The Somerset Herald.

EDWARD SCULL, Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY.....January 7, 1885.

THE report comes up from Harrisburg that the Democrats are after the scalp of School Superintendent Higbee.

OUR Democratic friends enjoyed a happier New Year than they have done within the last quarter-century.

BEN BUTLER says he is not going to write a book—no, not much—He is not going to gratify his enemies to that extent.

ROBERT GARRETT, President of the B. & O., Railroad, sent a check for $1,000 to Marshal Gray, of Baltimore, to buy Christmas coal and food for the poor of that city.

CLEVELAND's letter to George William Curtis is not altogether a comforting thing to the old fashioned spoils Democrat, and it will raise a breeze in the camp before the new year waxes old.

THE sudden death of General Hancock's only son and child will excite universal sympathy. The distinguished soldier did not even know his son was ill, when he received the news of his death.

THE Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph company began the new year by making a sweeping reduction of rates between the Eastern and Western cities. We hope that interior points like Somerset. will also receive the benefits of the new policy.

BUSINESS is undoubtedly dull, and thousands of men are out of employment, but if business men would cease croaking, and resolutely put their shoulders to the wheel, there would be a general revival, and better times—Send the croakers to the rear.

SCORES of the leading Democrats of the country are daily visiting Mr. Cleveland, and each and every one of them declares that his visit has no political significance." What a number of disinterested, and unselfish friends the new President is blessed with!

THE Prohibitionists of Illinois have been meeting and chuckling over what they call the wreck of the Republican party, and predicting a grand triumph for the Prohibition party in 1888. While thus keeping up a cheerful demeanor, it is noticeable that they never fail to pass around the hat.

A BILL is to be introduced in the present Legislature to amend the road laws of the State, This is a good movement, as the majority of the country roads in this end of the State are a disgrace to the communities through which they pass, and the work and money yearly expended upon them is simply thrown away.

MR. Vice President elect Hendricks, General Wade Hampton and other prominent Democrats, are assuring the negroes of the South that they are their best friends. We hope this may prove true, but the last time the Democratic party was in the saddle it behaved very badly towards the colored people, and they are excusable for viewing their new found friends with suspicious eyes.

THE Independents have been casting around them for a candidate with which to antagonize Senator Cameron. General Beaver, Calvin Wells and Col. Bayne have been suggested as the probable man. General Beaver says he will not be a candidate. Wells says that he is not one, and this leaves Col. Bayne as the possible contingent. Better agree to make Mr. Cameron's re-election unanimous, gentlemen!

THE report of the National Association for erecting the Garfield monument shows that the sum of $132,399.64 has been raised. Of this amount $88,491.38 has been raised in Ohio, most of it in Cleveland. Every State and Territory of the Union is represented in the subscription list. Of the subscription twelve hundred dollars was sent from foreign countries. Australia making a contribution of twelve dollars.

THE Chicago *Tribune* announced a few days since that the Republicans of the Illinois Legislature, on the Senatorial question stood 100 for Logan and two for Farwell. Mr. Farwell has since declined to be a candidate and as his two friends will probably support Logan, this will give him the entire Republican vote, and just one half the Legislature. The Democrats, it is thought will concentrate on Congressman Morrison, and if he can poll his entire party strength, there will be a deadlock.

THE Republican members of the Legislature held caucuses for the nomination of officers of the respective Houses on Monday evening last. The Senate caucus was presided over by Hon J. H. Longenecker, of Bedford, and Senator Mylin, of Lancaster, was made the candidate for President pro tem. by a vote of 20 to 9 for Senator Smith, of Philadelphia. Senator Lee voting for Mr. Longenecker. The selection of Chief Clerk and other officers was referred to the Senate Slate Committee. In the House caucus Hon. A. J. Colborn, of Somerset was selected as Chairman and Hon. James L. Graham, of Pittsburgh, for Speaker and George Pearson, of Mercer, for Chief Clerk, were nominated by acclamation.

THE Philadelphia *Press* announces that "Chairman I. D. McKee, of the Independent Republican State Committee," at the request of "members of that committee in various sections of the State," is preparing a circular addressed to the members of his committee, calling upon them to get the Independents together in their respective districts, for the purpose of ascertaining their sentiments and passing resolutions protesting against the re-election of Senator Cameron, "so that in the event of another Independent movement, in the gubernatorial campaign two years hence, Mr. Cameron's friends cannot have it to say that the Independents allowed them to re-elect him without some warning of the consequences."

That the Independents have a right to protest against the election of Mr. Cameron, or any other man, is unquestioned. Our object in noticing their proposed action, as set forth by their sympathizing friend the *Press*, is to call the attention of all true Republicans to the fact, that while declaring that past differences are at an end, and the party is once more united, these Independents are keeping up an organization within the party lines, looking to another bolt two years hence, if they are not permitted to dictate the gubernatorial candidate. This is nothing more nor less, than premeditated treason to the party, to which they profess to belong, and an expressed determination to ruin if they cannot rule it. It is an attempt by an organized clique of politicians, to "boss" the party nominations, and failing to do this to defeat the candidates. In the light of the experiment of 1882, the people are not likely to be easily led astray by these schemers, but they should keep their eyes on the plotters who are preparing to again betray the Republican party into the hands of its enemies, unless they are allowed to control it. We were a "band of brothers" during the Presidential campaign, when their favorite was the candidate, but his defeat having been brought about by the force of their example and teachings, they turn around and propose to knife the men who sank all personal sentiments, in loyalty to party, and gave their petted candidate 81,000 majority in the Keystone State.

THE chief topic of comment, and of conversation, among newspaper men and politicians, for the past week, has been the letter of the President elect, to George William Curtis and his fellow Civil Service Reformers. As a public utterance of the coming Chief Magistrate on an all absorbing topic, it has attracted unusual attention, and drawn out a wide diversity of comment and of interpretation. In our judgment while it reads well it mean but little. It is "full of sound and fury signifying nothing." No one expected otherwise, and it was therefore hardly necessary for Mr. Cleveland to say that persons who have used their official position to display an offensive and indecent partisanship cannot rightly claim to hold on under the law. It is not probable that persons who have done this expect to serve under him. But what is offensive partisanship, and who is to be the judge of it? We do not know anything that a Republican could say in behalf of his party candidates, or in advocacy of his party's principles that would not be deemed offensive to a hide bound Democrat, and again, what might be offensive to one man might be laughed at by another. Are all complaints against offensive officials in all parts of this immense country, to be laid at the foot of the throne, or will they be sifted and passed upon by local Star chambers of good Democrats, and their reports be taken as the measure of official offensive partisanship?

The good official, fit to be retained in public place, according to this interpretation of civil service rules, by the highest Democratic authority, is the individual whose party service is bounded by the quiet and unobtrusive exercise of his individual political rights. This test, will of course, expel from office every Republican who had the manhood to openly make known his political convictions, and the courage and intelligence to advocate and support them. If fitness for public office, means cringing cowardly subserviency, emasculated manhood, speaking with bated breath your cherished sentiments, sneaking to the polls, and there depositing a ballot, intending to effect a purpose which you dare not openly avow, then liberty of speech is a mockery and our boasted freedom a snare. It this be Civil service reform, then we want none of it. A man might as well deny the mother that bore him, as the party whose principles he professes to love. Why not disfranchise office holders, and be done with it? But as we said in the beginning, these professed views of Mr. Cleveland signify nothing. They are but a tub thrown to the mugwump whale, and the Republican office holder who dreams that he will be allowed to hold his position because he was not an offensive partisan, will have a rude awakening before the year grows grey. No President ever proved stronger than his party, and the one which has elevated Mr. Cleveland to power, most decidedly believes in the doctrine "To the victors belong the spoils." We therefore, advise all Republican officials, to hold themselves in readiness to take up the line of march when the long roll beats.

All those who have used Baxter's Mandrake Bitters speak very strongly in their praise. Twenty-five cents per bottle at C. N. Boyd's Drug Store.

HARRISBURG LETTER.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

HARRISBURG, PA., January 5, 1885.

For several months past the busy mechanics and laborers were plying their every energy in repairing, cleaning and making as new, the halls and corridors of the Capitol building of the State. Everything looks as clean as a pin, a very favorable contrast to the unpleasant condition in which all things were left after the long session which finally adjourned about a year ago. The Senate chamber has received especial attention in this general renovation. The desks have been re-varnished, new brussels carpet put upon the floor, the heating facilities improved and the walls neatly frescoed. The three large paintings upon the ceiling are models of perfect work, by the delicate brush of an Italian artist from Washington, D. C. The Hall looks attractive and cheerful, and if these surroundings have their influence we can expect good and wholesome legislation from the Session of 1885. The Representative Hall has received less attention and less expense was incurred in putting it in a comfortable condition, new carpet, new radiators, new curtains, re-varnished desks, etc., are among the many changes made. These repairs are necessarily expensive. Although those in charge used every precaution, to lessen expenses, the cost will probably reach the sum of five thousand dollars.

The Legislative session of 1885 which is just commencing, promises to be one of importance. Its members were slow to make their appearance upon our streets, but they are now nearly all present to answer the first roll call. Their pleasant faces and polite demeanor indicate that they left bright homes and a hopeful constituency. The people of this city are pleased to have the law makers of this great commonwealth of Pennsylvania sojourn with them while in session and engage in their arduous duties. Many members while here stop with private families, some come here with their families and rent for the time, but the largest number of them stop at the different hotels throughout the city. The largest of which are the Lochiel, the Republican headquarters, the Bolton the headquarters of the Democrats, the Jones and the United States. The convening of the Legislature makes everything more lively and business like. We not only have the members as an addition to our population but an army of others from every part of the state who are scrambling for the subordinate offices.

The most important feature of this session will be the election of a United States Senator. Many surmises are afloat as to who will be the successful candidate. The most that can be learned is that J. D. Cameron is a candidate and that he will return here after the Legislature is fully organized to personally take charge of his re-election to the Senate. The organization of the Senate and House is no small task to perform so as to give entire satisfaction to the different factions that usually seek predominance. Judging from present indications it looks as if the following would be the organization of the Senate: President pro tem., Amos H. Mylin, of Lancaster; Chief Clerk, E. W. Smiley, of Venango and Reading Clerk, Lucius Rogers, of McKean. Of the house, for Speaker, James L. Graham, of Allegheny; Chief Clerk, George Pearson, of Mercer; Resident Clerk, John D. Patterson, of Harrisburg; Reading Clerk, Harry Hulm, of Philadelphia: Sergeant-at-arms, Charles Vorhees, of Philadelphia. After organization on Monday they will adjourn until Wednesday, when they will again adjourn for about ten days in order to give the Speaker time to appoint his committees. The Senate committee is composed of eleven members whose duties are to make all subordinate appointments. The Senate has about twenty-eight subordinate appointments, nearly all of which are made by the Chief Clerk.

The Governor has finished his message, and no doubt it will be an able document and be full of bold and original suggestions on subjects of great interest to the tax payers. It will be read more extensively and with greater attention than is usually given to papers of this character. The resignation of Captain Ornig, Assistant Librarian, took effect January 1st. In 1875 he was appointed by Governor Hartranft, who had been Colonel of his old three months regiment, to the position, and has held it up to the time of his resignation. He was a very excellent and efficient keeper of the books. His successor, Prof. Samuel Baer, of Reading, is well known to the people of the State. He has for several years been Superintendent of Public Schools of Reading, and has been engaged in giving instructions at County Institutes. The duties of the Librarian and Assistant are arduous, and with the rapid increase of the number of books, additional assistance should be appointed. There are now nearly 52,000 volumes in the Library. Librarian Little, who resides at Carlisle, had a call to a professorship in the Syracuse University of New York. He will not accept the call. We would not want Prof. Little to leave the State, but think that while he acts as Librarian he should reside in this city.

H. & J.

General Grant's Bad Health.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—A prominent official says that when in New York a few days ago he learned that five physicians had been called in consultation to examine the state of General Grant's health and had arrived at the conclusion that the general was at present completely broken down physically and required absolute rest.

Accident to a Congressman.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 1.—Representative Laird, of Nebraska, met with a serious accident while out riding today. His horse slipped on the pavement and fell, throwing him to the ground and falling upon him, breaking his right leg just above the ankle. The physicians who attended him say he has sustain a compound fracture of the limb.

The Expense of a National Convention.

CHICAGO, Jan. 2.—The local finance committee of the Democrat's national convention held their final meeting to-day and subscribed $1,100 to defray the remaining indebtedness total. The expenses of the convention amounted to $150,000.

In case of hard cold nothing will relieve the breathing so quickly as to rub Arnica & Oil Liniment on the chest. For sale by C. N. Boyd.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, January 2, 1885.

New Year's day was observed in Washington, after the time honored fashion. Although the custom of calls on that day is going out in some of the leading cities, it is adhered to here. Indeed Washington may be called the New Year's city of the World. Beginning with the President and going down the scale, everybody receives. The distinguished, the obscure, the wealthy, the well to do, the "hard up" and the "run down" open their doors and welcome callers.

The White House reception was unusually grand. President Arthur had invited over sixty ladies to assist at his last New Year's reception, and they were socially equal to the occasion, greeting callers as hospitably as their chief. Besides the Cabinet ladies and those of the Supreme Court, there were the wives of Senators, Representatives, and many others prominent in the society circles of the Capital. The President was beaming with health, good spirits and cordiality, and the official pageant that wished him a happy New Year was imposing in its gorgeous uniforms, decorations, and foreign court regalia. Cabinet officers, ex-cabinet officers, foreign diplomats, Supreme Court Justices, and Justices of the District Courts, Congress, Army and Navy officers, ex-ministers, assistant Secretaries, heads of bureaus, Commissioners, Superintendents, Assistant Postmasters General, Attorney Generals, Solicitors General, veteran soldiers and civic organizations followed in order.

A brilliant scene was witnessed by the privileged few who peeped into the East room while it was thronged with the Diplomats in their costumes of many colors, with gilt lace, gold braid, dangling swords, and shining helmets. There is nothing gorgeous in attire, head or foot gear sashes or epaulets, that the vanity of foreign powers has not patented. One could see the green velvet Court dress of Brazil; the brilliant helmet and uniform of France's military attachee; the oak leaves. acorns and wheat, emblematic of Belgium; the mandarin costume of the Chinese Charge D'Affaires; the gay curious Turkish garb, and so on in endless variety. The New Japanese Minister in flowing satins, gold wrought shoes and rare embroideries looked on in ill concealed astonishment at his first New Year's reception in America, while the British minister in dark suit and gold lace chatted with a group of ladies of different nationalities.

While the Diplomatic corps was passing by the receiving party, the band in the vestibule very appropriately played the patriotic airs of the nations represented. It was interesting to notice how quickly the notes were recognized by the representatives of the countries to which the airs belonged, and the pleasure it gave them.

The Oldest Inhabitants association terminated one division of the day's reception. When the last hoary headed citizen had grasped the Presidents hand, there was a momentary pause in the reception. Then the doors were again thrown open. The people, regardless of race or color begun to surge in, and the public reception commenced. The President did not change his position, did not suffer himself to look tired, did not even take time to wipe the perspiration from his brow, but went right to work again shaking hands. The procession seemed endless, but he was ready for each extended hand expressed New Year's wishes affably, kissed some children gracefully, and did other gracious things that even a President of the United States was not expected to do. It was a motely crowd that passed by him, though the cattle drover with his whip and the peddler with his pack, to whom tradition has assigned a place at the President's public receptions were not there. The rich and the poor, the fashionable and the plain, infancy, old age and all the intermediate ages were in the procession. There were many handsome toilets and many damaged ones, and in the crush that is unavoidable on such occasions. Clothes as well as their wearers suffered. The procession had to be stopped occasionally, to allow the crowd inside to be reduced, and then the line would again begin to move. It went on and on thus until the time for closing arrived.

Cure for Piles.

Piles are frequently preceded by a sense of weight in the back, loins and lower part of the abdomen, causing the patient to suppose he has some affection of the kidneys or neighboring organs. At times, symptoms of indigestion are present, as flatulency, uneasiness of the stomach, ect. A moisture, like perspiration, producing a very disagreeable itching, after getting warm, is a common attendant. Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles yield at once to the application of Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy, which acts directly upon the parts affected, absorbing the Tumors, allaying the intense itching, and effecting a permanent cure. Price 50 cents. Address, The Dr. Bosanko Medicine Co., Piqua, O. Sold by C. N. BOYD, Druggist, Somerset, Pa. dec.3-1y.

Cleveland's Proposed Policy.

CHICAGO, January 1.—The daily News publishes an interview with ex-Congressman Jay A. Hubbell, of Michigan. He says: "I don't believe that President-elect Cleveland can carry out the civil service laws and survive his Presidential term. The pressure that will be brought to bear on Mr. Cleveland will be terrible, and if he withstands the avalanche of office-seekers he will deserve the gratitude of the Republic. Such a course on his part would have a tendency to break up existing political organizations and result in the formation of a conservative party."

A Double Assassination.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., December 24.—Jacob Torian, a worthy young man living with Mrs. Steger, near Long View, Christian County, Ky., and young Adock, visiting the family, were brutally assassinated last night at 7 o'clock.

Torian was reading when the assassin fired through the window. The ball entered his right side and passed through the body. He instantly fell dead. Adock sprang from his seat just in time to receive the second shot in the breast. The assassin fled, leaving no clue.

The name of N. H. Downs still lives, although he has been dead many years. His Elixir for the cure of coughs and colds has already outlived him a quarter of a century, and is still growing in favor with the public. For sale by C. N, Boyd.

CIVIL SERVICE REFORM.

President-Elect Cleveland's Policy.

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—On the 20th inst. the officers of the National Civil Service Reform League addressed a letter to Governor Cleveland on the subject of civil service reform, which cause they say they confidently commend "to your patriotic care in the exercise of the great power with which the American people have intrusted to you."

To this the President-elect replied as follows:

"DEAR SIR:—Your communication dated December 20th, addressed to me on behalf of the National Civil Service Reform League, has been received.

"That a practical reform in the civil service is demanded is abundantly established by the fact that a statute referred to in your communication to secure such a result has been passed in Congress with the assent of both political parties, and by the further fact that a sentiment is generally prevalent among patriotic people calling for the fair and honest enforcement of the law which has thus been enacted. I regard myself pledged to this, because my conception of true Democratic faith and public duty requires that this and all other statutes should be in good faith and without evasion enforced, and because in many utterances made prior to my election as President, approved by the party to which I belong, and which I have no disposition to disclaim, I have in effect promised the people that this should be done.

"I am not unmindful of the fact to which you refer, that many of our citizens fear that the recent party changes in the national executive may demonstrate that the abuses which have grown up in the civil service are ineradicable. I know that they are deeply rooted, and that the spoils system has been supposed to be intimately related to success in the maintenance of party organization, and I am not sure that all those who profess to be the friends of this reform will stand firmly among its advocates when they find it obstructing their way to patronage and to place.

"But fully appreciating the trust committed to my charge, no such consideration shall cause a relaxation on my part of an earnest effort to enforce the law.

"There is a class of government positions which are not within the letter of the civil service statute, but are so disconnected with the policy of an administration that the removal therefrom of present incumbents, in my opinion, should not be made during the terms for which they were appointed solely on partisan grounds, and for the purpose of putting in their places those who are in political accord with the appointing power.

"But many now holding such positions have forfeited all just claim to retention because they have used their places for party purposes, in disregard of their duty to the people, and because, instead of being decent public servants, they have proved offensive partisans and unscrupulous manipulators of local party management.

"The lessons of the past should be unlearned, and such officials, as well as their successors, should be taught that fitness and efficiency and devotion to public duty are the conditions of their continuance in public place, and that the quiet and unobtrusive exercise of individul political right is the reasonable measure of their party service.

"If I were addressing none but party friends, I should deem it entirely proper to remind them that, though the coming administration is to be Democratic, a due regard for the people's interest does not permit faithful party work to be always rewarded by appointment to office, and to say to them that, while Democrats may expect all proper consideration, selections for office not embraced within the civil service rules will be based upon sufficient inquiry as to fitness, instituted by those charged with that duty, rather than by pereistent importunity or self solicited recommendations on behalf of candidates for appointment."

Fiendish Train Wrecking.

WHEELING, W. Va., Jan. 1, 1885.—About 8 o'clock this morning passenger train No. 6, west bound, over the Baltimore and Ohio road, was thrown fronm the track about a mile east of Grafton. The engineer and fireman were killed, the mail agent and a number of passengers were seriously injured, and the engine and tender wrecked. From details received in this city it is learned that the accident was a deliberate attempt to wreck the train by blocking the switch. About 20 minutes before No. 3 was due, a freight train, also east bound, passed the switch in safety. No sooner had the freight train passed than a man, presumably a discharged employe, placed a triangular piece of iron, previously prepared, in the frog of the switch, the effect of which would be to derail a train running over it. In a few moments the passenger train approached, running at the rate of thirty miles an hour. On striking the frog the engine at once left the track, the tender, mail and express cars following.

Sleeping Tramps Badly Scalded.

CHICAGO, December 24.—A special to the Daily *News* from Lincoln, Ill., says: "Last night thirteen tramps slept on top of the boilers at the coal shaft here. At six o'clock this morning one of their number accidentally turned the blow out valve, allowing the steam and hot water from six boilers to escape.

Eight of the men were severely burned and scalded. It is thought that two of them cannot survive. The men were panic-stricken, and found much difficulty in escaping from the building. All of them were badly burned about the face and throat."

Pittsburg Bessemer Steel Works to Reduce Wages.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 1.—The Pittsburg Bessemer Steel Works, at Homestead, have posted a notice that on Wednesday next they will reduce the wages of their employes in their rail mill thirty-three per cent., those in the converting mill twenty per cent. and laborers ten per cent. The works employ about 1000 men

Endowing a Children's Home.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 31.—William M. Singerly, Editor and proprietor of the *Record*, has endowed the Southern Home for Friendless Children with $600 annually, that being the amount his wife gave to the institution each year.

The Earthquake In Spain.

MADRID, Dec. 31.—Further earthquake shocks were experienced yesterday at Velez Malaga, a city of 13,000 people a few miles from Malaga. Many houses previously damaged were utterly destroyed. People abandoned the city terror stricken, and are now camped outside the town.

A thousand houses at Alhama are in ruins. The work of searching the debris for the dead bodies of the victims of the disaster was vigorously prosecuted yesterday. During the day 192 bodies were recovered. The shocks yesterday were also felt more or less severely elsewhere throughout the province of Malaga and through Granada. They occurred between the hours of 7 and 10 in the morning. There was further loss of life and property at Periona, Riagardo and Vinuela. It is estimated that the total number of persons killed since Christmas is two thousand. The town of Albuqueros was completely destroyed. Many people perished, among whom were several officials. Subscriptions for the relief of the sufferers have been started at Madrid, Malaga and Granada. The King has subscribed $6,000.

Unable to Pay Taxes.

HUNTINGDON, Dec. 31.—The County Commissioners, who were in session yesterday and to-day settling with the collectors of delinquent taxes, allowed the claim of the collector for Carbon township for exoneration from taxes of one hundred and seventy citizens of that township, who, it was alleged, were unable to pay and could not be compelled to do so. The application for so large a number of exonerations in a single district, the taxable population of which does not exceed three hundred, is unprecedented. The people of the township are entirely dependent on the mining interest, which is exceedingly depressed and partially suspended. In the agricultural districts the claims for exoneration were not more numerous than in other years.

A TERRIBLE DISASTER.

LONDON, Dec. 31.—A portion of the roof of a theatre at Cholet, a town in France, collapsed during the performance last night. There were about a thousand persons in the audience. The lights were extinguished, and screams and groans filled the air.

About 150 persons were wounded. The theatre was a temporary structure, which had been strained by the recent storms.

Just as Good.

Many unscrupulous dealers will tell you they have remedies for Coughs and Colds, equal in merit and in every respect just as good as the old reliable Dr. Bosanko's Cough and Lung Syrup, and unless you insist upon this remedy and take no other, you are liable to be deceived, Price 50 cents and $1.00. Sold by C. N. Boyd.

Carried Over Niagara Falls.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., December 30.—A man supposed to be James Greenwood, of Chippewa, while crossing Niagara River to-day, from Chippewa to Port Day, about a mile above the Falls, lost control of his boat, which was drawn into the rapids when it upset, and he was carried over the Falls.

FROM HOOVERSVILLE.

The two new churches recently completed at this place, seem to make people anxious to go to church, and no wonder, as the buildings are both pleasant and comfortable, and presided over by able and eloquent pastors.

Dr. J. W. Hamer has removed to Johnstown, for the practice of his profession. We are sorry to lose him, on account of his success here; but we know he will be successful at Johnstown, and we gladly wish him the same.

Mr. Noe Crissy has just completed his second year in the Hooversville grist mill. He has done his work well and we regret that he is leaving, but as Amaniah Lohr takes his place, we will not be left without a good miller. JORDAN.

SOUTHAMPTON ITEMS.

Sleighing for the past few days has been most excellent and every body that could secure anything like a sled was out on the go.

Mrs. Dan. Troutman of near Kennell's Mill died last Friday of consumption. Mrs. Troutman has been lingering between life and death for several months; she suffered terribly but her pains are now ended and she now rests in peace.

Richard Martz Esq. of Kennels Mill took in Somerset Monday and Tuesday on official business.

Mrs. Lizzie Martz, spent a few days in Ursina as the guest of her sister.

Rev. Barlett of the E. A. Association is at present holding a protracted meeting at Palo Alto.

Quite a number have come out on the Lord's side, and many more are almost persuaded to become Christians.

Quite a number of our folks are taking in the County Institute.

Miss Josie Close, of Wellersburg, spent Saturday and Sunday visiting friends and relatives in this vicinity.

MARRIED.

HORNER—KNEPPER.—Tuesday evening, December 30, 1884, at the Lutheran parsonage in Somerset, by Rev. J. F. Shearer Edward W. Horner and Miss Lizzie M' Knepper, both of Somerset.

BOWSER — LAPE.—On December 25, 1884, by W. E. Lohr, Esq., Mr. Henry N. Bowser, of Benford County, Pa., to Miss Amanda Lape, of Shade Township, Somerset County, Pa.

HERRING—SNYDER—In Somerset Borough, at the house of Daniel Hauger, on Tuesday evening, December 30, 1884, by Rev. G. W. Lowry, Mr. John C. Herring to Miss Sarah Ellen Snyder, both of Rockwood, Pa.

CRAMER—SMITH.—At the residence of the bride's parents, on Sunday, December 28, 1884, by Rev. S. J. Taylor, Mr. George B. Cramer to Miss Lydia Smith, all of Listonville, Somerset County, Pa.

WARNER—MILLER.—At the residence of Mr. Smith, by the Rev. S. J. Taylor, Mr. William Warner to Miss Mollie Miller, all of Listonville, Somerset County, Pa.

ENGELKA—LANDIS.—At the Reformed parsonage in Berlin, on Thursday, January 1, 1885, by Rev. S. R. Bridenbaugh, Mr. Wm. H. Engelka, of Allegheny Township, to Miss Ellen Nora Landis, of near Shanksville.

HOFAR—SURELY.—At the house of Polly Lyberger, in Allegheny Townsh p, on Friday, December 26, 1884, by Francis Suhre, Esq., Mr. Christian Hofar to Miss Susanna Surely, both of Allegheny Township, Somerset County, Pa.

NOTICE.—Persons knowing themselves indebted on our books will please call and settle without further notice, either by cash or note, and save costs.

PARKER & PARKER.

Mrs. Uhl is offering great bargains in goods. Don't fail to see them and get some of them.

A little money will go a great ways at the low prices advertised at Mrs. A. E. Uhl's.

JOHNSTOWN SUPPLY HOUSE.

McMILLAN & WATERS,

PLUMBERS, GAS, & STEAM FITTERS,

190 Main Street Johnstown, Pa.

And dealers in Mill and Machinery Supplies, Iron Pipe, Lead Pipe, Globe Valves, Fittings, Hose, Belting, Iron and Wood Pumps.

The firm have in stock Gas and Oil fixtures varying in price from fifty cents to fifty dollars. They keep all kinds of stock used by parties running Steam Engines. They have Leather and Rubber Belting, (all sizes) Lace Leather, Belt Hooks, and Clamps, Piston and Valve Packing, Sheet, Rubber and Asbestos Packing, Babbit Metal, Cold Rolled Shafting, Pulleys and Hangers, Rubber Hose for Water or Steam, Steam Brass work of all kinds, Globe, Gate, Angle, Check and Safety Valves. Water Gauges, Steam Gauges, Injectors, Gauge cocks, Lubricators and Inspirators; in short they keep anything you may need to repair or fit up your Engine or other Gas or Steam Machinery.

Agents for Equitable Dry Blown Gas Machine, same as now in use by Parker & Parker Somerset, Pa. Public and private buildings heated by steam. Estimates given on cost of supplying building with Water and Gas pipes. Catalogues furnished on application. Mail orders solicited. jan.7-4m.

T. R. MARSHALL, MAIN OFFICE AND YARD AT JOHNSTOWN, PENN'A. Rear 266 Main Street.

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Lumber —AND— BUILDING MATERIALS, Hard and Soft Woods.

OAK, ASH, CHERRY, CHESTNUT, POPLAR, WALNUT, YELLOW PINE, WHITE PINE, SIDINGS, FLOORING, SHINGLES, LATH, PICKETS, SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MOULDINGS, STAIR RAILS, BALUSTERS, NEWEL POSTS

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An absolute cure for Rheumatism, Sprains, Pain in the Back, Burns, Galls, &c. An Instantaneous Pain-relieving and Healing Remedy.

WOOLF'S

Grand Gift Distribution.

Now that the holidays are near at hand, we have already considered different devices by which to show our appreciation to the public for its constant and liberal patronage since the opening of our New Store; and in consideration thereof we have concluded to hold in the following manner a

GRAND GIFT DISTRIBUTION.

With each and every purchase in any of our departments to the amount of two dollars or over will be given a numbered ticket entitling the holder to a chance in our Grand Gift Distribution of Valuable Presents on New Year's Day.

FIRST PRIZE.—A Very Handsome Ebony Set of Parlor Furniture.

SECOND PRIZE.—A New Style Domestic Sewing Machine.

THIRD PRIZE.—A Very Elegant and Highly-Finished Nickle-Plated Parlor Stove (for hard coal).

The chance is open to all, and it make us feel good to know that some hearts will be made glad and some homes be made happy on New Year's Day, January 1, 1885.

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MEN'S OVERCOATS.		MEN'S OVERCOATS.	
Men's Everyday Serviceable Overcoats	$2 50	Men's Harris Cassimere Overcoats	$10
Men's Black Chinchilla Overcoats	3 50	Men's Very Fine Melton Overcoats	11
Men's Prince Charles Overcoats	5 00	Men's Good Worsted Overcoats	12
Men's Fancy Pattern Overcoats	6 00	Men's Good Basket Worsted Overcoats	12
Men's Union Melton Overcoats	7 00	Men's Heavy Cassimere Overcoats	12
Men's Good Cassimere Overcoats	8 00	Men's Fine Corkscrew Overcoats	13
Men's Good Cheviot Overcoats	9 00	Men's Globe Cloth Overcoats	14

CHILDREN'S OVERCOATS. Ages 3 to 11 years.		BOY'S OVERCOATS. Ages 12 to 18 years.	
Children's Grey Melton Overcoats	$1 43	Boys' Fancy Melton Overcoats	8
Children's Fancy Melton Overcoats	2 28	Boys' Good Melton Overcoats	9
Children's Plush Trimmed Overcoats	3 50	Boys' Black Chinchilla Overcoats	9
Children's Cheviot Overcoats	4 00	Boys' Fine Raritan Overcoats	10
Children's Fine Cassimere Overcoats	4 50	Boys' Fancy-Back Overcoats	10

BOYS' HEAVY CAPS.		MEN'S HEAVY CAPS.	
A Good Full-over Cap	$ 50	A Good Chinchilla Cap	$
A Good Plush Cap	50	A Very Good Elysian Cap	
A Good Chinchilla Cap	40	A Good Blue Whitney Cap	

Also, a Large Assortment of the Better Grades.

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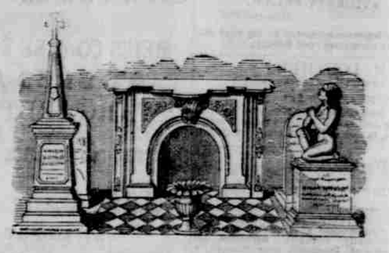

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The Great Blood Purifier,

Has been used for centuries by the Indians, and brought by them direct from their Western home. Indians gather the roots, herbs, barks and gums, and ship them east to us. A few of the most learned and skillful of these people are sent here to prepare this remarkable medicine for the white man's use. The Indians rightly believe that

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And that to keep it pure is the trail to health. The science of chemistry or of medicine has never produced so valuable a remedy, or one so potent to cure all diseases arising from impurity of the blood, as this Indian preparation. No sufferer from any of these afflictions need despair who will give it a fair trial.

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The medicines of the druggist taken internally, will do no good. The only safe and sure cure, is in the use of KA-TON-KA. It aids the liver and stomach to resume natural action, drives the poisons from the system, tones up the nervous influences, purifies the body, and restores perfect health. Ask your druggist for KA-TON-KA. Take nothing else, as you value your health. If he has it not, tell him to send for it to the

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