The Somerset Herald.

EDWARD SCULL, Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY..... APRIL 29, 1885.

GENERAL GRANT has improved so much that he is now able to take a short drive in the park every day.

JUDGING from the developments in the House last week, if that hard-working body ever gets time to pass an amended liquor license bill, it will be a high one.

THE Treasurer of the United States, Hon. A. W. Wyman, has resigned, and Mr. C. N. Jordan, a bank cashier in New York, has been appointed to the vacancy.

OUR Legislature only costs about three thousand dollars per day, but the people would not care so much for the expense, if they could only get an opportunity to scatter flowers upon its grave.

THE President has been petitioned by a Democratic newspaper editor in Mississippi, to pardon Jeff Davis. The old rebel is too stiff-necked to ask for himself, and we suppose wants forgiveness tendered to him.

DEMOCRATIC editors are constantly reminding us that the war is over. President Cleveland evidently does not think so, as he is busily engaged in hunting up old rebel officers and furnishing them with new commissions.

THAT old Democratic mossback, Eben Pillsbury, of Maine, whose greatest political achievement was an attempt to steal the government of that State in 1879, has been appointed an Internal Revenue Collector by President Cleveland,

THERE being no rascals to turn out, some of our Democratic contemporaries are trying the cry-baby dodge on Republican officials, and whining "you ought to be man enough to resign;" and "it is a mean fellow who stays where he is not wanted."

GENERAL LAWTON, who was appointed Minister to Russia, and who, it was discovered, has never been relieved from the disabilities incurred as a rebel, has discreetly concluded not to run the gauntlet of the Senate, and therefore declines with thanks, &c.

THE Deputy Attorney General has decided, it is said, that the study of physiology and hygiene must begin in all the public schools at the beginning of the next term, although the teachers are not obliged to stand an examination in that branch until next year.

GENERAL GRANT was 63 years old on Monday last (27th). The country will be glad to learn that he is gradually growing stronger in body, and that his health is daily improving. He was able to take a short walk, and a brief drive in his carriage each day of last week.

TEACHERS who conceive their highest duty to be the "cramming" of their pupils, can now devote the next four months to "cramming" themselves with physiology and hygiene, preparatory to the commencement of the fall term, when they must begin teaching thesestudies.

WE are having considerable weather in this country now-a-days. On Thursday last, while the inhabitants of the Green Mountains were sweating under a temperature of ninety, the good people of Colorado were wading through twenty inches of snow. What is this "reform" administration about?

AN adroit swindler came to grief in Cleveland, Ohio, a few days ago, all becase he couldn't spell correctly. He took out two accident insurance policies in the names of two friends, and afterwards applied by letter to have them paid, on the ground that he had sprained his wrist. Suspicion was created by the fact that in each letter he spelled the word slipped with one "p," and inquiry led to his arrest. All of which goes to show that boys in training for swindlers should learn to spell.

RUSSIA isevidently bent upon war, is insolent, defiant, and aggressive towards England, and refuses further explanation of the attack of General Kornaroff on the Afghans, while at the same time she rewards with medals and official thanks her soldiers engaged in that battle. Meanwhile, England while persistantly demanding the explanation due her, is energetically pushing forward her preparations with dogged determination, and parliament has unanimously voted $55,000,000 for carrying on hostilities if war does come. Russia is also rushing her armament, and it looks as if active hostilities may break out any moment,

COL. McCLURE is in Washington writing letters for his paper, and giving the "boys" pointers. The Colonel is an enthusiastic civil service reformer, and very anxious at the same time that Mr. Cleveland shall preserve his consistency. He therefore advises the "boys" to quit their grumbling at the slowness with which removals are being made, and get up charges of "offensive partisanship" against Republicans, whose places they want. This will relieve the President from the charge of making removals without cause, and give him the excuse needed for bouncing efficient officeholders, who have faithfully performed their duties.

THE Senate on Thursday last passed the Marriage License bill, and we hope the House, notwithstanding its arduous duties, will find time to concur in this much needed amendment to our loose marriage laws. The bill makes a license from the Clerk of the Orphans Court a necessary preliminary to marriage. The license fee is fixed at fifty cents. The clerk is required, before issuing it, to put the parties on their oath as to there being no lawful impediment to their marriage, and if either of them is under age, the consent of the parents, either personally or in writing, executed with all the formality of a deed, must be furnished the clerk. The object of these precautions is intended to prevent the marriage of parties having a husband or wife living, and especially to prevent the secret marriage of minors without the consent of their parents. A marriage without a license is not invalid, but the minister or justice performing it, or the attesting witnesses are liable to a fine of $1000. The license will also be a protection to ministers, who are now liable to be imposed on by minors, and, under the present law, are not only subject to blame, but to suit and penalty for marrying them. A law of this kind is much needed, and should pass the House before it adjourns.

THE campaign of last year was based by the Democrats on the lie that the Republican administration of affairs was dishonest, corrupt, and inefficient, and "turn the rascals out" was shouted from one end of the country to the other. The monstrosity of the falsehood is now apparent to the most thoughtless observer. And instead of turning the rascals out for good and sufficient cause, the administration is reduced to the necessity of requesting honest and competent officials to resign, or to hunting up charges of partisanship against them. We have no objection to the victors enjoying the spoils,but it is clearly evident to the country now, that they were obtained by false and fraudulent representations. With the books in their hands for almost two months, and expert accountants scanning them with microscopic eyes, the new Administration has been unable to find either fraud, negligence or loss. Could there be a better or more ample compliment paid to the skill, faithfulness and honesty of the Republican party , and its quarter of a century of administration of public affairs? Moreover, no improvement has begun, no better manner of conducting public affairs has been suggested. In all essential particulars Republican methods and measures continue to be pursued, the sole change being in the removal of tried and efficient officials and the substitution of Confederate Brigadiers for Union soldiers. Had ever a party more just cause for satisfaction and pride than has the Republican party in this involuntary tribute to its efficiency and integrity, from its successful adversary.

IT will cost the State about half a million dollars to defray the expenses of the Legislature now in session. At least one-half this enormous sum could have been saved the people, if their representatives had given even half a day's work for a full day's pay. How not to do it, has become a fine art at Harrisburg. Legislators do not devote one-half their time to their duties, and when they are in session, the brief hours of ostensible work are frittered away with buncombe speeches and personal wrangle. No sessions are held on Mondays or Saturdays, and it is the merest subterfuge to call the meetings on Monday evenings and Friday mornings, business sessions. Five or six hours three days of each week, is what passes current for a week's work. Meanwhile, the pay at ten dollars per day, goes on with the certainty of fate. What farmer, or mechanic or other employer of labor would for a moment think of paying full daily wages to a hired hand, who worked for him but three days out of the seven? And what are these "legislators" but hired hands of the people? Do prudent business men hire loafers, who do not even make pretense to render an equivalent for their pay? On Friday last, even the miserable pretext of a session was negatived by the fact that a quorum was not present in the House, and, consequently, it was compelled to adjourn. And waste another day. Custom has apparently sanctioned this waste of public treasure, under the pretext of discharging a public duty, and members have escaped individual responsibility under the plea, that the majority, not they, were the sinners: but this thing cannot go on forever, and the day of reckoning will come ere lohg, mid a whirlwind of public indignation. The Republicans are in a large majority in the Legislature, and consequently are responsible for its follies, its shortcomings, and its waste, and we but perform a duty we owe our party, when we thus publicly arraign it for its misdemeanors. Gentlemen of the Legislature, be warned! Your record, with extravagance and waste, idleness and folly blurring its every page, will not stand public inspection. If you are capable of better things, you have a month left in which to prove it. Let your actions speak louder than your words.

A Hundred Persons Killed.

LONDON, April 22.—Dispatches received here this afternoon state that a terrible volcano eruption has occurred at Passarvean, a province in the east end of the Island of Java. A number of plantations have been devastated, and it is feared that fully 100 persons have been killed.

General Grant's Bad Throat

NEW YORK, April 25.—General Grant did not get settled for the night until about 1 o'clock this morning. He received five minims of morphine, and after 1 o'clock he slept at intervals. The sore at the base of the tongue appeared angry last night, and restlessness may have been the result. Between 6 and 8 o'clock this morning the patient slept most of the time, and when he arose and his throat was examined there were more favorable indications than yesterday. When Dr. Douglas left at 8:30 a. m. he said the General had passed a very quiet night, though his sleep was somewhat broken. So far as the physical condition of General Grant is concerned, he might with safety be removed to the mountains or seaside to-morrow, but no exodus will occur until the 1st of July. That the General wil survive the summer is the belief of those in a position to know.

General Grant did not take his usual carriage ride to-day. He had passed an uncomfortable night and the weather was considered too cold for him to venture out.

Dr. Douglas came to the house at 9 p. m., accompanied by A. L. Cahen, who is agent of a new illuminating apparatus for surgical and scientific purposes. The state of the Generals's throat being such that he could not open his mouth wide enough to admit of the use of the old instrument, the new one was put into operation for the first time in this country. It consists of a dynamo-generator, worked by a crank, a tongue depressor and incandescent lamp in one.

A view of the General's throat under the new light revealed a very discouraging state of affairs. The gums were honeycombed and for some distance down the urula presented the appearance of a red, rough surface, covered with mucus. To this is attributed the pain and uneasiness which the General has been suffering from for the last few days.

Mr. Cahen is of opinion that the doctors have made no mistake in their diagnosis, and that the General's case is a hopeless one. He also stated that in conversation with one of the attending physicians he said that the General's was such a critical case that no definite opinion can be given of it. Dr. Douglas will stay all night.

There is no such thing as a relapse in a case of cancer, for the disease progresses steadily to its termination. There are days when the General feels well and when the diseased part has a better appearance; but there is nothing to hope for in the General's case. He may live for a few months, or a few days may end his life. "As to the manner of his death," continued the speaker, "he will die of suffocation. There will suddenly come a welling of the blood in his throat caused by the rupture of a blood vessel, and all will be over. The General's case is a hopeless one."

Unprecedented Floods in Kansas.

ST. LOUIS, April 23.—Dispatches from Southeastern Kansas report the heaviest rainfall since Tuesday that has ever been known in that part of the State. Over twelve inches of water is said to have fallen. All the level country is submerged and is a vast sheet of water. Traffic on the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railroad for many miles each way from Parsons is suspended, and a passenger train which left Parsons yesterday on the Fort Scott and Gulf road was wrecked not far from town.

A large number of hogs and cattle in the stockyards on the Labette river, one mile from Parsons, were drowned, and it is said hundreds, perhaps thousands, of animals have been drowned in the surrounding country. The streams rose so rapidly and the water poured down in such torrents that little, if anything could be done in the way of rescuing live stock or securing other kinds of property. Fields are devastated in all directions and great destruction of crops and movable property has occurred.

A negroes settlemnt, near Parsons, was inundated and many of the people were rescued only after great difficulty and hard labor with improvised boats and other means. The Marmaton river, which runs near Fort Scott, overflowed its banks with a rush and submerged a settlement of from six to eight hundred population, known as North Fort Scott, the water standing in many of the houses from three to five feet deep. All the people were rescued, however. The Missouri Pacific Railroad track is badly washed out both ways from Fort Scott and no trains have moved since Tuesday.

A freight train on the Wichita road went through a bridge at Clear Water, and Frank McDaniels, the engineer, was drowned. The fireman and brakeman went down with the train, but they caught in a tree and were rescued. Great damage was done at Kingman to business property in the town and 10 lives are supposed lost.

A Fatal Waterspout.

KINGMAN, Kas., April 21.—A disastrous flood occurred this morning in the Ninnescah river, which is supposed to have been the result of a waterspout. About 9 o'clock the river began to rise at a tremendous rate. But little attention was paid to it, as the preceding night had been one of heavy rains. The river rose five feet in 30 minutes and in a little time was out of the banks, but still the people did not feel any particular danger, thinking the waters could not rise much more; but on it came, and soon small outbuildings and sheds began to move, and almost instantly the whole of South Main street was under a rush of water, which tore houses from their foundations and sent them drifting across the street and on their way down the wild and turbulent rivre with families still in them screaming for help.

The flood soon reached the floor of the bridge, which caused the water to pour into the Riverside Hotel. The inmates fled across to the north side. Fifteen dwellings were swept into the current with men women and children in them and at the mercy of the waters. The number drowned is unknown, though four women and one man are known to have been drowned, besides certainly several children. At three p. m. the water began to receded, and a meeting of citizens was called to look after the destitute living, and the bodies of the dead.

Said a noted man of 60 years, "my mother gave me Down's Elixir for coughs and colds when I was a boy." For Sale by C. N. Boyd, the Druggist, Somerset, Pa.

LONDON SCARED AGAIN.

A Mysterious Explosion Yesterday Morning That Caused a Sensation in the English Capital.

LONDON, Eng., April 23.—An explosion occurred about 11 o'clock this morning in the basement of the Admiralty Office in Whitehall. Two loud reports were heard in quick succession and the staircase leading to the board room, which is located in the southwest corner of the building was demolished. The iron railing of the staircase was wrenched from its fastenings and windows within fifty yards of the spot where the explosion took place were broken. The room occupied by Edward H. Swainson, the Assistant Secretary, was mad a complete wreck and Mr Swainson who was at work in his office at the time, received a severe scalp wound by being struck with parts of the flying debris and was taken to the hospital suffering from concussion of the brain. Subsequently he regained consciousness and gave it as his opinion that some explosive, believed by the detectives and officials to have been dynamite or gun cotton, was thrown into the apartment through a window. The plaster of the ceilings and walls hung in ribbons after the shock of the explosion, and the fittings of the room were smashed to atoms.

HOW THE EXPLOSION WAS CAUSED.

Mr. Abel, who is identified with the office of the Inspector of Explosives, states that the explosive used this morning was a large charge of gun cotton. It is believed that some stranger, under pretext of visiting an official, obtained access to the visitors' waiting room, watching his opportunity, and placed the explosive at Mr. Swainson's room, which is only a few feet distant from the visitors' room, whence he had time to leave the building unchallenged before the lighted fuse reached the explosive material.

PRIVATE MALICE SUSPECTED.

A strong suspicion prevails in police and official circles this evening that the explosion was the result of private malice, as Mr. Swainson was greatly disliked by a number of persons, including several employes of the office. It is certain the infernal machine was placed in a bookcase just over the spot where Swainson's head would be when sitting at his desk. Detectives are positive that the outrage was the work of an employe, as no stranger could pass the janitor without some document showing that he had business with some of the heads of departments. The janitor says no stranger has passed him during the past twenty-four hours.

Fearful Water Spout.

WICHITA, Kan., April 22,—From the Medicine river, which seems to be the same that filled the Ninnescah to overflowing, the water rolled down over the low lands east of Medicine Lodge City, five to twelve feet perpendicular in height. Several whole families are known to be drowned. Yesterday morning parties who had gone out to give relief found men, women and children clinging to trees, with nothing but their night clothes to protect them, and som without any clothing whatever, but still alive. Their cries could be heard, as early as 4 o'clock in the morning, above the raging waters. Three attempts were made to rescue the parties beyond the river, but each boat in turn was swamped and the occupants only saved themselves by swimming to the trees. Five bodies had been recovered up to the hour of the writing of the dispatch, which was sent over to the first railroad point by mail. Another body was in sight, but could not be reached. There were eight movers' wagons camping in the bottons and one old man has recognized the bodies of three of his family, his wife and two children. James Gebb and his daughter and niece were washed away with their home. A Mrs. Harris and her little girl of 11 years old were found drowned. G. W. Paddock and family, consisting of a wife and four children, are thought to be all drowned. Frank Shippeler put his wife and children on the roof and his house went down. He was knocked off by a projecting limb and swam ashore, several miles below, but of the fate of his wife and child nothing was known.

Cure for Piles.

Piles are frequently preceded by a sense of weight in the back, loins and lower part of the abdomen, causing the patient to suppose he has some affection of the kidneys or neighboring organs. At times, symptoms of indigestion are present, as flatulency, uneasiness of the stomach, ect. A moisture, like perspiration, producing a very disagreeable itching, after getting warm, is a common attendant. Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles yield at once to the application of Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy, which acts directly upon the parts affected,absorbing the Tumors, allaying the intense itching, and effecting a permanent cure. Price 50 cents. Address, The Dr. Bosanko Medicine Co., Piqua, O. Sold by C. N.,BOYD, Druggist, Somerset, Pa. dec.3-1y.

A Declaration of War Thought to be Inevitable.

LONDON, April 26.—The Russian ambassador, Baron de Staal, and Earl Granville had a conference yesterday which is said to have left both in an irritable mood. It is now believed that war is inevitable. Dispatches from St. Petersburg state that the czar sanctions the raising of Turcoman militia by General Komaroff. A general increase in regimental officers in the Russian army has been ordered. The *Spectator* thinks that the persistence with which the Russian papers are urging the seizure of Herat is inspired for the purpose of preparing the Russian mind for the event, and that the Czar has already ordered such action.

Half a Hundred Lives Lost.

VICKSBURG, Miss., April 25.—A large force of laborers commenced early this morning removing the debris of the burned buildings. As the bodies were exhumed people were startled and horrified at the extent of the catastrophe, which exceeds the gloomiest expectations. Eighteen bodies were recovered last night and to-day, making thirty one in all. Twonty are still supposed to be in the ruins. A large force of men will be put to work to-morrow, and the search will continue without intermission until all the missing are recovered. The total insurance on the buildings and stock foots up $234,000.

Rheumatism is quickly cured by using Arnica & Oil Liniment. For Sale by C. N. Boyd.

U. S. Troops Withdrawn.

NEW YORK, April 26.—The following dispatch was received here today from Panama, via Galveston:

All the troops were withdrawn from this city last night. The consequences cannot be foreseen, but there will be serious trouble on the arrival of the Columbian troops, due here to-night. General Arizpura has proposed to the commander of the United States forces here to withdraw his troops to the station of the Panama railroad Company, General Arzipura guaranteeing the safety of that city. General Arzipura, however well disposed, will not be able to prevent the destruction of property and life. Barricades are being erected in the streets and sand-bag defenses being constructed on the balcony of the barraks. This shows that the insurgents are determined to fight in town. The native feeling here is strong. It is considered cruel for the United States forces to occupy the town and then withdraw, leaving the people helpless and the city in control of the lawless mob.

President Scrymser, of the Central and South American Telegraph Company, to-day telegraphed as follows:

"Hon. T. F. Bayard. Secretary of State, Washington:

All American trooops withdrawn from Panama last night. Town in hands of rebels. Streets now barricaded. Consequences cannot be foreseen. I have telegraphed as follows to the Superintendent of the company at Panama: 'Demand in writing from American Consul or Commandant of United Stater fotces, protection to our property and men. At present the United States has by treaty all the rights and obligations that Colombia has, and must be held responsible for damage to American property or for failure to keep open communication.' "

Similar dispatches were also sent to Secretary of the Navy Whitney and the manager of the company at Galveston.

CAUSE OF THE TROUBLE.

On March 30, the rebels, under the lead of P. Prestan, a lawyer, were driven from Panama, but not before they had set fire to the town, which was burned to ashes, with the fortunate exception of the Pacific Mail dock and buildings, most of the railroad property, the ships in the harbor and a few residences. As the United States had guaranteed in a treaty, to protect the traffic across the Isthmus, and as American rights had been violated, the proper steps were taken for the protection and defense of American interests.

Floods in the West.

DENNISON, Tex., April 23.—A special from Mexia, Tex., says prairie Grove neighborhood, eight miles south of Mexia, was visited about 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon by a severe cyclone, causing serious results in life and property. A two story school house, in which were about fifty children, was blown down and torn to pieces, killing one and wounding several other children. Larkin Gentry's house some distance from the village, is also reported demolished and himself, wife and children killed. A number of other houses were badly damaged and more casualties are expected to be reported, as the country through which the storm passed is thickly settled.

A family of emigrants encamped on the river bottom was suddenly surrounded by water last night and sought safety in the trees. They were rescued to-day.

At Gainsville, the Pecan creek rose so rapidly that people living along the banks were unable to escape until their houses were surrounded by water, and many houses were overthrown and washed down the stream Many persons had taken refuge in trees, and the air was filled with shrieks of women and children. Mothers with babes in their arms remained clinging to limbs of trees for hours until rescued, almost dead When day broke the banks for a great distance were strewn with debris of all descriptions. The scene on Elm Creek, west of the city, was equally distressing. Several families had been caught by the water and were lodged in trees, in danger of being drowned.

Rafts and boats were launched, but were broken to pieces or sunk by the current. In one instance a negro succeeded in getting a woman and her two children into a boat, when it upset and the frantic mother saw her children sink to rise no more. After six hours' labor the rescuers succeeded in saving the majority of the sufferers. It is impossible to estimate the damage done to property. The water is two fet higher than it was 25 years ago, when there was a flood which caused great loss of life and property. All the bridges in the city were washed away and the east portion of the town was entirely cut off from the business section. The rain continued all day yesterday and the rivers have risen rapidly.

Mrs. Garfield's Fortune.

The recent reports concerning Mrs. Garfield's endowment of the Garfield Hospital, and other gossip about the widow of the martyr President, have created some curiosity about the lady's financial condition. An intimate friend of Mrs. Garfield, residing in this city, gives the following description of her estate: The subscription raised through the instrumentality of Cyrus W. Field aggregated, when invested in Government bonds, about $312,000. Gen. Garfield's life was insured for $50,000, the payment of which the companies, for the sake of the extensive advertisement it would give them, if for no other purpose, promptly made. Congress also voted her the remnant of the salary which would have been due Gen. Garfield for the first year of services as President which amounted to $40,000. The little estate which Garfield left aggregates some $30,000. This was all he had bee able to accumulate after a life of unusual activity. This makes her total estate, in round numbers, about $450,000 in money well invested. From this an income of probably $16,000 is derived. In addition to that she has from Congress an annual pension of $5,000, which is now voted to the widows of all ex-Presidents.

Twenty Inches of Snow.

DENVER, Col., April 23.—The heaviest snow storm ever known in this region set in at 9 o'clock last night and lasted without intermission until 6 o'clock this evening. Fully 20 inches of snow fell, as much as the ag-gregate of the previous falls of the whole Winter. The storm was general throughout the state, but railroad trains are moving nearly on time.

A DRAWN BATTLE.

Between Riel's Rebels and the Canadian Volunteers.

CLARK'S CROSSING, N. W. T., Apr. 25.—The rebel half-breeds and Indians in the fight were estimated at 300. The engagement lasted all day, and when night came General Middleton camped to wait till this morning. The Canadian loss is ten killed and fifty wounded. The rebels scarcely missed a shot. General Middleton will resume the attack to-day.

A special from Clark's Crossing says? Beyond a doubt it is a fact that the fight of yesterday was a reverse for General Middleton, and that the volunteers were really forced to retreat. The rebels seem to have followed the troops to camp and defiantly awaited a renewal of hostilities, which they are likely to receive with more vigor than before. The rebel loss, if any, is said to be very small. The place for the fight was well chosen, giving the rebels great prestige over our men. The approaching scene is an open prairie, a mile in length, ending in a slightly inclined hill, running down into the Coube. The bluffs on each side were well wooded. On the north side of the ravine the rebels were entrenched in force; thence they poured a deadly fire upon the volunteers, while the latter were unable to see the enemies, who were hidden behind trees and rocks and from places of ambush could pick out their men with the greatest accuracy. Even the guns of "A" battery failed to dislodge the enemy. The rebels are reported to have gone in the direction of Batouche crossing. Troops will have to pass the entire distance through a thickly wooded tract of country. General Middleton camped last night on the south side of the ravine midway between Battleford and the river.

Latest dispatches indicate that our troops captured ten ponies belonging to rebels, and killed twenty-five half-breeds and Indians.

Good Prices for Holstein Cattle.

TROY, O., April 21.—Messrs. J. W. Stillwell & Co., importers and breeders of Holstein cattle, yesterday sold 14 cows for $5165, an average of $368,93; 18 heifers for $5510, an average of $306.11; 16 yearlings for $3620, an average of $226.25; 6 yearlings bulls for $1545, an average of $257.50; 5 two-year-old bulls for $1690, an average of $338; and 13 sucking calves for $2340, an average of $180—a total of 72 head for $19.870, with a general average of $275.97.

This Idea of Going West

to Calorado or New Mexico, for pure air to relieve Consumption, is all a mistake. Any reasonable man would use Dr. Bosanco's Cough and Lung Syrup for Consumption in all its first stages. It never fails to give relief in all cases of Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Pains in the Chest and all affections primary to Consumption. Price, 50 cents and $1. Sold by C. N. Boyd.

Eleven Miners Burned Alive.

LEADVILLE, Col., April 25.—Authentic information has just reached here that eleven men have been buried in their two cabins at Homestead mines, near Red Cliff, by a deepsnow slide which came down last night. A rescuing party has gone from here. The names of the men or particulars of the sad affair have not yet been received.

When you are troubled with dizziness, your appetite all gone, and feel bad generally, take a few doses of Dr. Henry Baxter's Mandrake Bitters, and you will be surprised at the improvement in your feelings. Every bottle warranted to give satisfaction. For Sale by C. N. Boyd.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

AND

HATS AND CAPS.

My Stock is all NEW, and has been

SELECTED WITH GREAT CARE.

It consists in part of

Hats, Caps, Scarf Pins, Sleeve Buttons, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Shirts, Underwear, Hosiery, Umbrellas, &c.

Come and see it. The articles are too numerous to describe. All goods SOLD AT POPULAR PRICES. Don't forget the place. ROOM NO. 2, CASEBEER'S BLOCK.

PAUL L. CASEBEER.

apr22.

PUBLIC SALE.

BY VIRTUE of an order issued out of the Orphans' Court of Somerset County to me directed, I will expose at public sale at the Court House in Somerset, Pa., on

TUESDAY, MAY 19, 1885,

at 1 o'clock P. M., the following described real estate, late the property of George Eichnor, dec'd, situate in Summit Mills, Summit Twp., Somerset County, Pa., being a certain lot, adjoining lands late of Daniel Beachy, and the public road on the East and South, containing one-fourth acre more or less, having thereon erected a small two-story frame house, and other outbuildings.

TERMS:—One-half cash, and one-half in six months.

L. J. JODER,
Administrator and Trustee.

apr29-3t.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

Estate of Francis Martin, dec'd, late of Allegheny Twp., Somerset County, Pa., dec'd.

Letters testamentary on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned by the proper authority, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for for settlement without delay.

CONRAD MARTIN,
JOHN M. TOPPER,
Executors.

apr15,

NOTICE TO TRESPASSERS.

Notice is hereby given to all persons not to trespass on our lands for the purpose of hunting, fishing, or gathering berries in season. Any person or persons so trespassing will be dealt with according to law in such case made and provided.

SAMUEL CUSTER,
JOHN H. CUSTER,
JOHN PENROD.

STONYTOWN, PA., April 29, 1885.

LEGAL NOTICE.

The following Assignee's accounts have been filed in my office and notice is hereby given that the same will be presented to the Court for Confirmation on Thursday, May 21, 1885, when and where all persons interested can attend.

First and final account of S. M. Saylor, Assignee of Daniel D. Baer.

N. B. CRITCHFIELD,
Prothonotary.

Somerset, Pa., April 20, 1885.

AGENTS WANTED for

Twenty Years of Congress, 1861—1881,

by James G. Blaine.

Hon. J. S. Wise of Va. says: "Another takes it up, we neither slacken nor tire, we sell more books by Mr. Blaine's friends or canvass will never get it down until it has passed the whole."

Agents make from $200 to $1000 per month. Address, J. C. Roach, Nashville, Tn.

apr29.

DR. B. M. HANNA,

EYE AND EAR DISEASES

EXCLUSIVELY,

OFFICE, 719 PENN STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

apr15-38dyr-eow.

Agents Wanted

To canvass for one of the oldest established and largest NURSERIES in the States. Established 1846. Business easily learned. For terms, address W. & T. Smith, Geneva Nursery, Geneva, N. Y. apr15-4t-eow.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of certain writs of Vend Ex, Fi Fa and Sci Fa issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Somerset County, Pa., and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in Somerset, Pa., on

FRIDAY, MAY 15, 1885,

at 1 o'clock P. M., all the right, title, interest and claim of John A. Hochstetler, of, in and to the following described real estate, viz:

No. 1. A certain tract of land situate in Elklick Twp., Somerset Co., Pa., containing 130 acres more or less, adjoining lands of S. S. Flickinger, J. L. Yought, S. D. Gnagy's heirs, W. H. Schrock and Kretchman & Hay, with two dwelling houses new bank barn, and other outbuildings thereon erected, with the appurtenances.

No. 2. A certain tract of land situate as aforesaid, containing 42 acres and allowance, adjoining lands of Joseph Christner, Alex Speicher, Kelm's heirs, Jos. Tressler and Leonard March, covered with valuable timber, with the appurtenances. Taken in execution at the suit of Ephraim and Uriah M. Miller, et al.

—ALSO—

All the right, title, interest and claim of the defendant, Isaac Berkeyblle, of, in and to the following real estate, viz: A certain tract of land situate in Shade Twp. Somerset Co. Pa., containing 63 acres, more or less, adjoining lands of Wm. Rodgers, Thomas Hammer, and James Hammer, having a story and a half frame dwelling house and other outbuildings thereon erected, with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution at the suit of John A. Hite, use of J. T. Shipley.

—ALSO—

All the right, title interest and claim of David Kimmell, of, in and to the following real estate, viz: A certain tract of land situate in Quemahoning Twp., Somerset Co., Pa., containing 6 acres and 117 perches strict measure, adjoining lands of Joseph A. Young, Michael Brubaker, Robert H. Patterson and James Kimmell, with two dwelling houses and stable thereon erected, with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution at the suit of James Kimmell, et al

—ALSO—

All the right, title interest and claim of Wm. B. Shaler, S. H. Welmer and, David Sheeler, Trustees and Building Committee of the Evangelical Association of North America at Garrett, Somerset Co. Pa., to wit: All that certain 1 story church house or building situate in the town of Garrett, aforesaid, and described as follows: A one-story frame church, or building 42 feet long and 26 feet wide, and the lot or piece of ground and curtilage appurtenant to said building, which said lot is bounded on the North by lot No. —, West by Spruce street, South by lot No. —, East by Railroad alley, it being the lot one lot North of the Metholist Church lot in the town of Garrett, Somerset Co., Pa.

Taken in execution at the suit of J. H. Friedline and D. S. Cober, partners doing business as Friedline & Cober.

—ALSO—

All the right, title, interest and claim of the defendant, Joseph Christner, of in and to the following real estate, viz: A certain tract of land situate in Elklick Twp., Somerset County, Pa., being part of the farm conveyed by Peter S. Hay to John Kelm, containing 158 acres and 72 perches adjoining lands of Cyrus Roslamer, P. S. Hay, Silas Tressler and John Kelm, having a dwelling house, bank barn, and other outbuildings thereon erected, with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution at the suit of Kelm & Livengood and Buechly, use of John Kelm Sr., use of John J. Kelm.

—ALSO—

All the right, title, interest and claim of the defendant, Thomas Edwards, of, in and to the following real estate, viz: A certain lot of ground situate in Meyersdale Borough, Somerset Co., Pa. being lot No. 328 in Buechly survey, fronting 50 feet on Buechly street and extending west 150 feet no alley, adjoining lot No. 329 on the South, and lot No. 327 on the North, having a two story frame dwelling house, stable and other outbuildings thereon erected, with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution at the suit of Elias Wineland.

—ALSO—

All the right, title interest and claim of the defendant, Henry S. Berkey, of, in and to the following real estate, viz:

No. 1. A certain tract of land situate in Quemahoning Twp., Somerset Co., Pa., containing 105 acres more or less, adjoining lands of Henry Miller, Jeremiah Berkey, Joseph Kocher, Sam'l Ziegler, tract No. 2, of Henry S. Berkey and the public road, having thereon erected two frame dwelling houses, frame barn and other outbuildings, with the appurtenances.

No. 2. A certain tract of land situate as aforesaid, containing 15 acres more or less, adjoining lands of Joseph Kocher, Henry Miller, Jacob Berkey's heirs and Pittsburgh pike, with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution at the suit of Hertz Keiser.

—ALSO—

All the right, title, interest and claim of the defendant, Stephen Jones, of, in and to the following real estate, viz: Two certain lots of ground situate in the Meyers survey in the Borough of Meyersdale, Somerset Twp., Somerset Co., Pa., known on the plan of said survey of said borough as lots Nos. 76 and 77, fronting on Second avenue, bounded on the east by lot No. 79 owned by J. T. Hocklay, Sr., on the North by alley and on the West by lot No. 75 owned by J. O. Meyers, with a two-story frame dwelling house and other outbuildings erected on lot No. 77, with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution at the suit of Elias Wineland.

—ALSO—

All the right, title, interest and claim of the defendant, Walter Herring, of, in and to the following real estate, viz: A certain tract of land situate in the Borough of Ursina, Lower Turkey foot Township, Somerset Co., Pa., bounded on the North and West by land of A. N. Tissue, on the South and East by land of E. D. Yutzy, containing 10 acres, with a one and one-half story frame dwelling house, frame barn and other outbuildings thereon erected, with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution at the suit of E. D. Yutzy, use of Hertz Keiser, use of J. A. Hunter.

—ALSO—

All the right, title, interest and claim of the defendants, Daniel D. Hoover and Catharine Hoover, of in and to the following real estate, viz: Two certain lots of ground in the town of Garrett, Summit Twp., Somerset Co., Pa., known on the plan of said town as lots Nos. 164 and 165, bounded on the Northwest by Walker street, on the Northeast by an alley, on the Southeast by Mulberry alley and on the Southwest by Maple alley, with a two-story frame dwelling house erected on lot No. 165; each of said lots front on Walker street 40 feet and run back to Mulberry alley 120 feet, with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution as the property of Daniel D. Hoover at the suit of Phoebe Stahl, Sephia Ayers, et al.

—ALSO—

All the right, title, interest and claim of the defendant, A. F. Dickey of in and to the following real estate, viz: A certain tract of land situate in Somerset township, Somerset county, Pa., containing one acre, adjoining lands of Henry Houselelt, —land formally owned by W. H. Postlethwaite—known as the Berkey Coal Bank, also all the coal and other minerals underlying a parcel of land owned by Henry Houselelt, adjoining the aforesaid one acre tract, Jonathan Cunningham and others being the mineral contained under the same parcel of land conveyed by Benford & Hagus to Daniel Keefer containing 9 acres, with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution at the suit of Francis E. Weimer, use of Samuel Barclay.

—ALSO—

All the right, title interest and claim of Henry Valentine, of in and to the following described real estate, viz: A certain tract of land situate in Lower Turkeyfoot Twp., (now Confluence Bor.,) Somerset Co., Pa., containing three (3) acres and ninety-two (92) perches, adjoining lands of Joseph Cummins, John Davis's heirs and others, with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution at the suit of John G. Sanner's use and John Davis' Adm'r.

TERMS:

NOTICE—All persons purchasing at the above sale will please take notice that a part of the purchase money—to be made known at the time of sale—will be required as soon as the property is knocked down, otherwise it will be again exposed to sale at the risk of the first purchaser. The residue of the purchase money must be paid on or before Thursday of the first week of the May Term of Court, the time fixed by the Court for executing the acknowledgment of deeds, and no deed will be acknowledged until the purchase money is paid in full.

JOHN WINTERS,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, April 22, 1885.

LIST OF CAUSES.

Following is the List of Causes set for trial at May Term of Court, beginning Monday, May 18, 1885:

FIRST WEEK.

M. A. Ross & Sons vs. Pinkerton Lumber Co' Garnishees.
Emerson Smith & Co. vs. Same.
Jacob P. Miller vs. W. H. Zufall.
Silas Jenkins and wife vs. George Firestone.
J. W. Smith vs. John Barnhart.
Cornelia Tissue et. al. vs. B. & O. R. R. Co.
Linton Bros. & Cunningham vs. William Kinsinger.
Jacob P. Miller vs. W. H. Zufall.
D. W. Brendlinger vs. Daniel Berkeypile.
Same vs. Same.
James Parson vs. Julia Whitesell.
W. G. Zimmerman vs. J. J. Miller, et. al.
David Lohr's Exr. vs. Margaret H. Lohr.

SECOND WEEK.

Lydia Reiman vs. Susannah and C. C. Walter.
Charles Zimmerman vs. Conemaugh Township.
A. H. Coffroth vs. Simon P. Sweitzer.
J. D. Reynolds, et al. vs. B. & O. R. R. Co.
F. E. Weimer vs. Jenner Township.
S. J. Ringler vs. W. C. Livengood.
Nefis Assignee & A. H. Coffroth vs. Levi Coughenour gar.
Walker & Leydig vs. A. R. Gelst.
John Williams's Adm'rs vs. Thomas Williams.
Susquehanna M. Fire Ins. Co. vs. Elias Flick.
Christena Kelm vs John Lentz.
Daniel Mastoller vs. John L. Saylor.
Eli Shaffer vs. John Tamy.
Bertha M. Berkepile vs. James Bohan and wife.
Susquehanna M. Fire Ins. Co. vs. J. R. Walter.
Jacob Sipe's Widow and heirs vs. Tospan terten.
Edward Deal vs. Larimer Township.
Jacob M. Pike vs. South Pen'n R. R. Co.
Geo. W. Osborn vs. S. & C. R. R. Co.
Martha Hunter, et. al. vs. Joseph J. Daniels.
Patrick Cosgrove vs. John Cosgrove.
Rachel Hitesh ue vs. J. J. Spangler, Shff.
Jose