The Somerset Herald.

EDWARD SCULL, Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY.....April 12, 1882.

THE Democratic majority in the New York Legislature cannot agree on an apportionment bill. Each faction is intent on wiping out the other.

A NEW $5 National bank note is soon to be issued by the Comptroller of the Currency, the principal feature of which will be an engraved head of the late President Garfield.

THE late Treasurer of Berks county turns up as a defaulter to the tune of $30,000, of which amount $25,000 is due the State and $5,000 due the county. The cause assigned for the defalcation is general speculation.

THE prohibitory liquor law of Kansas is not working any better than the similar law in the State of Maine. The experience of these two States demonstrates that the appetites of men and women are stronger than any statutary law.

SENATOR TELLER, of Colorado, has been nominated and confirmed as Secretary of the Interior. He is admitted to be a gentleman of large ability and pure character, and the Pacific States are particularly well pleased with him being placed in the Cabinet.

THE Democratic party having run out of issues upon which the masses of the party can unite, is meditating the issue of free whisky. The question is looming up as one of national importance, and sooner or later voters will compel leaders and platform-makers to take cognizance of the fact.

THE shooting of Jesse James was as miserable, cowardly a murder as was ever perpetrated. The villain deserved a hundred deaths, and the community will rejoice that the scoundrel is dead, but the manner of his taking off was as brutal, sneaking and indefensible as was the assassination of the late President.

THE Republicans in Cincinnati, Cleveland and other large cities in Ohio, got badly scooped at the municipal elections last week. The German vote went solidly with the Democrats because of the passage of a bill by the Legislature imposing a heavy tax on the sale of beer. The Republicans having a majority in the Legislature, were held accountable for the passage of the law.

THE Democrats in Congress are arranging themselves against the extension of the charters of the National banks. The Philadelphia *Record* gives these gentlemen notice that the party that undertakes to deprive the country of the advantage of this system will have to encounter the solid opposition of every business interest that has an honest stake in the public welfare.

THE House Committee on Elections, with the exception of two Democrats, has decided the Lynch-Chalmers contested case by reporting that Mr. Lynch is entitled to a seat in Congress from the "Shoestring District" of Mississippi. Mr. Lynch is one of the ablest men in public life, and Mr. Chalmers was the rebel leader at the Fort Pillow massacre. At the last election Lynch had an overwhelming majority of the votes cast, but was coolly counted out by Chalmers' friends. There never was a more audacious case of political swindling, and many of the Democrats in Congress believe so.

MR. F. M. NICHOLS, of Wilkesbarre, one of Wolfe's lieutenants in last year's campaign, has written a letter to F. W. Leach, Secretary of the Independent Republicans, withdrawing from the movement. He says that he went into it last year because he believed the "bosses" (convenient phrase) had pre-determined the nomination of General Baily, but now as the Independents have "absolutely deserted the Republican party and entered into a combination which will, if successful to any material extent, necessarily contribute to the restoration of Democratic rule," he begs to be excused from following Mr. Wolfe into a new party, whose existence can only benefit the Democrats.

BEFORE going out of office the late Auditor General Schell made up an account against the Standard Oil Company for back taxes amounting to $3,000,000, and suit was brought by the Attorney General in the Court of Dauphin county for that sum. The case has just been tried before Judge Simonton, and under his construction of the law a verdict has been rendered for the Commonwealth for the sum of $30,000. From three million to thirty thousand dollars is a big drop, but the Judge held that the company could only be taxed on so much of its capital stock as was represented by its property and business in this State, and not upon the dividends of its whole capital Stock. Hence the small sum recovered. This may be sound law, but it is rough justice for the State from whence all the material used by the company is drawn. It is simply a decision that any company doing business in the State, if it obtains a foreign charter and locates its principal office outside the State, may evade the payment of taxes to the State.

THE President has nominated William E. Chandler, of New Hampshire, as Secretary of the Navy. As Mr. Chandler is known to be a devoted adherent of James G. Blaine, we presume the friends of that gentleman will be particularly gratified with his promotion. His ability as a politician and his personal integrity are unquestioned, and his executive powers are said to be unsurpassed.

THE Republican primary elections held in Philadelphia on Friday last, resulted in the choice of a nearly solid delegation to the State Convention in favor of General Beaver for Governor. William Henry Rawle was badly defeated as a candidate for Supreme Judge, a majority of the delegation elected being in favor of Benjamin Carroll Brewster. A divided delegation from Philadelphia ought to insure the nomination of Major Brown, of Pittsburgh, for Judge.

SOUTH CAROLINA cannot get over the idea that she is bigger than the United States, and that she has a right to nullify any Federal laws that do not please her Democratic stomach. Thus, she has gone into a new rebellion in behalf of her ballot-box-stuffers, whom Attorney General Brewster has ordered to be prosecuted. The Governor has issued a formal order requiring the Attorney General of the State to defend the Democrats accused of ballot box stuffing and making fraudulent election returns, before the United States Courts. Threats have also been made in official quarters, that the State authorities will cause the arrest of Republicans in every county equal to the number of Democrats arrested by the Federal authorities, and prosecute them in the State Courts on trumped up charges of violation of the State election laws. It is evidently thought that a disgraceful bargain similar to that made in the Louisiana case some years since can be forced upon the general government. If we mistake not they will find it a tough job to bulldoze President Arthur and Attorney General Brewster. These South Carolina rebels must be taught obedience to law, and we think the time has now come, if jurors fearless enough to convict on ample testimony, can be procured in the State.

PRESIDENT ARTHUR has vetoed the Chinese bill. He concurs with Congress in the opinion that the coming of Chinese laborers into the United States or their residence here affects our interests and endangers good order throughout the country, and is deeply convinced of the necessity of some legislation on this subject; but he believes that to absolutely prohibit Chinese immigration for twenty years is a breach of our National faith and our treaty obligations, and therefore returns the bill without his signature. He recommends the fixing of a shorter period, and intimates that he will approve a bill embodying his suggestions. It is probable that a measure of this kind will be passed.

This first veto of President Arthur is approved by all intelligent and reasonable citizens, (except in the Pacific States) for the principles upon which it is based. In that portion of our country they want free trade with China, while at the same time they demand that Chinese immigration shall be restricted. By our treaty with China our right of free trade with that country is guaranteed, while it is stipulated that we may place reasonable restrictions upon immigration, but the law just vetoed absolutely prohibited immigration for twenty years. That was a most unreasonable restriction, and would most certainly have led to the destruction of our entire trade with China, which is a most valuable one, especially to California. The President's veto has prevented the consumation of a piece of disastrous folly mainly perpetrated to gratify the hoodlums of the Pacific coast—and it proves moreover, that backbone is not wanting in the present Chief Executive of the Nation.

GLEANINGS.

"Shall I Go West?" is the heading of an article in a leading Eastern journal. The answer is clear. Certainly, if you have the "sand;" that is, the brain and muscle and skill. The West is not in need of drones. It is no place to live easy. A man not willing to roll up his sleeves and sweat had better not come West. Everybody sweats out West; they don't simply "perspire."—*Inter Ocean.*

WOLFE says he hopes to see the Independents get 100,000 votes this fall. He does not pretend to say that number will elect, but he hopes the great majority will come off the Republican candidate and thereby elect the Democratic nominee. Wolfe is not the first political malcontent who has "counted his chickens before they were hatched!" Nor will he be the last. But first or last he is doomed to disappointment. The political vitality of the "Boss Kicker" is on the wane.

A MAN in taking out a life insurance policy stated in the application that he was "of temperate habits and had always been so." After his death the company in which he was insured contested the payment of the policy because the man was found to have had an attack of delirium tremens before the date of his insurance. The Supreme Court of the United States has just decided that the answer was not sufficient to vitiate the policy. It is held that delirium tremens may result from a single instance of over indulgence in liquor, and that it is possible for a man who had suffered from that disease to truthfully describe himself as always having been temperate.

WRITING from New York to the Cincinnati *Enquirer*, "Gath" says: "While I have sent you interviews with various people on the status of the present national administration, I have not expressed any opinion of my own upon its popularity and tendency. I think, however, it is becoming stronger every day, as the President's handful of ointment is healing up the sores in the Republican party and driving out the old discontents of the old side while not offending the men who made the discontent." This opinion is concurred in by every observer who has expressed himself on the subject, and the feeling among the Democrats is especially pronounced that every day of President Arthur's administration not only strengthens the Republican party in New York, but generally throughout the Union.

THE reorganization of the cabinet which was the natural consequence of Mr. Arthur's accession to the Presidency may now be said to be complete. It has been a slow process, and its slowness has disappointed the anticipations of those who expected that an immediate political revolution would ensue upon the change of administration. But while it has been slow it has also been sure, and with the nominations of Messrs. Chandler and Teller it has had its perfect work, for though it is true that one member of the Garfield Cabinet still retains his original place in the person of Mr. Lincoln, it was understood from the first that in this respect no change would be made. It was right and natural that Mr. Arthur should desire to have a Cabinet of his own construction, but there are not many men in his position who would have had the good taste and prudence to be so deliberate and circumspect.—*Phil'a. North American.*

THE New York *Sun* says when President Arthur was told that his veto of the Chinese bill would be injurious to the Republican party in the Pacific States, he gave a reply which ought to be preserved in letters of gold for the instruction of all future statesmen. He said he had not considered the subject as a partisan, and had not thought whether one party or the other would be advanced through the Executive approval or disapproval of the bill. But he saw that American principles were involved which had been in vogue for a century; and if either party should gain any permanent advantage, it would be the party that stood on true American ground. This is a wise answer. It shows a high and noble appreciation of the philosophy of political controversies. There can be no mistake in steadily maintaining American principles, which have been in vogue for a hundred years against the passions or the interest of any unenlightened and prejudiced locality.

PRESIDENT LINCOLN is quoted by Charles Gibson, of St. Louis, as telling a story illustrating Thomas H. Benton's turn for the drama. Benton and Jackson had long been at feud, and had not met for many years until Jackson was President and Benton Senator from Missouri. "It was in this room," said President Lincoln, at the White House, "that their first meeting took place. Jackson was seated at this very table, when the door yonder swung open and Benton stalked into the middle of the floor. Jackson looked up and recognized him at once, and recollected at the same time that he had no weapon to defend himself. Equally silently he got up, walked to the door, locked it and put the key in his pocket, and went back to his seat. Then he said; 'Does this mean war or peace?' 'It means peace,' said Benton. Jackson again arose walked to the door, unlocked it, came back to his seat, and then said: 'Colonel Benton, I am pleased to see you. Take a chair.' All this time Benton was standing statuesquely in the centre of the room, never moving a muscle while Jackson was locking and unlocking the door, and the reconciliation between the two gentlemen was complete."

A Powerful Gas Well.

BUTLER, April 7.—A well on the Stewart farm, Winfield township, this county, which was drilling for oil yesterday, struck at a depth of eight hundred feet one of the most powerful veins of gas ever encountered in the oil region. The volume of gas is so great that the roaring noise made by its escape can be distinctly heard five miles away. It is owned by Pittsburgh parties, who placed its value at a very high figure, as they expect to realize a large sum out of it by laying pipes to Pittsburg, where it will be utilized for fuel in the rolling mills.

Small-pox Still Increasing.

SOUTH BETHLEHEM, Pa., April 5.—Eleven new cases of smallpox and five deaths were reported to day in South Bethlehem. The number of new cases reported in the past few days are in excess of deaths and recoveries, and the efforts of the board of health are not successful in checking the epidemic. The damp weather of to-day is having a bad effect and the citizens are apprehensive of a decided increase in number of cases.

A Minister's Misconduct.

ALLENTOWN, Pa., April 5.—Rev. Jesse Laros, an Evangelical minister of this city, was arrested to-day on the charge of having criminally assaulted Ida Miller, aged thirteen years, of Tamaqua. Laros is fifty years of age and has a family. He was held for trial.

THE SHOOTING OF JESSE JAMES.

How the Notorious Outlaw Was Taken Unawares.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., April 4.— As the circumstances surrounding the shooting of Jesse James become better known the more clearly it appears that the whole affair was an atrocious piece of premeditated butchery. Yesterday morning James went to his stable to look after his horses, and upon returning to the room of his house in which Robert Ford, the assassin, was waiting, took off his coat and his belt containing his revolvers, threw them on the bed, picked up a feather brush and mounted a chair to remove the dust from some pictures on the wall. Instantly the two Fords, who stood behind him drew their weapons and covered the unsuspecting outlaw. He turned half way round, Robert Ford fired; a bullet crashed through Jesse James' brain; the victim tumbled from his chair to the floor, and the career of the man who for years has terrorized the entire West country, ended as darkly as it began.

Jesse James died in the arms of his wife, who, upon hearing the report of the shot, left her household duties in another part of the building and rushed to his assistance.

The Fords have been waiting for months for an opportunity to kill James. They had planned a raid on a bank in Platte City, Neb., and were to have started last night. The Fords declare they had never dreamed of taking James alive, deeming such an undertaking suicidal.

The body has been fully identified as that of Jesse James by his wife and mother, under oath. It is definitely known that the killing of James was the fulfillment of an arrangement between Governor Crittenden and Bob Ford, and that Ford was to receive one-fourth of the reward and immunity. In an interview with Dick Little and a reporter on Sunday night, the scheme was foreshadowed, but he said it was not to have been accomplished before Wednesday or Thursday, and only then if it was impossible for Timberlake to capture the bandit alive. Governor Crittenden stated to-day that his first meeting with Ford, in this city, was on February 22, when the arrangments by which Jessy James was to be either captured or killed were consummated. Governor Crittenden asserts positively that the body is that of Jesse James, and that his death was the result of an understanding between the authorities and Bob Ford, who killed him, and Dick Little, who surrendered to Sheriff Timberlake at the same time Ford did. The inquest at St. Joseph was concluded at noon to-day. Mrs. Samuels, mother of Jesse James, his wife, Dick Little and Sheriff Timberlake identified the body, and during the proceedings Mrs. James and Mrs. Samuels made a highly sensational scene, attacking Little and calling all manner of curses down upon him for having conspired to betray his leader. The coroner's jury returned a verdict of murder in the first degree against Ford, and the authorities of Buchanan County refused to give him up.

What is Thought of the Veto.

POUGHKEEPSIE, April 5.—The ninety-second session of the New York Conference commenced in Sing Sing this morning and was called to order by Bishop R. S. Foster, of Boston, in the absence of Bishop Foss, who is ill at Minneapolis. Bishop Hare, of Poughkeepsie, offered the following:

Resolved, That this Conference desires to congratulate the President of the United States and the whole country on the Executive veto of the Chinese bill,—a bill opposed to the principles on which our government is founded, and repulsive to the true interests of humanity.

The resolution was adopted amid applause, and, on motion, the secretary was directed to telegraph it to President Arthur.

WATERBURY, Ct., April 5.—At the New York East Conference of the Methodist Church, which convened here this morning, resolutions tendering thanks to President Arthur for vetoing the Chinese bill; also, asking government that the large missionary interests of the Methodist Church in China may not be imperiled, as it is feared it would be if the bill became a law, and petitioning Congress in its further action not to permit anything to be done that shall endanger their interests were passed unanimously by a standing vote.

Excitement at Athens over a Murder.

ATHENS, Ga., April 5.—Walter Roundtree, a university student, was shot here on Tuesday evening by two young colored men named Frank Johnson and Enoch Echols. Roundtree was shot in the neck, back and head. He died to day from his wounds. Johnson and Echols are in jail. The coroner's jury found a verdict of wilful and premeditated murder against Frank Johnson, and Enoch Echols as abettor. Three hundred armed negroes surrounded the jail during the night. No attempt was made to release the prisoners. The streets to-night are filled with negroes, who seem defiant. The Mayor has detailed fifty citizens to guard the jail. Trouble is feared and bloodshed apprehended. The Mayor has summoned the ringleaders of the mob to appear at court.

Mormons Scattering Their Wives.

SALT LAKE CITY, April 3.—President Taylor and some of the apostles who had their polygamous wives living in one house with them, have scattered them out, fearing arrest under section 3 of the Edmunds bill, which makes cohabition with more than one woman a misdemeanor. Taylor turned out all his wives, saying if he could not have them all he would not have any of them. This was probably to prevent disaffection among them at partial treatment; but so long as they live in his houses, or in houses provided by him, it is not apparent how he has helped himself much. The third section of the bill is just beginning to be understood, and it promises to trouble the polygamists much more than disfranchisement.

The Republican Ticket in Rhode Island Elected by a Large Majority.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 5.—The State election to-day was so nearly a foregone conclusion that the vote was very light. The Republican ticket for the State offices was elected by a large majority. The Democrats supported for governor Horace A. Kimball, the Equal Rights party, which desires a convention to make a new constitution, supported Charles P. Adams for governor. Gov.-Alfred Littlefield has between three and four thousand majority in the State.

Lynched in Public.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 4.—Last night after midnight a mob collected in a grove near Kokomo and organized and marched to the jail where Long, alias Jamison, charged with committing a felonious assault on the little daughter of Mr. Prichard, was confined. A crowd 700 or 800 people had congregated at the jail when the masked party arrived, but they made no demonstration except to cheer the mob. At the jail door the Sheriff met them. On his refusal to give up the keys the mob broke down the doors and took the culprit to Main Street Bridge, where thousands had gathered.

Rev. Mr. McClane was present and offered a prayer and asked the wretch if he was guilty of stealing the horse. He said he was. The minister asked him if he had stolen the watch. He replied that he had. Mr. McClane then asked him if he had committed the assault on the little child. He said he had not. He was placed on a box and his hands and feet were tied. The mob then asked him if he had anything to say. He commenced singing, "See That My Grave is Kept Green." After finishing he said he hoped he would meet his mother and father in heaven. He gave his name as Richard Long and said he resided in Franklin.

The mob was well organized. They wore their coats turned inside out. They had obtained sledge-hammers, crowbars and other implements from a blacksmith shop before marching to the jail. Efforts were made by W. F. Vail, Rev. McClane and others to prevent the mob from taking the law in their own hands, but they were greeted with shouts of derision from the mob and the crowd that had gathered. It was evident that nothing but a large military force could have prenvented the hanging. The culprit's last wish was: "Hang me decent."

Captured at Last.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 6.—The police authorities here believe they have at last captured old Bender, the Kansas butcher. The arrest was made last Tuesday afternoon, but the police have kept the affair secret. The circumstances of the arrest was as follows: Herman H. Green, a German, who resides in this city, was formerly a private in the Sixth United States Infantry, and in 1871 was stationed at Osage Station, Kansas, seven miles from which John Bender and family resided. He saw Bender several times every week, as the latter brought his vegetables to camp to sell, and knew him well. Last Monday he saw three men on the river in North St. Louis, one of whom he declared to be John Bender. The police were informed and the men were arrested. Two of them gave the names of August Kloots and Chas. Hammond. The man supposed to be Bender gave his name as John Baelis. His two companions stated that they lived in Osage county, Missouri, and they had come down the river, intending to go to Arkansas. They met an old man who called himself "Baelis," a few weeks ago, and he wanted to accompany them, to which they finally consented.

Kloots and Hammond were released, and "Baelis" has been held in confinement since. Green is a man of good characters and antecedents, and the police believe his statement. Further developments are expected.

Defending Her Mother.

SCRANTON, Pa., April 5.—On Sunday last two women named Hannah McGloine and Anne Shannon, living at the Continental shaft, about two miles from the center of the city, got into a fierce quarrel on the street in front of their tenement. Shortly after Mrs. McGloine arrived home from church Mrs. Shannon used abusive language and attacked Mrs. McGloine, who is about fifty years old, with stones, and finally fell upon her with a club and beat her about the head and shoulders.

Mrs. McGloine's daughter Mary, stood upon the steps in front of her home and endeavored to induce her mother to come away, but when Mrs. Shannon used the club Mary rushed to her mother's defense and struck Mrs. Shannon on the forehead, producing blood and stopping the fight. On Sunday, Monday and Tuesday until noon Mrs. Shannon went about as usual, and on Tuesday night at 8'clock she died. Mary McGloine, the sixteen-year-old girl who defended her mother, walked a mile and a half to reach a policeman and gave herself up, and she was placed in the county jail. This morning Mrs. McGloine went before Alderman Cowley, stated her position, and asked to be committed to jail, which was done. Both the McGloine women were bailed to-day under a writ of habeas corpus, Mary in $1,000 and her mother in $250.

The Flood Creeping Southward.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—The Secretary of War has received a telegraphic message from the Louisiana Commissioners at New Orleans, stating that the flood has moved southward with such fearful rapidity that 400,000 ration are needed for the immediate relief of the sufferers. They also state that they may be compelled to ask for still further aid, although the water is slowly receding in the northern part of the State. The Secretary has directed that the request be granted. The entire sugar crop is menaced. No land is in sight except the old war fortification, upon which the few cattle left have taken refuge. Centreville and Pattersonville are overflowed. At Dancy plantation, below Centreville, the water is running over from Teche into the Bayou Sale. From Richoboe plantation, six miles above Pattersonville, there is one vast sheet of water over nearly every inch of ground to the Gulf of Mexico.

Large Fire in Hopkinton, Mass.

BOSTON, April 4.—Fire at Hopkinton, Mass., this morning destroyed thirteen dwellings, the Orthodox church, the town hall, one hotel and a large boot and shoe factory, which employed one thousand hands. The fire commenced at the town hall at 3 a. m., and swept rapidly through the town. Bridges & Co's. boot factory, which was destroyed, was the mainstay of the town, and from five to six thousand cases of finished goods were destroyed. Their loss on stock will reach $200,000 and on building and machinery about $60,000. The aggregate loss will amount to $380,000. The fire is believed to have been of incendiary origin, and it is thought that powder was exploded under the basement of the town hall. The explosion was heard by many in the vicinity.

A Large Oil Fire.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., April 4.—The loss by the destruction here to-day of the Standard Oil Refinery, No. 1. is about $125,000. There was no insurance. The fire was caused by an explosion of light naptha in a tank containing over 5,000 barrels. The top of the tank was hurled through the roof of the settling house, where five pans of oil were being transferred into barrels.

The flames shot up from the settling pans, and in an instant the brick structure, which was 300 feet long, was wrapped in fire. The building contained 19,000 empty barrels, 3,000 barrels of refined oil ready for shipment and 117,000 pounds of glue. The fire next spread to six tanks containing distillate, and in a few minutes there were acres of roaring flames. The tracks of the Allegheny Valley Railroad for a distance of 500 feet were damaged to such an extent that they will have to be entirely relaid. The buildings destroyed cover the three squares bounded by Butler street, the Allegheny River and Fiftieth and Fifty-third streets. The fire is still burning, and may burn throughout the night, but it is under control and no apprehensions are entertained of further danger. There were a number of narrow escapes from death. Frank Hall, the assistant superintendent, discovered two boys insensible, on the second floor, from the effects of gas. He attempted to rescue them, but was overcome himself, and it was with difficulty that all three were rescued. Robert Dunlap, another boy, jumped from a third-story window, but was fortunate enough to escape without serious injury.

Blair County Tragedy.

ALTOONA, April 5.—Cornelius McConnell, an old and well known farmer in Freedom township, was shot and seriously wounded by Constable B. Daniels, of Roaring Spring. The constable had an order to dispossess the McConnell family, who held a small shanty and thirty-five acres of ground which is claimed by the Duncan heirs, but also claimed by Mr. McConnell who says he purchased it from Dr. Shoenbarger thirty-five years ago and has had peaceable possession ever since. According to the statement of Mr. McConnell, Daniels, when he entered the house, was assaulted by his daughter, aged sixteen years, who threw a tin of water on him. He then knocked the girl down and kicked her, and when the father went to the rescue he knocked him down with a billy and then shot him, the ball entering the left side. There were also two scalp wounds, supposed to have been made by a club, neither of which are supposed to be necessarily fatal. Mr. Connell is 80 years of age.

Brutal Murder of a Child by Its Stepfather.

KNOXVILLE, April 3.—This morning about 3 o'clock, seven miles east of Knoxville, Wm. Nance murdered his three year old stepdaughter, by crushing the child's skull against the floor. The child was in bed with its mother and her husband, and became fretful during the night. Nance got out of patience, jumped up, seized the child in its hair, and beat its head on the floor, until its skull was crushed to pieces. The screams of the mother brought two neighbors to the house, and they found Nance with the child in his arms. He laid it down, and started off toward the barn. One of the men followed him, and ordered him to stop. Nance refused, and said he would kill the first man who attempted to follow further. He made his escape, but the officers are on his track, who will catch him, as he is club-footed and travels slowly.

Impending Indian Troubles.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—A letter from General Pope, dated Fort Leavenworth, Kas., April 3, says:

I leave to-morrow for Reno. The situation is plain. The Indians cannot live on the reduced beef ration. There are 10,000 cattle grazing not far from there. Rather than starve they will do as we do—take by force what cattle are needed to keep them and their families from starving. This will provoke Indian hostilities, which will lead, God knows where. The only legal act that the military can do is to make them starve peaceably. A most inhuman service. Some department of the Government should assume the responsibility of sending a few thousand dollars for beef rather than have an Indian outbreak on a large scale. There is no game to subsist Indians in this Indian Territory.

A Rare Privilege Granted to Americans.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 5.—The Sultan to-day granted Gen. Wallace and Mr. Phelps, the United States Ministers to Turkey and Austria, respectively, permission—now very rarely granted—to inspect the imperial treasury. Messrs. Wallace and Phelps were surprised at the amount of treasure in the vaults and the great number of precious stones displayed. There were forty officials in attendance, who opened the locks with many formalities.

A Constantinople dispatch says: "Negotiations continue for the granting of a concession for a railway to Bagdad to the American company, with which Mr. Phelps is connected. It is stated that the Khedive of Egypt will appoint Col. Long governor of Soudan."

Room Enough for All.

LONDON, April 6.—The pressure of immigration is so great that an additional ship of the Allan line (the Nestorian) sailed to-day for Boston. The steamship Parisian, which sailed yesterday from Liverpool for Boston via Halifax, took out one thousand passengers, most of whom are capitalists bound for Manitoba.

LIVERPOOL, April 6.—The steamship City of Rome sailed from here for New York to-day with 110 cabin and 1,150 steerage passengers. Prior to sailing, there was a slight fire among some shavings on the steamer, but it was not of sufficient importance to warrant her detention.

The Whipping-Post in Canada.

TORONTO, Ont., April 5.—James Chute, the Norfolk County school teacher, who was committed to the Central Prison here for fifteen months for attempted outrage on one of his pupils, yesterday received the first installment of forty lashes also a portion of his sentence. He bore up well after the third or fourth blow. He received twenty lashes and will get the balance in force months.

A Husband Shoots His Wife.

NEW YORK, 4.—Mrs. Ellen McFall, aged twenty-five, was shot and mortally wounded this afternoon at 225 East Twenty Sixth street by her husband, John A. Painter. The couple separated about three months ago on account of the husbands drinking habits and have since lived apart. She was nursing her baby when her husband came in and shot her twice. Both bullets taking effect in the back of her head. The woman recognised her husband as her attempted murderer. She was taken to the hospital in a low condition. The police are looking for the husband.

NOTICE IN DIVORCE.

Harriet E. Hanson by next friend Asa E. Humbert, vs. Dempsey H. Hanson.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Somerset County, Pa., No. January Term, 1882. Alias subpoena for Divorce, on the ground of Desertion.

To Dempsey H. Hanson, the defendant above named:

You are hereby notified to be and appear at the next Court of Common Pleas of Somerset County, to be held in Somerset, on the 4th Monday in April, 1882 to answer to the complaint of Harriet E. Hanson, your wife, the plaintiff above named, and show cause if any you have, why your said wife should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you agreeably to the prayer of her petition and libel exhibited against you before said Court.

JOHN J. SPANGLER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Somerset Pa., Feb. 9, 1882.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.

Estate of Hiram J. Boyts, late of Conemaugh Twp., dec'd.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, by the proper authority, notice is hereby given to those indebted to it to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands will present them duly authenticated for settlement, on Saturday, the 8th day of May, 1882, at his late residence in Davidsville.

DANIEL HOFFMAN, JOSIAH BOYTS, Administrators.

mar29

A NEW SYSTEM!

ATTENTION DEALERS.

BUY DIRECT FROM HEADQUARTERS, YOUR

Candies, Cigars, Fruits, Cigarettes, Fancy Groceries, Tobaccos, Wines and Liquors.

We employ no traveling salesmen. All goods sold through price currents. We know

We can Save you 20 per cent.

By this System. Write for Price List and compare with present prices. If we don't save you money don't order.

A. M. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

Importers, Manufacturers and Commission Merchants.

507 Sixth Avenue, NEW YORK.

apr5

We would respectfully announce to the People of Somerset County, that we shall open our NEW DRY GOODS AND NOTION STORE about April 10th, with Low Prices, Fair Dealing and Strictly ONE PRICE TO ALL! We solicit a share of your patronage.

Yours truly,

GEO. KEIPER & CO.,

225 and 227 Main St. Johnstown, Pa.

C. N. BOYD

keeps in stock all the leading and special

DRUGS, MEDICINES AND CHEMICALS IN THE MARKET!

Alum, Borax, Sulphur, Rochelle Epsom and Glauber Salts, Chlorate Potash, Camphor, Gum Arabic, Salt Petre, &c.

Many articles such as Cream of Tartar, Soda, Cinnamon, Cloves, Ginger, &c., that are put up in Packages are largely adulterated. I keep them in Bulk only, and will Guarantee all articles to be

STRICTLY PURE!

Flavoring Extracts, Vanilla, Lemon, &c., I put up under my own name, and can assure all that they are made from nothing but

THE BEST MATERIALS!

In Dye Stuffs I keep Logwood, Madder, Blue Vitrol, Indigo, Muriate Tin, Cochineal, Selferino: &c., &c. All the leading Patent Medicines, St. Jacobs Oil, Perunas, Manalin, Kidney Wort, Hop Bitters, August Flower, German Syrup, Morse Indian Root Pills, Ely's Balm, &c., &c.

HORSE AND CATTLE POWDERS!

Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Receipts filled with care, and none but Pure Drugs dispensed. Fancy and Toilet Articles in Great Variety. Spectacles and Eye-Glasses to suit all. Box Papers, Blank Books, School Books, Slates, Pencils, Ink, Envelopes, Paper, and Stationery of all kinds. Country merchants are invited to call and get quotations on Grocers' Drugs, Dye Stuffs, Stationery, &c., &c.

If Good Goods and Low Prices will secure the Drug Trade of Somerset County, then I propose to secure it. Call and see me whether you wish to buy or not. Respectfully,

C. N. BOYD,

MAMMOTH BLOCK, - - - SOMERSET, PA.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER

A Never-Failing Cure for Burns, Scalds, Bruises, Cuts, Sores, etc.

After forty years of trial, PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER stands unrivaled. It is safe! It acts immediately! It never fails!

Editor of the St. John (N. B.) Daily Telegraph says:
In pain in the side and kidneys, cramp, colic, sores, etc., it is the most speedy and certain remedy we know of. No family should be without a bottle of it for a single hour.

From the Cincinnati Dispatch:
We have seen it in single cases, and know it to be a good article.

From I. R. Potter, U. S. Consul at Gratz, Rhenish Prussia:
After long years of use, I am satisfied it is positively efficient as a healing remedy for wounds, bruises, and sprains.

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER is not a new untried remedy. For forty years it has been in constant use; and those who have used it the longest are its best friends.

Its success is entirely because of its merit. Every family should have a bottle ready for use. Such pain and heavy doctors' bills may often be saved by a timely application of the PAIN KILLER. Unlike most medicines, it is perfectly safe even in the hands of a child. Try it once thoroughly, and it will prove its value. Your druggist has it at 25c., 50c., and $1.00 per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Proprietors, Providence, R. I.

W. W. Sharpe, Valdosta, Ga., says:
It is a panacea for all bruises and burns.

From R. W. Adams, Saco, Me.:
It gave me immediate relief.

R. Lewis says:
In forty years' use it never has failed me.

W. W. Lum, Richfield, N. Y., says:
I use your PAIN KILLER frequently. It relieves pain and soreness, and heals wounds like magic.

J. W. Roe says:
For pain and burns it has no equal.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of certain writs of Vend. Ex. and Fi. Fa., issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Somerset County, Pa., and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in Somerset, Pa., on

WEDNESDAY, April 26, 1882,

at 1 o'clock, p. m., all the right title, interest and claim of the defendant, Ishmel Baer of, in and to the following real estate, situate in Allegheny twp., Somerset county, Pa., adjoining lands of Wm. Devoir, William Kelly, Henry Baer and others, containing 100 acres more or less, about five acres cleared and having thereon erected a log dwelling house.

Taken in execution at the suit of Hannah Holsinger use of Hannah Baer.

—ALSO—

All the right title, interest and claim of the defendant, Joseph Tressler, of, in and to the following real estate, situate in Brothersvalley Twp., Somerset Co., Pa., containing 7 acres more or less, with a two-story dwelling house thereon erected, adjoining lands of Geo. W. Sanber, Peter Berkholder, Harriet Judy and others, with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution at the property of Joseph Tressler, at the suit of Shank and Walker.

—ALSO—

All the right, title, interest and claim of the defendant John J. Schell, of, in and to the following real estate, viz:

No. The undivided one-fifth part of a certain piece or parcel of land situate in Shade Twp., Somerset county, Pa., warranted in the name of Samuel Wilherell, containing 380 acres, more or less, with the appurtenances.

No. 2 The undivided one-fifth part of a certain piece or parcel of land situate as aforesaid, warranted in the name of Samuel Anderson, containing 380 acres, more or less, with the appurtenances.

No. 3. The undivided one-fifth part of a certain piece or parcel of land situate as aforesaid, warranted in the name of Wm. Oliver, containing 300 acres, more or less, with the appurtenances.

No. 4. The undivided one-fifth part of a certain tract or parcel of land, situated as aforesaid, warranted in the name of Silas Ferry, containing 300 acres, more or less, with the appurtenances.

No. 5. One-half of a square of ground, situated in Somerset borough, Somerset county, Pa., containing ¾ of an acre and 8 perches. Bounded as follows, by East street on the west, South street on the south, by alley on the east, and Patriot street on the north, with a two-story brick dwelling house, stable and other outbuildings thereon erected, with the appurtenance.

Taken in execution at the suit of P. J. Morgart, use of Robert Steckman.

NOTICE.—All persons purchasing at the above sale will please take notice that a part of the purchase money—to be made known at the time of sale—will be required as soon as the property is knocked down, otherwise it will be again exposed to sale at the risk of the first purchaser. The residue of the purchase money must be paid on or before Thursday of the first week of April Court, the time fixed by the Court for securing the acknowledgment of deeds, and no deed will be acknowledged until the purchase money is paid in full.

JOHN J. SPANGLER, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, April 3d, 1882.

A NEW SYSTEM!

ATTENTION DEALERS.

BUY DIRECT FROM HEADQUARTERS, YOUR

Candies, Cigars, Fruits, Cigarettes, Fancy Groceries, Tobaccos, Wines and Liquors.

We employ no traveling salesmen. All goods sold through price currents. We know

We can Save you 20 per cent.

By this System. Write for Price List and compare with present prices. If we don't save you money don't order.

A. M. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

Importers, Manufacturers and Commission Merchants.

507 Sixth Avenue, NEW YORK.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of certain writs of Vend. Ex. Al. and Fi Fa., issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Somerset county, Pa., and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in the borough of Somerset, Pa.,

Friday, April 21st, 1882,

at 1 o'clock p. m.

All the right, title, interest and claim of the defendant Ed. O. Reitz, of, in and to the following described real estate, situate in the borough of Somerset, Upper Turkeyfoot Twp., Somerset county, Pa., bounded on the north by Lot of J. J. Philson, on the south by lot of J. C. Y. Junkin, on the east by Maiple alley, and on the west by Cross street, and is known on plot of said town as No. 203, with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution at the suit of Daniel Foley.

ALSO

All the right, title, interest and claim of the defendant, Thomas A. Murray of, in and to the following real estate, situate in the town of Conelsville, Somerset county, Pa., numbered and described as follows, to wit: Nos. 134, 135 and 136 bounded on the north by St. Paul street, on the south by Plant alley, on the east and west by Spring alley and lands of Jacob Hostetler, with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution at the suit of Daniel Foley.

—ALSO—

All the right, title, interest and claim of the defendant, Catharine Fridley, of, in and to the following described real estate, situate in the borough of Summit Mills, Summit Twp., Somerset county, Pa., and joining lands of Daniel Beachy's heirs, Jacob Pistel, formerly Samuel A. Maust, Flat creek, Ephraim Miller, and others, containing about 1 acre and 102 perches, with a two story dwelling house and other outbuilding thereon erected, with the appurtenances.

Taken in execution at the suit of Coffroth Ruppel.

—ALSO—

All the right, title, interest and claim of the defendant, James A. Kintel of, in and to the following real estate to wit: Part of a lot of ground situate in Meyersdale borough, Somerset county, Pa., and described as follows: Bounded on the north by Main street, on the east by lot of A. F. Johns, and on the south and west by the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Rail Road.

Taken in execution at the suit of P. F. Howell.

—ALSO—

All the right title,