WASHINGTON LETTER.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, June 1, 1884.

To-day there will be a sale of more than sixteen thousand models in the United States Patent Office. These represent as many rejected applications for patents, and a pile of ruined hopes, dreams, and calculations that cannot be computed by numbers or by any unit of measurement known to science. Fourteen large cases filled with models in the model room, and as many benches and series of shelves in the room over the south portico, will be submitted for sale to those who think they can find a use for what the Government is anxious to be rid of. These models, representing the rejected cases since 1872, have at last come to occupy so much valuable room, that there must be a complete house cleaning. They have been kept by the Government in some cases for the convenience of the applicants, and in many cases because their owners have been too indifferent to send for them. As may be supposed they represent about every class and order of invention. Class No. 4 contains electrical apparatus and sewing machines, and is the most interesting of them all. A model of a telegraph system by the well known W. E. Sawyer, of New York, attracts attention on account of its inventor's reputation. There are telephones without number, electrical fire detectors, burglar-alarms, electric candles, lamps, etc. An electric appliance for curing vicious horses is most original and interesting. Two wires extend from the vehicle to the horse's hind legs. These can be charged instantly, sending a shock into the horse's hind legs that would convince any horse of average reasoning powers that continued misconduct was unadvisable. I have seen within the last week electricity applied to a balking horse with the happiest effect. A small battery was placed in the buggy, and wires were attached to the harness saddle. The horse, an incorrigible balker, went off like a machine when the charge was applied. A very ingenious little machine is in case No. 4. It is the invention of a woman. It consists of three grooved rollers working on one another, while in the angle thus formed a spiral needle revolves in the grooves. Women, by the way, make no small figure in the inventive world, and there has been within the last five years a large number of patents granted to women. Their patents consist to a large extent of improvements in articles of wearing apparel, but they have secured patents in many other classes, such as household furniture, devices peculiar to the laundry and to the dairy, surgical instruments, and medicines. Case No. 5 also possesses interest to those who care for the curious. It contains measuring instruments, and is generally devoted to horology and optics. There are some very ingenious instruments for measuring time, liquids, counting money, changing it, and performing similar functions generally supposed to be done only with the fingers. A prominent object is a night clock, consisting of a white glass globe with the hours marked upon it. It is illuminated, and slowly revolves past a certain upright bar of metal, thus enabling one to tell at a glance the hour of the night. As a rule the metal models are all well made, but some of those constructed of wood are atrociously put together. It would seem as though the models themselves were enough to condemn the application.

At the last sale, about eleven years ago, the total amount realized was about $235, representing seventeen different purchases, and varying in amount from $2 to $124.50. On the sale of lamps and sewing machines $107.50 was realized, while chemicals, metallurgy, and chromos brought $28.50. Many of the items ranged about $10 and $15, only three being over $50. As no record is kept of the rejected cases, it is not known how the number on hand will compare with that sold in 1872. The cases in which are the models to be sold to-day stand on the north side of the model room under the gallery, and in the centre of the room, and are numbered from one to fourteen.

Tomatoes.

A common mistake in the cultivation of this plant is to imagine that it requires an enormous space to perfect its growth in. Of course, if it is allowed to wander at its own sweet will, it will occupy a great deal of ground. But this is not at all the best way to get ripe fruit, though any amount of leaves, stalks and green tomatoes may be produced by it. Please give the following plan a fair trial. Set the plants in rows two feet apart, and fifteen inches apart in the rows.

When the first bunch of buds has fairly made its appearance, nip off the whole of the shoots growing between the stem and branches, but allow the main stem to grow on until four or, at most, five bunches of buds are formed. Then, the plant being probably three feet high, pinch off the main stem three inches from the highest bunch, and continue to nip off the shoots as before, as fast as they make their appearance, just as in the cultivation of tobacco.

If this is properly done, the greatest amount of ripe fruit that the climate is capable of producing will be secured. Stakes about four feet long will be required to tie the plants to. They should be driven firmly into the ground, and the stems should not be too tightly bound. I have practiced this mode of growing tomatoes for twelve years and have never failed to obtain an early crop of well matured fruit. Keep the ground well stirred and mulch with half rotten dung. Lots of liquid manure.

The Missing Undershirt.

This morning was warm, and he imprudently made a change of his underclothing. Our climate is deceptive. Before evening there came up a chilly storm. An attack of sickness followed, of course. But Perry Davis's Pain Killer was used for relief, with the happiest effect. In these Summer months of suddenly varying temperature, everybody ought to keep a bottle of this valuable remedy within reach.

A Handsome Testimonial.

HARRISBURG, Pa., June 1.—A magnificent table set of solid silver has just been purchased in New York by a committee of the House to be presented to Speaker Pattison at the close of the session as a token of the high appreciation of his ability and fairness as a presiding officer. The cost was $700. The presentation speech will probably be made by Niles, of Tioga.

Two Kinds of Ladies.

A writer in the New Haven *Evening Register* relates an incident which bears a lesson with it.

As a young lady walked hurriedly down State street upon a bleak winter day, her attention was attracted to a deformed boy coming toward her carrying several bundles. He was thinly clad, twisted his limbs most strangely as he walked, and looked before him with a vacant stare.

Just before the cripple reached the brisk pedestrian he stumbled, thus dropping one bundle, which broke and emptied a string of sausage on the sidewalk. Two richly dressed ladies (?) held back their silken skirts and whispered quite audibly:

"How horrid!" while several passed by who, amused by the boy's look of blank dismay, gave vent to their feelings in a half suppressed laugh and then went on without taking further interest.

All this increased the boy's embarrassment. He stooped to pick up the sausages only to let fall another parcel, when, in despair, he stood and looked at his lost spoils. In an instant the bright faced stranger stepped to the boy's side, and said in a tone of thorough kindness:

"Let me hold those other bundles while you pick up what you have lost."

In dumb astonishment the cripple handed all he held to the young Samaritan, and devoted himself to securing his cherished sausages. When these were again strongly tied in the coarse, torn paper, her skillful hand replaced the parcels on his scrawny arms, as she bestowed on him a smile of encouragement, and then said:

"I hope you haven't very far to go."

The poor fellow seemed scarcely to hear the girl's pleasant words, but looking at her with the same vacant stare, asked:

"Be you a lady?"

"I hope so, I try to be," was the surprised response.

"I was kind of hoping you wasn't."

"Why?" asked the listener, with curiosity quite aroused.

"Cause I've seen such as called themselves ladies, but they never spoke kind and pleasant like 'cepting to grand uns; I guess there's two kinds—them as think they are ladies and isn't, and them as what tries to be and is."

Brains in Farming.

There is no doubt that brains will tell in holding the plow, in planting potatoes or small fruits, or in feeding or milking cows quite as much as in any other occupation or profession.

This is demonstrated in masses as shown in the census tables as clearly as in the case of individuals in any neighborhood. Thus the State of Iowa employs 50,000 fewer farm hands than Missouri, but employs more machinery and brains because it contains a more intelligent population and by a better knowledge and better grade of tools Iowa cultivates one-fifth more area and raises two-fifths more produce than Missouri.

This aggregate is made up by the small individual increments of superiority in the citizens of the one State over those of the other. It is the difference between intelligence and stupidity and general ignorance. The general estimate is that farming is only a routine business and that brains are not needed in so dull and primitive a calling. But statistics backed by observation shows that brains are employed, and farmers should make a note of this.

The Fresh Air Fallacy.

Fifty years ago few people knew much about ventilation, or, indeed, believed much in its importance; and a crusade in favor of fresh air was fought by the sanitarians. Now the tide runs the other way, and all the dull people have learned the phrase "fresh air," and insist on having what they call fresh air at any cost, and without regard to times and places. Two men will come into the spacious parlor of a club; the air, though warm, is much purer, and cooler by five degrees, than the furnace blast of the streets that they have left. The incomers are entirely comfortable until one of them notices that the windows are shut.

Then they remember the formula "fresh air," the windows are ordered open, in comes the heated gust from without, laden with the animal refuse that forms the chief ingredient of the dust of our large cities. These intelligent gentlemen draw near the open window, they inhale the winged odors of the streets, they murmur their formula, "a little fresh air," they have cleared their consciences, and are happy. And in traveling, what do we not suffer from this ignorant conception of fresh air. We have all seen the lady who must have the window open in the railway carriage; in the summer she breathes the railway sparks and cinders, and she catches a severe cold on every winter journey; nothing short of pneumonia will convince her narrow ignorance that there are other things to think about in traveling than what she calls "fresh air."

Give Horses a Rest.

Horses that have worked constantly on the farm, or even in the family carriage, remarks the *Western Sportsman*, become worn and fatigued, and though well fed, begin each day's work with reluctance. They need change; they require rest and change of draft on their muscles. Let them go for a month into a good pasture, their whole system will have a grateful rest. Their muscles will relax; they will lay on flesh, and manifest such improvement as will compensate for the loss of their labor. Pull off their shoes, and let their feet come in contact with the soil. The animals need change as tired men of business need the mountain air or the cooling sea breeze. Our domestic animals, except the horse, all have a week's rest; but so dependent are we on the constant services of this animal that we cannot spare him even for a week.

Rescued from Agonizing Death.

Mr. James White, 1552, Broadway New York, formerly chief instructor in Dickels' Riding School, in this city, said to a newspaper reporter: "I broke my shoulder, arm and elbow, splitting the socket in four parts. Rheumatism set in and I employed the best physician. He tried everything, but I grew worse, and at last he said: "I have one more thing to try, and if that fails nothing can give you relief, and that is St. Jacobs Oil." I have also recommended the remedy to a number of people, and in every case they have been speedily and effectually cured."

ORANGES IN FLORIDA.

Better Than Breezes and Blossoms—Under a New Flag.

Even the balmy air and orange groves of Florida fail to keep its people full of happiness and comfort. Art must help nature everywhere—in the tropics as among the pines of the North. "And chief among the blessings which are adapted to all zones," writes Dr. J. G. Wallace, of Fort Dade, Fla., "is PARKER'S TONIC. It seems to have the world for a field and most of the current diseases yield to its action. I have used it in the case of a delicate and dyspeptic young lady, with the most gratifying results. It seemed to accomplish with ease what the usual prescriptions and treatment for that miserable malady failed wholly to bring about. I am also glad to state that the Tonic has greatly relieved me personally of a troublesome atonic condition of the stomach of long standing. It is the ideal purifier and invigorant."

Messrs. Hiscox & Co. call special attention to the fact that after April 16, 1883, the name and style of this preparation will hereafter be simply *Parker's Tonic*. The word "Ginger" is dropped, for the reason that unprincipled dealers are constantly deceiving their patrons by substituting inferior preparations under the name of Ginger; and as ginger is an unimportant flavoring ingredient in our Tonic, we are sure that our friends will agree with us as to the propriety of the change. There will be no change, however, in the preparation itself; and all bottles remaining in the hands of dealers, wrapped under the name of "PARKER'S GINGER TONIC," contain the genuine medicine if the signature of HISCOX & Co. is at the bottom of the outside wrapper.

The Missing Money.

The late Dr. Lyman Beecher was an absent minded man, except when preaching or debating. Then no one over found his mind absent from its work. In the *Christian Union* a letter from Rev. J. C. White, a former pupil, gives the following illustration of his teacher's peculiarity:

A great convention of churches was once called to confer on evangelical work for the West at the Second Church of Cincinnati, of which he was then pastor. In this convention he expected to take a preminent part.

His good wife felt that he must have a new suit of clothes, so she went with him to Duken's on Main street, near the present Court House, and had him measured.

The contract was to be filled the day before the convention. The price was twenty-five dollars. On the day named Mrs. Beecher called for the new suit. It was not ready, but would be ready the next morning in season for the opening of the convention.

As the doctor started for the city in the morning, his wife gave him the money, with strict injunctions to call for his clothes on the way down to meeting and pay for them and put them on.

He must "be sure not to forget," as those he had on were quite seedy, and he would not be presentable on the platform in such rusty attire.

It was an all-day meeting. Mrs. Beecher did not see him again until night. When evening came, and he returned, behold, he was wearing his old clothes, for he had forgotten all about the new ones.

His wife gently chided him for his remissness, and asked for the twenty-five dollars, saying, "I'll go down early in the morning and get them, and see that you have them on before you go to the convention. Just give me the money."

Money! He knew nothing about the money. Search was made all over and through him wherever money could be hidden, but no money could be found.

"Now, husband," with no little tremor of anxiety, "what have you done with that money?"

It was a great sum in those days for a Lane Seminary professor's wife to have. The docter was innocent as a lamb. He had no recollection, he said, of having had any money. And there they stood; both were alike confounded.

No new clothes and no money, what could be done? A great Western convention of ministers and laymen in session at his own church, and he in seedy garments! Luken trusted them for the new suit, but the money was gone.

A long search and much inquiry brought to light the fact that a collection had been taken in the convention, and Dr. Beecher, finding something in his vest-pocket as the box passed him, put it in without a moment's thought of how much it was, or how it came?

A Quick Handed Parson.

It was in the California backwoods. A country couple and parson. When he had finished the ceremony he said:

"An' them 'uns who God have joined—"

"Stop thar, parson," said the groom; "don't say them 'uns—say these 'uns."

"John," said the parson, "I teach you at school, and I say them 'uns."

"These 'uns," shouted the groom, drawing his pistol."

The parson, seeing the movement, fired through his surplice, and the groom dropped dead, winging the parson as he went down. There was a lively fusilade of perhaps thirty shots. When the smoke cleared half a dozen men were on the floor. The bride, peeping over the pulpit to which she had fled for refuge, gazed mournfully on the scene, and said:

"Them self-cockin' pistols is a playin' h— with my prospecks."

As when She was Young.

"I have used Parkers' Hair Balsam and like it better than any similar preparation I know of," writes Mrs. Ellen Perry, wife of Rev. P. Perry, of Coldbrook Springs, Mass. My hair was almost entirely gray, but a dollar bottle of the Balsam has restored the softness, and the brown color it had when I was young—not a single gray hair left. Since I began applying the Balsam my hair has stopped falling out, and I find that it is a perfectly harmless and agreeable dressing."

An old woman armed with a broomstick and a flat-iron put to fight two masked burglars the other day. When lovely woman stoops to flat-iron she makes a success of it.

English gold coin has been so worn that it will cost $4,000,000 to restore the $275,000,000 in circulation.

Cromwell and the Boy.

There is no doubt but that Oliver Cromwell, the Protector, resided for a time in Glasgow, about the year 1658. He had his dwelling in "Silvercraigs street," on the east side of the Salt-market, opposite the Bridgegate. A number of strange stories lingered in the last century and the beginning af the present, as to the sayings and doings of Oliver. It was said that he was in frequent communication with one of the city clergymen, and had many a tough argument as to the respective advantages and merits of Presbyterianism contrasted with independency, or, as they were at the time called, separate sectaries. The clergyman who had the fortitude to meet the protector in dispute was said to be Mr. Patrick Gillespie, then minister of Outer Highkirk. The proctor maintained that under the system then prevailing in Scotland the lower classes were left ignorant of Scripture truth. To test the accuracy of this, one day the protector and his ministerial friend took their position in the Old Siracen inn, at the east of Gallowgate. It was agreed that one of the many lads who drove little carts laden with coals for the supply of the citizens from the coal fields of Monklands should be called in, unprepared, and the protector should put any question to the carter lad from the Scriptures. The lad was brought in, and the question put was, "Tell me who was the father of Adam?" Promptly the carter referred to the third chapter of Luke's Gospel, and beginning at the twenty-third verse he proceeded, "From the son of Joseph, which was the son of Heli," up each successive link until he reached the climax at the thirty-eighth verse, "which was the son of Seth, which was the son of Adam, which was the son of God." Oliver was struck with the accurate memory of the lad, and, rewarding him with a golden piece, begged him to become in his turn the interrogater. He asked: "Since I have thus answered your questions, would you be pleased to answer mine? It is one not so ancient; it is only, tell me who is my father?" The protector was somewhat overcome with ire, which was still intensified when, on inquiry of mine host at the Saracen's Head, he was informed that the carter was a foundling from the Monklands, and that his parentage was hid under a veil of impenetrable obscurity.

The Cashier Ahead.

A new bank which had been established in a town in Indiana had engaged the services of a watchman who came well recommended, but who did not seem over-experienced. The president therefore sent for him to post him up a bit, and began:

"James, this is your first job of this kind, isn't it?"

"Yes sir."

"Your first duty must be to exercise vigilance."

"Yes sir."

"Be careful how strangers approach you."

"I will, sir."

"No stranger must be permitted to enter the bank at night under any pretext whatever."

"No sir."

"And our cashier—he is a good man, honest, reliable and thoroughly trustworthy, but it will be your duty to keep an eye on him."

"But it will be hard to watch two men and the bank at the same time, sir."

"Two men—how"

"Why, sir, it was only yesterday that the cashier called me in for a talk, and he said that you was the squarest man in Indiana, but that it would be just as well to keep both eyes on you, and let the directors know if you hang around after hours."

Sand in Garden Soil.

A light, loamy, sandy soil, is by far the best for a garden, and especially is this the case for roots. All garden vegetables to be succulent and tender must grow fast, and a rich soil is the main requisite, but moisture is equally essential. So long as we have showery weather in the Spring and early Summer vegetables will grow right along, but when the hot dry weather sets in the difference in soil becomes apparent. A garden that is ever so rich, with no sand in its composition or other good material to hold moisture will soon dry up, the plants will cease to grow as rapidly as they should, and become hard and tough; of course some plants are able to withstand more drouth than others, while others do as well if some good mulching is put around them that will hold moisture, while often it is a very hard matter to keep growing during dry weather. Sand is especially valuable to this class, as it is hard to excel for retaining moisture. With roots sand is an almost invaluable ingredient. We have found by experiance that with all root crops sandy soil is by far the most yreferable.

"Why they Call Him "Old Man."

"Yes, that's sadly so," said Jenkins, "my hair is turning gray and falling out before its time. Use something? I would, but most hair restorers are dangerous." "True," answered his friend, "But Parker's Hair Balsam is as harmless as it is effective. I've tried, it and know. Give the Balsam a show and the boys willl soon stop calling you "Old Man Jenkins." It never fails to restore the original color to gray or faded hair. Richly perfumed, an elegant dressing.

A young lady was recently asked by her gallant what she considered the height of impudence. Looking archly at him she said: "Spark a girl for three solid hours and never offer to kiss her." It is needless to add that he is not so impudent now.

St. Jacobs Oil

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR PAIN.

Believes and cures RHEUMATISM, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, BACKACHE, HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE, SORE THROAT, QUINSY, SWELLINGS, SPRAINS, Soreness, Cuts, Bruises, FROSTBITES, BURNS, SCALDS, And all other bodily aches and pains.

FIFTY CENTS A BOTTLE.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers. Directions in 11 languages.

The Charles A. Vogeler Co. (Successors to A. Vogeler & Co.) Baltimore, Md., U.S.A.

Dr. CLARK JOHNSON'S Indian Blood Syrup

Cures all diseases of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Skin and Blood. *Millions* testify to its efficacy in healing the above named diseases and pronounce it to be the BEST REMEDY KNOWN TO MAN.

Guaranteed to Cure Dyspepsia.

AGENTS WANTED.

Laboratory, 77 West 3d street, New York City. Druggists sell it

TRADE MARK.

FORTRESS MONROE, Va., August 21st, 1880. Dr. Clark Johnson:—I was troubled with Palpitation of the Heart, but since using your Indian Blood Syrup I have received much relief. JACOB KOLB.

CAUGHT A BAD COLD

The SUMMER COLDS and Coughs are quite as dangerous as those of midwinter.

But they yield to the same treatment and ought to be taken in time.

For all diseases of THROAT, NOSTRILS, HEAD or BREATHING APPARATUS

Perry Davis's Pain Killer

Is the SOVEREIGN Remedy

ALL DRUGGISTS KEEP

PAIN KILLER

BALL'S HEALTH CORSET

Increases in popularity every day, as ladies find it the most COMFORTABLE —AND— PERFECT FITTING corset ever worn. Merchants say it gives the best satisfaction of any corset they ever sold. Warranted satisfactory or money refunded. For sale by

PARKER & PARKER.

Beautiful Homes.

ARTISTIC INDOOR DECORATIONS.

Frescoing, Kalsomining, Paper Hanging.

MR. FRANK GAUL, who has no superior in the above styles of work, has just returned from a protracted tour through the east, where he "caught on to" all the novelties in his line. He is prepared to furnish all styles of paper at prices to suit. Some of his samples of papar are simply superb. Parties desiring his services will find him at the Somerset House.

2 1'23

ESTABLISHED 1880.

Fisher's Book Store.

Always in stock at the Book Store a well selected assortment of Bibles, Testaments, Gospel Hymns, Christians' Hymn Books and Hymnals, Lutheran Hymn Books, Dictionaries, Albums, Pens, Inks, Papers, Envelopes, Magazines, Novels, Reviews, Blank Books, Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages and all kinds of Legal Blanks,

BOOKS OF POETRY,

Books of Travel and Adventure, History, Biography, and Educational Works, Toy Books for children, in fact every thing usually found in a well regulated book store. Headquarters for school teachers and school books and school supplies. Chas. N. Fisher, jan17 Cook & Beerits Block.

PHOSPHATE For all Crops $25 Per Ton.

A Tried and Valuable Fertilizer.

IT IS A SUPER-PHOSPHATE AND NOT ACIDULATED S. C. ROCK.

It Contains no Dirt or Sand,

Its Analysis is Guaranteed,

It Contains the Elements of Plant Food,

It Gives Good Results.

Price $25 per ton of 2,000 lbs.

On cars or boat in Philadelphia.

Guaranteed Analysis Printed on Each Bag.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR. ADDRESS

BAUGH & SONS,

SOLE MANUFACTURERS,

20 South Delaware Ave., Phila.

mar28.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that C. P. Markle & Sons, C. C. Markle and S. B. Markle, by deed of voluntary assignment, have assigned all their estate; real and personal, whereever situate, in trust for the benefit of their creditors. All persons, therefore, indebted to the said C. P. Markle & Sons, C. C. Markle and S. B. Markle, will make payment to the said Assignee, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

JESSE H. LIPPINCOTT,
Assignee of C. P. Markle & Sons, C. C. Markle and S. B. Markle, Pittsburgh, Pa. m94t.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

Estate of Joseph G. Coleman, late of Brothersvalley twp., Somerset Co., dec'd.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having legal claims will present them without delay, in proper order for settlement, to

A. F. DICKEY, Executor,
At Somerset, Pa., May 31, 1883.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

The partnership heretofore existing between Harry Wayne and Jacob Berkebile, doing business under the firm name Wayne & Berkebile, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 10th day of May, 1884, Mr. Wayne having disposed of his interest in said partnership to Jacob J. Berkebile who will continue the business at the old stand on Main street, opposite the Central Hotel, where a full line of furniture, etc., can be had from Jacob J. Berkebile, who is authorized to settle all partnership accounts, etc.

HARRY WAYNE,
JACOB J. BERKEBILE.
SOMERSET, PA., May 28, 1884.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Conrad Brant, late of Brothersvalley Twp., Somerset Co., Pa., dec'd.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, by the proper authority, notice is hereby given to those indebted to it to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands will please present them duly authenticated for settlement on Saturday, May 10, 1884, at the late residence of deceased.

HIRAM R. BRANT,
Administrator.
may1-4t

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of John W. Haynes, late of Jenner township, deceased.

The undersigned, Auditor, duly appointed by the Orphans's Court of Somerset county to make a distribution of the funds in the hands of Josiah Keller, administrator of the above estate, hereby gives notice that he will attend to the duties of said appointment at his office in Somerset borough on Thursday, May 29, 1884, when and where all persons interested may attend.

FRED W. BIESECKER,
Auditor.

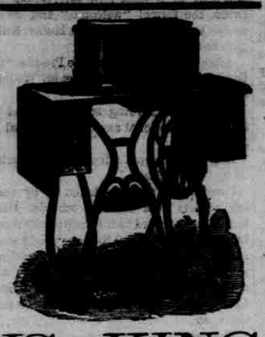
ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.

Estate of Jacob Lenhart, late of Jefferson township, deceased.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the said estate to present them duly authenticated for settlement, on the premises of the deceased, on Saturday, June 28, 1884, at the late residence of the deceased.

LEVI W. LENHART,
ABRAHAM LENHART,
Administrators.

THE WHITE



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IT IS THE

Lightest Running Shuttle Machine

being almost noiseless. It has a

Self-Threading Shuttle,

which tention can be regulated without removing from the race; an

Automatic Bobbin Winder

by which a bobbin can be wound as even as a spool of silk without the aid of the hand to guide the thread, thus assuring an even tention;

A SELF-SETTING NEEDLE!

A DOUBLE-STEEL FEED!

a larger space under the arm than any other family machine made, doing a larger variety and greater range of work than any family machine. Simplest construc'ed, easiest managed, most thorough build and best machine in the world. Sold on the

MOST REASONABLE TERMS!

—BY—

JOSEPH CRIST.

Jenner X Roads, Pa.

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MARTIN SCHÆFER,

Book Binder,

Locust Street, Opposite St. John's School,

Johnstown. - Pa.

ALL KINDS OF

Books Neatly Bound

AT LOWEST RATES.

Old Books Re-Bound.

MUSIC BOOKS A SPECIALTY.

Parties desiring books bound can obtain prices by dropping me a card. Arrangements have been made whereby express one way will be paid on all large orders. All needed information can be obtained at Somerset HERALD office.

nov15.

LIME! LIME!

The Buffalo Valley Lime Company, limited, will sell, until further ordered, unslacked lime at the following rates:

At 9 cents per bushel, loaded on cars at kilns; at 10 cents per bushel for any quantity less than a car load; at 11 cents per bushel delivered at any station on the Berlin Railroad; at 12 cents per bushel delivered at Meyersdale and Rockwood; and at 12½ cents per bushel delivered at all other railroad stations in Somerset county, including all those on the Somerset & Cambria Railroad. Payment can be made to the following persons:

John L. Saylor, at Friedens.
W. H. Koontz, at Somerset.
Harrison Snyder, at Rockwood.
Frank Enos, at Garrett.
Samuel J. Miller, near Meyersdale.

We must depend upon lime as the basis to fertilize our soil. Order it now and have it ready when needed. Order from Frank Enos, Garrett.

nov22

WISE people are always on the lookout for chances to increase their earnings, and in time become wealthy; those who do not improve their opportunities remain in poverty. We offer a great chance to make money. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit furnished free. Any one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. dec20-1y

$72 A week made at home by the industrious. Best business now before the public. Capital not needed. We will start you. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time, or give your whole time to the business. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous pay by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily and honorably. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. dec20-1y

EDWARD ALCOTT,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

LUMBER!

OAK FLOORING A SPECIALTY

OFFICE AND FACTORY:

URSINA,

SOMERSET CO., PA.

jy12-1y

HOW WATCHES ARE MADE.

In a SOLID GOLD WATCH, aside from the necessary thickness for engraving and polishing, a large proportion of metal is needed only to stiffen and hold the engraved portions in place, and supply strength. The surplus gold is actually needless. In *James Boss' Patent Gold Watch Cases* this WASTE is saved, and SOLIDITY and STRENGTH increased by a simple process, at one-half the cost. A plate of SOLID GOLD is soldered on each side of a plate of hard nickel composition metal, and the three are then passed between polished steel rollers. From this the cases, backs, centers, bands, etc., are cut and shaped by dies and formers. The gold is thick enough to admit of all kinds of chasing, engraving and engine turning. These cases have been worn perfectly smooth by use without removing the gold. *This is the only case made under this process. Each case is accompanied with a solid guarantee signed by the manufacturers warranting it to wear 20 years.* 150,000 of these Cases now carried in the United States and Canada. Largest and Oldest Factory. Established 1854. Ask your Jeweler.

GET THE BEST!

MORE Somerset County people have read the HERALD during the past year than ever before, since it was first printed.

Because its news columns present all the latest news in an attractive style.

Because it always gives all the local news without burdening its columns with unmeaning and uninteresting correspondence.

Because it is always reliable politically, and says what it means and means what it says.

Because its Court reports are always full, fair and trustworthy.

Because it is the medium used by the people of the county when they wish to let their neighbors know when they have a farm or anything else for sale.

Because all legal advertising appears in its columns, and people are thus kept posted as to what transpires in the management of the affairs of the Courts and County.

Because it has the best Washington and Harrisburg correspondents attainable.

If you have friends who live outside the county, there is no more acceptable present you can send them than a copy of their county paper.

If you have a neighbor who needs a paper recommend the HERALD.

If your children want a paper, subscribe for the HERALD.

Subscription $2.00 per year.

Address

HERALD,

Somerset, Penn'a.

In light-weight Clothing for Summer wear we have a fine assortment, well made at moderate prices.

Full lines of Summer Cassimeres, Cheviots, Serges, Worsted, Alpacas, Linens, Etc., Etc., Etc.

Every sale guaranteed or money refunded.

A. C. YATES & CO.,

Ledger Building, Chestnut and Sixth Streets

Philadelphia.

Feb 20

T. G. STEWART & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

NO. 174 MAIN STREET,

JOHNSTOWN, PENN'A.

I Have Just Received

And offer for sale in quantities to suit purchasers

1 Bbl. Rosin,

1 Bbl. Copperas,

1 Carboy Ammonia,

1 Carboy Sulphuric Acid,

1 Carboy Muriatic Acid,

2 KEGS BAKING SODA,

1 Keg Sulphur,

1 Barrel Epsom Salts,

1 Box Cream Tartar,

One Gross Horse Powders,

2 Gross Cough Syrup,

1-2 Gross Blood Searcher,

20 Reams Note Paper,

THREE "M" ENVELOPES,

One Lot Fishing Tackle,

One Lot Finest 2 for 5, 5 cent Cigars.

The cheapest and best place in Somerset County to buy Drugs.

C. N. BOYD.

The Druggist,

MAMMOTH BLOCK,

SOMERSET PA.

BANNER

BAKING POWDER

Always the Best.

During the seventeen years since the introduction of Banner Baking Powder, the highest test, ninety-nine per cent pure grape cream tartar, has been used in its manufacture. Grape cream tartar is the only ingredient that can produce a truly healthful baking powder, and upon this fact only can the people decide whether or not it is better to use a pure Grape Cream Tartar Powder, even though it cost a little more. Thousands of people now keep these facts in view in favor of the Banner Powder, and have recommended it to their friends because of its perfect purity and great leavening power. may9 1y.

WANTED—SALESMEN.

To canvass for the sale of Nursery Stock. Unequaled facilities, the experience required, Family and experienced pay, the sales of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, etc.

W. & T. SMITH, Nurserymen, Geneva, N. Y.

ARMY OFFICER'S TESTIMONY.

Capt. Joseph L. Hayden, residing at 31 Fourth street, South Boston, Mass., late captain in the army, now with the Walker Manufacturing Company, South Boston, writes April 28, 1883: "While living in Cambridgeport my wife was afflicted with terrible pains in her back and sides, accompanied with great weakness and loss of appetite. She tried many so-called remedies without avail, growing rapidly worse, when her attention was called to Hunt's Remedy. She purchased a bottle from Lowell's drug store in Cambridgeport, and after taking the first dose she began to feel easier, she could sleep well, and after continuing its use a short time the pains in her back and side entirely disappeared, and she is a well woman. Many of our neighbors and friends have used Hunt's Remedy with the most gratifying results. I have recommended it many times, and as many times have heard the same story. Hunt's Remedy is all that is claimed for it, and a real blessing to all afflicted with kidney or liver trouble."

MADE A MAN OF HIM.

Mrs C. O. Wheeler, No. 22 Austin Street, Bridgeport, Mass., makes the following remarkable statement. On April 27, 1883, he wrote the following: "I have been troubled with kidney disease for nearly 20 years. Have suffered greatly with terrible pains in my back and loins. Have taken many medicines, but found nothing to relieve my case until I took Hunt's Remedy. I purchased a bottle of A. P. Gilson, 630 Tremont street, Boston, and before I had used this one bottle I found relief, and continuing its use, my pains and weakness all disappeared, and I feel like a new man, with new life and vigor. Hunt's Remedy did wonders for me, and I have no hesitation in recommending it to all afflicted with kidney or liver diseases, as I am positive that by its use they will find immediate relief. You can use this letter in any way you choose, so that the people may know of a sure medicine for the cure of all diseases of the kidneys and liver."

There were eight or ten well-dressed gentlemen in the car, but none of them showed any inclination to give her a seat. After she had stood a reasonable time, she remarked with asperity: "Et any of you boots ara waitin' for me to stand in your laps you air a fooled critter, for I want you to understand I am a lady from the ground up."

Self-Made.

"Do you see that old man near the frog pond?"

"Thirty-two years ago that old man came to Boston with one suspender and a sore toe. He also had a basket of apples which a farmer in Lexington had given to him. He peddled the apples on Washington street and netted eighteen cents the first day. How much do you suppose he is worth now?"

"Oh, a million and a half," said one.

"Two millions," cried another.

"Six million three hundred thousand," was the estimate of a third.

"I give it up," remarked Mr. X. "How much is he worth?"

"Not an infernal cent, and he owes for the basket."

ALMOST AS BAD.

Hop Bitters Co., Toronto.

I have been sick for the past two years, suffering from dyspepsia and general weakness. I have used three bottles of Hop Bitters, and they have done wonders for me. I am well and able to work, and can sleep well. I cannot say too much for Hop Bitters.—Simon Reilly.

Dydia E. Pinkham began business by manufacturing medicine in a kettle.

SOMERSET MARKET

Corrected by COOK & BEERITS, DEALERS IN CHOICE GROCERIES, FLOUR & FEED.

Apples, dried, ℔ lb	
Applebutter, ℔ gal	
Bran, ℔ 100 lbs	
Butter, ℔ lb (keg)	
" (roll)	
Buckwheat ℔ bush	
" meal, 100 lbs	
Beeswax ℔ lb	
Bacon, shoulders, ℔ lb	
" sides, "	
" country hams, ℔ lb	
Corn, (ear) new ℔ bushel	
" (shelled) old "	
" meal ℔ lb	
Calf skins, ℔ lb	
Eggs, ℔ doz	
Flour, ℔ bbl	$
Flaxseed, ℔ bu. (60 lb)	
Ham, (sugar-cured) ℔ lb	
Lard, ℔ lb	
Leather, red sole, ℔ lb	
" upper, "	
" kip, "	
Middlings, and chop 100 lbs	
Oats, ℔ bu	
Potatoes, ℔ bu (new)	
Peaches, dried, ℔ lb	
Rye, ℔ bu	
Rags, ℔ lb	
Salt, No. 1, ℔ bbl, extra	$
" Ground Alum, per sack	$
" Ashton, per sack	
Sugar, yellow ℔ lb	
" white "	
Tallow, ℔ lb	
Wheat, ℔ bu	
Wool, ℔ lb	

RAILROAD SCHEDULE

SOMERSET & CAMBRIA RAILROAD

On and after May 14, trains will run as follows:

NORTHWARD. Mail Leaves	Somerset Leaves	Johnstown Ar.	Johnst'n Leaves	STATIONS.	SOUTHWARD. Mail Leaves	Johnstown Ar.
P. M.	P. M.	A. M.			A. M.	P. M.
1:45	2:50		1:10	...CUMBERLAND...	9:4	12
1:54	2:59			...NT SAVAGE JUN...	9:40	12
2:01	3:06			...G. ALBRIGHT...	9:36	12
2:07	4:14			...COOK'S MILL...	9:25	12
2:20	4:29