The Somerset Herald.

EDWARD SCULL, Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY.....September 6, 1882.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

STATE TICKET.

GOVERNOR,
JAMES A. BEAVER,
Centre county.

SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS,
JOHN M. GREER,
Butler county.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
WILLIAM T. DAVIES,
Bradford county.

FOR CONGRESSMAN-AT-LARGE,
MARRIOTT BROSIUS,
Lancaster county.

JUDICIARY TICKET.

JUSTICE OF SUPREME COURT,
WILLIAM HENRY RAWLE,
Philadelphia.

COUNTY TICKET.

ASSEMBLY,
WILLIAM S. MORGAN,
Jenner township.
ANDREW J. COLBORN,
Somerset borough.

POOR HOUSE DIRECTOR,
JESSE HOOVER,
Milford township.

JURY COMMISSIONER,
CHARLES F. RAYMAN,
Brothersvalley township.

They that are not with us, are against us.

God help those who fall by the wayside.

It looks as if judgment day was coming for some people.

"Oh for a tongue to curse the slave,
Whose treason like a deadly blight,
Comes o'er the councils of the brave,
And blasts them in their hour of night."

The Democrats are always consistent. There are no one-legged soldiers, or soldiers of any kind on their ticket.

The Democratic dog is wagging the Independent tail, but by November there will be very little tail left to wag.

No man ever so won the hearts of the sturdy farmers of Somerset county, as did General Beaver during his brief visit here last week.

Senator Mitchell has gone west to stay until the election is over. This looks like deserting the Independent camp at a critical period.

All the Democrats in town, their wives, children and sweethearts were eager and pleased participants in the "Independent" meeting last week.

Can the Independents point to a single Free Trade journal in the country that is not heartily encouraging their attempt to disrupt the Republican party in this State?

When will the editor of the Meyersdale *Commercial* have the time to tell his readers when and where the Herald "traduced Garfield." An anxious public awaits the announcement.

Take the whole State over, people were never so prosperous as this year, and yet the Independents are not happy, and want to put the Democrats in power, to smash things.

Curtin, McClure, Stewart and Koontz, all wrecked by inordinate vanity and disappointed ambition. The two first are safely in the bosom of the Democratic party; the two last will soon be.

It was an old gag, practiced by the Independents at their meeting, to elect a long list of Vice Presidents a number of whom were not present, and some of whom are not in sympathy with them.

After shivering on the brink for a long time, Mr. William H. Koontz took the final plunge on Wednesday night last, and deserted the Republican camp. It only adds one more to "the political wrecks that line the shores of Pennsylvania."

A common-sense, staunch Republican propounded this conundrum the other day: "What in the d——l will some of our infernal fools do for something to scare their children with, when Cameron is dead?"—Referred to ex-Judge Hall, of Bedford, and Somerset.

It made our old farmer friends who were at the Independent meeting on Wednesday night, stare with disgust and contempt, to see that the principal managers and hissers-on of that movement to break up the party, were nearly all old office-holders whom they had formerly elected through fidelity to party organization.

In his speech last week "Independent Col. Duff" raved and smarted over the corruption of the Republican party in asking government officials to contribute to the expenses of the campaign. The time may come when churches and political parties will refuse to take up collections to defray expenses and further their work, and go out into the highways and workshops and fields to collect the necessary funds. But that perfect Millenial period has not arrived yet.

The average Democrat is wonderfully disappointed at General Beaver's refusal to debate with Stewart or any body else. They know that the only possible fruit of such a discussion would be to widen the breach and thus increase their chances of defeating Beaver through the means of their Independent "cat's paw."

Mr. Levi Bird Duff, in his speech to his Independent brethren on Wednesday night last, bitterly denounced assessments for political purposes. And yet, the Pittsburgh *Telegraph* says, he proudly boasted to a reporter of that paper a few weeks since, that $8,000 had been raised to advance the Independent cause in Allegheny county. What a clean Bird he is!

While Stewart is prancing round the State blackguarding General Beaver as a tool of Cameron, the nominee of the bosses, and the creature of the machine, the Philadelphia *North American* one of whose owners and editors—Col. William McMichael—is also a candidate on the Independent ticket, says: "We "can, and undoubtedly shall, earn-"estly, and with such effort as may "be possible to us, urge Republi-"cans to vote for General Beaver as "the *one candidate present-"ed for the executive office who owes his "candidacy to no man and to no set of "men, but only to his brilliant service and his undoubted popularity.*"

How glaring the difference between the assertions of the selfish, blatant demagogue, Stewart, and the true gentleman, McMichael.

Senator Stewart protests that the Independents "are antagonizing only the State ticket," and that "They are just as heartily and earnestly supporting the regular district Congressional nominations as the Stalwarts themselves," and yet we find one of his organs, the *Press*, announcing that Lewis Emery is being persuaded to run as an Independent candidate for Congress in the Sixteenth district, "*no matter who is nominated by the Republican and Democratic parties.*" And another of his organs, the Philadelphia *Times*, proclaims the fact, that the Independents of Lancaster county in public meeting, recommended that a candidate against Stehman, the Regular Republican candidate in the Fourteenth Senatorial district be placed in the field. In face of these facts, and of home happenings what is Stewart's statement worth?

The general reliability of the "Independent" newspaper may be judged from the dispatches to the Philadelphia *Press* and Pittsburgh *Dispatch*, both of which journals had reporters in attendance at the Independent meeting in this place on Wednesday evening last.

Both these veracious reporters telegraphed their respective journals that Col. Duff's speech was interrupted by the entrance into the hall of a delegation of "about two hundred Independent Republicans from Meyersdale, headed by a band." The truth is, as we are informed by a gentleman who came over in the train, that just forty-nine tickets were sold at Meyersdale for Somerset on that train; this included the band, a number of other passengers, Democrats, Republicans and ladies. And his further statement was that there were just fourteen Independent voters in that delegation. But even granting that the entire forty-nine passengers on that train were Independent voters, it will be seen that it is reasonably safe to discount the statements of Independents by three-fourths.

U. S. Senator Hale—Blaine's right-hand man—says that the tariff question is the great issue in the Maine campaign, and the people realize it. "If the Democrats should defeat us this year," he says, "it will leave us at a very great disadvantage in the campaign of 1884. A vital interest of the country would be handed over to the Democracy, who are pledged in advance to destroy the tariff the moment they get in power. Then it is a very important as well as a serious matter with our people that Maine should stand right in the Republican column, and pronounce against the party pledged to destroy its material interests." But Senator Stewart says, that the election in the great State of Pennsylvania has nothing to do with the tariff question, and that it is not an issue in this State. This difference of opinion is caused by the fact that Blaine and Hale are Republicans, striving to preserve their State and the country from the hands of the Democracy. Stewart and his followers are Independents, laboring to turn this State and the country over to the Democracy. Hale is a statesman, Stewart a demagogue.

Beyond a doubt, the masses of the Republican party harbored the hope that the differences that afflict the organization would be healed, until it was made evident, by the rejection of the propositions of compromise offered in the interests of harmony by the Regular Republican committee, that the Independents were more intent on the overthrow of the party, than on its success. Now that it is settled that they are determined on the ruin of the party if they can accomplish it, and are openly making war on General Beaver, thousands of Republicans all over the State who were formerly in sympathy with that movement are repudiating it, and taking their old position in the ranks of the party. Long before his nomination, public sentiment had so fully indicated General Beaver as the coming candidate that no one doubted his nomination on the assembling of the Convention, and when he was nominated every one felt and knew that he was the popular choice. Since that moment no true Republican has doubted that the people's choice would be ratified at the polls in November. The apparent lack of earnestness and enthusiasm which for a time existed, and the proposition to refer the nomination back to the people was not born of any doubt, nor indicative of any lack of confidence in the final result, but is attributable only to the manly expression of honest sentiment, desirous of avoiding offense to the small dissatisfied minority in our ranks. For the last thirty days the revulsion of sentiment in favor of General Beaver has been strong and steady. His character, antecedents and large ability are greatly in his favor, and the mistaken folly of attempting to injure him by abuse, or to hold him responsible for the methods denounced by the Independents will prove a dismal failure. The people will not set aside so gallant a soldier, so true a gentleman, because of the howl of a few disappointed office-seekers, whose sole hope in the future is based on a new deal in political management.

No sensible or honest man training with the Independents believes, or will assert, that there is any possible chance of Stewart's election. All know that the most they can accomplish is the defeat of General Beaver and the success of the Democratic party. Suppose that this is done and Pattison becomes Governor and the State passes into the hands of the Democracy. What then? Do they expect to control the Democratic administration, or secure from it the fanciful reforms for which they clamor? And what is to be their future? They have put themselves outside the pale of the Regular Republican organization. They can have no access to, or representation in its conventions. They will have no voice in the selection of delegates to the next Presidential convention, no say-so in chosing the next Republican candidate for President. They may maintain their Independent organization, and they may perhaps—which we do not believe—control a county or two in the State, but they will remain as an organization, a mere inconsequent faction hanging on the ragged edge of politics without power for good, and having exiled themselves from the Republican party, must eventually be swallowed up in that receptacle of dead political ducks, the Democratic party. But on the other hand, suppose it fails in its effort to defeat General Beaver, as we feel very confident it will, and he becomes our Governor. Will it have any lot or part in his administration? Can it ask anything at his hands? Can it hope for recognition by the regular organization? Will it not be in the same self-exiled condition, an alien and a stranger to the Republican party? Men of sense cannot fail to see, nay, must see, that for those who cling to the Independent movement, and the fortunes of the desperate political gamblers who are engineering it, there can be no political future. They will be wrecks on the political sea, left to drift hither and thither for a time, and be eventually cast upon shore, stranded and ruined hulks, mementoes only of what they were, and what they might have been. The political wrecks now strewing the shores of Pennsylvania should serve as a warning against such insane folly.

Mr. —— Handy, of the Philadelphia *Press*, who came here last week to do up the Independent meeting, from his standpoint, wrote a letter to that journal under date of August 31st, in which he relates a conversation with Mr. Stewart on the morning after the meeting, from which we take the following:

I asked Colonel Stewart whether he had seen the reported interview with General Simon Cameron on the position of the Independent Republicans on the tariff question.

"Yes," he replied "and had intended to allude to it in my address last night, but the hour was too late after other matters of great importance had been discussed."

"What do you thing of his views?"

"They do no credit to his judgment or his candor. There is no tariff issue in this contest. The Independents Republicans are antagonizing only the State ticket which his son, through the formality of a convention, put in nomination. They are just as heartily and earnestly supporting the regular district Congressional nominations as the Stalwarts themselves, and it is only through our Congressional representatives that our tariff interests can be affected. What possible connection can there be between the election of a Governor and a general State ticket and the protection of industries through National legislation? None at all, except it be through the base perfidy of our present Senator, who may, in the spirit of revenge upon the people of his State for repudiating him and his "henchman," make good his Philadelphia threat, by deserting the cause of protection in the Senate.

This is the merest poppycock; the disingenuous statement of a tricky lawyer; an attempt to throw dust in the eyes of the public; a bald, unjustifiable misstatement of facts.

Mr. Stewart knew, if he knows anything about the plans and movements of his friends and backers in this county, that they have called a county convention "for the purpose "of chosing three conferees to represent them in District Congressional "Convention, three conferees to represent them in District Senatorial "Convention, to nominate two candidates for Legislature, etc," and that by this course they have placed themselves aloof from any position where they can "heartily and earnestly support the *regular* district Congressional nomination;" and he must know and does know, that if this course is persisted in, that it will place three Congressional candidates in the field and insure Democratic success. Mr. Stewart knows very well also, that three candidates in the field will lose the Republicans the Senatorial District, and that three Legislative tickets may—although we do not believe they will—lead to the election of Democratic members from this county. Mr. Stewart knows also, that the next Legislature will redistrict the State for members of Congress, and that if his followers throw away Senators and Members of the Legislature in other districts as they propose to do in these, that the Democrats will have the power to so apportion the State as to give themselves a large increase of members in the next Congress. Mr. Stewart further knows that the present Republican majority in Congress is so narrow that the loss of a few members in Pennsylvania may place the Democrats in control of that body, and that the tariff interests of Pennsylvania are not secure in their hands. Mr. Stewart equivocated, and he purposely juggled with words when he asked, "What possible connection can there be between the election of a Governor and a general State ticket and the protection of industries through National legislation?" because he knows that there is to be a Congressman-at-Large elected on the State ticket, he knows that the desperate struggle which the Democrats are encouraged to make, by reason of his candidacy, will imperil several of the close Republican Congressional districts, and he further knows that while he has no earthly chance of an election, through his "base perfidy" a Democratic Governor may be chosen who would veto any Congressional apportionment bill that will not give his party the advantage. For these and other reasons, when Mr. Stewart pooh-poohed the suggestion of General Cameron that the success of the Independents was in the interest of the Free Traders, he proved himself an insincere demagogue, a disingenuous palterer with words, and an enemy to protection, or an ignorant and self-conceited prig so elated and blinded by his ephemeral notoriety, that he cannot perceive the plain results of his astounding folly.

There was the largest concourse of people in town last week, that has been in attendance at Court for a number of years. The political meetings held on the first three evenings were eye-openers to the people.

On Monday evening Chauncy F. Black, Esq., the Democratic candidate for Lieutenant-Governor made a pleasant scholarly speech to a large but very tame meeting, composed largely of Republicans, attracted by the fact that an old fellow-townsman was to speak.

On Tuesday evening Col. W. A. Stone, U. S. Attorney from Pittsburg, addressed the largest Republican meeting that has assembled in this place since the war. His speech was a superb one, argumentative, persuasive, and at times eloquent, pointing out the folly of the Independent movement, showing how unjustifiable it was, and calling attention to the evils that must inevitably follow in its train. He was followed by General Beaver, our candidate for Governor, in a ringing, trenchant speech, ignoring the schism in the party, and devoted solely to an assault upon the Democracy, and a manly, soldierly appeal to stand by the Republican party, its principles and organization.

Wednesday night was kickers night. The meeting was also a very large one. The Independent contingent was out in force; almost every Democrat in town, with his wife and family were there to help "whoop 'er up," and there was also a large attendance of Republicans, attracted by curiosity to see and hear for themselves. Col. Levi Bird Duff, the Independent candidate for Lieutenant-Governor, made a dull, prosy speech on civil service reform. He was followed by Senator Stewart, the candidate for Governor, who evidently thought and acted as if he was the big bull, with hay on his horns. His speech was excessively vituperative and low in tone, in fact the speech of a blackguard. The Senator had evidently lost his head and his temper, and railed and scolded and villified Senator Cameron, greatly to the lowering of his own manhood, and personal dignity. He was followed by William H. Koontz, Esq., with his old, old speech, to which had been added a few harmless flings at the Camerons. The clack was well distributed and the enthusiasm well worked up.

GLEANINGS.

Beaver gave his country a leg.—Pattison has given Philadelphia his services as Controller for the modest sum of $10,000 per annum.

Senator Cameron gets no credit among the Independents for his vote against the River and Harbor bill, but Colonel Thomas M. Bayne, who voted for the job, is applauded by them as a liberal and high-toned statesman. Such is the spirit of party.—*Phila. Record.*

It is about time for those who delight in calling themselves "Garfield Republicans" to stop their assaults upon President Arthur's acts and motives. At the Congressional convention in the old Ashtabula District, which General Garfield represented so long, a resolution was unanimously adopted declaring the faith of the Republicans of that district in President Arthur, and pledging to him their cordial and unqualified support. At every Republican convention so far held the same endorsement of the Administration has been given, and the endeavor to make people belive it does not possess the confidence of the country has gone far enough.—*Inter Ocean.*

The Independents of Maine are hot after Mr. Blaine, the "boss" of the Republican party in that State, as they call him. In this State the fight is only gaainst Mr. Cameron they say. In New York it used to be Mr. Conkling, now it is President Arthur. In Illinois it is only against Mr. Logan. If Garfield were living it would be against him in Ohio. Next it will be directed against Mr. Harrison in Indiana. With wonderful unanimity the movement is everywhere against the Republican party, while the object is cunningly covered up by appealing to local prejudices—*Ex.*

It is the truth of the charge that it is the free traders who are contributing the money to keep up the Independent movement that makes them wince. The free traders have been unable to get the Democratic "tariff-for-revenue-only" party in power directly, so they are trying the dodge of accomplishing it indirectly by aiding and encouraging the Independent revolt. Unless the Independents want to be made the "cats-paws" of the free traders, they should return to the grand old Republican protection party at once. That is where all honest protectionists to American industry belong, and they should come in at once, and not stand on their order of coming. Don't allow yourselves to be made the tools of the free traders by voting anything else than the straight Republican State ticket. That is the only safety to protection.—*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

The Stubborn Facts.

The Democrats and their assistants, the Independents, are desperately annoyed at the declaration of ex Senator Cameron that the Independent movement had its "origin" in a desire of the free-traders to destroy the protective system. The worst feature to them of this declaration is that it is substantially true. There is a good story told of a man who bitterly complained to a neighbor that some one had been saying hard things of him, "Oh never mind" said the neighbor, "when people lie about me I pay no attention to it." "Don't care about the lies" was the reply, "it is the d—d truth I hate." So with these Democrats and Independents, they hate this remark of Mr. Cameron because it is substantially true.

No one doubts that the defeat of the Republican party in Pennsylvania would imperil the protective system. It would carry with it in all probability the loss of several members of Congress, and the loss of Pennsylvania to the Republicans in 1884. This would be a perfect boanza to the free-traders, who are sure of carrying out their schemes once the Democratic party is in power. In this they have never failed.

The purpose of the Independent movement is to place the Democrats in power in this State. No sane man who is honest will deny this. The Independent leaders do not state it in that way—they say it is to defeat the "Cameron ticket"—but the result is the same whatever words may be made use of. If they succeed they will have done a greater work for free trade than could have been accomplished in any other way. Does anybody believe they are blind to this fact?

It follows then that the Independent leaders are purposely aiding to destroy the protective system; or they are so blinded by factional hate and personal resentment that they prefer to gratify these, even at the risk of destroying it. They may take either born of the dilemma. These are the stuborn facts.

CAPTURED AT LAST.

The Horse Thief who Raided the Stables of Cumberland, Md.

The man who stole seven or eight horses from the neighborhood of Cumberland, Md., and sold them to Messrs, Sproal, Smiley, Minor and others, in the neighborhood of Pittsburgh, Pa., has been at last captured. The Pittsburg detectives discovered on Thursday night that the man was Robert Roberts, living three miles from Millerstown, and going to his house found only his wife at home alone. She said her husband had been arrested about an hour before and had been taken to Karns City. The officers did not believe her story and searched the house. They found no traces of Roberts and went to Karns City, where they found their man. He had been arrested by ex-Sheriff Willison, of Allegheny county, Md., and Mr. Naguire, a saloon keeper of Karns City. Roberts was at his house when they arrived, and on seeing them he ran through a corn field, where Maguire caught him. A black horse branded "M. L.," which was stolen from a stable in Cumberland, was found in Roberts' stable. Roberts was bound with a handkerchief until the Pittsburgh detectives arrived, and then Detective Harrison handcuffed him. The prisoner was taken to Butler jail, where he was locked up for a hearing and to await the arrival of requisition papers. Roberts is said to have stolen about $1,200 worth of horses.

A Cashier's Crime.

Chicago, Aug. 29.—A special from Kewanee, Ills. says: Great excitement prevails here over the arrest of Pratt, cashier of the First National Bank, on the charge of conspiracy in the recent robbery of the bank, in which the thieves got away with $20,000. The arrest has just been made and the detectives claim to have plenty of evidence to sustain the charge. Pratt was not suspected at first, but the more the detectives hunted for clues the more they became convinced that Welsh and his accomplices had inside help. The valise being left at the bank, the subsequent call for it and the locking up of the cashier and his assistant, Miss Harris, in the vault were all prearranged. The detectives feel confident of being ultimately able to recover all the money stolen. A valise containing three hundred dollars of the stolen money was found in a corn field near this place.

Killed by a Pitchfork.

Williamsport, August 30.—A son of Daniel Knauff, of Nippenose Vailey, aged about 10 years, was fatally injured in a singular manner yesterday. He was standing near a stack of oats that was being built when an employe threw a pitchfork to the ground. One of the prongs struck the boy in the temple and came out through the eye socket, driving the eye before it and causing almost instant death.

A Jersey Fire-Bug Caught.

Philadelphia, Aug. 30.—Detectives Miller and Wolf, of this city, who went to Ocean Grove, N. J., yesterday to investigate the alleged robbery and partial burning of the house of Jeremiah H. Pine, which was said to have been the work of thieves, report as the result of their inquiries that they have arrested Mr. Pine himself. Pine claimed that $1,600, partly in money and partly in bonds, had been stolen. The detectives charged him with the crime and after frequent denials he admitted that he fired the house. He then showed them where he dad $900 concealed under the carpet and $197 in his butcher shop at Ashbury Park. He was taken before a justice of the peace and committed on a charge of arson.

Captured by Bloodhounds.

Little Rock, Ark., Sept. 3.—A few days since Officers Matthews and Hall, of Jefferson, Texas, attempted to arrest a colored man named Grayson. He pulled away and shot Matthews through the head and escaped. Hall went to Texarkana and procured several bloodhounds, with which he trailed Grayson into the Red River Bottoms, and across into Lafayette County, Arkansas. The hounds stopped at a log cabin in the field, and the voice of a man was heard begging for assistance. Hall recognized it as Grayson's, and easily captured him. He was shot through the body twice in the melee when his arrest was first attempted, but, having escaped, Hall believed he was uninjured. He will probably die.

A Doctor Shot Down by a Villain While Sitting at His Office Door.

Cincinnati, Ohio, Aug. 30.—The village of Washington, Ind., nine miles from Richmond, was the scene of a startling tragedy last night. While Dr. Thomas Gauze was sitting in front of his office talking with a Mr. Baker, Arthur Brooks came up and with an oath began firing at the doctor. He fired five times and four of the balls struck his victim. The last one inflicting a mortal wound from which death soon followed. Brooks then went home, changed his clothing and walked away, passing Dr. Gauze's office, and has not yet been found. The motive for the murder is said to have been a suspicion that the doctor had told Mrs. Brooks of Brooks' intimacy with another woman.

A Man's Frightful Fall Down a Mine Shaft.

Des Moines, Ia., August 26.—The young son of William Proutta yesterday attempted to hoist his father from a ninety two foot deep coal mine in South Des Moines, but found himself unequal to the task. He attached a weight to the descending car to act as an equalizer on the ascending car, on which his father was seated. The weight, however was so great that his father was brought up to the top at a terrific rate of speed, and, striking against the roof of the shaft shed, descended again to the bottom, nearly every bone in his body being broken.

Texas Floods.

San Antonia, Tex., Aug. 30.—The wires are down, but a private letter confirms the reports of the floods on the Concho river. Six inches of rain fell all over Northwestern Texas. It is estimated that 25,000 sheep, besides cattle, horses and mules, and sixty or seventy-five persons, were sweptaway. About fifty houses were washed away in Laredo, and the track of the Mexican National Railroad was bodly damaged on Sunday. Further destruction is feared when the waters of the Concho reach the Rio Grande. At Abilone several sheepmen lost all their flocks, and are almost ruined.

A Determined Suicide.

Bradford, Sept. 3.—This afternoon E. Reddy, aged sixty-five years, a pumper at an oil well near Knox City, twelve miles east of this city, was seized with a fit of insanity and shot himself with a revolver, but not fatally. His friends took the revolver away from him and endeavored to prevent him from doing further injury but he broke away from them and escaped to the woods. A vigorous search was instituted and his body was found a short distance from town, Reddy having cut his throat with a pocket knife. No cause is known for the act save mental aberration. He has a son residing at Knox City.

Fatal Fight Between Women.

Clarksville, Tenn., August 26—This morning Mrs. Daniel Hanley and Mrs. Shepherd, residing at this place, engaged in a dispute that ended in a savage fight. Both women fought with the ferocity of tigers, biting each other and scratching until the blood flowed in streams from their arms and faces. While the combatants were clinched Mrs. Shepherd's son, aged seventeen years, approached them with a hatchet and struck Mrs. Hanley on the head with it, splitting her skull and killing her instantly.

Caught in a Tree at Niagara's Brink.

Niagara Falls, Aug. 30.—Last night James Cramley, a tinsmith, from Hamilton, and his wife, while intoxicated, laid down near the bank of the river. This morning the woman was found caught in a tree, ten feet over the edge of the bank, and the man's mangled remains were found on the rocks one hundred and fifty feet beneath.

Horrible Treatment.

Alexandria, August 29.—Those afloat in the harbor to-day witnessed an unusual sight—the keel hauling of three Arab sailors on board the Egyptian frigate Sanda for mutiny. They were first flogged and then tied to a rope and hauled up to the port side yard arm. They were then dropped into the sea, dragged under the keel and hauled up to the starboard yard arm. They were soon dead.

Buried in a Tunnel.

Pittsburg, Sept. 2.—This afternoon while a number of men were working in the tunnel of the Pittsburg, McKeesport and Youghiogeny Railroad, on the south side, a portion of the tunnel caved in, burying the men under rocks, earth and cinders. Henry Moore was instantly killed and several others were seriously injured.

The purity and elegant perfume of Parker's Hair Balsam explain the popularity of this reliable restorative.

An Odd Explosion of a Pistol.

Bradford, August 30.—This afternoon Adam Drisbaugh accidentally shot his wife. He threw his vest on the floor. In the pocket there was a revolver, which went off, striking her in the thigh. Mr. Drisbaugh had just returned from Warren on a visit. They have been living at the Riddell House for some time. The wound is not thought to be fatal.

A Shot for a Slap.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 29.—Anton Strouse, of Mifflin township, and his next door neighbor, Mrs. Strausser, quarrelled about their children last evening, and Mrs. Strausser struck Strouse in the mouth, when the latter pulled out a revolver, and shot his assailant through the head. Mrs. Strausser is still living, but will die. The murderer made his escape.

A Wicked Wife.

Leland, Ill., Aug. 27.—This evening Mrs. J. M. Stratton, wife of a successful lawyer here, shot her husband and then herself, both dying immediately. No cause is assigned for the deed. They had been married only a short time and it was supposed lived happily together. A little while before the shooting neighbors heard words between them.

Nail Works Burned.

Harrisburg, Sept. 2.—A fire which broke out this morning in the puddling department of the Chesapeake Nail works, in the lower part of the city, destroyed $50,000 worth of property. One hundred men will be thrown out of employment for a month. The loss is covered by insurance.

A Delicious Appetizer.

That ensures digestion and enjoyment of food; a tonic that brings strength to the weak and rest to the nervous; a harmless diarrhœa cure that don't constipate—just what every family needs—Parker's Ginger Tonic.

British Riflemen Arrive.

New York, September 3.—The British team of riflemen who are to compete with our National Guardsmen at Creedmoor, on the 14th and 15th of this month, arrived here today and proceeded to Garden City, quite near the Creedmoor range.

Sparkling Eyes.

Rosy cheeks and clear complexion only accompany good health. Parker's Ginger Tonic better than anything, makes pure, rich blood and brings health, joyous spirits, strength and beauty. Ladies try it.—*Bazaar.*

Deaths From Cholera.

Madrid, Sept. 2.—The deaths from cholera at Manila average 300 daily. At Iloilo 4,550 persons have died from the same disease during the last fortnight. The cholera has appeared at Tangier. The Spanish authorities are taking strict precautions to prevent its introduction into Spain.

Murder at a Shooting Match.

Indianapolis, Aug. 23.—A difficulty occurred at Greencastle, Ind., yesterday at a shooting in which Thomas Eads was instantly killed by James Ryan, who struck him a blow with his fist and broke his neck.

Secretary Folger Will Accept.

Washington, Aug. 30.—Secretary Folger stated this afternoon that if he is nominated for the Governorship of New York, and there is a fair concurrence of popular sentiment, he will accept the nomination.

Fire at Lancaster

Lancaster, Aug. 27.—The Hocking Valley Manufacturing Company's works at this place were burned this morning. Loss $135,000; insurance, $31,000.

Vennor's Snow Storm.

Denver, Col. Aug. 30—A heavy snow storm has been raging in Leadville all last night and this morning

Time and Expense Saved.—Hard workers are subject to bilious attacks which may end in dangerous illness. Parker's Ginger Tonic keeps the kindeys and liver active, and by preventing the attack saves sickness, time and expense.—*Detroit Press.*

ROCKWOOD HOUSE.

Opened Monday, Sept. 4, 1882.

Situate right at the B. & O. and S. & C. Depot. Restaurant attached. Both open day and night. Restaurant has been enlarged and remodelled. Parties living along the S. & C. desiring to take night trains will find this a great convenience.

Petition in Divorce.

John J. Speicher } In the Court of Common Pleas
vs. } of Somerset Co., of No. 59 Aug.
Martha Speicher } T. 1882, alias Sub. for Divorce.

To Martha Speicher, the defendant above named.

You are hereby notified to be and appear at the next Court of Common Pleas of Somerset county to be held at Somerset on the second Monday of November 1882, (13th day) to answer to the complaint of John J. Speicher, the plaintiff, above named, and show cause if any you have, why your said husband should not be delivered from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you, agreeably to the prayer of his petition and libel exhibited against you before said Court.

JOHN J. SPANGLER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Sept. 5, 1882. }

Sept 6-4t.

Legal Notice.

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, to Elizabeth Harmon, (widow) George Harmon, George Miller, Elizabeth Miller, Catharine Taymon, all of Somerset county Pa., Harvey Harmon of Cambria county, Pa., Catharine Hartman and Valentine Harmon of Fort Wayne, Indiana, heirs and legal representatives of George A. Harmon deceased and all other persons interested

Greeting: Somerset County, ss:

You are hereby cited to be and appear before the Judges of our Orphans' Court, to be held at Somerset on the 3rd day of October 1882, then and there to show cause why John L. Kessler should not be discharged from the duties of his trust as Executor of the last will and testament of George A. Harmon, deceased. Herein fail not.

Witness the Hon. Wm. J. Baer Esq., at Somerset this 28th day of August, A. D. 1882.

JOHN J. SPANGLER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Sept. 5, 1882.

Notice.

We, the undersigned Poor Directors of Somerset county, give public notice to Justices of the Peace to send all warrants to the Stewart of the County Poor House before delivering the papers.

RUDOLPH FERNER,
ALEXANDER KORNS,
DANIEL KIMMELL,
Poor Directors.

F. Laentz, Steward. Sept 6-4t

James O. Kiernan, M. D. tenders his professional services to the citizens of Somerset and vicinity. He can be found at the residence of his father on Main Street or at the office of Dr. Henry Brubaker.

Sept 6, 1882.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Charles Wingert, late of Jenner township dec'd.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned by the proper authority, notice is hereby given to those indebted to the said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against it to present them duly authenticated for settlement, at the residence of the Administrator in Quemahoning township, dec'd., on Saturday, October 21st, 1882.

ADAM ELOUGH, Administrator.

Sept6

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF Valuable Farm and Timber Lands!

By virtue of the power contained in the last will and testament of Andrew Stahler, late of Shade township, Somerset county, Penn'a., dec'd., the undersigned Executor of said deceased, will offer for sale by public outcry, at the late residence of said deceased on

SATURDAY, Sept. 30th, 1882,

at 1 o'clock, p. m., the following described real estate of said deceased, to-wit:

No. 1.—The homestead of said deceased, in Shade township, Somerset county, Pa., adjoining lands of Charles Sarver, Conrad Stoy, tract No. 2 and others, containing 148 acres and allowance, of which 120 acres are cleared and the balance well timbered. There is a first-rate coal Vein, known as the celebrated "Stahler Coal" on this farm, and has thereon erected a large two-story Stone House, a large Bank Barn, Spring House and other outbuildings, with an apple orchard.

No. 2.—A certain tract of land adjoining tract No. 1, Conrad Stoy, and others, known as the Laslwick Weehtenheiser farm," containing 216 acres and allowance, of which about 110 acres are cleared and under cultivation, the balance well timbered. This tract will be offered as a whole and in two parcels, it being divided by the Pike into about two equal parcels.

No. 3.—A certain tract of land adjoining tract No. 1, lands of Charles Sorber, Conrad Stoy and others, containing 71 acres, 114 perches and allowance, a part of which is cleared, the balance heavily timbered.

No. 4.—A certain tract of land adjoining Nos. 1, 2 and 3, and lands of Conrad Sto, , containing 15 acres and 61 perches and allowance, partly cleared. This parcel will be sold with No. 1.

No. 5.—A certain tract of land situate in Allegheny township, Somerset county, Pa., adjoining lands of Rev. L. Mangus, Job Mann and tract No. 6, containing 156 acres, known as the "Rifle farm," of which about 80 acres are cleared, the balance well timbered, and has thereon erected a two-story Log House and good Stable, with a good apple orchard.

No. 6.—A certain tract of land situate on both sides of the Pittsburgh and Bedford Pike, part in Bedford county and part in Somerset county, adjoining tract No. 5 and lands of Job Mann, John Yoder, and others, now in the occupancy of James H. Pew, containing 420 acres and allowance, of which 120 acres are cleared and under cultivation; the balance well timbered, with a two-story Frame House, a good barn and other outbuildings thereon erected, with an apple orchard; farm is well fenced and well watered.

No. 7.—A certain tract of land, known as the "Shot Factory Stand," situate in Napier township, Bedford county, Pa., on the Pittsburgh and Bedford Pike, adjoining No. 6, lands of Job Mann and others, containing 133 acres, 96 perches and allowance, of which about 40 acres are cleared, the balance well timbered and well watered, with a three-story Stone House and stable thereon erected.

TERMS:

One-third in hand, one-third to remain a lien, the interest to be paid annually to the widow during her lifetime, and at her death the principal to the heirs of said deceased, and the remaining one-third in three equal annual payments, without interest. The deferred payments to be secured by judgment notes or bonds. Ten per cent. of purchase money to be paid on day of sale.

W. M. SCHROCK, Executor.

Sept. 6.

Notice.

We the undersigned Poor Directors of Somerset county, hereby give public notice, that after the date of this publication, we will pay no more than eight dollars for a coffin.

Dated September 1st, 1882.

RUDOLPH FERNER,
ALEXANDER KORNS,
DANIEL KIMMELL,
Poor Directors.

Franklin Laentz, Steward. Sept6-4t

VALUABLE HOME FOR SALE!

The undersigned will sell at private sale on reasonable terms, a farm containing 33 acres, situate in Somerset township, one mile west from the Court House, 30 acres of which are clear and in a good state of cultivation, and 3 acres timber land, with a new Swiss barn, a good dwelling house, tenant house and other outbuildings thereon erected; with never-failing springs of water and plenty of fruit trees on the same; adjoining James Parson on the west.

FRANK R. COUNTRYMAN.

Somerset, Pa., Aug. 3, 1882.-4t

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that I do not, as my signed, will not be responsible for any debts contracted by C. F. Weaver, of the firm of C. F. Weaver & Co., doing business at Berlin, Somerset county, Pa.

J. A. BOYER.

J. A. Boyer will continue the Photograph business at the old stand.

July 12

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of John W. Haines, late of Jenner township, Somerset co., dec'd.

Letters of administration on above estate have been granted to the undersigned by the proper authority, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against it to present them duly authenticated for settlement on Thursday the 7th day of September 1882, at 10 o'clock P. M. at the late residence of said deceased.

JOSIAH KELLER, Administrator.

Aug 23-4t

Administrators' Notice.

Estate of Alexander Priestline, deceased.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, by the proper authority, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to it to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands will present them duly authenticated for settlement, on Wednesday the 13th day of September, 1882, at the house of C. H. Kantz, Jenner X Roads.

C. H. KANTZ, Administrator.

aug 9

HEADACHE

Can be effectually cured by using Dr. Fahnestock's Health Restorer, because it purifies the blood and renovates the cause. There is no danger in its use and is purely vegetable. Can be used at any age.

FOR SALE

A valuable farm containing about One Hundred and Sixty-five Acres, (165) fifty to fifty-five acres of the finest Oak and Poplar timber in Conner Valley, twenty-five acres excellent meadow, eighty acres splendid grain and pasture land, besides other timber land, all well watered with stone on the farm, good frame house, wagon shop, grain house and log barn. Situated from Rockport, P. R. R., 4 miles, Lescolie, P. R. R., and West Fairhill, one and one-half mile, where always be found a cash grain and hay market.

TERMS EASY.

Address—

JAS. Q. LEMMON,
3701 Woodland Ave.
Philadelphia.

Or inquire of N. W. Lemmon, Latrobe, (Westmoreland Co., Pa.)

A VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE

In Somerset township, Somerset Co., Pa., 3 miles east of Somerset, on the Somerset and Bedford turnpike, adjoining lands of William Danner, Daniel Kimmel, John Geary and others containing about 300 acres, 100 acres clear and in good state of cultivation, the balance well timbered; about 40 acres meadow. The farm is well adapted for grain or grazing. Is nearly all underlaid with the best limestone; a good limestone quarry opened; six feet thick; three feet good coal on the farm; good working condition. A large two-story dwelling house with a basement, barn, spring house, sugar camp and other out buildings, a three-year-old apple orchard of eighty-five bearing trees, a young apple orchard just coming into bearing, ninety-six trees, pears plums, peaches, grapes, etc.

ALSO,

A tract of timber land laying about two miles northwest of Somerset, adjoining lands of William Beam, John J. Baker, and others, containing about 26½ acres. For further information inquire on, or address

S. J. BAER, Somerset, Pa.

Estray Notice.

Came straying on my farm, near