Deeds, two miles north of Claysville, almost killed his daughter Mary yesterday. Mrs. Miller has been enraged for years. Yesterday she entered the house carrying a large club and struck Mrs. Deeds a powerful blow upon the head, knocking her unconscious from her chair. The girl had hardly regained consciousness when the demented creature, furious with success, attacked her with a knife and would have killed her had not Mr. Deeds appeared on the scene. Mrs. Miller is over ninety years of age. Some time ago she destroyed notes which she held against various persons in the neighborhood, to the value of \$3,000.

Restricting Silver Dollar Coinage.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The Secretary of the Treasury to-day decided that the purchase of silver bullion for coinage into standard dollars by the superintendents of the mints at San Francisco and Carson City be discontinued after to-day. The coinage of standard dollars is to be confined to the other two mints. The Treasury Department to-day purchased 210,000 ounces of silver for coinage into standard dollars at the New Orleans mint.

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Down's Fall has outdone every other coach recently, and he is beginning to view them with serious apprehension.

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Crushing 24 People to Death.

PARIS, June 11.—A terrible accident occurred at Thiers, a manufacturing town in the department of Puy de Dôme, yesterday. A large crowd had gathered in the Court House in that place to listen to the evidence of a murder trial in progress. The jam in the court room was so great that many could reach no farther than the stairs. The stairs, however, became packed, and while men and women were jostling one another in vain efforts to get near the trial room, the stairs, without a moment's warning, gave way, carrying down hundreds of people to the floor below. Here an indescribable scene took place. Men fought and scrambled their way out over the bodies of those who lay beneath, while the agonizing shrieks of the wounded rent the air. Men and women were piled one on top of another over ten deep, and many of those underneath were crushed to death or suffocated. The police, instantly summoned, were assisted by a number of volunteers, soon restored order, and at once began the work of rescue. Some of the victims were pinioned by the fallen timbers, and considerable difficulty was experienced in extricating them. Twenty-four people were killed outright, and some one hundred and sixty-three injured, many of them, it is feared, fatally. The accident has cast a gloom over the town.

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Somerset, Penn'a.

Manufacturer of

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