The Somerset Herald.

EDWARD SCULL, Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY.....October 8, 1884.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

NATIONAL.

FOR PRESIDENT,
HON. JAMES G. BLAINE, of Maine.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
GEN. JOHN A. LOGAN, of Illinois.

STATE.

CONGRESSMAN-AT-LARGE,
GEN. E. A. OSBORNE, of Luzerne.

ELECTORS-AT-LARGE.
William Lilly, of Carbon.
James Dobson, of Philadelphia.
Calvin Wells, of Pittsburgh.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.

1. Edwin S. Stuart.	15. Jos. T. Jennings.
2. John Mundell.	16. Jos. A. Ege.
3. Wm J. McLaughlin.	17. Jos. B. Hileman.
4. Edm'd L. Levy	18. R. F. Junkin.
5. Jos. R. Altemus.	19. Thomas H. Bryson.
6. Horace A. Beale.	20. Wm. P. Duncan.
7. Alfred Fackenthall.	21. Wm. J. Hitchman.
8. Isaac McHose.	22. Geo. T. Oliver.
9. J. P. Wickersham.	23. Josiah Cohen.
10. Sam. B. Thatcher.	24. Michael Weyand.
11. John Scnboldt Jr.	25. Chas A. Randall.
12. Daniel Edwards.	26. Cyrus Kitchen.
13. P. W. Sheafer.	27. Luman B. Wood.
14. Lane S. Hart.	

COUNTY.

FOR CONGRESS,
JACOB M. CAMPBELL, of Cambria County.

FOR ASSEMBLY,
ANDREW J. COLBORN, of Somerset Bor.
WILLIAM S. MORGAN, of Jenner Twp.

FOR PROTHONOTARY,
NORMAN B. CRITCHFIELD, of Jenner Twp.

FOR SHERIFF,
JOHN WINTERS, of Somerset Twp.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
CHARLES C. SHAFER, of Somerset Bor.

FOR TREASURER,
CYRUS C. SCHROCK, of Somerset Twp.

FOR COMMISSIONERS,
PETER DUMBAULD, of Milford Twp.
ADAM C. LEPLEY, of Elklick Twp.,

FOR POOR HOUSE DIRECTOR,
JOSIAH ANKENY, of Somerset Twp.

FOR COUNTY AUDITORS,
JACOB K. BOWMAN, of Somerset Twp
JOSEPH W. MEYERS, of Milford Twp.

THE Republicans of the city of New York are urging General Grant to accept the nomination for Mayor. It is hardly probable that he will consent.

TRULY good Democrats are now horror stricken over the report that Governor Pattison has absolutely refused to contribute anything to the campaign fund of his party.

You can scarcely pick up a paper now-a-days without coming across the announcement of some prominent Democrat, who, disgusted with Cleveland, is going to support Blaine.

MR. BLAINE'S tour through New York and Ohio has so stirred up the average Democrat, that the prophecy "The heathen rage and the people imagine a vain thing." has come to pass.

THE election in Georgia, on Wednesday last drew out a very small vote. There was no opposition, and the entire Democratic ticket for State officers was of course elected.

THOMAS A. HENDRICKS, the Democratic candidate for Vice President —is the gentleman who declared "emancipation a wicked thing" and "Abraham Lincoln a smutty old tyrant."

GENERAL BUTLER said in a recent speech, "I am asked if I expect to be elected. Yes, if the people have any sense." We fear the General will conclude, the people are "darned fools."

FOR twenty-five years the Democrats have been "counting their chickens before they were hatched" and now it is safe to say that in this year of grace, 1884, they are spreading themselves over a nest of rotten eggs.

ACCORDING to the Assessors books, over ten thousand young men in the city of Philadelphia will cast their first vote at the coming Presidential election. The "boys" will vote on age, and are nearly all for Blaine and Logan.

STEEL rails have advanced a dollar a ton, which indicates an improvement in business, mainly attributable to the growing certainty of Republican success, which assures continued protection to this great industry.

DURING the month of September the public debt has been reduced $12,047,039. This makes the decrease since June 30th last, $424,583,181, and is a further reason why the rascally Republicans should be turned out.

HAS anybody heard of Governor Pattison or any member of his official family doing anything to promote the election of Cleveland? The hunt is a still one, but our young Governor and his friends are stiller than the hunt.

AT Cincinnati and elsewhere on his trip through Ohio, Mr. Blaine speaks out boldly and strongly in favor of protection to our industries, while Mr. Cleveland, notwithstanding the fact that he has been challenged to express his views, is as dumb as an oyster on this absorbing topic.

HAS a President-elect ever been known to side with the minority of his party? Is it probable that if elected Mr. Cleveland will train with the forty-one protectionists of his party, who last winter voted against 132 of their Democratic brothers who favored Morrisons Free trade revenue bill?

FROM Lincoln to Arthur, covering a period of twenty-five years, there has never been a Republican candidate who has not been denounced by the Democrats as utterly bad and venal. But judged by the results, the abuse was harmless, and so will it prove with this years crop of lies against Blaine.

THE Democrats are not blowing near so much about Ohio as they were ten days ago. They now declare that Ohio has always gone Republican in Presidential years. This is true, but notwishstanding, they are working as they never did before, with the hope of capturing the State.

DOCTOR AMERICUS VESPECIUS ENFIELD, present Sheriff of Bedford County, has been nominated for Congress by the Democratic conference of this district. The Doctor is walking in the footsteps of Sheriff Cleveland, and will be as badly "knocked out" by General Campbell, as Cleveland will be by Blaine in November.

NOTWITHSTANDING the fact that the Democracy are doing their utmost, they are asserting that they do not expct to carry Ohio. This is an uncommon display of modesty. Last year they carried it for Governor, secured a majority in the Legislature, and elected a United States Senator. What's the matter, that they do not expect to carry the State this year?

THE intolerant spirit of Bourbon democracy was thoroughly exhibited at Albany, N. Y., last week, when it rotten-egged Senator Grady who refuses to support Cleveland and is stumping the State for Butler. Curtis and his followers who bolted Blaine for Cleveland, are patted on the back, as immense fellows, who "carry their sovereignty under their hats," but Grady and those Democrats who bolt from Cleveland to Blaine, are only worthy of rotten-eggs.

IN the ardor for Blaine and Logan our local candidates must not be forgotten. The necessity that President Blaine shall be properly supported by a majority in the House at Washington, makes the return of General Campbell to Congress, an imperative duty. Our Legislative ticket is of the utmost importance this year, for the State is not only to be re-apportioned, but a United States Senator is to be elected. The balance of the County ticket typifies home organization, home sentiment, and home interests, and is entitled to and should receive the fullest support. At no time, and under no circumstances should the interests of our local candidates be lost sight of, and their claims should be kept well to the front during the heat of the Presidential contest.

THE people of Ohio are giving Mr. Blaine a continuous ovation, as he passes up and down through their State. He is met by immense throngs wherever he appears and is apparently capturing the masses as he goes. Behind all this enthusiasm however, there is being waged the hottest, fiercest and best marshalled contest the state has ever known. The Democrats are quietly but stubbornly contesting every inch of ground, their organization is reported as most perfect, and they are well supplied with the sinews of war. The Republicans entertain no doubts of success by a handsome majority, but admit that to secure it, they are constrained to put forth their best efforts. The election takes place on Tuesday next, and the result of it will have a momentous effect on the final battle in November.

GOVERNOR CLEVELAND according to previous arrangement, made a visit to his home at Buffalo, on Thursday last. The evident object of the visit was to give his political friends an opportunity to offset the demonstrations in favor of Blaine on the occasion of his late trip through that portion of New York, and right enthusiastically did they utilize the occasion. Notwithstanding the fact that a steady rain was falling at the time of his arrival, immense throngs crowded the streets, which were brilliantly illuminated, and he was escorted to his hotel by a procession several miles in length. In response to calls from the crowd he made a brief speech, and afterwards reviewed the procession. The sight was a very brilliant one, and the applause and enthusiasm fully met the expectations of his friends and gives color to their claim that, in his own State and at his own home Governor Cleveland possesses the esteem of his party friends.

WHILE Mr. Blaine on his western trip is everywhere discussing the tariff question, and urging upon the people so to vote, as to protect their own interests, Cleveland in the few public utterances he has made, has been totally silent on this grave and commanding question, while the leading journals of his party insist that the tariff is not an issue in this campaign. If the tariff is not an issue in this contest, then there is no issue at stake. The Republicans boldly espouse the cause of protection, and urge its necessitty and vital importance upon the people, while the Democrats dodge the question, or openly advocate Free trade, or what is synonymous, "a tariff for revenue only." In Pennsylvania, New York, Ohio and the Eastern states the Democratic leaders are working for Cleveland on the ground that he is not opposed to Protection, while in Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Kentucky and the South generally they are conducting the campaign on the ground of a tariff for revenue only. It is this cowardly evasion of the issue, this two-faced effort to deceive the people, that shuts Mr. Cleveland's mouth so tightly, and makes it certain that the Democratic party is trying to steal into power by false pretenses. Suppose that by accident Mr. Cleveland should be elected, which of these conflicting pledges of his friends will be kept? He cannot in that event, balance between them, as he is doing now. He must take position with one or the other wing of his party, and as the vote on the Morrison free trade bill during the last session of Congress, proved the fact that Democratic protectionists are but an insignificant minority of his party, he will necessarily, if not willingly side with the Free trade majority. The tactics of the "Polk, Dallas and tariff of 1842" fraud are being repeated, and so sure as the Democrats succeed in this campaign, so sure will the present protective duties be stricken down, and duties "for revenue only" be imposed. History is repeating itself, and if the people will not be warned by experience, they will surely taste the bitter fruits of Free trade, if the Republican party is not successful.

GOOD WORDS FOR GENERAL CAMPBELL.

The renomination of the Hon. Jacob M. Campbell for Congress in this district gives general satisfaction to all Republicans. No man could have been nominated who is better qualified for the position, and no other man would poll so large a vote in the district. His course in Congress was straightforward, ever a faithful friend to the soldier, ever, faithful to his constituents, and his record is clean and untarnished. He will not only carry the full Republican vote at the November elected, but many Democrats will rally to his support.—*Cambria Herald.*

"General Jacob M. Campbell of Cambria County, was nominated on Thursday morning for Congress, by the Conference, which has been in session at Somerset, since September 2d. General Campbell has ably represented this district in Congress during three terms and has been a faithful, diligent, cool headed and efficient representative and his past services will be rewarded with a re-election."—*Republican and Inquirer.*

We are glad to note that, after a protracted struggle, our old friend Gen. Jacob M. Campbell of Johnstown, has been renominated for Congress in the Seventeenth District Gen. Campbell is noted for several things which are important in a Congressman: For true Republicanism and a protective tariff; for straightforward and upright conduct, and for strict fidelity to his constituents. We are pleased to congratulate him in advance upon his election for the fourth time.—*Raftmans Journal.*

Hon. Jacob M. Campbell was unanimously re-nominated for Congress on Thursday. That this nomination gives satisfaction to the large majority of the republicans of Blair county, we feel assured, from the feeling before and since the nomination, and we are satisfied that it is well received in all the counties of the district.

General Campbell has made an attentive and faithful representative during the past four years, ever careful of the interests of his constituents as well as of interests of the whole country. This is an iron and mining district, deeply interested in the American policy of protection, and we are sure that he will not only receive the vote of every tariff Republican, but of many tariff Democrats. He was a gallant soldier during the war, and he has paid unwearied attention to the claims of our country's defenders, giving the greater part of his time in their interests, and the senior editor of the *Register* knows from his own observation on a visit to Washington and an examination of the books and records kept by him, that his unceasing and earnest efforts were always directed in their welfare. We believe he will run ahead of his ticket in Blair county, as well as in every other county of the district—for the soldiers and their sons, as all protections, will take care of their friend in this contest. They want a majority of men like General Campbell in the next Congress, to aid President Blaine in the government of the country in favor of American interests, and the perpetuity of the great Republic."—*Hollidaysburg Register.*

Democratic Repeaters for Ohio.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—Information received by the Republican managers here shows that Democratic plans have been perfected and are already in operation to carry the Ohio election by fraud. Secretary McPherson said to-day that he had reliable information that gangs of repeaters were being organized in this city for duty in Cincinnati on the 14th inst, and he understood the same thing was being done in Philadelphia. With the entire police force of Cincinnati, and several other cities under their control and the various executive and judicial offices in many of the larger counties filled with men put there to carry out the wishes of their bosses, who are the men having the campaign in charge, and the political machinery of the state under their control, the Democrats are in a position to do a vast amount of effective work with their gangs.

Shot at St John.

TERRE HAUTE, IND., Oct. 2.—A special from Sullivan says: Some villian fired into the car in which Govenor St. John sat on his way from Carlisle to Terre Haute last night. The bullet passed through the window on the opposite side making a clean hole and in the side on which Mr. St. John sat, a little in front of him. The train was just slowing up, south of Sullivan, when the shot was fired, it being exactly eight o'clock. The Govenor took the matter coody and no disturbance was made, and many on the train were not aware of the occurrence. There is no clue to the motive or identity of the person who fired the shot.

The Election in Georgia.

AUGUSTA, Ga., October 2.—In yesterday's State ection there was no opposition to the Democratic ticket and the vote was very much lighter than four years ago, when a bitter contest for Governor was waged between Colquitt and Norwood. The Legislature elected will return Joseph E. Brown to the United States Senate. The independents were defeated in Burke and Greene counties and their other strongholds. In several counties in this section the prohibition ticket was generally successful, but created no Democratic division. Prohibition, in one form or another, exists in 90 of the 137 counties in the State.

Killed at a Blaine Reception.

XENIA, Ohio, Oct. 2.—At Morrow, Warren County, Ohio, at the reception to Mr. Blaine, a man named George Hamilton, an employe of the P. C. & St. L. R. R. Co. was fatally injured by the premature discharge of a cannon.

BLAINE IN CINCINNATI.

An Enthusiastic Trip of Sixty Ohio Miles.

CINCINNATI, October 2.—Before Mr. Blaine's train left the depot at Dayton yesterday morning a pleasant incident occurred. Among the many ladies who spoke to him was a native of the town in Pennsylvania where he was born. Mr. Blaine was greatly pleased at meeting her and talked a few minutes about old times. Then a pretty little girl who wanted to kiss Mr. Blaine was held up, and when he kissed her the crowd cheered enthusiastically. At several small towns and at many farm houses along the road the train was saluted with cheers and waving flags.

A SPEECH OM THE TARIFF.

At 12:20 the train arrived at Hamilton. Here Mr. Blaine and party were driven through the town to a stand in front of the court house, where there was a gathering of many thousand people. H. L. Morey introduced Mr. Blaine as the most distinguished representative of the policy of protection to American industry. After the crowd had cheered repeatedly order was restored and Mr. Blaine said:

"Citizens of Ohio, it is now forty years since the question of a protective tariff engaged the attention of the American people as profoundly as it does to-day.—It was in the contest between Mr. Clay and Mr. Polk in 1844 that the great national debate on the question took place and the great protective tariff was defeated, not by the popular vote but by the bad faith of the party which succeeded in the election, and I beg to call your attention—the attention of a large manufacturing population—to the fact that the policy of protecting American industry has never been defeated in the United States by a popular vote. [Cheers.] The contrary policy has been forced upon the people at different times through the bad faith of their representatives but never, I repeat, by the popular vote upon a deliberate appeal to the people in their primary capacity. It therefore would seem to be the duty of the people of the United States, if by a majority they believe in the policy of protection, to see to it that the party is sustained that can be trusted to uphold it. [Cries of "Good," "Good," and cheers.] "Yes but," said a gentleman to me yesterdap, "protection does not always secure abundant prosperity. There are a great many idle men now in the country." Well, grant it. There has never yet been devised by the wit of man that which will secure through all times and all seasons a continuous flow of prosperity. But the question is whether over a given series of years there has not been a larger degree of prosperity to the people under the policy of protection than under the policy of free trade The question is to be gauged and tested not by the experience of a single year, but by the experience of a series of years. We have had a protective tariff now for more than two decades, and I ask you whether there has ever been another period of years in which the United States has made such progress as during the last twenty years. ["Never," and cheers.] But it is true, now and then there will come a little lull and a little re-action in business. There will come a little lull and a little reaction in nature. You had a great drought in Ohio this year, but you do not on that account avow that you will have no more rain. On the contrary, you are the more firmly persuaded that rain is the only element that will restore the fertility to your soil, verdure to your fields and richness to your crops. So, in this little slough, this little dullness in the business of the country, the one great element that can be relied on to restore prosperity is the protective tariff. The question then is for Ohio to decide. On the 14th day of this month you will have an opportunity to tell the people of the United States whether you believe in that doctrine. If you do you will secure not only its continuance, but its permanent triumph. But if, on the other hand, you should falter and fall back, it might produce disaster elsewhere. The responsibility is on you. Is your courage equal to your responsibility? ["Yes, yes."] Is your confidence equal to your courage? ["It is, it is."] Then I have nothing more to say except to bid you good bye." [Cheers.]

THE WELCOME TO CINCINNATI.

At 3:30 o'clock the train ran into the depot in this city, where a great crowd had been waiting, by whom Mr. Blaine was enthusiastically received. The people filled the streets along the route to the hotel. At the hotel the crowd called for "Blaine!" "Blaine!" until that gentleman came out and was presented by Judge Foraker. Mr. Blaine said:

"I thank you and all the good people of Cincinnati for this cordial, hearty and magnificent reception." The crowd cheered again and again as Mr. Blaine retired into the hotel.

At 6:30 Mr. Blaine was escorted to the Exposition building, which was already crowded. For a while Mr. Blaine held an informal reception in the commissioners' office, where some gentlemen and many ladies were presented to him. Then he was escorted upon the stage, where he made a speech, in which he said:

"Ladies and Gentlemen: I thank you for the cordiality of your welcome. I am glad to be in Cincinnati. I am glad to be able to recall old associations and to form new ones. It is forty years this year since I first saw your city, so I am able to measure for myself its marvelous progress. I remember it as a city of forty thousand inhabitants, and I see it to-day as a city of four hundred thousand; a city not only with all the great railroad transportation of the country favoring its growth, but connected with an inland navigation of 20,000 miles, and situate as near to the Gulf of Mexico as it is to the Atlantic Ocean, its future growth is assured. The grandeur of its future needs no vouching and no prophecy. I congratulate you on what you have done, and I congratulate you still more on what is before you."

Senator Sherman, Judge Foraker, and Congressman Follett also made remarks. After the speaking Mr. Blaine was given a complimentary dinner by the commissioners of the exposition. The occasion was non-political, and there was no speaking at the dinner, at which several locally distinguished Democrats were present.

Take a Good Second Look at it.

Here is the way one man puts it "Democratic success means free trade Free trade means 30 per cent. reduction in wages. Reduction in wages means the panic and revolution." That is a thing not merely for workingmen but for all classes to take a good second look at."—*New York Tribune.*

A "WILD" WESTERN ORATOR.

Mr. John P. Dolliver Delivers One of His Characteristic Speeches.

Delivered in Buffalo September 30.

It was not, he said, necessary that a party should hold office to be corrupt. The Democratic party had been an exile from office nearly thirty years, and yet its corruption was of the most ulcerous kind, for all that is left of it is its old clothes and appetite. The Democrats say office-holding has diseased the Republican party. Office is a disease that you know and I know Democrats would be willing to double themselves up with. They would be willing to turn all the Government offices into dispensaries and hospitals it they could be permitted to be thus diseased. The party has a natural adaption to illness of this nature.

There are two theories of government. One that this is a nation of the people. The other that it is a cob house likely to fall to pieces if any one sees proper to pull out a cob. The Democratic party holds to the latter theory. By this time it must know that whatever its theory it really is a nation, behind which is the citizenship of a great people.

"To-day the Democratic party is posing as the representative of labor. This party might, with as absolute freedom write the name of Benedict Arnold on the Washington Monument. If I had to live as the Democratic party does, in constant fear of meeting some one that is acquainted with me, I would go off in some secluded spot and pray that the Lord immediately avenge himself upon me. The Democratic party is agitated because the Republican party talks about its party. The Republican party lives in the hearts of the people and there will live while memory holds its sway.

Out in his own state of Iowa the speaker believed the people knew as much about public virtue as Carl Schurz. They had built a school house on every square mile in Iowa and enlisted an army of 20,000 school teachers to instruct the youth of the state in knowledge, which would lead them not to join the Democratic party. Out in Iowa it was generally known who was the governor of New York state, but all that was known of the present governor, Grover Cleveland, was from campaign biographies, from which it appeared that he had been elevated from mayor of this beautiful city to the Governorship, because he refused to join the city council in a steal on a street-cleaning contract of $100,000 in broad daylight. It was a very creditable thing, no doubt, but the people out in Iowa thought it very singular that a man should be so much distinguished for refusing to carry off a red hot stove. In the campaign biography, on turning to the table of contests, the speaker found various little matters relating solely to the history of this splendid city, such as the Mayor's actoion on the Street Commisioner's horse and buggy, the Watson street pump, the intercepting sewer. etc. But the present election was to be carried on national issues, not on a question of drainage or whether the street commisioner ought to have a horse and buggy, and the Watson street pump would, no doubt, take care of itself It reminded the speaker of a man in New York, who was walking up and down, carrying a placard advertising the place of business and terms of a chiropodist. The Democratic candidate simply advertises the place where his party expect to do business. The Republican party has written every line of the history of this generation and the Democratic party has not even furnished the punctuation marks. It put the standard into the hands of two of its most illustrious leaders, who are now certain of election. The campaign will be lifted on billows of enthusiasm, and when it is over a voice will be heard, like to the voice of the present Governor of New York sounding from the Adirondac Mountains in the only definite utterance he ever made, and saying that the chief executive office of this country is essentially executive.

Judge and Chief of Police Killed.

MONTEREY, Mex., October 3.—Accounts from Salinas City, 40 miles north of here, State that a terrible battle took place there yesterday between an organized company of bandit outlaws and the city authorities. Judge Jones Santos the chief Alcalde of Salinas, has during the past five years incurred the displeasure of evil-doers by the overbearing manner in which he treated them, and in trying trying to convict them on trival charges. Threats were made against him.

Yesterday morning an organized attack was made upon the City Hall by a mob. Judge Santos, with the aid of 20 policemen and a number of friends, barricaded the doors and opened fire on the mob from the windows. After an exciting battle, lasting over two hours, in which a number of people in the street were killed, the doors were forced open, the mob rushed in and seized Judge Santos, plunged daggers into him and dragged his body into the street.

The chief of Police was also killed and his body thrown out of a window. It is stated that ten others were killed from both sides, and twenty-five badly wounded. The mob still have posession of the city and further killing and depredations are feared.

A Terrific Cyclone.

WELLSVILLE, N. Y. September 30. —At 6 o'clock on Sunday evening the little village of Shango, lying eight miles south of Wellsville, on the banks of the Genesee River, was struck by a cyclone, the most terrific ever known in this section. It came over the hills from the west sweeping everything before it, and struck the town in the center. In two minutes the work of destruction was complete. The eastern half of the town was utterly demolished. Two persons were killed instantly, fifty rendered homeless and destitute. The scene beggars description. The largest trees were snapped like pipe-stems, the strongest buildings were torn to pieces and scattered in all directions and roads and fields for half a mile are covered with fragments of buildings and household goods.

Fraud in Westmoreland County.

GREENSBURG, Pa, October 2.—A deep-laid scheme has been discovered in this county, which may be general in every Democratic county. Commisioners have sent only a partial list of extra assessments to collectors in townships and boroughs. This scheme if it had not been detected would have lost us 1500 votes. If it was only a mistake here it might have been a fatal one.

A Furious Cyclone.

BRADFORD, Pa., September 28.—A terrific cyclone passed over the neighborhood of the village of Alton fifteen miles sobth of Bradford, at 5 o'clock this afternoon. The approach of the cyclone, as related by an eye witness, was appalling, it assuming the form of an inverted cone, with the apex touching the earth, and rushing along at terrific speed. Its path is supposed to have been only about five or six rods in width, and the extent of territory which it passed over is not yet definitely ascertained. At Alton great damage was done. A wagon bridge across a small stream was lifted from its foundations and landed several rods away. Phillips Bros.' feed store was the first building to encounter the fury of the whirlwind. It was literarily scattered to the four winds of heaven, not a timber being left to mark the spot where it stood. It contained a large stock of flour and feed, not a trace of which can be found. The new Methodist Church in the course of construction was carried up in the air, and portions of the roof afterwards found half a mile away. Michael Handriban's wooden residence near the depot of the Erie Railroad was completely wrecked. It was blown from its foundations and landed on its side two rods away. Mr. Handriban wife and four Children were found in the ruins, greatly frightened, but fortunately, not seriously injured. Adjoining stood a one-story frame house, which was unroofed and the inmates more or less injured. Patrick Murphy's house was carried away boldly, except the floor, upon which, covered with debris, were found Mr. and Mrs. Murphy and their four children. They had just sat down to supper when the wind struck them. The house was torn into a thousand pieces and the furniture carried off into space. Mrs. Murphy was stripped nearly naked her clothing being torn into tatters by the violence of the cyclone. A vacant house belonging to the Erie Railroad Company was demolished, and not a vestige of it remains. In other portions of Alton not directly in the path of the storm, large trees were uprooted chimneys blown down windows broken and much damage resulted, Between Alton and Big Shanty the track of the erie Railroad was blocked by fallen trees, and telegraph wires were prostrated in all directions. The duration of the cyclone was about three minutes.

Charles Lalley Slashed to Death at Uniontown.

UNIONTOWN, Oct. 5.—A homicide was committed in front of the Clinton hotel here last night. About five minutes before 11 o clock William Vandevere, a noted character of this place, a plasterer by trade, stabbed Charles Lalley, a miner at the coke works of the Chicago and Connellsville coke company, a mile south of this place, killing him almost instantly. He was cut in two places, through the heart and across the bowels. Lalley and one or two friends had him in the Clinton house bar, but it is stated he did not drink anything. After going out they stood on the pavement and were talking, when Vandevere stepped off the opposite pavement in the middle of the street and said he could whip any ten men in town in ten minutes. Lalley said, "Oh, I reckon not," when Vandevere instantly rushed at Lalley and cut him through the heart and made a cut at Jack Pegg, who was standing by Lalley's side, but missed him. Vandevere then gave Lalley another cut, which was inflicted through the bowels. Vandevere then ran out White street, eastward, toward his home. Lalley walked to the west end of the hotel and fell dead.

Policeman Martin and Night Watchman Tissue immediately went in pursuit of Vandevere and caught him just as he was climbing over the fence into the yard of his residence in the East End. He was brought down and confined in jail. He was taken to where Lalley was lying dead and made to look at him. He pretended to be quite drunk and not to know what was the matter. By this time a large crowd had gathered around and many were the cries of "Lynch him!" Had not the officers hurried him off to jail, which was not more than seventy-five yards from where the murder was committed, he would have undoubtedly been lynched. The crowd that had in the few minutes gathered was largely made up of those who believe in lynch law. When taken into jail he wanted to know what he had been brought there for, and when told, he said he knew nothing of any one being killed, and talked in a very sober manner, and showed that he was about as sober as any one.

Running Amuck.

DRIFTON, Pa., October, 1.—John Boyle, employed at the Cross Creek Mines, under religious excitement became a raying maniac this morning. He chased his wife into a neighboring house, trying to kill her She escaped, and beyond smashing a mirror and inflicting a terrible wound on his hand and arm he did not do any damage. Rushing out he created a sensation, the blood pouring from his wounds giving the impression that a horrible murder had been committed.

CHARGING THE CROWD.

A general stamped took place. The maniac, bellowing at the top of his lungs, seizing a terrified woman and tried to choke her to death. He next charged upon the horrified crowd, which melted away in amost surprisingly quick manner. He was finally caught by Theophilus Gibbons, but not until every stitch had been torn from his captor's body Boyle now lies at home, bound hand and foot awaiting the physician's decision as to his disposal.

A Cattle Epidemic Coming.

ASHLAND, PA., Oct., 3.—A new and very fatal disease has broken out among the cattle of the farmers of the Catamessa Valley. Yesterday one farmer lost twelve head and today the death of nineteen head was reported. Twenty-seven head are down with the disease. The disease is very contagious, and is spreading rapidly. The best authorities on cattle diseases cannot define this disease, but it is somewhat similar to the disease which made such ravages in the cattle of Berks and Lancaster counties.

The Green backers Favor Fusion.

BELLEFONTE, PA., Oct. 1.—The result of the evening session of the Greenback convention was the adoption of a resolution to fuse with the Democrats, with the understanding that no fusion or combination be made for a less number than half the electors. Eight gentlemen were appointed as a committee to carry out the purpose of the resolution.

Sunk in a Caisson.

HAVRE DE GRACE, MD., Oct. 1.—This morning, about 7 30, it was discovered by the foreman in charge that something was wrong with the air compressor worked in connection with caisson No. 9 of the new B. & O. R. R. bridge. An alarm was immediately sounded and the men called up. In the flight necessitated by the rush for the open air six men were left behind in the air-tight compartment. Before any one knew with any certainty what was wrong the caisson careened over and filled with water the upper compartments. The air was filled with flying timber thrown out of place, and many narrow escapes from death are related.

Among the most miraculous was that of Mr. Morgan, of this city, a bridge carpenter, and for many years engaged in bridge building. He was employed on top of the caisson, and seeing what was about to happen, he sprang into the river and was rescued by a boat. His description of the great depth he sank before coming up is very graphic, and his delivery from instant death providential. The six men left behind were in total darkness and air was furnished them from two pumps, which were kept constantly at work, as a moment's stop meant death to the prisoners. Men were set to work at once to build a cofferdam around the lock to keep the water back where it was pumped out. Willing hands made rapid progress, and the air pressure was put to work to float the caisson so the water could be pumped out and the men reached.

At 12:30 the caisson had been lifted with air forced in it, and the water was rapidly withdrawn from the outer lock, and amid an almost breathless silence Foreman O'Brien descended to open the door of the air chamber, when he immeditely signalled up that the men were alive. At this General Smith, the contractor, raised his hat in thankfulness to God in preventing what might have been a terrible calamity.

The men were in a very exhausted condition from the great air pressure that they had to endure, and weak from the terrible strain of nerves in passing through such an ordeal.

From 7:30 until 12:30, five weary hours, they had experienced an eternity of agony.

Mr. Blaine's Programme.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., Oct. 3.—Mr. Blaine will go from West Virginia to Michigan, and will spend the 14th, 15th, 16th, and 17th of Oct. in that State. The 18th and 19th will be devoted to rest and recuperation. Beginning with the 20th he will spend four days in Indiana, filling a programme which will be arranged by the State Central Committee. On the morning of the 24th he will be received by the Illinois State Central Committee at Danville, and will proceed thence to Springfield. General Logan will spend three days in Indiana during the last week in October.

Despoiling a Republican Printing Office.

WHEELING, W. VA., Oct. 3.—Last night the office of the Moundsville *Herald*, a Republican weekly paper, was entered by unknown parties, who broke a window out, and the forms of this week's paper, ready for the press, were pied and the type scattered over the garden. Ink was also daubed over the furniture, and the cases of type upset. The paper has fought a good fight in this campaign, and there is no doubt the outrage was inspired by political feeling.

Killed by a Powder Explosion.

OSKALOOSA, ARK., Oct. 3.—About 10 o'clock last night about twenty miners were assembled in a saloon at Excelsior, five miles south of this city, when William Harrison picked up from the corner of the room what he supposed was a can of fruit and began opening it with his knife. The can contained powder, and an explosion followed, killing Harrison instantly and seriously injuring 10 others. The saloon building was torn to atoms.

Terrible Hurricane.

LONDON, October 3.—Intelligence has just been received of a tetribly disastrous hurricane in Iceland on the 11th of September. The accounts thus far received show nineteen trading vessels and sixty fishing boats lost, and thirty-two disabled. The most appalling feature of the hurricane was the loss of life. The exact number of those perished has not yet been ascertained, but is known to be great.

Beaten to Death With Her Infant.

CHICAGO, Oct. 1.—A hideous crime was committed here last night, which is almost unparalleled in its atrocity. Michael Shay living in a miserable hovel, went home during the night in a drunken state, and with the body of a dead infant, to which his wife had given birth during the night, beat her to death. When arrested, Shay was in such a condition that nothing intelligent could be obtained from him.

Method of Printing the State Tickets.

Chairman Cooper and Hensel, representing the Republican and Democratic State Committees, had a conference yesterday regarding the printing of the tickets. It was decided to print the names of the Candidates for Congressmen-at-large upon the county tickets. The names of the candidates for Presidential Electors will be printed without any reference in the districts they represent.

Such a Fight Has Never Been Seen.

The fight in Ohio this fall is one the like of which has never been seen before. To be sure, other campaigns have been conducted with more danger not only to the Republican party but to public welfare than any noise can be. The republicans must be prepared to meet these dark lantern movements and stop any villainy that may be attempted at the polls.

They Know How to Get It.

If the Democrats want "a free ballot, and a fair count," as they say they do why dont they just go and have it. The only places where such things are not known is where they do all the counting them selves.—*Lancaster New Era.*

American Beef.

LONDON, October 3.—The Admiralty office has paid a leading firm of meat packers in Chicago £16,000 for pressed beef for the Egyptian expedition and for the use of the navy.

FINE GOODS AT LOWEST PRICES. L. M. WOOLF'S FINE GOODS AT LOWEST PRICES.

To Our Patrons.

OUR GUARANTY.

All goods are subject to imperfections, very many of which can be discovered only through wearing a garment. A piece of cloth may be damaged in the weaving, or the carding, or the dyeing, and yet it may not be perceptible.

When an article fails to give satisfaction we shall appreciate it if you will show us the article, no difference how much worn, and allow us to refund to you a satisfactory amount of cash.

We wish to publish broadcast that we always guarantee to make every article sold by us worth the price paid for it; but if not satisfactory you must inform us of it, for if you don't, how would we be able to find out?

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS FOR MEN AND BOYS,

IN GREAT VARIETY.

L. M. WOOLF'S

WAGONS,

WAGONS!

I Have Just Received a Car Load of the Celebrated

STUDEBAKER WAGON,

THE BEST WAGON ON WHEELS.

STEEL SKEIN WAGONS.

Hollow Iron Axle Wagons.

☞Every Wagon Fully Warranted.

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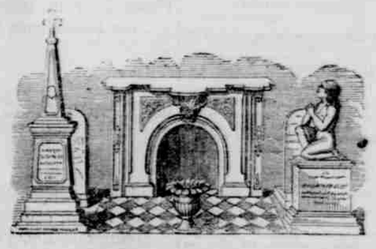

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E. W. HORNER.

KA-TON-KA

The Great Blood Purifier.

Has been used for centuries by the Indians, and brought by them direct from their Western home. Indians gather the roots, herbs, barks and gums, and ship them east to us. A few of the most learned and skillful of these people are sent here to prepare this remarkable medicine for the white man's use. The Indians rightly believe that

—THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE,—

And that to keep it pure is the trail to health. The science of chemistry or of medicine has never produced so valuable a remedy, or one so potent to cure all diseases arising from impurity of the blood, as this Indian preparation. No sufferer from any of these afflictions need despair who will give it a fair trial.

A DISORDERED LIVER AND STOMACH, UNLESS CURED BY KA-TON-KA,

Causes such diseases as Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Loss of appetite, Heartburn, Depression, Neuralgia, Female Disorders, Kidney Diseases, Constipation, Liver Coughs, Indigestion, Asthma, Inflammations, Piles, Insanity, Jaundice, Melancholy, Impure Blood, Sleeplessness, Fever and Ague, Sciatica, Rheumatism, Nervousness, Costiveness, Bilious Attacks, Pains in the Body, Liver Disease, Boils, Pleurisy, and a host of other ills.

The medicines of the druggist, taken internally, will do no good. The only safe and sure cure is in the use of KA-TON-KA. It aids the liver and stomach to resume natural action, drives the poisons from the system, tones up the nervous influences, purifies the body, and restores perfect health. Ask your druggist for KA-TON-KA. Take nothing else, as you value your health. If he has it not, tell him to send for it to the

OREGON INDIAN MEDICINE COMPANY,

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THE INDIAN COUGH SYRUP

Is certainly the best Remedy of its kind ever introduced, and the people who are suffering with Coughs, Colds, and Lung Troubles should not delay. Its effects are magical. 50 cents per bottle.

MODOC OIL Will never be forgotten by those who saw the wonderful cures performed in public by the Indian Medicine Men. It relieves all pain immediately. Ask your druggist for Modoc Indian Oil. Take no other. It is the best. 25 cents per bottle. Large bottles 50 cents. For sale by all druggists mar11-1yr.

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