



It is a great deal worse to be a liar, than to be called one. How many people think of this?

GENERAL LOGAN has certified nearly all the delegates in Illinois, and will have virtually a solid delegation from that State.

IN NEW YORK the result of the election for delegates is unfavorable to President Arthur, in a large number of the districts.

THERE is one institution in Ohio which seems prosperous. The penitentiary at Columbus netted \$4,000 above all expenses in March.

IN THE great hall at Chicago, where the National Convention will be held, arrangements will be made to accommodate 8,000 to 9,000 spectators.

FREDERICK DOUGLASS says that General Logan is the choice of the colored Republicans for President. They favor him because he has black bone.

THE Cincinnati mob has frightened one of the murderers confined in the jail into insanity. This will save his lawyers a great deal of hard work.

THE Republican State Convention in Georgia last week elected delegates to the National Convention who are unopposed, but are said to be for Mr. Arthur.

SEBASTIAN CAMERON, it is announced in Gallop's Messenger, has now completely regained his health. He and his wife have just returned to Paris, after traveling considerably in Spain.

THE statue of that historic Pennsylvanian, Peter Muhlenberg, has been finished by Miss Blanche Nevin, and is now ready to take its appropriate place in the capital at Washington.

CASH wheat was down to seventy-five cents in Chicago last week. This is good news for those who have to earn their bread by the sweat of the brow, although it may not make the producers feel jubilant.

THE Independents of New York have determined to support Edmunds for President and Lincoln for Vice President, and they are arranging to go in force to Chicago and work in the interests of that ticket.

COL. "BOB" INGERSOLL has been defeated by Mr. Perry Carson, (colored), as a delegate from the District of Columbia to the Republican National Convention. The voice of the great Blaine "boom" will be missed at Chicago.

THERE was a significant vote taken in the House last week, on a motion to restore the duty on wool. Thirty-seven Democrats only, under the lead of Mr. Randall, voted for it, and the motion was defeated—Yeas, 110; Nays, 136.

OUR friends in Scotland are coming to the front with quite an array of Congressional candidates. In the Inquirer, we find the names of John H. Jordan, Jonathan B. Gessna, and John Lutz, Esqrs., who are all aspirants for the nomination.

NOTWITHSTANDING all his declarations that he will not be a candidate, that wily old gentleman, Samuel J. Tilden, has established a literary bureau at Washington, which is hard at work to bring about his nomination at the proper time.

WHATSOEVER may be the result of President Arthur's candidacy for a re-nomination, it should not be forgotten that to his judicious and conservative administration is largely due the flattering prospect of Republican success in November.

IT looks very much from the way the leaders of the Independent Republicans in this county, made faces at the Regulars, who desire Mr. Blaine's nomination, that they are not so desirous of Mr. Blaine's success, as they are to boss the ranch themselves.

A PROPOSITION to abolish the whiskey tax was voted down in the House last week, there being thirty-one votes in favor of the proposition, and one hundred and seventy-nine against it. This looks as if this Congress at least, will not abolish the Internal Revenue system.

WHILE the speculators have been maintaining the price of wheat in this country, with the hope of a foreign demand, reports come from London of overstocked granaries. The English have been supplying their wants from the vast grain fields of Russia and Hindostan, and our speculators are left with our immense supplies on hand.

IT is settled by the decision of the Supreme Court of this State that if a qualified elector is not registered two months before the election there is no method of curing the defect except that prescribed in the election law. He must swear to the fact of his qualifications and testify by his testimony by the oath of another qualified elector cognizant of the facts. His vote, even if accepted at the polls, would not be counted.

Those newspapers which regard Mr. Blaine's success in securing delegates in this State as at all surprising or having any special significance are somewhat short-sighted. Mr. Blaine has never been popular here, and that he would receive the support of the Pennsylvania dele-

The report comes from Washington that a strong movement has been started to bring about the nomination of Grant and Lincoln. The story seems improbable, but the knowing ones say, in the event of Blaine's failure to secure the prize, the chance all favor this result. General Grant, like Mr. Blaine, is not a candidate, but his friends are working in his interests.

The Richmond Whig says that "Virginia can poorly afford to assist in breaking down the tariff. Nineteen of the people of the State do not spend \$20 per annum for supplies from abroad, and the tariff reduction, while it might save them a few dollars, would at the same time destroy home manufactures, reduce the value of farm products, and destroy the home market." Every farmer and every workman can see that this is true to the letter.

The Harrisburg Independent says that Auditor General John A. Lemon is strongly urged by the Republicans of Blair county to become a candidate for Congress in this district, and that General Lemon being interviewed said "that he was not a candidate for the position of his own volition, but inasmuch as his friends and neighbors insisted upon his becoming their candidate, he would not decline to do so, and place the subject entirely in the hands of the people of the district."

The Republican State Convention that meets in Harrisburg to-day, (16th), bids fair to be the most harmonious body of the kind that ever assembled at our State Capitol. The sentiment is like the handle of a jug, all on one side. The Delegates-at-Large to the National Convention will unquestionably be selected from among the supporters of Mr. Blaine, and as the Convention has no other duty to perform, except the nomination of a candidate for Congressmen-at-Large, there will be no room for any feeling calculated to create a jar. The Convention has nothing to do with the selection of district delegates, and harmony will therefore not be disturbed by any local differences prevailing in the State.

The Philadelphia Record, a Free-Trade Democratic journal, sizes up the late State Convention of its party, held at Allentown, as follows: "It had not the courage to do right or wrong except in matters about which there is no dispute. It dodged the tariff issue in a resolution which is a jumble of contradictions and absurdities; it dodged the silver question; it dodged an expression of views in regard to the revival of our shipping trade; it dodged everything of immediate political interest except Mr. Randall. It will repudiate him again at Chicago."

Since the days of the Jackson administration, the Democratic party of this State has been a constitutional dodger, and eminently so on the tariff question, and the only surprise is that the Record hoped that it would take square ground with its party in the Nation, in favor of Free-trade. It ought to have known its old colleagues better.

General William H. Koontz, of Somerset, appears to be one of the Jingles who are singing for what they call "a more vigorous foreign policy" under an administration of the statesman of Maine. The mild, but sensible and firm, foreign policy of Arthur's administration is held in profound contempt by these fiery patriots. But should Blaine be elected, and should his "vigor" get this country into an impasse, there is no such reason to fear that many of the fiercest among them would turn up in the list of absent or missing—Philadelphia Record.

INCORRECT HARBLING. The Presidential year is developing the usual amount and variety of crankisms. A great many rages are given why this, or that, or the other man should have the Republican nomination, but none strikes us as so thoroughly ineffectual as that "we must have a foreign policy, you know." We have the most rational foreign policy in the world, and it is expressed in four words—"Mind your own business."

Somebody now arises to say that we have no foreign policy, and that we should nominate a man who will stir up the nations of the world with a long pole. This somebody says we have no navy because of the navy that we have no commerce; that we ought to have the whole trade with the East; that we have power and ought to use it—with much more to the same effect. The reply to this is that we are as highly respected as any nation on the globe. This we have by our navy, and our progress is too narrow-minded and parsimonious to build a navy. That we have more commerce than ever before, only it relates to the coastwise and inland trade. That no nation can monopolize the Eastern trade, that a hundred nations could not give us a monopoly of ocean commerce unless they should be used to drive the merchant marine of the other nations off the seas. But perhaps that is what somebody means by "an American policy."

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RAH FOR RANDALL. Samuel Prast Started in the Race. Chicago Delegates.

ALLENTOWN, April 9.—At precisely 11 o'clock Chairman Hensel summoned order, and with the announcement that the hour having arrived and the place being reached for the meeting of the Democratic State Convention, Rev. Samuel Wagner would invoke divine benediction on the work of that body, which he did in a fervent and eloquent prayer. The roll-call was then ordered and corrections, substitutions and other necessary changes made, whereupon H. A. H. Hill called to order. Mr. Miller Spear was called to preside over the temporary organization. This was agreed to by acclamation, and A. H. Hill and W. L. Scott were appointed by the Chair to conduct Mr. Spear to his place, which evoked a storm of applause.

Mr. Spear was then introduced to the Convention, and he proceeded to address the Convention in a brief but eloquent period as follows: "I hope the issue of this convention will be the nomination of another Pennsylvanian, who will be elected. Pennsylvania can not be unmineral of her soil. The Democratic party cannot be unmineral of her soil. As long as there is employment for labor she will not turn in vain. The enforcement of the laws and the purification of the civil service are dear to all of us. A man has been named here who has been in the public service for thirty years, and who is poorer than when he entered it. If he shall be declared, as he will be, the choice of this Convention for National Executive, let him go not only with your votes, but with your hearts." (Shouts and applause for Randall.)

Such was his happy climax, and the applause that followed shook through the hall and almost echoed the building.

At 2 o'clock the convention was recalled and Thos. J. Greeney, Chairman of the Committee on Permanent Officers, reported as permanent officers, Hon. R. M. Spear, for President, and Hon. J. M. McKim, for Vice President, embracing one from each Senatorial district.

Mr. Spear was again introduced as Permanent President and made his acknowledgments and stated that the Committee on Credentials would not be ready to report until 3 o'clock. The motion for adjournment was carried by acclamation. The platform called for.

A delegate asked if the Committee on Resolutions was ready whereupon Congressman Mutchler came forward and read the platform.

RANDALL INTRODUCED. Resolved, That Samuel J. Randall is the choice of the democracy of Pennsylvania as the candidate of their party for President. By long and faithful public service he has illustrated an unflinching devotion to high political principle and fealty to the Democratic party. His honesty and honor, his capacity and courage, his faithful labors and signal abilities have merited and won for him the respect and admiration of the people of the United States.

During the reading of the report, various points brought out the most enthusiastic applause. When the name of Samuel J. Tilden was announced the Convention broke out in the most uproarious applause, which continued for several minutes.

When the motion to adopt the report was carried, the adopted amendments were read. By long and faithful public service he has illustrated an unflinching devotion to high political principle and fealty to the Democratic party. His honesty and honor, his capacity and courage, his faithful labors and signal abilities have merited and won for him the respect and admiration of the people of the United States.

There were calls for Randall which continued for some time, and until the Chairman said he did not know whether the gentleman was present or not, but would gladly entertain a motion to appoint a committee to wait on the gentleman.

Wm. H. Snowden was called on for a formal statement and responded. While he was speaking RANDALL ENTERED.

At the stage door. As soon as he stepped on the platform the delegates arose and began shouting in the loudest manner. This tumultuous applause continued.

Mr. Randall slowly moved down the stage until he stood behind the Chair. Mr. Snowden said: "Mr. President I make way to the next President of the United States. The man whose name had temporarily subsided, was again renewed after a time. Mr. Randall betraying considerable emotion.

Meantime quiet was again restored and Mr. Randall said: "I am here present in obedience to your call, and I desire to acknowledge your deep and lasting obligation to you, the representatives of more than 400,000 Democrats of this great and glorious Commonwealth, and to thank you for the high honor which you have to-day unanimously bestowed upon me. I do not wish to say anything more in my own behalf, but I desire to say that in the absence from the convention and the city of Mr. Eliot he was instructed to withdraw his name. Mr. Davis rose from his seat on the platform and asked his name to be drawn, but the Chair ruled that not being a member of

the convention, he had no right to speak.

MR PRATT BIDS FOR IT. Mr. Pratt said that if the nomination was conferred on him unopposed he would accept it and put his energy and money in the contest. This proposition was applauded.

Valleys of Death.

POCONAGO, Va., April 10.—After working faithfully all night, the crew of 75 workmen engaged in making the last preparations for entering the mine completed their task about 9 A. M. to-day. The fatal air in the interior, for more than three days, has been pouring like a blast from the furnace, and when the opening drilled from the mountain top down to the upper workings of the mine, and it was thought that the interior had been sufficiently ventilated to admit of men exploring the upper drifts in search of the dead.

While the ballot was proceeding Mr. Hill asked unanimous consent to dispense with the roll-call and nominate Gen. Davis by acclamation. An objection threw the motion out, and the ballot was ordered to proceed. After a few more votes were taken, Mr. Hill renewed his request for unanimous consent to dispense with the roll-call and nominate Gen. Davis by acclamation.

THE NOMINATIONS. Richard Vaux, of Philadelphia; B. J. McGrann, of Lancaster, and H. B. Plumer, of Venango, were chosen electors-at-large, also by acclamation.

THE ELECTORAL TICKETS. The electoral tickets are as follows: At Large—Richard Vaux, B. J. McGrann, H. B. Plumer. DISTRICT DELEGATES.

1.—Robert S. Pattison, Geo. McGowan, 2.—Walter Maguire, John R. Read, 3.—Wm. F. McCully, John M. Campbell, 4.—Samuel J. Josephs, Thomas J. D. Elahiny, 5.—Michael Egan, John Fullerton, 6.—J. L. Fordon, Ezra Evans, 7.—Charles Hunsicker, George Ross, 8.—George Smith, George F. Baer, 9.—R. F. Davis, Wm. Patton, 10.—Edward Harvey, William Mutchler, 11.—David Lowerberg, R. B. Fruit, 12.—J. K. Bogert, J. H. Barnes, 13.—James Ellis, Wm. A. Man, 14.—A. J. Dill, W. L. Denart, Sr., 15.—Geo. A. Post, John W. Pratt, 16.—R. P. Allen, E. L. Korman, 17.—L. D. Woodruff, A. H. Coffroth, 18.—D. A. Orr, Jos. C. Barrett, 19.—T. B. Saxton, Edward F. Zeigler, 20.—W. W. Rankin, Harry A. Hall, 21.—John A. Marchand, T. B. Seagriff, 22.—Patrick Foley, Gilbert T. Raiberty, 23.—Malcolm Hay, Wm. Dixon, 24.—Jas. B. R. Streator, John M. Buchanan, 25.—E. S. Graf, John F. Brown, 26.—Walter Price, John L. McKinney, 27.—Benjamin Whitman, Chas. H. Noyes, 28.—Michael Bear and Richard Kalin.

APRIL CROP REPORT. WASHINGTON, April 10.—The April returns of the Department of Agriculture make the winter wheat crop in the United States nearly the breadth shown of the previous year, of which between 5 and 6 per cent was subsequently plowed up, leaving 26,400,000 acres to be harvested, the present breadth is an increase of 5 per cent. The present area is greater than that of the crop of wheat averaged since 1851, the increase is about 1,500,000 acres on the Pacific coast, and nearly 1,500,000 acres in the Southern States. There is a small increase in the Middle States and a small decrease in the Ohio region. The condition of wheat averaged since 1851, one hundred representing a full stand, unimpaired vitality and medium growth. In April, 1883, the average was 80, and 85 in April, 1881. The April average of the large crop of 1882 was 104.

The soil averages are as follows: New Jersey, 100; New York, 97; Connecticut, 100; Pennsylvania, 99; Delaware, 96; Maryland, 102; Virginia, 104; North Carolina, 103; South Carolina, 97; Georgia, 91; Alabama, 88; Mississippi, 92; Texas, 93; Arkansas, 81; Tennessee, 88; West Virginia, 90; Kentucky, 98; Ohio, 88; Michigan, 94; Indiana, 92; Illinois, 82; Missouri, 91; Kansas, 101; California, 101; Oregon, 102.

In Michigan, New York and Connecticut the fields were protected with snow on the first of April. A shallow grave, no pray, and all is in a moment forgotten. There are now 15,000 men at work on the canal, most negroes from Jamaica and the French West Indies. These negroes are brought over in droves to say that not two-thirds of the 15,000 laborers now at work will be alive a year from now. It is dreadful. Five thousand died during the last three months; but the large pay tempts men to brave all the danger. The company appears to have an unlimited supply of money and pays their hands off every two weeks.

Accomplished Her Purpose. SHELBYVILLE, April 10.—Mrs. Ury, the wife of a farmer living 16 miles south of this place, has met with a terrible death. A few days ago she had a little quarrel with her husband and during the following morning she was found lying face down in a shallow grave, no pray, and all is in a moment forgotten. There are now 15,000 men at work on the canal, most negroes from Jamaica and the French West Indies. These negroes are brought over in droves to say that not two-thirds of the 15,000 laborers now at work will be alive a year from now. It is dreadful. Five thousand died during the last three months; but the large pay tempts men to brave all the danger. The company appears to have an unlimited supply of money and pays their hands off every two weeks.

The Baltimore and Ohio Dividend. BALTIMORE, April 10.—At the monthly meeting of the B. & O. R. Co. yesterday the Finance Committee submitted its report for the fiscal half-year ended March 31, and its recommendation of a cash dividend of 5 per cent was declared on the stock of the main stem and Washington branch. The result for the half fiscal year shows, after payment of the 5 per cent cash dividends, over \$500,000 to be added to the surplus fund.

Everybody knows it. When you have the Itch, Salt Rheum, Galls, or Skin Eruptions of any kind, and the Piles, that you know without being told of it, C. N. Boyd, the Druggist, will sell you Dr. Ross's Ointment for 50 cents, which affords immediate relief, and is a sure cure for either of the above diseases.

The Educational Bill.

The Blair Educational Bill with important modifications passed the Senate on Monday by a vote of 33 yeas to 11 nays. As completed, it appropriates \$7,000,000 for the first year, \$10,000,000 for the second year, \$15,000,000 for the third year, \$15,000,000 for the fourth year, \$20,000,000 for the fifth year, \$20,000,000 for the sixth year, and \$25,000,000 for the seventh year, and \$25,000,000 for the eighth year, when the appropriations are to stop. This will make a total appropriation of \$177,000,000 in the eight years. It is to be distributed among the States in proportion to the percentage of illiteracy as shown in the census of 1880. The money can only be used for common schools, nonsectarian, and those states only can receive their share of the fund in which a sum at least equal to it is raised and expended on the common schools. There does not appear to have been a division in the vote on party or sectional lines. The Senators voting as they judged proper from their individual views of its propriety.

Big wheat Yield Expected. SAN FRANCISCO, April 10.—Edwin F. Smith, Secretary of the California State Agricultural Bureau, says that at all the North-West correspondents show that unless some disaster overtakes the Pacific Coast, it will have an unprecedented wheat yield. It will exceed the crop of 1880 if it escapes the hot north winds of May and June, which usually come about when the grain is in ear. A heavy rain which fell in the Sacramento Valley will profitably be followed by the heavy rains which fell in March. The yield in these valleys may safely be placed at 60 per cent in excess of last year's crop if the hot winds are passed.

A Destructive Fire. GARRETTSVILLE, O., April 2.—A destructive fire visited our town at day-break this morning. The fire originated in French's livery stable, completely consuming it; all the horses and carriages were saved. The adjoining residences of Mr. Ed. Elkton, and Mr. Charlie Thayer were burned to the ground with nearly all their contents. The loss on residences was covered by insurance, but the livery stable is a complete loss. Garrettville has not had such a fire for years. Had the wind not ceased its fury a whole street would have been laid waste.

Damages by Heavy Storms. SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 11.—Heavy rains continued throughout the State. The Southern Pacific road through Soledad canon has again been cut. The cars are stuck at Washouts. At Newhall, Keene and Mague the tracks have been washed away at different places. Passengers who left for the east via the Southern route on Tuesday and Wednesday last have returned here. General Manager Towns says it will take four days to make the necessary repairs. At Fresno a cyclone demolished several buildings.

Sentence of a Red Man. CLARKSBURG, W. Va., April 3.—Noah Little, one of the notorious Doldrige county red men, and the last one of the gang indicted here last fall for robbing the United States mail was to-day sentenced by Judge Jackson to four years confinement in the penitentiary. The sentence was much lighter than it should have been, owing to the fact that the prisoner confessed to the robbery and gave evidence which led to the arrest and conviction of others of the red men's organization. It is believed the order is now thoroughly broken up in Doldrige county.

Snow Storm. MOUNT CARMEL, April 9.—The heaviest snow storm the winter has been raging throughout the coal region since early this morning. Many collieries suspended at noon. Railway travel was much impeded.

Instantly Killed. POTTSVILLE, Pa., April 9.—Robert Bradley, a young man engaged on repairs on the Reading Railroad, met with a shocking death this afternoon. He was engaged in cleaning the snow out of one of the switches in the depot yard as the Frackville train came backing in. The step of one of the cars struck him on the head, mashing it into a jelly and breaking his neck.

Continuing. The proof of the pudding is not in chewing the string, but in having an opportunity of testing the article directly. C. N. Boyd has a free trial of Dr. Bosanko's Cough and Lung Syrup for each and every one who is afflicted with coughs, colds, asthma, consumption, or any lung affection.

Woman and Child Murdered. REIMS, April 10.—A double murder was committed this morning here, it is supposed by Leventhor, colored, of his wife and baby. Thornton was under indictment for seduction and married his victim, Marie Glenn, the day previous, to escape legal results. He is still at large.

The Cattle Plague. WASHINGTON, Pa., April 9.—In some parts of the county stockmen are losing their cattle from foot and mouth disease. Some of them have two symptoms of the disease, jerking up one and leg arching the back as if cold. Robert Vance, of Patterson's Mills, lost two of his fine herd a day or two since.

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