The Somerset Herald.

EDWARD SCULL, Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY.....April 19, 1882.

It is said that ex-Senator Rutan, of Beaver, is booked for Marshal in place of General Hall, resigned.

General John Hall has resigned his position as Marshal of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania.

William E. Chandler has been confirmed by the Senate as Secretary of the Navy, and ex-Secretary Hunt confirmed as Minister to Russia.

Colonel Jackson, of Armstrong county, has been appointed Collector of Internal Revenue for the Twenty-third district, in place of Col. John N. Sullivan, removed.

Major A. M. Brown will have a solid delegation from this end of the State in the coming Convention. Out this way the Republicans want sand, not starch, in their Judges.

It is reported from Washington that Secretary Lincoln will soon retire from the Cabinet, as he finds his practice at the bar in Chicago was much more in accordance with his tastes, as well as more lucrative than his present position.

The nomination of General Beaver for Governor is now conceded. So many counties are declaring for him that it is hard to keep the run of them. It looks now as if his nomination might be made by acclamation.

The Democrats are fighting the admission of Dakota as a State. The milk in that cocoanut is accounted for by the fact that two additional Senators and one Congressman will be added to the Republican ranks in Congress.

The cry-baby organs are in a quandary. They whimpered mournfully over their own charge that the President wouldn't appoint any but Stalwarts to office, and now that Blaine's first lieutenant has been taken into the Cabinet they howl lustily that he isn't a Blaine man any longer.

Chandler, who has just been made Secretary of the Navy, led the anti-Grant forces at Chicago, and was appointed Solicitor General by Garfield. How cruel in President Arthur to thus heap coals of fire on the heads of the high kickers who insist that no good thing can come out of Nazareth.

Wolfe, the "Reformer," has announced himself as willing to accept the "Independent" nomination for Governor or any other of the State offices to be filled at the coming election. Of course he is. He was willing to be elected State Treasurer last year, and his sole object is to "reform" himself into office.

The Philadelphia *Times* at the commencement of the canvass, undertook to ridicule General Beaver as the "Christian Statesman," "Hero Beaver," &c., &c., but since it has become apparent that the hearts of the people are with the disabled soldier it has changed its tune and plainly tells its Democratic co-workers that there is trouble ahead. It now says: "General Beaver is a gallant and maimed soldier, a citizen of spotless reputation, and a man of sterling integrity; and but for the fact that his election must assure the re-election of Cameron to the Senate and the continuance of machine domination in the party, he would be invincible as a Gubernatorial candidate. He can be beaten, but it must be by a better policy, and the assurance of a better government and political domination than he represents. As between the regulation Republican machine with General Beaver at the head of the ticket, and the regulation Democratic machine with the Bourbon banner unfurled, Beaver will be elected by tens of thousands." The Wolfe independents meet in convention May 24, and the Democrats June 28. As the Democrats cannot, and will not, give up their State organization, the Independent Republicans will probably support Beaver.

The political campaign that is now opening out in Pennsylvania is in its results one of the utmost importance. A Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of Internal Affairs, Judge of the Supreme Court, Congressmen, and members of the State Senate and House of Representatives are to be chosen. The most important of these offices, to the people, are those of Governor, Members of Congress and of the Legislature. To secure a continuance of our present beneficial State policy, it is necessary for the Republicans to elect the Governor, but the immense stake the State has in National Legislation can be secured only by the election of Republicans to Congress, and by continuing the present Republican majority in the Legislature of the State. The next two or three years will be ones of great importance to Pennsylvania, in matters of National legislation. The entire question of protection to American labor, the adjustment of internal taxation, the continuance of our present National banking system, and the redemption of our National debt will have to be reconsidered and adjusted by Congress, while the Legislature will have before it the task of recasting the State into Congressional, Judicial, Senatorial and Legislative districts and readjusting the tax and revenue laws.

In the present Congress the Republican majority is so narrow that it can at any time be upset by the defection or absence of two or three members, and the majority of the Democrats in that body being hostile to protection for our home labor, except as it may be incidentally afforded by a tariff for revenue only, the vast importance of adding to our majority in that body, must be apparent to every friend of American industry and progress. So also, in the questions of internal taxation, and of the continuance of our system of National banks, the people have deep stake. The country has now a surplus of revenue which we can well afford to reduce. Make the reduction in internal taxes, which come directly from the pockets of the people, and the present duties on foreign imports, which protect our home products and labor must remain, but reduce the tariff duties on foreign imports, and domestic labor suffers to just the extent of the reduction. Our National banking system as at present conducted gives us the best and safest paper currency the country ever enjoyed. The Democrats as a party have always been hostile to it, a large majority of our National banks will soon be compelled to ask renewals of their charters, and the Democrats in the present Congress have already indicated their intention to resists the legislation necessary for that purpose. These be questions in which all our people are deeply and personally interested, and consequently to them, the approaching Congressional nominations and elections should be a matter of keenest concern.

The importance of being properly and intelligently represented in the next Legislature that will have in its hands the re-districting of the State, must be apparent to every Republican, as on the bills then to be passed, will depend the question whether this county will be placed in Republican or Democratic Congressional and Senatorial districts for the succeeding ten years.

In view of the immense interests to Republicans involved in a victory this year, it behooves every intelligent voter in the party to be prudent, vigilant, and true to principle. The great danger lies in local bickerings and the personal rivalry for nominations. All petty jealousies, and mere personal likes and dislikes should be set aside, the idea of harmony must not be lost sight of, selfishness should be frowned down, and good men, true men, men faithful to the interests of the party should be selected as candidates. The coming struggle is for measures, not men, and there never was a time when the people had more at stake. It is but two brief months until the time when the Republicans of this county will be called on to make their nominations for these important offices, and they should commune among themselves, and look possible results squarely in the face before discharging this very responsible duty.

GLEANINGS.

In Georgia the anti-Bourbon movement continues to gain ground rapidly, and steadily, and to win confidence from many men who have been life-long Democrats. The idea of this independent movement is to purge the Democratic party of its treason antecedents, and the process bids fair to revolutionize it. New leadership of the Democratic party in any Southern State cannot fail in its disintegration.

The present Congress, notwithstanding all the reproaches made against it, appears to be doing its work very effectively in the way of maturing and passing the leading practical legislation of the session. This arises from the general absence of conspicuous orators, and from the superior power of the working leaders of the two houses. The general tendency in both houses appears to be wholesome, industrious and practical.

As was to be expected, the people in the Pacific States are very angry at the veto of the Anti-Chinese bill, and they are giving it out that the Republican party need not expect any support from them when election day rolls round again. This is sad news, but Republicans must not allow themselves to be too much depressed by the discouraging prospect before them. They must bear up as best they can, and, if the worst comes to the worst, must try hard to get along without the Pacific coast. This will not be so very hard to do if they put their whole mind to it. The Pacific States command twelve electoral votes, and they gave eight of them to General Hancock. Even if the next Republican candidate is deprived of the remaining four, his election will not be absolutely impossible. Mr. Garfield might have lost the Pacific four and still had fifty-six votes to spare. Politicians whom the veto disheartens should find some comfort in this.

California Lynchers.

San Francisco, April 13.—A Sacramento dispatch says: James Lansig, who was shot by Simon Raton on Monday, died on Tuesday night. A crowd surrounded his hotel and subsequently went to the jail where Raton is confined. Fearing an attack and the lynching of the prisoner, the chief of police called for military assistance and four companies of the National Guard were detailed to guard the jail. The mayor then addressed the crowd, which slowly dispersed. Subsequently the military was withdrawn, with the exception of twelve men with a Gattling gun. It is known that a meeting has been held to organize an attack on the jail.

Jesse James' Murderers.

The New York *Tribune* publishes an interesting interview with City Marshal Enos Craig, of St. Joseph, Mo., concerning the James murder. Craig says that the dead man had more friends than enemies in that section, and that if the Ford boys don't want to bite the dust, they had better get out of that country as soon as they are pardoned. He states that Bob Ford, who is a beardless youth of 21, was a sort of protege of Jesse James', who took pride in him and tutored him in the art of robbing because they grew up together as schoolmates. He was pleased with young Ford's nerve. Bob told Craig that at the Winston train robbery James made them shoot Conductor Westfall in cold blood. Westfall had been with the party of Pinkerton's men who had surrounded the outlaw's house at Kearny some years before and threw a hand grenade through the window and killed Jesse's half-brother and blew off half of his mother's arm. Since they had lived in the house in St. Joe together, Jesse was always on the alert. One day they saw a policeman walking up the hill toward the house, Jesse cried out, "They have 'spotted' me," and taking down his Winchester rifle he drew a sight on the policeman and said: "If he comes ten steps further I shall drop him." But luckily for the poor fellow, who was only out for a walk; he turned and went another direction, and thereby saved his life. The plunder which was found in the house has all been returned to the rightful owners, except a gold watch with a monogram on the back, which was taken from a governor of Arizona at the Hot Springs robbery some years ago. The two horses, which were splendid animals, have both been claimed by their owners in central Missouri. A gold watch he took from a man at the Mammoth Cave robbery has been returned to its owner also.

Great Fire in Titusville.

Titusville, April 14.—About half past three o'clock this morning the roof of the Parshall Opera House was discovered to be on fire. An alarm was sounded but the firemen of the city refused to respond, rebelling against service under the newly elected chief, Haehn. Mayor Caldwell asked ex-Chief Castle to take charge for the occasion, which he did, and under his directions the force went to work with a will. By this time, however, the flames had gained such headway that it was impossible to save the Opera House, and the Parshall House and the whole block was destroyed. Adjoining it stood the Hotel Brunswick which was gutted out badly. Watson's livery stable was also damaged to the extent of $1,000. Alfred Hubbard of the Drake hose company, was caught by a falling wall, and before he could be rescued was seriously and perhaps fatally burned. Hattie Williams, colored cook in the Parshall House, is missing, and is supposed to have lost her life in the flames. The Vandergrift hose company of Oil City came up in response to a request from Mayor Caldwell, arriving at 8:30, by which time the fire was under control. The Parshall Opera House block was one of the finest structures in the region. The Parshall House was a brick building of six stories, substantial and finely finished and furnished. The Hotel Brunswick, which adjoined it, was built as a rival to the Parshall House by Roberts, the torpedo man, because he had a dislike for the proprietors of that house, and was a very fine establishment. The loss on the Parshall House is estimated at $100,000, with an insu of $25,000 on buildings and $3,000 on the furniture. The loss on the Hotel Brunswick is not stated, but is probably covered by insurance.

An Alarming Epidemic of Scarlet Fever.

Philadelphia, April 14.—With regard to alarming rumors of an epidemic of scarlet fever at Boyertown, Berks county, a special despatch from Allentown this afternoon says that there is but little abatement. Last week there were thirteen deaths from scarlet fever, and up to this time nine have been reported this week. The disease is not confined to children only, but quite a number of grown persons have been afflicted, with fatal results. In most cases death follows within a few days after the appearance of the first symptoms. The physicians seem to be unable to cope with the disease. The origin of the disease is a mystery. It is estimated that since the first appearance of scarlet fever there have been over one hundred deaths in the borough and immediate vicinity.

Three Sisters Die Within Half an Hour.

Philadelphia, April 9.—An astonishing case of fatality, in which three died within half an hour, was reported to the Coroner to-day. Two of the women, Sarah Watson, widow, aged fifty-two, and Mrs. Cynthia Winsmore, age fifty-eight, resided at 325 Wharton street, and a third Mrs. Elizabeth Smith at 1335 South Fourth Street. About ten, last night Mrs. Winsmore went to her bedroom. Hearing a noise in the sister's room she entered and found Mrs. Watson in a dying condition. Medical assistance was promptly summoned and Mrs. Smith was also sent for. Mrs. Watson expired in a few minutes. Almost immediately Mrs. Winsmore fell to the floor unconscious and in ten minutes she died. Ten minutes later Mrs. Smith a third sister, was a corpse.

Complaining to the Attorney General.

Washington, April 12.—A delegation of ministers of the African M. E. Church, headed by Bishop Brown and accompanied by Mr. Frederick Douglass, waited upon Attorney General Brewster to-day and made complaint against the United States Attorney for the Northern district of Florida for failure to enforce the provisions of the Civil Rights bill. The particular case referred to was that of Bishop Payne, who was recently put off a railroad train at midnight several miles from the nearest station, after having purchased a first-class ticket. It was represented that all applications to the District Attorney for legal redress were of no avail. The Attorney General promised the delegation that the matter should be investigated.

A Corpse Revives.

Charlestown, W. Va., April 14.—Miss Jenkin, of Blue Creek, fell dead last Monday. After the funeral service, while the friends were taking a last view of the body, signs of life were observed. The body was removed from the coffin and taken home where indications of life are still visible.

State Taxes.

Harrisburg, April 12.—For years past the State Revenue Board have been in the habit of raising the number of certain articles taxed and charging the increase to the counties. For instance, if fifty gold watches were returned, and the Board thought there were one hundred in the county locality, they would raise that amount and charge the tax to the county. Some time ago exception was taken to the Supreme Court, which ruled that the assessors being sworn officers, their return must be taken as correct, and that the Board had no power to change them. Since then their returns have been recorded as presented. This afternoon several parties representing Alleghany county appeared before the Board, and desired a reopening of the accounts of that county from 1870 to 1879, alleging that over $600,000 had ben overpaid in that way. The Board, however, refused, but adopted a resolution to reopen the accounts of all the counties in the State, and allow credit where an excess had been paid from 1875 to 1879. As the money paid cannot be taken from the treasury without a special act of the Legislature, it will be several years before the State will be able to settle with some of the counties to whom money is due.

An Omnibus Bill.

Washington, April 14.—The "omnibus claims bill" passed by the Senate to-day, and previously by the House, contains 1,359 claims of individuals and each individual claimant is named together with the amount allowed. The bill was drafted and passed in pursuance of an act of Congress of July 4, 1864, providing for the payment of certain demands for quartermaster's stores and subsistence supplies furnished the United States Army during the rebellion. The act provided for goods furnished, or which were taken from them, but all claims had to be submitted to the Quartermaster General if for stores, and to the Commissary General if for supplies, and after examination by them, examined and audited by the Treasury Department. The bill which passed the Senate to-day contains claims that have been properly examined and approved, and which amount in the aggregate to $291,148. They are all small claims, ranging from $10 to $1,000. The claimants are residents of Illinois, Kansas, Kentucky Maryland, Missouri, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, West Virginia, and New Mexico. The claims are mainly for small supplies taken for the needs of the army in time of war, and the claimants are nearly all farmers.

Assassination in Arkansas.

Little Rock, Ark., April 11.—A letter from Perryville, Perry county, announces the assassination on Friday evening, eight miles from that town, of J. M. Butler, a school teacher, who came from Indiana three years ago. It was reported in the neighborhood that Butler intended marrying Mrs. Brazil, a widow. On Friday evening, when on the porch of her house, the saw a man toss a note over the fence. Butler called to the man, who at once discharged both barrels of a shot gun at his victim, who died in a few moments. The note, which was afterward picked up, read as follows: "We warn you in plain words to leave. Billy Brazil worked hard for what he had, and we can't stand to see it squandered by you. If that is not enough, we will make it all right with you. [Signed]. J. M. Goodshot."

Small-Pox at Bethlehem and Reading

South Bethlehem, April 13.—Two new cases and one death from small-pox were reported here to-day and one death in Bethlehem. Seventy-four houses are still quarantined, 26 of which are being fumigated; 134 persons are still suffering from the disease. Since the beginning of the epidemic 164 houses have been quarantined and 308 cases and 88 deaths reported. In Saucon township there have been 37 cases and 7 deaths. There are still 12 cases in Bethlehem.

Reading, April 13.—A case of small-pox has developed here. The house where the patient lies has been quarantined and the inmates will be provided for by the Board of Health.

A Saving Bank Cashier's Defalcation.

Washington, Pa., April 11.—Mr. Ruth, the cashier of the saving bank in this place, falls short in his accounts from $30,000 to $60,000. He told a director on Sunday that he was a defaulter for $60,000; that he alone was responcible, and that he had lost the money in grain speculations. The transactions began about a year ago. He received deposits for a long time without entering them upon the books of the bank and made his balances with false entries. Judgments for $30,000 have been entered against him and his father, one of his bondsmen—one for $25,000 by the president in trust for the bank, and others for $5,000 by individuals. The bank is secured by the bond of five persons for $100,000 and the depositors are safe.

Three Poor Babies on a Raft.

We are creditably informed by a gentleman just from Morgan City that some persons who were watching floating timber in Berwick's Bay caught a raft of logs on which were found three children, two of whom were dead and the third in such a condition that it was all that some human person who took the bodies in charge could do to resuscitate the body. The two dead bodies were buried, while a lady has in charge the remaining child. The unfortunate being was not sufficiently restored to give any account of itself.

Thoroughbred Trotters.

Louisville, April 11.—The greatest sale of finely bred trotting stock ever made in Kentucky up to this time took place yesterday near this city and included representatives of the Eden View, Indian Hill and Woodlake stock. Mr. Robert Bonner, of New York, bought a number of the best horses, paying for one—a three year old Cuyler filly—$4,000. The seventy-nine head sold brought $29,260. The stock has a wide distribution.

Another Blast From Guiteau.

Washington, April 14.—Guiteau is out in another card. "Had they (relatives) all died," he says, "twenty-five years ago, it would have been a Godsend to me." He charges Scoville with a desire to get control of his (Guiteau's) book, and says he has already paid Scoville $275, "which is more than his alleged services are worth."

Gratification of a Morbid Desire.

New York, April 13.—Ex Marshal Enos Craig, who was the chief of police of St. Joseph, Mo., when Jesse James was murdered there last week, was in this city yesterday. He is a man of sixty, with white hair and moustache, bushy white eyebrows and a square chin. He has a reputation for coolness and courage. He said he was called to the house of Jesse James immediately after the shooting. The Ford boys would have taken James prisoner had they not been afraid of Mrs. James, who was an expert with her pistol. All of the James women are good shots and shoot as quickly as the men. Since the funeral, relic-hunters, Mr. Craig says, have cut up the blood-stained carpet and chipped splinters from the flooring, and even cut twigs from the fruit trees in the yard. At Mrs. James' request the Marshal sent seven policemen to drive them away. Mr. Craig said he had in his possession all of the arms of Jesse James and he exhibited a large cartridge which he had taken from James' revolver.

The Control of Coal Lands.

Greensburg, April 11.—It is estimated that every acre of available coal land in Westmoreland County is now controlled by speculators and capitalists. Contracts for building a goodly portion of the Vanderbilt route have been let, and the railroad company, together with a party of Pittsburgh capitalists, have gobbled up all the territory along its proposed line. In the eastern and southern part half a dozen new coal and coke corporations are beginning operations along the line of Latrobe and Mount Pleasant Railroad, now in course of construction. The only good coal land not yet secured is a body of about 1,000 acres, lying near Latrobe and owned by the Catholic Church. Altogether about 25,000 acres have changed hands during the past three months.

Killed for Money.

San Francisco, Cal., April 10.—A Lewiston, Idaho, dispatch says a triple murder, robbery and arson occurred at Camas Creek, Idaho, on or about the 2d inst. Three Chinamen were engaged in mining in a remote place on the creek, and were known to have in their possession about $700 in gold dust. On the fifth their cabin was found burned, in which were the charred remains of two of the chinamen. In the claim was found the body of the third, shot through the head, and his throat cut from ear to ear. A young white man in the neighborhood, named Gamoway, exhibited considerable gold dust, evidently such as was taken from the claim, and had upon him a pair of boots belonging to one of the murdered men. He has since been arrested.

A Desperate Fight.

Bridgeport, Conn., April 12.—About 2.30 this morning two men, wearing masks and armed with revolvers and steel bars, entered the factory of Eaton, Cole & Burnham and made a murderous attack on Patrick Sullivan, the night watchman. A desperate fight ensued, and Sullivan was shot in the head by one of the masked men and struck on the head with a steel bar by the other desperado, inflicting a frightful wound. The assailants were afterwards frightened away, leaving a revolver, a mask, a gag and some burglars' tools behind. Sullivan is badly injured, though possibly not fatally.

Earnings of a Trunk Line.

Baltimore, April 12.—The regular monthly meeting of the board of directors of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company was held to-day, the president in the chair. Semi-annual cash dividends of 5 per cent. were declared on the stock of the main stem and of the Washington branch, leaving a surplus of upward of $600,000 net earnings, which are being applied for purposes of construction. In view of the shortness of the crops of the past season and the demoralization in rates which prevailed for the greater part of the six months, these results are regarded as very gratifying.

The Starving Indians.

Washington, April 13.—At the war department it is said that the threatened danger of war with starving Indian tribes in the Indian Territory has been averted by the prompt action of Congress in voting money for supplies. The bill has not passed the Senate yet, but it will when called up for action, and in the meanwhile the Indian agent has borrowed several hundred head of cattle from drovers to supply the more urgent requirements of the tribes. General Pope is reported as having arrived at the Arapahoe agency.

Killing His Son and Himself.

Cambridge, Ohio, April 12.—John Nossett, a farmer, aged sixty-five, shot his son, John E. Nossett, and then placed the revolver to his own head, killing himself instantly. Old Nossett, several years ago, became deaf, and since then had become cross and illnatured. About a year ago he deeded his farm to John, with the understanding that he would keep his parents during their lives. John married and decided upon building a house, but his father objected. Becoming enraged to-day, the father shot his son.

Chandler and Hunt Confirmed.

Washington, April 12.—The Senate in executive session to day confirmed William E. Chandler as Secretary of the Navy by a vote of 28 to 16, and also confirmed Secretary Hunt as Minister to Russia. The affirmative vote in Chandler's case was composed of 24 Republicans and 4 Democrats, and the negative vote was entirely cast by Democrats.

Production of Spirits.

Washington, April 13.—An examination of the records of the Internal Revenue Office shows that 720,199,090 gallons of spirits were produced during the year ending June 30, 1881, and 686,674 gallons lost by casualities during the same time, being a fraction less than one gallon lost for every thousand produced.

A Severe Hail Storm.

New Orleans, April 13.—A severe rain and hail storm visited Opelousas on Tuesday afternoon, Hail fell in a heavy shower for twenty minutes, smashing window glass, cutting vegetation to pieces and doing great damage to crops for miles south and west of the town.

213 Graveyard Insurance Companies.

Harrisburg, April 13.—The State authorities have resolved to sweep out of existence all the graveyard insurance companies yet doing business in Pennsylvania. The preliminary steps were taken some time ago, when the most notorious companies were singled out for attack and gave up the ghost by applying for Receivers. This morning there were filed in the office of the Prothonotary by the Attorney General the names of 213 graveyard companies, against each one of which, the Court is asked to grant a rule compelling it to show cause why its business should not cease and its charters be revoked because of repeated violation of the insurance laws. They are yet doing business in this city and vicinity, but this proceeding will compel them to cease.

Disastrous Boiler Explosion.

Baltimore, April 13.—The boiler in the chop and feed mill of A. H. Hibly & Co., on Fremont street, with terrible loss of life. The machinery had been idle for some time and the fires had just been started to resume work. John Addison, engineer, Harrison Walters (colored) fireman, and Frank Kraming, aged fifteen, who were in the engine room were killed and Andrew Cooper, machinist, probably fatally scalded. In the house No. 171 King street, George Poutz, aged nineteen, was killed and Ida Rosenberg had one of her legs broken, and several others were less seriously injured. Several bodies are supposed to be still under the ruins, including those of the engineer and fireman. The damage to the property and machinery is estimated at about $80,000.

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If Good Goods and Low Prices will secure the Drug Trade of Somerset County, then I propose to secure it. Call and see me whether you wish to buy or not. Respectfully,

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SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of certain writs of Vend. Ex., and Fi. Fa., issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Somerset County, Pa., and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in Somerset, Pa., on

WEDNESDAY, April 26, 1882,

at 1 o'clock, p. m., all the right title, interest and claim of the defendant, Ishmael Baer of, in and to the following real estate, situate in Allegheny twp., Somerset county, Pa., adjoining lands of Wm. Divele, William Kelly, Henry Baer and others, containing 100 acres more or less, about five acres cleared and having thereon erected a log dwelling house

Taken in execution at the suit of Hannah Hutzel use of Hannah Baer.

ALSO

All the right title, interest and claim of the defendant, Joseph Tressler, of, in and to the following real estate, situate in Brothersvalley Twp., Somerset Co., Pa., containing 7 acres more or less, with a two-story dwelling house thereon erected, adjoining lands of Geo. W. Shober, Peter Burkholder, Harriet Jutty and others, with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution as the property of Joseph Tressler, at the suit of Shank and Walker.

—ALSO—

All the right, title, interest and claim of the defendant John J. Schell, of, in and to the following real estate, viz:

No. One undivided one-fifth part of a certain piece or parcel of land situate in Shade Twp., Somerset county, Pa., warranted in the name of Samuel Witheroll, containing 389 acres, more or less, with the appurtenances.

No. 2 The undivided one-fifth part of a certain piece or parcel of land situate as aforesaid, warranted in the name of Samuel Anderson, containing 389 acres, more or less, with the appurtenances.

No. 3. The undivided one-fifth part of a certain piece or parcel of land situate as aforesaid, warranted in the name of Simon Perry, containing 392 acres, more or less, with the appurtenances.

No. 4. One-half of a square of ground, situated in Somerset borough, Somerset county, Pa., containing ¾ of an acre and 9 perches, bounded as follows, to East street on the west, South street on the south, by alley on the east, and Patriot street on the north, with a two-story brick dwelling house, stable and other outbuildings thereon erected, with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution at the suit of P. J. Morgan, use of Robert Steckman.

Notice.—All persons purchasing at the above sale will please take notice that a part of the purchase money—to be made known at the time of sale—will be required as soon as the property is knocked down, otherwise it will be again exposed to sale at the risk of the first purchaser. The residue of the purchase money must be paid on or before Thursday of the first week of April Court, the time fixed by the Court for securing the acknowledgment of deeds, and no deed will be acknowledged until the purchase money is paid in full.

JOHN J. SPANGLER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, April 5, 1882.

ESTABLISHED 1856.

C. T. FRAZER,

Nos. 501 and 206 Main Street,

JOHNSTOWN, PA.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRUGGIST,

AND DEALER IN

PERFUMERY, PAINTS, OILS

Glass and Putty, Hair and Tooth Brushes, Fancy Articles, Toilet and Shaving Soaps, &c.

Family Medicines and Physicians' Prescriptions accurately compounded. apr19

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.

Estate of Hiram J. Boyts, late of Conemaugh Twp., dec'd.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, by the proper authority, notice is hereby given to those indebted to it to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands will present them duly authenticated for settlement, on Saturday, the 6th day of May, 1882, at his late residence in Davidsville.

DANIEL HOFFMAN, JOSIAH BOYTS, Administrators.

mar29

SOMERSET COUNTY BANK!

(ESTABLISHED 1877.)

CHARLES J. HARRISON, *CASHIER AND MANAGER.*

Collections made in all parts of the United States.

CHARGES MODERATE.

Parties wishing to send money West can be accommodated by draft on New York in any sum. Collections made with promptness. U. S. Bonds bought and sold. Money and valuables secured by one of Diebold's celebrated safes, with a Sargent & Yale $200 60 time lock.

ACCOUNTS SOLICITED.

All legal holidays observed. dec7

NOTICE IN DIVORCE.

Harriet B. Hanson by next friend Aann H. Humbert, vs. Dempsey B. Hanson.	In the Court of Common Pleas of Somerset County, Pa., No. January Term, 1882. Alias subpœna for Divorce, on the ground of Desertion.

To Dempsey B. Hanson, the defendant above named:

You are hereby notified to be and appear at the next Court of Common Pleas of Somerset County, to be held in Somerset, on the 4th Monday in April, 1882, to answer to the complaint of Harriet P. Hanson, your wife, the plaintiff above named, and show cause if any you have, why your said wife should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you agreeably to the prayer of her petition and libel exhibited against you before said Court.

JOHN J. SPANGLER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Somerset Pa. Feb. 9, 1882.

STATEMENT AND REPORT

OF THE

SOMERSET CO. POOR HOUSE

AND

HOUSE OF EMPLOYMENT,

From April 1, 1881, to April 1, 1882.

CLOTHING MADE AT THE COUNTY HOME IN ONE YEAR.

Women's dresses	45	1-16
Children's dresses	44	¼
Women's chemise	31	2-16
Children's chemise	32	2-16
Hand towels	65	5-16
Bed sheets	50	1-16
Women's aprons	19	2-16
Children's aprons	24	2-16
Men's shirts	77	2-16
Boy's shirts	53	2
Bed ticks	28	2
Bed bolsters	28	2
Women's shirts	26	1
Children's shirts	12	—
Peirs woman's drawers	11	2
" children's drawers	5	1
" curtains	6	4
" men's pants	57	2
" boy's pants	41	10
" suspenders	25	2
" stockings knitted	48	1
" stockings footed	40	5
" mittens	5	Acres.
" shoes made	20	100
" boots made	2	Lots.
Boy's bodies	10	2
Woman's caps	8	
Boy's coats	8	
Sunbonnets	9	Acres.
Boy's vests	4	54½
Blouses	13	490
Quilts	6	400
Comforts	25	416
Pillow cases	79	440
Handkerchiefs	89	200
Women's jackets	8	100
Yards stocking yarn	112	
Yards flannel	43	
" linen	39	27½
Bucket sheets and shrouds	6	33½

TREASURER'S SALE!

OF

UNSEATED LANDS

IN

SOMERSET COUNTY, PA.

AGREEABLE to the provisions of an Act of Assembly, directing the mode of selling Unseated Lands for taxes, passed the 15th day of March, A. D. 1815, and the several supplements thereto, the Treasurer of Somerset County hereby gives notice, that unless the County, School, Building and Road taxes due on the following unseated lands, are paid before the day of sale, the whole or such parts of each tract or parcel of land as will pay the taxes and costs will be sold at the Court House, in Somerset borough, on

MONDAY, June 12th, 1882,

for the arrearages of taxes due and the costs accrued thereon.

ADDISON TOWNSHIP.

Acres.	Name of tract.	Taxes.
417	Cbery, Mary K	2 9 16
400	Anthony, Joseph	8 88
419	Cbery, Louisa	9 92
400	Tom, Benjamin	8 80
419	Cbery, Jane (½)	2 48

ALLEGHENY TOWNSHIP.

400	Amos, Philip	22 80
263	Dew, William	12 86
100	Gaither & Colborn	9 60
19	Same	1 97
419	Ling, Peter	15 04
400	Herman, Nathan	19 20
440	Black, John	17 42
400	Ellinger, Frederick	19 10
397	Gibson, George	16 30
400	Meyers Jacob	18 62
304	Miles, John R	15 38
250	Flours, Susan	6 12
79	Baer, Widow	2 50
25	Sturit, Adam	1 14
80	Topper, John M	2 40
408	Wilson, John	4 56
100	Baer, Ishmal J	1 88
400	Meyers & Reed	14 10
90	Same	1 14
200	Colflesh & Schell	18 90
234	Brown, Thomas	3 62

BROTHERSVALLEY TOWNSHIP.

100	Potter, Sarah	1 50
267	Stein, Abraham	6 20
156	Berkey, Jock	3 60

CONFLUENCE BOROUGH.

44	Meyers, Peter's heirs	2 70
400	Piper, William's heirs	4 80
400	Wentle, Ludwick	5 08
Lots.	Wentle, Charles	5 00
1	Wilting, H. C	1 70
15	Wesson, Samuel	2 50
Acres.	Johnson, Mary's heirs	1 70
50	Burns, Patrick	6 42
Lot.	Duncan, James	1 70
1	Fullerton & Brothers	5 20
Acres.	Johnson, Catharine	1 70
60	Logan, W. P	4 15
Lots.		
2	Sullivan's heirs	3 60
2	Gistlerly, Samuel	3 40
1	Devens, Nathan	1 80
	Hoffman, George	60
2	Hoffman & Brother	60
1	Augustine, John	2 40
1	Patton, H. C	72
4	Troutman, William	2 40
2	Tannehill, J. N	90
10	Shoab, Joseph	4 80
2	McKennon, John	1 80
1	Snauff, David	90
2	Burns, Patrick	2 70
Acres.		
100	Coursin, Benjamin	11 88
Lots.		
2	Weltley, Decater	1 50

CONEMAUGH TOWNSHIP.

1	Jones Israel	5 61
1	Moore, Thomas	4 80
1	Moore, Joseph	5 22
1	Stotler, Jacob	4 80
2	Silk, John	5 52
2	William, Israel	5 40
4	Kensinger, Mary A	2 56

ELK LICK TOWNSHIP.

60	Boschey, A. P	
90	Livengood, David	
18	Barrels soap made	
13	Loaves bread baked	
	Bar soap made	

CLOTHING BOUGHT MADE-UP AND GIVEN OUT:

12	Pairs pants	410
14	Coats