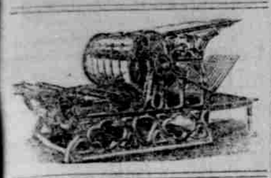
The Somerset Herald.

GEO. R. SCULL, Editor.



WEDNESDAY.....January 24 1883.

Comic Valentines at Fisher's Book Store.

Closing out sale! Bargains bargains! Call and see prices. G. R PARKER.

Now is the time to get a good heavy suit cheap by going to

J B SNYDER & Co.'s.

Town and country dealers supplied at wholesale prices with valentines at Fisher's Book Store.

Goods at cost for the next thirty days at G. R Parker's.

A school teacher is a person employed to give parents six hours of peace and quiet per day.

FOR RENT.

A farm and woolen factory for rent. Apply to Abram Beam.

The most beautiful Card, Easel, Lace and other sentimental Valentines at Fisher's Book Store.

A few job lots of goods regardless of cost, at G. R. Parker's.

Dress goods at unprecedented low prices at

J. B. SNYDER & Co.'s.

Bargains at Holderbaum's in men and boy's overcoats, ladies' satin dolmans and circulars, etc.

It is estimated that no less than 170,000 men are employed in the different coal mines in this country. This is certainly an immense army of men who labor under ground.

Persons knowing themselves indebted on my books, will please call and settle without further notice.

G. R. PARKER.

Ladies, we mean what we say, when we tell you that we have the cheapest line of cashmeres ever in Somerset. Call and see them at

J. B SNYDER & Co.'s.

Morrison & Bro's Cough Syrup, Liniment, Horse and Cattle Powder have, by their goodness, gained a large sale. The size and price suits me. Also try Bumstead's Worm Syrup

We are selling at cost shawls, yarns, blankets, hoods, and a great many dress goods to make room for new goods, at

J. B SNYDER & Co.'s.

"O Lord," said an Ohio minister in his prayer at a Monday evening class meeting, "Thou hast seen by the morning papers how the Sabbath was desecrated yesterday."

Look out, look out, for one of the finest lines of carpets ever in town; will be here in a few days, at

J. B SNYDER & Co.'s.

Joel Saxten, a wealthy farmer of Lebanon county, believes in white horses and cows and black sheep. He has thirty-five white horses, fifty white cows and over one hundred black sheep.

MEAT MARKET.—Main Street.—We have just added a large Refrigerator to our Meat Market in which all meats can be kept cool and clean. Mutton, Beef, Pork, &c., kept constantly on hand. Open daily. Parties buying meat can have it kept in the Refrigerator until wanted.

We have, also, 100,000 new brick for sale, which we will sell by the hundred or thousand at a low price.

ROSS DAVIS & Co.

The Rev. George A Gordon, though less than 30 years of age, has been called to the pastorate of the Old South Church, Boston, at a salary of $8,000 a year. Ten years ago he went to Boston for the purpose of learning some trade, little thinking of a ministerial career.

Satchels, 14 inches, 75 cents; 16 inches 85 cents; 18 inches, 95 cents; 20 inches, $1.10. Trunks, 1 50, 2 00, 2 50, 3 00 and up. Boys' wool hats 25, 35, 45, and 50 cents. Mens' wool hats 40, 50, 60 and 75 cents. Don't fail to take advantage of the bargains at H. Heffley's, Somerset.

GEBHART'S BEST.—If you want good bread buy none other than "Gebhart's Best Flour," manufactured under the "New Jonathan Mills Process," the improvements preparatory to the manufacture of which cost the proprietors of the mill $30,000, and our retail trade of one hundred barrels a month attests the fact that it is no humbug.

Respectfully,

COOK & BEERITS.

A marriage ceremony came to an abrupt and ludicrous termination the other day in Atlanta, Ga A prominent clergyman of that city having consented to unite a colored couple, had just asked the solemn question, "Will thou take this woman?" etc., when an old flame of the bridegroom pounced her head into the room and said: "Henry, you dar you to say yes" Henry sank into the nearest chair without a word, and the company thoughtfully withdrew.

Look to your interest and buy where you can to the best advantage, and get pure fresh goods. In order to insure these two things we would advise our readers to buy their drugs, medicines, etc., at Campbell's Old Main street. Call on him when in Johnstown, and you will be convinced that what we say is correct.

Messrs. Keller & Sanner, the well known bakers and confectioners of this town have added flour and feed to their business, and propose to push it vigorously. They have the Celebrated Vienna Flour in barrels and sacks, as well as a choice brand made by Fisher & Mullin, by the gradual reduction roller process. Corn, oats and chop always in stock. Their stock of groceries is new, fresh and full Mocha, Java, and all other grades of fine coffee a specialty. The purest and best confectionery in the market. Best brands of tobacco and cigars always on hand.

Burlington, Vt., Jan. 28 1882.

I subscribe to the efficiency of Down's Elixir. It has been a standard remedy for coughs and colds in my family for years.

J. A. ARTHUR
Deputy Customs Collector.

Burlington, Vt., Jan. 26, 1882

I have used Down's Elixir for forty years and consider it a safe and valuable medicine in all cases of coughs, colds and for pulmonary trouble.

I always fall back on this old remedy when the symptoms are alarming, and it never disappointed me.

IRA SHATTUCK.

5 CENT COUNTER.—The 5 and 10 cent counters continue to run full blast. We desire to announce to our thousand of patrons to our popular 5 and 10 cent counters that in anticipation of another big rush for these extremely cheap goods, we have again laid in an enormous stock for court week. Everybody coming to court will do well to look over our cheap counters, as they will be sure to find something they want. Many of these goods cannot be obtained anywhere else in the county, and all the goods are sold at less prices than sold in other stores. Remember the 5 cent counter; more goods, better goods and greater variety.

COOK & BEERITS.

GET READY FOR YOUR SPRING WORK.—Our friend Frank Gaul has gone east on a tour to get on to the latest styles in his line, of side decoration. He proposes to take in New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington, and will visit all the noted art establishments in the cities named. Mr. Gaul is a live man, and believes in keeping up to the times, and justly rates as among the first of our decorative artists.

Easter Sunday, 25th of March.

This year began and will end on Monday.

"You're giving me syrup," is the latest.

Don't fail to hear the "Hoosier Poet" on Monday night.

Mrs. George M. Hoblitzell, of Hyndman, is visiting her parents here.

John F Blymyer has sold his hardware store to Mr. Thomas Barnett.

Parker G Kimmell, Esq., of Meyersdale, is in attendance at court this week.

We are indebted to Hon J. M. Campbell for public documents received this week.

Mr Howard Butz, for some time editor, has become proprietor of the Huntingdon *Globe*.

Court convened Monday morning with Judges Baer, Snyder and Collins on the bench.

Despite the extreme cold weather, there was a large number of persons in attendance at Court Monday

The county commissioners have had the blanks printed and are now sending them to the various election precincts for the spring election.

When a man fishes around his pockets for a nickel with which to buy "tobies," it is hard to realize that the amount of coin in circulation in this country is $700,000,000.

Red hair, real red hair, not auburn or anything of that kind, but orange-hued, brick-colored red hair, is coming into fashion. Let our fashionable lady readers get ready for it.

The Johnstown *Tribune* of Wednesday last says that Esquire Adam Holsopple, well known in all the northern end of this county, is lying dangerously ill at the residence of his son Daniel.

Over in Lock Haven jurors are docked $2.00 for tardiness. Wouldn't some of the "good men and true" here howl if Judge Baer were to enforce that rule in the Somerset county courts.

Protracted meetings have been held in the Disciples' and Methodist churches of Somerset for the past week. Both meetings have been well attended, and much interest is being manifested.

John, a bright little son of our neighbor, Mr. J. J. Hoffman, has been wrestling with a severe attack of scarlet fever. John thinks he has downed the enemy, and hopes to be at his school and books again in a short time.

Up in Mercer county they are advancing the idea that the Board of County Commissioners should be paid a fixed annual salary, and that their clerk and the mercantile appraiser should be elected by a direct vote of the people.

Mr. W. P. Kooser, administrator of the estate of Curtis Kooser, deceased, offers some very valuable property for sale in another column. The particular attention of those wishing homes, or lots on which to build, is called to this advertisement.

The County Superintendent of Cambria county says there are few lady teachers able to profit by the proceedings of a county institute. We pride ourselves on the fact that the lady teachers of this county are among the best instructors at our institutes.

The Bedford *Inquirer* shows marked signs of improvement under the management of our friend, John H Jordan, Esq. John proposes to put the same kind of politics into the *Inquirer* he talked from the stump in this county last fall—earnest Republicanism.

Our valued friend, Mr. Lee Forquer, of Ursina, hobbled into our office on crutches Friday afternoon. Whilst riding horseback a short time ago, his horse stumbled and fell, throwing Mr Forquer to the ground with such force as to sprain his ankle badly.

Col. E D. Yutzy, of Ursina, who was so seriously injured at New Centreville several weeks ago by being thrown from a wagon, is rapidly recovering. Mr. Baalam Younkin informed us Monday that the Colonel expects to be in attendance at Court next week.

An exchange says you must never set your lamp upon the tablecloth; if you cannot find time to make a green lamp mat, put a piece of green cardboard under the lamp, and you will find the reflection upon your work much more agreeable to the eye than that of the red cover.

The total value of real estate in Bedford county is $7,314,774, a decrease in valuation since the last triennial assessment of $22,868. The total value of the real estate in this county is $5,773,966, making the value of the real estate of Bedford county exceed that of Somerset by $1,540,818.

On Thursday evening Robert H. Sayre and Engineers W. F. Shunk and F. H. Clemens, of the South Pennsylvania Railroad and Commander H. H. Goringe, of the U. S. Navy, arrived in Somerset and put up at the Somerset House. It was under the management of Commander Goringe, who is a prominent engineer, that the Egyptian obelisk was brought to New York. The time in Somerset was spent by the party in examining the maps, drafts, etc., in the resident engineer's office. The object of the trip is the inspection of the route surveyed for the South Penn road. They had no hesitancy in saying that the route was a good one and that the road would be built. The party left for Mt. Pleasant by the overland route Saturday morning.

The annual Business Meeting of the Republican party of Somerset county was held in the Court House this Tuesday evening, December 23, 1882, pursuant to the call of Chairman Pile The meeting was organized by electing Hon. A. J. Colborn, President, Adam C. Lepley, of Elklick and John E. Sease, of Paint, Vice Presidents, and J. C. Weller, of Milford, and Adam S Shaffer, of Jenner, Secretaries. On motion, George W Pile was unanimously re-elected Chairman of the Republican County Committee for the ensuing year. The following resolution was offered and adopted:

Resolved, That this meeting recommend to the Republican voters of Somerset County Noah Scott, of Lower Turkeyfoot township, and James L Pugh, Esq., of Somerset borough, as suitable persons to be elected at the next Republican primary election as delegates to the next Republican State Convention.

The one complaint of many of our farmers at present is that they are unable to sell their keg butter. While they have had a ready market at good prices for all other products of the farm, there seems to be absolutely no demand for keg butter at any price In years gone by our county would be overrun every fall by commission merchants and their emissaries eagerly purchasing all the butter they could buy or soliciting the farmer to consign it to them on commission. In those days the famous "Glades butter" was always in demand and brought an extra price. For the past few years it has been noticeable how very few commission houses sent their agents into this county in the fall, and those that did come bought none but a few choice dairies and those not at the old time prices. We were told by one of our merchants the other day that there was more keg butter in the county at present than ever before at this time of the year within his recollection, and that he was constantly being solicited by farmers to buy their butter, offering it as low as ten and twelve cents per pound. While there is no demand for keg butter fresh roll is not overly plenty and is selling readily at twenty cents per pound.

Mrs. S. H. Darrah and daughter, of Beaver county, spent several days of last week in Somerset, as the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Piatt.

Meyersdale claims the lead for rapid blacksmith work. A card from there says that there were one hundred and thirty shoes removed from 7 until 3 o'clock at the shop of C. S. Griffith one day last week.

The census of 1880 has not yet been officially completed, and Congress is called upon for another appropriation that the work may be more successfully prosecuted. Of course the making out of a United States census is a gigantic undertaking; but if it cannot be accomplished in less time than this, the figures are valuable only as historical statistics.

The question "How long is it necessary to keep children away from school after an infectious disease?" was answered some time since by the Academy of Medicine, in Paris. With scarlet fever, diphtheria, measles and small pox isolation is to be maintained for forty days. Chicken-pox and mumps lose their contagious powers after twenty-five days.

J. MacDowell Sharpe, Esq., who takes a front rank in the leadership of the Democratic house, will introduce what is known as the "border raid" bill appropriating some $2,250,000 of the state's money to pay the adjudicated claims of certain citizens of Pennsylvania residing chiefly in Franklin, Adams and Cumberland counties, for losses sustained in Longstreet's raid into Maryland in the fall of 1862 and Lee's Gettysburg raid.

The Greenback party of this borough met with a serious injury the latter part of last week in the person of its only member here, Mr. Charles F. Walker. Mr. W. was engaged on a piece of work in the alley between the Central hotel and Benford's grocery, and the ground being as slippery as some of his own financial notions, his feet flew from under him and he came down on his side with such force as to dislocate the shoulder bone. We hope to chronicle his speedy recovery.

Edward, a son of Mr. Henry F. Knepper, who is employed at the rolling mill at Johnstown, running a stationary engine, met with a severe and what might have been a fatal accident on Thursday last. While at work about his engine his clothing caught fire from a torch, and his entire body was soon enveloped in flames. He was burned severely about the thighs and lower part of his body, and would undoubtedly have been burned to death, had not his fellow workmen come promptly to his assistance.

A young son of of Mr. J. F. Beachy, aged about fifteen years, met with a serious accident while coasting on the hill on Main street one evening last week. With two others on the sled, he started down the hill. Just as they were in front of the residence of George M. Saylor, and going at a terrific rate of speed another and a larger sled was hauled across the track, and the Beachy sled dashed into it. The shock was so violent as to hurl all three occupants to the ground, at a considerable distance from the sled. Young Beachy was picked up in an unconscious condition and conveyed to the home of his parents, and a physician summoned. It is thought that the bones of both feet are broken; he will be badly crippled for some time, if not permanently.

The Latrobe Lumber Company is about locating its headquarters in Johnstown. Heretofore its principal office has been at Linconier, but the management has decided that the interests of the concern require its removal to Johnstown. The company owns large tracts of timber land on the line of the Somerset & Cambria Railroad; and it has a saw mill in operation at Sprucetown. Some eight thousand logs—pine, hemlock and oak—are now in the river and will be floated to the dam at the earliest opportunity. The dam and boom are now located about two miles south of Sprucetown. The breast of the dam is four hundred feet wide. The firm employs 50 to 75 men, the number varying with the changing conditions of business.

STILL THEY GO.—For a few years past a number of our most worthy young men have left this place to seek their fortunes elsewhere, and all appear well satisfied These young men are full of enterprise, energy and pluck, and their excuse for leaving is that there are no inducements held out for young men to advance. Being generally poor they are unable to undertake any new enterprise, and in their vocations they are frequently superceded in positions by outside influences and not merit, which discourages them and they leave. We notice among our young men that there is again a feeling to seek other places where their merit will be recognized. With such movements Somerset will lose her best mechanics, and new enterprises will be postponed to the far future. There should be an effort made to keep these young men here to help build up the town. They are more liable to accomplish this than strangers Elevate them to higher positions in workshops, according to their merits, in place of superceding them by strangers who have scarcely seen a workship, and are placed in positions on account of their financial influence. Such a movement would give greater encouragement to the young men, and they would strike out and erect new enterprises. What Somerset needs is manufactories. For these we must depend upon the young men to take hold of, and with a little encouragement of the capitalists we will be the gainers of better mechanics and numerous new enterprises Give our mechanics a chance, and we will soon find that Somerset has as capable workmen to conduct large factories of any kind, as any other town. What they do not understand they will aptly learn in a short time, and they will become educated in the different branches of trade, and many will become better mechanics than those who are now placed over them as bosses

Report of Walker school, Milford township, for the month ending November 14, 1882:

Whole number in attendance during the month—males, 9; females, 12.

Average attendance during the month—males, 7, females, 8

Per cent. of attendance during month—males, 94; females, 96.

Number of visits, 18.

Report of second month, ending December 14, 1882:

Whole number in attendance during the month—males, 12; females 11.

Average attendance during the month—males, 10; females, 9

Average attendance during term till date—males, 9; females, 9

Per cent of attendance during the month males, 89; females, 92

Per cent. of attendance during term till date—males, 92; females, 94.

Number of visits 11.

Report for the third month, ending January 15, 1883:

Whole number in attendance during the month—males, 12; females 8.

Average attendance during the month—males, 11; females, 7.

Average attendance during the term till date—males, 9; females, 8.

Per cent of attendance during the month—males, 93; females, 96.

Per cent. of attendance during the term till date—males, 92; females, 95.

Those who attended every day during the term are—Ida Weimer, Mary Weimer, John Shaulis, and Annie Shaulis.

D. F WEIMER,
Teacher.

Persons attending court should not fail to call at J. B. Snyder & Co's and see their clothing, always cheap, but just now cheaper than ever; don't miss the bargains they can give you now.

If you wish to enjoy a dish of good fresh oysters, gotten up in the shortest time, go to W. H. Piatt's saloon, basement of Cook & Beerits' Block. Bulk and can oysters, always fresh, on hand.

ED. HERALD.—Perhaps a few items connected with early history of the Turkeyfoots or Yough region might not be uninteresting to some of your readers, who may not be aware of the fact that this, the Yough ("Big Crossing") region, prior to the revolutionary war, was claimed by the State of Virginia, as well as by John Penn. This region, as well as the greater portion of territory now known as West Virginia, was in those early days known as West Augusta county, Virginia. Settlers often at that time coming into this then wilderness, authorized by the Penn government to settle on lands found them occupied by Virginians, who claimed the land by authority to settle according to the laws of Virginia. A pioneer who built a cabin of one room and cleared a corn patch was entitled to 400 acres of land, with a pre-emption right to 1,000 acres adjoining. The trouble between the settlers of the two territories, Virginia and Pennsylvania, continued until Governor (Lord) Dunmire, of Virginia, actually dispatched from Virginia troops to settle the dispute When the English government sent over two commissioners, Mason and Dixon, who located the present line between the two territories, this ended the trouble.

It is said that the region of country embracing the waters of the Yough and Cheat River was the best hunting grounds in the "Alleghenies." It streams abounded in fish, and the wooded hills afforded immense quantities of larger game, bear, elk, deer, turkey and all the smaller game, while the glades and valleys contained some buffalo. No wonder the red men were so loth to give up their happy hunting ground. It is generally conceded that there were six men who came into the Turkeyfoot region from Rhode Island about the year 1650, which we may mention in the future. It is an established fact that in those early days a party of Dunkards settled on what is known as the Dunkard Bottom, but were murdered by the Indians with the exception of one man, who had returned to the eastern part of the State before the massacre.

Among the names who figured in early history of this region we find that of Green and Morgan. There were three generations of Green who lived and died near the Six Poplars, where there is an old grave yard containing perhaps 150 to 200 graves. This place is situated on the banks of the Casselman (Little Crossing), near where the village of Harnedsville now stands. Fifty-six years ago the last grave was dug in this grave yard by the late John Hanna and a Mr. Ankeny for Richard Green.

While about completing the grave Messrs. Hanna and Ankeny discovered what seemed to be the bones of a giant. The skeleton was much larger than the new grave, which was a large one. A very large skull was imbedded in a heavy tuft of jet black hair. The mould surrounding the bones indicated the body to have been wraped in a blanket of coarse striped material, and had been enclosed in a rude coffin which was almost entirely decayed; had been put together with large wrought iron nails. Mr Hanna said that Jacob Hartzell, who was then the oldest inhabitant of this section, and who, if now living, would be about 155 years old, said he had never known of any man being buried in that particular spot.

The murder of John Green does not appear in the written history of Indian warfare. Wm. Morgan and John Green had settled near Cheat River; Morgan, who was the Indian killer, lived in the Dunkard bottom, now owned by the Fairfaxes. About the year 1788 the Indians fitted out an expedition at the mouth of Fishing creek, on the Ohio River, and started toward Cheat river to murder their hated enemy, Morgan. Arriving in the Cheat river country, the Indians mistook their route; passing down Green's run they came within hearing of a man named Lewis, who was making rails for Green. They shot Lewis, and captured Green's rifle which Lewis had in the woods with him. The Indians hastened to Green's home; one of his little daughters, who was outside, started to run; she was fired upon by the Indians, and wounded her in the hand The little girl had presence of mind to fall down; putting her bloody hand over her head and face she lay there until the Indians left. Green was soon dispatched and his wife and two half grown daughters made prisoners. Just before leaving one of the Indians stepped to the side of the little wounded girl, and seeing the blood on her head and face left her for dead. After the Indians left she made her way to Cheat river, where David Morgan now lives. A man named Butler hearing her cries, she was taken across the river, cared for, grew up, and married a man named Friend. Some of her descendants are now living in Turkeyfoot and some near Friendville, Md. Mrs. Green was exchanged after captivity of a year or more and married a man named Moore. After Moore's death she married a man named Spurgin. Mrs. Green and her three husbands are buried near the spot where Lewis was shot.

After the defeat of the Indians by Anthony Wayne ("Mad Anthony") and the treaty of 1795 was made, the two daughters of Green were found—the conditions of the treaty being that all captives should be set at liberty. The two Miss Greens were married to two French traders. The girls wishing to return home, Elizabeth Green's husband, not wishing to quit his pursuits, sold his wife to a soldier named Johnson, who returned home with and married her according to the laws of the whites. Sarah Green returned home with her husband, remaining a short time with her mother. They sold their interest in the Green estate and returned to the Indians. Doubtless some of her descendants are now roaming among the foothills of the Rocky Mountains. MAC.

Ursina, January 18th.

HOOVERSVILLE ITEMS.

The local institute convened in the school room at this place on Saturday evening, the 13th inst. There was a large and appreciative audience present. The following officers were elected. O. H. Huston, chairman; M. J. Koontz, Recording Secretary, and H. Sturzman, Query Manager.

The Address of Welcome by Dr. J. W. Hamer was well-timed, and delighted all who heard it.

How to secure parental co-operation was intelligently discussed by J. M. Koontz, followed by Dr Hamer, Messrs. P. Blough, L. Miller and O. H. Huston.

A preeminently instructive lesson on first lessons to children by P. Blough, was next on the programme.

Varied and practical queries were put and answered by teachers and patrons.

Institute adjourned to meet three weeks hence.

A large audience assembled in the Lutheran church on the evening of the 17th inst., and were fervently addressed by Revs. Unruh and Baumgardner in advocacy of the Constitutional Temperance Amendment.

Rev. Unruh will commence a series of meetings in the Lutheran church, commencing on Friday evening.

Our public schools are prosperous. Popular education is here demanding and receiving increased attention, while civil and religious freedom is correspondingly appreciated. Yours truly.

O. H. HUSTON.

URSINA ITEMS.

Col. Yutzy is still improving.

Mr. Alcot has gone to Europe on business. He expects to run the bending factory here to its full capacity when he returns.

The lumber business has got quite interesting in the vincinity of Ursina. There is six or seven mills in full blast at this time

Mr. T. Hyatt and lady are here from Westmoreland visiting friends and spending their honeymoon. Mr. H. looks well, and always makes his friends happy wherever he meets them. JINXO.

I have this day sold to Thos. Barnett my hard ware store in Somerset. Persons knowing themselves indebted to me will please call at once and settle their accounts. Persons having claims against me will please present them for settlement.

JOHN F. BLYMYER.

January 17, 1883.

BERLIN AND THE S. P. R. R.—In response to a notice from the Burgess, the citizens of Berlin met in the school house on the evening of the 18th inst., for the purpose of taking measures to induce the S. P. R. R. officials to examine the shorter route from Deeter's Gap via Berlin, and Cober's Gap in Negro ridge, which would shorten the route, and if this route be adopted, offer the S. P. R. R. Company inducements to locate their machine shops at this place.

The meeting was organized by selecting Capt. Albert Heffley as President, and Paul G. Nowag, as Secretary. The President, in a brief but ringing address, urged upon all present the necessity for immediate and prompt action.

On motion of S. Philson, Esq., it was *Resolved*, That a committee of three be appointed to confer with the proper Railroad officials for the examination of the short route from Deeter's Gap via Berlin and Cober's Gap in Negro ridge, which if adopted will shorten the route some six or seven miles, and to offer the S. P. R. R. Co. as much land gratuitously, contiguous to Berlin, as the company would require for the erection of machine shops, etc.

Messrs. S. Philson, Dr. John P. Cober and Josiah Poorbaugh were appointed a committee, in conformity with the resolution.

On motion of Augustus C. Fioto it was *Resolved*, That a committee of three be appointed to procure options and prices of land contiguous to Berlin, and report at the next meeting.

Messrs. Augustus C. Fioto, Dr. W. A. Garman and R. Hill Koontz were appointed said committee.

On motion of C. A. M. Krissinger a committee of three was appointed to procure any needed legislation to carry out the preceding resolutions.

Messrs. C. A. M. Krissinger, Dr. J. K. Miller and D. A. Brubaker were appointed said committee.

On motion, the Secretary was requested to furnish the county papers with a copy of the proceedings of the meeting.

After brief but earnest addresses by Messrs S. Philson, A. C. Fioto, Dr. J. K. Miller, Dr. W. A. Garman, Dr. H. Garey, Rev. Mr. Keener and others, the meeting adjourned to meet at the call of the President.

PAUL G. NOWAG, Secretary.

Berlin, Jan. 18, 1883.

STOYSTOWN, Jan. 15, 1883.

EDITOR HERALD.

Dear Sir:—In your issue of January 2, 1883, I notice the statement by you that Prohibition is not working well in Kansas, and that more permits to sell liquor were granted during the first year of prohibition than the year preceding it.

It is boldly asserted that there is more liquor drank, made and sold in Kansas than before the amendment was adopted. This assertion is not only without proof, but utterly at variance with indisputable facts. Ex-Governor Robinson stated in a speech at Topeka, that from the best information he could get there were more government permits to sell liquor issued this year than two years ago. What are the facts? Simply these: In 1880 there were in the state, besides many unlicensed places, 1,832 licensed dram shops, 39 breweries, 30 wholesale liquor establishments and two distilleries, making a total of not less than two thousand places where liquor was made and sold. To-day there is not a distillery nor a wholesale liquor house in the State, and there are only eight or nine breweries. R. G. Dunn & Co., of Chicago, who have had their advertising agents all through the State, report that there are 336 places where liquor is sold in Kansas. These are all their detectives have been able to find, after the closest scrutiny.

The Collector of Internal Revenue says there were issued from May 1st to June 30th 1881, (the commencement of the government tax year), 1,148 retail permits to sell liquors; 400 of these were taken out by druggists, authorized to sell for the excepted purposes. This would leave 748 permits for saloon purposes. But a large number of these have since been surrendered, because they have been found to be practically worthless, owing to the enforcement of the law. We do not believe five hundred places can be found in the State where liquor is openly sold in violation of the law. This would be a reduction of nearly three-fourths of the drink trade in Kansas.

REV. A. M. RICHARDSON.

Lawrence, Kansas, Nov. 11, 1882.

The above facts are given by a resident of Kansas, and whose integrity, to the best of my knowledge, has never been disputed. The assertion that more permits to sell liquor are granted under prohibition than under the license law, proves too much. If the statement were true, then the highest wisdom in the liquor fraternity would be to work for prohibition. For them to oppose a measure that increases their gain, would be consummate folly. Now Mr. Editor, will you please publish the above in justice to all concerned, and oblige, yours truly,

A. S. BAUMGARDNER.

[Like many other good men our Reverend friend has permitted his zeal to outrun his discretion, and he does us a grave wrong, and one calculated to create an injurious impression, in the assertion "I notice the statement by you that prohibition is not working well in Kansas" True, we made the statement, but we gave Gov Glick as our authority for the statistics which our friend undertakes to contradict, and in omitting that fact he makes us responsible for matters of which we have no personal knowledge. We append this note to his communication "in justice to all concerned."—ED.]

The North American Review for February opens with a symposium in which six prominent theologians, representing as many religious denominations, give expression to their views upon the question of the "Revision of Creeds." Prof. Alexander Winchell, in an article entitled "The Experiment of Universal Suffrage," institutes a profound inquiry into the essential conditions of stable popular government, which he finds to be, substantially, virtue and intelligence; but these conditions, he maintains, are absolutely unattainable under our existing political system, where an electorate either ignorant or vicious, or both, by the mere force of superior numbers, practically nullifies the suffrages of the better and wiser portion of the people, whose right to control the government of the Commonwealth is grounded in the very nature of things. Bishop McQuaid writes of "The Decay of Protestantism," and in essaying to prove his thesis, makes a very adroit use of the admissions of protestant writers. "The Political Situation" is the joint title of two articles, the one by Horatio Seymour, the other by Geo. S. Boutwell who offer their respective views upon the causes of the recent overthrow of the Republican party An article by Dr. D. A. Sargent, on "Physical Education in Colleges," treats a subject of prime importance to the welfare of the youths in our higher educational institutions. Finally, there are two articles on "The Standard Oil Company," Senator Camden, of West Virginia defending that corporation against its assailants, and John C. Welch setting forth the reasons for condemning it as a dangerous monopoly. Published at 30 Lafayette Place, New York.

Programme of the Somerset township institute to be held at the Shaulis school house, on Saturday, February 3, 1883, at 12 m.

The following questions will be considered by the teachers:

1. Methods for teaching beginners to spell—H. H. Miller.
2. Object lessons—H. W. Bittner.
3. School tactics—James Blough.
4. Promotion of the teacher's health—E. L. Fox.

Let there be a full turn out of the teachers, for our institute is doing a good work, and teachers will be greatly benefitted by being present.

H. F. BARRON,
J. C. LICHTY,
J. C. GNAGY,
Committee.

HARRISBURG, PA., January 17, 1883.

DEAR HERALD:—The following is a specimen of the kind of prayers that are made by the Democratic Reform Chaplain of the House, for the Republican side of the House. During the war the gentleman of black cloth and white neck tie making this prayer had not much love for the Union or the "Boys in Blue." He then resided in Maryland, and for his disloyal and rebel utterances was arrested and given quarters in Fort Lafayette. But now that the war is over and the Democratic party in power, and he made the Chaplain of the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania, he must pray in accordance with their wishes and sentiments. Such a prayer is blasphemous to God, disgraceful to Christianity, and an insult to the Christian people of the Commonwealth. The clergy of this city had to be passed by, and this reverend gentleman brought from Lebanon; he is a man of dirty hands, if not of evil heart. The members will not stand another such prayer, without resenting it on the floor of the House. The Republicans are unanimous in their condemnation, and all the honest and better thinking Democrats condemn and disapprove it. I wish the Independent Republicans of the State, and especially those of your county, could be here and witness the change which they brought about in the Legislature and the administration, from Governor down to the lowest employe. I think they would be satisfied and content in the future with voting with the party of principles, the party that saved the country, the only party of true and lasting reform.

More anon,

JUSTICE.

CHAPLAIN'S PRAYER, ON WEDNESDAY, JAN. 17.

Almighty God our Heavenly Father, we offer Thee thanks for Thy gracious providence that has protected and guarded us through the interesting and impressive ceremonies of yesterday. We thank Thee that in health and strength for duty we are privileged to assemble in this house this morning, and that Thy mercy and peace is manifested to this Commonwealth in the inauguration of a citizen, coming in his simplicity to preside over the State and its destinies. We thank Thee that we assembled yesterday and that we assemble to day without fear of destruction from instruments of death, but that the citizen, confident in his security, assembled with his fellow citizens to engage in the solemn and impressive ceremonies which were so successfully and triumphantly completed. We thank Thee, God, that the citizen now is in the ascendent, and that no longer we fear the influence of the military, and of war and death. Be pleased, oh God, to bless us and our nation; and grant that the citizen may hold his position in the civil service of this nation for many years to come, and that peace and prosperity may attend us in all things to the honor of Thy name, and the religion of our Lord Jesus Christ. Amen.

Report of Confluence public schools, for third month ending January 19, 1883:

Graded school No. 1, J. Schrock, teacher. Whole number in attendance during month males 27, females 28.

Average attendance, males 26, females 26.

Per cent of attendance, males 95, females 91.

Per cent of attendance during term, males 97, females 94.

Number of pupils present every day during month. 20.

Number of visits by directors, 1.

Number of visits by patrons, 3.

Graded school No. 2, Miss Hattie Hansom, teacher.

Whole number in attendance during month, males 35, females 29.

Average attendance, males 33, females 28.

Per cent of attendance, males 94, females 95.

Number present every day during term, 42.

Visits by patrons, 1.

The above report shows that both rooms of our school are too much crowded to do the best possible work. Nevertheless, it also shows that there is no lack of interest on our part.

I am glad to say that one of our directors (Dr. Mountain), has paid us a visit this month, and has given us words of encouragement, for which we as a school feel thankful. On the other hand I feel sorry to say that not a single visit has been paid us by our worthy citizens. The citizens seem to forget that the success of a teacher and school depends greatly on the co-operation of the parents. While we have no reason to complain, and feel confident that our school is in good working order, yet we would be glad to have directors and parents call and see us.

Yours respectfully,

J. SCHROCK.

TURKEYFOOT ITEMS.

Our schools are all prospering.

W. H. Rayman is suffering from a severe attack of lung fever.

It is hoped that the progress of that terrible disease, diphtheria, has been arrested. There have been no new cases lately.

There are about twenty-five teams daily engaged in hauling limestone from Fayette county to Turkeyfoot and Middlecreek townships, bringing about thirty-five perches over daily. Twelve and sometimes fifteen teams may be seen in one line This shows that our farmers are wide awake

We had an opportunity of attending a spelling bee at Barron's Mill, in Middlecreek township. It was a grand success throughout. The house was crowded to its utmost, which was not expected on account of icy roads They spelled awhile and then had a short recess, after which the audience was entertained by a number of declamations, recitations, dialogues and songs The order before recess was not to be praised, but after recess it was good. We congratulate Mr. Allen Pile, the teacher, on the success of the spelling; it is a good recommendation. This is the second one he has had this term, and we hope the third one is not far distant. MIKE.

FOR RENT—The house occupied by the late Irvin J. Heffley is for rent until the 1st of April, Apply to JOHN WEIMER.

WALNUT LEAF HAIR RESTORER.—It is entirely different from all others. It is as clear as water, and, as its name indicates, is a perfectly Vegetable Hair Restorer. It will immediately free the head from all dandruff, restore gray hair to its natural color, and produce a new growth where it has fallen off. It does not in any manner affect the health, which sulphur, sugar of lead and nitrate of silver preparations have done. It will change light or faded hair in a few days to a beautiful glossy brown. Ask your druggist for it. Each bottle is warranted. Smith, Kline & Co., wholesale agents, Philadelphia, and Hall & Ruckel, New York.

I would respectfully inform my friends of Somerset county that I have opened a new drug store at 232 Main Street, Johnstown, Pa., where I would be pleased to see them. My stock consists of Pure Drugs, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Perfumery and Fancy Goods generally. At this season I would call attention to the insecticides, such as Pure Paris Green, Pure Powdered White Hellebore, Persian Insect Powder, etc., When in need of anything in the drug line come and see me or write for prices. All inquiries cheerfully answered.

CHAS. GRIFFITH
232 Main Street.

Heffley's is the cheapest store in Somerset. Boys' heavy coats at $1 00, worth $2 00
" " overcoats at 2.00, worth 3.00
Men's " " " 2 25, " 3.50
" " " " 3.00, " 4.50
" " ulsters " 2 75, " 4.25
Childrens' suits, 3 to 10 yrs of age 1.75 to 2.50
" " 3 to 10 " " " 3 00 to 4 00
Boys' good heavy suits 3.00 to 4.00, do, 4.50 to 5.50; youth's do, 3.50 to 5.00; do, 4.50 to 6.50; mens' do, 4 50 to 5.50. A few single vests left at 50 cents each. By calling you will have the largest stock of clothing in the county to select from, and at prices that defy competition.

FARMERS ATTENTION.—You should get the best for your money. I have in stock the finest stock of drugs in the county, and can assure you that prices are as low as the lowest. No old stock, all fresh goods and warranted pure. The filling of family recipes a specialty.

C. N. BOYD,
Druggist.

MARRIED.

STERNER—PETERSON.—On the 24th of December, 1882, at the Evangelical parsonage in Rockwood, by the Rev. R. P. Vannetor, Mr. A. J. Sterner and Miss Lizzie Peterson, both of this county.

DIED.

RUPP.—At Conrad Brant's, on the 7th inst., Mrs. Anna Elizabeth Rupp aged 79 years, 3 months and 4 days.

The World Moves.—Skill and Science Triumphant.

Our reporter relates the following remarkable experience of one of our most reliable and substantial merchants, Deacon Stephen G. Mason. Mr. Mason says that from 1869 to 1880 he suffered terribly from frequent very severe attacks of inflammatory rheumatism. The last attack in the winter of '79 and '80 was so severe as to render him unable to take a step in four months. His physicians thought that one side of him was paralyzed, and both knees became so stiff that he could not bend them. The doctors pronounced his case incurable, leaving him in a terrible condition. He was then induced to try Hunt's Remedy by a medical friend who told him that his whole sickness and trouble arose from kidney disease, and convinced Mr. Mason that such was the case, and after taking it six weeks was entirely cured, and is now in such excellent physical condition that neither damp weather nor wet feet affect him disagreeably. Mr. Mason says that his cure is complete, as it is more than two years since he has had the disease. "Attribute my most remarkable cure solely to Hunt's Remedy, the Infallible Kidney and Liver Medicine," says Mr. Mason.—*Providence Evening Press.*

The Best.

William H. Wilson, M. D., Springfield, Effington Co., Ga., says: "I prescribed Hunt's Remedy in a complicated case of dropsy which I had been treating for *eight* years, and I find Hunt's Remedy is the best medicine for dropsy and the kidneys I have ever used."

My Own Existence.

Abigail S. Coles, of Moorestown, Burlington Co., N. J., says: "Eighteen months ago I had Dropsy around the heart. My physicians and friends despaired of my ever getting well. The first bottle of Hunt's Remedy gave me great relief. I feel I owe my very existence to Hunt's Remedy, and I am deeply thankful."

Aladdin's lamp wrought mighty things, but Hunt's Remedy works mightier. Try it.

SOMERSET MARKET

Corrected by COOK & BEERITS.
DEALERS IN
CHOICE GROCERIES, FLOUR &