



EX GOVERNOR HARTMAN has been offered the Mexican Mission, and it is reported he will accept.

A. J. KAUFFMAN has been appointed Internal Revenue Collector at Lancaster, in place of Thomas A. Whyte, removed.

OFFICIAL FIGURES show that up to the 22d of last month there were 45,000 post-offices in the United States. The increase during the last month was 250 offices.

EVERY member of the present Legislature of Alabama is a Democrat. This shows a most singular unanimity of political sentiment, or that Democratic election officers are very skillful counters of ballots.

COL. DICK, of Crawford County, who is a much talked of candidate for Congressman-at-Large before the coming State Convention, failed to secure the delegates from his own county last week—which is bad for Dick.

THE Legislature of Nebraska will meet in extra session on the 10th of this month, for the purpose of re-districting the State. The State has now only one member of Congress, and the new apportionment gives it three.

THE election cases being tried in South Carolina do not pass over very well. Public sentiment influences the juries and controls their verdicts. It is established, however, that fraud and terrorism have been the main instruments of Democratic victories in that State.

DURING the year 1881 there were landed in this country 720,045 foreign emigrants. The arrivals so far during this year are over fifty per cent. greater than in 1881, and indicate an immigration this year amounting to 1,175,000 people. This country has truly become the refuge of all nations.

THE question of the admission of Dakota as a State has become a mere party one, the Democrats opposing it for no better reason than because it would add two more Republican Senators, thus changing the political complexion of that body, and add a Republican State to the electoral vote for the next President.

THE election in Pennsylvania this fall is for a Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of Internal Affairs, Justice of the Supreme Court, twenty-five State Senators for four years, two hundred and one members of the Assembly for two years, twenty-seven members of Congress, and important local officers in every county.

GENERAL BAILEY, State Treasurer-elect, has announced the following named persons as his selections for the various positions in the Treasury Department: Cashier, Captain A. C. Nutt, Uniontown, Fayette county; Approval Clerk, H. C. Greenwald, Franklin county; County Clerk, John S. Holmes, Pittsburgh; Appropriation Clerk, John E. Stott, Chester county; Messenger, George A. Cornelius, Philadelphia; Watchman, E. H. Stackpole, Millifin county; Fireman, George A. Smith, Lancaster.

ON Friday last the principal officers of the National Guard of Pennsylvania, met at Lewisburg and made the final arrangements for the holding of the grand encampment. The announcement heretofore made that the encampment would commence on the 19th of August, was reconsidered in consequence of the Juniata Valley camp meeting having previously fixed upon the 16th of that month for its commencement, and Saturday, August 5th, substituted, on which day the troops will take the positions assigned them.

THE Democratic party scarcely knows what to howl about. Waterson says free trade, Voorhees says tariff, and Pacific coast Democrats say Chinese expulsion is the great plank of the coming platform. It really seems as if there is but one plank upon which the masses of the party can tread firmly, and that is free whisky. The Republicans have made the country prosperous and rich, and given such stability to every enterprise and established such wise systems in all financial matters as to be beyond the reach of the criticisms of mere politicians. Just what better could be expected from a Democratic administration is difficult to see. The dangers of such a change no reasonable and thinking man will doubt.

IT will be remembered that one Hallet Kilbourne, who was a witness before an investigating committee of Congress, in 1876, refused to produce certain books demanded by the Committee, and was adjudged to be in contempt and ordered into the custody of the Sergeant-at-Arms and held in custody for forty-five days. After his discharge by the court, on a writ of habeas corpus, he brought an action for false imprisonment against John G. Thompson, the Sergeant-at-Arms, which case was decided last week by a verdict of \$100,000 in favor of Kilbourne against Thompson. If the verdict stands good, Congress will in common fairness have to appropriate a sum of money to indemnify Thompson, who, as its officer, simply obeyed instructions.

EVERY man who has a personal grievance in politics endeavors to vault into popular favor by striving to prove that partisanship means corruption, when in fact the truth is known, it could be shown that such men became aggrieved because they failed or were thwarted in some vilely laid partisan plan.

A DEPUTY Sheriff of Americus, Ga., seized a man's mule for taxes the other day. The man, whose name was Manson, offered to lead the mule alongside a fence so that the official could mount him easy. After this feat was accomplished, Manson tickled the mule with a straw, and the result was a miniature earthquake. The mule thrashed the Sheriff and kicked him seven times before he touched the ground. The moral of this tale is obvious.

EX-SENATOR THURMAN has plenty of time to observe events, and his long experience gives his opinions value. In addition to this, the fact

It is now reported that a new morning daily Philadelphia paper is to be started in Philadelphia shortly, with Secretary Quay as its editor-in-chief. The Press, Times and other shilly-shally political journals are very much disgruntled at the prospect of having an out and out Republican paper to contend with, and are wasting their wit and sarcasm on the project. Col. Quay is an old journalist and a clear and vigorous writer, and as the new paper will be backed by abundant capital, the milk and molasses fellows are trembling in advance of its advent.

DURING the late war it was frequently declared by Republican journals that the time would come when the Northern Democrats would claim that their party had all favored a vigorous policy for the suppression of the rebellion. For years past this prediction has been frequently verified, but never so signally as when in the House on Monday last week Democratic members speaking for themselves and their constituents, actually claimed to have done the greater part of the work in putting down the rebellion.

In this ridiculous assertion they received aid and comfort from Governor Andy Curtin—now a Democratic member of Congress—who declared that the Democrats had been loyal as the Republicans during the war, and that all had been loyal in Pennsylvania; but the ex-Governor was suddenly brought to grief by Brumm, of Schuylkill, asking him whether he had sent troops into Schuylkill county in 1863 to put down the "Fishing Creek Rebellion," and Mr. Miller reminding him that when Lee's army was invading Pennsylvania, a Democratic convention then in session in Harrisburg, was declaring the war a failure and advising a cessation of hostilities on any terms. This is not the first time that Curtin's defective memory has got him into hot water, and he suddenly subsided while a smile of contempt was on every man's face. Of course such discussions are unprofitable now, but it is well that truth should be vindicated occasionally.

SOME of the newspapers express surprise at the behavior of certain members of the Kentucky State Senate the other day, who, while drunk, threatened to knock off the top of each others heads. The whole trouble grows out of the fact that it is becoming the practice in Kentucky to have reporters around the State Capitol, and the idea of being surprised because a Kentucky Senator gets drunk is of course absurd, and equally absurd is it to be amazed at his threats to fight. There are two things which a Kentucky Senator of old Bourbon proclivities is always doing—getting drunk and threatening to fight. But it is really innocent amusement, and reporters ought to so regard it. The Senator doesn't actually fight, and doesn't intend to, and why not let him have his little fun in his old way. It's nothing but a Kentucky wake, and the boys ought to be let alone.

W. W. KERR, Esq., a Democratic lawyer of Philadelphia, was employed by Attorney General Brewster and sent to South Carolina to help try the election cases in that State. After several weeks' sojourn in Charleston in the discharge of his duty Mr. Kerr was returned to Philadelphia, utterly disgusted with the ways of his Southern brethren. Mr. Kerr claims that he has been a Democrat all his life and is one yet, but thinks that if the condition of affairs he found existing in South Carolina extends throughout the South, that it is time the North understands that the embers of rebellion still smolder in the Southern heart. He says that it is impossible to obtain a fair trial of any political cases in that State owing to the obstacles placed in the way by the State and other local authorities. Because he did his duty and dared to insist that a Democrat who was caught stuffing a ballot box should be punished like any other criminal he was grossly insulted, and the windows of the hotel where he was staying were smashed in the night time by a mob. He says there are nearly one hundred cases of fraud at the polls still to be tried, and "from the evidence there should be convictions in all of them." He makes this public profession of his faith of faith: "When I was first summoned to South Carolina I did not believe in the stories told of ballot-box stuffing, but after carefully examining the evidence, and some of it is thought fatal. It is a sad and a terrible thing. The town was completely destroyed, only three houses being left, dwellings on the outskirts. Nothing like it has ever been seen in this section. Ten persons were killed instantly, five white and five colored. The names of the whites are as follows: H. W. McWhorter, chancery clerk; Allen Sharp, Mrs. Cannon and baby, and Rev. S. W. Dale. Out of a population of about 150, very few escaped without some injury. Between fifteen and twenty were seriously injured, and some of it is thought fatal. Ex-Sheriff William White and several others are known to have been killed since the outbreak a week ago. One hundred and fifty head of stock have been killed or captured and \$25,000 worth of property destroyed.

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that he is a Democrat gives his judgment more weight when he says: "I am surprised at the ability of President Arthur shows, for I supposed him merely a politician. You won't see him make many mistakes, and our folks will have to get up early in the morning to beat him if he is the Republican candidate for the Presidency in 1884."

THE prosecutions for violations of the election law in South Carolina develop some startling facts. The regard to the conduct of the Democrats in that State last election. In Barnwell county, for instance, a large body of armed and mounted Democrats camped near the polling place during the night preceding the election, and on the morning of election day, thoroughly aroused and with the Confederate flag in their midst, surrounded the poll, and prevented colored men from voting. And yet one Democrat on the jury which tried the leaders of this outrage stubbornly refused to agree to a verdict of guilty, and the case had to be dismissed.

THE Democrats of Indiana are up to some of the regulation Democratic tricks again this year. In the place of a well-defined party policy they are seeking to utilize the temperance question, which is more or less agitating the State. An effort is made to crowd the question into the canvass as a means of injuring the Republicans, and meantime the Liquor Dealers' Association have bargained with the Democrats that the prohibition amendment to the Constitution shall not be submitted to the people by the Legislature. Ex-Governor Hendricks, in a recent speech at Indianapolis, took decided ground against the submission of a prohibitory amendment to the people. He argued that the temperance question had not been an issue in the canvass when the present Legislature was elected, and said that the Democratic party would vigorously oppose the amendment.

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Horrible Details of the Recent Massacre in Arizona.

TUCSON, Arizona, April 25.—A correspondent at Safford gives the following account of the recent Indian attack: "Stanislau Metas, aged nine years, has just arrived from Stevens' sheep camp with the following story of the Indian massacre occurring in the Indian Territory. The Indians attacked the camp, while we were all asleep. My father and five other men attempted to get their guns but were too late. The Indians rushed in from all sides and overpowered them before a shot could be fired. The work of slaughter then began. An Indian put the muzzle of his gun against the head of one man and fired, blowing his brains against the door and walls. I saw them by beating their brains out with stones. They killed the persons behind her, but, notwithstanding those efforts, many persons, and probably more, perished. Their names are as follows: Mrs. Oscar Kemp and child, of Com; Mrs. G. H. Dawner, of Norwalk; Captain Charlette, of the schooner Mosquito Inlet bar; Charles Pierce, a nephew, and Willie Brooks, a son of the pilot of the ill-fated steamer, and Dorse Snapper, a deck hand.

The steamer George M. Bird was coming down the river a few miles ahead of the Sanford. Her officer discovered the fire, and at once put back and took on board the survivors and brought them to this city. The remains of the lost were also brought here. Some of the bodies were burned to a crisp. A full morning and considerable excitement prevails. The steamer and contents are a total loss.

West Chester, April 25.—Much excitement was caused here today by the announcement that J. D. Andrews had killed his wife at their residence near Hayesville in this county. It appears that for several years "Professor" Andrews, as he is familiarly called, has manifested a tendency to insanity, and an attendant was hired to watch him. Last night while Mrs. Andrews was in her sitting room her husband, who had been left unguarded for a moment in an adjoining room, seized a rolling pin and quietly stealing up behind his wife dealt her a terrible blow on the head, which fell to the floor insensible while the attendant, returning just at this moment, secured Andrews and summoned medical aid. There was no hope, however, and Mrs. Andrews died at 4 o'clock this morning, without recovering consciousness. She was about fifty years of age, and her husband, who is about sixty years old, accumulated a large fortune by his wonderful skill as a mathematician. He was known as "The lightning calculator," and it is supposed that his peculiar mental exercise was the prime cause of his mind breaking down.

Gen. Arthur at Fortress Monroe.

FORTRESS MONROE, April 27.—It was one o'clock, before the Tallapoosa with the disabled gunboats came steaming into the harbor with the flag of the President flying. Salutes of twenty-one guns were fired by the water battery and the commanders of the Kearsarge and Yantic paid their respects to the President on the ships, whereas also afterward came the Hancock, Gettysburg and other vessels. At three o'clock the President, accompanied by the Secretary of War, Secretary of the Navy, General McCook and the members of the House Naval Committee, landed and were received by Generals Hancock and Gettysburg in carriages. The fleet, and afterward witnessed the review and the mortar firing. At the third shot a flagstaff 3,000 yards distant was shot away. The diplomas were presented to the graduates of the artillery school by General Hancock. The naval review will come off to-morrow.

Hanged by an Indiana Mob.

CINCINNATI, O., April 24.—A special dispatch to the Times-Star from Greensburg, Ind., says: "A mob of fifty masked men at 6 o'clock this morning called on the jailer, and by showing him a paper, got the keys of the jail, and entered. They then knocked in the jail door, took out O. M. Garrett, hung him to a maple tree ten feet from the jail, and left after placing a placard on the body. This is greeting to the Jennings County Jury." Grett had been acquitted in Jennings county of a conspiracy in the assassination of Mr. Walton by a negro named Frazer, and after acquittal had been arrested on another charge. There are fears that the mob will next hang Frazer and Mr. Walton.

A Gang of Philadelphia Thieves Captured.

LANCASTER, Pa., April 24.—George Watkins, William Clark and Edward C. Beck, of Philadelphia, supposed to be professional burglars, entered the house of John R. Coyle, of this county, this morning and robbed the premises of \$600. The neighbors gave chase, firing upon the thieves, and after wounding Clark in the neck, captured the entire party.

Death of the Sage of Concord in His 78th Year.

CONCORD, Mass., April 26.—Ralph Waldo Emerson died at his home in this place of pneumonia at 9 o'clock this evening. No arrangements have yet been made for the funeral, but it is probable that the services will be held at the Unitarian Church in Concord on Monday, and that remains will be placed in the Sleepy Hollow Cemetery, near Emerson's home.

A Family Suffering from Trichina.

ATCHISON, Kan., April 27.—On the 23d instant Adam Ballinger, living near Clyde, killed a hog, of which the entire family ate, and during the night all were seized with vomiting and the other symptoms of trichiniasis. A son, aged 12 years, died during the night, and the remainder of the family are in a dying condition, except Mrs. Ballinger, who may recover. The movements of the trichina in the raw pork may be observed with the naked eye.

Hung Himself to Avoid Work.

MARIETTA, O., April 23.—John Fisher, a lad 14 years old, living four miles back of Williamstown, West Virginia, hung himself this morning, because he did not like to work. He told his father when he split the kindling wood last night it was the last he would do, and when called this morning he got up and went out and hung himself.

A Train Stamped by the Sioux.

ST. JOE, Mo., April 25.—News comes from Chamberlain that a full train, belonging to a freighter, was stamped by Sioux Indians with arrows. This is the most important deprecation committed by the Sioux Indians for some years.

Great Strike of Coal Miners.

PITTSBURGH, April 27.—A despatch from Neshannock, Mercer County, says that a mass-meeting held there to-day of the coal miners of the Shenandoah Valley has resolved to continue work at the present prices until the 23d instant, and after that date to cease mining until such time as the late reduction of ten cents per ton is restored. There are 1,500 miners in the Shenandoah Valley. In the Pittsburgh district 4,000 are now on a strike. Should the Ohio miners strike on Monday, which they have resolved to do unless their former wages are restored, 10,000 more will be added to the above.

Fatal Accident in a Gymnasium.

ANNAPOLIS, April 30.—A shocking accident occurred yesterday afternoon at 6 o'clock at the Naval Academy. Cadet Engineer Lawrence A. Wedderburn, of Alexandria, Va., in company with Cadet Engineer Arthur L. Hughes, was practicing in the gymnasium in the Wedderburn building was exercising on the ring-ropes about twenty feet in length, suspended from the ceiling, with large iron rings for handholds at lower ends. When he gave a swing and attempted to turn a somersault he lost his hold and fell to the floor about three feet from the floor when he fell. His companion ran to his assistance lifted him up and called for aid. Passed Assistant Engineer B. W. Bertoletto arrived in a few minutes and applied the manual resuscitator. Surgeon W. A. Corwin also soon after came in, but the young man died at 6:30. He was nineteen years old.

Lynchings in Colorado.

LAKE CITY, COLO., April 27.—A hundred masked men entered the jail early this morning and overpowered the guards and took James J. O'Connell and George Betts from their cells and hanged them to a bridge a short distance from town. They died making no remark of any kind. Their crime was the killing of Sheriff Campbell yesterday while he was attempting to arrest them.

South Carolina Election Cases.

CHARLESTON, April 30.—The jury in the Burrwell county election case, in which J. B. and other defendants were charged with obstructing voters, have not yet agreed upon a verdict. Of thirty-nine defendants a nolle prosequi was entered in the case of ten.

MARKET REPORT.

Corrected weekly by R. Reilly, Son & Co., Wholesale Produce Commission Merchants, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Apples—Per bushel, 1.00; Raisins—Per box, 1.00; Sugar—Per cwt., 1.00; Coffee—Per cwt., 1.00; Tea—Per cwt., 1.00; Rice—Per cwt., 1.00; Flour—Per barrel, 1.00; Wheat—Per bushel, 1.00; Corn—Per bushel, 1.00; Oats—Per bushel, 1.00; Hay—Per ton, 1.00; Potatoes—Per bushel, 1.00; Beans—Per bushel, 1.00; Peas—Per bushel, 1.00; Lentils—Per bushel, 1.00; Chickens—Per dozen, 1.00; Eggs—Per dozen, 1.00; Butter—Per pound, 1.00; Lard—Per pound, 1.00; Soap—Per pound, 1.00; Candles—Per pound, 1.00; Matches—Per box, 1.00; Paper—Per ream, 1.00; Ink—Per bottle, 1.00; Stationery—Per box, 1.00; Printing—Per copy, 1.00; Advertising—Per line, 1.00; Shipping—Per ton, 1.00; Freight—Per ton, 1.00; Insurance—Per ton, 1.00; Bank—Per dollar, 1.00; Money—Per dollar, 1.00; Gold—Per ounce, 1.00; Silver—Per ounce, 1.00; Copper—Per ounce, 1.00; Iron—Per ounce, 1.00; Lead—Per ounce, 1.00; Zinc—Per ounce, 1.00; Tin—Per ounce, 1.00; Nickel—Per ounce, 1.00; Platinum—Per ounce, 1.00; Palladium—Per ounce, 1.00; Rhodium—Per ounce, 1.00; Rhenium—Per ounce, 1.00; Ruthenium—Per ounce, 1.00; Selenium—Per ounce, 1.00; Tellurium—Per ounce, 1.00; Vanadium—Per ounce, 1.00; Yttrium—Per ounce, 1.00; Zirconium—Per ounce, 1.00; Niobium—Per ounce, 1.00; Manganese—Per ounce, 1.00; Barium—Per ounce, 1.00; Strontium—Per ounce, 1.00; Calcium—Per ounce, 1.00; Magnesium—Per ounce, 1.00; Sodium—Per ounce, 1.00; Potassium—Per ounce, 1.00; Lithium—Per ounce, 1.00; Beryllium—Per ounce, 1.00; Boron—Per ounce, 1.00; Fluorine—Per ounce, 1.00; Chlorine—Per ounce, 1.00; Bromine—Per ounce, 1.00; Iodine—Per ounce, 1.00; Oxygen—Per ounce, 1.00; Nitrogen—Per ounce, 1.00; Carbon—Per ounce, 1.00; Silicon—Per ounce, 1.00; Phosphorus—Per ounce, 1.00; Sulfur—Per ounce, 1.00; Selenium—Per ounce, 1.00; Tellurium—Per ounce, 1.00; Vanadium—Per ounce, 1.00; Yttrium—Per ounce, 1.00; Zirconium—Per ounce, 1.00; Niobium—Per ounce, 1.00; Manganese—Per ounce, 1.00; Barium—Per ounce, 1.00; Strontium—Per ounce, 1.00; Calcium—Per ounce, 1.00; Magnesium—Per ounce, 1.00; Sodium—Per ounce, 1.00; Potassium—Per ounce, 1.00; Lithium—Per ounce, 1.00; Beryllium—Per ounce, 1.00; Boron—Per ounce, 1.00; Fluorine—Per ounce, 1.00; Chlorine—Per ounce, 1.00; Bromine—Per ounce, 1.00; Iodine—Per ounce, 1.00; Oxygen—Per ounce, 1.00; Nitrogen—Per ounce, 1.00; Carbon—Per ounce, 1.00; Silicon—Per ounce, 1.00; Phosphorus—Per ounce, 1.00; Sulfur—Per ounce, 1.00; Selenium—Per ounce, 1.00; Tellurium—Per ounce, 1.00; Vanadium—Per ounce, 1.00; Yttrium—Per ounce, 1.00; Zirconium—Per ounce, 1.00; Niobium—Per ounce, 1.00; Manganese—Per ounce, 1.00; Barium—Per ounce, 1.00; Strontium—Per ounce, 1.00; Calcium—Per ounce, 1.00; Magnesium—Per ounce, 1.00; Sodium—Per ounce, 1.00; Potassium—Per ounce, 1.00; Lithium—Per ounce, 1.00; Beryllium—Per ounce, 1.00; Boron—Per ounce, 1.00; Fluorine—Per ounce, 1.00; Chlorine—Per ounce, 1.00; Bromine—Per ounce, 1.00; Iodine—Per ounce, 1.00; Oxygen—Per ounce, 1.00; Nitrogen—Per ounce, 1.00; Carbon—Per ounce, 1.00; Silicon—Per ounce, 1.00; Phosphorus—Per ounce, 1.00; Sulfur—Per ounce, 1.00; Selenium—Per ounce, 1.00; Tellurium—Per ounce, 1.00; Vanadium—Per ounce, 1.00; Yttrium—Per ounce, 1.00; Zirconium—Per ounce, 1.00; Niobium—Per ounce, 1.00; Manganese—Per ounce, 1.00; Barium—Per ounce, 1.00; Strontium—Per ounce, 1.00; Calcium—Per ounce, 1.00; Magnesium—Per ounce, 1.00; Sodium—Per ounce, 1.00; Potassium—Per ounce, 1.00; Lithium—Per ounce, 1.00; Beryllium—Per ounce, 1.00; Boron—Per ounce, 1.00; Fluorine—Per ounce, 1.00; Chlorine—Per ounce, 1.00; Bromine—Per ounce, 1.00; Iodine—Per ounce, 1.00; Oxygen—Per ounce, 1.00; Nitrogen—Per ounce, 1.00; Carbon—Per ounce, 1.00; Silicon—Per ounce, 1.00; Phosphorus—Per ounce, 1.00; Sulfur—Per ounce, 1.00; Selenium—Per ounce, 1.00; Tellurium—Per ounce, 1.00; Vanadium—Per ounce, 1.00; Yttrium—Per ounce, 1.00; Zirconium—Per ounce, 1.00; Niobium—Per ounce, 1.00; Manganese—Per ounce, 1.00; Barium—Per ounce, 1.00; Strontium—Per ounce, 1.00; Calcium—Per ounce, 1.00; Magnesium—Per ounce, 1.00; Sodium—Per ounce, 1.00; Potassium—Per ounce, 1.00; Lithium—Per ounce, 1.00; Beryllium—Per ounce, 1.00; Boron—Per ounce, 1.00; Fluorine—Per ounce, 1.00; Chlorine—Per ounce, 1.00; Bromine—Per ounce