

The Somerset Herald.

EDWARD SCULL, Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY, October 28, 1882.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

STATE TICKET. GOVERNOR. JAMES A. BEAVER.

SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS. JOHN M. GREER.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR. WILLIAM T. DAVIES.

FOR CONGRESSMAN-AT-LARGE. MARRIOTT BROSIUS.

JUDICIARY TICKET. JUSTICE OF SUPREME COURT. WILLIAM HENRY RAWLE.

COUNTY TICKET. CONGRESS. JACOB M. CAMPBELL.

STATE SENATOR. JACOB H. LONGENECKER.

ASSEMBLY. WILLIAM S. MORGAN.

POOR HOUSE DIRECTOR. JESSE HOOVER.

JURY COMMISSIONER. CHARLES F. RAYMAN.

STICK TO YOUR RANKS, REPUBLICANS, AND WE WILL, AS WE HAVE DONE FOR THE LAST TWENTY YEARS, SNOW THE DEMOCRATS AND THEIR ALLIES DEEPER UNDER THAN EVER.

A VOTE for a Democrat for Senator or for Assemblyman, is a vote to put Somerset County in Democratic Congressional and Senatorial districts for ten years to come. Does any Republican in this County desire that?

The Ohio Prohibitionists claim to have cast 20,000 votes for their ticket. As this is more than the Democratic plurality, and as doubtless every vote came from Republicans, they have the honor of giving the State election to the Democrats.

Encouraged by the Ohio election, the Democrats are claiming control of the next Congress, and already their organs are quarreling over the Speakership. Randall, of this State and Carlisle, of Kentucky, being already in the field as candidates.

The enthusiasm of the campaign grows hot as the canvass progresses, and since the lesson given by Ohio, thousands who were Independents, or inclined to train with the Independents, are declaring for the candidates of the old and true Republican party.

KEEP this in your mind and don't you forget it. Republican Protection means plenty of work, with good wages, and empty poor houses. Democratic and Independent Free Trade means closed workshops, starvation wages, and crowded poor houses.

A DEMOCRATIC organ claims the Democratic success in Ohio as a Garfield victory. As the liquor question was the principal issue in the campaign in that State and the late President was a temperance man, we cannot see how the result can be construed into anything but an insult to his memory.

There is really something grotesque in the idea of General William H. Koonz, on whose accents hundreds of our Republicans were wont to dwell, and to hear whom hundreds would crowd to meetings in which he was advertised to speak, now traversing the county addressing little knots of a dozen to twenty voters, a majority of whom are Democrats. "Alas! how are the mighty fallen!"

DR. W. D. HALL, the candidate of the Independents for Congress, has declined the nomination bestowed upon him, and declares himself in favor of the election of General Campbell. This leaves the contest between Coffroth and Campbell. Dr. Hall's letter of declination will be found on another page of this paper.

The Republican meetings held throughout the county last week were better attended, and more interest manifested by the people, than has been the case for a number of years. Somerset county will give a good account of herself on the 7th of November.

The Republican, Congressional, Senatorial, and County candidates are all good and true men, and all who favor the selection of competent officials will vote for them. Our friends should work for them from this until the evening of the election.

GENERAL BEAVER is gaining strength every day and will continue to do so until the election. He was the undoubted choice of a vast majority of the Republicans of Pennsylvania for Governor, and with his unimpeachable character and record, no true Republican can refuse to support him.

The Democratic press is hurrahing lustily over the Ohio election as having already won them the fight for President in 1884. If the Republicans of this State do their whole duty on the 7th of November next, Godfrey's soothing cordial will be in great demand, to cure pains caused by wind on the stomach of sick Democrats.

BEAVER'S manly canvass is winning him friends wherever he goes, and hundreds of misled Republicans in all parts of the State are daily returning to the ranks of the old party. The fate of our brethren in Ohio has taught the Republicans in Ohio the fate of the Republican of this State the lesson that, a house divided against itself cannot stand.

The prospect of a large labor vote for Armstrong for Governor, has thrown the Democrats into a panic. The Democrats who were howling for Stewart, are now devoting their time to rallying every vote they can for Pattison.

If General William H. Koonz had been placed on the Republican State ticket as a candidate for Congressman at Large, as he hoped to be, do you think that he would now be howling and kicking at, and denouncing that ticket? No, no, the "gallant General" would be on the stump, crying "stick to the ticket" with all his old time fervor for regular nominations.

WHILE the Democrats are crowing over their victory in Ohio, that result is helping the Republicans in this State. Thousands of earnest Republicans who had strayed from the fold because dissatisfied with the management of the party, have become alarmed at the prospect of Democratic success, and indignant at the Democratic yells of victory, and will vote for the gallant Beaver and the whole State ticket.

When the town of Somerset was devastated by fire in May, 1872, Don Cameron sent his check for a thousand dollars to the editor of this paper to be distributed among needy sufferers. Some of the men who were saved from want by his timely gift, are now denouncing him as a monster of dishonesty! A decent self-respect should at least seal the mouths of those who partook of his bounty.

The loss of one more Congressman will place the House in the hands of the Democrats and Free-Traders, and the man who votes any but the regular Republican ticket will share the responsibility of that crime. Ohio's loss of seven Congressmen was a real issue, but it carried all National objects down with it, a fact which ought to have been plain before the election.

The result of this campaign will be the turning point in the Presidential campaign in 1884. If we lose the Governor and Congress in November, you may rest assured that Pennsylvania will be lost in 1884. This election is the key to the Presidential election, and our apathy and defection now, will not prove a healthy experiment. Let our friends turn out to a man in November.

Do the business interests of the State require a change, or would business men be benefited by giving the administration of affairs to the Democrats? If not, vote for General Beaver.

Laboring men do you desire a change, or do you believe a change would give you more permanent employment and better wages? If not, vote for General Beaver.

The New York free trade journals conspicuously the Herald, Times and Evening Post, are frantically in favor of the free trade and defeat of the Republican party in Pennsylvania. There is not a doubt but their zeal in this matter is owing to their belief that in this way they can get in an entering wedge for the destruction of a protective tariff.

No candid man believes that a protective tariff would be upheld for a single year if the opponents of the Republican party should come into power, and by just so much as any voter helps to elevate the free traders to power, by so much he aids to imperil the manufacturing and agricultural interests.—Mr. Blaine, at Portland, Aug. 20, '82.

Does any Republican wish the Democrats to form these districts? They can so gerrymander the State as to imperil Republican ascendancy in two succeeding Legislatures which will elect U. S. Senators and enable them also to secure a majority of the Congressmen. Is any Republican prepared for this? If not, vote solid for Campbell, Longenecker, Colborn and Morgan.

The withdrawal of Captain Conley, the Independent candidate for Senator, leaves a clear field for Hon. Jacob H. Longenecker, and insures his election over Mr. Reynolds, the Democratic candidate. Mr. Longenecker is a Republican who has held aloof from the strife of discordant elements now endangering the success of the party, and is therefore an acceptable candidate to all the Republicans of Bedford and Fulton counties, and we believe that, with very few exceptions, he will be heartily supported in this County. He is certainly as admirable a candidate as could have been selected, and we solicit for him the vote of every man in this county who is anxious to have the district represented in the Senate by a tried and true Republican.

JUDGE FOLGER, Secretary of the Treasury, in a letter to a Republican meeting held at Albany, New York, on Thursday last, says: "The 'claim after the Ohio election that the next House of Representatives will be Democratic, has caused a 'shrinkage of forty millions of dollars in value of the great prosperity of the country, and that the 'shrinkage has been going on since.' He asks if the business interests of the country look with dread to a 'return of the Democratic party to power, and if it is a well-founded dread, whether the election of the 'Democratic ticket in New York will 'increase it. These he says are 'questions for hesitating Republicans to ponder over.' And we ask all intelligent men in Pennsylvania to think well before they cast their votes in a direction that will lend the influence of this State to the return of the Democrats to power in Congress.

THE "Independent" movement is engineered for the purpose, not of electing Stewart, but of throwing the State into the hands of the Democrats or non-proven by the admission of their great leader Charles S. Wolfe. Three respectable farmers of his own county (Union) assert and will swear to the fact that, on saying to him they did not see any man in voting for Stewart because he could not be elected, he replied: "Well, I know we can't elect Stewart, but I can elect Pattison, and that is the only way we can get rid of the bosses."

THE Republicans have thus far made heavy gains in Maine, Oregon and West Virginia, while they have lost in Ohio, through a prohibitory issue. Thus far thirty-two Congressmen have been elected—sixteen of them Republicans and sixteen Democrats. This is a gain of five Congressmen, all from Ohio, and it leaves but two Republican majority in the House. Pennsylvania has seven close districts, and if the Republicans do not turn out they may all be lost; if there is a full turnout, two Republican Congressmen will be gained.

A DEMOCRATIC editor of a South Carolina paper writing to a friend in Massachusetts says: "Ere this you have heard of the Lancaster massacre. Cash was there and spoke; the intolerant spirit was aroused, the result of which was four colored men killed and eighteen or twenty wounded. The only fair way to get an honest expression of opinion at the next election is for United States Congressmen to hold the elections all over the State. It cannot be done otherwise, as the leaders of the Democratic party say they are determined to carry the election at any cost."

real sponsors in Philadelphia are among the most tricky of Democratic politicians. From Pattison to Elliott not one of the candidates was other than a neutral or an obstructionist during the war for National life. None of them served in the Union army. At least three of them were in sympathy with the rebels rather than with the Federal government. Some of them made speeches during the war in which they preferred before men of unquestioned patriotism and honor which, if consummated, be regarded as a crime in a time to come. But this disgrace must not be consummated. The Republicans of Pennsylvania can prevent it, and unless lost to all sense of honor will prevent it.

Mr. FRANK HURD is to be pushed for the Speakership of the next Congress by the Free-Traders in the Democratic party. His canvass has been going already. The Toledo Journal nominates him for the place and says: "He is the exponent of aggressive Democracy and the leading exponent of the distinctive characteristic of the party, Free-Trade."

Let Sam Randall and his protective heresies step aside and let the fresh blood and brains of the party assume to lead the party. The Independent candidates for Congress and Senator having withdrawn, there is now no reason why all Republicans should not unite in supporting General Campbell for Congress, and Mr. Longenecker for the Senate. Both are good and tried men, and both have stood aloof from the factional troubles that now disturb the unity of the party. Will any man that knows them say that Colborn and Morgan are not the equals, if not the superiors of Seibert and Sorber, and if elected will not honestly and faithfully discharge the duties of their offices? Why, then, should these gentlemen, who were regularly nominated according to the usages of the party, be set aside for two kickers for whom three hundred men in the county did not vote at their bogus delegate election? There is no safety, friends, but by supporting the entire regularly nominated ticket, and we can assure you that it is going to be triumphantly elected.

THESE remain now but two weeks in which the work of the campaign can be carried on. It is very necessary that Republicans all over the country arouse themselves to the importance of the present contest and the necessity of leaving nothing undone that will contribute to our party's success. The election this fall cannot be robbed of its political importance by any specious plea for "reform" or impassioned appeals against "bossism" and the "machine." The evils complained of, if they exist in the measure and in the effect charged, can be successfully remedied within the party will itself. Reform within the party will effect a cure; reform outside of the party can only kill it. The issue now presented to the Republicans of Pennsylvania is this: Shall Beaver be elected Governor, or shall the Republican party be defeated and Pennsylvania given to the control of the Democracy? It is not a question of reform. It is a question of life or death for the Republican party of Pennsylvania and the continued supremacy of that party in the Nation.

STEWART has been charging in his speeches that Beaver betrayed Pennsylvania by voting for General Grant at Chicago, when a majority of the Republicans were for Blaine. Yet, in 1876, Stewart, who was a delegate to the Cincinnati convention, voted steadily for Hartranft, when the Republicans of Pennsylvania were as earnestly for Blaine as they were in 1880.

Hon. Thad. Mahon, a resident of Stewart's own town, (Chambersburg) thus put it in a speech a few days since: "Who did Mr. Stewart vote for at the National Convention, of which he was the delegate from this district, at Cincinnati? Instead of voting for Blaine, as his constituents wanted him to do, he stuck to the 'bosses' and voted for Hartranft to satisfy them. He was struck by a bolt of lightning, and the Pennsylvania delegation broke loose from the unit rule and voted for Blaine. The chairman decided they had a perfect right to do it, and they did for every ballot after that. But Mr. Stewart was not one of them. He remained with the 'bosses' and allowed them to cast his vote for Hartranft when he knew he was doing directly opposite what his constituents wanted him to do. On the last ballot the entire Pennsylvania delegation voted for Blaine, but it was two-thirds of the delegation, and Mr. Stewart was not one of them. He was thrown into the lake. Other witnesses corroborate this statement. The prisoners were released."

A Brakeman's Terrible Death. WILKINGTON, Del., Oct. 17.—Harry Strickler, supposed to be from Philadelphia, a brakeman on a Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore freight train, was struck by an overhead bridge at Delaware Junction this afternoon at 4 o'clock and knocked under the wheels run over by the train and cut in pieces. The body will be taken to the Morgue. It was Strickler's first day in the company's service.

WHEN you hear of any Republican that is talking about voting against any portion of our Legislative ticket, draw his attention to the following facts: The next Legislature will redistrict the State and form new Legislative and Congressional districts. A Democratic majority in the next Legislature will have it in its power to so construct those districts that it will be almost an impossibility for the subsequent Legislatures, or elect their due amount of members to the Lower House of Congress, for a period of ten years. A Democratic majority in our Legislature for the next eight years, also means two Democratic United States Senators from Pennsylvania. The Upper House of Congress is now very close, and promises to continue so for several years. Two Democratic Senators from Pennsylvania may place the Free Traders in the majority and ruin

ASSIGNEES' ACCOUNTS.

The following account has been filed and will be presented to the Court on the 28th of November, 1882.

Valentine Hay, assignee of Catherine Walker, S. U. TRUSTEE.

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