The Somerset Herald.

EDWARD SCULL, Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY.....April 4, 1883.

THE public debt was reduced during the month of March in the sum of $9,344,826.27.

BOTH branches of the Legislature adjourned at noon on Friday last, until Tuesday afternoon of this week. This Democratic reform Legislature understands how "not to do it" fully as well as its much abused Republican predecessors.

THE Sprague boom in Rhode Island has run against a snag. The candidate for Lieutenant Governor (C. H. George,) has declined the nomination conferred on him, and the old line Democrats repudiate the coalition, and have put a straight-out ticket in the field.

EVERYBODY has been April-fooled who expected to get a taste of Spring at the usual date. Here we are, at the commencement of the fourth month of the year, with the ground solidly ice-bound, and covered with snow, and the man without a cold utterly out of fashion.

IT begins to look as if the days of the telegraph and its sign language were numbered. On Wednesday last, the telephone wire from New York to Chicago—a distance of 1,060 miles—was completed, and conversation was held between those two points with perfect ease and distinction.

JUST as the House was about declaring vacant the seat of the assassin Dukes, a letter was received from him addressed to the Speaker, declining to take the office. By a unanimous vote the seat was declared vacant, and thus ends the matter, so far as the House is officially concerned.

SENATOR GREER has added his quota to proposed temperance legislation, by introducing a bill in the Senate making it punishable by a fine of $25 for one person to treat another to intoxicating drinks. This bill doesn't go quite far enough. The penalty ought to be extended to the fellow that treats himself.

A SPECIAL election, to choose a successor to Dukes, has been ordered, and will be held on the 24th of this month. An extra session of this Democratic do-little, reform Legislature, is evidently anticipated, else it is useless to elect a new member about the time an adjournment should take place.

A FEW months since the charitably inclined people of this country were contributing to the relief of the sufferers by the floods in Germany. Now Germany is reciprocating by remitting money for the relief of the sufferers by a similar calamity, in the valleys of the Ohio and Mississippi.

DUKES having taken snap-judgement on the House by resigning while it was maundering over the proposition to expel him: that remarkably deliberative body has sent its Sergeant-at-Arms to Uniontown to inform the beast and assassin that his resignation has been accepted. There is nothing so fascinating as etiquette!

THE old folly of attempting to fix the hours of labor by legislation, has again been revived at Harrisburg. If it is competent to establish by law that eight hours shall be accounted a day's work, then it follows that five hours, or fifteen hours, may also be fixed upon, according to the whim of each succeeding legislature. The only result of this folly, if consummated, would be that labor would be employed by the hour, instead of by the day. Those who labored eight hours would be paid for it, those who labored ten hours would be paid for ten. The attempt to compel by law, the payment of ten hours wages for eight hours work, is simply folly.

IT is pleasing to see with what cheerfulness and self-confidence, the brainey editor of the Philadelphia *Press* undertakes to form a new Cabinet for the President, and to relieve him of the trouble of having any opinions of his own. If it wasn't for Smith—Charles Emery Smith—of the *Press*, we don't see how the President could struggle along, or the country, and the Republican party be saved. Wasn't it Smith who saved the Republican party of Pennsylvania last year, by placing it under the guardianship of Pattison and the "reform" Democracy? And can't he save the National Republican party by the same process, if allowed to do so? Without Smith, and Smith's advice, and Smith's tactics, and Smith's control, the Republican party will go to the dogs. The President is effete, his Cabinet is a conglomeration of brainless old fogies, and only by heroic doses of Smith's reform panacea, can the country be saved. If Smith was to die—perish the thought—the President might neglect his injunctions, his Cabinet might remain unchanged, the present administrative policy might be continued, and the country would assuredly go to the demnition bow-wows.

Good people all! pray that Smith—Charles Emery Smith—may live long and prosper, and also for more power to his goose quill, for you know not what may befall you, should he be cut off in the flower of his youth, and through his untimely end, the Philadelphia *Press* cease to be a power in the politics of the State, and of the Nation.

SENATOR LONGENECKER has introduced a bill in the Senate, which, if it becomes a law, will largely protect many working men in this county. It forbids the attachment by a foreign State of wages of laborers residing in this State for work done on railroads touching two or more States. The object of this bill is to break up the rascally proceedings being practiced under the laws of West Virginia. Parties living in this State have been in the habit of sending bogus claims to West Virginia against employes of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, assigning them to persons there to bring suit against the employes. Their wages in the hands of the treasurer or paymaster have been attached, which, "often results in great hardships to many poor workmen, who frequently have their month's wages taken in this manner without having any means of defending a suit, and their families suffer in consequence. As matters now stand, great injustice is being done and the costs, which sometimes amount to three or four times the amount of the claims, are added. Besides the injustice perpetrated on the men, the railroad company has been put to great trouble and inconvience, through being compelled to answer these attachments.

GLEANINGS.

A little Philadelphia boy was recently heard to pray: "O Lord, bless brother Bill and make him as good a boy as I am." That boy will be a Pennsylvania reformer some day.—*Evening News.*

The most expensive member of Congress is General Wheeler, of Alabama. It cost the Government $1,440 to print, in the *Congressional Record*, four speeches which were never delivered by him.

The Chicago *Inter Ocean* says: "The cattle drive from Texas this season will be the smallest known for years, from the fact that the demand for cattle to establish new ranches is so great as to absorb all the heifers and leave only the steers for the market."

A proof of the new two-cent stamp has been furnished by the engravers for the inspection and approval of the Post Office Department. The stamp contains a head of Washington with ornamentation differing from that now in use. A double rate four-cent stamp will also be issued.

The lawyer with the most "cheek" in this country is undoubtedly J. G. Bigelow, of Washington city, who was counsel for Sergeant Mason when he was on trial before a court martial for shooting at Guiteau, in the District of Columbia jail. Mason was convicted and sent to prison. A fund amounting to about $7,000 was made up by a subscription throughout the country for "Betty and the baby." Mason's wife and child, and the money is in Rigss & Co.'s bank, in Washington, to Mrs. Mason's credit. Bigelow now comes forward, and, with Shylock rapacity, demands just one-half of the fund as his fee, in a suit he has brought against Mason, his wife, and the bank. The money is not Mason's, but his wife's, and Bigelow will discover that fact when his case comes to be heard.

Some of our esteemed Democratic contemporaries are greatly shocked to think that the Republican press should attempt to drag the Dukes trial into politics. This is only a skillful effort to evade the consequences of the Democratic scheme which resulted in Dukes' acquittal. Who originated the cry of politics? Where is there a Republican paper that ever mentioned politics in the case until after the trial began? Nor would it have been mentioned then but for the fact that as soon as the jury was impaneled the clerk of the court exhibited a list of the twelve and said they were all Democrats! He stands not only high in official authority but he can come as near telling the politics of every juror drawn in Fayette county as any other man living. When therefore he was the first to proclaim that these twelve men were all Democrats, it was virtually a challenge like this: "Here is the defendant, a prominent Democrat and a member-elect of the state legislature. And here are the peers by whom he is to be tried; they are twelve Democrats. Convict him if you can."—We submit whether, after such an unprecedented proceeding as this, it was not high time for somebody to cry out against the attempt to convert the trial into a legal farce and to thwart justice in order to subserve a partisan end. The public knew nothing about the complexion of that jury until informed by the officer of the court who makes it his business to know these things. After this semi-official announcement, what sort of a people would we be if no one had raised his voice against such awful mockery? The *Standard* has not charged this offence on the decent Democracy of Fayette county. We know that the better class of our Democratic friends are disgusted at the whole performance and have done all they could to avert the disgrace brought upon us. But they are powerless to do anything except to protest in vain, for their party was at the mercy of men whose business it is to debauch politics and see that even the sacred claims of Justice shall be sacrificed if necessary to carry a political point.—*Uniontown Standard.*

DUKES RESIGNS HIS SEAT.

A LETTER FROM CAPT. NUTT'S SLAYER.

His Disappearance From Uniontown on Monday Night Just Discovered Deceiving the Citizens.

HARRISBURG, March 28.—Upon the opening of the session in the House of Representatives to-day Speaker Faunce presented the following communication:

Hon. J. E. Faunce, Speaker of the House of Representatives, Harrisburg—Sir: I decline to accept the seat to which I have been elected in the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth for the county of Fayette, and request the House to declare the seat vacant. Very respectfully yours, N. L. DUKES.

Fayette county, March 26, 1883.

Immediately after the reading of the letter Mr. MacReynolds, on behalf of the Judiciary Committee, to which Dukes case had been referred, made a report. It was of opinion that the seat should be declared vacant and a new writ of election issued, and offered a resolution to that effect. The report was accepted and the resolution unanimously adopted.

This ends all connection of Dukes with the House of Representatives.

Speaker Faunce has issued his writ for a special election in Fayette county to select a successor to Dukes.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., March 28.—Dukes is no longer in town, and investigation proves that he has not been here since Monday night. He has managed to keep up the deception by having young Heller stay in the room with doors locked. He took the citizens at their word, and left town as soon as he could get away under cover of darkness. He is believed to be again at his step-father's house, eleven miles in the country.

Frightened Kentuckians.

PRINCETON, April 1.—This section of country has been visited for three successive nights by a substance resembling sulphur, which seems to fall between the showers and causes the superstitious to quake with fear. They call it a warning of what is to be, and fancy this a sulphur coating that will make the world burn readily. The appearance of the substance is exactly that of sulphur, finely powdered, and invariably falls in circular splatches, about ten inches in diameter. The first shower that falls after it has reached the ground melts it, upon which it assumes the varied hues of the rainbow, and the particles are undistinguishable longer. In some instances the fall was so heavy that it was possible to gather small handfuls of it from planks and such places as were not too wet. The fall of this peculiar stuff has been for three nights last past, and is greater each night. Upon being put under a strong magnifier the particles take the form of seed, or perhaps between the form of seed and that of fish eggs, but are not of uniform shape and seem to be continually dissolving. During the time of the fall there has been but little wind, and what is most phenomenal about the matter is that it falls altogether at night. About 15 miles north of this place the fall was much heavier than it was here.

A Serious Accident.

CINCINNATI, March 30.—A passenger train on the Cincinnati Southern Railroad was thrown from the track this morning by a land slide near Mason. The accident happened on a curve while the train was running at a high rate of speed. The entire train left the track and rolled down an embankment fifty feet. Two sleepers were completely wrecked, and one car was burned. The passengers were extricated with great difficulty. The total number of injured is 53, several of whom were very seriously hurt.

The cause of the accident was a broken rail. Engineer Michael discovered it, and instantly applied the brakes and reversed his engine. This threw Conductor Ward, who was in the smoking car, and gave him the slight bruises he received. The engine and baggage car remained on the track, but the smoking car was partly thrown off, and the ladies' car entirely left the rails and stood at almost right angles with the road, the lower end down the embankment. This car was subsequently burned. Very few passengers escaped without some injuries.

War on King Alcohol.

CUMBERLAND, Md., April 1.—The Protestant Episcopal Convocation of Cumberland, embracing all the parishes in Frederick, Washington, Alleghany and Garrett counties, will convene in this city for three days, commencing on Thursday next.

One prominent feature of the convocation will be a temperance meeting on Wednesday evening, which will be addressed by Rev. P. Wroth, pastor of the church of the Messiah in Baltimore city, and Secretary of the Church Temperance Society of Maryland. Steps will be taken looking to the formation of a branch of the society here, where there are over 50 drinking saloons.

A Tramp's Crime.

EASTON, March 29.—A tramp this morning cut his wife's throat at Hektown, and then with two other tramps fled across the fields. The woman was found on the roadside, and physicians say her injuries will prove fatal. A party of men has started in pursuit of the tramps. The woman was taken to the almshouse. She says Charles Tilghmen is the name of the man who assaulted her. They were walking along the road at the time talking on different subjects when he suddenly seized her by the throat, threw her on the ground and cut her throat. It is thought she cannot live till to-morrow.

Senator Cameron.

WASHINGTON, March 28.—Senator Cameron has recovered much more rapidly from the very severe operation which he underwent a few weeks ago than even his physicians expected thereby showing his great vitality. He has been able to take out door exercise several times, and in a few days, perhaps this week, will visit Harrisburg to see his father. The Senator is advised by his physicians to take a sea voyage, and he will more than likely visit Europe the coming summer for quiet and recreation.

C. P. MARKLE & SON

Make an Assignment—Liabilities $500,000. Assets $1,000,000.

PITTSBURGH, March 27.—Rumors have been afloat for ten days past to the effect that C. P. Markle & Sons, of West Newton, was on the verge of a collapse. The reports gained little credence, however. On Monday the rumors were verified by an assignment made to J. H. Lippencott, of Pittsburgh. It is said that the cause which led to the assignment was the withdrawal of all the funds in bank by Captain Cassius C. Markle, the senior member of the firm. He took from $60,000 to $100,000 from Pittsburgh banks and $12,000 deposited at West Newton for the payment of employees at the latter place, Markleton and the Bessemer Coke works, at Mt. Pleasant, on Thursday last, after which he started for the West. This left the firm without funds to meet maturing obligations. The action of Captain Markle is not understood and cannot be accounted for by his friends. Since the death of Gen. Markle, the firm has been composed of Cassius C. and Sheppard B. Markle. Besides their extensive paper mills, the firm controls a large scope of coal land and have nearly three hundred coke ovens in operation along the June Bug branch; they likewise own a large amount of real estate and carry on the breeding of blooded cattle rather extensively. They usually have from 600 to 800 men in their employ. A hasty examination of the books on Monday night shows the liabilities at from $400,000 to 500,000 and the assets at about $1,000,000. It is claimed by the assignee that with a little time, the firm will be enabled to meet all its obligations, dollar for dollar. The firm and its extended interests are well known throughout this county.

Considerable excitement attended the announcement of the assignment at West Newton and vicinity. The mills at the latter place and at Millgrove are still running, and it is thought there will be no need of their stoppage. The Messrs. Markle have in use money from quite a number of persons about West Newton, and those persons are somewhat apprehensive. The reassuring statement of the assigne as to the assetts and liabilities, however, will probably allay their fears. It is to be hoped that the firm that has done much for the interests of the southern part of the county may fully recover at an early day as we feel confident they will.

Judge Murdered.

PESTH, March 29.—Count Von Majlath Von Szekhley, president of the court of cassation, has been found murdered at his residence at Ofen. He had been strangled and his tongue had been cut out. His hands were bound tightly together with ropes. The body was lying on the bed in the count's room when discovered, but the bed clothes were not disturbed and the count was not undressed. A thin rope was hanging from a window of the apartment to the street below. The count's house had been robbed by the murderers. A Hussar who was stationed at Count Von Szekhely's residence has been arrested on suspicion of being the murderer of the count.

Factory Burned.

BEAVER, March 29.—Fire was discoveren last night in the packing room of the flint bottle works at Bridgewater. As the place was full of combustible material the flames spread rapidly and were soon beyond control. The building and stock were totally destroyed, involving a loss of $8,000, on which there was $6,000 insurance. A residence on the opposite side of the street was damaged, but by strenuous exertion was saved. It was on fire several times and the damage is $500.

Burned to a Cinder.

MT. PLEASANT, March 29.—At six o'clock this evening a 10-year-old son of Samuel Stillwagon, of Bridgeport, a mining town, one mile south of here, while running along the top of Mullin, Strickler & Co's. coke ovens, accidentally fell into one that was freshly charged with coal this morning and therefore was in full blast. A passer-by saw the boy fall, and in less than three minutes tore down the door of the oven and pulled the lifeless body out all burned to a crisp.

Slain by Savages.

FORT SCOTT, March 29.—Private dispatches were received here this afternoon from Silver City, N. M., stating that Judge J. C. McCombs, late of this city, and more recently of St. Louis, was killed yesterday by Indians, and his wife and young son Charlie taken into captivity.

A Lordsburg dispatch says a party just returned from the scene of the massacre, found Mrs. Judge McComas shot through the head lying at the side of the buckboard and stripped naked. Judge McComas was found about two hundred yards south of his wife, shot in four different places, and also stripped naked. The boy is missing.

Attempted Suicide.

HALIFAX, March 29.—A person believed to be H. W. Eaton, of Calais, Me., attempted suicide on a train, emptying five chambers of a revolver at his head while lying in his berth. The conductor seized his hand before he could fire another shot. There was great commotion in the car. The man is under arrest, but he cannot be removed from his hotel owing to injuries.

A Store Robbed.

MT. PLEASANT, March 29.—Parker's store, at Ragantown, a small village seven miles south of here, was broke into last night and $100 worth of dry goods and clothing were carried away, also $50 in chash was taken from the safe that Parker had forgot to lock. Near the same place a horse was also stolen from a farmer named Stoner.

Don't Step on a Rolling Stone.

That is what Captain Allen of the Fire Department of Worcester did, and that was how he hurt his ankle so badly. After the doctor set the broken bone, Captain Allen used PERRY DAVIS'S PAIN KILLER as a liniment. The suffering was soon over, and the Captain was well in a short time. Knowing the accidents to which firemen are constantly subject, Captain Allen advises everybody connected with a Fire Department to keep a bottle of PAIN KILLER always on hand.

A Woman Hanged.

Windsor, VT., March 30.—Mrs. Meaker, who is to be executed this afternoon, slept soundly last night, and after breakfasting, in accordance with a request made yesterday, to see the gallows, was led out by the sheriff this morning to examine it. She closely scrutinized every part, ascending the steps of the scaffold alone with a firm step, and without emotion, and inquired if she would be required to climb the fatal stairs unassisted at the final moment. The drop and mode of its working was looked into with an air of morbid curiosity, and eying the trap she asked, "Is that the place?" After returning to her quarters she was visited by the chaplain and manifested a most stolid indifference, but later on when visited by sheriff Atherton she inquired after her husband and daughter, and then, with much agitation, said, "Tell them that I am to be murdered to-day and am an innocent woman." She alluded to her son's confession as a lie, and said he had brought her to the gallows. When Atherton rose to leave she began to cry, and kissed his right hand twice, and sending her love to the folks at home she cried, "Good-bye, good-bye," as he left.

Mrs. Meaker was hung at 1:35 this afternoon. She persisted to the last that she was innocent.

Mrs. Meaker ate a hearty dinner. Her son Almon was left in his cell. Mrs. Meaker's arms were pinioned before she left the cell, and the procession moved to the gallows, where she was seated in a chair, and evidently did not like the crowd. After prayer by the chaplain the sheriff handed her a paper with these words. "Emeline Meaker, if you have anything to say why execution of sentence should not take place you have now the opportunity."

This was done on account of her deafness. She was calm and pale, and sat with closed eyes. "Good-bye, Mr. Hull. I have nothing more to say; only forgive you for hanging me."

Her legs were then tied, she standing all the time and showing no signs of trembling said, "May God forgive you all." The drop fell at half-past one. After hanging thirty minutes she was taken down dead. She died with scarcely a struggle. She was buried in the prison cemetery this afternoon.

Little Alice Meaker, the innocent victim of Mrs. Meaker's fiendish depravity, was a pauper on the town of South Burlington, Vt., and had been placed with Mrs. Meaker and her husband for support. Mrs. Meaker tormented the child so that her life was a burden, and finally resolved to murder her. In a carriage on a lonely road near Waterbury, Vt., on the night of April 23, 1882, Almon, her son, proposed a dose of strychnine and sweetened water, and this monster of a mother held it to the lips of little Alice and made her drink it. She died there in the carriage in terrible convulsions, and then the mother and son buried the victim's body in a swamp. The next Monday the son showed the sheriff where the body was buried and made a confession.

Indian Troubles.

DENVER, Col., March 30.—The Tribune's Santa Fe special says; The latest news from the scene of Indian hostilities is that about twenty-five Indians crossed the Southern Pacific Railroad near Zepar station early this morning, closely pursued by Capt. Forsythe's command of two companies of the Fourth Cavalry. The troops have fresh horses, and a fight is hourly expected. The Mexican troops, under Gen. Carbo, are in the field under orders to take no prisoners, but to kill bucks, squaws and children.

The casualties in Arrizona have been four men killed at Clark's Camp, four at Total Wreck, four on the the Gila river and two at Beach's Camp. The hostiles are believed to belong to Juh's band, re-enforced by some Chirecuahuas. All the troops in southern New Mexico are in the field, and all possible measures for the protection of the settlers and the punishment of the Indians are being taken by General Mackenzie.

Fatally Poisoned.

LYNCHBURG, Va., March 30.—Intelligence reached this city to-day of the poisoning of Mrs. Jonathan and her son, Warren Monroe, near Brookneal, Campbell county, several nights since. The poison was administered in coffee, and both mother and son died from its effects a short time after drinking the coffee. Suspicion attaches to a niece of the poisoned woman, who was visiting at the house at the time of the occurrence, but no arrest han been made at the last accounts. It is rumored that the girl ment only to poison the mother, in the absence of the son from the house, in order to remove an obstacle of marriage with the latter. Warren returned unexpectedly, and was also poisoned.

A Strike Among Miners.

PITTSAURG, April 1.—A general strike of the coal miners of the fourth pool was inaugurated yesterday. The trouble has grown out of an attempt on the part of the miners to enforce the law giving them the right to place one of their number on the tipple for the purpose of weighing the coal as it is loaded. The demand was made a few days ago. The operators refused to concede it, unless the miners agreed to accept a reduction of ½ cent per bushel in their wages. This has caused the miners to believe that they have been systematically defrauded in the weight of their coal by the operators, and they have struck for the check weighman and present wages.

Mysterious Assassination.

NEW YORK, April 1.—A man was found with his throat cut at Twenty-eighth street and Eleventh avenue on Saturday evening, and it is believed that he was murdered. The knife with which the cut was given has not been found. The wound is a horrible one and extends to the spinal column, and must have required great force. The dead man was not muscular, and had the appearance of being well to do. A thorough investigation will be made.

Burned to Death.

PITTSBURG, March 28.—At 4 o'clock this morning a frame house in Alleghany City, owned and partly occupied by Edward Graham, was destroyed by fire. Two twin babys, aged 25 months, the children of David Faulkner, who occupied two rooms in the house, were burned to death. The loss to the building and household goods is $1,000, fully insured.

The Services Over the Remains of Postmaster General Howe.

KENOSHA, March 28.—Many strangers arrived on the morning train. The town is draped in mourning. A Chicago special train bearing several hundred persons, among them the Washington delegation, arrived at two o'clock. Secretaries Lincoln, Teller, Chandler, Frelinghuysen and acting Postmaster General Frank Hatton and the delegation from the Postoffice Department composed the Washington party. A light snow storm prevailed. The body was at the residence of Colonel J. H. Howe about two miles from town. The hour set for the funeral services was three o'clock, but before that time the remains were borne by citizens of Kenosha, organized as an escort, to the Unitarian Church, where they lay in state. A bust of the dead statesman was exposed to view, and closely and tearfully scrutinized by the vast concourse. The decorations at the church were simple and entirely floral in character. The services were opened with a chant by the Chicago Quartette. This was followed by a Scriptural reading by the Rev. H. M. Simmons, and invocation by Rev. Robert Collyer, of N. Y., was followed by the singing of the hymn "Abide With Me." Rev. Mr. Simmons reviewed the character of the deceased, with whom he had been closely associated for many years. "O! Spirit, Freed from Earth," was sung by the Quartette, and Rev. Dr. Collyer then spoke on the hopes of immortality. The services closed with a selection by the Quartette and the benediction. The congregation then viewed the remains, after which the casket was given into the hands of the pallbearers, Chief Justice Cole, Governor Rusk, Secretary Lincoln, Secretary Teller, Horace Rublee, Senator Sawyer, F. H. Hatton and Senator Hill, and taken to the depot and placed aboard the funeral train, which left for Green Bay about 4 P. M. The services were exceedingly simple and appropriate, the relatives of the deceased having requested that there be no attempt at display of any kind. At Green Bay the body will lie in state at the residence of the deceased from ten to twelve o'clock to-morrow, and at noon the final interment will take place. Services will be brief. Business houses will be closed.

Colorado Miners.

DENNER, March 28.—Recently the directors of the Bassick Mining Co., of New York received a threatening letter from a large number of miners of Querida, where the mine of the company is located, demanding the dismissal of Superintendent Perkins and Foreman McGregor, charging tyranny and numberless interferences with their rights. Reliable information states that the true source of the trouble is that Perkins found that an organized band had been stealing ore from the company, and he was instrumental in sending several of them to prison. The climax was reached to-day when the malcontents served notices to fifty persons to leave town forthwith, and threatening violence. Querida and the surrounding country are terribly excited. Armed miners are parading the streets, and the law is defied. Governor Grant has been called upon to proclaim martial law. Fears are entertained that there will be bloodshed before morning.

Stolen Horses.

MT. PLEASANT, March 29.—The two stolen horses referred to to as being locked up at Jones' Mills, 12 miles east of here, have found their owners. They were taken last Sunday night from J. McNary and I. Sumney, of Pigeon Creek Church, near Dunningsville, Washington Co. The owners arrived here this evening on their road after them.

Germany's Benevolence.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—The President to-day received from Crash & Rothenstein, of Berlin, Germany, an additional contribution of 4,300 marks for the benefit of the sufferers from floods in the west. Of this amount 3,000 marks were contributed by the Emperor and Empress of Germany. The funds were turned over to the agent of the society of the Red Cross for distribution. The total amount of these contributions from the citizens of Germany transmitted through Brash & Rothenstein is 8,800 marks.

Nearly Cremated.

MT. PLEASANT, April 1.—A frame house on West Main street, owned by Mrs. Hoke and occupied by Mrs. Richer, mysteriously burned this morning. The occupants were nearly suffocated with smoke when they awoke and made a narrow escape with their lives by jumping out of a second story window just as the floor was falling in. Loss on house and furniture about $1,200; both fully insured.

Earthquake Shock in California.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 30.—There was a slight shock of earthquake here at 7.45 o'clock this morning. Further south the shock was heavy. At Watsonville, Santa Cruz county, nine shocks were felt, with breaking of crockery, plastering, etc. At Hollister, San Benito county, plate-glass windows were smashed and brick buildings cracked. In the temporary panic the streets were filled with the inhabitants, many of them in undress.

An Editor Horsewhipped.

ST. LOUIS, Mo, March 28.—J. N. Peers, editor of the Collinsville (Ill.) *Herald*, was horsewhipped in that town yesterday by Mrs. Henry Marshall, wife of a business man there, for the publication of an article which reflected upon herself, her husband and her mother. Peers was badly marked about the face and neck by the raw-hide, vigorously applied by the indignant lady.

Senator Cameron's Health.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—Senator Cameron will leave Washington for Harrisburg as soon as the weather moderates sufficiently to make travelling comfortable. He is anxious to see his father, who met a painful accident a few weeks ago. Mr. Cameron is looking remarkably well, and his general health in greatly improved.

A tourist leaning out of a nook,
Fell on his head near a brook,
The hurt he received,
St. Jacobs Oil relieved,
And he says it cured "like a hook."

Great oaks from little acorns spring,
Great aches the little toe-corns bring;
But for every corn,
That ever was born,
St. Jacobs Oil is just the thing.

Immense Steel Works.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 30.—A number of St. Louis and New York capitalist have organized a company to erect and operate an immense steel mill at Gunnison, Col., and have already commenced work. They have purchased two thousand acres of coal lands at Crystal Butte, twenty miles from Gunnison, containing five veins of an aggregate thickness of twenty-eight feet. This is the finest anthracite coal, and makes coke superior to the best manufactured in Pennsylvania. The same land also contains immense deposits of iron ore, equal to the best in Missouri, and yielding sixty to seventy per cent. iron.

The Company will have three hundred men at work before the end of the year, and next year when their steel mill is finished they expect to employ several thousand hands. They think they have an advantage which will enable them to produce steel rails cheaper than they are made anywhere else in this country. It is believed they will have a ready market for all they can make.

Kills a Father and Son.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., March 30.—At 1 o'clock Thursday morning at Booneville Simon Williams shot and killed Jackson Wallace and his son Thomas Wallace in a saloon. The men had been quarreling during the day, which quarrel had been settled to the satisfaction of all except young Wallace, who renewed the quarrel at night. Williams was not arrested until 10 o'clock in the morning, but last night the feeling was so strong against him that he was brought to the city and confined in our county jail in charge of Sheriff Keitz for safety.

Daily Southern Pastime.

DANVILLE, Va., March 30.—In the northern part of Pittsylvania county, a few days ago, John Hull, colored, and Buck Walter, white, had a quarrel in which Walter abused Hull for owing Jim Walter, his brother, one dollar, and Hull accused Buck of running an illicit distillery. The two men met again, Ferdando Walter and other men being present. Hot words ensued and Buck Walter struch Hull with a stone. Hull attempted to draw a pistol on Fernando who fired several times at him, one ball striking him in the hip. Hull then fired twice, and one ball entered Buck's abdomen, inflicting a fatal wound. Hull was held for trial.

Stable and Live Stock Burned.

LANCASTER, March 30.—A frame stable owned by David Martin of Millersville, was set on fire this morning and as it was close to a stable belonging to Christian Kauffman, both were soon in flames. In a very short time both buildings were burned to the ground, together with their contents, few of which were saved. Besides a wagon, buggy, harness, feed, etc., Mr. Martin lost a valuable horse. Everything in Mr. Kauffman's stable was destroyed, including a hog and about fifty bundles of straw.

How a Wedding was Prevented.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., March 28.—Herman Newman, a widower sixty years of age, a highly respectable citizen and prominent merchant, residing at St. Clair, three miles from this city, hanged himself in his stable before breakfast this morning. He was to have been married to-night to Miss Nellie Bailey, an interesting young woman. The deceased killed himself out of sheer desperation. His three daughters were opposed to his marrying again, and one of them threatened to push a claim for $8,000 trust money, which he had lost through the failure of a Pottsville bank, while another daughter, who had acted as his housekeeper, was making preparations to leave him if the contemplated marriage took place. On the other hand, through a rumored scandal, the wedding, which had been fixed for the 16th inst., was postponed at that time, and since then Mrs. Bailey has had several interviews with an attorney of this place with a view of bringing suit against Newman in the event of his failure to keep his promise.

Thrashed by his Father.

TROY, N. Y. March 29.—On Tuesday night the Citizens' Corps gave a reception at the armory, Governor Cleveland and Staff attending. After the reception there was a banquet at the Troy House, at which Gen. Carr, Secretary of State, and Staff, of which his son is a member, were present. After the General had gone home young Carr was worsted in a friendly bout, where he grew angry and wanted to thrash everybody. He finally grew so disorderly that his father was roused from his bed and went to the Troy House.

The General ordered the son home, but instead of complying young Carr made a pass at his father, who promptly knocked the youth down. The latter again attempted to assault his parent, and was knocked down a second time, after which his father dragged him from the place. An attempt was made to keep the matter quiet. Young Carr is the youth who recently attempted to cowhide an editor here.

The Fighting Red Skins.

TUCSON, March 28.—The Indian situation is growing serious. Advices from Silver city says that a party which arrived there from San Carlos report that the young bucks on the San Carlos reservation were very restless last week, and there was every evidence of an early outbreak. The band raiding southern Arizona has been drawing from the reservations, and is increasing in numbers daily. As far as heard from 21 people have been murdered and buried in seven days. Advices from Sonora place the depredating band down there at no less than 150, who are being driven to the Arizona border by Mexican troops. If the troops pursue them across the border they will probably be forced into Richmond, where renegades are now receiving reinforcements.

Intelligence has been received that two more men were killed at Richmond, making a total of nine white men killed in that vicinity during the last 24 hours. Captain J. F. Black and his company of Shakespeare Guards left last night for Richmond and Gila with about 30 men. It is reported that the Indians number 100. Grave fears are entertained for the safety of the settlers in Gila Valley, and there is a possibility of an attack being made on the laborers along the Lordsburg and Clifton railroad.

Steel Manufacture in Colorado.

ST. LOUIS, March 30.—A number of St. Louis and New York capitalists have organized a company to erect and operate an immense steel mill in Gunnison, Colorado. Work has already peen commenced. They have purchased two thousand acres of coal lands at Crystal Butte, 20 miles from Gunnison, containing five veins of an aggregate thickness of twenty-eight feet. This is of the finest anthracite coal, and it makes coke superior to the best manufactured in Pennsylvania. The same land also contains immense deposits of iron ore equal to the best in Missouri, and yielding from 60 to 70 per cent. of iron. The company will have three hundred men at work before the end of the year, and next year, when the steel mill is finished, they expect to employ several thousand hands.

Burglary.

MT. PLEASANT, March 29.—Parker's store at Reagantown, about seven miles from here, was robbed of fifty dollars in cash and over $100 in goods last night. A horse was stolen from a man named Stoner, living near by. No clue.

NEW BLOOMFIELD, Miss., Jan. 2, 1880.—I wish to say to you that I have been suffering for the last five years with a severe itching all over. I have heard of Hop Bitters and have tried it. I have used up four bottles, and it has done me more good than all the doctors and medicines that they could use on or with me. I am old and poor but feel to bless you for such a relief by your medicine and from torment of the doctors. I have had fifteen doctors at me. One gave me seven ounces of solution of arsenic; another took four quarts of blood from me. All they could tell was that it was skin sickness. Now, after these four bottles of your medicine, my skin is well, clean and smooth as ever.

HENRY KNOCHE.

"WORTH ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD," AND MORE VALUABLE THAN GOLD OR JEWELS.

MR. LOVILL BULLOCK, of No. 37 Westminster street, Providence, R. I., when called upon a few days since, exclaimed: "You please say that it is worth its weight in gold, for I have tested it myself, and know whereof I affirm." Mr. B. says further: "I had been sick a year or more with general debility and pains and a very lame back, which I supposed was Rheumatism, as I had been afflicted from early childhood at intervals with Inflammatory Rheumatism. About a year ago, when my health began to fail, I paid no special attention to it, and kept about my business as usual, but during the past six months I had run down in health so fast that at times I was unable to get to my business. I would start out in the morning in fair condition, and the pains and aches would come upon me so severely that if I was sitting it would be impossible for me to arise without assistance, or if I was standing when the attack came upon me I would be unable to sit down without great suffering from the intense pains, and found that the plasters and liniments which I was using were of no permanent benefit, and I was obliged to leave my business temporarily. At this time a member of my family read to me an editorial communication from our leading daily paper of the wonderful restoration to health of a near friend, who had been restored from severe sickness and intense suffering of long duration by the use of Hunt's Remedy. By the earnest solicitation of this friend I was induced to try Hunt's Remedy, not knowing nor thinking that I had any disease of the Kidneys. I commenced to take it according to directions, and before finishing the first bottle I was relieved of the pains in my back, and my general health was much improved. I continued the use of the medicine until I was completely cured of all aches and pains, and I cheerfully recommend Hunt's Remedy to all sufferers from Rheumatism and Kidney Diseases."

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.

Estate of George F. Donner, late of Somerset Twp., deceased.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, by the proper authority, notice is hereby given to those indebted to it to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands will present them duly authenticated for settlement, on or before Saturday, April 14, 1883, at the office of James L. Pugh in the borough of Somerset.

CATHARINE DENNER,
mar7 Administratrix.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Abraham G. Walker, late of Milford township, deceased.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned by the proper authority notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement, on Thursday, the 10th day of May, 1883, at the late residence of deceased.

SILAS A. WALKER.
GILLIAN A. WALKER.
apr4 Administrators.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Joseph Rhoads, late of Jenner Township, Somerset county, Pa., dec'd.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned by the proper authority, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement, on Saturday, May 19, 1883, at the residence of the deceased.

LEVI BERKEY,
april4 Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Conrad Brant, late of Brothersvalley Twp., Somerset Co., Pa., dec'd.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, by the proper authority, notice is hereby given to those indebted to it to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands will please present them duly authenticated for settlement on Saturday, May 19, 1883, at the late residence of deceased.

HIRAM R. BRANT,
april4 Administrator.

PHOSPHATE For all Crops $25 Per Ton.

A Tried and Valuable Fertilizer.

IT IS A SUPER-PHOSPHATE AND NOT ACIDULATED S. C. ROCK.

It Contains no Dirt or Sand,

Its Analysis is Guaranteed,

It Contains the Elements of Plant Food,

It Gives Good Results.

Price $25 per ton of 2,000 lbs.

On cars or boat in Philadelphia.

Guaranteed Analysis Printed on Each Bag.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR. ADDRESS

BAUGH & SONS,

SOLE MANUFACTURERS,

20 South Delaware Ave., Phila.

mar28.

LIST OF CAUSES.

List of causes for trial at April Term of court beginning April 23d.

Josiah Brant vs. El. W. Rhoads.
George Hardin vs. John R. Brinham.
Wm. H. Bowman vs. John L. Smith's administrator, garnishee, &c.
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania use of John Witt's heirs vs. Jacob Neff et. al.
William T. Wallace vs. William Silbaugh.
Same vs. Andrew J. Holliday.
Charles A. Lewis vs. John Weigle.
August Koehler's use vs. S. P. Snyder.
John Reel vs. Henry Johnson.
John A. Clark vs. Same.
Enoch Blough vs. Same.
Shade Creek Lumber Co., limited, vs. G. W. Colver.
John Lauman vs. Georg G. Walker and Levi Klitz.
James W. Clark vs. J. G. Hartman.
L. Morrell vs. Mary E. Hill et al.

Somerset, Pa., March 28, 1883. } S. U. Trent, Prothonotary.